## Florida Senate - 2006

By Senator Bennett

21-1035A-06 See HB 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to construction defects; 3 amending ss. 558.001, 558.002, 558.004, and 4 558.005, F.S.; revising provisions to expand 5 application to construction defects in any б property; deleting provisions limiting 7 application to only residential property; 8 providing an effective date. 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 12 Section 1. Section 558.001, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 558.001 Legislative findings and declaration.--The 14 Legislature finds that it is beneficial to have an alternative 15 method to resolve construction disputes that would reduce the 16 17 need for litigation as well as protect the rights of property owners homeowners. An effective alternative dispute resolution 18 mechanism in certain construction defect matters should 19 involve the claimant filing a notice of claim with the 20 21 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional 22 that the claimant asserts is responsible for the defect, and 23 should provide the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional with an opportunity to resolve the claim 2.4 without resort to further legal process. 25 Section 2. Section 558.002, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 2.8 558.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 29 term: (1) "Action" means any civil action or arbitration 30 proceeding for damages or indemnity asserting a claim for 31 1

1 damage to or loss of real a dwelling or personal property 2 caused by an alleged construction defect, but does not include any administrative action or any civil action or arbitration 3 proceeding asserting a claim for alleged personal injuries 4 arising out of an alleged construction defect. 5 б (2) "Association" has the same meaning as in s. 7 718.103(2), s. 719.103(2), s. 720.301(9), or s. 723.075. 8 (3) "Claimant" means a property owner homeowner, including a subsequent purchaser or association, who asserts a 9 claim for damages against a contractor, subcontractor, 10 supplier, or design professional concerning a construction 11 12 defect or a subsequent owner who asserts a claim for 13 indemnification for such damages. The term does not include a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional. 14 (4) "Construction defect" means a deficiency in, or a 15 16 deficiency arising out of, the design, specifications, 17 surveying, planning, supervision, observation of construction, 18 or construction, repair, alteration, or remodeling of a dwelling, any appurtenance to the dwelling, or the real 19 property to which the dwelling or appurtenance is affixed 2.0 21 resulting from: 22 (a) Defective material, products, or components used 23 in the construction or remodeling; (b) A violation of the applicable codes in effect at 2.4 the time of construction or remodeling which gives rise to a 25 26 cause of action pursuant to s. 553.84; 27 (c) A failure of the design of real property a 2.8 dwelling to meet the applicable professional standards of care 29 at the time of governmental approval; or 30 31

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1	(d) A failure to construct or remodel <u>real property</u> <del>a</del>
2	dwelling in accordance with accepted trade standards for good
3	and workmanlike construction at the time of construction.
4	(5) "Contractor" means any person, as defined in s.
5	1.01, that is legally engaged in the business of designing,
6	developing, constructing, manufacturing, repairing, or
7	remodeling <u>real property</u> <del>dwellings or attachments thereto</del> .
8	(6) "Design professional" means a person, as defined
9	in s. 1.01, licensed in this state as an architect, interior
10	designer, landscape architect, engineer, or surveyor.
11	(7) " <u>Real property</u> <del>Dwelling</del> " means <u>land that is</u>
12	improved and the improvements on such land, including fixtures
13	a single family house, manufactured or modular home, duplex,
14	triplex, quadruplex, or other multifamily unit in a
15	multifamily residential building designed for residential use
16	in which title to each individual unit is transferred to the
17	owner under a condominium or cooperative system and includes
18	common areas and improvements that are owned or maintained by
19	an association or by members of an association, and also
20	includes the systems, other components, improvements, and
21	other structures or facilities, including, but not limited to,
22	recreational structures or facilities, that are appurtenant to
23	and located on the real property on which the house, duplex,
24	triplex, quadruplex, or other multifamily unit is located, but
25	are not necessarily part of the structure at the time of
26	completion of construction.
27	(8) "Service" means delivery by certified mail, return
28	receipt requested, to the last known address of the addressee.
29	(9) "Subcontractor" means a person, as defined in s.
30	1.01, who is a contractor who performs labor and supplies
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1 material on behalf of another contractor in the construction 2 or remodeling of real property a dwelling. (10) "Supplier" means a person, as defined in s. 1.01, 3 who provides only materials, equipment, or other supplies for 4 the construction or remodeling of real property a dwelling. 5 б Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (8), 7 (9), and (14) of section 558.004, Florida Statutes, are 8 amended to read: 558.004 Notice and opportunity to repair .--9 10 (1) In actions brought alleging a construction defect, the claimant shall, at least 60 days before filing any an 11 12 action involving a single family home, an association representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured 13 or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or at 14 least 120 days before filing an action involving an 15 association representing more than 20 parcels residential 16 17 parcel owners, serve written notice of claim on the 18 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional, as applicable, which notice shall refer to this chapter. If 19 the construction defect claim arises from work performed under 20 21 a contract, the written notice of claim must be served on the 2.2 person with whom the claimant contracted. The notice of claim 23 must describe the claim in reasonable detail sufficient to determine the general nature of each alleged construction 2.4 defect and a description of the damage or loss resulting from 25 26 the defect, if known. The claimant shall endeavor to serve the 27 notice of claim within 15 days after discovery of an alleged 2.8 defect, but the failure to serve notice of claim within 15 days does not bar the filing of an action, subject to s. 29 558.003. This subsection does not preclude a claimant from 30 filing an action sooner than 60 days, or 120 days as 31

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1 applicable, after service of written notice as expressly 2 provided in subsection (6), subsection (7), or subsection (8). (2) Within 30 days after receipt of the notice of 3 claim involving a single family home, an association 4 5 representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured 6 or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or 7 within 50 days after receipt of the notice of claim involving 8 an association representing more than 20 residential parcels, the person receiving the notice of claim under subsection (1) 9 is entitled to perform a reasonable inspection of the property 10 dwelling or of each unit subject to the claim to assess each 11 12 alleged construction defect. An association's right to access 13 property for either maintenance or repair includes the authority to grant access for the inspection. The claimant 14 shall provide the person receiving the notice under subsection 15 (1) and such person's contractors or agents reasonable access 16 17 to the property dwelling during normal working hours to 18 inspect the property dwelling to determine the nature and cause of each alleged construction defect and the nature and 19 extent of any repairs or replacements necessary to remedy each 20 21 defect. The person receiving notice under subsection (1) shall 22 reasonably coordinate the timing and manner of any and all 23 inspections with the claimant to minimize the number of inspections. The inspection may include destructive testing by 2.4 mutual agreement under the following reasonable terms and 25 conditions: 26 27 (a) If the person receiving notice under subsection 2.8 (1) determines that destructive testing is necessary to 29 determine the nature and cause of the alleged defects, such 30 person shall notify the claimant in writing. 31

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1 (b) The notice shall describe the destructive testing 2 to be performed, the person selected to do the testing, the estimated anticipated damage and repairs to the property 3 dwelling resulting from the testing, the estimated amount of 4 time necessary for the testing and to complete the repairs, 5 6 and the financial responsibility offered for covering the 7 costs of repairs. 8 (c) If the claimant promptly objects to the person selected to perform the destructive testing, the person 9 receiving notice under subsection (1) shall provide the 10 claimant with a list of three qualified persons from which the 11 12 claimant may select one such person to perform the testing. 13 The person selected to perform the testing shall operate as an agent or subcontractor of the person receiving notice under 14 subsection (1) and shall communicate with, submit any reports 15 16 to and be solely responsible to the person receiving notice. 17 (d) The testing shall be done at a mutually agreeable 18 time. 19 (e) The claimant or a representative of the claimant may be present to observe the destructive testing. 20 21 (f) The destructive testing shall not render the 22 property dwelling uninhabitable. 23 In the event the claimant fails or refuses to agree to 24 25 destructive testing, the claimant shall have no claim for damages which could have been avoided or mitigated had 26 27 destructive testing been allowed when requested and had a 2.8 feasible remedy been promptly implemented. 29 (3) Within 10 days after receipt of the notice of 30 claim involving a single family home, an association representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured 31 6

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1 or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or 2 within 30 days after receipt of the notice of claim involving an association representing more than 20 residential parcels, 3 the person receiving the notice under subsection (1) may 4 forward a copy of the notice of claim to each contractor, 5 6 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional whom it 7 reasonably believes is responsible for each defect specified in the notice of claim and shall note the specific defect for 8 which it believes the particular contractor, subcontractor, 9 supplier, or design professional is responsible. Each such 10 contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and design professional 11 12 may inspect the property dwelling as provided in subsection 13 (2). (4) Within 15 days after receiving a copy of the 14 notice of claim pursuant to subsection (3) involving a 15 16 single family home, an association representing 20 or fewer 17 residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a duplex, 18 a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 30 days after receipt of the copy of the notice of claim involving an association 19 representing more than 20 residential parcels, the contractor, 20 21 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional must serve a 22 written response to the person who forwarded a copy of the 23 notice of claim. The written response shall include a report, if any, of the scope of any inspection of the property 2.4 dwelling, the findings and results of the inspection, a 25 statement of whether the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, 26 27 or design professional is willing to make repairs to the 2.8 property dwelling or whether such claim is disputed, a description of any repairs they are willing to make to remedy 29 30 the alleged construction defect, and a timetable for the completion of such repairs. 31

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1 (5) Within 45 days after receiving the notice of claim 2 involving a single family home, an association representing 20 fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, 3 a duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 75 days after 4 receipt of a copy of the notice of claim involving an 5 6 association representing more than 20 residential parcels, the 7 person who received notice under subsection (1) must serve a 8 written response to the claimant. The response shall be served 9 to the attention of the person who signed the notice of claim, unless otherwise designated in the notice of claim. The 10 written response must provide: 11 12 (a) A written offer to remedy the alleged construction 13 defect at no cost to the claimant, a detailed description of the proposed repairs necessary to remedy the defect, and a 14 timetable for the completion of such repairs; 15 (b) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim 16 17 by monetary payment, that will not obligate the person's insurer, and a timetable for making payment; 18 (c) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim 19 by a combination of repairs and monetary payment, that will 20 21 not obligate the person's insurer, that includes a detailed 22 description of the proposed repairs and a timetable for the 23 completion of such repairs and making payment; (d) A written statement that the person disputes the 2.4 25 claim and will not remedy the defect or compromise and settle the claim; or 26 27 (e) A written statement that a monetary payment, 2.8 including insurance proceeds, if any, will be determined by the person's insurer within 30 days after notification to the 29 insurer by means of forwarding the claim, which notification 30 shall occur at the same time the claimant is notified of this 31 8

1 settlement option, which the claimant can accept or reject. A 2 written statement under this paragraph may also include an offer under paragraph (c), but such offer shall be contingent 3 upon the claimant also accepting the determination of the 4 5 insurer whether to make any monetary payment in addition б thereto. If the insurer for the person receiving the claim 7 makes no response within the 30 days following notification, 8 then the claimant shall be deemed to have met all conditions 9 precedent to commencing an action. 10 (8) If the claimant timely and properly accepts the offer to repair an alleged construction defect, the claimant 11 12 shall provide the offeror and the offeror's agents reasonable 13 access to the claimant's property dwelling during normal working hours to perform the repair by the agreed-upon 14 timetable as stated in the offer. If the offeror does not make 15 the payment or repair the defect within the agreed time and in 16 17 the agreed manner, except for reasonable delays beyond the 18 control of the offeror, including, but not limited to, weather conditions, delivery of materials, claimant's actions, or 19 issuance of any required permits, the claimant may, without 20 21 further notice, proceed with an action against the offeror 22 based upon the claim in the notice of claim. If the offeror 23 makes payment or repairs the defect within the agreed time and in the agreed manner, the claimant is barred from proceeding 2.4 with an action for the claim described in the notice of claim 25 26 or as otherwise provided in the accepted settlement offer. 27 (9) This section does not prohibit or limit the 2.8 claimant from making any necessary emergency repairs to the 29 property dwelling as are required to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the claimant. In addition, any offer or 30 failure to offer pursuant to subsection (5) to remedy an 31

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1 alleged construction defect or to compromise and settle the 2 claim by monetary payment does not constitute an admission of liability with respect to the defect and is not admissible in 3 an action brought under this chapter. 4 (14) To the extent that an arbitration clause in a 5 б contract for the sale, design, construction, or remodeling of 7 real property a dwelling conflicts with this section, this 8 section shall control. 9 Section 4. Section 558.005, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 558.005 Contract provisions; application.--11 12 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) 13 and (4), the provisions of this chapter shall control every contract for the design, construction, or remodeling of real 14 15 property a dwelling entered into on or after July 1, 2004, which contains the notice as set forth in subsection (2) and 16 17 is conspicuously set forth in capitalized letters. 18 (2) The notice required by subsection (1) must be in substantially the following form: 19 20 21 CHAPTER 558 NOTICE OF CLAIM 22 CHAPTER 558, FLORIDA STATUTES, CONTAINS IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS 23 YOU MUST FOLLOW BEFORE YOU MAY BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION FOR AN 2.4 ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECT IN YOUR HOME. SIXTY DAYS BEFORE 25 26 YOU BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION, YOU MUST DELIVER TO THE OTHER 27 PARTY TO THIS CONTRACT A WRITTEN NOTICE REFERRING TO CHAPTER 2.8 558 OF ANY CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS YOU ALLEGE ARE DEFECTIVE AND PROVIDE SUCH PERSON THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE ALLEGED 29 CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS AND TO CONSIDER MAKING AN OFFER TO REPAIR 30 OR PAY FOR THE ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS. YOU ARE NOT 31

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OBLIGATED TO ACCEPT ANY OFFER WHICH MAY BE MADE. THERE ARE 1 2 STRICT DEADLINES AND PROCEDURES UNDER THIS FLORIDA LAW WHICH MUST BE MET AND FOLLOWED TO PROTECT YOUR INTERESTS. 3 4 (3) After receipt of the initial notice of claim, a 5 claimant and the person receiving notice under s. 558.004(1) б may, by written mutual agreement, alter the procedure for the 7 notice of claim process described in this chapter. 8 (4) This chapter applies to all actions accruing on or after July 1, 2004, and all actions commenced on or after such 9 10 date, regardless of the date of sale, issuance of a certificate of occupancy or its equivalent, or substantial 11 12 completion of the construction dwelling. Notwithstanding the 13 notice requirements of this section for contracts entered into on or after October July 1, 2006 2004, this chapter applies to 14 all actions accruing before July 1, 2004, but not yet 15 commenced as of July 1, 2004, and failure to include the 16 17 notice requirements of this section in a contract entered into prior to July 1, 2004, does not operate to bar the procedures 18 of this chapter from applying to all such actions. 19 20 Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2006. 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31