

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS**

**BILL #:** HB 1179 Social Worker Identification  
**SPONSOR(S):** Richardson and others  
**TIED BILLS:** **IDEN./SIM. BILLS:** SB 2508

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REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Healthcare Council		Guy	Gormley
2) Policy & Budget Council			
3)			
4)			
5)			

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**SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

House Bill 1179 amends the Clinical, Counseling and Psychotherapy Services Act (Chapter 491, Florida Statutes) to create the definition of “social worker” to mean a person who has a bachelor’s, master’s or doctoral degree in social work. The bill provides title protection for social workers and provides that it is a misdemeanor of the first degree for persons to hold themselves out to the public, for or without compensation, as a social worker.

The bill allows persons who have used the title “social worker” prior to July 1, 2007, to continue to do so, provided they remain with the same employer, and remain employed in the same capacity after that date. Employees who provide social work services under administrative supervision at long-term care facilities licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration are also exempt from provisions of the bill.

The bill appears to have minimal fiscal impact on state and local governments.

The bill provides for an effective date of July 1, 2007.

## FULL ANALYSIS

### I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

#### A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

The bill does not appear to implicate the House principles.

#### B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

##### Background

Chapter 491, Florida Statutes, governs the practice of clinic social work in Florida. Clinical social workers are licensed by the Department of Health (“department”) and regulated by the Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy and Mental Health Counseling. While many persons may engage in social work services in Florida, currently, the department only issues licenses to clinical social workers under section 491.005, F.S. In addition to the payment of an application fee, requirements for licensure as a clinical social worker include:

- Master’s or doctoral degree in social work from a school accredited by the Council on Social Work Education, or an equivalent foreign institution whose equivalency is determined by the Council on Social Work Education;
- Completion of statutorily-specified courses in clinically-oriented services;
- Two years of post-master’s supervised experience under the supervision of a licensed clinical social worker or the equivalent who is qualified as determined by the Board; and
- Passage of the national clinical level examination developed by the Association of Social Work Boards.

Chapter 491, F.S., also contains provisions for the licensure by endorsement of out-of-state clinical social workers.

Florida law contains a very detailed definition of the “practice of clinical social work”. The practice of clinical social work means the utilization of methods of a psychological nature used to evaluate, assess, diagnose, treat, and prevent emotional and mental disorders and dysfunctions (whether cognitive, affective, or behavioral), sexual dysfunction, behavioral disorders, alcoholism, and substance abuse. Licensed clinical social workers may treat individuals, families, couples and groups by providing counseling, psychotherapy and other psychological treatments for the purposes of prevention and treatment of undesired behavior and enhancement of mental health.<sup>1</sup> Licensed clinical social workers may diagnose and treat persons seeking their services under limited conditions. Section 491.003(7)(c), F.S., prohibits licensed clinical social workers from admitting persons to hospitals for the foregoing conditions, prescribing medications, or authorizing clinical laboratory procedures, among other functions.

Although Florida only recognizes the practice of clinical social work by those who have completed a master’s or doctorate in social work, thirty-five other states recognize the practice of social work by persons who have completed a bachelor’s degree.<sup>2</sup> The practice of social work consists of the professional application of social work values, principles, and techniques to help people, groups and communities obtain or improve tangible social and health services, including counseling for individuals, families, and groups. The practice of social work requires knowledge of human development and behavior; of social and economic, and cultural institutions; and of the interaction of all these factors.<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Section 491.003(7), F.S.

<sup>2</sup> Association of Social Work Boards, Levels of Practice Regulated Table. <http://aswbdata.powerlynxhosting.net/cgi-bin/LawWebRpts2DLL.dll/EXEC/1/1xy51n40c5wya01aq29am1ljf2rr> (last viewed on April 16, 2007).

<sup>3</sup> National Association of Social Workers, Practice Information. <http://www.socialworkers.org/practice/default.asp> (last viewed on April 16, 2007).

Chapter 491 also provides title protection for licensed clinical social workers to include: “Licensed clinical social worker”; “Clinical social worker”; “Licensed social worker”; “Psychiatric social worker”; and “Psychological worker”. It is a misdemeanor of the first degree to unlawfully use these titles or to practice clinical social work for compensation without a license.<sup>4</sup>

The Florida Chapter of the National Association of Social Workers estimates that there are between 15,000 and 18,000 social workers in the state of Florida.<sup>5</sup>

There are currently 6,200, active, licensed clinical social workers in Florida.<sup>6</sup>

### Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill amends s. 491.003, F.S., to create the definition of “social worker” in the Clinical, Counseling and Psychotherapy Services Act. The bill defines “social worker” to mean a person who has a bachelor’s, master’s or doctoral degree in social work.

The bill prohibits a social worker from conducting clinical social work unless he or she is licensed or certified pursuant to Chapter 491, F.S.

The bill provides title protection for persons who meet specified criteria as a social worker. The bill requires a social worker to have a bachelor’s or master’s degree from an institution accredited by the Council on Social Work Education or an equivalent foreign institution whose equivalency is determined by the Council on Social Work Education. The bill provides that it is a misdemeanor of the first degree for persons to hold themselves out to the public, for or without compensation, as a social worker.

The bill allows persons who have used the title “social worker” prior to July 1, 2007, to continue to do so, provided they remain with the same employer, and remain employed in the same capacity after that date. Employees who provide social work services under administrative supervision at long-term care facilities licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration are also exempt from provisions of the bill.

#### C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 39.01, F.S., to provide a definition.

Section 2. Amends s. 491.003, F.S., to provide a definition.

Section 3. Creates s. 491.016, F.S., relating to use of the title “social worker”.

Section 4. Provides for an effective date of July 1, 2007.

## II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

#### A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

##### 1. Revenues:

There may be minimal collection of fines that go to the general revenue fund.

##### 2. Expenditures:

None.

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<sup>4</sup> Section 491.012(3), F.S.

<sup>5</sup> National Association of Social Work – Florida Chapter, Sunrise Information for Professional Social Work Identification. (Provided, March 21, 2007).

<sup>6</sup> Florida Department of Health, Medical Quality Assurance Annual Report 2005-2006.

**B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:**

1. Revenues:

There is the potential for minimal revenue collection by the Clerk of the Court from the fines associated with a first degree misdemeanor.

2. Expenditures:

There may be minimal cost associated with investigations by local law enforcement and a potential cost to county jails.

**C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:**

None.

**D. FISCAL COMMENTS:**

None.

**III. COMMENTS**

**A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:**

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenue in the aggregate, nor reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None.

**B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:**

The bill provides rule-making authority for the department to implement provisions of the bill.

**C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:**

On line 40, the bill incorrectly references "Council of Social Work Education". A technical amendment is needed to correct this drafting error to correctly reference the "Council on Social Work Education".

**D. STATEMENT OF THE SPONSOR**

No statement submitted.

**IV. AMENDMENTS/COUNCIL SUBSTITUTE CHANGES**