1 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to automated external defibrillators; amending s. 401.2915, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the use of an automated external defibrillator; defining the terms "automated external defibrillator" and "defibrillation"; providing that it is a first degree misdemeanor for a person to commit certain acts involving the misuse of an automated external defibrillator; providing penalties and an exception; requiring the Department of Health to implement an educational campaign to inform persons who acquire automated external defibrillator devices of the scope and limitations of the immunity from liability provided under the Cardiac Arrest Survival Act; amending s. 768.1325, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "automated external defibrillator"; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 401.2915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.2915 Automated external defibrillators.--It is the intent of the Legislature that an automated external defibrillator may be used by any person for the purpose of saving the life of another person in cardiac arrest. In order to achieve that goal, the Legislature intends to encourage training

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in lifesaving first aid and set standards for and encourage the use of automated external defibrillators.

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Automated external defibrillator" means a device as defined in s. 768.1325(2)(b).
- (b) "Defibrillation" means the administration of a controlled electrical charge to the heart to restore a viable cardiac rhythm.
 - (2) In order to ensure public health and safety:
- (a) (1) All persons who use an automated external defibrillator must obtain appropriate training, to include completion of a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or successful completion of a basic first aid course that includes cardiopulmonary resuscitation training, and demonstrated proficiency in the use of an automated external defibrillator.
- (b)(2) Any person or entity in possession of an automated external defibrillator is encouraged to register with the local emergency medical services medical director the existence and location of the automated external defibrillator.
- (c) (3) Any person who uses an automated external defibrillator shall activate the emergency medical services system as soon as possible upon use of the automated external defibrillator.
 - (3) Any person who intentionally or willfully:
- (a) Tampers with or otherwise renders an automated external defibrillator inoperative, except during such time as the automated external defibrillator is being serviced, tested,

repaired, recharged, or inspected or except pursuant to court order; or

- (b) Obliterates the serial number on an automated external defibrillator for purposes of falsifying service records,
- commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Paragraph (a) does not apply to the owner of the automated external defibrillator or the owner's authorized representative or agent.
 - (4) Each local and state law enforcement vehicle may carry an automated external defibrillator.
 - Section 2. The Department of Health shall implement an educational campaign to inform any person who acquires an automated external defibrillator device of the scope and limitations of the immunity from liability provided under s. 768.1325, Florida Statutes.
 - Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 768.1325, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 768.1325 Cardiac Arrest Survival Act; immunity from civil liability.--
 - (2) As used in this section:
 - (b) "Automated external defibrillator device" means a lifesaving defibrillator device that:
 - 1. Is commercially distributed in accordance with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
 - 2. Is capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation, and is capable of determining without

intervention by the user of the device whether defibrillation should be performed.

3. Upon determining that defibrillation should be performed, is able to deliver an electrical shock to an individual.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.