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A bill to be entitled An act relating to support services for children and young adults; amending s. 39.001, F.S.; providing that an additional purpose of ch. 39, F.S., is the prevention of abuse, neglect, maltreatment, and abandonment of children; creating the Office of Child Abuse Prevention within the Executive Office of the Governor; specifying duties of the office; requiring that other state agencies work with the office in developing a state plan; requiring that the office establish a Child Abuse Prevention Advisory Council; specifying the members of the council; specifying the duties of the council and the Office of Child Abuse Prevention; providing for the director of the office to be appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate; specifying the duties of the director of the office; creating the Child Abuse Training and Coordinating Council; providing for the membership and duties of the council; requiring that the Office of Child Abuse Prevention monitor, evaluate, and review services and programs for the prevention of child abuse and neglect; requiring that the office provide an annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, and state agencies; requiring that the office annually review the state plan for preventing child abuse, abandonment, and neglect; requiring that the Executive Office of the

1 Governor adopt rules; providing for future 2 evaluation of the Office of Child Abuse 3 Prevention by the Legislature; amending s. 4 39.0014, F.S.; requiring state, county, and 5 local agencies to assist the Office of Child 6 Abuse Prevention; amending s. 39.0015, F.S., 7 relating to child abuse prevention training in 8 the district school system; conforming 9 provisions to changes made by the act; amending 10 s. 39.01, F.S.; redefining the term "other person responsible for a child's welfare" to 11 12 include any school; amending s. 409.1451, F.S., 13 relating to independent living transition services; revising legislative intent with 14 respect to children who make the transition to 15 independent living and self-sufficiency; 16 17 requiring the Department of Children and Family Services or a community-based provider to plan 18 and execute an educational and career path for 19 each child receiving services; requiring a 20 21 yearly review of the plan; requiring that the 22 plan be delivered to the Independent Living 23 Services Advisory Council for approval; revising requirements for the services to be 2.4 provided to young adults; providing certain 25 limitations on available assistance; 26 27 redesignating the Road-to-Independence 2.8 Scholarship Program as the "Road-to-Independence Program"; revising the 29 30 components of the program; revising eligibility criteria; providing for payment of educational 31

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and training vouchers to a recipient or on behalf of a recipient; requiring that the Department of Children and Family Services evaluate the program by a specified date; revising provisions authorizing transitional support services for young adults; requiring a joint transition agreement; providing requirements for the community-based care lead agency in purchasing housing, transportation, or employment services on behalf of a young adult; requiring that the department perform certain oversight duties and report to the Legislature; providing for an annual appropriation; requiring that the department contract with a nonprofit entity to coordinate and manage all transition services leading to independent living; providing certain limitations on funding; amending s. 409.175, F.S., relating to the licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; redefining the term "boarding school" to require that such school meet standards prescribed by the State Board of Education and the district school board; specifying a period within which a school must meet certain requirements; providing an effective date. WHEREAS, in 2002, Florida was among only three other states and the District of Columbia in having the highest national rate of child maltreatment, and during that same year

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142,547 investigations of abuse or neglect involving 254,856 children were completed and approximately one-half of the investigations were substantiated or indicated the presence of abuse or neglect, and

WHEREAS, a child in this state is abused or neglected every 4 minutes and 10,000 Florida children are abused or neglected per month, and during 2005 at least 111 Florida children died from abuse or neglect at the hands of their parents or caretakers, which is a rate of about two children dying each week, and

WHEREAS, according to the Centers for Disease Control, the cost of not preventing child abuse and neglect in 2001 equated to \$94 billion nationally, and these direct costs are borne by the health care system, the mental health system, the child welfare system, law enforcement agencies, and the judicial system, while the indirect costs include special education, mental health and health care, juvenile delinquency, lost productivity to society, and adult criminality, and

WHEREAS, prevention can save lives and resources, and despite the potential long-term benefit of preventing child abuse and neglect, only a small percentage of all resources specifically earmarked for child maltreatment in this state are actually devoted to prevention, and

WHEREAS, the 2005-2006 General Appropriations Act provided a total funding of \$44 million for Child Abuse Prevention and Intervention within the Department of Children and Family Services, which represents less than 5 percent of the department's budget, and

WHEREAS, no state agency has as its primary mission the goal of preventing child abuse, abandonment, and neglect,

however, several state agencies have programs that focus on primary and secondary prevention of child abuse, and

WHEREAS, the current system is fragmented and inefficient, resulting in a tangled maze of services which is not only unnavigable by the providers, but also by the recipients of services, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 39.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and screening.--

- (1) PURPOSES OF CHAPTER.--The purposes of this chapter are:
- (a) To provide for the care, safety, and protection of children in an environment that fosters healthy social, emotional, intellectual, and physical development; to ensure secure and safe custody; and to promote the health and well-being of all children under the state's care; and to prevent child abuse, neglect, maltreatment, and abandonment from occurring.
- (b) To recognize that most families desire to be competent caregivers and providers for their children and that children achieve their greatest potential when families are able to support and nurture the growth and development of their children. Therefore, the Legislature finds that policies and procedures that provide for prevention and intervention through the department's child protection system should be based on the following principles:

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- 1. The health and safety of the children served shall be of paramount concern.
- 2. The <u>prevention and</u> intervention should engage families in constructive, supportive, and nonadversarial relationships.
- 3. The <u>prevention and</u> intervention should intrude as little as possible into the life of the family, be focused on clearly defined objectives, and take the most parsimonious path to remedy a family's problems.
- 4. The <u>prevention and</u> intervention should be based upon outcome evaluation results that demonstrate success in protecting children and supporting families.
- (c) To provide a child protection system that reflects a partnership between the department, other agencies, and local communities.
- (d) To provide a child protection system that is sensitive to the social and cultural diversity of the state.
- (e) To provide procedures which allow the department to respond to reports of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect in the most efficient and effective manner that ensures the health and safety of children and the integrity of families.
- (f) To preserve and strengthen the child's family ties whenever possible, removing the child from parental custody only when his or her welfare cannot be adequately safeguarded without such removal.
- (g) To ensure that the parent or legal custodian from whose custody the child has been taken assists the department to the fullest extent possible in locating relatives suitable to serve as caregivers for the child.
- (h) To ensure that permanent placement with the biological or adoptive family is achieved as soon as possible

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for every child in foster care and that no child remains in foster care longer than 1 year.

- (i) To secure for the child, when removal of the child from his or her own family is necessary, custody, care, and discipline as nearly as possible equivalent to that which should have been given by the parents; and to ensure, in all cases in which a child must be removed from parental custody, that the child is placed in an approved relative home, licensed foster home, adoptive home, or independent living program that provides the most stable and potentially permanent living arrangement for the child, as determined by the court. All placements shall be in a safe environment where drugs and alcohol are not abused.
- (j) To ensure that, when reunification or adoption is not possible, the child will be prepared for alternative permanency goals or placements, to include, but not be limited to, long-term foster care, independent living, custody to a relative on a permanent basis with or without legal guardianship, or custody to a foster parent or legal custodian on a permanent basis with or without legal guardianship.
- (k) To make every possible effort, when two or more children who are in the care or under the supervision of the department are siblings, to place the siblings in the same home; and in the event of permanent placement of the siblings, to place them in the same adoptive home or, if the siblings are separated, to keep them in contact with each other.
- (1) To provide judicial and other procedures to assure due process through which children, parents, and guardians and other interested parties are assured fair hearings by a respectful and respected court or other tribunal and the recognition, protection, and enforcement of their

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constitutional and other legal rights, while ensuring that public safety interests and the authority and dignity of the courts are adequately protected.

- (m) To ensure that children under the jurisdiction of the courts are provided equal treatment with respect to goals, objectives, services, and case plans, without regard to the location of their placement. It is the further intent of the Legislature that, when children are removed from their homes, disruption to their education be minimized to the extent possible.
- (n) To create and maintain an integrated prevention framework in which Floridians collaborate through local communities, key state agencies, and organizations to implement efficient and properly applied evidence-based practices to prevent child abuse.
- (2) DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.--The department may contract with the Federal Government, other state departments and agencies, county and municipal governments and agencies, public and private agencies, and private individuals and corporations in carrying out the purposes of, and the responsibilities established in, this chapter.
- (a) When the department contracts with a provider for any program for children, all personnel, including owners, operators, employees, and volunteers, in the facility must be of good moral character. A volunteer who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 40 hours per month need not be screened if the volunteer is under direct and constant supervision by persons who meet the screening requirements.
- (b) The department shall require employment screening, and rescreening no less frequently than once every 5 years, pursuant to chapter 435, using the level 2 standards set forth

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1 in that chapter for personnel in programs for children or 2 youths.

- (c) The department may grant exemptions from disqualification from working with children as provided in s. 435.07.
- (d) The department shall require all job applicants, current employees, volunteers, and contract personnel who currently perform or are seeking to perform child protective investigations to be drug tested pursuant to the procedures and requirements of s. 112.0455, the Drug-Free Workplace Act. The department is authorized to adopt rules, policies, and procedures necessary to implement this paragraph.
- (e) The department shall develop and implement a written and performance-based testing and evaluation program to ensure measurable competencies of all employees assigned to manage or supervise cases of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect.
- (3) GENERAL PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN.--It is a purpose of the Legislature that the children of this state be provided with the following protections:
- 21 (a) Protection from abuse, abandonment, neglect, and 22 exploitation.
  - (b) A permanent and stable home.
  - (c) A safe and nurturing environment which will preserve a sense of personal dignity and integrity.
    - (d) Adequate nutrition, shelter, and clothing.
  - (e) Effective treatment to address physical, social, and emotional needs, regardless of geographical location.
  - (f) Equal opportunity and access to quality and effective education, which will meet the individual needs of

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each child, and to recreation and other community resources to develop individual abilities.

- (g) Access to preventive services.
- (h) An independent, trained advocate, when intervention is necessary and a skilled guardian or caregiver in a safe environment when alternative placement is necessary.
- (4) SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES. -- The Legislature finds that children in the care of the state's dependency system need appropriate health care services, that the impact of substance abuse on health indicates the need for health care services to include substance abuse services to children and parents where appropriate, and that it is in the state's best interest that such children be provided the services they need to enable them to become and remain independent of state care. In order to provide these services, the state's dependency system must have the ability to identify and provide appropriate intervention and treatment for children with personal or family-related substance abuse problems. therefore the purpose of the Legislature to provide authority for the state to contract with community substance abuse treatment providers for the development and operation of specialized support and overlay services for the dependency system, which will be fully implemented and utilized as resources permit.
- (5) PARENTAL, CUSTODIAL, AND GUARDIAN
  RESPONSIBILITIES.--Parents, custodians, and guardians are
  deemed by the state to be responsible for providing their
  children with sufficient support, guidance, and supervision.
  The state further recognizes that the ability of parents,
  custodians, and guardians to fulfill those responsibilities
  can be greatly impaired by economic, social, behavioral,

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emotional, and related problems. It is therefore the policy of the Legislature that it is the state's responsibility to ensure that factors impeding the ability of caregivers to fulfill their responsibilities are identified through the dependency process and that appropriate recommendations and services to address those problems are considered in any judicial or nonjudicial proceeding.

- (6) LEGISLATIVE INTENT FOR THE PREVENTION OF ABUSE, ABANDONMENT, AND NEGLECT OF CHILDREN.—The incidence of known child abuse, abandonment, and neglect has increased rapidly over the past 5 years. The impact that abuse, abandonment, or neglect has on the victimized child, siblings, family structure, and inevitably on all citizens of the state has caused the Legislature to determine that the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect shall be a priority of this state. To further this end, it is the intent of the Legislature that an Office of Child Abuse Prevention be established, a comprehensive approach for the prevention of abuse, abandonment, and neglect of children be developed for the state, and that this planned, comprehensive approach be used as a basis for funding.
- (7) OFFICE OF CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION PLAN FOR COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH.--
- (a) For purposes of establishing a comprehensive, statewide approach to preventing child abuse, abandonment, and neglect, there is created the Office of Child Abuse Prevention within the Executive Office of the Governor.
  - (a) The Office of Child Abuse Prevention shall:
- 29 <u>1. Oversee the preparation and implementation of a</u>
  30 <u>comprehensive state plan for planning and coordinating child</u>
  31 <u>abuse prevention programs and services and for establishing,</u>

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developing, and funding such programs and services. The office shall periodically revise and update the state plan. The department shall

2. Develop a state plan for the prevention of abuse, abandonment, and neglect of children and shall submit the plan to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the Governor no later than December 31, 2007 January 1, 1983. The Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Education, and the Division of Children's Medical Services Prevention and Intervention of the Department of Health, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall participate and fully cooperate in the development of the state plan at both the state and local levels. Furthermore, appropriate local agencies and organizations shall be provided an opportunity to participate in the development of the state plan at the local level. Appropriate local groups and organizations shall include, but not be limited to, community mental health centers; guardian ad litem programs for children under the circuit court; the school boards of the local school districts; the Florida local advocacy councils; private or public organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working with children who are sexually abused, physically abused, emotionally abused, abandoned, or neglected and with expertise in working with the families of such children; private or public programs or organizations with expertise in maternal and infant health care; multidisciplinary child protection teams; child day care centers; law enforcement agencies, and the circuit courts, when guardian ad litem

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programs are not available in the local area. The state plan to be provided to the Legislature and the Governor shall include, as a minimum, the information required of the various groups in paragraph (b).

- (b) The development of the comprehensive state plan shall be accomplished in the following manner:
- 1. The Office of Child Abuse Prevention department

  8 shall establish a Child Abuse Prevention Advisory Council an

  9 interprogram task force comprised of the Program Director of

  10 Healthy Families Florida, Inc., or a designee; a

  11 representative or designee from the Department of Children and

  12 Family Services, the Department of Corrections, the Department

  13 of Education, the Department of Health, the Department of
- 14 Juvenile Justice, the Department of Law Enforcement, the
- 15 Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and the Agency for
- 16 Workforce Innovation; and representatives from community
- 17 alliances, community-based care lead agencies, the Miccosukee
- 18 Tribe, and Prevent Child Abuse Florida. The advisory council
- 19 shall serve as the research arm of the Office of Child Abuse
- 20 Prevention and for Family Safety, or a designee, a
- 21 representative from the Child Care Services Program Office, a
- 22 representative from the Family Safety Program Office, a
- 23 representative from the Mental Health Program Office, a
- 24 representative from the Substance Abuse Program Office, a
- 25 representative from the Developmental Disabilities Program
- 26 Office, and a representative from the Division of Children's
- 27 Medical Services Prevention and Intervention of the Department
- 28 of Health. Representatives of the Department of Law
- 29 Enforcement and of the Department of Education shall serve as
- 30 ex officio members of the interprogram task force. The
- 31 interprogram task force shall be responsible for:

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- a. Assisting in developing a plan of action for better coordination and integration of the goals, activities, and funding pertaining to the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect conducted by the office department in order to maximize staff and resources at the state level. The plan of action shall be included in the state plan.
- b. Assisting in providing a basic format to be used utilized by the districts in the preparation of local plans of action in order to provide for uniformity in the district plans and to provide for greater ease in compiling information for the state plan.
- c. Providing the districts with technical assistance in the development of local plans of action, if requested.
- d. Assisting in examining the local plans to determine if all the requirements of the local plans have been met and, if they have not, informing the districts of the deficiencies and requesting the additional information needed.
- e. Assisting in preparing the state plan for submission to the Legislature and the Governor. Such preparation shall include the collapsing of information obtained from the local plans, the cooperative plans with the members of the advisory council Department of Education, and the plan of action for coordination and integration of departmental activities into one comprehensive plan. The comprehensive plan shall include a section reflecting general conditions and needs, an analysis of variations based on population or geographic areas, identified problems, and recommendations for change. In essence, the plan shall provide an analysis and summary of each element of the local plans to provide a statewide perspective. The plan shall also include each separate local plan of action.

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- f. Conducting a feasibility study concerning the establishment of a Children's Cabinet for the state.
- $\underline{q.f.}$  Working with the specified state agency in fulfilling the requirements of subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., and 5.
- 2. The Office of Child Abuse Prevention, the

  Department of Children and Family Services department, the

  Department of Education, and the Department of Health shall

  work together in developing ways to inform and instruct

  parents of school children and appropriate district school

  personnel in all school districts in the detection of child

  abuse, abandonment, and neglect and in the proper action that

  should be taken in a suspected case of child abuse,

  abandonment, or neglect, and in caring for a child's needs

  after a report is made. The plan for accomplishing this end

  shall be included in the state plan.
- 3. The Office of Child Abuse Prevention, the

  Department of Children and Family Services department, the

  Department of Law Enforcement, and the Department of Health

  shall work together in developing ways to inform and instruct

  appropriate local law enforcement personnel in the detection

  of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect and in the proper

  action that should be taken in a suspected case of child

  abuse, abandonment, or neglect.
- 4. Within existing appropriations, the <u>Office of Child Abuse Prevention department</u> shall work with other appropriate public and private agencies to emphasize efforts to educate the general public about the problem of and ways to detect child abuse, abandonment, and neglect and in the proper action that should be taken in a suspected case of child abuse,

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abandonment, or neglect. The plan for accomplishing this end shall be included in the state plan.

- Department of Children and Family Services department, the Department of Education, and the Department of Health shall work together on the enhancement or adaptation of curriculum materials to assist instructional personnel in providing instruction through a multidisciplinary approach on the identification, intervention, and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. The curriculum materials shall be geared toward a sequential program of instruction at the four progressional levels, K-3, 4-6, 7-9, and 10-12. Strategies for encouraging all school districts to utilize the curriculum are to be included in the comprehensive state plan for the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect.
- 6. Each district of the Department of Children and Family Services shall develop a plan for its specific geographical area. The plan developed at the district level shall be submitted to the advisory council interprogram task force for use utilization in preparing the state plan. The district local plan of action shall be prepared with the involvement and assistance of the local agencies and organizations listed in this paragraph (a), as well as representatives from those departmental district offices participating in the treatment and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. In order to accomplish this, the Office of Child Abuse Prevention district administrator in each district shall establish a task force on the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect. The Office of Child Abuse Prevention district administrator shall appoint the members of the task force in accordance with the membership

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requirements of this section. The Office of Child Abuse Prevention In addition, the district administrator shall ensure that each subdistrict is represented on the task force; and, if the district does not have subdistricts, the district administrator shall ensure that both urban and rural areas are represented on the task force. The task force shall develop a written statement clearly identifying its operating procedures, purpose, overall responsibilities, and method of meeting responsibilities. The district plan of action to be prepared by the task force shall include, but shall not be limited to:

- a. Documentation of the magnitude of the problems of child abuse, including sexual abuse, physical abuse, and emotional abuse, and child abandonment and neglect in its geographical area.
- b. A description of programs currently serving abused, abandoned, and neglected children and their families and a description of programs for the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect, including information on the impact, cost-effectiveness, and sources of funding of such programs.
- c. A continuum of programs and services necessary for a comprehensive approach to the prevention of all types of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect as well as a brief description of such programs and services.
- d. A description, documentation, and priority ranking of local needs related to child abuse, abandonment, and neglect prevention based upon the continuum of programs and services.
- 29 e. A plan for steps to be taken in meeting identified needs, including the coordination and integration of services to avoid unnecessary duplication and cost, and for alternative

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funding strategies for meeting needs through the reallocation of existing resources, utilization of volunteers, contracting with local universities for services, and local government or private agency funding.

- f. A description of barriers to the accomplishment of a comprehensive approach to the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect.
- g. Recommendations for changes that can be accomplished only at the state program level or by legislative action.
- (c) The Office of Child Abuse Prevention shall conduct or otherwise provide for or make available continuing professional education and training in the area of child abuse prevention and oversee the primary prevention and training program in the performance of its duties.
- (d) In order to ensure that sufficient funds are available for prevention efforts, the Office of Child Abuse

  Prevention shall work to secure appropriations, gifts, loans, and grants from the state and Federal Government and from other public and private sources.
- (e) The Office of Child Abuse Prevention may make recommendations concerning agreements or contracts for the establishment and development of:
- 1. Programs and services for the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- 2. Training programs for the prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- 3. Multidisciplinary and discipline-specific training programs for professionals having responsibilities affecting children, youth, and families.

1	(f) The Governor shall appoint a director for the
2	Office of Child Abuse Prevention who shall be subject to
3	confirmation by the Senate. The director shall:
4	1. Formulate and recommend rules pertaining to the
5	implementation of child abuse prevention efforts.
6	2. Act as the Governor's liaison with state agencies,
7	other state governments, and the public and private sectors
8	concerning matters that relate to child abuse prevention.
9	3. Work to secure funding and other support for the
10	state's child abuse prevention efforts, including, but not
11	limited to, establishing cooperative relationships among state
12	and private agencies.
13	4. Develop a strategic program and funding initiative
14	that link the separate jurisdictional activities of state
15	agencies with respect to child abuse prevention. The office
16	may designate lead and contributing agencies to develop such
17	initiatives.
18	5. Advise the Governor and the Legislature on child
19	abuse trends in this state, the status of current child abuse
20	prevention programs and services, the funding of those
21	programs and services, and the status of the Office of Child
22	Abuse Prevention in developing and implementing the state
23	child abuse prevention strategy.
24	(8) CHILD ABUSE TRAINING AND COORDINATING COUNCIL
25	(a) There is created a 21-member Child Abuse Training
26	and Coordinating Council appointed by the director of the
27	Office of Child Abuse Prevention and composed of the following
28	members:
29	1. Three members shall be representatives of the
30	Department of Children and Family Services who specialize in
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1	mental health and substance abuse, domestic violence, child
2	welfare, and community-based care.
3	2. One member shall be a representative of the
4	Department of Juvenile Justice.
5	3. Two members shall be representatives of the
6	Department of Health having expertise in medical services for
7	children and family health.
8	4. Two members shall be representatives of the
9	Department of Education.
10	5. One member shall be a representative of the Agency
11	for Persons with Disabilities.
12	6. One member shall be a representative of the Agency
13	for Workforce Innovation.
14	7. One member shall be a representative of a medical
15	association and shall be a member of the Florida chapter of a
16	national academy of pediatrics.
17	8. One member shall be a representative of the
18	judiciary.
19	9. One member shall be a representative of an
20	association of osteopathic physicians and shall be a pediatric
21	osteopathic physician.
22	10. One member shall be a representative of a
23	statewide coalition on domestic violence and sexual assault.
24	11. One member shall be a representative of the
25	Department of Law Enforcement.
26	12. One member shall be a representative of the
27	Department of Corrections.
28	13. One member shall be a representative of the Family
29	<u>Law Section of The Florida Bar.</u>
30	14. One member shall be a representative of a
31	statewide association of psychologists.

1	15. One member shall be a representative of a local
2	chapter of a national association of social workers.
3	16. One member shall be a representative of the Ounce
4	of Prevention Program.
5	17. One member shall be a representative of a child
6	advocacy center that is accredited and recognized as a state
7	chapter by a national children's alliance.
8	(b) The appointed members shall be persons having
9	expertise in the dynamics, identification, and treatment of
10	child abuse and neglect and child sexual abuse.
11	(c) The Child Abuse Training and Coordinating Council
12	shall:
13	1. Establish objective criteria and quidelines for
14	multidisciplinary and, as appropriate for each discipline,
15	discipline-specific training concerning child abuse and
16	neglect for professionals having responsibilities affecting
17	children, youth, and families;
18	2. Review curricula and make recommendations to state
19	agencies and professional organizations and associations
20	regarding available curricula and curricula having high
21	standards of professional merit;
22	3. Review curricula regarding child abuse and neglect
23	used in training law enforcement officers;
24	4. Cooperate with and assist professional
25	organizations and associations in the development and
26	implementation of ongoing training programs and strategies
27	that encourage professionals to participate in such training
28	programs;
29	5. Make reports and recommendations regarding the
30	continued development and improvement of such training
31	programs to the Office of Child Abuse Prevention, the Child

1	Abuse Prevention Advisory Council, and each affected agency,
2	organization, and association; and
3	6. Issue annual reports to the Office of Child Abuse
4	Prevention which must be included in the statewide plan.
5	(9) EVALUATION OF PREVENTION PROGRAMS The Office of
6	Child Abuse Prevention shall monitor, evaluate, and review the
7	development and quality of local and statewide services and
8	programs for the prevention of child abuse and neglect and
9	shall publish and distribute an annual report of its findings
10	on or before January 1 of each year to the Governor, the
11	President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
12	Representatives, the secretary of each state agency affected
13	by the report, and the committees having jurisdiction in the
14	Legislature. The report must include:
15	(a) The activities of the office.
16	(b) A summary detailing the demographic and geographic
17	characteristics of families served by the prevention programs.
18	(c) Recommendations, by state agency, for the further
19	development and improvement of services and programs for the
20	prevention of child abuse and neglect.
21	(d) Budget and prevention program needs of each
22	agency.
23	(10)(8) FUNDING AND SUBSEQUENT PLANS
24	(a) All budget requests submitted by the Office of
25	Child Abuse Prevention, the Department of Children and Family
26	Services department, the Department of Health, the Department
27	of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the
28	Department of Corrections, the Agency for Persons with
29	Disabilities, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any
30	other agency to the Legislature for funding of efforts for the
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prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect shall be based on the state plan developed pursuant to this section.

(b) The Office of Child Abuse Prevention department at the state and district levels and the other agencies listed in  $paragraph(7)(b)\frac{(7)(a)}{(a)}$  shall readdress the plan and make necessary revisions every 5 years, at a minimum. Such revisions shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate no later than June 30 of each year divisible by 5. At least biennially, the Office of Child Abuse Prevention shall review the state plan and make any necessary revisions based on changing needs and the results of program evaluations. An annual progress report shall be submitted to update the plan in the years between the 5-year intervals. In order to avoid duplication of effort, these required plans may be made a part of or merged with other plans required by either the state or Federal Government, so long as the portions of the other state or Federal Government plan that constitute the state plan for the prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect are clearly identified as such and are provided to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate as required above.

 $\underline{(11)(9)}$  LIBERAL CONSTRUCTION.--It is the intent of the Legislature that this chapter be liberally interpreted and construed in conformity with its declared purposes.

- (12) RULEMAKING.--The Executive Office of the Governor shall adopt rules to administer this section.
- (13) EVALUATION.--By February 1, 2009, the Legislature shall evaluate the Office of Child Abuse Prevention and determine whether it should continue to be housed in the

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Executive Office of the Governor or transferred to a state agency.

Section 2. Section 39.0014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.0014 Responsibilities of public agencies.--All state, county, and local agencies shall cooperate, assist, and provide information to the <u>Office of Child Abuse Prevention</u> department as will enable it to fulfill its responsibilities under this chapter.

Section 3. Section 39.0015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

39.0015 Child abuse prevention training in the district school system.--

- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "Child Abuse Prevention Training Act of  $\underline{2006}$   $\underline{1985}$ ."
- (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that primary prevention training for all children in kindergarten through grade 12 be encouraged in the district school system through the training of school teachers, guidance counselors, parents, and children.
  - (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
  - (a) "Department" means the Department of Education.
- (b) "Child abuse" means those acts as defined in ss.
  39.01(1), (2), (30), (43), (45), (52), and (63), 827.04, and
  984.03(1), (2), and (37).
- (c) "Primary prevention and training program" means a training and educational program for children, parents, and teachers which is directed toward preventing the occurrence of child abuse, including sexual abuse, physical abuse, child abandonment, child neglect, and drug and alcohol abuse, and toward reducing the vulnerability of children through training

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of children and through including coordination with, and training for, parents and school personnel.

- (d) "Prevention training center" means a center as described in subsection (5).
- (4) PRIMARY PREVENTION AND TRAINING PROGRAM.--A primary prevention and training program shall include all of the following, as appropriate for the persons being trained:
- (a) Information provided in a clear and nonthreatening manner, describing the problem of child abuse, sexual abuse, physical abuse, abandonment, neglect, and alcohol and drug abuse, and the possible solutions.
- (b) Information and training designed to counteract common stereotypes about victims and offenders.
  - (c) Crisis counseling techniques.
- (d) Available community resources and ways to access those resources.
  - (e) Physical and behavioral indicators of abuse.
  - (f) Rights and responsibilities regarding reporting.
- (g) School district procedures to facilitatereporting.
  - (h) Caring for a child's needs after a report is made.
  - (i) How to disclose incidents of abuse.
  - (j) Child safety training and age-appropriate self-defense techniques.
    - (k) The right of every child to live free of abuse.
- 26 (1) The relationship of child abuse to handicaps in young children.
  - (m) Parenting, including communication skills.
  - (n) Normal and abnormal child development.

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- (o) Information on recognizing and alleviating family stress caused by the demands required in caring for a high-risk or handicapped child.
- (p) Supports needed by school-age parents in caring for a young child.
- (5) PREVENTION TRAINING CENTERS; FUNCTIONS; SELECTION PROCESS; MONITORING AND EVALUATION.--
- (a) Each training center shall perform the following functions:
- 1. Act as a clearinghouse to provide information on prevention curricula which meet the requirements of this section and the requirements of s. 39.001.
- 2. Assist the local school district in selecting a prevention program model which meets the needs of the local community.
- 3. At the request of the local school district, design and administer training sessions to develop or expand local primary prevention and training programs.
- 4. Provide assistance to local school districts, including, but not limited to, all of the following: administration, management, program development, multicultural staffing, and community education, in order to better meet the requirements of this section and of s. 39.001.
- 5. At the request of the department or the local school district, provide ongoing program development and training to achieve all of the following:
- a. Meet the special needs of children, including, but not limited to, the needs of disabled and high-risk children.
- b. Conduct an outreach program to inform the
   surrounding communities of the existence of primary prevention
   and training programs and of funds to conduct such programs.

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- 6. Serve as a resource to the <u>Office of Child Abuse</u>

  <u>Prevention and</u> the Department of Children and Family Services and its districts.
- (b) The department, in consultation with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Office of Child Abuse Prevention, shall select and award grants by January 1, 2007 1986, for the establishment of three private, nonprofit prevention training centers: one located in and serving South Florida, one located in and serving Central Florida, and one located in and serving North Florida. The department, in consultation with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Office of Child Abuse Prevention, shall select an agency or agencies to establish three training centers which can fulfill the requirements of this section and meet the following requirements:
- 1. Have demonstrated experience in child abuse prevention training.
- 2. Have shown capacity for training primary prevention and training programs as provided for in subsections (3) and (4).
- 3. Have provided training and organizing technical assistance to the greatest number of private prevention and training programs.
- 4. Have employed the greatest number of trainers with experience in private child abuse prevention and training programs.
- 5. Have employed trainers which represent the cultural diversity of the area.
  - 6. Have established broad community support.
- 30 (c) The department shall monitor and evaluate primary 31 prevention and training programs utilized in the local school

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districts and shall monitor and evaluate the impact of the prevention training centers on the implementation of primary prevention programs and their ability to meet the required responsibilities of a center as described in this section.

- (6) The department shall administer this section and in so doing is authorized to adopt rules and standards necessary to implement the specific provisions of this section.
- Section 4. Subsection (47) of section 39.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless
  the context otherwise requires:
  - includes the child's legal guardian, legal custodian, or foster parent; an employee of any a private school, public or private child day care center, residential home, institution, facility, or agency; or any other person legally responsible for the child's welfare in a residential setting; and also includes an adult sitter or relative entrusted with a child's care. For the purpose of departmental investigative jurisdiction, this definition does not include law enforcement officers, or employees of municipal or county detention facilities or the Department of Corrections, while acting in an official capacity.
  - Section 5. Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (10) of section 409.1451, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (11) and (12) are added to that section, to read:
- 28 409.1451 Independent living transition services.--
- 29 (3) PREPARATION FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING.--
- 30 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature for the
  31 Department of Children and Family Services to assist older

children in foster care and young adults who exit foster care at age 18 in making the transition to independent living and self-sufficiency as adults. The department shall provide such children and young adults with opportunities to participate in life skills activities in their foster families and communities which are reasonable and appropriate for their respective ages, as well as special needs and shall provide them with services to build <a href="life">life</a> the skills and increase their ability to live independently and become self-sufficient. To support the provision of opportunities for participation in age-appropriate life skills activities, the department shall:

- 1. Develop a list of age-appropriate activities and responsibilities to be offered to all children involved in independent living transition services and their foster parents.
- 2. Provide training for staff and foster parents to address the issues of older children in foster care in transitioning to adulthood, which shall include information on supporting education and employment and providing opportunities to participate in appropriate daily activities and information concerning high school completion, grant applications, and vocational school opportunities and availability.
- 3. Develop procedures to maximize the authority of foster parents to approve participation in age-appropriate activities of children in their care. The age-appropriate activities and the authority of the foster parent or caregiver shall be developed into a written plan that the foster parent or caregiver, the youth, and the case manager develop together, sign, and follow. This plan must include specific

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goals and objectives and shall be reviewed and updated at least quarterly.

- 4. Provide opportunities for older children in foster care to interact with mentors.
- 5. Develop and implement procedures that are similar to those provided in sub-subparagraph (5)(b)5.1. for older children to directly access and manage the personal allowance they receive from the department in order to learn responsibility and participate in age-appropriate life skills activities to the extent feasible.
- 6. Make a good-faith effort to fully explain, before the execution of a signature, if required, any document, report, form, or other record, whether written or electronic, which is presented to a child or young adult pursuant to this chapter and allow the child or young adult to ask any appropriate questions so that he or she fully understands the document, report, form, or record. It is the responsibility of the person presenting the document to the child or young adult to comply with this subparagraph.
- (b) It is further the intent of the Legislature that each child in foster care, his or her foster parents, if applicable, and the department or community-based provider set early achievement and career goals for the child's postsecondary educational and work experience. The department and community-based providers shall implement the model set forth in this paragraph to help ensure that children in foster care are ready for postsecondary education and the workplace.
- 1. For children in foster care upon reaching their

  13th birthday or entering the 9th grade, their foster parents,
  and the department or community-based provider shall be active
  participants in planning and executing an educational and

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career path choosing a post high school goal based upon both 2 the abilities and interests of each child. The path shall be reviewed at least yearly; shall include the review of the 3 4 child's academic improvement plan pursuant to s. 1008.25, the individual education plan, if applicable, and the report card 5 6 or student portfolio; and goal shall accommodate the needs of 7 children served in exceptional education programs to the extent appropriate for each individual. Such children may 8 continue to follow the courses outlined in the district school 9 board student progression plan. Children in foster care, with 10 the assistance of their foster parents, and the department or 11 12 community-based provider shall choose one of the following 13 postsecondary goals:

- a. Attending a 4-year college or university, a community college plus university, or a military academy;
  - b. Receiving a 2-year postsecondary degree;
- c. Attaining a postsecondary career and technical certificate or credential; or
- d. Beginning immediate employment, including an apprenticeship, after completion of a high school diploma or its equivalent, or enlisting in the military.
- 2. In order to assist the child in foster care in achieving his or her chosen goal, the department or community-based provider shall, with the participation of the child and foster parents, identify:
- a. The core courses <u>in the child's secondary school</u>
  which are necessary to qualify for a chosen goal.
- 28 b. Any elective courses which would provide additional 29 help in reaching a chosen goal.
- 30 c. The grade point requirement and any additional information necessary to achieve a specific goal.

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- d. A teacher, other school staff member, employee of the department or community-based care provider, or community volunteer who would be willing to work with the child as an academic advocate or mentor if foster parent involvement is insufficient or unavailable.
- 3. In order to complement educational goals, the department and community-based providers are encouraged to form partnerships with the business community to support internships, apprenticeships, or other work-related opportunities.
- 4. The department and community-based providers shall ensure that children in foster care and their foster parents are made aware of the postsecondary goals available and shall assist in identifying the coursework necessary to enable the child to reach the chosen goal.
- (c) All children in foster care and young adults formerly in foster care are encouraged to take part in learning opportunities that result from participation in community service activities.
- (d) Children in foster care and young adults formerly in foster care shall be provided with the opportunity to change from one postsecondary goal to another, and each postsecondary goal shall allow for changes in each individual's needs and preferences. Any change, particularly a change that will result in additional time required to achieve a goal, shall be made with the guidance and assistance of the department or community-based provider.
- (4) SERVICES FOR CHILDREN IN FOSTER CARE.--The department shall provide the following transition to independence services to children in foster care who meet prescribed conditions and are determined eligible by the

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department. The service categories available to children in foster care which facilitate successful transition into adulthood are:

- (a) Preindependent living services. --
- 1. Preindependent living services include, but are not limited to, life skills training, educational field trips, and conferences. The specific services to be provided to a child shall be determined using a preindependent living assessment.
- 2. A child who has reached 13 years of age but is not yet 15 years of age who is in foster care is eligible for such services.
- 3. The department shall conduct an annual staffing for each child who has reached 13 years of age but is not yet 15 years of age to ensure that the preindependent living training and services to be provided as determined by the preindependent living assessment are being received and to evaluate the progress of the child in developing the needed independent living skills.
- 4. At the first annual staffing that occurs following a child's 14th birthday, and at each subsequent staffing, the department, the child and, to the greatest extent possible, his or her foster parent or caregiver, shall review the child's academic improvement plan, individual educational plan, if applicable, and report card or student portfolio, and shall provide to each child detailed and personalized information on services provided by the Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program, including requirements for eligibility; on other grants, scholarships, and waivers that are available and should be sought by the child with assistance from the department, including, but not limited to, the Bright Futures Scholarship Program, as provided in ss. 1009.53-1009.538; on

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application deadlines; and on grade requirements for such programs.

- 5. Information related to both the preindependent living assessment and all staffings, which shall be reduced to writing and signed by the child participant, shall be included as a part of the written report required to be provided to the court at each judicial review held pursuant to s. 39.701.
  - (b) Life skills services.--
- 1. Life skills services may include, but are not limited to, independent living skills training, including training to develop banking and budgeting skills, interviewing skills, parenting skills, time management or organizational skills, educational support, employment training, and counseling. Children receiving these services should also be provided with information related to social security insurance benefits and public assistance. The specific services to be provided to a child shall be determined using an independent life skills assessment.
- 2. A child who has reached 15 years of age but is not yet 18 years of age who is in foster care is eligible for such services.
- 3. The department shall conduct a staffing at least once every 6 months for each child who has reached 15 years of age but is not yet 18 years of age to ensure that the appropriate independent living training and services as determined by the independent life skills assessment are being received and to evaluate the progress of the child in developing the needed independent living skills.
- 4. The department shall provide to each child in foster care during the calendar month following the child's 17th birthday an independent living assessment to determine

the child's skills and abilities to live independently and become self-sufficient. Based on the results of the independent living assessment, services and training shall be provided in order for the child to develop the necessary skills and abilities prior to the child's 18th birthday.

- 5. Information related to both the independent life skills assessment and all staffings, which shall be reduced to writing and signed by the child participant, shall be included as a part of the written report required to be provided to the court at each judicial review held pursuant to s. 39.701.
  - (c) Subsidized independent living services .--
- 1. Subsidized independent living services are living arrangements that allow the child to live independently of the daily care and supervision of an adult in a setting that is not required to be licensed under s. 409.175.
- 2. A child who has reached 16 years of age but is not yet 18 years of age is eligible for such services if he or she:
- a. Is adjudicated dependent under chapter 39; has been placed in licensed out-of-home care for at least 6 months prior to entering subsidized independent living; and has a permanency goal of adoption, independent living, or long-term licensed care; and
- b. Is able to demonstrate independent living skills, as determined by the department, using established procedures and assessments.
- 3. Independent living arrangements established for a child must be part of an overall plan leading to the total independence of the child from the department's supervision. The plan must include, but need not be limited to, a description of the skills of the child and a plan for learning

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additional identified skills; the behavior that the child has 2 exhibited which indicates an ability to be responsible and a plan for developing additional responsibilities, as 3 appropriate; a plan for future educational, vocational, and 4 5 training skills; present financial and budgeting capabilities 6 and a plan for improving resources and ability; a description 7 of the proposed residence; documentation that the child 8 understands the specific consequences of his or her conduct in the independent living program; documentation of proposed 9 services to be provided by the department and other agencies, 10 including the type of service and the nature and frequency of 11 12 contact; and a plan for maintaining or developing 13 relationships with the family, other adults, friends, and the 14 community, as appropriate.

- 4. Subsidy payments in an amount established by the department may be made directly to a child under the direct supervision of a caseworker or other responsible adult approved by the department.
- CARE. -- It is the intent of the Legislature that assistance be provided so that each young adult who exits foster care at age 18 will be able to obtain housing and will have the opportunity to finish high school, attend a postsecondary educational or vocational training program, and obtain the skills necessary to find a job or begin a career as the young adult works through the transition to complete independence. The following services of aftercare, educational and training vouchers, and transitional services are established to accomplish this intent to the fullest degree possible. Based on the availability of funds, the department shall provide or arrange for the following services to young adults formerly in

foster care who meet the prescribed conditions and are determined eligible by the department. The department, or the 2 community-based care lead agency if such agency is contracted 3 4 to perform the services described under this subsection, shall develop a plan to implement the services described in this 5 6 subsection. A plan must be developed for each community-based 7 care area of the state. Each approved plan shall be delivered 8 to the Independent Living Services Advisory Council within 10 business days after its approval. Each plan must include, at a 9 10 minimum, the number of young adults to be served each month of the fiscal year, adding youth turning 18 years of age and 11 12 subtracting youth turning 23 years of age or otherwise 13 becoming ineligible; the number of staff and all related costs of administering the services and program; the expenditures to 14 or on behalf of the eligible recipients; the costs of services 15 provided to the young adults through an approved plan for 16 17 housing, transportation, and employment; a reconciliation of 18 these expenses and any additional related costs with the funds allocated for these services; and an explanation and a plan to 19 resolve any shortages or surpluses in order to end the fiscal 2.0 21 year with a balanced budget. The categories of services 2.2 available to assist a young adult formerly in foster care to 23 achieve independence are:

- (a) Aftercare support services. --
- 1. Aftercare support services are available to assist young adults who were formerly in foster care in their efforts to continue to develop the skills and abilities necessary for independent living. The aftercare support services available include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. Mentoring and tutoring.

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b. Mental health services and substance abuse 2 counseling. 3 c. Life skills classes, including credit management 4 and preventive health activities. 5 d. Parenting classes. e. Job and career skills training. 6 7 f. Counselor consultations. g. Temporary financial assistance. 8 9 h. Banking and budgeting skills. 10 The specific services to be provided under this subparagraph 11 12 shall be determined by an aftercare services assessment and 13 may be provided by the department or through referrals in the community. The requirements of sub-subparagraph h. are 14 satisfied if, when the young adult opens a bank account at a 15 financial institution in this state, he or she received 16 instruction on how to maintain that account, including the fee 18 structure of that institution, and has established direct deposit. 19 2. Temporary assistance provided to prevent 20 21 homelessness shall be provided as expeditiously as possible and within the limitations defined by the department. 23 Assistance is limited to funds that are available. 3.2. A young adult who has reached 18 years of age but 2.4 is not yet 23 years of age who leaves foster care at 18 years 2.5 of age but who requests services prior to reaching 23 years of 26 27 age is eligible for such services.

received for educational and training vouchers under the John

H. Chaffee Foster Care Independence Program shall be used in

(b) Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program. -- Funds

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accordance with the federal regulations found in 42 U.S.C. s. 677(i) for young adults formerly in foster care.

- 1. The Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program is intended to help eligible students who are former foster children in this state to receive the educational and vocational training needed to achieve independence. The amount of the award shall be based on the living and educational needs of the young adult and may be up to, but may not exceed, the amount of earnings that the student would have been eligible to earn working a 40 hour a week federal minimum wage job.
- 2. A youth in foster care or a young adult who has a high school diploma or its equivalent reached 18 years of age but who is not yet 21 years of age is eligible for the initial award, and a young adult participating in the program on the date that he or she attains 21 years of age may remain eliqible for renewal awards until he or she attains the age of under 23 years of age is eligible for renewal awards, if he or she:
- a. Was a dependent child, under chapter 39, and was living in licensed foster care or in subsidized independent living at the time of his or her 18th birthday;
- b. Spent at least 6 months living in foster care before reaching his or her 18th birthday or before obtaining his or her high school diploma or its equivalent;
- c. Is a resident of this state as defined in s. 1009.40; and
  - d. Meets one of the following qualifications:
- 29 <u>d.(I)</u> Has earned a standard high school diploma or its 30 equivalent as described in s. 1003.43 or s. 1003.435, or has 31 earned a special diploma or special certificate of completion

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as described in s. 1003.438, and has been admitted for  $\frac{\text{part-time or full-time enrollment in an eligible postsecondary}}{\text{education institution as defined in s. 1009.533.} \div}$ 

(II) Is enrolled full time in an accredited high school; or

(III) Is enrolled full time in an accredited adult education program designed to provide the student with a high school diploma or its equivalent.

- 3. A young adult applying for the a Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship must apply for any other grants and scholarships for which he or she may qualify. The department shall assist the young adult in the application process and may use the federal financial aid grant process to determine the funding needs of the young adult.
- 4. The amount of the award, whether it is being used by a young adult working toward completion of a high school diploma or its equivalent or working toward completion of a postsecondary education program, shall be determined based on an assessment of the funding needs of the young adult. This assessment must consider the young adult's living and educational costs and other grants, scholarships, waivers, earnings, and other income to be received by the young adult. An award shall be available only to a young adult who is considered a full-time student, or its equivalent, by the educational institution, unless that young adult is employed, has a recognized disability that prevents full-time attendance, or practices a vocation. The amount of an award under this subsection may be disregarded for purposes of determining the recipient's eligibility for, or the amount of, any other federal or federally supported assistance. the extent that other grants and scholarships are not sufficient

to meet the living and educational needs of the young adult, 2 but an award may not be less than \$25 in order to maintain Medicaid eligibility for the young adult as provided in s. 3 4 409.903. 5.a. The department must advertise the criteria, 5 application procedures, and availability of the program to: 7 and must ensure that the children and young adults leaving 8 foster care, foster parents, or family services counselors are informed of the availability of the program and the 9 10 application procedures. (I) Children and young adults presently in, leaving, 11 12 or formerly in foster care; 13 (II) Case managers; (III) Guidance and family services counselors; and 14 (IV) Principals or other relevant school 15 16 administrators. 17 b. A young adult must apply for the initial award 18 during the 6 months immediately preceding his or her 18th birthday, and the department shall provide assistance with the 19 application process. A young adult who fails to make an 2.0 21 initial application, but who otherwise meets the criteria for 2.2 an initial award, may make one application for the initial 23 award if the application is made before the young adult's 21st birthday. If the young adult does not apply for an initial 2.4 award before his or her 18th birthday, the department shall 2.5 inform that young adult of the opportunity to apply before 26 27 turning 21 years of age. 28 b.c. If funding for the program is available, The 29 department shall issue awards from the scholarship program for 30 each young adult who meets all the requirements of the program

to the extent that funding is available.

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c.d. An award shall be issued at the time the <u>young</u> adult eligible student reaches 18 years of age <u>or immediately</u> upon a determination that the young adult has achieved a high school diploma or its equivalent and met all of the necessary eligibility criteria.

d.e. A young adult who is eligible for the Road-to-Independence Program and the transitional and aftercare services described in this section and who so desires shall be allowed to reside with the licensed foster family or group care provider with whom he or she was residing at the time of attaining his or her 18th birthday or to reside in another licensed foster home or with a group care provider arranged by the department.

 $\underline{e.f.}$  If the award recipient transfers from one eligible institution to another and continues to meet eligibility requirements, the award must be transferred with the recipient.

<u>f.g.</u> Scholarship Funds awarded to any eligible young adult under this program are in addition to any other services <u>or funds</u> provided to the young adult by the department through <u>the transitional services or aftercare services described in this section</u> its independent living transition services.

g.h. The department shall provide information concerning young adults receiving the Road-to-Independence Scholarship to the Department of Education for inclusion in the student financial assistance database, as provided in s. 1009.94.

h.i. Scholarship Funds are intended to help eligible young adults students who are former foster children in this state to receive the educational and vocational training needed to become independent and self-supporting. The funds

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shall be terminated when the young adult has attained one of four postsecondary goals under subsection (3) or reaches 23 years of age, whichever occurs earlier. In order to initiate postsecondary education, to allow for a change in career goal, or to obtain additional skills in the same educational or vocational area, a young adult may earn no more than two diplomas, certificates, or credentials. A young adult attaining an associate of arts or associate of science degree shall be permitted to work toward completion of a bachelor of arts or a bachelor of science degree or an equivalent undergraduate degree. Road-to-Independence Scholarship funds may not be used for education or training after a young adult has attained a bachelor of arts or a bachelor of science degree or an equivalent undergraduate degree.

- <u>i.j.</u> The department shall evaluate and renew each award annually during the 90-day period before the young adult's birthday. In order to be eligible for a renewal award for the subsequent year, the young adult must:
- (I) Complete the number of hours, or the equivalent considered <u>part time or</u> full time by the educational institution, in the last academic year in which the young adult earned a scholarship, except for a young adult who meets the requirements of s. 1009.41.
- (II) Maintain appropriate progress as required by the educational institution, except that, if the young adult's progress is insufficient to renew the scholarship at any time during the eligibility period, the young adult may restore eligibility by improving his or her progress to the required level.
- <u>j.k. Scholarship</u> Funds may be terminated during the interim between an award and the evaluation for a renewal

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award if the department determines that the award recipient is no longer enrolled in an educational institution as defined in sub-subparagraph 2.d., or is no longer a state resident. The department shall notify a <u>recipient</u> student who is terminated and inform the <u>recipient</u> student of his or her right to appeal.

k.1. An award recipient who does not qualify for a renewal award or who chooses not to renew the award may subsequently apply for reinstatement. An application for reinstatement must be made before the young adult reaches 21 years of age, and a student may not apply for reinstatement more than once. In order to be eligible for reinstatement, the young adult must meet the eligibility criteria and the criteria for award renewal for the scholarship program.

- 1. After the completion of aftercare support services that satisfy the requirements of subparagraph h., payment of educational and training vouchers shall be made by direct deposit to the recipient, unless the recipient requests in writing to the community-based care lead agency or the department that:
- (I) Payment be made directly to the recipient by check or warrant;
- (II) Payment or a portion thereof be made directly on the recipient's behalf to the institution the recipient is attending to maintain eligibility under this section; or
- (III) Payment be made on a two-party check to a

  business or landlord for a legitimate expense, whether

  reimbursed or not. A legitimate expense for the purposes of

  this sub-sub-subparagraph includes auto repair or maintenance,

  expenses for education or job training, and costs incurred,

  except legal costs, fines, or penalties, when applying for or

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executing a rental agreement for the purposes of securing a home or residence.

m. The department shall evaluate the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of contracting the educational and training voucher program to an independent entity that has expertise in the delivery and management of this service. If the department determines a better service to the eliqible young adults can be provided through an independent entity, the department shall contract with such an entity. Cost may not be the sole factor in determining better service for the purposes of this sub-subparagraph, and may not be given extra weight over any other factor. This evaluation shall be completed by December 31, 2006.

- (c) Transitional support services .--
- 1. In addition to any services provided through aftercare support or the Road-to-Independence Program Scholarship, a young adult formerly in foster care may receive other appropriate short-term funding and services, which may include financial, housing, counseling, employment, education, mental health, disability, and other services, if the young adult demonstrates that the services are critical to the young adult's own efforts to achieve self-sufficiency and to develop a personal support system. The department or community-based care provider shall work with the young adult in developing a joint transition agreement that is consistent with a needs assessment identifying the specific need for transitional services to support the young adult's own efforts. The young adult must have specific tasks to complete or maintain, as included in the agreement, and be accountable for completing these tasks or making progress towards completion. However, a task may not be forced upon a young adult and, if the young

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adult and department or community-based care provider cannot come to agreement regarding any part of the plan, the young adult may access a grievance process to its full extent in an effort to resolve the disagreement.

- 2. A young adult formerly in foster care is eligible to apply for transitional support services if he or she has reached 18 years of age but is not yet 23 years of age, was a dependent child pursuant to chapter 39, was living in licensed foster care or in subsidized independent living at the time of his or her 18th birthday, and had spent at least 6 months living in foster care before that date.
- 3. If at any time the services are no longer critical to the young adult's own efforts to achieve self-sufficiency and to develop a personal support system, they shall be terminated.
- (d) Payment of aftercare, Road-to-Independence Program scholarship, or transitional support funds.--Payment of aftercare, Road-to-Independence Program scholarship, or transitional support funds shall be made directly to the recipient unless the recipient requests in writing to the community-based care lead agency, or the department, that the payments or a portion of the payments be made directly on the recipient's behalf in order to secure services such as housing, counseling, education, or employment training as part of the young adult's own efforts to achieve self-sufficiency. The community-based care lead agency may purchase housing, transportation, or employment services to assure the availability and affordability of these specific transitional services and allow the eliqible young adults to use these services in lieu of receiving a direct payment. Before purchasing such services, the community-based care lead agency

must develop a plan describing the services to be purchased, 2 the rationale for doing so, and a specific range of expenses for each service which is less than the cost of purchasing the 3 4 service by an individual young adult. The plan must be approved by the department. This plan must include a 5 description of the movement of the young adults using these 7 services into independence and a timeframe for achieving such 8 independence. Eliqible young adults who demonstrate an ability to obtain these services independently and who prefer a direct 9 10 payment shall receive a direct payment. This plan must be reviewed at least annually and evaluated for effectiveness and 11 12 cost-efficiency in moving young adults to independence, preventing homelessness among the young adults, and assisting 13 young adults in obtaining a livable wage in permanent 14 employment. The young adult who resides with a foster family 15 may not be included as a child in calculating any licensing 16 restriction on the number of children in the foster home.

- (e) Appeals process.--
- 1. The Department of Children and Family Services shall adopt by rule a procedure by which a young adult may appeal an eligibility determination or the department's failure to provide aftercare, Road-to-Independence Program scholarship, or transitional support services, or the termination of such services, if such funds are available.
- 2. The procedure developed by the department must be readily available to young adults, must provide timely decisions, and must provide for an appeal to the Secretary of Children and Family Services. The decision of the secretary constitutes final agency action and is reviewable by the court as provided in s. 120.68.

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- 1 (6) ACCOUNTABILITY.--The department shall maintain
  2 oversight by developing develop outcome measures for the
  3 program and other performance measures. The department shall
  4 present these measures in an annual report to the legislative
  5 committees on children and families. The report must include:
  - (a) An evaluation of the goals and measures developed under this subsection compared to the outcome and performance of the department.
  - (b) A summary of data gathered under sub-subparagraph (5)(b)5.1.
  - (c) Any rules adopted or proposed under the authority or jurisdiction of this section since the last report. For purposes of the first report, any rules adopted or proposed under the authority or jurisdiction of this section must be included.
  - (7) INDEPENDENT LIVING SERVICES ADVISORY COUNCIL.--The Secretary of Children and Family Services shall establish the Independent Living Services Advisory Council for the purpose of reviewing and making recommendations concerning the implementation and operation of the independent living transition services. This advisory council shall continue to function as specified in this subsection until the Legislature determines that the advisory council can no longer provide a valuable contribution to the department's efforts to achieve the goals of the independent living transition services.
  - (a) Specifically, the advisory council shall assess the implementation and operation of the system of independent living transition services and advise the department on actions that would improve the ability of the independent living transition services to meet the established goals. The advisory council shall keep the department informed of

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problems being experienced with the services, barriers to the effective and efficient integration of services and support across systems, and successes that the system of independent living transition services has achieved. The department shall consider, but is not required to implement, the recommendations of the advisory council.

- (b) The advisory council shall report to the appropriate substantive committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the status of the implementation of the system of independent living transition services; efforts to publicize the availability of aftercare support services, the Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program, and transitional support services; specific barriers to financial aid created by the scholarship and possible solutions; the success of the services; problems identified; recommendations for department or legislative action; and the department's implementation of the recommendations contained in the Independent Living Services Integration Workgroup Report submitted to the Senate and the House substantive committees December 31, 2002. This advisory council report shall be submitted by December 31 of each year that the council is in existence and shall be accompanied by a report from the department which identifies the recommendations of the advisory council and either describes the department's actions to implement these recommendations or provides the department's rationale for not implementing the recommendations.
- (c) Members of the advisory council shall be appointed by the secretary of the department. The membership of the advisory council must include, at a minimum, representatives from the headquarters and district offices of the Department of Children and Family Services, community-based care lead

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agencies, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Education, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the State Youth Advisory Board, Workforce Florida, Inc., the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office, foster parents, recipients of services under the Road-to-Independence Program and advocates for foster children. The secretary shall determine the length of the term to be served by each member appointed to the advisory council, which may not exceed 4 years.

Revenue Fund shall be appropriated to the Department of
Children and Family Services specifically to contract with an agency selected by the Independent Living Advisory Council to provide the administrative support to the Independent Living Advisory Council to accomplish the tasks assigned in this subsection. The advisory council shall be afforded access to all appropriate data from the department and the community-based care lead agencies or other relevant agencies in order to accomplish the tasks specified in this subsection. This data may not include any information that would reveal the identity of a specific child or young adult.

(10) RULEMAKING.--The department shall adopt by rule procedures to administer this section, including balancing the goals of normalcy and safety for the youth and providing the caregivers with as much flexibility as possible to enable the youth to participate in normal life experiences. The department shall not adopt rules relating to reductions in scholarship awards. The department shall engage in appropriate planning to prevent, to the extent possible, a reduction in scholarship awards after issuance. The department may not establish, by rule or practice, a limit on the amount of aftercare or transitional funding an eligible young adult may

receive. This amount shall be determined based on the specific 2 needs of the young adult and the availability of funds. (11) The department shall contract with a qualified 3 4 nonprofit entity, legally operating within this state, to 5 coordinate and manage all services described in this section 6 and to manage all funds available to address the services 7 described, as well as the case management, administration, 8 related support services, and out-of-home care for youth and young adults who are eliqible for these services from age 16 9 10 until the youth or young adult attains the age of 23 or is otherwise no longer eligible. This contract must include 11 12 funding for the current positions, associated expenses, and 13 other administrative costs within the department's budget. This entity shall coordinate and manage these services and may 14 not directly provide services unless the selected entity is 15 currently providing these services within a community-based 16 care project. The selected entity may not increase the service 18 area or scope beyond that which is contracted for at the time of selection. The entity shall contract with community-based 19 care lead agencies to provide these services or with local 2.0 21 community providers, with the collaboration of the lead 2.2 agency, which have specific skills and experience with this 23 population. (12) The total amount of the funds awarded under 2.4 subsection (5) directly to an eliqible young adult shall be 2.5 based on the living and educational needs of the young adult 2.6 2.7 and may be up to, but may not exceed, the amount of earnings 2.8 that the student would have been eligible to earn working a 40-hour-a-week federal minimum wage job, excluding any funds 29 provided for immediate need or emergency services as one-time 30 31 payments.

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Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public records exemption.--

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Boarding school" means a school that which is accredited by the Florida Council of Independent Schools or the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and registered with the Department of Education as a school. Its program must follow established school schedules, with holiday breaks and summer recesses in accordance with other public and private school programs. The education programs provided by the boarding schools must meet the standards prescribed by the State Board of Education and the district school board. The children in residence must customarily return to their family homes or legal quardians during school breaks and must not be in residence year-round, except that this provision does not apply to foreign students. The parents of these children retain custody and planning and financial responsibility. Boarding schools currently in existence and boarding schools opening and seeking accreditation must comply with this requirement within 3 years. A boarding school must provide proof of accreditation or documentation of the accreditation process upon request. A boarding school that cannot produce the required documentation or that is not registered with the Department of Education shall be considered as providing residential group care without a license, and the department shall proceed with the provisions set forth in paragraph (11)(a). Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* SENATE SUMMARY Creates the Office of Child Abuse Prevention within the Executive Office of the Governor. Creates a Child Abuse Prevention Advisory Council and a Child Abuse Training and Coordinating Council. Specifies duties of the office and the councils. Revises the services provided to young adults as independent living transition services. Revises the duties of the Department of Children and Family Services and the community-based providers with respect to such services. Renames the Road-to-Independence Scholarship Program as the "Road-to-Independence Program." Requires that the department contract with a nonprofit entity to coordinate and manage all transition services leading to independent living. Requires that certain boarding schools meet standards specified by the State Board of Education and the district school board. (See bill for details.)