By Senator Rich

34-632-05

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to rabies prevention and control; amending s. 828.30, F.S.; requiring a 3 veterinarian to vaccinate certain animals with 4 5 a vaccine that is licensed by the United States 6 Department of Agriculture; establishing 7 revaccination requirements; prohibiting using evidence of rabies antibodies in lieu of 8 9 revaccination; revising the requirements for 10 certificates of rabies vaccinations; requiring the use of a certain form for certifying a 11 12 vaccination; prohibiting a local government 13 from requiring revaccination of currently vaccinated animals, except for postexposure 14 treatment; providing legislative findings; 15 providing an effective date. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Section 828.30, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 22 828.30 Rabies vaccination of dogs, cats, and 23 ferrets.--(1) All dogs, cats, and ferrets 4 months of age or 2.4 older must be vaccinated by a licensed veterinarian against 25 rabies with a vaccine that is licensed by the United States 26 27 Department of Agriculture for use in those species. 2.8 Government approved vaccine The owner of each dog, cat, and ferret shall have the animal vaccinated 12 months after the 29 initial vaccination. Thereafter, the interval between 30 vaccinations must conform to the vaccine manufacturer's

directions. The cost of vaccination must be borne by the 2 animal's owner. Evidence of circulating rabies-virus-neutralizing antibodies may not be used as a 3 4 substitute for current vaccination in managing rabies exposure or determining the need for booster vaccinations. 5 6 (2) A dog, cat, or ferret is exempt from vaccination against rabies if a licensed veterinarian has examined the 8 animal and has certified in writing that at the time vaccination would endanger the animal's health because of its 9 age, infirmity, disability, illness, or other medical 10 considerations. An exempt animal must be vaccinated against 11 12 rabies as soon as its health permits. 13 (3) Upon vaccination against rabies, the licensed veterinarian shall provide the animal's owner and the animal 14 control authority with a rabies vaccination certificate. Each 15 agency and veterinarian shall use Form 51, "Rabies Vaccination 16 Certificate, " of the National Association of State Public 18 Health Veterinarians or an equivalent form approved by the local government which contains all the information required 19 by NASPHV Form 51. The certificate which must contain at least 2.0 21 the following information: 22 (a) the license number of the administering 23 veterinarian. (b) The name, address, and phone number of the 2.4 2.5 veterinarian and owner (c) The date of vaccination 26 27 (d) The expiration date of the vaccination. 2.8 The species, age, sex, color, breed, weight, and name of the animal vaccinated. 29 30 The rabies vaccine manufacturer. The vaccine lot number and expiration date. 31

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- (h) The type and brand of vaccine used.
  - (i) The route of administration of the vaccine.
- (j) The signature or signature stamp of the licensed veterinarian.
- (4) Beginning March 1, 1999, each ferret vaccinated according to this section must be quarantined, when necessary, according to rules of the Department of Health.
- (5) An animal owner's name, street address, phone number, and animal tag number contained in a rabies vaccination certificate provided to the animal control authority is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, any person who has been bitten, scratched, or otherwise exposed to a zoonotic disease or the physician of such person; a veterinarian who is treating an animal that has been bitten, scratched, or otherwise exposed to a zoonotic disease; or the owner of an animal that has been bitten, scratched, or otherwise exposed to a zoonotic disease shall be provided with any information contained in a rabies vaccination certificate but only with respect to the particular animal biting, scratching, or otherwise causing exposure. Any person with an animal tag number may receive vaccination certificate information with regard to that animal. Law enforcement and prosecutorial agencies; other animal control authorities; emergency and medical response and disease control agencies; or other governmental health agencies shall be provided information contained in the rabies vaccination certificate for the purpose of controlling the transmission of rabies; however, the receiving agencies and authorities must not release the exempt information.

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(6) Violation of this section is a civil infraction, 2 punishable as provided in s. 828.27(2). 3 (7) This section does not prohibit or limit 4 municipalities or counties from enacting requirements similar to or more stringent than the provisions of this section for 5 6 the implementation and enforcement of rabies-control 7 ordinances. However, a local government may not establish requirements that would mandate revaccination of currently 8 vaccinated animals, except for instances involving the 9 10 postexposure treatment of rabies. Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is necessary 11 12 to require that dogs, cats, and ferrets be vaccinated against 13 rabies in order to protect the public from this deadly disease. The Legislature also finds that the present law does 14 not clearly specify requirements to revaccinate these animals, 15 which has led to unnecessary revaccination of currently 16 vaccinated animals in local jurisdictions that enact 18 requirements that are more stringent. The Legislature finds that in order to maximize protections and minimize risks to 19 the animals, revaccination guidelines outlined in the 2.0 21 Department of Health's Florida Rabies Prevention and Control 2.2 quidebook must be incorporated in the law. This approach does 23 not interfere with the veterinarian's discretion to use a rabies vaccine of 1 year or 3 years' duration of immunity. The 2.4 Legislature also determines a need to standardize the rabies 2.5 certificate form in order to permit easier use by 26 27 veterinarians and public health officials by using Form 51 of 2.8 the National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians or an equivalent form approved by the local government. The 29 30 Legislature finds that since rabies-vaccination programs are

1	administered on a calendar-year basis, an implementation date
2	of January 1, 2006, will provide for an orderly transition.
3	Section 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 2006.
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6	SENATE SUMMARY
7	Requires a veterinarian to vaccinate certain animals with a vaccine that is licensed by the United States
8	Department of Agriculture. Establishes revaccination requirements. Precludes use of rabies titers in lieu of
9	revaccination. Requires the use of a certain form for certifying a vaccination. Prohibits revaccination of
10	currently vaccinated animals, except for postexposure treatment.
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