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CHAMBER ACTION

Senate

House

1 Representative(s) Robaina offered the following: 2 Amendment (with title amendment) 3 Between lines 3302 and 3303, insert: 4 Section 21. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2), subsection 5 6 (3), paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (6), paragraph (c) of 7 subsection (7), and subsection (9) of section 215.555, Florida 8 Statutes, are amended to read: 9 John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 215.555 Fund. --10 DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section: 11 (2)"Corporation" means the John Cosgrove Florida 12 (n) Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation created in 13 14 paragraph (6)(d). 15 JOHN COSGROVE FLORIDA HURRICANE CATASTROPHE FUND (3) CREATED.--There is created the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane 16 17 Catastrophe Fund to be administered by the State Board of 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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Administration. Moneys in the fund may not be expended, loaned, 18 or appropriated except to pay obligations of the fund arising 19 out of reimbursement contracts entered into under subsection 20 (4), payment of debt service on revenue bonds issued under 21 subsection (6), costs of the mitigation program under subsection 22 23 (7), costs of procuring reinsurance, and costs of administration of the fund. The board shall invest the moneys in the fund 24 25 pursuant to ss. 215.44-215.52. Except as otherwise provided in this section, earnings from all investments shall be retained in 26 the fund. The board may employ or contract with such staff and 27 professionals as the board deems necessary for the 28 administration of the fund. The board may adopt such rules as 29 30 are reasonable and necessary to implement this section and shall specify interest due on any delinquent remittances, which 31 32 interest may not exceed the fund's rate of return plus 5 percent. Such rules must conform to the Legislature's specific 33 intent in establishing the fund as expressed in subsection (1), 34 must enhance the fund's potential ability to respond to claims 35 for covered events, must contain general provisions so that the 36 rules can be applied with reasonable flexibility so as to 37 accommodate insurers in situations of an unusual nature or where 38 39 undue hardship may result, except that such flexibility may not in any way impair, override, supersede, or constrain the public 40 purpose of the fund, and must be consistent with sound insurance 41 practices. The board may, by rule, provide for the exemption 42 from subsections (4) and (5) of insurers writing covered 43 policies with less than \$10 million in aggregate exposure for 44 covered policies if the exemption does not affect the actuarial 45 46 soundness of the fund. 918865

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47 (6) REVENUE BONDS.--

48 (c) Revenue bond issuance through counties or49 municipalities.--

50 1. If the board elects to enter into agreements with local governments for the issuance of revenue bonds for the benefit of 51 52 the fund, the board shall enter into such contracts with one or more local governments, including agreements providing for the 53 54 pledge of revenues, as are necessary to effect such issuance. 55 The governing body of a county or municipality is authorized to issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to 56 57 time to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, for the purposes 58 59 set forth in this section or for the purpose of paying the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, restoration, and other 60 61 costs associated with damage to properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the occurrence of a hurricane by 62 assuring that policyholders located in this state are able to 63 recover claims under property insurance policies after a covered 64 65 event.

66 2. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate 67 proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance 68 programs, any local government may provide for the payment of 69 fund reimbursements, regardless of whether or not the losses for 70 which reimbursement is made occurred within or outside of the 71 territorial jurisdiction of the local government.

3. The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds issued
under this paragraph that the state will not repeal or abrogate
the power of the board to direct the Office of Insurance

75 Regulation to levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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76	of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as
77	any such bonds remain outstanding unless adequate provision has
78	been made for the payment of such bonds pursuant to the
79	documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds.
80	4. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
81	cause of action shall arise against any members or employees of
82	the governing body of a local government for any actions taken
83	by them in the performance of their duties under this paragraph.
84	(d) John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund
85	Finance Corporation
86	1. In addition to the findings and declarations in
87	subsection (1), the Legislature also finds and declares that:
88	a. The public benefits corporation created under this
89	paragraph will provide a mechanism necessary for the cost-
90	effective and efficient issuance of bonds. This mechanism will
91	eliminate unnecessary costs in the bond issuance process,
92	thereby increasing the amounts available to pay reimbursement
93	for losses to property sustained as a result of hurricane
94	damage.
95	b. The purpose of such bonds is to fund reimbursements
96	through the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to
97	pay for the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair,
98	restoration, and other costs associated with damage to
99	properties of policyholders of covered policies due to the
100	occurrence of a hurricane.
101	a The officient of the financing mechanics will be

101 c. The efficacy of the financing mechanism will be
102 enhanced by the corporation's ownership of the assessments, by
103 the insulation of the assessments from possible bankruptcy

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106 2.a. There is created a public benefits corporation, which
107 is an instrumentality of the state, to be known as the <u>John</u>
108 <u>Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.

b. The corporation shall operate under a five-member board of directors consisting of the Governor or a designee, the Chief Financial Officer or a designee, the Attorney General or a designee, the director of the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, and the senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible for operations of the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

c. The corporation has all of the powers of corporations
under chapter 607 and under chapter 617, subject only to the
provisions of this subsection.

d. The corporation may issue bonds and engage in such
other financial transactions as are necessary to provide
sufficient funds to achieve the purposes of this section.

e. The corporation may invest in any of the investmentsauthorized under s. 215.47.

124 f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 125 cause of action shall arise against, any board members or 126 employees of the corporation for any actions taken by them in 127 the performance of their duties under this paragraph.

3.a. In actions under chapter 75 to validate any bonds
issued by the corporation, the notice required by s. 75.06 shall
be published only in Leon County and in two newspapers of
general circulation in the state, and the complaint and order of

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132 the court shall be served only on the State Attorney of the133 Second Judicial Circuit.

The state hereby covenants with holders of bonds of the 134 b. 135 corporation that the state will not repeal or abrogate the power 136 of the board to direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to 137 levy the assessments and to collect the proceeds of the revenues pledged to the payment of such bonds as long as any such bonds 138 139 remain outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for 140 the payment of such bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such bonds. 141

142 4. The bonds of the corporation are not a debt of the state or of any political subdivision, and neither the state nor 143 144 any political subdivision is liable on such bonds. The corporation does not have the power to pledge the credit, the 145 146 revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political subdivision. The credit, revenues, or taxing power of the state 147 or of any political subdivision shall not be deemed to be 148 pledged to the payment of any bonds of the corporation. 149

The property, revenues, and other assets of the 150 5.a. corporation; the transactions and operations of the corporation 151 and the income from such transactions and operations; and all 152 153 bonds issued under this paragraph and interest on such bonds are exempt from taxation by the state and any political subdivision, 154 including the intangibles tax under chapter 199 and the income 155 tax under chapter 220. This exemption does not apply to any tax 156 imposed by chapter 220 on interest, income, or profits on debt 157 158 obligations owned by corporations other than the John Cosgrove 159 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Finance Corporation.

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b. All bonds of the corporation shall be and constitute 160 legal investments without limitation for all public bodies of 161 this state; for all banks, trust companies, savings banks, 162 163 savings associations, savings and loan associations, and investment companies; for all administrators, executors, 164 165 trustees, and other fiduciaries; for all insurance companies and 166 associations and other persons carrying on an insurance 167 business; and for all other persons who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the 168 state and shall be and constitute eligible securities to be 169 170 deposited as collateral for the security of any state, county, municipal, or other public funds. This sub-subparagraph shall be 171 172 considered as additional and supplemental authority and shall not be limited without specific reference to this sub-173 174 subparagraph.

The corporation and its corporate existence shall 175 6. continue until terminated by law; however, no such law shall 176 177 take effect as long as the corporation has bonds outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such 178 bonds pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of such 179 bonds. Upon termination of the existence of the corporation, all 180 181 of its rights and properties in excess of its obligations shall pass to and be vested in the state. 182

183

(7) ADDITIONAL POWERS AND DUTIES.--

(c) Each fiscal year, the Legislature shall appropriate from the investment income of the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund an amount no less than \$10 million and no more than 35 percent of the investment income based upon the most recent fiscal year-end audited financial statements for 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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189 the purpose of providing funding for local governments, state agencies, public and private educational institutions, and 190 191 nonprofit organizations to support programs intended to improve 192 hurricane preparedness, reduce potential losses in the event of a hurricane, provide research into means to reduce such losses, 193 194 educate or inform the public as to means to reduce hurricane losses, assist the public in determining the appropriateness of 195 196 particular upgrades to structures or in the financing of such 197 upgrades, or protect local infrastructure from potential damage from a hurricane. Moneys shall first be available for 198 199 appropriation under this paragraph in fiscal year 1997-1998. Moneys in excess of the \$10 million specified in this paragraph 200 shall not be available for appropriation under this paragraph if 201 the State Board of Administration finds that an appropriation of 202 203 investment income from the fund would jeopardize the actuarial soundness of the fund. 204

(9) APPLICABILITY OF S. 19, ART. III OF THE STATE
CONSTITUTION.--The Legislature finds that the John Cosgrove
Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund created by this section is a
trust fund established for bond covenants, indentures, or
resolutions within the meaning of s. 19(f)(3), Art. III of the
State Constitution.

211 Section 22. Section 215.556, Florida Statutes, is amended 212 to read:

213 215.556 Exemption.--The John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane
214 Catastrophe Fund created by s. 215.555 is exempt from the
215 deduction required by s. 215.20(1).

216 Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 215.559, Florida 217 Statutes, is amended to read: 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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215.559 Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program.--

(1) There is created a Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program.
The Legislature shall annually appropriate \$10 million of the
moneys authorized for appropriation under s. 215.555(7)(c) from
the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the
Department of Community Affairs for the purposes set forth in
this section.

225 Section 24. Subsection (3) of section 624.5091, Florida 226 Statutes, is amended to read:

227

218

624.5091 Retaliatory provision, insurers.--

228 This section does not apply as to personal income (3) taxes, nor as to sales or use taxes, nor as to ad valorem taxes 229 230 on real or personal property, nor as to reimbursement premiums paid to the John Cosqrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, 231 232 nor as to emergency assessments paid to the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, nor as to special purpose 233 obligations or assessments imposed in connection with particular 234 kinds of insurance other than property insurance, except that 235 deductions, from premium taxes or other taxes otherwise payable, 236 237 allowed on account of real estate or personal property taxes paid shall be taken into consideration by the department in 238 239 determining the propriety and extent of retaliatory action under this section. 240

241 Section 25. Subsection (5) of section 627.062, Florida 242 Statutes, is amended to read:

243

627.062 Rate standards.--

(5) With respect to a rate filing involving coverage of the type for which the insurer is required to pay a reimbursement premium to the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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Catastrophe Fund, the insurer may fully recoup in its property 247 248 insurance premiums any reimbursement premiums paid to the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, together with 249 250 reasonable costs of other reinsurance, but may not recoup reinsurance costs that duplicate coverage provided by the John 251 252 Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. An insurer may not recoup more than 1 year of reimbursement premium at a time. Any 253 254 under-recoupment from the prior year may be added to the 255 following year's reimbursement premium and any over-recoupment shall be subtracted from the following year's reimbursement 256 257 premium.

258 Section 26. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs 259 (b) and (f) of subsection (2), and paragraph (b) of subsection 260 (3) of section 627.0628, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
 Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings
 exemption.--

264

(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.--

It is the intent of the Legislature to create the 265 (C) 266 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology as a panel of experts to provide the most actuarially sophisticated 267 268 guidelines and standards for projection of hurricane losses possible, given the current state of actuarial science. It is 269 the further intent of the Legislature that such standards and 270 guidelines must be used by the State Board of Administration in 271 developing reimbursement premium rates for the John Cosgrove 272 273 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, and, subject to paragraph (3)(c), may be used by insurers in rate filings under s. 627.062 274 275 unless the way in which such standards and guidelines were 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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applied by the insurer was erroneous, as shown by apreponderance of the evidence.

278

(2) COMMISSION CREATED.--

(b) The commission shall consist of the following 11members:

281

1. The insurance consumer advocate.

282 2. The senior employee of the State Board of
283 Administration responsible for operations of the <u>John Cosgrove</u>
284 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

285 3. The Executive Director of the Citizens Property286 Insurance Corporation.

287 4. The Director of the Division of Emergency Management of288 the Department of Community Affairs.

289 5. The actuary member of the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida
 290 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Advisory Council.

6. An employee of the office who is an actuary responsible for property insurance rate filings and who is appointed by the director of the office.

7. Five members appointed by the Chief Financial Officer,as follows:

a. An actuary who is employed full time by a property and
casualty insurer which was responsible for at least 1 percent of
the aggregate statewide direct written premium for homeowner's
insurance in the calendar year preceding the member's
appointment to the commission.

b. An expert in insurance finance who is a full-time
member of the faculty of the State University System and who has
a background in actuarial science.

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304 c. An expert in statistics who is a full-time member of
305 the faculty of the State University System and who has a
306 background in insurance.

307 d. An expert in computer system design who is a full-time308 member of the faculty of the State University System.

e. An expert in meteorology who is a full-time member of
the faculty of the State University System and who specializes
in hurricanes.

(f) The State Board of Administration shall, as a cost of
administration of the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane
Catastrophe Fund, provide for travel, expenses, and staff
support for the commission.

316

(3) ADOPTION AND EFFECT OF STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES. --

(b) In establishing reimbursement premiums for the <u>John</u>
<u>Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the State Board of
Administration must, to the extent feasible, employ actuarial
methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges found
by the commission to be accurate or reliable.

322 Section 27. Subsection (10) of section 627.0629, Florida323 Statutes, is amended to read:

324

627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings.--

(10) A property insurance rate filing that includes any
adjustments related to premiums paid to the <u>John Cosgrove</u>
Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund must include a complete
calculation of the insurer's catastrophe load, and the
information in the filing may not be limited solely to recovery
of moneys paid to the fund.

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331 Section 28. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2), paragraphs
332 (b), (c), (k), and (l) of subsection (6) of section 627.351,
333 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

334

627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--

335

(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT.--

(2) WINDDIGHT INDONANCE RISK AFFORFIONFENT.

336 (b) The department shall require all insurers holding a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 337 338 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting associations and other entities formed pursuant to this section, 339 to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas 340 341 determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage 342 343 through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or sharing among such 344 345 insurers of windstorm coverage, which may include formation of an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the 346 term "property insurance" means insurance on real or personal 347 property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for 348 fire, industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, 349 350 homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but 351 excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 352 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other 353 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 354 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the 355 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments. 356

357 1. For the purpose of this section, properties eligible 358 for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, buildings, 359 and other structures, including mobile homes which are used as 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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360 dwellings and which are tied down in compliance with mobile home 361 tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway 362 Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 320.8325, and the 363 contents of all such properties. An applicant or policyholder is 364 eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be 365 obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an 366 admitted insurer at approved rates.

367 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 368 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 369 370 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the 371 372 proportion that the net direct premiums of each member insurer written for property insurance in this state during the 373 374 preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as 375 reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 376 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 377 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct written 378 premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for 379 liability coverage and for the following if included in allied 380 381 lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct 382 premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the 383 plan of operation and approved by the department. A member's 384 385 participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year 386 following the year in which it is issued a certificate of 387 authority to transact property insurance in the state and shall 388 terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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it no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the association the aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in this state by all member insurers.

(II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall operate
subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors
who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the
Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens
Property Insurance Corporation.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

(IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies
under common management may elect to have its credits applied on
a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its
credits applied to any other company or group.

(V) There shall be no credits or relief from apportionment
to a company for emergency assessments collected from its
policyholders under sub-subparagraph d.(III).

(VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subsubparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting

417 Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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418 sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed from the Residential 419 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks 420 located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at least 30 421 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, 422 423 Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal 424 425 counties, and must also provide that no more than 15 percent of 426 the policies so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval of the department, the association may waive these 427 428 geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 429 430 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 431 432 Association policies, provided the governing board of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 433 certifies that the take-out plan will materially reduce the 434 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 435 Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from hurricanes. 436 With the approval of the department, the board may extend such 437 credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an 438 439 additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 440 Association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer quarantees 441 2 additional years of renewability for all policies removed from 442 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 443 444 Association.

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b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association under
this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in
the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited 448 c. deficit assessments under this subparagraph may induce insurers 449 450 to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the availability problems that 451 452 the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the 453 Legislature that insurers remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any 454 455 deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature to provide a means by which assessment 456 457 liabilities may be amortized over a period of years.

d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar
year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct
written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar
year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an
assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.

When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 463 (II)year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 464 465 written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar 466 year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater 467 of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 468 statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the 469 prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit 470 471 shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-472 subparagraph (III).

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473 (III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that 474 a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-sub-475 476 subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall levy, after verification by the department, emergency 477 478 assessments to be collected by member insurers and by 479 underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which 480 write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property 481 insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. 482 483 The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written 484 485 premium for property insurance for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance 486 487 policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the department. The department shall verify the 488 arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination 489 within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the 490 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of 491 law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 492 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 493 494 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The 495 emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly 496 to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the 497 association. The aggregate amount of emergency assessments 498 499 levied under this sub-sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to 500 501 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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502 required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 503 direct written premium for property insurance written by member 504 505 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 506 507 associated with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-508 509 sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to retire 510 any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that the board 511 512 determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall continue as 513 514 long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain 515 516 outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the 517 payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency 518 assessments collected under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not 519 part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject 520 to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay 521 the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay 522 523 premium.

(IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subsubparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance of all member

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If regular deficit assessments are made under sub-sub-532 (V) 533 subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 534 535 under sub-subparagraph (6)(b) 3.a. or sub-subparagraph 536 (6) (b) 3.b., the association shall levy upon the association's 537 policyholders, as part of its next rate filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization 538 surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such 539 540 regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for member insurers for 541 542 the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not 543 subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure 544 545 to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 546

547 The governing body of any unit of local government, any e. residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds 548 as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an assistance 549 program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of 550 551 defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and 552 553 fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which are insured by the 554 555 association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless 556 of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the 557 territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless 558 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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559 a state of emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such 560 findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best 561 562 interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 563 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 564 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of 565 insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential 566 public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and 567 policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for 568 569 apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the association and with any 570 571 other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under 572 573 this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 574 moneys received by the association from assessments under this subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 575 576 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the 577 578 state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 579 580 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which 581 shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be 582 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of 583 584 the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of 585 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the 586 587 department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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588 the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-589 subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by 590 subparagraph 6.

591 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a 592 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 593 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 594 595 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 596 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not 597 598 exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event shall a limited 599 600 apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) 601 602 or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any 603 calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall 604 605 collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide 606 607 that, if the department determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited 608 609 apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no 610 limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be 611 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 612 613 2.d.(III).

614 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or
615 in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under sub616 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but
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617 not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the 618 commissioner, payment of such regular assessment would endanger 619 620 or impair the solvency of the member insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole 621 622 or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner 623 624 consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-625 subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and
rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining funds
sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

The association may require arbitration of a rate 630 b. 631 filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the association be 632 actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates 633 charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the 634 association functions as a residual market mechanism to provide 635 insurance only when the insurance cannot be procured in the 636 voluntary market. The plan of operation shall provide a 637 638 mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of 639 business are reflective of approved rates in the voluntary 640 market for hurricane coverage for each line of business in the 641 various areas eligible for association coverage. 642

643 c. The association shall provide for windstorm coverage on 644 residential properties in limits up to \$10 million for 645 commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million for 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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646 personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 647 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the 648 649 replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 650 651 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million 652 653 or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1 654 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. 655 The association may write coverage above the limits specified in 656 this subparagraph with or without facultative or other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines appropriate. 657

d. The plan of operation must provide objective criteria
and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly
applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual
risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this
determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures,
the following shall be considered:

(I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
class; and

(II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the
individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be
determined.

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671 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association
672 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as
673 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of
674 chapter 120 do not apply. 918865

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e. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance program or through a mechanism established by
the association, either before the policy is issued by the
association or during the first 30 days of coverage by the
association, and the producing agent who submitted the
application to the association is not currently appointed by the
insurer, the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 693 694 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-subparagraph (I). Subject to the provisions of s. 695 696 627.3517, the policies issued by the association must provide that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized 697 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a 698 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 699 700 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a 701 basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination 702 703 of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph.

f. When the association enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

725 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 726 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 727 with sub-subparagraph (I).

724

6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation of
a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit
unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited
liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be
empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds
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or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the pledging of assessments or other revenues.

738 b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued, 739 740 may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 741 pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, 742 743 projected recoveries from the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 744 745 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 746 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to 747 accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association may 748 issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on 749 750 its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (6)(g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 751 752 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association 753 subject to approval by the department that such action would 754 enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 755 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such entity 756 may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of 757 any association year to provide for the payment of losses 758 759 incurred by the association during that year or any future year. The association shall incorporate and continue the plan of 760 761 operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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762 date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently 763 modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors 764 765 and officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. 766 767 The assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately 768 prior to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed 769 to be the assets and obligations of the successor plan created 770 herein.

c. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State
Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of
contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be
taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing
agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such
bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred by the association
or any other entity created under this subsection.

778 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that 779 amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her 780 contract with the company with which the business is placed. 781 However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the 782 premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 783 company.

Subject to approval by the department, the association 784 8. may establish different eligibility requirements and operational 785 procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified 786 787 eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board 788 determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and 789 operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market 790 being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good 791 792 faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to 793 794 coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in 795 connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and 796 procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage 797 later than the date of the closing of the transfer as 798 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if 799 applicable, the lender.

800

9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

801 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security a. interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 802 803 association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 804 the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, 805 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 806 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 807 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 808 similar proceeding against the association under the laws of 809 this state or any other applicable laws. 810

b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its
obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected
recoveries from the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues,
or other assets of the association pledged.

818 c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security 819 interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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820 security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments, 821 market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries 822 from the <u>John Cosgrove</u> Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, 823 reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other 824 assets which are collected, or levied and collected, after the 825 commencement of and during the pendency of or after any such 826 proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding.

827 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 828 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other 829 indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such 830 bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 831 832 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such 833 834 bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other 835 obligation of the association related to such bonds or 836 indebtedness. 837

Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 838 e. contract rights or other rights or assets of the association 839 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 840 841 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, 842 whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or 843 sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, 844 binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity 845 846 making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and 847 superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 848 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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849 asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or 850 other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 851 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the 852 applicable financing documents, whether or not any such person 853 or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need 854 for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or other action.

f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 855 856 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 857 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the association, members of the board of directors of the 858 859 association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or 860 861 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement 862 863 pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort.

864

(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. --

(b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 865 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 866 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are 867 868 referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 869 870 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or more subject lines of 871 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are 872 subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to 873 collectively as "assessable insureds." An authorized insurer's 874 875 assessment liability shall begin on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which the insurer was issued 876 877 a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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878 lines of business in this state and shall terminate 1 year after 879 the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no 880 longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance 881 for subject lines of business in this state.

2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and
expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate
accounts as follows:

885 A personal lines account for personal residential (I) 886 policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed 887 888 by the corporation that provide comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for 889 890 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for such 891 892 policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on 893 risks that are located in such areas:

A commercial lines account for commercial residential 894 (II)policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential 895 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed 896 897 by the corporation that provide coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible for 898 899 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 900 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on 901 risks that are located in such areas; and 902

903 (III) A high-risk account for personal residential 904 policies and commercial residential and commercial 905 nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or 906 transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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907 peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 908 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The high-risk 909 910 account must also include quota share primary insurance under 911 subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the 912 high-risk account also includes the area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape Canaveral, 913 914 bordered on the west by the Banana River, and bordered on the 915 north by Federal Government property. The office may remove territory from the area eligible for wind-only and quota share 916 917 coverage if, after a public hearing, the office finds that authorized insurers in the voluntary market are willing and able 918 919 to write sufficient amounts of personal and commercial residential coverage for all perils in the territory, including 920 921 coverage for the peril of wind, such that risks covered by wind-922 only policies in the removed territory could be issued a policy by the corporation in either the personal lines or commercial 923 924 lines account without a significant increase in the corporation's probable maximum loss in such account. Removal of 925 926 territory from the area eligible for wind-only or quota share coverage does not alter the assignment of wind coverage written 927 928 in such areas to the high-risk account.

The three separate accounts must be maintained as long 929 b. as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm 930 Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty 931 Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance 932 933 with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. When the financing obligations are no longer outstanding, in 934 935 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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936 documents, the corporation may use a single account for all 937 revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 938 corporation.

939 Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty с. Joint Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and 940 941 recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or recourse to, 942 943 the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III). 944 Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account 945 946 referred to in sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall have no claim against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-947 948 sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

949 d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
950 attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
951 accounts.

952 e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
953 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
954 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
955 bonds under this subsection.

956 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure to 957 the benefit of any private person.

958

3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

a. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year
is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct
written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior
calendar year, the entire deficit shall be recovered through
regular assessments of assessable insurers under paragraph (g)

964 and assessable insureds.

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b. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year 965 exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 966 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar 967 968 year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on 969 assessable insurers under paragraph (g) and on assessable 970 insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the 971 deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written 972 premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar 973 year. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 974

975 Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being с. assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall 976 977 be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct 978 written premium for the subject lines of business for the year 979 preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct 980 written premium for the subject lines of business for that year. The assessment percentage applicable to each assessable insured 981 is the ratio of the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph 982 a. or sub-subparagraph b. to the aggregate statewide direct 983 984 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable 985 986 insurers under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph 987 (q). Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable 988 insureds under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be collected by 989 990 the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent 991 collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time 992 the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the 993 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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994 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. Upon receipt of regular 995 assessments from surplus lines agents, the Florida Surplus Lines 996 Service Office shall transfer the assessments directly to the 997 corporation as determined by the corporation.

Upon a determination by the board of governors that a 998 d. 999 deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be recovered through regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-1000 1001 subparagraph b., the board shall levy, after verification by the 1002 office, emergency assessments, for as many years as necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and 1003 1004 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, 1005 1006 excluding National Flood Insurance policies. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a 1007 1008 uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, 1009 excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as 1010 annually determined by the board and verified by the office. The 1011 office shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the 1012 board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the 1013 information on which the determination was based. 1014 1015 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation and each assessable insurer that writes subject lines of business 1016 shall collect emergency assessments from its policyholders 1017 without such obligation being affected by any credit, 1018 limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency assessments 1019 levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be 1020 collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus 1021 1022 lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service 1023 Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus 1024 lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The 1025 1026 emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a periodic basis as determined by the 1027 1028 corporation and shall be held by the corporation solely in the applicable account. The aggregate amount of emergency 1029 1030 assessments levied for an account under this sub-subparagraph in 1031 any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus interest, 1032 1033 fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the 1034 1035 aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business and for all accounts of the corporation for the prior 1036 1037 year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. 1038

The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments, 1039 e. 1040 projected recoveries from the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, 1041 market equalization surcharges and other surcharges, and other 1042 funds available to the corporation as the source of revenue for 1043 1044 and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (g), bonds or other indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit 1045 or other financing mechanisms issued or created under this 1046 subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of 1047 deficits or events giving rise to deficits, or in any other way 1048 1049 that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines of credit or other financing 1050 1051 mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1052 corporation in covering claims and expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" 1053 includes regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a., sub-1054 1055 subparagraph b., or subparagraph (g)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. Emergency assessments collected under 1056 1057 sub-subparagraph d. are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 1058 1059 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency 1060 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. shall continue as long as 1061 1062 any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain 1063 1064 outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the 1065 1066 documents governing such bonds or other indebtedness.

1067 f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 1068 1069 procured by assessable insureds on real or personal property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial 1070 1071 fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and 1072 1073 including liability coverage on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 1074 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1) other 1075 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. 1076

1077 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 1078 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 1079 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 1080 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1081 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 1082 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the 1083 corporation's financing obligations.

h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and shall
assist the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely
collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as
required by the corporation.

1091

(c) The plan of operation of the corporation:

1092 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and 1093 casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and 1094 nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be 1095 approved by the office prior to use. The corporation shall adopt 1096 the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

1106 c. Commercial lines residential policy forms that are 1107 generally similar to the basic perils of full coverage 1108 obtainable for commercial residential structures in the admitted 1109 voluntary market. 918865

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d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

1120 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 1121 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 1122 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 1123 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 1124 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 1125 peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the term:

"Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement 1126 (I)in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 1127 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an 1128 authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 1129 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 1130 1131 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 1132 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 1133 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 1134 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible 1135 risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance 1136 agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other 1137 1138 party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1139 hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement 1140 must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of 1141 the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, 1142 1143 clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 1144 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state that neither the authorized 1145 1146 insurer nor the corporation may be held responsible beyond its 1147 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

1156 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 1157 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 1158 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the 1159 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, 1160 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 1161 may not exceed 90 percent.

d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 1167 insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance 1168 agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
subject to review and approval by the office. However, such
agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts
entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is
already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

1175 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 1176 1177 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the corporation to the John Cosgrove Florida 1178 1179 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the 1180 1181 corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss 1182 reimbursement audits as required by John Cosgrove Florida 1183 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the 1184 authorized insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of 1185 policy declaration pages and supporting claims documents. 1186

1187 g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of 1188 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that 1189 there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the 1190 terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share 1191 agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid 1192 for servicing policies or adjusting claims.

1193 h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between the 1194 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 1195 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 1196 1197 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 1198 1199 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 1200 1201 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 1202 1203 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 1204 insurer shall be voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized insurer. 1205

May provide that the corporation may employ or 1206 3. otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide 1207 1208 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The corporation shall have the power to 1209 1210 borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have other powers reasonably necessary 1211 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, 1212 without limitation, the power to issue bonds and incur other 1213 indebtedness in order to refinance outstanding bonds or other 1214 indebtedness. The corporation may, but is not required to, seek 1215 judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under 1216 1217 chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 1218 local government pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence 1219 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 1220 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 1221 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 1222 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 1223 1224 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1225 requirements of this subsection. The corporation is authorized to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any 1226 such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or 1227 other affiliated entities. The corporation shall have the 1228 authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from the 1229 1230 John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other 1231 1232 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as 1233 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment 1234 1235 of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond 1236 1237 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness. 1238

1239 4.a. Must require that the corporation operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting 1240 of 8 individuals who are residents of this state, from different 1241 geographical areas of this state. The Governor, the Chief 1242 Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker 1243 of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two members 1244 of the board, effective August 1, 2005. At least one of the two 1245 1246 members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance. The Chief Financial Officer 1247 shall designate one of the appointees as chair. All board 1248 members serve at the pleasure of the appointing officer. All 1249 board members, including the chair, must be appointed to serve 1250 for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated by the 1251 plan. Any board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term 1252 1253 by the appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1254 appoint a technical advisory group to provide information and advice to the board of governors in connection with the board's 1255 duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior 1256 managers of the corporation shall be engaged by the board, as 1257 1258 recommended by the Chief Financial Officer, and serve at the 1259 pleasure of the board. The executive director is responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to 1260 1261 review and concurrence by the board and the Chief Financial 1262 Officer.

The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory 1263 b. 1264 Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in 1265 1266 relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage. The members of the advisory committee shall consist of 1267 1268 the following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the members of the committee: four representatives, one 1269 appointed by the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by 1270 1271 the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the 1272 1273 Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 1274 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 1275 voluntary market share of residential property insurance business in the state; one representative from the Office of 1276 Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is 1277 insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 1278 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida 1279 Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 1280 Florida Bankers Association. All members must serve for 3-year 1281 1282 terms and may serve for consecutive terms. The committee shall 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1283 report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance 1284 market issues which may include rates and rate competition with 1285 the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims 1286 processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, 1287 applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

12885. Must provide a procedure for determining the1289eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

1290 Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with respect a. to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered 1291 coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved 1292 1293 rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed 1294 1295 with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation. 1296 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 1297 eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage or 1298 a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the 1299 corporation; however, if the risk could not be insured under a 1300 standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market 1301 conditions, the risk shall be eliqible for a basic policy 1302 including wind coverage unless rejected under subparagraph 8. 1303 1304 The corporation shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards specified in the 1305 underwriting manual and based on generally accepted underwriting 1306 practices. 1307

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
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1312 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who 1313 submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is 1314 not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of
the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less
than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the
insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission
for the type of policy written.

1326 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1327 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1328 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1341 of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary 1342 commission for the type of policy written.

1344 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1345 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1346 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who
submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not
currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less
than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the

918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 1369 insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission 1370 for the type of policy written.

1371

1389

1372 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
1373 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance
1374 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the
greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the
type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary
commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the
corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period
of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater
of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary
commission for the type of policy written.

1390 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1391 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1392 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

1393 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and1394 rates therefor.

1395 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income for 1396 an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in 1397 excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1398 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus 1399 in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray 1400 deficits in that account as to future years and shall be used 1401 for that purpose prior to assessing assessable insurers and 1402 assessable insureds as to any calendar year.

8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered:

a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
class; and

b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

1414 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall 1415 be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the 1416 provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply.

1417 9. Must provide that the corporation shall make its best
1418 efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates,
1419 to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as
1420 determined by the board of governors.

1421 10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 1422 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph 1423 (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 1424 residential account, or the high-risk account, the corporation 1425 shall levy upon corporation policyholders in its next rate 1426 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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market equalization surcharge arising from a regular assessment 1427 in such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of 1428 such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide 1429 direct written premium for subject lines of business for the 1430 prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this 1431 1432 subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a 1433 1434 market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 1435 premium.

1436 11. The policies issued by the corporation must provide 1437 that, if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains 1438 an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 1439 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 1440 through the corporation.

1441 12. Corporation policies and applications must include a 1442 notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be 1443 replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that does 1444 not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the 1445 corporation. The notice shall also specify that acceptance of 1446 corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the 1447 applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

1448 13. May establish, subject to approval by the office, different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 1449 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 1450 area if the board determines that such changes to the 1451 eligibility requirements and operational procedures are 1452 justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable 1453 and competitive in such area or for such line or type of 1454 1455 coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

1463 14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk 1464 account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more 1465 1466 of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each 1467 1468 calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. In no event shall a limited apportionment company be required to 1469 1470 participate in the portion of any assessment, within the highrisk account, pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-1471 subparagraph (b)3.b. in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million 1472 1473 after payment of available high-risk account funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall 1474 1475 collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if 1476 1477 the office determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 1478 the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be 1479 deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4. However, there shall 1480 1481 be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 1482

1483 15. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 1484 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1485 as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of 1486 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized 1487 to write and is actually writing personal lines residential 1488 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or 1489 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

1490 (k) Upon a determination by the office that the conditions giving rise to the establishment and activation of the 1491 1492 corporation no longer exist, the corporation is dissolved. Upon 1493 dissolution, the assets of the corporation shall be applied first to pay all debts, liabilities, and obligations of the 1494 1495 corporation, including the establishment of reasonable reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and all remaining 1496 1497 assets of the corporation shall become property of the state and shall be deposited in the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane 1498 1499 Catastrophe Fund. However, no dissolution shall take effect as 1500 long as the corporation has bonds or other financial obligations outstanding unless adequate provision has been made for the 1501 1502 payment of the bonds or other financial obligations pursuant to the documents authorizing the issuance of the bonds or other 1503 1504 financial obligations.

Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential 1505 (1)1.1506 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall become policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, 1507 assets and liabilities of the Residential Property and Casualty 1508 Joint Underwriting Association, including bonds, note and debt 1509 1510 obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The 1511 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or 1512

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 1513 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 1514 of in-force transferred policies.

Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 1515 2. 1516 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All 1517 1518 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note and 1519 1520 debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them 1521 are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsement or 1522 1523 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 1524

1525 3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 1526 1527 shall take all actions as may be proper to further evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and instruments of 1528 further assurance as may reasonably be requested by the 1529 1530 corporation for that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or other parties to 1531 the financing documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1532 Association or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 1533 1534 Underwriting Association may reasonably request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and 1535 assumptions, however, are effective on the date provided under 1536 this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on 1537 which, the assumptions or instruments are executed by the 1538 corporation. Subject to the relevant financing documents 1539 pertaining to their outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or 1540 1541 other financing obligations, the moneys, investments, 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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receivables, choses in action, and other intangibles of the 1542 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association shall be credited to 1543 the high-risk account of the corporation, and those of the 1544 1545 personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage account of the Residential Property 1546 1547 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, 1548 1549 respectively, of the corporation.

1550 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property
1551 insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for
1552 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is
1553 eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this
1554 subsection.

The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 1555 5. 1556 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming of the 1557 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 1558 as the corporation shall in no way affect the coverage with 1559 respect to covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) 1560 1561 provided to these entities by the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the John 1562 1563 Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of 1564 June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated 1565 as coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. 1566 1567 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage 1568 provided by the John Cosqrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 1569 1570 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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1571 June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal lines 1572 account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the high-risk 1573 1574 account shall be treated, for all John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate 1575 1576 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines 1577 1578 and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for all 1579 John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if 1580 the two accounts were one and represent a single, separate 1581 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the 1582 1583 John Cosqrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of 1584 1585 coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and 1586 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to the 1587 corporation.

1588 Section 29. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 1589 627.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.--

(d) The office shall draft and formally propose as a rule
the form for the certificate of security. The certificate of
security may be issued in any of the following circumstances:

1595 1. A mortgage lender or other financial institution may 1596 issue a certificate of security after granting the applicant a 1597 line of credit, secured by equity in real property or other 1598 reasonable security, which line of credit may be drawn on only 1599 to pay for the deductible portion of insured construction or 918865 4/26/2006 11:00:34 AM

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 1600 reconstruction after a hurricane loss. In the sole discretion of 1601 the mortgage lender or other financial institution, the line of 1602 credit may be issued to an applicant on an unsecured basis.

2. A licensed insurance agent may issue a certificate of 1603 security after obtaining for an applicant a line of credit, 1604 1605 secured by equity in real property or other reasonable security, which line of credit may be drawn on only to pay for the 1606 1607 deductible portion of insured construction or reconstruction 1608 after a hurricane loss. The John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund shall negotiate agreements creating a financing 1609 1610 consortium to serve as an additional source of lines of credit to secure deductibles. Any licensed insurance agent may act as 1611 1612 the agent of such consortium.

1613 3. Any person qualified to act as a trustee for any 1614 purpose may issue a certificate of security secured by a pledge 1615 of assets, with the restriction that the assets may be drawn on 1616 only to pay for the deductible portion of insured construction 1617 or reconstruction after a hurricane loss.

1618 4. Any insurer, including any admitted insurer or any
1619 surplus lines insurer, may issue a certificate of security after
1620 issuing the applicant a policy of supplemental insurance that
1621 will pay for 100 percent of the deductible portion of insured
1622 construction or reconstruction after a hurricane loss.

1623 5. Any other method approved by the office upon finding 1624 that such other method provides a similar level of security as 1625 the methods specified in this paragraph and that such other 1626 method has no negative impact on residential property insurance 1627 catastrophic capacity. The legislative intent of this 1628 subparagraph is to provide the flexibility needed to achieve the 918865

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1629 public policy of expanding property insurance capacity while 1630 improving the affordability of property insurance.

1631 Section 30. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1632 627.7077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1633 627.7077 Florida Sinkhole Insurance Facility and other 1634 matters related to affordability and availability of sinkhole 1635 insurance; feasibility study.--

1636 (3) The feasibility study shall, at a minimum, address the1637 following issues:

(a) Where the facility should be housed, including, but
not limited to, the options of creating a separate facility or
using the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation or the John
Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

1642Section 31. Subsection (6) of section 6 of chapter 2004-1643480, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

1644 Section 6.

In order to maintain actuarially indicated premiums as 1645 (6) required by s. 215.555, Florida Statutes, the State Board of 1646 Administration shall increase future premiums by the amount 1647 1648 appropriated and transferred from the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund under this section, plus additional 1649 1650 amounts necessary to recover lost investment income, less any refunds of unused cash to the John Cosgrove Florida Hurricane 1651 Catastrophe Fund. The increase in future premiums shall be 1652 spread over 5 years, in equal or approximately equal amounts, 1653 beginning with the June 1, 2006, contract year. 1654

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1658	committing insurance fraud; amending ss. 215.555, 215.556,
1659	215.559, 624.5091, 627.062, 627.0628, 627.0629, 627.351,
1660	627.701, and 627.7077, F.S., and ch. 2004-480, Laws of
1661	Florida; changing the name of the Florida Hurricane
1662	Catastrophe Fund to the John Cosgrove Hurricane
1663	Catastrophe Fund; renaming the fund finance corporation to
1664	conform; creating the Task Force on