Florida Senate - 2007

 ${\bf By}$ the Committee on Environmental Preservation and Conservation; and Senator Saunders

592-2542-07 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to beaches and shores; amending s. 161.021, F.S.; amending a definition; 3 4 amending s. 161.085, F.S.; restricting the use 5 of geotextile containers for emergency rigid б coastal armoring; providing permitting for 7 geotextile containers; providing conditions; 8 providing for evaluation by the Department of 9 Environmental Protection; amending s. 161.141, 10 F.S.; providing additional legislative intent; creating s. 161.144, F.S.; providing for the 11 12 development and maintenance of an inventory of 13 identified offshore sand sources by the department as part of its comprehensive 14 long-term beach management plan; providing for 15 public review of maps of offshore sand sources; 16 17 providing for boards of county commissioners of 18 coastal counties adjacent to sand sources proposed for use outside of the region or 19 subregion to be notified and given adequate 20 21 opportunity to comment during a project's 22 planning and permitting stages; providing for 23 the inclusion of certain information in the department's annual funding request; providing 2.4 an effective date. 25 26 27 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 28 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 161.021, Florida 29 Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31

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1	161.021 DefinitionsIn construing these statutes,
2	where the context does not clearly indicate otherwise, the
3	word, phrase, or term:
4	(1) "Access" or "public access" as used in ss.
5	161.041, 161.052, and 161.053 means the public's right to
6	laterally traverse the sandy beaches of this state where such
7	access exists on or after July 1, 1987 <u>, or where the public</u>
8	has established an accessway through private lands to lands
9	seaward of the mean high tide or water line by prescription,
10	prescriptive easement, or any other legal means, development
11	or construction shall not interfere with such right of public
12	access unless a comparable alternative accessway is provided.
13	Section 2. Subsections (3) , (5) , and (9) of section
14	161.085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
15	161.085 Rigid coastal armoring structures
16	(3) If erosion occurs as a result of a storm event
17	which threatens private structures or public infrastructure
18	and a permit has not been issued pursuant to subsection (2),
19	unless the authority has been revoked by order of the
20	department pursuant to subsection (8), an agency, political
21	subdivision, or municipality having jurisdiction over the
22	impacted area may install or authorize installation of rigid
23	coastal armoring structures, exclusive of those authorized
24	under subsection (9), for the protection of private structures
25	or public infrastructure, or take other measures to relieve
26	the threat to private structures or public infrastructure as
27	long as the following items are considered and incorporated
28	into such emergency measures:
29	(a) Protection of the beach-dune system.
30	(b) Siting and design criteria for the protective
31	structure.
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1 (c) Impacts on adjacent properties. 2 (d) Preservation of public beach access. 3 (e) Protection of native coastal vegetation, nesting 4 state or federally threatened or endangered species, and nesting marine turtles and their hatchlings. 5 б (5) The department shall may adopt rules to implement 7 the provisions of this section. 8 (9) The department, or an agency, political 9 subdivision, or municipality described in subsection (3), may 10 authorize dune restoration incorporating sand-filled geotextile containers tubes or similar structures proposed as 11 12 the core of a restored dune feature when the conditions of 13 paragraphs (a) through (c) and the requirements of s. 161.053 14 are met. if the applicant meets the requirements of this section and: 15 (a) A permit may be granted by the department under 16 17 this subsection for dune restoration incorporating geotextile 18 containers or similar structures provided that such projects: 19 1. Provide for the protection of an existing major structure or public infrastructure, and, notwithstanding any 20 21 definition in department rule to the contrary, that major 2.2 structure or public infrastructure is vulnerable to damage 23 from frequent coastal storms, or is upland of a beach-dune system which has experienced significant beach erosion from 2.4 25 such storm events. 2. Are constructed using native or beach-quality sand 26 27 and native salt-tolerant vegetation suitable for dune 2.8 stabilization as approved by the department. 3. May include materials other than native or 29 30 beach-quality sand such as geotextile materials that are used 31

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1 to contain beach-quality sand for the purposes of maintaining the stability and longevity of the dune core. 2 4. Are continuously covered with 3 feet of native or 3 4 beach-quality sand and stabilized with native salt-tolerant 5 vegetation. б 5. Are sited as far landward as practicable, balancing 7 the need to minimize excavation of the beach-dune system, 8 impacts to nesting marine turtles and other nesting state or federally threatened or endangered species, and impacts to 9 10 adjacent properties. 6. Are designed and sited in a manner that will 11 12 minimize the potential for erosion. 7. Do not materially impede access by the public. 13 8. Are designed to minimize adverse effects to nesting 14 marine turtles and turtle hatchlings, consistent with s. 15 370.12. 16 17 9. Are designed to facilitate easy removal of the 18 geotextile containers if needed. 10. The United States Fish and Wildlife Service has 19 approved an Incidental Take Permit for marine turtles and 20 21 other federally threatened or endangered species pursuant to Section 7 or 10 of the Endangered Species Act for the 2.2 23 placement of the structure if an Incidental Take Permit is 2.4 required. 25 (b) The applicant or successive property owners shall provide financial assurances in the form of surety or 26 27 performance bonds or other financial responsibility mechanisms 2.8 that the authorized geotextile containers will be removed if the requirements of this subsection and the permit conditions 29 30 are not met. The permittee shall file a notice of formal 31

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1 permit conditions in the public records of the county where 2 the permitted activity is located. (c) The department shall order removal of the 3 4 geotextile container if the conditions of subparagraph (a)4. 5 are not met, if the project ceases to function due to 6 irreparable damage, if the project is determined by the 7 department to have caused a significant adverse impact to the beach-dune system, or if the United States Fish and Wildlife 8 Service revokes the Incidental Take Permit required in 9 10 subparagraph (a)10. (d) The department may require any engineering 11 12 certifications that are necessary to ensure the adequacy of 13 the design and construction of the permitted project. (e) Upon receipt of a permit application, the 14 department must notify the applicant and agent of all the 15 statutory provisions of this subsection. 16 17 (f) The department shall review, with third-party 18 expert involvement, the performance of dune restoration incorporating geotextile sand-filled containers to determine 19 20 whether such structures provide upland protection and to 21 determine their impact on the beach-dune system and adjacent properties. Such structures shall continue to be evaluated to 2.2 23 determine if they are a more effective form of dune restoration than beach-compatible sand and native vegetation. 2.4 Based on such analysis and peer review, the department shall 25 recommend to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and 26 27 the Speaker of the House of Representatives if the provisions 2.8 of this subsection should be modified. It is the intent of the Legislature that until such recommendations are transmitted 29 30 and considered by the Legislature, there shall be no changes 31

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1 in the requirements or conditions contained in this 2 subsection. 3 (q) The department shall not include structures 4 authorized under this subsection in the statewide 5 comprehensive beach management plan or the annual list of 6 local government funding requests submitted to the Legislature 7 pursuant to ss. 161.091 and 161.161. 8 (a) Demonstrates that the United States Fish and 9 Wildlife Service has approved a habitat conservation plan that includes the shoreline where each structure will be placed; 10 (b) Provides reasonable assurance that adequate sand 11 12 cover will be maintained over the structure such that the 13 structure will not interact with the beach dune system as rigid coastal armoring or adversely affect marine turtle 14 15 nesting and provides for a responsible entity to conduct such 16 maintenance; and 17 (c) Provides reasonable assurance that each structure 18 be removed if the maintenance required by paragraph (b) proves to be not feasible. 19 Section 3. Section 161.141, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 22 161.141 Property rights of state and private upland 23 owners in beach restoration project areas. -- The Legislature declares that it is the public policy of the state to cause to 2.4 be fixed and determined, pursuant to beach restoration, beach 25 26 nourishment, and erosion control projects, the boundary line 27 between sovereignty lands of the state bordering on the 2.8 Atlantic Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, or the Straits of Florida, and the bays, lagoons, and other tidal reaches thereof, and 29 30 the upland properties adjacent thereto; except that such boundary line shall not be fixed for beach restoration 31

1 projects that result from inlet or navigation channel 2 maintenance dredging projects unless such projects involve the construction of authorized beach restoration projects. 3 4 However, prior to construction of such a beach restoration 5 project, the board of trustees must establish the line of mean 6 high water for the area to be restored; and any additions to 7 the upland property landward of the established line of mean 8 high water which result from the restoration project remain 9 the property of the upland owner subject to all governmental regulations and are not to be used to justify increased 10 density or the relocation of the coastal construction control 11 12 line as may be in effect for such upland property. The 13 resulting additions to upland property are also subject to a public easement for traditional uses of the sandy beach 14 consistent with uses that would have been allowed prior to the 15 need for the restoration project. It is further declared that 16 17 there is no intention on the part of the state to extend its 18 claims to lands not already held by it or to deprive any upland or submerged land owner of the legitimate and 19 constitutional use and enjoyment of his or her property. If an 20 21 authorized beach restoration, beach nourishment, and erosion 22 control project cannot reasonably be accomplished without the 23 taking of private property, the taking must be made by the requesting authority by eminent domain proceedings. In any 2.4 action alleging a taking of all or part of a property or 25 property right as a result of a beach restoration project, in 26 27 determining whether such taking has occurred or the value of 2.8 any damage alleged with respect to the owner's remaining upland property adjoining the beach restoration project, the 29 30 enhancement, if any, in value of the owner's remaining adjoining property of the upland property owner by reason of 31

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1	the beach restoration project shall be considered. If a taking
2	is judicially determined to have occurred as a result of a
3	beach restoration project, the enhancement in value to the
4	owner's remaining adjoining property by reason of the beach
5	restoration project shall be offset against the value of the
6	damage, if any, resulting to such remaining adjoining property
7	of the upland property owner by reason of the beach
8	restoration project, but such enhancement in the value shall
9	not be offset against the value of the property or property
10	right alleged to have been taken. If the enhancement in value
11	shall exceed the value of the damage, if any, to the remaining
12	adjoining property, there shall be no recovery over against
13	the property owner for such excess.
14	Section 4. Section 161.144, Florida Statutes, is
15	created to read:
16	161.144 Policy quidance related to sand source
17	managementThe Legislature recognizes that beach-guality
18	sand for the nourishment of the state's critically eroded
19	beaches is an exhaustible resource, in ever-decreasing supply,
20	and must be carefully managed for the systemwide benefit of
21	the state's beaches. Therefore, the Department of
22	Environmental Protection, pursuant to s. 161.161 and in
23	cooperation with federal and local government agencies, shall
24	develop and maintain an inventory of identified offshore sand
25	sources as part of the regional elements of its comprehensive
26	long-term beach management plan. Offshore sand sources in
27	state or federal waters which are identified for potential,
28	proposed, or permitted use shall be clearly mapped or
29	otherwise noted and readily available for public review. In
30	addition, boards of county commissioners of coastal counties
31	adjacent to sand sources proposed for use outside of the

1 region or subregion shall be provided written notice by the 2 department and an opportunity to comment during a specific project's planning and permitting stages. The department shall 3 4 identify in its annual list of local government funding requests submitted to the Legislature, pursuant to s. 161.091, 5 6 those projects that propose to use sand sources from another 7 region or subregion at the time the list is submitted. 8 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007. 9 10 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1472 11 12 13 This committee substitute makes a series of changes involving the state's beach renourishment program. Specific provisions would: 14 Expand the definition of "access" or "public access" to 15 include established accessways as those that must be retained 16 for public use. 17 Create provisions that would allow the Department of Environmental Protection to issue permits for dune restoration 18 projects that incorporate geotextile containers or similar structures. The committee substitute also provides a series 19 of specific requirements governing the installation of these types of structures. 20 Amend provisions related to beach restoration projects and property rights of upland owners to provide the method by 21 which potential impacts to the upland owners would be valued in conjunction with the restoration project. 2.2 23 Create a new provision to direct that a sand source inventory be developed which identifies offshore sand sources. 2.4 Additionally, this provision requires that county commissions of coastal counties be notified when there is a proposal to 25 use adjacent sand sources outside of the region. 2.6 27 2.8 29 30 31