31-235-07

1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to
3	Section 4 of Article VII of the State
4	Constitution to prescribe the method for
5	valuing certain properties for ad valorem tax
6	purposes.
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8	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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10	That the following amendment to Section 4 of Article
11	VII of the State Constitution is agreed to and shall be
12	submitted to the electors of this state for approval or
13	rejection at the next general election or at an earlier
14	special election specifically authorized by law for that
15	purpose:
16	ARTICLE VII
17	FINANCE AND TAXATION
18	SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments By general law
19	regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just
20	valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:
21	(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water
22	recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
23	noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by
24	general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or
25	use.
26	(b) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property
27	held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued
28	for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be
29	classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.
30	(c) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption
31	under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead

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assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided herein.

- (1) Assessments subject to this provision shall be changed annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:
- a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.
- b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 - (2) No assessment shall exceed just value.
- (3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided herein.
- (4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead. That assessment shall only change as provided herein.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided herein.
- (6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.

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- (7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law.
- (e) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:
- (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.
- (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.
- (f)(1) If a person whose homestead property is taken through the exercise of eminent domain designates replacement property on which he or she is entitled to a homestead

1	exemption as homestead property and the value of the
2	replacement property is greater than that exempted by
3	subsection (c) of this section, the replacement homestead
4	property shall be initially assessed at less than just value,
5	as provided by general law. The difference between the
6	replacement homestead property's just value and its assessed
7	value in the first year the homestead is established may not
8	exceed the difference between the previous homestead's just
9	value and its assessed value in the year of sale. In addition,
10	to be assessed as provided in this paragraph, the assessed
11	value of the replacement homestead must equal or exceed the
12	assessed value of the previous homestead. Thereafter, the
13	homestead shall be assessed as provided herein.
14	(2) The following conditions apply when calculating
15	the assessed value of a replacement homestead property under
16	this subsection:
17	a. This subsection applies only to the first
18	replacement property on which a homestead exemption is claimed
19	after the taking.
20	b. The claim of homestead exemption on replacement
21	property must be made no later than the second January 1
22	following the taking.
23	c. This subsection applies regardless of whether the
24	replacement property is in the same county as the taken
25	property or in a different county.
26	d. This subsection applies regardless of whether the
27	replacement property was acquired after, or was owned by the
28	taxpayer at the time of, the taking.
29	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
30	placed on the ballot:
31	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTION 4 VALUATION OF HOMESTEAD PROPERTY.--Proposing an

amendment to the State Constitution to provide for assessing at less than just value the replacement homestead property of a person whose previous homestead property was taken through eminent domain if the claim of homestead exemption on the replacement property is made within a specified time, if the assessed value of the new homestead equals or exceeds the assessed value of the previous homestead, and if the difference between the new property's just value and its assessed value in the first year that a homestead exemption is claimed does not exceed the difference between the previous homestead's just value and its assessed value in the year of sale.