## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

## Barcode 683190

## CHAMBER ACTION

	Senate House
1	:
2	÷
3	floor: 4/AD/2R .
4	04/20/2006 12:11 PM .
5	
6 7	
,	
8	
9	
10	
11	Senator Campbell moved the following amendment:
12	
13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	On page 73, line 9, through
15	page 82, line 4, delete those lines
16	
17	and insert:
18	(d) There are compelling reasons to show that
19	placement in another planned permanent living arrangement is
20	the most appropriate permanency goal. Compelling reasons for
21	such placement may include, but are not limited to:
22	1. The case of a parent and child who have a
23	significant bond but the parent is unable to care for the
24	child because of an emotional or physical disability, and the
25	child's foster parents have committed to raising him or her to
26	the age of majority and to facilitate visitation with the
27	disabled parent;
28	2. The case of a child for whom an Indian tribe has
29	identified another planned permanent living arrangement for
30	the child; or
31	3. The case of a foster child who is 16 years of age
	8:38 AM 04/17/06 s1080c2c-32-c8e

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

#### Barcode 683190

or older	who choose	s to re	main in	foster	care,	and the	child's
_				_			
<u>foster pa</u>	rents are	willing	to care	for t	<u>he chil</u>	<u>d until</u>	<u>the</u>
child rea	ches 18 ye	ars of a	age.				

- (2) The department and the guardian ad litem must provide the court with a recommended list and description of services needed by the child, such as independent living services and medical, dental, educational, or psychological referrals, and a recommended list and description of services needed by his or her caregiver.
- (3) The department shall continue to supervise the planned permanent living arrangement until the court orders otherwise. The court shall continue to review the placement at least once every 6 months.
- Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7), paragraph (g) of subsection (8), and subsection (9) of section 39.701, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (k) is added to subsection (8) of that section, to read:

39.701 Judicial review.--

- (7)(a) <u>Before</u> Prior to every judicial review hearing or citizen review panel hearing, the social service agency shall make an investigation and social study concerning all pertinent details relating to the child and shall furnish to the court or citizen review panel a written report that includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. A description of the type of placement the child is in at the time of the hearing, including the safety of the child and the continuing necessity for and appropriateness of the placement.
- 29 2. Documentation of the diligent efforts made by all
  30 parties to the case plan to comply with each applicable
  31 provision of the plan.

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

- 3. The amount of fees assessed and collected during the period of time being reported.
- 4. The services provided to the foster family or legal custodian in an effort to address the needs of the child as indicated in the case plan.
  - 5. A statement that either:
- a. The parent, though able to do so, did not comply substantially with the provisions of the case plan, and the agency recommendations;
- b. The parent did substantially comply with the provisions of the case plan; or
- c. The parent has partially complied with the provisions of the case plan, with a summary of additional progress needed and the agency recommendations.
- 6. A statement from the foster parent or legal custodian providing any material evidence concerning the return of the child to the parent or parents.
- 7. A statement concerning the frequency, duration, and results of the parent-child visitation, if any, and the agency recommendations for an expansion or restriction of future visitation.
- 8. The number of times a child has been removed from his or her home and placed elsewhere, the number and types of placements that have occurred, and the reason for the changes in placement.
- 9. The number of times a child's educational placement has been changed, the number and types of educational placements which have occurred, and the reason for any change in placement.
- 10. If the child has reached 13 years of age but is

  not yet 18 years of age, the results of the preindependent

  8:38 AM 04/17/06 s1080c2c-32-c8e

3

5

6 7

8

9

11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

2122

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

#### Barcode 683190

living, life skills, or independent living assessment; the specific services needed; and the status of the delivery of the identified services.

- 11. Copies of all medical, psychological, and educational records that support the terms of the case plan and that have been produced concerning the <a href="https://child.com/
- 12. Copies of the child's current health, mental health, and education records as identified in s. 39.6012.
- (8) The court and any citizen review panel shall take into consideration the information contained in the social services study and investigation and all medical, psychological, and educational records that support the terms of the case plan; testimony by the social services agency, the parent, the foster parent or legal custodian, the guardian ad litem if one has been appointed for the child, and any other person deemed appropriate; and any relevant and material evidence submitted to the court, including written and oral reports to the extent of their probative value. These reports and evidence may be received by the court in its effort to determine the action to be taken with regard to the child and may be relied upon to the extent of their probative value, even though not competent in an adjudicatory hearing. In its deliberations, the court and any citizen review panel shall seek to determine:
- (g) Whether the child is receiving safe and proper care according to s. 39.6012, including, but not limited to, the appropriateness of the child's current placement, including whether the child is in a setting that which is as family-like and as close to the parent's home as possible, consistent with the child's best interests and special needs, 8:38 AM 04/17/06 s1080c2c-32-c8e

3

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

2122

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

#### Barcode 683190

and including maintaining stability in the child's educational placement.

# (k) If amendments to the case plan are required. Amendments to the case plan must be made under s. 39.6013.

- (9)(a) Based upon the criteria set forth in subsection (8) and the recommended order of the citizen review panel, if any, the court shall determine whether or not the social service agency shall initiate proceedings to have a child declared a dependent child, return the child to the parent, continue the child in out-of-home care for a specified period of time, or initiate termination of parental rights proceedings for subsequent placement in an adoptive home. Amendments Modifications to the case plan must be prepared handled as prescribed in s. 39.6013 s. 39.601. If the court finds that the prevention or reunification efforts of the department will allow the child to remain safely at home or be safely returned to the home, the court shall allow the child to remain in or return to the home after making a specific finding of fact that the reasons for the creation of the case plan have been remedied to the extent that the child's safety, well-being, and physical, mental, and emotional health will not be endangered.
- (b) The court shall return the child to the custody of the parents at any time it determines that they have substantially complied with the case plan, if the court is satisfied that reunification will not be detrimental to the child's safety, well-being, and physical, mental, and emotional health.
- (c) If, in the opinion of the court, the social service agency has not complied with its obligations as specified in the written case plan, the court may find the  $\frac{5}{5}$  \$1080c2c-32-c8e

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

#### Barcode 683190

social service agency in contempt, shall order the social service agency to submit its plans for compliance with the agreement, and shall require the social service agency to show why the child could not safely be returned to the home of the parents.

(d) The court may extend the time limitation of the case plan, or may modify the terms of the plan, based upon information provided by the social service agency, and the guardian ad litem, if one has been appointed, the parent or parents, and the foster parents or legal custodian, and any other competent information on record demonstrating the need for the amendment. If the court extends the time limitation of the case plan, the court must make specific findings concerning the frequency of past parent-child visitation, if any, and the court may authorize the expansion or restriction of future visitation. Modifications to the plan must be handled as prescribed in s. 39.601. Any extension of a case plan must comply with the time requirements and other requirements specified by this chapter.

(d)(e) If, at any judicial review, the court finds that the parents have failed to substantially comply with the case plan to the degree that further reunification efforts are without merit and not in the best interest of the child, on its own motion, the court it may order authorize the filing of a petition for termination of parental rights, whether or not the time period as contained in the case plan for substantial compliance has expired elapsed.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(f)}$  No later than  $\underline{6}$   $\underline{12}$  months after the date that the child was placed in shelter care, the court shall conduct a judicial review <u>hearing</u> to <u>review</u> <u>plan for</u> the child's permanency <u>goal as identified in the case plan</u>. At the hearing  $\underline{6}$  8:38 AM 04/17/06  $\underline{51080c2c-32-c8e}$ 

# Bill No. <u>CS for CS for SB 1080</u>

1	the court shall make findings regarding the likelihood of the
2	child's reunification with the parent or legal custodian
3	within 12 months after the removal of the child from the home.
4	If, at this hearing, the court makes a written finding that it
5	is not likely that the child will be reunified with the parent
6	or legal custodian within 12 months after the child was
7	removed from the home, the department must file with the
8	court, and serve on all parties, a motion to amend the case
9	plan under s. 39.6013 and declare that it will use concurrent
10	planning for the case plan. The department must file the
11	motion no later than 10 business days after receiving the
12	written finding of the court. The department must attach the
13	proposed amended case plan to the motion. If concurrent
14	planning is already being used, the case plan must document
15	the efforts the department is taking to complete the
16	concurrent goal. At this hearing, if the child is not returned
17	to the physical custody of the parents, the case plan may be
17 18	to the physical custody of the parents, the case plan may be extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the
18	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the
18 19	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan
18 19 20	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the
18 19 20 21	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other
18 19 20 21 22	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.
18 19 20 21 22 23	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In addition to the requirements included in the
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In addition to the requirements included in the case plan, the protective order may set forth requirements
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In addition to the requirements included in the case plan, the protective order may set forth requirements relating to reasonable conditions of behavior to be observed
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In addition to the requirements included in the case plan, the protective order may set forth requirements relating to reasonable conditions of behavior to be observed for a specified period of time by a person or agency who is
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	extended with the same goals only if the court finds that the situation of the child is so extraordinary that the plan should be extended. The case plan must document steps the department is taking to find an adoptive parent or other permanent living arrangement for the child.  (f)(g) The court may issue a protective order in assistance, or as a condition, of any other order made under this part. In addition to the requirements included in the case plan, the protective order may set forth requirements relating to reasonable conditions of behavior to be observed for a specified period of time by a person or agency who is before the court; and the such order may require any such

# Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

1	prescribe.
2	Section 24. Section 39.8055, Florida Statutes, is
3	created to read:
4	39.8055 Requirement to file a petition to terminate
5	parental rights; exceptions
6	(1) The department shall file a petition to terminate
7	parental rights within 60 days after any of the following if:
8	(a) At the time of the 12-month judicial review
9	hearing, a child is not returned to the physical custody of
10	the parents;
11	(b) A petition for termination of parental rights has
12	not otherwise been filed, and the child has been in
13	out-of-home care under the responsibility of the state for 15
14	of the most recent 22 months, calculated on a cumulative
15	basis, but not including any trial home visits or time during
16	which the child was a runaway;
17	(c) A parent has been convicted of murder of the other
18	parent, manslaughter of the other parent, aiding or abetting
19	or conspiracy or solicitation to murder the other parent, or a
20	felony battery that resulted in serious bodily injury to the
21	child or to any other child of the parent; or
22	(d) A court determines that reasonable efforts to
23	reunify the child and parent are not required.
24	(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the department may
25	choose not to file or join in a petition to terminate the
26	parental rights of a parent if:
27	(a) The child is being cared for by a relative under
28	s. 39.6231; or
29	(b) The department has documented in the report to the
30	court a compelling reason for determining that filing such a
31	petition is not in the best interests of the child. Compelling 8
	8:38 AM 04/17/06 s1080c2c-32-c8e

# Bill No. <u>CS for CS for SB 1080</u>

1	reasons for not filing or joining a petition to terminate
2	parental rights may include, but are not limited to:
3	1. Adoption is not the appropriate permanency goal for
4	the child.
5	2. No grounds to file a petition to terminate parental
6	rights exist.
7	3. The child is an unaccompanied refugee minor as
8	defined in 45 C.F.R. 400.111.
9	4. There are international legal obligations or
10	compelling foreign-policy reasons that would preclude
11	terminating parental rights.
12	5. The department has not provided to the family,
13	consistent with the time period in the case plan, services
14	that the department deems necessary for the safe return of the
15	child to the home.
16	(3) Upon good cause shown by any party or on its own
17	motion, the court may review the decision by the department
18	that compelling reasons exist for not filing or joining a
19	petition for termination of parental rights.
20	(4) Upon good cause shown by any party or on its own
21	motion, the court may review the determination by the
22	department that compelling reasons exist for not filing a
23	petition for termination of parental rights.
24	
25	
26	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
27	And the title is amended as follows:
28	On page 4, lines 19 through 24, delete those lines
29	
30	and insert:
31	shelter care; creating s. 39.8055, F.S.;
	8:38 AM 04/17/06 s1080c2c-32-c8e

## Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1080

1	requiring the department to file a petition or
2	to join in a petition to terminate parental
3	rights within a specified number of days under
4	certain circumstances; providing exceptions;
5	providing examples of compelling reasons for
6	the department not to file or to join a
7	petition to terminate parental rights;
8	authorizing the court to review the decision by
9	the department for not filing or joining a
10	petition for termination of parental rights;
11	amending s. 39.806, F.S.;
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	10