1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Department of
3	Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s.
4	487.041, F.S.; revising the registration
5	requirements for brands of pesticide
6	distributed or sold in the state; providing for
7	expiration on a specified date of requirements
8	for annual registration; providing for future
9	biennial registration; revising the
10	registration fee; requiring that proceeds of
11	the fee be deposited into the General
12	Inspection Trust Fund and used by the
13	department to administer ch. 487, F.S.;
14	providing for a fee to be imposed for late
15	registration; amending ss. 500.03 and 500.147,
16	F.S., relating to the Florida Food Safety Act;
17	updating references for purposes of provisions
18	governing the sale of bottled water and the
19	operation of bottled water plants; redefining
20	the term "food establishment" to include tomato
21	packinghouses; amending s. 502.012, F.S.;
22	revising and clarifying definitions; amending
23	s. 502.014, F.S.; revising the department's
24	rulemaking authority concerning lowfat cottage
25	cheese; conforming terminology; amending s.
26	502.053, F.S.; revising the permitting
27	requirements for certain milk plants; deleting
28	a provision authorizing the department to issue
29	a temporary permit to milk haulers; amending s.
30	502.054, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending
31	s. 502.091, F.S.; clarifying provisions

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31

governing the sale of milk and milk products; specifying the types of food establishments at which such products may be sold; providing requirements for the sale of cheese made from raw milk; repealing ss. 591.27-591.34, F.S., relating to the designation, marking, and cutting of seed trees; creating the Consumer Fireworks Task Force within the department for certain purposes; providing legislative findings; providing for task force membership and selection of chair and vice-chair; specifying serving without compensation; providing for per diem and travel expenses; requiring the department to staff the task force; requiring a report to the Legislature by a time certain; providing for abolition of the task force; prohibiting the opening or permitting of certain facilities for the retail sale of fireworks or the adoption of certain ordinances or other laws by local governments under specified conditions concerning the adoption of uniform fire prevention and safety standards; amending s. 570.07, F.S.; authorizing personnel within the various divisions of the department to perform regulatory and inspection services relating to agriculture; requiring that the department adopt requirements for enhancing food safety; amending s. 570.48, F.S.; authorizing the Division of Fruit and Vegetables to perform food safety inspections with respect to

```
tomatoes; amending s. 570.481, F.S.; requiring
 2
           that fees collected by the department to cover
 3
           the costs of tomato-related inspections be
 4
           deposited into the General Inspection Trust
           Fund and used for specified purposes;
 5
 6
           authorizing the Department of Agriculture and
 7
           Consumer Services to conduct research projects
 8
           on citrus diseases which are recommended by the
 9
           Florida Citrus Production Research Advisory
           Council, within appropriations for such
10
           purpose; providing an effective date.
11
12
13
   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
14
           Section 1. Present subsections (1), (2), (3), and (8)
15
   and paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (4) of section
16
    487.041, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new subsection
17
18
    (1) is added to that section, to read:
19
           487.041 Registration.--
          (1)(a) Each brand of pesticide, as defined in s.
20
    487.021, that is distributed, sold, or offered for sale,
21
22
    except as provided in this subsection, within this state or
23
    <u>delivered</u> for transportation or transported in intrastate
24
    commerce or between points within this state through any point
    outside this state must be registered in the office of the
2.5
    department, and such registration shall be renewed annually.
26
    Emergency exemptions from registration may be authorized in
2.7
28
    accordance with the rules of the department. The registrant
29
   shall file with the department a statement including:
           1. The name, business mailing address, and street
30
   address of the registrant.
31
```

1	2. The name of the brand of pesticide.
2	3. An ingredient statement and a complete copy of the
3	labeling accompanying the brand of the pesticide, which must
4	conform to the registration, and a statement of all claims to
5	be made for it, including directions for use and a quaranteed
6	analysis showing the names and percentages by weight of each
7	active ingredient, the total percentage of inert ingredients,
8	and the names and percentages by weight of each "added
9	ingredient."
10	(b) For the purpose of defraying expenses of the
11	department in connection with carrying out the provisions of
12	this part, each person shall pay an annual registration fee of
13	\$250 for each registered brand of pesticide. The annual
14	registration fee for each special local need label and
15	experimental use permit is \$100. All registrations expire on
16	December 31 of each year. If the renewal of a brand of
17	pesticide, including the special local need label and
18	experimental use permit, is not filed by January 31 of the
19	renewal year, an additional fee of \$25 per brand of pesticide
20	shall be assessed per month and added to the original fee.
21	This additional fee may not exceed \$250 per brand of
22	pesticide. The additional fee must be paid by the registrant
23	before the renewal certificate for the registration of the
24	brand of pesticide is issued.
25	(c) This subsection does not apply to distributors or
26	retail dealers selling brands of pesticide if such brands of
27	pesticide are registered by another person.
28	(d) This subsection expires at midnight, December 31,
29	2008.
30	(2)(a) <del>(1)</del> Effective January 1, 2009, each brand of
21	Every posticide as defined in a 487 021 which is

distributed, sold, or offered for sale, except as provided in this section, within this state or delivered for transportation or transported in intrastate commerce or between points within this state through any point outside this state must shall be registered in the office of the department, and such registration shall be renewed biennially annually. Emergency exemptions from registration may be authorized in accordance with the rules of the department. The registrant shall file with the department a statement including: 

 $\underline{\text{1.(a)}}$  The name, business mailing address, and street address of the registrant.

2.(b) The name of the brand of pesticide.

3.(c) An ingredient statement and a complete copy of the labeling accompanying the <u>brand of the</u> pesticide, which <u>must shall</u> conform to the registration, and a statement of all claims to be made for it, including directions for use and a guaranteed analysis showing the names and percentages by weight of each active ingredient, the total percentage of inert ingredients, and the names and percentages by weight of each "added ingredient."

(b)(2) Effective January 1, 2009, for the purpose of defraying expenses of the department in connection with carrying out the provisions of this part, each person shall pay a biennial an annual registration fee of \$250 for each registered brand of pesticide. The registration of each brand of pesticide shall cover a designated 2-year period beginning on January 1 of each odd-numbered year and expiring on December 31 of the following year. The annual registration fee for each special local need label and experimental use permit shall be \$100. All registrations expire on December 31 of each

year. Nothing in this section shall be construed as applying to distributors or retail dealers selling pesticides when such pesticides are registered by another person. (c) Each registration issued by the department to a

registrant for a period beginning in an odd-numbered year shall be assessed a fee of \$500 per brand of pesticide and a fee of \$200 for each special local need label and experimental use permit, and the registration shall expire on December 31 of the following year. Each registration issued by the department to a registrant for a period beginning in an even-numbered year shall be assessed a fee of \$250 per brand of pesticide and fee of \$100 for each special local need label and experimental use permit, and the registration shall expire on December 31 of that year.

(d) All revenues collected, less those costs determined by the department to be nonrecurring or one-time costs, shall be deferred over the 2-year registration period, deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund, and used by the department in carrying out the provisions of this chapter.

(e) If the renewal of a brand of pesticide, including the special local need label and experimental use permit, is not filed by January 31 of the renewal year, an additional fee of \$25 per brand of pesticide shall be assessed per month and added to the original fee. This additional fee may not exceed \$250 per brand of pesticide. The additional fee must be paid by the registrant before the renewal certificate for the registration of the brand of pesticide is issued. The additional fee shall be deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund.

29 30

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21 22

2.3

24

2.5

26

2.7 28

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27 28

29

- (f) This subsection does not apply to distributors or retail dealers selling brands of pesticide if such brands of pesticide are registered by another person.
- (3) The department shall adopt rules governing the procedures for the registration of a brand of pesticide registration and for the review of data submitted by an applicant for registration of the brand of a pesticide. The department shall determine whether the brand of a pesticide should be registered, registered with conditions, or tested under field conditions in this state. The department shall determine whether each request that all requests for registration of a brand of pesticide meets registrations meet the requirements of current state and federal law. The department, whenever it deems it necessary in the administration of this part, may require the manufacturer or registrant to submit the complete formula, quantities shipped into or manufactured in the state for distribution and sale, evidence of the efficacy and the safety of any pesticide, and other relevant data. The department may review and evaluate a registered pesticide if new information is made available that which indicates that use of the pesticide has caused an unreasonable adverse effect on public health or the environment. Such review shall be conducted upon the request of the Secretary of the Department of Health in the event of an unreasonable adverse effect on public health or the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection in the event of an unreasonable adverse effect on the environment. Such review may result in modifications, revocation, cancellation, or suspension of the registration of a brand of pesticide registration. The department, for reasons of 31 adulteration, misbranding, or other good cause, may refuse or

revoke the registration of the brand of any pesticide, after notice to the applicant or registrant giving the reason for the decision. The applicant may then request a hearing, pursuant to chapter 120, on the intention of the department to refuse or revoke registration, and, upon his or her failure to do so, the refusal or revocation shall become final without further procedure. The In no event shall registration of a brand of pesticide may not be construed as a defense for the commission of any offense prohibited under this part.

- (4) The department, in addition to its other duties under this section, has the power to:
- (b) Formally request the United States Environmental Protection Agency to require registrants of pesticides to provide the department with environmental test data generated in this state or generated by simulating environmental conditions in this state.
- (d) Require a registrant who discontinues the distribution of a <u>brand of</u> pesticide in this state to continue the registration of the <u>brand of the</u> pesticide <u>for a minimum of 2 years or</u> until no more remains on <u>retailers'</u> <u>retailer's</u> shelves <u>if or 2 years after written notice to the department of date of discontinuance; provided such continued registration or sale is not specifically prohibited by the department or the United States Environmental Protection Agency.</u>
- (8) Nothing in This section does not affect affects the authority of the department to administer the pesticide registration program under this part or the authority of the Commissioner of Agriculture to approve the registration of a brand of pesticide.

Section 2. Paragraphs (d) and (n) of subsection (1) of 2 section 500.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3 500.03 Definitions; construction; applicability.--4 (1) For the purpose of this chapter, the term: 5 (d) "Bottled water" means a beverage, as described in 21 C.F.R. part 165(2006)(1996), that is processed in 6 compliance with 21 C.F.R. part 129(2006)(1996). 8 (n) "Food establishment" means any factory, food outlet, or any other facility manufacturing, processing, 9 packing, holding, or preparing food, or selling food at 10 wholesale or retail. The term does not include any business or 11 activity that is regulated under chapter 509 or chapter 601. 12 13 The term includes tomato packinghouses but also does not 14 include any other establishments that pack fruits and vegetables in their raw or natural states, including those 15 fruits or vegetables that are washed, colored, or otherwise 16 treated in their unpeeled, natural form before they are 17 18 marketed. Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 19 500.147, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 500.147 Inspection of food establishments and 21 22 vehicles; food safety pilot program. --23 (3) For bottled water plants: 24 (a) Bottled water must be from an approved source. Bottled water must be processed in conformance with 21 C.F.R. 25 part 129(2006)(1996), and must conform to 21 C.F.R. part 165 26 27 (2006)(1996). A person operating a bottled water plant shall be responsible for all water sampling and analyses required by 29 this chapter. Section 4. Section 502.012, Florida Statutes, is 30 31 amended to read:

4

6

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

2.2 23

24

2.5

26

27 28

- 502.012 Definitions.--The following definitions shall apply in the interpretation and enforcement of this law:
- (1) "Bulk milk pickup tanker" means a vehicle, including the truck and tank, and necessary attachments, used by a milk hauler to transport bulk raw milk for pasteurization from a dairy farm to a milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station.
- (2) "Dairy farm" means any place or premises where one or more cows, or goats, sheep, water buffalo, or other hooved mammals are kept, and from which a part or all of the milk is provided, sold, or offered for sale to a milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station.
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (4)(15) "Grade 'A' pasteurized milk ordinance" means the document entitled "Grade 'A' Pasteurized Milk Ordinance, United States Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, +Food and Drug Administration Publication No. 229, " including all associated appendices, as adopted by department rule.
- (5)(4) "Imitation milk and imitation milk products" means those foods that have the physical characteristics, such as taste, flavor, body, texture, or appearance, of milk or milk products as defined in this chapter and the Grade "A" pasteurized milk ordinance, but do not come within the definition definitions of "milk" or "milk products," and are nutritionally inferior to the product imitated.
- (6)(5) "Milk" means the lacteal secretion, practically free from colostrum, obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy cows, or goats, sheep, water buffalo, or other 31 <u>hooved mammals</u>.

(7)(6) "Milk distributor" means any person who offers for sale or sells to another person any milk or milk product. 3 (8) (7) "Milk products" means products made with milk 4 that is processed in some manner, including being whipped, acidified, cultured, concentrated, lactose-reduced, or sodium-reduced or aseptically processed, or having the 6 addition or subtraction of milkfat, the addition of safe and 8 suitable microbial organisms, or the addition of safe and suitable optional ingredients for protein, vitamin, or mineral 9 fortification. "Milk products" do not include products such as 10 evaporated milk, condensed milk, eggnog in a rigid metal 11 container, dietary products, infant formula, or ice cream and 12 13 other desserts, dry milk products, canned eggnog in a rigid 14 metal container, butter, or cheese, except when the products 15 are combined with other substances to produce any pasteurized or aseptically processed milk product. 16 (9)<del>(8)</del> "Milkfat" or "butterfat" means the fat 17 18 contained in milk. (10)(9) "Milk hauler" means any person who transports 19 raw milk or raw milk products to or from a milk plant, 20 receiving station, or transfer station. 21 22 (11)(10) "Milk plant" means any place, premises, or 23 establishment where milk or milk products are collected, 24 handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, aseptically processed, bottled, or prepared for distribution. 2.5 (12)(11) "Milk plant operator" means any person 26 responsible for receiving, processing, pasteurizing, or 27 28 packaging milk and milk products, or performing any other

30

29

related operation.

(13)(12) "Milk producer" means any person who operates a dairy farm and provides, sells, or offers for sale milk to a milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station.

(14)(13) "Milk tank truck" means either a bulk milk pickup tanker or a milk transport tank.

(15)(14) "Milk transport tank" means a vehicle, including the truck and tank, used by a milk hauler to transport bulk shipments of milk from a milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station to another milk plant, receiving station, or transfer station.

- (16) "Raw milk" means unprocessed milk.
- (17) "Receiving station" means any place, premises, or establishment where raw milk is received, collected, handled, stored, or cooled and is prepared for further transporting.
- means those foods that have the physical characteristics, such as taste, flavor, body, texture, or appearance, of milk or milk products as defined in this chapter and the <u>Grade "A"</u> pasteurized milk ordinance, but do not come within the <u>definition definitions</u> of "milk" or "milk products," and are nutritionally equivalent to the product for which they are substitutes.
- (19) "Transfer station" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk products are transferred directly from one milk tank truck to another.
- (20) "Washing station" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
- Section 5. Subsections (4) and (6) of section 502.014, 30 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 31 502.014 Powers and duties.--

5

6

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

19

20

2122

23

24

25

- (4) The department shall define by rule "cottage cheese," and "dry-curd cottage cheese," and "lowfat cottage cheese." The department shall periodically update these definitions to maintain conformity with the federal definitions.
- (6) The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter. In adopting these rules, the department shall be guided by and may conform to the definitions and standards of the administrative procedures and provisions of the <u>Grade "A"</u> pasteurized milk ordinance. The rules shall include, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Standards for milk and milk products.
- (b) Provisions for the production, transportation, processing, handling, sampling, examination, grading, labeling, and sale of all milk and milk products and imitation and substitute milk and milk products sold for public consumption in this state.
- (c) Provisions for the inspection of dairy herds, dairy farms, and milk plants.
- (d) Provisions for the issuance and revocation of permits issued by the department pursuant to this chapter.
- Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 502.053, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 502.053 Permits; requirements; exemptions; temporary permits.--
  - (1) PERMITS.--
- 29 (a) Each <u>Grade A</u> milk plant, whether located in the 30 state or outside the state, and each <u>manufacturing milk plant</u>, 31 milk producer, milk hauler, milk hauling service, washing

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

2.2

24

2.5

26

27

station operator, milk plant operator, milk distributor, single-service-container manufacturer, receiving station, and transfer station in the state, shall apply to the department for a permit to operate. The application shall be on forms developed by the department.

## (2) REQUIREMENTS. --

- (a) To obtain a permit, an applicant must satisfy all requirements that are defined by the department in rule and must agree to comply with the applicable provisions of this chapter and rules adopted promulgated under this chapter.
- (b) All permitholders must maintain records of transactions concerning the procurement, production, and processing of milk and milk products as required in the Grade "A" pasteurized milk ordinance and grant department inspectors access to such records during all reasonable hours.
- (c) In addition to the testing required in the Grade "A" pasteurized milk ordinance and its appendices, each milk plant operator in the state shall be responsible for routine testing and inspection of raw milk shipped from outside the state prior to processing and shall notify the department when such testing and inspection indicate indicates a violation of the standards contained in the <a href="Grade "A"</a> pasteurized milk ordinance.
  - (4) TEMPORARY PERMITS. --
- (a) The department may issue a temporary permit for a period not exceeding 90 days to milk producers and milk haulers who have submitted an application to the department and passed a preliminary inspection as required in the <a href="Grade">Grade</a> 29 "A" pasteurized milk ordinance.
- Section 7. Section 502.054, Florida Statutes, is 30 31 amended to read:

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21 22

23

24

2.5

26

2.7 28

29

30

502.054 Inspection and reinspection. -- The department shall establish a schedule for inspections which shall require routine inspections in accordance with the minimum requirements contained in the Grade "A" pasteurized milk ordinance and more frequent inspections or reinspections for permitholders with serious or repeated violations.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 502.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

502.091 Milk and milk products which may be sold.--

- (1) Only Grade A pasteurized milk and milk products, pasteurized manufactured milk products, and cheese made from pasteurized milk shall be sold at retail to the final consumer or to food service establishments as defined in chapter 381, food establishments as defined in chapter 500, or public food service establishments as defined in chapter 509 restaurants, soda fountains, grocery stores, or similar establishments. Cheese made from raw milk may also be sold at retail to the final consumer or to food service establishments as defined in chapter 381, food establishments as defined in chapter 500, or public food service establishments as defined in chapter 509 if the cheese is aged more than 60 days at a temperature above 35° F.
- (a) In an emergency, however, the department may authorize the sale of reconstituted pasteurized milk products, or pasteurized milk and milk products that have not been graded or the grade of which that is unknown, in which case such milk and milk products shall be appropriately labeled, as determined by the department.
- (b) If the department determines that milk is fit for human consumption even though it is less than Grade A because 31 the producer failed to comply with the sanitation or bacterial

1	standards defined in this chapter, or if any specific shipment
2	of milk fails to comply with standards of the <a a="" a"<="" href="Grade "></a>
3	pasteurized milk ordinance, the department may issue a permit
4	allowing the milk to be used in ungraded products, such as
5	frozen desserts, which are being processed by such milk plant.
6	During processing of such milk, it shall be pasteurized at a
7	temperature of at least 175° F. for at least 15 seconds or at
8	least 160° F. for at least 30 minutes.
9	Section 9. <u>Sections 591.27, 591.28, 591.29, 591.30,</u>
10	591.31, 591.32, 591.33, and 591.34, Florida Statutes, are
11	repealed.
12	Section 10. Consumer Fireworks Task Force
13	(1) The Legislature finds that:
14	(a) The state regulation of consumer fireworks in
15	Florida provides an insufficient definition of consumer
16	fireworks and related products used by consumers;
17	(b) There is a need for better training and education
18	concerning the safe use of consumer fireworks;
19	(c) There should be a mechanism to help local
20	governments fund the clean up following the use of consumer
21	fireworks on public property;
22	(d) Local government regulation of the agricultural
23	uses authorized by s. 791.07, Florida Statutes, may be
24	inconsistent with legitimate agricultural purposes;
25	(e) There is a need for consumer education relating to
26	safety standards in the use of consumer fireworks;
27	(f) There is a need for standards concerning tents and
28	other temporary retail facilities selling consumer fireworks;
29	and
30	(q) The state would benefit from additional funding
31	for the training and education of fire officials.

1	(2)(a) The Consumer Fireworks Task Force is created
2	within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for
3	the purpose of studying issues concerning the proper use of
4	consumer fireworks, the regulation of sales and temporary sale
5	facilities for consumer fireworks, the regulation of the hours
6	and location of the use of consumer fireworks, the property
7	zoning classifications for sale facilities for consumer
8	fireworks, the funding options for fire official training and
9	education, and funding options for cleanup of expended
10	consumer fireworks products.
11	(b)1. The task force shall consist of eight members
12	appointed as follows: two members appointed by the President
13	of the Senate, one of whom must be from a list of nominees
14	recommended by the Florida Leaque of Cities and one of whom
15	must be a representative of the industry; two members
16	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one
17	of whom must be from a list of nominees recommended by the
18	Florida Association of Counties and one of whom must be a
19	representative of the industry; three members appointed by the
20	Commissioner of Agriculture, one of whom must be a
21	representative of the Division of Forestry of the Florida
22	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and one of
23	whom must be a representative of the industry; and one member
24	appointed by the Chief Financial Officer.
25	2. Members shall choose a chair and vice chair from
26	the membership of the task force.
27	3. Members shall serve without compensation, except
28	that members are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and
29	travel expenses, pursuant to s. 112.061, Florida Statutes,
30	incurred in the performance of their duties.
31	

(3) Staffing for the task force shall be provided by 2 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 3 (4) The task force shall review and evaluate the 4 issues identified in paragraph (2)(a) and take public input 5 and testimony concerning the issues. A report of the recommendations and findings of the task force shall be 6 submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of 8 the House of Representatives by January 15, 2008, and the task 9 force shall be abolished upon the transmittal of the report. (5) Pending completion of the Legislature's review of 10 the task force's report and to ensure that fire prevention and 11 safety standards are uniform, a new permanent retail sales 12 13 facility engaged in sales otherwise permitted under s. 791.07, Florida Statutes, may not be opened in this state after March 14 8, 2007, unless the permanent retail sales facility has 15 received site-plan approval and construction has begun on or 16 before March 8, 2007; the number of permits for temporary 17 18 retail sales facilities, such as tents, engaged in sales 19 otherwise permitted by s. 791.07, Florida Statutes, which are issued after March 8, 2007, by a county, municipality, or 20 other unit of local government may not exceed the number of 2.1 22 permits that such governmental entity issued for such 23 facilities during the previous calendar year; and a 24 municipality, county, or other unit of local government may not adopt an ordinance, rule, regulation, or other law after 2.5 March 8, 2007, which directly prohibits or directly interferes 26 with the safety standards established by state law or the 2.7 28 right to purchase, sell, use, or possess consumer fireworks in 29 this state. However, if the Legislature enacts legislation to provide for the comprehensive regulation of fire prevention 30 and safety standards for the use of consumer fireworks to

replace this subsection on or before July 1, 2008, this subsection does not prohibit opening any such facility, permitting any such temporary facility, or adopting any such ordinance or other law after such legislation is enacted.

Section 11. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of section 570.07, Florida Statutes, and subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; functions, powers, and duties.—The department shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:

- (2) To perform all regulatory and inspection services relating to agriculture except agricultural education, demonstration, research, and those regulatory functions assigned by law to other state agencies. In doing this, the department may:
- (e) Except as expressly prohibited by law, use any of the trained personnel in the various divisions of the department in performing the regulatory and inspection services relating to agriculture.
- (6) To foster and encourage the standardizing, grading, inspection, labeling, handling, storage, and marketing of agricultural products; to enhance the food safety of tomatoes and, after investigation and public hearings, to cooperate with the United States Department of Agriculture, to establish and promulgate standard grades and other standard classifications of and for agricultural products; and to establish and adopt requirements for enhancing food safety, in cooperation with appropriate agencies.

Section 12. Present paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 570.48, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph

(f), and a new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read: 3 570.48 Division of Fruit and Vegetables; powers and duties; records. -- The duties of the Division of Fruit and 4 Vegetables include, but are not limited to: 5 6 (2) 7 (e) Performing tomato food safety inspections on 8 tomato farms, in tomato greenhouses, and in tomato 9 packinghouses and repackers. Section 13. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 10 570.481, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 570.481 Fruit and vegetable inspection fees; 12 13 penalty.--14 (1)(a) Each person receiving inspection services pursuant to s. 570.48 shall pay to the department an 15 inspection fee. This fee shall cover the cost of providing 16 the inspection service and shall be set annually by the 17 department by rule. 19 (b) All fees collected by the department to cover the cost of providing the inspection service for farms or 20 21 greenhouses growing tomatoes or for tomato packinghouses and 22 repackers shall be deposited into the General Inspection Trust Fund and shall be used for tomato-related inspections, 23 24 education, and research. (2) All fees collected by the department under this 2.5 section shall be deposited into the Citrus Inspection Trust 26 Fund, except that fees collected pursuant to <a href="mailto:paragraph">paragraph</a> (1)(b) 27 and s. 570.48(4) shall be deposited in the General Inspection 29 Trust Fund. Section 14. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 30 31 <u>Services shall conduct or cause to be conducted those research</u>

```
projects on citrus diseases, including, but not limited to,
   citrus canker and citrus greening, which are recommended by
    the Florida Citrus Production Research Advisory Council,
 3
    within the limits of appropriations made specifically for such
 5
    purpose.
 6
           Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
```