Florida Senate - 2006

By Senator Crist

12-918B-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to driving under the influence;
3	creating the "Adam Arnold Act"; amending s.
4	316.027, F.S.; requiring a court to sentence a
5	driver of a vehicle to a minimum term of
6	imprisonment if the driver, while driving under
7	the influence, leaves the scene of a crash that
8	results in death or personal injuries;
9	requiring a court to order the driver of a
10	vehicle to make restitution to the victim for
11	any damage or loss if a driver leaves the scene
12	of an accident that results in injury or death;
13	requiring a court to make the payment of
14	restitution a condition of probation; providing
15	that an order requiring the defendant to make
16	restitution to a victim does not remove or
17	diminish the requirement that the court order
18	payment to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund;
19	amending s. 921.0021, F.S.; allowing assessment
20	of victim injury points for certain offenses if
21	the court finds that the offender caused injury
22	to the victim; providing an effective date.
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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26	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Adam Arnold
27	<u>Act."</u>
28	Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 316.027, Florida
29	Statutes, is amended to read:
30	316.027 Crash involving death or personal injuries
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SB 2108

1	(1)(a) The driver of any vehicle involved in a crash
2	resulting in injury of any person must immediately stop the
3	vehicle at the scene of the crash, or as close thereto as
4	possible, and must remain at the scene of the crash until he
5	or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. Any
6	person who willfully violates this paragraph <u>commits</u> is guilty
7	of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
8	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. <u>A driver who, while</u>
9	driving under the influence, willfully violates this paragraph
10	by leaving the scene of the crash shall be sentenced to a
11	minimum mandatory term of incarceration of 4 years.
12	(b) The driver of any vehicle involved in a crash
13	resulting in the death of any person must immediately stop the
14	vehicle at the scene of the crash, or as close thereto as
15	possible, and must remain at the scene of the crash until he
16	or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062. Any
17	person who willfully violates this paragraph <u>commits</u> is guilty
18	of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
19	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. <u>A driver who, while</u>
20	driving under the influence, willfully violates this paragraph
21	by leaving the scene of the crash shall be sentenced to a
22	minimum mandatory term of incarceration of 8 years.
23	(c) Notwithstanding s. 775.089(1)(a), if the driver of
24	a vehicle violates paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the court
25	shall order the driver to make restitution to the victim for
26	any damage or loss unless the court finds clear and compelling
27	reasons not to order the restitution. Restitution may be
28	monetary or nonmonetary restitution. The court shall make the
29	payment of restitution a condition of probation in accordance
30	with s. 948.03. An order requiring the defendant to make
31	restitution to a victim does not remove or diminish the

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1 requirement that the court order payment to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund pursuant to chapter 960. Payment of an 2 award by the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund creates an order 3 4 of restitution to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund, unless specifically waived in accordance with s. 775.089(1)(b). 5 б Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 921.0021, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 921.0021 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, for 8 any felony offense, except any capital felony, committed on or 9 10 after October 1, 1998, the term: (7)(a) "Victim injury" means the physical injury or 11 12 death suffered by a person as a direct result of the primary 13 offense, or any additional offense, for which an offender is convicted and which is pending before the court for sentencing 14 at the time of the primary offense. 15 16 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) or paragraph 17 (d), 1. If the conviction is for an offense involving 18 sexual contact that includes sexual penetration, the sexual 19 penetration must be scored in accordance with the sentence 20 21 points provided under s. 921.0024 for sexual penetration, 22 regardless of whether there is evidence of any physical 23 injury. 2. If the conviction is for an offense involving 2.4 sexual contact that does not include sexual penetration, the 25 sexual contact must be scored in accordance with the sentence 26 27 points provided under s. 921.0024 for sexual contact, 2.8 regardless of whether there is evidence of any physical 29 injury. 30 31

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1 If the victim of an offense involving sexual contact suffers 2 any physical injury as a direct result of the primary offense or any additional offense committed by the offender resulting 3 in conviction, such physical injury must be scored separately 4 5 and in addition to the points scored for the sexual contact or 6 the sexual penetration. 7 (c) The sentence points provided under s. 921.0024 for 8 sexual contact or sexual penetration may not be assessed for a 9 violation of s. 944.35(3)(b)2. 10 (d) If the conviction is for the offense described in s. 872.06, the sentence points provided under s. 921.0024 for 11 12 sexual contact or sexual penetration may not be assessed. (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if the conviction 13 is for an offense described in s. 316.027 and the court finds 14 that the offender caused victim injury, sentence points for 15 16 victim injury may be assessed against the offender. 17 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006. 18 19 SENATE SUMMARY 20 21 Requires a court to sentence a driver of a vehicle to a minimum term of imprisonment if the driver, while driving under the influence, leaves the scene of a crash that results in death or personal injuries. Requires a court 2.2 23 to order the driver of a vehicle to make restitution to the victim for any damage or loss if a driver leaves the 2.4 scene of an accident that results in injury or death. Requires a court to make the payment of restitution a 25 condition of probation. Provides that an order requiring the defendant to make restitution to a victim does not remove or diminish the requirement that the court order 26 payment to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund. Allows assessment of victim injury points for certain offenses if the court finds that the offender caused injury to the 27 2.8 victim. 29 30 31

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