## Florida Senate - 2006

By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senator Fasano

591-1317-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of Law
3	Enforcement; amending s. 790.065, F.S.;
4	requiring the department to review other
5	records in addition to criminal history records
б	to evaluate a potential buyer or transferee of
7	a firearm, including an adjudication of mental
8	defectiveness or a commitment to a mental
9	institution as criteria that prohibit a person
10	from purchasing a firearm; providing
11	definitions; requiring the department to
12	maintain an automated database of persons who
13	are prohibited from purchasing a firearm;
14	requiring each clerk of court to submit certain
15	court records to the department within a
16	certain period; requiring the department to
17	delete certain records from the automated
18	database upon the request of an individual
19	meeting specified conditions; authorizing the
20	department to disclose collected data to other
21	federal or state agencies with regard to the
22	sale or transfer of a firearm; authorizing the
23	department to disclose certain information to
24	the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
25	Services for determining the eligibility of an
26	applicant for a concealed weapons or concealed
27	firearms license; requiring the clerk of court
28	or mental hospital to provide additional
29	information upon request following an appeal of
30	an unapproved sale or transfer of a firearm;
31	amending s. 914.25, F.S.; providing for

1	recertification for protective services for an
2	additional period, with reimbursement for
3	expenses from the Victim and Witness Protection
4	Review Committee; providing for unlimited
5	protective services for a victim or witness
6	without reimbursement; amending s. 937.021,
7	F.S.; providing immunity to the department,
8	other law enforcement agencies, media
9	representatives, and dealers of communications
10	services from civil liability for complying in
11	good faith with a request to record or report
12	information of an Amber Alert or Missing Child
13	Alert; providing that a technical or clerical
14	error or incorrect or incomplete information
15	does not overcome the presumption of good faith
16	in reporting information about an Amber Alert
17	or Missing Child Alert; providing that it is a
18	discretionary decision of a law enforcement
19	agency or its employees to report, record, or
20	display Amber Alert or Missing Child Alert
21	information; amending s. 938.07, F.S.;
22	requiring that a portion of certain court costs
23	imposed for a conviction of driving or boating
24	under the influence be deposited into the
25	department's Operating Trust Fund instead of
26	the Criminal Justice Standards and Training
27	Trust Fund; amending s. 938.27, F.S.; requiring
28	that investigative costs recovered on behalf of
29	the department be deposited into the Forfeiture
30	and Investigative Trust Fund; amending s.
31	943.05, F.S.; authorizing the department to
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1	retain fingerprints in certain circumstances
2	and use retained fingerprints for certain
3	purposes; amending s. 943.052, F.S.; requiring
4	that disposition reports for dispositions
5	relating to minor offenders are mandatory after
6	a specified date; amending s. 68.07, F.S.;
7	requiring a set of fingerprints as part of a
8	name-change petition; amending s. 943.053,
9	F.S.; requiring the department to make certain
10	information available to judges; limiting the
11	use of information; authorizing a criminal
12	justice agency to obtain a criminal history
13	background check of a noncertified agency
14	employee by submitting fingerprints to the
15	department; requiring that a criminal history
16	check be provided by the department in certain
17	circumstances; amending s. 943.0585, F.S.;
18	prohibiting a court from expunging a criminal
19	history record containing certain sexual
20	offenses or certain offenses that require
21	registration as a sexual offender; requiring a
22	valid certificate of eligibility for expunction
23	in a petition to expunge a criminal history
24	record; specifying the time during which a
25	certificate of eligibility for expunction is
26	valid; requiring that a trial must not have
27	occurred in order for a person to obtain a
28	statement from the state attorney authorizing
29	the expunction of a criminal record;
30	authorizing a person who has secured a prior
31	sealing or expunction of a criminal history
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1	record to seek a certificate of eligibility for
2	expunction if the criminal history record was
3	previously sealed for a specified time and is
4	otherwise eligible for expunction; providing
5	that a person who is seeking authorization for
6	employment or access to a seaport may not deny
7	or fail to acknowledge an arrest covered by an
8	expunged record; providing that the department
9	may acknowledge an expunged criminal history
10	record under certain circumstances; amending s.
11	943.059, F.S.; enumerating certain sexual
12	offenses and offenses that require registration
13	as a sexual offender which may not be sealed;
14	requiring a valid certificate of eligibility
15	for sealing in a petition to seal a criminal
16	history record; specifying the period during
17	which a certificate of eligibility for sealing
18	is valid; providing that information in a
19	sealed criminal record is available to a
20	criminal justice agency to conduct a criminal
21	history background check for approval of a
22	firearms purchase or transfer; prohibiting a
23	person from denying arrests covered by his or
24	her sealed criminal record when attempting to
25	purchase a firearm; providing that a person who
26	is seeking authorization for employment or
27	access to a seaport may not deny or fail to
28	acknowledge an arrest covered by a sealed
29	record; providing that the department may
30	acknowledge a sealed criminal history record
31	under certain circumstances; amending s.

1	943.13, F.S.; requiring the department to enter
2	the fingerprints of law enforcement or
3	correctional officers into a statewide
4	automated fingerprint identification system;
5	requiring the department to search each arrest
6	fingerprint card received against fingerprints
7	retained in the statewide automated fingerprint
8	identification system; providing for
9	refingerprinting by a certain date; amending
10	ss. 943.1715 and 943.1716, F.S.; deleting the
11	minimum number of hours required for basic
12	skills training and continued employment
13	training relating to diverse populations for
14	law enforcement officers; repealing s.
15	943.2569, F.S., relating to an annual financial
16	audit of criminal justice selection centers;
17	amending s. 943.257, F.S.; authorizing the
18	Criminal Justice Standards and Training
19	Commission and the advisory board of a criminal
20	justice selection center to inspect and copy
21	any documents from a center in order to conduct
22	oversight responsibilities, including documents
23	pertaining to any internal or independent
24	audits; amending s. 943.401, F.S.; requiring
25	the department to investigate all public
26	assistance that is provided by the state;
27	requiring public assistance recipients to
28	consent in writing to an investigation into
29	their employment and financial histories by the
30	Agency for Workforce Innovation; requiring the
31	department to report the results of the
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1 investigations to the Agency for Workforce 2 Innovation; authorizing the department to purchase goodwill and promotional materials; 3 4 limiting the annual amount of such 5 expenditures; prohibiting the unauthorized use б of the department's emblems and names; 7 providing a penalty; providing an effective 8 date. 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 12 Section 1. Effective February 1, 2007, paragraph (a) 13 of subsection (2) of section 790.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.--15 (2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history 16 17 record check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during 18 the licensee's call or by return call, forthwith: (a) Review criminal history records and other records 19 that have been provided to the department to determine if the 20 21 potential buyer or transferee: 22 1. Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited 23 from receipt or possession of a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23; 2. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of 2.4 domestic violence, and therefore is prohibited from purchasing 25 a firearm; or 26 27 3. Has had adjudication of guilt withheld or 2.8 imposition of sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor 29 crime of domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or any other conditions set by the court have been 30 fulfilled or expunction has occurred; or. 31

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1	4. Has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been
2	committed to a mental institution by a court and as a result
3	is prohibited by federal law from purchasing a firearm.
4	a. As used in this subparagraph, the term "adjudicated
5	mentally defective" means a determination by a court that a
6	<u>person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or</u>
7	<u>mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease, is a</u>
8	danger to himself or herself or to others or lacks the mental
9	capacity to contract or manage his or her own affairs. The
10	term includes a judicial finding of incapacity under s.
11	744.331(6)(a), an acquittal by reason of insanity of a person
12	charged with a criminal offense, and a judicial finding that a
13	criminal defendant is not competent to stand trial.
14	b. As used in this subparagraph, the term "committed
15	to a mental institution" means involuntary commitment,
16	commitment for mental defectiveness or mental illness, or
17	commitment for substance abuse. The term includes involuntary
18	inpatient placement as defined in s. 394.467, involuntary
19	assessment and stabilization under s. 397.6818, and
20	involuntary substance abuse treatment under s. 397.6957, but
21	does not include a person in a mental institution for
22	observation or a person who has been discharged from a mental
23	institution based upon the initial review by the physician or
24	a voluntary admission to a mental institution.
25	c. In order to check for such conditions, the
26	department shall compile and maintain an automated database of
27	persons who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on
28	court records of adjudications of mental defectiveness or
29	commitments to mental institutions. Each clerk of court shall
30	submit these records to the department within 1 month after
31	the order of adjudication or commitment is rendered. Reports
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1	may be submitted in an automated format. The reports must, at
2	<u>a minimum, include the name, any known alias or former name,</u>
3	the sex, and the date of birth of the individual. The
4	department shall delete any mental health record from the
5	database upon the request of an individual when at least 5
б	years have elapsed since the individual's restoration to
7	capacity by court order after being adjudicated an
8	incapacitated person under s. 744.331 or similar laws of any
9	other state, or, in the case of an individual who was
10	previously committed to a mental institution under chapter 394
11	or similar laws of any other state, when the individual
12	produces a certificate from a licensed psychiatrist stating
13	that he or she has not suffered from such disability for at
14	least 5 years prior to the date of the request for removal of
15	the record. If the department has received a subsequent record
16	of an adjudication of mental defectiveness or commitment to a
17	mental institution for such individual, the 5-year timeframe
18	shall be calculated from the most recent adjudication of
19	incapacitation or commitment.
20	d. The department may disclose the collected data to
21	federal or state agencies for use exclusively in determining
22	the lawfulness of a firearm sale or transfer. The department
23	may also disclose any applicable collected data to the
24	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for purposes
25	of determining a person's eligibility for a concealed weapons
26	or concealed firearms license upon receipt of an applicant
27	fingerprint submission forwarded pursuant to s. 790.06(6)(a).
28	If a potential buyer or transferee appeals a nonapproval based
29	on such records, the clerks of court and mental institutions
30	shall, upon request by the department, provide information to
31	help determine whether the potential buyer or transferee is
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1 the same person as the subject of the record. Photographs and 2 other data that may confirm or negate identity must be made available to the department for such purposes, notwithstanding 3 any other provision of state law to the contrary. Information 4 that is made confidential or exempt from disclosure by law 5 6 shall remain confidential or exempt when transferred to the 7 department. 8 Section 2. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 914.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 10 914.25 Protective services for certain victims and 11 witnesses.--(4)(a) When a victim or witness is certified as 12 13 provided in subsection (3), a law enforcement agency, in consultation with the certifying state attorney or the 14 statewide prosecutor, may provide appropriate protective 15 services. If a victim or witness needs to be temporarily 16 17 relocated, the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney must 18 notify the Department of Law Enforcement. The Department of Law Enforcement, in consultation with the statewide prosecutor 19 or the state attorney, and any other law enforcement agency 20 21 involved in the criminal investigation or prosecution, shall 22 coordinate the temporary relocation of the victim or witness. 23 (b) Protective services, including temporary relocation services, may *initially* be provided for up to 1 2.4 year or until the risk giving rise to the certification has 25 26 diminished, whichever occurs sooner. If deemed necessary, The 27 statewide prosecutor or the state attorney may, at the end of 2.8 the certification year, recertify a victim or witness at risk 29 of harm for an additional period of up to 1 year or until the risk giving rise to the certification has diminished, 30 whichever occurs first. A victim or witness at risk of harm 31

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1 may be certified and recertified annually as provided in this section to provide a maximum of 4 years of eligibility for 2 3 protective services. 4 (5) The lead law enforcement agency that provides protective services, as authorized in this section, may seek 5 6 reimbursement for its reasonable expenses from the Victim and 7 Witness Protection Review Committee, pursuant to the provisions of s. 943.031. This section does not prevent any 8 law enforcement agency from providing protective services at 9 10 the agency's expense beyond the 4-year maximum period established in this section. Any additional expenditures for 11 12 protective services are not eligible for reimbursement under 13 this section. Section 3. Subsection (3) is added to section 937.021, 14 15 Florida Statutes, to read: 16 937.021 Missing child reports.--17 (3)(a) Upon receiving a request to record, report, 18 transmit, display, or release Amber Alert or Missing Child Alert information from the law enforcement agency having 19 jurisdiction over the missing or endangered child, the 2.0 21 Department of Law Enforcement as the state Amber Alert 2.2 coordinator; any state or local law enforcement agency and the 23 personnel of these agencies; any radio or television network, broadcaster, or other media representative; any dealer of 2.4 communications services as defined in s. 202.11; or any 25 agency, employee, individual, or entity is immune from civil 26 27 liability for damages for complying in good faith with the 2.8 request and is presumed to have acted in good faith in recording, reporting, transmitting, displaying, or releasing 29 Amber Alert or Missing Child Alert information pertaining to 30 such child. 31

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1	(b) The presumption of good faith is not overcome if a
2	technical or clerical error is made by an agency, employee,
3	individual, or entity acting at the request of the local law
4	enforcement agency having jurisdiction, or if the Amber Alert
5	or Missing Child Alert information is incomplete or incorrect
6	because the information received from the local law
7	enforcement agency was incomplete or incorrect.
8	(c) Neither this subsection nor any other provision of
9	law creates a duty of the agency, employee, individual, or
10	entity to record, report, transmit, display, or release the
11	Amber Alert or Missing Child Alert information received from
12	the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction. The
13	decision to do so is discretionary with the agency, employee,
14	individual, or entity receiving that information from the
15	local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
16	Section 4. Section 938.07, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	938.07 Driving or boating under the
19	influenceNotwithstanding any other provision of s. 316.193
20	or s. 327.35, a court cost of \$135 shall be added to any fine
21	imposed pursuant to s. 316.193 or s. 327.35. The clerks shall
22	remit the funds to the Department of Revenue, \$25 of which
23	shall be deposited in the Emergency Medical Services Trust
24	Fund, \$50 shall be deposited in the <u>Operating</u> <del>Criminal Justice</del>
25	Standards and Training Trust Fund of the Department of Law
26	Enforcement to be used for operational expenses in conducting
27	the statewide criminal analysis laboratory system established
28	in s. 943.32, and \$60 shall be deposited in the Brain and
29	Spinal Cord Injury Rehabilitation Trust Fund created in s.
30	381.79.
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**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 938.27, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 938.27 Judgment for costs on conviction .--4 (7) Investigative costs that which are recovered shall be returned to the appropriate investigative agency that which 5 6 incurred the expense. <u>Such</u> costs <del>shall</del> include actual expenses 7 incurred in conducting the investigation and prosecution of 8 the criminal case; however, costs may also include the salaries of permanent employees. Any investigative costs 9 recovered on behalf of a state agency must be remitted to the 10 Department of Revenue for deposit in the agency operating 11 12 trust fund, and a report of the payment must be sent to the 13 agency, except that any investigative costs recovered on behalf of the Department of Law Enforcement shall be deposited 14 in the department's Forfeiture and Investigative Support Trust 15 Fund under s. 943.362. 16 17 Section 6. Paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to 18 subsection (2) of section 943.05, Florida Statutes, to read: 943.05 Criminal Justice Information Program; duties; 19 crime reports. --20 21 (2) The program shall: 22 (g) As authorized by law, retain fingerprints 23 submitted by criminal and noncriminal justice agencies to the department for a criminal history background screening in a 2.4 manner provided by rule and enter the fingerprints in the 25 statewide automated fingerprint identification system 26 27 authorized by paragraph (b). Such fingerprints shall be 2.8 available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered into the statewide automated 29 30 fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051. 31

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1	(h) As authorized by law, search all arrest
2	fingerprint cards received under s. 943.051 against the
3	fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint
4	identification system under paragraph (g). Any arrest record
5	that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person
6	subject to background screening as provided in paragraph (g)
7	shall be reported to the appropriate agency. Agencies may
8	participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to
9	the department and informing the department of any change in
10	the affiliation, employment, contractual status, or place of
11	affiliation, employment, or contracting of the persons whose
12	fingerprints are retained under paragraph (g). The department
13	shall adopt a rule setting the amount of the annual fee to be
14	imposed upon each participating agency for performing searches
15	and establishing the procedures for the retention of
16	fingerprints and the dissemination of search results. The fee
17	may be borne as provided by law. Fees may be waived or reduced
18	by the executive director for good cause shown. Consistent
19	with the recognition of criminal justice agencies expressed in
20	s. 943.053(3), these services shall be provided to criminal
21	justice agencies for criminal justice purposes free of charge.
22	Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 943.052, Florida
23	Statutes, is amended to read:
24	943.052 Disposition reportingThe Criminal Justice
25	Information Program shall, by rule, establish procedures and a
26	format for each criminal justice agency to monitor its records
27	and submit reports, as provided by this section, to the
28	program. The disposition report shall be developed by the
29	program and shall include the offender-based transaction
30	system number.
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1	(2) Each clerk of the court shall submit the uniform
2	dispositions to the program or in a manner acceptable to the
3	program. The report shall be submitted at least once a month
4	and, when acceptable by the program, may be submitted in an
5	automated format. The disposition report is mandatory for
6	dispositions relating to adult offenders only. <u>Beginning July</u>
7	1, 2008, a disposition report for each disposition relating to
8	<u>a minor offender is mandatory.</u>
9	Section 8. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 68.07,
10	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
11	68.07 Change of name
12	(2) The petition shall include a <u>set</u> copy of the
13	petitioner's fingerprints taken by a law enforcement agency
14	except where a former name is being restored and be verified
15	and show:
16	(a) That petitioner is a bona fide resident of and
17	domiciled in the county where the change of name is sought.
18	(b) If known, the date and place of birth of
19	petitioner, petitioner's father's name, mother's maiden name,
20	and where petitioner has resided since birth.
21	(c) If petitioner is married, the name of petitioner's
22	spouse and if petitioner has children, the names and ages of
23	each and where they reside.
24	(d) If petitioner's name has previously been changed
25	and when and where and by what court.
26	(e) Petitioner's occupation and where petitioner is
27	employed and has been employed for 5 years next preceding
28	filing of the petition. If petitioner owns and operates a
29	business, the name and place of it shall be stated and
30	petitioner's connection therewith and how long petitioner has
31	been identified with said business. If petitioner is in a
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1 profession, the profession shall be stated, where the 2 petitioner has practiced the profession and if a graduate of a school or schools, the name or names thereof, time of 3 graduation, and degrees received. 4 5 (f) Whether the petitioner has been generally known or 6 called by any other names and if so, by what names and where. 7 (g) Whether petitioner has ever been adjudicated a 8 bankrupt and if so, where and when. (h) Whether petitioner has ever been arrested for or 9 10 charged with, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found to have committed a criminal offense, regardless of 11 12 adjudication, and if so, when and where. 13 (i) Whether any money judgment has ever been entered against petitioner and if so, the name of the judgment 14 creditor, the amount and date thereof, the court by which 15 entered, and whether the judgment has been satisfied. 16 17 (j) That the petition is filed for no ulterior or 18 illegal purpose and granting it will not in any manner invade the property rights of others, whether partnership, patent, 19 good will, privacy, trademark, or otherwise. 20 21 (k) That the petitioner's civil rights have never been 22 suspended, or if the petitioner's civil rights have been 23 suspended, that full restoration of civil rights has occurred. (5) The clerk must, upon the filing of the final 2.4 judgment, send a report of the judgment to the Department of 25 Law Enforcement on a form to be furnished by that department. 26 27 The Department of Law Enforcement must send a copy of the 2.8 report to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 29 which may be delivered by electronic transmission. The report must contain sufficient information to identify the 30 petitioner, including a set copy of the petitioner's 31

1	fingerprints taken by a law enforcement agency, the new name
2	of the petitioner, and the file number of the judgment. Any
3	information retained by the Department of Law Enforcement and
4	the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may be
5	revised or supplemented by said departments to reflect changes
6	made by the final judgment. With respect to a person convicted
7	of a felony in another state or of a federal offense, the
8	Department of Law Enforcement must send the report to the
9	respective state's office of law enforcement records or to the
10	office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Department
11	of Law Enforcement may forward the report to any other law
12	enforcement agency it believes may retain information related
13	to the petitioner. Any costs associated with fingerprinting
14	must be paid by the petitioner.
15	Section 9. Present subsections (5), (6), (7), (8), and
16	(9) of section 943.053, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
17	subsections (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10), respectively, and
18	new subsections $(5)$ , $(11)$ , and $(12)$ are added to that section,
19	to read:
20	943.053 Dissemination of criminal justice information;
21	fees
22	(5) Notwithstanding s. 943.0525, and any user
23	agreement adopted pursuant thereto, and notwithstanding the
24	confidentiality of sealed records as provided in s. 943.059,
25	the department shall make criminal justice information
26	available on-line to each judge in the state court system in
27	order to assist the judge in case-related decisionmaking.
28	<u>On-line access shall be provided without charge to the state</u>
29	court system. Sealed records received by courts under this
30	section remain confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1). The
31	information provided pursuant to this subsection does not

1 replace any information required to be provided to the courts 2 by any other agency or entity. Information provided under this subsection may be used only for the official court business 3 4 for which it was requested and may not be further disseminated. 5 б (11) A criminal justice agency that is authorized 7 under federal rules or law to conduct a criminal history 8 background check on an agency employee who is not certified by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission under 9 10 s. 943.12 may submit to the department the fingerprints of the noncertified employee to obtain state and national criminal 11 history information. Effective January 15, 2007, fingerprints 12 13 submitted shall be retained and entered in the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 14 943.05 and shall be available for all purposes and uses 15 authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the 16 17 statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant 18 to s. 943.051. The department shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the 19 fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint 2.0 21 identification system pursuant to this section. In addition to the purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards 2.2 23 for which submitted fingerprints may be used, any arrest record that is identified with the retained employee 2.4 25 fingerprints must be reported to the submitting employing 26 agency. 27 (12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when 2.8 a criminal history check or a duty to disclose the absence of a criminal history check is mandated by state law or when a 29 privilege or benefit is conferred by state law in return for 30 exercising an option of conducting a criminal history check, 31

1 the referenced criminal history check, whether an initial or renewal check, shall include the state criminal history 2 provided by the department as set forth in this section. Such 3 4 criminal history information may be provided by a private vendor only if that information is directly obtained from the 5 6 department for each request. A national criminal history check 7 that is required or authorized by state law shall be submitted 8 by and through the department in the manner established by the department for such checks, unless otherwise required by 9 10 federal law. The fee for criminal history information as established by state law or, in the case of national checks, 11 12 by the Federal Government, shall be borne by the person or 13 entity submitting the request, or as provided by law. Criminal history information provided by any other governmental entity 14 of this state or any private entity may not be substituted for 15 criminal history information provided by the department if the 16 17 criminal history check or a duty to disclose the absence of a 18 criminal history check is required by statute or is made a condition of a privilege or benefit by law. 19 20 Section 10. Section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history 23 records .-- The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, 2.4 and correction of judicial records containing criminal history 25 26 information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 27 with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established 2.8 by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order 29 a criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the 30 requirements of this section. The court shall not order a 31

18

1 criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record 2 until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for 3 expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history 4 record that relates to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, 5 6 s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, <u>s. 810.14</u>, s. 7 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 8 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified 9 as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator 10 pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense 11 12 alone is sufficient to require such registration, or as a 13 sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, may not be expunded, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the 14 defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 15 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 16 17 was found to have committed, or pled quilty or nolo contendere 18 to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining 19 to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, 20 21 except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 22 discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record 23 pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends 2.4 to order the expunction of records pertaining to such 25 additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the 26 27 order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record 2.8 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge 29 does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does 30 not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a 31

19

1 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 2 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply 3 with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 4 jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or 5 6 confidential handling of criminal history records or 7 information derived therefrom. This section does not confer 8 any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, 9 and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court. 10 (1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY 11 12 RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal 13 history record is complete only when accompanied by: (a) A valid certificate of eligibility for expunction 14 issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2). 15 16 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 17 the petitioner: 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition 18 is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or 19 comparable ordinance violation, or <u>been</u> adjudicated delinquent 20 21 for committing <u>any</u> a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 22 943.051(3)(b). 23 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the 24 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition 25 pertains. 26 27 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 2.8 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any 29 jurisdiction outside the state, unless the expunction is 30 sought for a criminal history record that was previously 31 20

1 sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (2)(h) and the record is otherwise eligible for expunction. 2 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of 3 his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other 4 5 petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any б court. 7 8 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 9 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 10 s. 775.084. 11 12 (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION. -- Prior 13 to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall 14 apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 15 expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 16 17 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the 18 application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. A certificate of eligibility for expunction is 19 valid for 12 months after the date stamped on the certificate 20 21 when issued by the Department of Law Enforcement. After that 22 time, the petitioner must reapply to the department for a new 23 certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the status of 2.4 the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the most 25 recent application. The department shall issue a certificate 26 27 of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject 2.8 of a criminal history record if that person: (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a 29 written, certified statement from the appropriate state 30 attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates: 31

21

1. That an indictment, information, or other charging 1 2 document was not filed or issued in the case. 3 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging 4 document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or 5 nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, 6 or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction, and 7 that none of the charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains 8 resulted in a trial, without regard to whether the outcome of 9 10 the trial was other than an adjudication of guilt. 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to 11 12 a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 13 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, <u>s. 810.14</u>, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 14 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, or a violation enumerated 15 in s. 907.041, or any violation specified as a predicate 16 17 offense for registration as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense alone is 18 sufficient to require such registration, or as a sexual 19 offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, where the defendant was 20 21 found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any such 22 offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have 23 committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether 2.4 adjudication was withheld. 25 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for 26 27 placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 2.8 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director. (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy 29 30 of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains. 31

22

1	(d) Has never, prior to the date on which the
2	application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been
3	adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable
4	ordinance violation, or <u>been</u> adjudicated delinquent for
5	committing any $a$ felony or a misdemeanor specified in s.
6	943.051(3)(b).
7	(e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated
8	delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the
9	arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to
10	expunge pertains.
11	(f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of
12	a criminal history record under this section, former s.
13	893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 <u>, unless</u>
14	expunction is sought of a criminal history record previously
15	sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (h) and the record
16	is otherwise eligible for expunction.
17	(g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to
18	the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to
19	which the petition to expunge pertains.
20	(h) Has previously obtained a court order sealing the
21	record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33,
22	or former s. 943.058 for a minimum of 10 years because
23	adjudication was withheld or because all charges related to
24	the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition
25	to expunge pertains were not dismissed prior to trial, without
26	regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other than an
27	adjudication of quilt. The requirement for the record to have
28	previously been sealed for a minimum of 10 years does not
29	apply when a plea was not entered or all charges related to
30	the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition
31	<u>to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial.</u> <del>Is not</del>

**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 required to wait a minimum of 10 years prior to being eligible 2 an expunction of such records because all charges related 3 the arrest or criminal activity to which the petition to 4 expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, 5 the withholding of adjudication. Otherwise, such criminal б history record must be sealed under this section, former s. 7 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for at least 10 8 years before such record is eligible for expunction. 9 (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE.--

10 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the 11 12 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 13 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate 14 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 15 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed 16 17 petition to expunge.

(b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of 18 the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 19 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 20 21 agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the 22 order to any other agency to which the arresting agency 23 disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to 2.4 expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of 25 the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other 26 27 agency which the records of the court reflect has received the 2.8 criminal history record from the court.

(c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior
to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate
state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge

24

1 which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject 2 of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal 3 history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such 4 notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor 5 6 shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and 7 petition the court to void the order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order 8 9 is voided by the court.

10 (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 11 12 order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not 13 comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 14 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the 15 petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 16 17 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 18 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the 19 order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall 20 21 arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to 22 comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such 23 order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise 2.4 comply with the requirements of this section. 25

(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION.--Any
criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is
ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant
to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by
any criminal justice agency having custody of such record;
except that any criminal history record in the custody of the

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1 department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history 2 record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 3 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not 4 5 available to any person or entity except upon order of a court 6 of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may 7 retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to 8 expunge. (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal 9 history record that is expunged under this section or under 10 other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 11 12 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to 13 acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record: 14 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal 15 16 justice agency; 17 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution; 18 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.059; 19 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; 20 21 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to 22 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services 23 or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position 2.4 having direct contact with children, the developmentally 25 disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 26 27 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 2.8 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 916.106(10) and (13), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or 29 30 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, any district school board, any 31

1 university laboratory school, any charter school, any private 2 or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities; or. 3 7. Is seeking authorization from a Florida seaport 4 identified in s. 311.09 for employment within or access to one 5 б or more of such seaports, pursuant to s. 311.12 or s. 311.125. 7 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a 8 person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may 9 not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit 10 perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement 11 12 by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an 13 expunged criminal history record. (c) Information relating to the existence of an 14 expunged criminal history record which is provided in 15 accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from 16 17 the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 18 State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to 19 the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. 20 21 and 7. for their respective licensing, access authorization, 22 and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for 23 their respective criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., 24 25 subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. or subparagraph (a)7. to disclose information relating to the 26 27 existence of an expunded criminal history record of a person 2.8 seeking employment, access authorization, or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the 29 criminal history record relates or to persons having direct 30 responsibility for employment, access authorization, or 31

27

1 licensure decisions. Any person who violates this paragraph 2 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 3 4 (5) STATUTORY REFERENCES. -- Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in 5 6 this section constitutes a general reference under the 7 doctrine of incorporation by reference. Section 11. Section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 10 943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records .-- The courts of this state shall continue to have 11 12 jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the 13 maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such 14 procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, 15 responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any 16 17 court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice 18 agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The 19 court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a 20 21 criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a 22 criminal history record has applied for and received a 23 certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of 2.4 s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, 25 s. 800.04, <u>s. 810.14,</u> s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, 26 27 chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 2.8 893.135, s. 916.1075, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041\_ 29 or any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, 30 without regard to whether that offense alone is sufficient to 31 28

2s. 943.0435, may not be sealed, without regard to whether3adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty4of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the5defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed or pled6guilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a7delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal8history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of9alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section.10The court may, at its sole discretion, order the sealing of a11criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if12the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest.13If the court intends to order the sealing of records14pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be15specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not seal16any record pertaining to such additional arrest. This section does17to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal18records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does19not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a20portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest21or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding22any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply23with laws, court orders, and official requests of other24jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential <t< th=""><th>1</th><th>require such registration, or as a sexual offender pursuant to</th></t<>	1	require such registration, or as a sexual offender pursuant to			
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<ul> <li>records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does</li> <li>not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a</li> <li>portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest</li> <li>or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding</li> <li>any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply</li> <li>with laws, court orders, and official requests of other</li> <li>jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential</li> <li>handling of criminal history records or information derived</li> <li>therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the</li> <li>sealing of any criminal history record may be denied at the sole</li> <li>discretion of the court.</li> </ul>	16	any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order			
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portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.	18	records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does			
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jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.	22	any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply			
handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.	23	with laws, court orders, and official requests of other			
26 therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the 27 sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 28 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole 29 discretion of the court.	24	jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential			
27 sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 28 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole 29 discretion of the court.	25	handling of criminal history records or information derived			
28 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole 29 discretion of the court.	26	therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the			
29 discretion of the court.	27	sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for			
	28	sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole			
30	29	discretion of the court.			
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(1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.--Each 1 2 petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by: 3 (a) A valid certificate of eligibility for sealing 4 issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2). 5 б (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 7 the petitioner: 8 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or 9 comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent 10 for committing any a felony or misdemeanor specified in s. 11 12 943.051(3)(b). 13 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 14 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 15 16 seal pertains. 17 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 18 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any 19 jurisdiction outside the state. 20 21 4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his 22 or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other 23 petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any 2.4 court. 25 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 26 27 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third 2.8 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 29 (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING. -- Prior to 30 petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a 31 30

1 person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply 2 to the department for a certificate of eligibility for sealing. A certificate of eliqibility for sealing is valid for 3 4 12 months after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by the Department of Law Enforcement. After that time, 5 6 the petitioner must reapply to the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for a renewed 7 certification of eligibility must be based on the status of 8 the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the most 9 10 recent application. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to 11 12 the application for and issuance of certificates of 13 eligibility for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the 14 subject of a criminal history record provided that such 15 16 person: 17 (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy 18 of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal pertains. 19 20 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for 21 placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 22 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director. 23 (c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been 2.4 adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable 25 26 ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for 27 committing any a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 2.8 943.051(3)(b). (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated 29 30 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 31

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**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 2 seal pertains. (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 3 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 4 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058. 5 б (f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to 7 the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to 8 which the petition to seal pertains. (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.--9 10 (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the 11 12 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 13 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate 14 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 15 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed 16 17 petition to seal. (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of 18 the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 19 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the 20 21 arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for 22 forwarding the order to any other agency to which the 23 arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall 2.4 forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of 25 26 Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of 27 the order to any other agency which the records of the court 2.8 reflect has received the criminal history record from the 29 court. 30 (c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate 31

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1 state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal 2 which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or 3 comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal 4 history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such 5 6 notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor 7 shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and 8 petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided 9 by the court. 10

(d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any 11 12 other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 13 order to seal entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of 14 such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 15 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the 16 17 petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 18 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 19 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the 20 21 order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall 22 arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to 23 comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as 2.4 required by this section or when such order does not comply 25 26 with the requirements of this section.

(e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice agencies.

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1	(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALINGA			
2	criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is			
3	ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant			
4	to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions			
5	of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution			
6	and is available only to the person who is the subject of the			
7	record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice			
8	agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, which			
9	include conducting a criminal history background check for			
10	approval of firearms purchases or transfers as authorized by			
11	state or federal law, or to those entities set forth in			
12	subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. <u>, and 8.</u> for their			
13	respective licensing, access authorization, and employment			
14	purposes.			
15	(a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed			
16	under this section or under other provisions of law, including			
17	former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may			
18	lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by			
19	the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:			
20	1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal			
21	justice agency;			
22	2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;			
23	3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief			
24	under this section or s. 943.0585;			
25	4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;			
26	5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to			
27	contract with the Department of Children and Family Services			
28	or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or			
29	used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position			
30	having direct contact with children, the developmentally			
31	disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s.			

**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 2 415.103, s. 916.106(10) and (13), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; 3 4 or 5 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the б Department of Education, any district school board, any 7 university laboratory school, any charter school, any private 8 or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that 9 licenses child care facilities :-10 7. Is attempting to purchase a firearm from a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer and is 11 12 subject to a criminal history background check under state or 13 federal law; or 8. Is seeking authorization from a Florida seaport 14 identified in s. 311.09 for employment within or access to one 15 or more of such seaports, pursuant to s. 311.12 or s. 311.125. 16 17 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a 18 person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may 19 not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit 20 21 perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement 22 by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a 23 sealed criminal history record. (c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed 2.4 25 criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions 26 27 of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 2.8 Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in 29 subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6., and 8. for their 30 respective licensing, access authorization, and employment 31 35

1	purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set			
2	forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph			
3	(a)5., <del>or</del> subparagraph (a)6. <u>, or subparagraph (a)8.</u> to			
4	disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed			
5	criminal history record of a person seeking employment, access			
б	authorization, or licensure with such entity or contractor,			
7	except to the person to whom the criminal history record			
8	relates or to persons having direct responsibility for			
9	employment, access authorization, or licensure decisions. Any			
10	person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a			
11	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.			
12	775.082 or s. 775.083.			
13	(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES Any reference to any other			
14	chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in			
15	this section constitutes a general reference under the			
16	doctrine of incorporation by reference.			
17	Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 943.13, Florida			
18	Statutes, is amended to read:			
19	943.13 Officers' minimum qualifications for employment			
20	or appointmentOn or after October 1, 1984, any person			
21	employed or appointed as a full-time, part-time, or auxiliary			
22	law enforcement officer or correctional officer; on or after			
23	October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time,			
24	part-time, or auxiliary correctional probation officer; and on			
25	or after October 1, 1986, any person employed as a full-time,			
26	part-time, or auxiliary correctional officer by a private			
27	entity under contract to the Department of Corrections, to a			
28	county commission, or to the Department of Management Services			
29	shall:			
30	(5) Have documentation of his or her processed			
31	fingerprints on file with the employing agency or, if a			
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1	private correctional officer, have documentation of his or her			
2	processed fingerprints on file with the Department of			
3	Corrections or the Criminal Justice Standards and Training			
4	Commission. If administrative delays are caused by the			
5	department or the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the			
6	person has complied with subsections $(1)-(4)$ and $(6)-(9)$ , he			
7	or she may be employed or appointed for a period not to exceed			
8	1 calendar year from the date he or she was employed or			
9	appointed or until return of the processed fingerprints			
10	documenting noncompliance with subsections (1)-(4) or			
11	subsection (7), whichever occurs first. Beginning January 15,			
12	2007, the department shall retain and enter into the statewide			
13	automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s.			
14	943.05 all fingerprints submitted to the department as			
15	required by this section. Thereafter, the fingerprints shall			
16	be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest			
17	fingerprint cards entered in the statewide automated			
18	fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051. The			
19	department shall search all arrest fingerprints cards received			
20	pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in			
21	the statewide automated fingerprint identification system			
22	pursuant to this section and report to the employing agency			
23	any arrest records that are identified with the retained			
24	employee's fingerprints. By January 1, 2008, a person who must			
25	meet the minimum qualifications provided in this section and			
26	whose fingerprints are not retained by the department pursuant			
27	to this section must be refingerprinted. These fingerprints			
28	must be forwarded to the department for processing and			
29	retention.			
30	Section 13. Section 943.1715, Florida Statutes, is			
31	amended to read:			

1	943.1715 Basic skills training relating to diverse			
2	populationsThe commission shall establish and maintain			
3	standards for instruction of officers in the subject of			
4	interpersonal skills relating to diverse populations, with an			
5	emphasis on the awareness of cultural differences. Every basic			
б	skills course required in order for officers to obtain initial			
7	certification must include <del>a minimum of 8 hours</del> training in			
8	interpersonal skills with diverse populations.			
9	Section 14. Section 943.1716, Florida Statutes, is			
10	amended to read:			
11	943.1716 Continued employment training relating to			
12	diverse populationsThe commission shall by rule require			
13	that each officer receive, as part of the 40 hours of required			
14	instruction for continued employment or appointment as an			
15	officer, <del>8 hours of</del> instruction in the subject of			
16	interpersonal skills relating to diverse populations, with an			
17	emphasis on the awareness of cultural differences.			
18	Section 15. <u>Section 943.2569, Florida Statutes, is</u>			
19	repealed.			
20	Section 16. Section 943.257, Florida Statutes, is			
21	amended to read:			
22	943.257 Independent audit documentation subject to			
23	inspectionThe Criminal Justice Standards and Training			
24	Commission or a center's advisory board may inspect and copy			
25	any documents from the center as required to carry out the			
26	commission's or the respective board's oversight			
27	responsibilities, including information and documents related			
28	to applicant evaluations and center expenditures. The			
29	commission or board may inspect and copy the documentation of			
30	any internal or independent audits conducted by or on behalf			
31	of the centers to ensure that candidate and inservice officer			
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**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 assessments have been made and that expenditures are in 2 conformance with the requirements of this act and with other 3 applicable procedures. Section 17. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 4 943.401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 5 б 943.401 Public assistance fraud.--7 (1)(a) The Department of Law Enforcement shall 8 investigate all public assistance provided to residents of the state or provided to others by the state made under the 9 10 provisions of chapter 409 or chapter 414. In the course of such investigation the Department of Law Enforcement shall 11 12 examine all records, including electronic benefits transfer 13 records and make inquiry of all persons who may have knowledge as to any irregularity incidental to the disbursement of 14 public moneys, food stamps, or other items or benefits 15 authorizations to recipients. 16 17 (b) All public assistance recipients, as a condition precedent to qualification for <u>public</u> assistance <u>received and</u> 18 as defined under the provisions of chapter 409, chapter 411, 19 or chapter 414, shall first give in writing, to the Agency for 20 21 Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, the 22 Agency for Workforce Innovation, and the Department of 23 Children and Family Services, as appropriate, and to the Department of Law Enforcement, consent to make inquiry of past 2.4 or present employers and records, financial or otherwise. 25 (3) The results of such investigation shall be 26 27 reported by the Department of Law Enforcement to the 2.8 appropriate legislative committees, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, the Agency for 29 30 Workforce Innovation, and the Department of Children and 31

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**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

1 Family Services, and to such others as the Department of Law 2 Enforcement may determine. 3 Section 18. Authority to purchase goodwill and 4 promotional materials. --(1) The Legislature recognizes that the Department of 5 б Law Enforcement functions as one of the state's primary law 7 enforcement representatives in national and international 8 meetings, conferences, and cooperative efforts. The department often hosts delegates from other federal, state, local, and 9 10 international agencies and is in a position to function as a representative of the state fostering goodwill and effective 11 12 interagency working relationships. It is the intent of the 13 Legislature that the department be allowed, consistent with the dignity and integrity of the state, to purchase and 14 distribute material and items of collection to those with whom 15 the department has contact in meetings, conferences, and 16 17 cooperative efforts. 18 (2) In addition to expenditures separately authorized by law, the department may expend not more than \$5,000 19 annually to purchase and distribute promotional materials or 20 21 items that serve to advance with dignity and integrity the 2.2 goodwill of this state and the department and to provide basic 23 refreshments at official functions, seminars, or meetings of the department in which dignitaries or representatives from 2.4 the Federal Government, other states or nationalities, or 25 other agencies are in attendance. 26 27 Section 19. Unauthorized use of Department of Law 2.8 Enforcement emblems or names prohibited. --(1) Whoever, except with the written permission of the 29 30 executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement or as otherwise expressly authorized by the department, knowingly 31

1	uses the words "Florida Department of Law Enforcement," the			
2	initials "F.D.L.E." or "FDLE," or the words "Florida Capitol			
3	Police," or any colorable imitation of such words or initials,			
4	or who uses a logo or emblem used by the department in			
5	connection with any advertisement, circular, book, pamphlet,			
6	or other publication, play, motion picture, broadcast,			
7	telecast, or other production, in any Internet web page or			
8	upon any product in a manner reasonably calculated to convey			
9	the impression that such advertisement, circular, book,			
10	pamphlet, or other publication, play, motion picture,			
11	broadcast, telecast, or other production, Internet web page,			
12	or product is approved, endorsed, or authorized by the			
13	department commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,			
14	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida			
15	<u>Statutes.</u>			
16	(2) A violation of this section may be enjoined upon			
17	suit by the department or the Department of Legal Affairs upon			
18	complaint filed in any court of competent jurisdiction.			
19	Section 20. Except as otherwise expressly provided in			
20	this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2006.			
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**Florida Senate - 2006** 591-1317-06

## CS for SB 544

1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2		Senate Bill 544
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4	-	Clarifies that dealers of communications services are provided civil immunity for complying in good faith to
5	5 record or release Amber Alert or Missi information.	record or release Amber Alert or Missing Child Alert information.
	Changes are referenced which authorizes FDLE to retain	
8		justice agencies for criminal history background
9	-	Clarifies that a person petitioning to have his or her
10		criminal history record sealed or expunged must attest that he or she has never, prior to the filing date of the petition, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense
11		or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or misdemeanor
12		specified in s. 943.051(3)(b), F.S.
13	-	Revises the fingerprint retention date for sworn criminal justice employees.
14	_	Amends provision relating to public assistance fraud to
15		clarify that all public assistance recipients, as a condition precedent to qualification for public
16		assistance received and as defined under the provisions of chapters 409, 411, and 414, F.S., shall first give in
17		writing, to the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, the Agency for Workforce
18		Innovation, and the Department of Children and Family Services, as appropriate, and to the Department of Law
19		Enforcement, consent to make inquiry of past or present employers and records, financial or otherwise.
20	-	Changes language relating to waiving of fingerprint
21		retention fees to conform language found in current law under s. 943.053(3)(a), F. S., which governs the
22 23		dissemination of criminal justice information by the Department of Law Enforcement.
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