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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the communications services tax; amending s. 202.12, F.S.; decreasing the rate of the tax; providing for application; amending s. 202.16, F.S.; requiring dealers to document exempt sales for resale; providing requirements and procedures; providing a definition; providing construction; providing for dealer provision of evidence of the exempt status of certain sales through an informal protest process; requiring the Department of Revenue to accept certain evidence during the protest period; providing limitations; requiring the department to establish a toll-free telephone number for the purpose of verifying registration numbers and resale certificates; requiring the department to establish a system for receiving information from dealers regarding certificate numbers; amending s. 202.18, F.S.; decreasing the percentage allocation of certain tax proceeds; amending s. 202.20, F.S.; limiting local governmental authority to make certain rate adjustments in the tax under certain circumstances; providing for a determination of completeness of certain data; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 202.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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202.12 Sales of communications services.--The Legislature finds that every person who engages in the business of selling communications services at retail in this state is exercising a taxable privilege. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax imposed by chapter 203 be administered as provided in this chapter.

- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction, and the tax is due and payable as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at a rate of 6.55 6.8 percent applied to the sales price of the communications service which:
 - 1. Originates and terminates in this state, or
- 2. Originates or terminates in this state and is charged to a service address in this state,

when sold at retail, computed on each taxable sale for the purpose of remitting the tax due. The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this paragraph. If no tax is imposed by this paragraph by reason of s. 202.125(1), the tax imposed by chapter 203 shall nevertheless be collected and remitted in the manner and at the time prescribed for tax collections and remittances under this chapter.

(b) At the rate of $\underline{10.55}$ $\underline{10.8}$ percent on the retail sales price of any direct-to-home satellite service received in this state. The proceeds of the tax imposed under this paragraph

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shall be accounted for and distributed in accordance with s. 57 202.18(2). The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with 58 59 the tax imposed by this paragraph.

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Section 2. The amendments to s. 202.12, Florida Statutes, by this act shall apply to bills for communications services dated on or after January 1, 2008.

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2008, subsection (2) of section 202.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.16 Payment.--The taxes imposed or administered under this chapter and chapter 203 shall be collected from all dealers of taxable communications services on the sale at retail in this state of communications services taxable under this chapter and chapter 203. The full amount of the taxes on a credit sale, installment sale, or sale made on any kind of deferred payment plan is due at the moment of the transaction in the same manner as a cash sale.

(2)(a) A sale of communications services that are used as a component part of or integrated into a communications service or prepaid calling arrangement for resale, including, but not limited to, carrier-access charges, interconnection charges paid by providers of mobile communication services or other communication services, charges paid by cable service providers for the transmission of video or other programming by another dealer of communications services, charges for the sale of unbundled network elements, and any other intercompany charges for the use of facilities for providing communications services for resale, must be made in compliance with the rules of the

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department. Any person who makes a sale for resale which is not in compliance with these rules is liable for any tax, penalty, and interest due for failing to comply, to be calculated pursuant to s. 202.28(2)(a).

(b)1. Any dealer who makes a sale for resale shall document the exempt nature of the transaction, as established by rules adopted by the department, by retaining a copy of the purchaser's initial or annual resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 202.17(6). In lieu of maintaining a copy of the certificate, a dealer may document, prior to the time of sale, an authorization number provided telephonically or electronically by the department or by such other means established by rule of the department. The dealer may rely on an initial or annual resale certificate issued pursuant to s. 202.17(6), valid at the time of receipt from the purchaser, without seeking additional annual resale certificates from such purchaser, if the dealer makes recurring sales to the purchaser in the normal course of business on a continual basis. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "recurring sales to a purchaser in the normal course of business" means sales in which the dealer extends credit to the purchaser and records the debt as an account receivable, or in which the dealer sells to a purchaser who has an established cash account, similar to an open credit account. For purposes of this paragraph, purchases are made from a selling dealer on a continual basis if the selling dealer makes, in the normal course of business, sales to the purchaser no less frequently than once in every 12-month period.

2. A dealer may, through the informal conference procedures provided for in s. 213.21 and the rules of the department, provide the department with evidence of the exempt status of a sale. Exemption certificates executed by entities that were exempt at the time of sale, resale certificates provided by purchasers who were active dealers at the time of sale, and verification by the department of a purchaser's active dealer status at the time of sale in lieu of a resale certificate shall be accepted by the department when submitted during the protest period but may not be accepted in any proceeding under chapter 120 or any circuit court action instituted under chapter 72.

Section 4. Effective January 1, 2008, the Department of Revenue shall establish a toll-free telephone number for the verification of valid dealer registration numbers and resale certificates issued under chapter 202, Florida Statutes. The system must be adequate to guarantee a low busy rate, must respond to keypad inquiries, and must provide data that is updated daily.

Section 5. Effective January 1, 2008, the Department of Revenue shall establish a system for receiving information from dealers regarding certificate numbers of purchasers who are seeking to make purchases for resale under chapter 202, Florida Statutes. The department shall provide such dealers, free of charge, with verification of those numbers that are canceled or invalid.

Section 6. Effective January 1, 2008, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceeds.--The proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows:
- (2) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 202.12(1)(b) shall be divided as follows:

- (b) Sixty-two and one-tenth Sixty three percent of the remainder shall be allocated to the state and distributed pursuant to s. 212.20(6), except that the proceeds allocated pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)3. shall be prorated to the participating counties in the same proportion as that month's collection of the taxes and fees imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and paragraph (1)(b).
- Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 202.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 202.20 Local communications services tax conversion rates.--
- (2)(a)1. With respect to any local taxing jurisdiction, if, for the periods ending December 31, 2001; March 31, 2002; June 30, 2002; or September 30, 2002, the revenues received by that local government from the local communications services tax imposed under subsection (1) are less than the revenues received from the replaced revenue sources for the corresponding 2000-2001 period; plus reasonably anticipated growth in such revenues over the preceding 1-year period, based on the average growth of such revenues over the immediately preceding 5-year period; plus

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

an amount representing the revenues from the replaced revenue sources for the 1-month period that the local taxing jurisdiction was required to forego, the governing authority may adjust the rate of the local communications services tax upward to the extent necessary to generate the entire shortfall in revenues within 1 year after the rate adjustment and by an amount necessary to generate the expected amount of revenue on an ongoing basis.

- 2. If complete data are not available at the time of determining whether the revenues received by a local government from the local communications services tax imposed under subsection (1) are less than the revenues received from the replaced revenue sources for the corresponding 2000-2001 period, as set forth in subparagraph 1., the local government shall use the best data available for the corresponding 2000-2001 period in making such determination. Complete data shall be deemed available to all local governments after the department completes audits, including the redistribution of local tax, of dealers who account for no less than 80 percent of the amount of communications services tax revenues received for fiscal year 2005-2006.
- 3. The adjustment permitted under subparagraph 1. may be made by emergency ordinance or resolution and may be made notwithstanding the maximum rate established under s. 202.19(2) and notwithstanding any schedules or timeframes or any other limitations contained in this chapter. Beginning July 1, 2007, a local government may make such adjustment only if the department or a dealer allocates or reallocates revenues away from the

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local government. However, any such adjustment shall be made no later than 6 months following the date the department notifies the local governments in writing that complete data is available. The emergency ordinance or resolution shall specify an effective date for the adjusted rate, which shall be no less than 60 days after the date of adoption of the ordinance or resolution and shall be effective with respect to taxable services included on bills that are dated on the first day of a month subsequent to the expiration of the 60-day period. At the end of 1 year following the effective date of such adjusted rate, the local governing authority shall, as soon as is consistent with s. 202.21, reduce the rate by that portion of the emergency rate which was necessary to recoup the amount of revenues not received prior to the implementation of the emergency rate.

4. If, for the period October 1, 2001, through September 30, 2002, the revenues received by a local government from the local communications services tax conversion rate established under subsection (1), adjusted upward for the difference in rates between paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) or any other rate adjustments or base changes, are above the threshold of 10 percent more than the revenues received from the replaced revenue sources for the corresponding 2000-2001 period plus reasonably anticipated growth in such revenues over the preceding 1-year period, based on the average growth of such revenues over the immediately preceding 5-year period, the governing authority must adjust the rate of the local communications services tax to the extent necessary to reduce

revenues to the threshold by emergency ordinance or resolution within the timeframes established in subparagraph 3. The foregoing rate adjustment requirement shall not apply to a local government that adopts a local communications services tax rate by resolution or ordinance. If complete data are not available at the time of determining whether the revenues exceed the threshold, the local government shall use the best data available for the corresponding 2000-2001 period in making such determination. This subparagraph shall not be construed as establishing a right of action for any person to enforce this subparagraph or challenge a local government's implementation of this subparagraph.

Section 8. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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