1

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to the welfare of children; permitting a 3 petition to set aside a determination of paternity or terminate a child support obligation; specifying contents 4 of the petition; providing standards upon which relief 5 shall be granted; providing remedies; prohibiting the 6 7 suspension of child support obligations while a petition is pending; providing for scientific testing; providing 8 9 for the amendment of the child's birth certificate; providing for assessment of costs and attorney's fees; 10 amending s. 63.054, F.S.; requiring a petitioner in a 11 proceeding for termination of parental rights to provide 12 notice to the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department 13 of Health; prohibiting the office from recording a claim 14 of paternity after the date that a termination of parental 15 16 rights is filed; requiring the department to remove a registrant's name from the Florida Putative Father 17 Registry upon a finding that the registrant has no 18 19 parental rights; amending s. 63.062, F.S.; modifying 20 consent required for adoption; amending s. 63.182, F.S.; providing that the interest that entitles a person to 21 notice of an adoption must be direct, financial, and 22 immediate; providing an exception; providing that a 23 showing of an indirect, inconsequential, or contingent 24 25 interest is wholly inadequate; providing construction and 26 applicability; providing an effective date. 27

28 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Page 1 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7151-01-e1

29	
30	Section 1. (1) This section establishes circumstances
31	under which a male may disestablish paternity or terminate a
32	child support obligation when the male is not the biological
33	father of the child. To disestablish paternity or terminate a
34	child support obligation, the male must file a petition in the
35	circuit court having jurisdiction over the child support
36	obligation. The petition must be served on the mother or other
37	legal guardian or custodian of the child. If the child support
38	obligation was determined administratively and has not been
39	ratified by a court, then the petition must be filed in the
40	circuit court where the mother or legal guardian or custodian
41	resides. Such a petition must be served on the Department of
42	Revenue and on the mother or legal guardian or custodian. If the
43	mother or legal guardian or custodian no longer resides in the
44	state, the petition may be filed in the circuit court in the
45	county where the petitioner resides. The petition must include:
46	(a) An affidavit executed by the petitioner that newly
47	discovered evidence relating to the paternity of the child has
48	come to the petitioner's knowledge since the initial paternity
49	determination or establishment of a child support obligation.
50	(b) The results of scientific tests that are generally
51	acceptable within the scientific community to show a probability
52	of paternity, administered within 90 days prior to the filing of
53	such petition, which results indicate that the male ordered to
54	pay such child support cannot be the father of the child for
55	whom support is required, or an affidavit executed by the
56	petitioner stating that he did not have access to the child to
I	Page 2 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

57 have scientific testing performed prior to the filing of the 58 petition. A male who suspects he is not the father but does not 59 have access to the child to have scientific testing performed 60 may file a petition requesting the court to order the child to 61 be tested. 62 (c) An affidavit executed by the petitioner stating that the petitioner is current on all child support payments for the 63 child for whom relief is sought or that he has substantially 64 65 complied with his child support obligation for the applicable child and that any delinquency in his child support obligation 66 for that child arose from his inability for just cause to pay 67 68 the delinquent child support when the delinquent child support became due. 69 70 The court shall grant relief on a petition filed in (2) accordance with subsection (1) upon a finding by the court of 71 72 all of the following: 73 (a) Newly discovered evidence relating to the paternity of 74 the child has come to the petitioner's knowledge since the 75 initial paternity determination or establishment of a child 76 support obligation. 77 The scientific test required in paragraph (1)(b) was (b) 78 properly conducted. 79 (C) The male ordered to pay child support is current on 80 all child support payments for the applicable child or that the male ordered to pay child support has substantially complied 81 with his child support obligation for the applicable child and 82 that any delinquency in his child support obligation for that 83 84 child arose from his inability for just cause to pay the

Page 3 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

85 delinquent child support when the delinquent child support 86 became due. (d) The male ordered to pay child support has not adopted 87 88 the child. 89 The child was not conceived by artificial insemination (e) 90 while the male ordered to pay child support and the child's 91 mother were in wedlock. 92 The male ordered to pay child support did not act to (f) 93 prevent the biological father of the child from asserting his 94 paternal rights with respect to the child. 95 The child was younger than 18 years of age when the (g) 96 petition was filed. 97 (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a court shall not set 98 aside the paternity determination or child support order if the male engaged in the following conduct after learning that he is 99 100 not the biological father of the child: 101 1. Married the mother of the child while known as the 102 reputed father in accordance with s. 742.091, Florida Statutes, 103 and voluntarily assumed the parental obligation and duty to pay 104 child support; 105 2. Acknowledged his paternity of the child in a sworn 106 statement; 107 3. Consented to be named as the child's biological father 108 on the child's birth certificate; 4. Voluntarily promised in writing to support the child 109 and was required to support the child based on that promise; 110 Received written notice from any state agency or any 111 5. 112 court directing him to submit to scientific testing which he Page 4 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

113 disregarded; or Signed a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity as 114 6. 115 provided in s. 742.10(4), Florida Statutes. 116 In the event the petitioner fails to make the (4) 117 requisite showing required by this section, the court shall deny 118 the petition. 119 (5) In the event relief is granted pursuant to this section, relief shall be limited to the issues of prospective 120 121 child support payments and termination of parental rights, 122 custody, and visitation rights. The male's previous status as 123 father continues to be in existence until the order granting 124 relief is rendered. All previous lawful actions taken based on 125 reliance on that status are confirmed retroactively but not 126 prospectively. This section shall not be construed to create a 127 cause of action to recover child support that was previously 128 paid. 129 The duty to pay child support and other legal (6) 130 obligations for the child shall not be suspended while the 131 petition is pending except for good cause shown. However, the 132 court may order the child support to be held in the registry of 133 the court until final determination of paternity has been made. 134 (7) (a) In an action brought pursuant to this section, if 135 the scientific test results submitted in accordance with paragraph (1)(b) are provided solely by the male ordered to pay 136 child support, the court on its own motion may, and on the 137 petition of any party shall, order the child and the male 138 ordered to pay child support to submit to applicable scientific 139 140 tests. The court shall provide that such scientific testing be

Page 5 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7151-01-e1

141	done no more than 30 days after the court issues its order.
142	(b) If the male ordered to pay child support willfully
143	fails to submit to scientific testing or if the mother or legal
144	guardian or custodian of the child willfully fails to submit the
145	child for testing, the court shall issue an order determining
146	the relief on the petition against the party so failing to
147	submit to scientific testing. If a party shows good cause for
148	failing to submit to testing, such failure shall not be
149	considered willful. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the
150	child from reestablishing paternity under s. 742.10, Florida
151	Statutes.
152	(c) The party requesting applicable scientific testing
153	shall pay any fees charged for the tests. If the custodian of
154	the child is receiving services from an administrative agency in
155	its role as an agency providing enforcement of child support
156	orders, that agency shall pay the cost of the testing if it
157	requests the test and may seek reimbursement for the fees from
158	the person against whom the court assesses the costs of the
159	action.
160	(8) If the relief on a petition filed in accordance with
161	this section is granted, the clerk of the court shall, within 30
162	days following final disposition, forward to the Office of Vital
163	Statistics of the Department of Health a certified copy of the
164	court order or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be
165	furnished by the department, together with sufficient
166	information to identify the original birth certificate and to
167	enable the department to prepare a new birth certificate. Upon
168	receipt of the certified copy or the report, the department
I	Dago 6 of 10

Page 6 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

ا م م ا	
169	shall prepare and file a new birth certificate that deletes the
170	name of the male ordered to pay child support as the father of
171	the child. The certificate shall bear the same file number as
172	the original birth certificate. All other items not affected by
173	the order setting aside a determination of paternity shall be
174	copied as on the original certificate, including the date of
175	registration and filing. If the child was born in a state other
176	than Florida, the clerk shall send a copy of the report or
177	decree to the appropriate birth registration authority of the
178	state where the child was born. If the relief on a petition
179	filed in accordance with this section is granted and the mother
180	or legal guardian or custodian requests that the court change
181	the child's surname, the court may change the child's surname.
182	If the child is a minor, the court shall consider whether it is
183	in the child's best interests to grant the request to change the
184	child's surname.
185	(9) The rendition of an order granting a petition filed
186	pursuant to this section shall not affect the legitimacy of a
187	child born during a lawful marriage.
188	(10) If relief on a petition filed in accordance with this
189	section is not granted, the court shall assess the costs of the
190	action and attorney's fees against the petitioner.
191	(11) Nothing in this section precludes an individual from
192	seeking relief from a final judgment, decree, order, or
193	proceeding pursuant to Rule 1.540, Florida Rules of Civil
194	Procedure, or from challenging a paternity determination
195	pursuant to s. 742.10(4), Florida Statutes.

Page 7 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 2. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 63.054,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

198 63.054 Actions required by an unmarried biological father
199 to establish parental rights; Florida Putative Father
200 Registry.--

201 In order to preserve the right to notice and consent (1)202 to an adoption under this chapter, an unmarried biological father must, as the "registrant," file a notarized claim of 203 204 paternity form with the Florida Putative Father Registry maintained by the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department 205 of Health and shall include therein confirmation of his 206 willingness and intent to support the child for whom paternity 207 is claimed in accordance with state law. The claim of paternity 208 209 may be filed at any time prior to the child's birth, but a claim 210 of paternity may not be filed after the date a petition is filed 211 for termination of parental rights. In each proceeding for termination of parental rights, the petitioner shall submit to 212 213 the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health a 214 copy of the petition for termination of parental rights. The 215 Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health shall not 216 record a claim of paternity after the date that a petition for 217 termination of parental rights is filed.

(5) The registrant may, at any time prior to the birth of the child for whom paternity is claimed, execute a notarized written revocation of the claim of paternity previously filed with the Florida Putative Father Registry, and upon receipt of such revocation, the claim of paternity shall be deemed null and void. If a court determines that a registrant is not the father Page 8 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7151-01-e1

of the minor <u>or has no parental rights</u>, the court shall order the Department <u>of Health</u> to remove the registrant's name from the registry.

227 Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 63.062, Florida 228 Statutes, is amended to read:

63.062 Persons required to consent to adoption; affidavitof nonpaternity; waiver of venue.--

231 (4)Any person whose consent is required under paragraph (1)(b), or any other man, paragraphs (1)(c) (e) may execute an 232 irrevocable affidavit of nonpaternity in lieu of a consent under 233 this section and by doing so waives notice to all court 234 proceedings after the date of execution. An affidavit of 235 nonpaternity must be executed as provided in s. 63.082. The 236 237 affidavit of nonpaternity may be executed prior to the birth of 238 the child. The person executing the affidavit must receive 239 disclosure under s. 63.085 prior to signing the affidavit.

240 Section 4. Section 63.182, Florida Statutes, is amended to 241 read:

242

63.182 Statute of repose.--

(1) Notwithstanding s. 95.031 or s. 95.11 or any other
statute, an action or proceeding of any kind to vacate, set
aside, or otherwise nullify a judgment of adoption or an
underlying judgment terminating parental rights on any ground
may not be filed more than 1 year after entry of the judgment
terminating parental rights.

249 (2) (a) Except for the specific persons expressly entitled 250 to be given notice of an adoption in accordance with this 251 chapter, the interest that entitles a person to notice of an Page 9 of 10

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

hb7151-01-e1

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENT	ATIVES	S
----------------------------	--------	---

HB 7151, Engrossed 1

252	adoption must be direct, financial, and immediate and the person
253	must show that he or she will gain or lose by the direct legal
254	operation and effect of the judgment. A showing of an indirect,
255	inconsequential, or contingent interest is wholly inadequate and
256	a person with this indirect interest lacks standing to set aside
257	a judgment of adoption.
258	(b) This subsection is remedial and shall apply to all
259	adoptions, including those in which a judgment of adoption has
260	already been entered.
261	Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.