1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s.
3	97.021, F.S.; redefining the term "third-party
4	registration organization"; amending s.
5	97.0575, F.S.; revising fines applicable to
6	violations of requirements relating to
7	third-party voter registrations; amending s.
8	103.121, F.S.; revising the dates relating to
9	the presidential preference primary; amending
10	s. 101.75, F.S.; authorizing municipalities to
11	move their election date by ordinance to
12	coincide with the presidential preference
13	primary; amending s. 101.151, F.S.; authorizing
14	the use of ballot-on-demand technology to
15	produce certain marksense ballots; creating s.
16	101.56075, F.S.; requiring all voting to be by
17	marksense ballot; providing an exemption for
18	voters with disabilities; requiring voter
19	interface devices for individuals with
20	disabilities by a specified date; amending s.
21	101.5612, F.S.; requiring the use of certain
22	marksense ballots for pre-election testing;
23	amending s. 101.591, F.S.; requiring
24	post-election, random audits of voting systems;
25	providing general audit procedures; mandating
26	that audit results be reported to the
27	Department of State; prescribing requirements
28	for audit reports; granting rulemaking
29	authority to the department to adopt detailed,
30	uniform audit procedures and a standard audit
31	reporting form; providing procedures for the

1

CS for CS for SB's 960 & 1010 First Engrossed

1	purchase of new voting systems and ballot
2	equipment and the disposition of existing
3	touchscreen voting systems for certain
4	counties; authorizing the Department of State
5	to purchase optical scan voting equipment and
6	ballot-on-demand equipment for certain
7	counties; appropriating funds for such purpose;
8	amending s. 97.041, F.S.; authorizing qualified
9	persons to preregister to vote on or after
10	receipt of a valid driver's license; amending
11	s. 97.053, F.S.; requiring an applicant for
12	voter registration to be notified when the
13	application cannot be verified; providing for
14	registration upon presentation of evidence of a
15	driver's license number, identification card
16	number, or the last four digits of the
17	applicant's social security number; changing
18	the time within which a person casting a
19	provisional ballot may present evidence of
20	eligibility to vote; changing the time for
21	voter registrations to be entered into the
22	statewide voter registration system; amending
23	s. 99.021, F.S.; prescribing form of oath for
24	candidates for federal office; amending s.
25	99.061, F.S.; prescribing times for qualifying
26	for nomination or election; prescribing
27	specific procedures for qualifying for special
28	district office; providing that the filing fee
29	of a candidate for a special district election
30	need not be drawn on a campaign account;
31	amending s. 99.095, F.S.; prescribing the

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

2

CS for CS for SB's 960 & 1010 First Engrossed

1	number of signatures required for a candidate
2	for special district office to qualify by
3	petition; prescribing the time for
4	certification to the Division of Elections of
5	certain candidates qualifying by petition;
6	amending s. 99.096, F.S.; changing manner of
7	candidate selection by minor political parties;
8	repealing s. 99.0965, F.S., relating to the
9	selection of minor party candidates; amending
10	s. 100.041, F.S.; prescribing the time when a
11	county commissioner is deemed elected; amending
12	s. 100.051, F.S.; revising requirements
13	relating to candidates' whose names must be
14	printed on general election ballots; amending
15	s. 100.061, F.S.; changing the date of the
16	primary election; amending s. 100.111, F.S.;
17	revising provisions relating to choosing
18	political party nominees for a special
19	election; amending s. 100.191, F.S.; revising
20	the time for canvassing special election
21	returns; amending s. 100.371, F.S.; requiring
22	initiative petition forms to be signed by the
23	constitutionally required distribution of
24	electors; amending timeframes for verifying
25	petition signatures; prescribing information
26	that must be on a petition initiative form, and
27	conditions with which the elector signing it
28	must comply, before the form may be verified;
29	providing procedures for revocation of a
30	signature on a petition form; amending s.
31	101.043, F.S.; revising forms of identification

3

CS for CS for SB's 960 & 1010 First Engrossed

1	accepted	at	the	polls;	amending	s.	101.048,	

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2	F.S.; changing the time within which a person
3	casting a provisional ballot may present
4	evidence of eligibility to vote; amending s.
5	101.573, F.S.; changing the time for filing
6	precinct-level election results; requiring such
7	results to be filed with respect to special
8	elections; prescribing requirements for such
9	data; amending s. 101.6103, F.S.; changing the
10	time to begin canvassing mail ballots; amending
11	s. 101.62, F.S.; revising the period of
12	effectiveness of a request for an absentee
13	ballot; revising the time for sending an
14	absentee ballot to an overseas elector;
15	revising time period for providing absentee
16	ballots; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; changing the
17	time to begin canvassing absentee ballots;
18	amending s. 102.112, F.S.; changing the
19	deadline for submitting county returns to the
20	Department of State; amending s. 102.141, F.S.;
21	requiring submission of preliminary returns in
22	certain format by election night to the
23	Department of State; changing the time to
24	submit unofficial returns; amending s. 102.166,
25	F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s.
26	103.081, F.S.; allowing political parties to
27	file with the Department of State names of
28	groups associated with a party; prescribing
29	conditions on the use of those filed names;
30	amending s. 103.091, F.S.; revising the number
31	of and the qualifications for state

4

CS for CS for SB's 960 & 1010

1	committeemen and committeewomen; changing the
2	times for qualifying for election to a
3	political party executive committee; amending
4	s. 103.141, F.S.; providing that officers and
5	members of a county executive committee may be
6	removed from office pursuant to s. 103.161;
7	repealing s. 103.151, F.S., relating to the
8	removal of a state executive committee member
9	for violation of the member's oath of office;
10	creating s. 103.161, F.S.; providing for the
11	removal or suspension of officers and members
12	of a state or county executive committee for
13	violation of the officer's or member's oath of
14	office; prescribing procedures for such removal
15	and restrictions after removal; amending s.
16	105.031, F.S.; changing the times for
17	qualifying for school board candidates;
18	amending s. 106.021, F.S.; revising
19	qualifications for a campaign treasurer and
20	deputy treasurer for a candidate or political
21	committee; amending s. 106.04, F.S.;
22	authorizing certain entities to collect and
23	forward membership dues to committees of
24	continuous existence; amending s. 106.055,
25	F.S.; prescribing valuation method for travel
26	on a private aircraft; amending s. 106.08,
27	F.S.; prescribing procedures for receiving and

5

transferring contributions made to political

existence; amending s. 106.09, F.S.; revising

committees and committees of continuous

prohibition on making or accepting a cash

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30 31

1	contribution; amending s. 106.143, F.S.;
2	providing disclosure requirements for political
3	advertisements made pursuant to s.
4	106.021(3)(d), F.S.; amending s. 106.17, F.S.;
5	revising who may authorize or conduct polls or
б	surveys relating to candidates; amending s.
7	106.25, F.S.; revising requirements for
8	complaints filed alleging violations of
9	chapters 106 and 104, F.S.; revising procedures
10	after certain complaints are filed; providing
11	for the withdrawal of certain complaints;
12	providing for the Florida Elections Commission
13	to maintain a searchable database of all final
14	orders and agency actions and providing
15	requirements for such database; amending s.
16	106.35, F.S.; revising the time for the
17	Division of Elections to distribute funds to
18	candidates; amending s. 112.51, F.S.; providing
19	for filling vacancies created when a municipal
20	officer has been removed from office; repealing
21	s. 106.37, F.S., relating to willful violations
22	of campaign finance laws; amending s. 189.405,
23	F.S.; revising qualification procedures for
24	candidates for special district office;
25	amending s. 191.005, F.S.; revising
26	qualification procedures for candidates for
27	independent special fire control district
28	boards of commissioners; amending s. 582.18,
29	F.S.; revising qualification procedures for
30	candidates for soil and water conservation
31	district supervisors; amending s. 876.05, F.S.;

б

CS for CS for SB's 960 & 1010

exempting candidates for federal office from 1 2 taking the public employees' oath; requiring 3 that all write-in candidates reside within the 4 district of the office sought at the time of 5 qualification; providing for severability; 6 providing effective dates. 7 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 Section 1. Subsection (36) of section 97.021, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, 12 13 except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the 14 term: (36) "Third-party registration organization" means any 15 person, entity, or organization soliciting or collecting voter 16 registration applications. A third-party voter registration 17 18 organization does not include: 19 (a) A political party; (a)(b) A person who seeks only to register to vote or 20 collect voter registration applications from that person's 21 22 spouse, child, or parent; or 23 (b)(c) A person engaged in registering to vote or 24 collecting voter registration applications as an employee or agent of the division, supervisor of elections, Department of 25 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or a voter registration 26 agency. 27 28 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 97.0575, Florida 29 Statutes, is amended to read: 97.0575 Third-party voter registrations.--30 31

(3) A third-party voter registration organization that 1 2 collects voter registration applications serves as a fiduciary 3 to the applicant, ensuring that any voter registration application entrusted to the third-party voter registration 4 organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race, 5 ethnicity, or gender shall be promptly delivered to the б 7 division or the supervisor of elections. If a voter 8 registration application collected by any third-party voter 9 registration organization is not promptly delivered to the division or supervisor of elections, the individual collecting 10 the voter registration application, the registered agent, and 11 those individuals responsible for the day to day operation of 12 13 the third-party voter registration organization, including, if 14 applicable, the entity's board of directors, president, vice president, managing partner, or such other individuals engaged 15 in similar duties or functions, shall be personally and 16 jointly and severally liable for the following fines: 17 18 (a) A fine in the amount of 50 ± 250 for each application received by the division or the supervisor of 19 elections more than 10 days after the applicant delivered the 20 completed voter registration application to the third-party 21 voter registration organization or any person, entity, or 2.2 23 agent acting on its behalf. A fine in the amount of \$250 for 24 each application received if the third-party registration organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf 25 acted willfully. 26 27 (b) A fine in the amount of $\frac{100}{500}$ for each 28 application collected by a third-party voter registration 29 organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, prior to book closing for any given election for 30 31 federal or state office and received by the division or the

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supervisor of elections after the book closing deadline for 1 2 such election. A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application received if the third-party registration 3 4 organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf acted willfully. 5 6 (c) A fine in the amount of 500, 000 for each 7 application collected by a third-party voter registration 8 organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its 9 behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor of elections. A fine in the amount of \$1,000 for any 10 application not submitted if the third-party registration 11 organization or person, entity, or agency acting on its behalf 12 13 acted willfully. 14 The aggregate fine pursuant to this subsection which may be 15 assessed against a third-party voter registration 16 organization, including affiliate organizations, for 17 18 violations committed in a calendar year shall be \$1,000. The 19 fines provided in this subsection shall be reduced by three-fourths in cases in which the third-party voter 20 registration organization has complied with subsection (1). 21 22 The secretary shall waive the fines described in this 23 subsection upon a showing that the failure to deliver the 24 voter registration application promptly is based upon force majeure or impossibility of performance. 25 Section 3. Effective July 1, 2007, subsections (1), 26 (2), (3), and (6) of section 103.101, Florida Statutes, are 27 28 amended to read: 29 103.101 Presidential preference primary.--(1) Each political party other than a minor political 30 31 party shall, on the last second Tuesday in January March in

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each year the number of which is a multiple of 4, elect one 1 2 person to be the candidate for nomination of such party for President of the United States or select delegates to the 3 national nominating convention, as provided by party rule. 4 (2) There shall be a Presidential Candidate Selection 5 Committee composed of the Secretary of State, who shall be a б 7 nonvoting chair; the Speaker of the House of Representatives; 8 the President of the Senate; the minority leader of each house 9 of the Legislature; and the chair of each political party required to have a presidential preference primary under this 10 section. 11 (a) By October December 31 of the year preceding the 12 13 Florida presidential preference primary, each political party 14 shall submit to the Secretary of State a list of its presidential candidates to be placed on the presidential 15 preference primary ballot or candidates entitled to have 16 delegates appear on the presidential preference primary 17 18 ballot. The Secretary of State shall prepare and publish a 19 list of the names of the presidential candidates submitted. The Secretary of State shall submit such list of names of 20 presidential candidates to the selection committee on the 21 first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the 2.2 23 January each year preceding the a presidential preference 24 primary election is held. Each person designated as a presidential candidate shall have his or her name appear, or 25 have his or her delegates' names appear, on the presidential 26 preference primary ballot unless all committee members of the 27 28 same political party as the candidate agree to delete such 29 candidate's name from the ballot. The selection committee 30 shall meet in Tallahassee on the first Tuesday after the first 31 Monday in November of the January each year preceding the a

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presidential preference primary is held. The selection 1 2 committee shall publicly announce and submit to the Department of State no later than 5 p.m. on the following day the names 3 of presidential candidates who shall have their names appear, 4 or who are entitled to have their delegates' names appear, on 5 the presidential preference primary ballot. The Department of б 7 State shall immediately notify each presidential candidate 8 designated by the committee. Such notification shall be in 9 writing, by registered mail, with return receipt requested. (b) Any presidential candidate whose name does not 10 appear on the list submitted to the Secretary of State may 11 request that the selection committee place his or her name on 12 13 the ballot. Such request shall be made in writing to the 14 Secretary of State no later than the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the 15 presidential preference primary January. 16 (c) If a presidential candidate makes a request that 17 18 the selection committee reconsider placing the candidate's 19 name on the ballot, the selection committee will reconvene no later than the second Thursday after the first Monday in 20 November of the year preceding the presidential preference 21 primary January to reconsider placing the candidate's name on 2.2 23 the ballot. The Department of State shall immediately notify 24 such candidate of the selection committee's decision. (3) A candidate's name shall be printed on the 25 presidential preference primary ballot unless the candidate 26 submits to the Department of State, prior to the second 27 28 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year 29 preceding the presidential preference primary January, an 30 affidavit stating that he or she is not now, and does not 31 presently intend to become, a candidate for President at the

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1	upcoming nominating convention. If a candidate withdraws
2	pursuant to this subsection, the Department of State shall
3	notify the state executive committee that the candidate's name
4	will not be placed on the ballot. The Department of State
5	shall, no later than the third Tuesday after the first Monday
6	in November of the year preceding the presidential preference
7	primary January, certify to each supervisor of elections the
8	name of each candidate for political party nomination to be
9	printed on the ballot.
10	(6) Delegates must qualify no later than the second
11	Friday in November of the year preceding the presidential
12	preference primary January in the manner provided by party
13	rule.
14	Section 4. Effective July 1, 2007, subsection (3) is
15	added to section 101.75, Florida Statutes, to read:
16	101.75 Municipal elections; change of dates for
17	cause
18	(3) Notwithstanding any provision of local law, for
19	any municipality whose election is scheduled to be held in
20	March 2008, the governing body of the municipality,
21	notwithstanding any municipal charter provision, may, by
22	ordinance, move the date of the general municipal election in
23	2008 and in each subsequent year that is a multiple of 4 to
24	the date concurrent with the presidential preference primary.
25	The dates for qualifying for the general municipal election
26	moved by the passage of such an ordinance shall be
27	specifically provided for in the ordinance and shall run for
28	no less than 14 days. The term of office for any elected
29	municipal official shall commence as provided by the relevant
30	municipal charter or ordinance, and the term of office for any
31	elected municipal official whose term was due to expire in

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March 2008 shall expire as provided by the relevant municipal 1 2 charter or ordinance. Section 5. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (1) of 3 section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 101.151 Specifications for ballots.-б (1)(a) Marksense ballots shall be printed on paper of 7 such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from 8 the back and shall meet the specifications of the voting 9 system that will be used to tabulate the ballots. 10 (b) Early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual marksense ballots, 11 including provisional ballots, for eligible electors pursuant 12 13 to s. 101.657. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce marksense absentee ballots. Not later than 30 days 14 before an election, the Secretary of State may also authorize 15 in writing the use of ballot-on-demand technology for the 16 production of election-day ballots. 17 Section 6. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.56075, 18 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 19 101.56075 Voting methods.--20 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), all voting 21 22 shall be by marksense ballot utilizing a marking device for 23 the purpose of designating ballot selections. 24 (2) Persons with disabilities may vote on a voter interface device that meets the voting system accessibility 25 26 requirements for individuals with disabilities pursuant to section 301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and 27 28 s. 101.56062. 29 (3) By 2012, persons with disabilities shall vote on a voter interface device that meets the voter accessibility 30 requirements for individuals with disabilities under section 31

301 of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and s. 1 2 101.56062, which are consistent with subsection (1) of this 3 section. Section 7. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (5) is 4 added to section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, to read: 5 6 101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.--7 (5) Any tests involving marksense ballots pursuant to 8 this section shall employ pre-printed ballots, if pre-printed 9 ballots will be used in the election, and ballot-on-demand ballots, if ballot-on-demand technology will be used to 10 produce ballots in the election, or both. 11 Section 8. Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.591, 12 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See 14 s. 101.591, F.S., for present text.) 15 101.591 Voting system audit.--16 (1) Immediately following the certification of each 17 18 election, the county canvassing board or the local board 19 responsible for certifying the election shall conduct a manual audit of the voting systems used in randomly selected 20 precincts. 21 (2) The audit shall consist of a public manual tally 2.2 23 of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that appears 24 on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election-day, absentee, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in 25 26 at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local 27 28 board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of 29 the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at 30 31 random by the county canvassing board or the local board

1	responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall
2	be selected at a publicly-noticed canvassing board meeting.
3	(3) The canvassing board shall post a notice of the
4	audit, including the date, time, and place, in four
5	conspicuous places in the county and on the home page of the
6	county supervisor of elections web site.
7	(4) The audit must be completed and the results made
8	public no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 7th day following
9	certification of the election by the county canvassing board
10	or the local board responsible for certifying the election.
11	(5) Within 15 days after completion of the audit, the
12	county canvassing board or the board responsible for
13	certifying the election shall provide a report with the
14	results of the audit to the Department of State in a standard
15	format as prescribed by the department. The report shall
16	contain, but is not limited to, the following items:
17	(a) The overall accuracy of audit.
18	(b) A description of any problems or discrepancies
19	encountered.
20	(c) The likely cause of such problems or
21	discrepancies.
22	(d) Recommended corrective action with respect to
23	avoiding or mitigating such circumstances in future elections.
24	Section 9. <u>Effective upon this act becoming a law, the</u>
25	Department of State shall adopt rules to implement the
26	provisions of s. 101.591, Florida Statutes, as amended by
27	section 8 which prescribe detailed audit procedures for each
28	voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent
29	practicable, along with the standard form for audit reports.
30	Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law:
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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(1) Notwithstanding ss. 101.292-101.295 and s. 1 2 101.5604, Florida Statutes, as a condition of the state purchasing optical scan voting equipment and ballot-on-demand 3 equipment to replace touchscreen equipment as provided in 4 section 11, each recipient county hereby authorizes the 5 Secretary of State to act as its agent to negotiate the б 7 purchase of new equipment and the sale, exchange, or other 8 disposition of existing touchscreen voting equipment that is 9 not necessary to conduct voting for individuals with disabilities. Further, each such county hereby designates the 10 Secretary of State as the authorized recipient of all proceeds 11 realized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of the 12 13 voting equipment, after satisfying obligations or indebtedness 14 associated with the voting equipment, up to and including the state's cost to fund the county's new equipment. The secretary 15 shall deposit the proceeds in the Grants and Donations Trust 16 17 Fund within 60 days after the sale, exchange, or other 18 disposition. 19 (2) A county commission may choose to opt out of this state funding scheme by filing a notice to that effect with 20 the Department of State no later than June 30, 2007. Any 21 22 county choosing to opt out shall continue to be governed by the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295 and s. 101.5604, Florida 23 24 Statutes, with respect to the purchase of new voting systems 25 and equipment. Section 11. Effective July 1, 2007: 26 (1) The Department of State is authorized to purchase: 27 28 (a) Election-day optical scan voting equipment, for 29 the following counties: Broward, Charlotte, Collier, Hillsborough, Indian River, Lake, Lee, Martin, Miami-Dade, 30 Nassau, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Sarasota, and Sumter. 31

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(b) Ballot-on-demand equipment for use at early voting 1 2 sites, including optical scan tabulators, for the following 3 counties: Bay, Brevard, Broward, Charlotte, Clay, Collier, Escambia, Hillsborough, Indian River, Jackson, Lake, Lee, 4 Levy, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Nassau, Okaloosa, Orange, 5 Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, б 7 St. Johns, Sumter, Taylor, and Washington. 8 (2) The sum of \$27,861,850 is appropriated from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund to the Division of Elections 9 within the Department of State for the purpose of implementing 10 this section. 11 Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 12 13 97.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 97.041 Qualifications to register or vote.--15 (1)(b) A person who is otherwise qualified may 16 preregister on or after that person's 17th birthday or receipt 17 18 of a valid Florida driver's license, whichever occurs earlier, and may vote in any election occurring on or after that 19 person's 18th birthday. 20 Section 13. Subsections (6) and (7) of section 97.053, 21 22 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 97.053 Acceptance of voter registration 24 applications.--(6) A voter registration application may be accepted 25 as valid only after the department has verified the 26 authenticity or nonexistence of the driver's license number, 27 28 the Florida identification card number, or the last four 29 digits of the social security number provided by the applicant. If a completed voter registration application has 30 31 been received by the book-closing deadline but the driver's

license number, the Florida identification card number, or the 1 2 last four digits of the social security number provided by the applicant cannot be verified, the applicant shall be notified 3 that the application is incomplete and that the voter must 4 provide evidence to the supervisor sufficient to verify the 5 authenticity of the number provided on the application. If the б 7 voter provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall 8 place the voter's name on the registration rolls as an active 9 voter. If the voter has not provided the necessary evidence or the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the 10 applicant presenting himself or herself to vote, the applicant 11 shall be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot 12 13 shall be counted only if the application is verified by the 14 end of the canvassing period or if the applicant presents evidence to the supervisor of elections sufficient to verify 15 the authenticity of the driver's license number, Florida 16 identification card number, or last four digits of the social 17 18 security number provided on the application no later than 5 19 p.m. of the second third day following the election. (7) All voter registration applications received by a 20 voter registration official shall be entered into the 21 statewide voter registration system within 13 15 days after 2.2 23 receipt. Once entered, the application shall be immediately 24 forwarded to the appropriate supervisor of elections. Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 25 99.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 99.021 Form of candidate oath.--27 28 (1)(a)1. Each candidate, whether a party candidate, a 29 candidate with no party affiliation, or a write-in candidate, 30 in order to qualify for nomination or election to any office 31 other than a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or a

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federal office, shall take and subscribe to an oath or 1 2 affirmation in writing. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be furnished to the candidate by the officer 3 before whom such candidate seeks to qualify and shall be 4 substantially in the following form: 5 б 7 State of Florida 8 County of 9 Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, personally appeared ... (please print name as you wish it to 10 appear on the ballot)..., to me well known, who, being sworn, 11 says that he or she is a candidate for the office of; 12 13 that he or she is a qualified elector of County, Florida; 14 that he or she is qualified under the Constitution and the laws of Florida to hold the office to which he or she desires 15 to be nominated or elected; that he or she has taken the oath 16 required by ss. 876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or 17 18 she has qualified for no other public office in the state, the term of which office or any part thereof runs concurrent with 19 that of the office he or she seeks; and that he or she has 20 resigned from any office from which he or she is required to 21 resign pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes. 2.2 23 ...(Signature of candidate)... 24 ...(Address)... 25 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 26 27 ... (year)..., at County, Florida. 28 ... (Signature and title of officer administering oath)... 29 2. Each candidate for federal office, whether a party 30 31 <u>candidate, a candidate with no party affiliation, or a</u>

write-in candidate, in order to qualify for nomination or 1 2 election to office shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation in writing. A printed copy of the oath or 3 affirmation shall be furnished to the candidate by the officer 4 before whom such candidate seeks to qualify and shall be 5 substantially in the following form: б 7 8 State of Florida 9 <u>County of</u> Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, 10 personally appeared (please print name as you wish it to 11 appear on the ballot), to me well known, who, being sworn, 12 13 says that he or she is a candidate for the office of 14 ; that he or she is qualified under the Constitution and laws of the United States to hold the office to which he 15 or she desires to be nominated or elected; that he or she has 16 qualified for no other public office in the state, the term of 17 18 which office or any part thereof runs concurrent with that of 19 the office he or she seeks; and that he or she has resigned from any office from which he or she is required to resign 20 pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes. 21 22 (Signature of candidate) 23 (Address) 24 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of 25 26 (year), at County, Florida. ... (Signature and title of officer administering oath)... 27 28 Section 15. Section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election 30 31 to federal, state, county, or district office.--

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(1) The provisions of any special act to the contrary 1 2 notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district 3 office, other than election to a judicial office as defined in 4 chapter 105 or the office of school board member, shall file 5 his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying б 7 fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election 8 assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, 9 the Department of State, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 with the Department of State, at any 10 time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be 11 as follows: the 120th day prior to the primary election, but 12 not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the 13 14 primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office or to the office of 15 the state attorney or the public defender; and noon of the 16 71st 50th day prior to the primary election, but not later 17 18 than noon of the 67th 46th day prior to the date of the 19 primary election, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty district 20 office, other than the office of the state attorney or the 21 public defender. 2.2 23 (2) The provisions of any special act to the contrary 24 notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a county office, or district or special 25 district office not covered by subsection (1), shall file his 26 or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, 27 28 which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, 29 and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the 30 supervisor of elections of the county, or shall qualify by the 31 petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 with the supervisor of

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1	elections, at any time after noon of the 1st day for
2	qualifying, which shall be the <u>71st</u> 50th day prior to the
3	primary election or special district election , but not later
4	than noon of the <u>67th</u> 46th day prior to the date of the
5	primary election or special district election. However, if a
6	special district election is held at the same time as the
7	general election, qualifying shall be the 50th day prior to
8	the primary election, but not later than noon of the 46th day
9	prior to the date of the primary election . Within 30 days
10	after the closing of qualifying time, the supervisor of
11	elections shall remit to the secretary of the state executive
12	committee of the political party to which the candidate
13	belongs the amount of the filing fee, two-thirds of which
14	shall be used to promote the candidacy of candidates for
15	county offices and the candidacy of members of the
16	Legislature.
17	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of any special act
18	to the contrary, each person seeking to qualify for election
19	to a special district office shall qualify between noon of the
20	71st day prior to the primary election and noon of the 67th
21	day prior to the date of the primary election. Candidates for
22	single county special districts shall qualify with the
23	supervisor of elections in the county in which the district is
24	located. If the district is a multicounty district, candidates
25	shall qualify with the Department of State. All special
26	district candidates shall qualify by paying a filing fee of
27	\$25 or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095.
28	Notwithstanding s. 106.021, a candidate who does not collect
29	contributions and whose only expense is the filing fee or
30	signature verification fee is not required to appoint a
31	<u>campaign treasurer or designate a primary campaign depository.</u>

(4)(3)(a) Each person seeking to qualify for election 1 2 to office as a write-in candidate shall file his or her qualification papers with the respective qualifying officer at 3 any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, but not 4 later than noon of the last day of the qualifying period for 5 б the office sought. 7 (b) Any person who is seeking election as a write-in 8 candidate shall not be required to pay a filing fee, election 9 assessment, or party assessment. A write-in candidate is shall not be entitled to have his or her name printed on any ballot; 10 however, space for the write-in candidate's name to be written 11 in <u>must</u> shall be provided on the general election ballot. <u>A</u> No 12 person may not qualify as a write-in candidate if the person 13 14 has also otherwise qualified for nomination or election to such office. 15 (5) (4) At the time of qualifying for office, each 16 candidate for a constitutional office shall file a full and 17 18 public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, 19 Art. II of the State Constitution, and a candidate for any other office, including local elective office, shall file a 20 statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145. 21 (6) (5) The Department of State shall certify to the 2.2 23 supervisor of elections, within 7 days after the closing date 24 for qualifying, the names of all duly qualified candidates for nomination or election who have qualified with the Department 25 of State. 26 27 (6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed 28 in this section, if a candidate has submitted the necessary 29 petitions by the required deadline in order to qualify by the 30 petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 as a candidate for nomination or election and the candidate is notified after the 31

5th day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required 1 2 number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate is entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the 3 4 qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date the 5 candidate is notified that the necessary number of signatures б has been obtained. Any candidate who qualifies within the time 7 prescribed in this subsection is entitled to have his or her 8 name printed on the ballot. (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the 9 following items must be received by the filing officer by the 10 end of the qualifying period: 11 1. A properly executed check drawn upon the 12 13 candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the 14 fee required by s. 99.092 or, in lieu thereof, as applicable, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position pursuant 15 to s. 99.095. The filing fee for a special district candidate 16 is not required to be drawn upon the candidate's campaign 17 18 account. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the 19 candidate and the candidate shall, the end of qualifying 20 notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such notification 21 is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, 2.2 23 to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of 24 the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate. 25 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which 26 must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on 27 28 the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group 29 number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly 30 acknowledged. 31

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3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by 1 2 the candidate and duly acknowledged. 3 4. If the office sought is partisan, the written 4 statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b). 5 5. The completed form for the appointment of campaign б 7 treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required 8 by s. 106.021. 6. The full and public disclosure or statement of 9 financial interests required by subsection (5)(4). A public 10 officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or 11 statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics 12 13 or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office 14 may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying. (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers 15 that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) 16 prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall 17 18 make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate 19 that all required items must be received by the close of 20 qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the 21 ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying. 2.2 23 (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed 24 in this section, a qualifying office may accept and hold qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to 25 the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and 26 filed during the qualifying period. 27 28 (9) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed 29 by this section, in each year in which the Legislature apportions the state, the qualifying period for persons 30 31 seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal

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office shall be between noon of the 71st 57th day prior to the 1 2 primary election, but not later than noon of the 67th 53rd day prior to the primary election. 3 (10) The Department of State may prescribe by rule 4 requirements for filing papers to qualify as a candidate under 5 б this section. 7 Section 16. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 99.095, 8 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 9 99.095 Petition process in lieu of a qualifying fee and party assessment. --10 (2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a 11 candidate <u>must</u> shall obtain the number of signatures of voters 12 13 in the geographical area represented by the office sought 14 equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of registered voters of that geographical area, as shown by the compilation 15 by the department for the <u>immediately</u> last preceding general 16 election. Signatures may not be obtained until the candidate 17 18 has filed the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository pursuant to s. 106.021. 19 (b) A candidate for a special district office shall 20 obtain 25 signatures of voters in the geographical area 21 22 represented by the office sought. 23 (c)(b) The format of the petition shall be prescribed 24 by the division and shall be used by candidates to reproduce petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an 25 office that requires a group or district designation, the 26 petition must indicate that designation and, if it does not, 27 the signatures are not valid. A separate petition is required 28 29 for each candidate. (4)(a) Certifications for candidates for federal, 30 31 state, or multicounty district, or multicounty special

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district office shall be submitted to the division no later 1 2 than the 7th day before the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The division shall determine whether 3 the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall 4 notify the candidate. 5 (b) For candidates for county, or district, or special б 7 district office not covered by paragraph (a), the supervisor 8 shall determine whether the required number of signatures has 9 been obtained and shall notify the candidate. Section 17. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 10 section 99.096, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 99.096 Minor political party candidates; names on 12 13 ballot.--(1) No later than noon of the third day prior to the 14 15 first day of the qualifying period prescribed for federal candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party 16 17 shall submit to the Department of State a list of federal 18 candidates nominated by the party to be on the general 19 election ballot. No later than noon of the third day prior to the first day of the qualifying period for state candidates, 20 the executive committee of a minor political party shall 21 22 submit to the filing officer for each of the candidates the 23 official list of the state, multicounty, and county candidates 24 nominated by that party to be on the ballot in the general election. The official list of nominated candidates may not be 25 changed by the party after having been filed with the filing 26 officers, except that vacancies in nominations may be filled 27 pursuant to s. 100.111. 28 29 (2) Each person seeking to qualify for election as a 30 candidate of a minor political party shall file his or her qualifying papers with, and pay the qualifying fee and, if one 31

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has been levied, the party assessment, or qualify by the 1 2 petition process pursuant to s. 99.095, with the officer and at the times and under the circumstances provided in s. 3 99.061. 4 Section 18. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 5 section 99.0965, Florida Statutes, is repealed. б 7 Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 8 100.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 100.041 Officers chosen at general election.--(2)(a) Each county commissioner from an odd-numbered 10 district shall be elected at the general election in each year 11 the number of which is a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term 12 13 commencing on the second Tuesday following such election, and 14 each county commissioner from an even-numbered district shall be elected at the general election in each even-numbered year 15 the number of which is not a multiple of 4, for a 4-year term 16 commencing on the second Tuesday following such election. \underline{A} 17 county commissioner is "elected" for purposes of this 18 19 paragraph on the date that the county canvassing board certifies the results of the election pursuant to s. 102.151. 20 Section 20. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 21 section 100.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.2 23 100.051 Candidate's name on general election 24 ballot. -- The supervisor of elections of each county shall print on ballots to be used in the county at the next general 25 election the names of candidates who have been nominated by a 26 27 political party, other than a minor political party, and the 28 candidates who have otherwise obtained a position on the 29 general election ballot in compliance with the requirements of this code. 30 31

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Section 21. Section 100.061, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 100.061 Primary election. -- In each year in which a 4 general election is held, a primary election for nomination of candidates of political parties shall be held on the Tuesday 5 10 9 weeks prior to the general election. The candidate б 7 receiving the highest number of votes cast in each contest in 8 the primary election shall be declared nominated for such 9 office. If two or more candidates receive an equal and highest number of votes for the same office, such candidates shall 10 draw lots to determine which candidate is nominated. 11 Section 22. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 12 13 subsection (3) of section 100.111, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 100.111 Filling vacancy.--15 (3) Whenever there is a vacancy for which a special 16 election is required pursuant to s. 100.101, the Governor, 17 18 after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall fix the dates of a special primary election and a special election. 19 Nominees of political parties other than minor political 20 parties shall be chosen under the primary laws of this state 21 in the special primary election to become candidates in the 2.2 23 special election. Prior to setting the special election dates, 24 the Governor shall consider any upcoming elections in the jurisdiction where the special election will be held. The 25 dates fixed by the Governor shall be specific days certain and 26 shall not be established by the happening of a condition or 27 28 stated in the alternative. The dates fixed shall provide a 29 minimum of 2 weeks between each election. In the event a 30 vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the 31 House of Representatives when the Legislature is in regular

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legislative session, the minimum times prescribed by this 1 2 subsection may be waived upon concurrence of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of 3 4 the Senate. If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator and no session of the Legislature is scheduled to be held 5 prior to the next general election, the Governor may fix the б 7 dates for the special primary election and for the special 8 election to coincide with the dates of the primary election 9 and general election. If a vacancy in office occurs in any district in the state Senate or House of Representatives or in 10 any congressional district, and no session of the Legislature, 11 or session of Congress if the vacancy is in a congressional 12 13 district, is scheduled to be held during the unexpired portion 14 of the term, the Governor is not required to call a special election to fill such vacancy. 15 (a) The dates for candidates to qualify in such 16 special election or special primary election shall be fixed by 17 18 the Department of State, and candidates shall qualify not later than noon of the last day so fixed. The dates fixed for 19 qualifying shall allow a minimum of 14 days between the last 20 day of qualifying and the special primary election. 21 22 (b) The filing of campaign expense statements by 23 candidates in such special elections or special primaries and 24 by committees making contributions or expenditures to influence the results of such special primaries or special 25 elections shall be not later than such dates as shall be fixed 26 by the Department of State, and in fixing such dates the 27 28 Department of State shall take into consideration and be 29 governed by the practical time limitations. 30 (c) The dates for a candidate to qualify by the

31 petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 in such special primary

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or special election shall be fixed by the Department of State. 1 2 In fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time 3 limitations. Any candidate seeking to qualify by the petition 4 process in a special primary election shall obtain 25 percent 5 of the signatures required by s. 99.095. б 7 (d) The qualifying fees and party assessments of such 8 candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for 9 the same office at the last previous primary for that office. The party assessment shall be paid to the appropriate 10 executive committee of the political party to which the 11 candidate belongs. 12 13 (e) Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy 14 a return of the result of such special primary elections and special elections as time will permit, and the Elections 15 Canvassing Commission likewise shall make as speedy a canvass 16 and declaration of the nominees as time will permit. 17 18 Section 23. Section 100.191, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 100.191 General election laws applicable to special elections; returns. -- All laws that are applicable to general 21 elections are applicable to special elections or special 2.2 23 primary elections to fill a vacancy in office or nomination-24 except that the canvass of returns by the county canvassing 25 board of each county in which a special election is held shall be made on the day following the election, and the certificate 26 of the result of the canvass shall be immediately forwarded to 27 28 the Department of State. The Elections Canvassing Commission 29 shall immediately, upon receipt of returns from the county in which a special election is held, proceed to canvass the 30 31 returns and determine and declare the result thereof.

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Section 24. Effective August 1, 2007, subsections (1) 1 2 and (3) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, are amended, 3 present subsection (6) of that section is renumbered as subsection (7) and amended, and a new subsection (6) is added 4 to that section, to read: 5 100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on б 7 ballot.--8 (1) Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative 9 shall be placed on the ballot for the general election, provided the initiative petition has been filed with the 10 Secretary of State no later than February 1 of the year the 11 general election is held. A petition shall be deemed to be 12 13 filed with the Secretary of State upon the date the secretary 14 determines that valid and verified the petition forms have has been signed by the constitutionally required number and 15 distribution of electors under this code, subject to the right 16 of revocation established in this section. 17 18 (3) Each signature shall be dated when made and shall 19 be valid for a period of 4 years following such date, provided all other requirements of law are met. The sponsor shall 20 submit signed and dated forms to the appropriate supervisor of 21 22 elections for verification as to the number of registered 23 electors whose valid signatures appear thereon. The supervisor 24 shall promptly verify the signatures within 30 days of receipt of the petition forms and upon payment of the fee required by 25 s. 99.097. The supervisor shall promptly record each valid 26 signature in the statewide voter registration system, in the 27 manner prescribed by the Secretary of State, the date each 28 29 form is received by the supervisor and the date the signature on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify 30 that the signature on a form is valid only if: 31

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(a) The form contains the original signature of the 1 2 purported elector. 3 (b) The purported elector has accurately recorded on the form the date on which he or she signed the form. 4 5 (c) The form accurately sets forth the purported elector's name, street address, county, and voter registration б 7 number or date of birth. 8 (d) The purported elector is, at the time he or she 9 signs the form, a duly qualified and registered elector authorized to vote in the county in which his or her signature 10 is submitted. 11 12 13 The supervisor shall retain the signature forms for at least 1 14 year following the election in which the issue appeared on the ballot or until the Division of Elections notifies the 15 supervisors of elections that the committee which circulated 16 the petition is no longer seeking to obtain ballot position. 17 18 (6)(a) An elector's signature on a petition form may be revoked within 150 days of the date on which he or she 19 signed the petition form by submitting to the appropriate 20 supervisor of elections a signed petition-revocation form 21 22 adopted by rule for this purpose by the division. 23 (b) The petition-revocation form and the manner in 24 which signatures are obtained, submitted, and verified shall be subject to the same relevant requirements and timeframes as 25 the corresponding petition form and processes under this code 26 and shall be approved by the Secretary of State before any 27 28 signature on a petition-revocation form is obtained. 29 (c) Supervisors of elections shall provide petition-revocation forms to the public at all main and branch 30 31 offices.

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1	(d) The petition-revocation form shall be filed with
2	the supervisor of elections by February 1 preceding the next
3	general election or, if the initiative amendment is not
4	certified for ballot position in that election, by February 1
5	preceding the next successive general election. The supervisor
б	of elections shall promptly verify the signature on the
7	petition-revocation form and process such revocation upon
8	payment, in advance, of a fee of 10 cents or the actual cost
9	of verifying such signature, whichever is less. The supervisor
10	shall promptly record each valid and verified
11	petition-revocation form in the statewide voter registration
12	system in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State.
13	(7)(6) The Department of State may adopt rules in
14	accordance with s. 120.54 to carry out the provisions of
15	subsections <u>(1)-(6)(1) (5).</u>
16	Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 101.043, Florida
17	Statutes, is amended to read:
18	101.043 Identification required at polls
19	(1) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461,
20	shall be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the
21	elector at the polls prior to allowing him or her to vote. The
22	clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering
23	the polling place, to present one of the following current and
24	valid picture identifications:
25	(a) Florida driver's license.
26	(b) Florida identification card issued by the
27	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
28	(c) United States passport.
29	(d) Employee badge or identification.
30	(e) Buyer's club identification.
31	(d)(f) Debit or credit card.

(e)(g) Military identification. 1 2 (f)(h) Student identification. 3 (q)(i) Retirement center identification. (h)(j) Neighborhood association identification. 4 (i)(k) Public assistance identification. 5 6 7 If the picture identification does not contain the signature 8 of the voter, an additional identification that provides the 9 voter's signature shall be required. The elector shall sign his or her name in the space provided on the precinct register 10 or on an electronic device provided for recording the voter's 11 signature. The clerk or inspector shall compare the signature 12 13 with that on the identification provided by the elector and 14 enter his or her initials in the space provided on the precinct register or on an electronic device provided for that 15 purpose and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or 16 inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector. 17 18 Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 101.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 101.048 Provisional ballots.--20 (1) At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly 21 registered in the state and eligible to vote at the precinct 2.2 23 in the election but whose eligibility cannot be determined, a 24 person whom an election official asserts is not eligible, and other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote 25 a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall 26 be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a 27 28 provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot shall be 29 deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor 30 31 of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the

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provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional 1 2 ballot shall have the right to present written evidence supporting his or her eligibility to vote to the supervisor of 3 elections by not later than 5 p.m. on the second third day 4 following the election. 5 Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 101.573, Florida б 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 101.573 Record of votes by precinct.--9 (1) Within 35 75 days after the date of a municipal election or runoff, whichever occurs later, a presidential 10 preference primary, <u>a primary election</u>, <u>a special election</u>, or 11 a general election, the supervisor of elections shall file 12 with the Department of State precinct-level election results, 13 14 in an electronic format specified by the Department of State, for that election cycle, including any primary elections. 15 Precinct-level election results shall separately record for 16 each precinct all demographic data associated with each 17 precinct at book close for each election, individual vote 18 19 history, the returns of ballots cast at the precinct location. to which have been added the returns of absentee ballots cast 20 by voters registered in the precinct, and the returns of early 21 ballots cast by voters registered in the precinct. The data 2.2 23 are required to be cross referenced by political party and 24 other demographic information as defined by the Department of State. The Department of State shall create a uniform system 25 for the collection and reporting of such precinct-level 26 election results and vote history. 27 28 Section 28. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 29 101.6103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 101.6103 Mail ballot election procedure.--30 31

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(6) The canvassing board may begin the canvassing of 1 2 mail ballots at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the 3 election, including processing the ballots through the tabulating equipment. However, results may not be released 4 until after 7 p.m. on election day. Any canvassing board 5 member or election employee who releases any result before 7 б 7 p.m. on election day commits a felony of the third degree, 8 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 9 775.084. (8) Effective July 1, 2005, A ballot that otherwise 10 satisfies the requirements of subsection (5) shall be counted 11 even if the elector dies after mailing the ballot but before 12 election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the 13 14 ballot was: (a) Postmarked by the United States Postal Service; 15 (b) Date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by 16 17 common carrier; or 18 (c) Already in the possession of the supervisor of 19 elections. Section 29. Effective July 1, 2007, subsections (1) 20 and (4) of section 101.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to 21 22 read: 23 101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--24 (1)(a) The supervisor may accept a request for an absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing. 25 Except as provided in s. 101.694, one request shall be deemed 26 sufficient to receive an absentee ballot for all elections 27 28 through the next two regularly scheduled general elections 29 which are held within a calendar year, unless the elector or 30 the elector's designee indicates at the time the request is 31 made the elections for which the elector desires to receive an

absentee ballot. Such request may be considered canceled when 1 2 any first-class mail sent by the supervisor to the elector is 3 returned as undeliverable. 4 (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic request for an absentee ballot from the elector, or, if 5 directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's б 7 immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian. For 8 purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the 9 same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(b). The person making the request must disclose: 10 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is 11 requested; 12 13 2. The elector's address; 14 3. The elector's date of birth; 4. The requester's name; 15 5. The requester's address; 16 17 б. The requester's driver's license number, if 18 available; 7. The requester's relationship to the elector; and 19 8. The requester's signature (written requests only). 20 (4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who 21 22 has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections 23 shall mail an absentee ballot not <u>less</u> fewer than 35 days 24 before the primary election and not less than 45 days before the or general election. 25 (b) The supervisor shall provide an absentee ballot to 26 each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made 27 28 by one of the following means: 29 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the 30 31 supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that:

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a. The elector is absent from the county and does not 1 2 plan to return before the day of the election; 3 b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the 4 residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other emergency or natural disaster; or 5 c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living б 7 facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation 8 facility, or correctional facility, 9 in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot by 10 nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other 11 address the elector specifies in the request. 12 13 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to 14 vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. 15 3. By personal delivery before 7 p.m. on election day 16 to the elector, upon presentation of the identification 17 18 required in <u>s. 101.043</u> s. 101.657. 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 19 5 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may 20 designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the 21 22 elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more 23 than two absentee ballots per election, other than the 24 designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For 25 purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the 26 designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or 27 28 sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The 29 designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of 30 31 the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee

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shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized 1 2 by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family 3 and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe 4 the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that 5 the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the б 7 signature of the elector on the written authorization matches 8 the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector. 9 Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 101.68, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot .--12 13 (2)(a) The county canvassing board may begin the 14 canvassing of absentee ballots at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the election, but not later than noon on the day 15 following the election. In addition, for any county using 16 electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of absentee 17 18 ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin at 7 a.m. on the sixth fourth day before the election. However, 19 notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or 20 otherwise processing absentee ballots early, no result shall 21 22 be released until after the closing of the polls in that 23 county on election day. Any supervisor of elections, deputy 24 supervisor of elections, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee who releases the results of 25 a canvassing or processing of absentee ballots prior to the 26 closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a 27 28 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 29 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. (b) To ensure that all absentee ballots to be counted 30

31 by the canvassing board are accounted for, the canvassing

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board shall compare the number of ballots in its possession 1 2 with the number of requests for ballots received to be counted according to the supervisor's file or list. 3 (c)1. The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor 4 has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector 5 on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector б 7 in the registration books to see that the elector is duly 8 registered in the county and to determine the legality of that 9 absentee ballot. Effective July 1, 2005, The ballot of an elector who casts an absentee ballot shall be counted even if 10 the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, prior 11 to the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the 12 13 United States Postal Service, date-stamped with a verifiable 14 tracking number by common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor of elections. An absentee ballot 15 shall be considered illegal if it does not include the 16 signature of the elector, as shown by the registration 17 18 records. However, an absentee ballot shall not be considered 19 illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope. If the canvassing board 20 determines that any ballot is illegal, a member of the board 21 shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of 2.2 23 the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The envelope and the 24 ballot contained therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved. 25 2. If any elector or candidate present believes that 26 an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the 27 28 voter's certificate, he or she may, at any time before the 29 ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing 30 board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying 31 the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes

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the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in 1 2 the voter's certificate may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope. 3 4 (d) The canvassing board shall record the ballot upon 5 the proper record, unless the ballot has been previously recorded by the supervisor. The mailing envelopes shall be б 7 opened and the secrecy envelopes shall be mixed so as to make 8 it impossible to determine which secrecy envelope came out of 9 which signed mailing envelope; however, in any county in which an electronic or electromechanical voting system is used, the 10 ballots may be sorted by ballot styles and the mailing 11 envelopes may be opened and the secrecy envelopes mixed 12 13 separately for each ballot style. The votes on absentee 14 ballots shall be included in the total vote of the county. Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 102.112, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 16 102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to 17 18 the Department of State .--(2) Returns must be filed by 5 p.m. on the 7th day 19 following a primary election and by noon 5 p.m. on the 12th 20 11th day following the general election. However, the 21 Department of State may correct typographical errors, 2.2 23 including the transposition of numbers, in any returns 24 submitted to the Department of State pursuant to s. 102.111(1).25 Section 32. Present subsections (4) through (9) of 26 section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as 27 28 subsections (5) through (10), respectively, present 29 subsections (4) and (6) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 30 31 102.141 County canvassing board; duties.--

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(4) The canvassing board shall submit by 11:59 p.m. on 1 2 election night the preliminary returns it has received to the 3 Department of State in a format provided by the department. (5)(4) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or 4 in formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the 5 Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or б 7 multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the 8 third day after any primary election and no later than noon on 9 the <u>fourth</u> fifth day after any general or other election. Such returns shall include the canvass of all ballots as required 10 by subsection (2), except for provisional ballots, which 11 returns shall be reported at the time required for official 12 13 returns pursuant to s. 102.112(2). 14 (7)(6) If the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by 15 one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such 16 office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office 17 18 was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less 19 of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by 20 one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such 21 measure, the board responsible for certifying the results of 2.2 23 the vote on such race or measure shall order a recount of the 24 votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Elections Canvassing Commission is the board responsible for 25 ordering federal, state, and multicounty recounts. A recount 26 need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any 27 28 office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or 29 eliminated from contention for such office by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in 30 31 writing that a recount not be made.

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1	(a) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a
2	recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic
3	tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns
4	correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense ballot is
5	physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by
б	the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true
7	duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the
8	procedures in s. 101.5614(5). Immediately before the start of
9	the recount, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be
10	conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no
11	error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be
12	presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed
13	accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall
14	be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as
15	necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the
16	error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective
17	measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later
18	than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall
19	file a separate incident report with the Department of State,
20	detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any
21	measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error.
22	(b) Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a
23	recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the
24	counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total
25	of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall
26	election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall
27	election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators,
28	the counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed
29	correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.
30	(c) The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in
31	formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial

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returns to the Department of State for each federal, 1 2 statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than 3 p.m. on the fifth day after any primary election 3 and no later than 3 p.m. on the <u>ninth</u> eighth day after any 4 general election in which a recount was conducted pursuant to 5 this subsection. If the canvassing board is unable to complete б 7 the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the 8 second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and 9 the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of 10 why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the 11 canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this 12 13 subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 14 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. 15 (d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules 16 prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified 17 18 voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent 19 practicable. Section 33. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 20 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 102.166 Manual recounts.--23 (5) Procedures for a manual recount are as follows: 24 (b) Each duplicate ballot prepared pursuant to s. 101.5614(5) or <u>s. 102.141(7)</u> s. 102.141(6) shall be compared 25 with the original ballot to ensure the correctness of the 26 duplicate. 27 28 Section 34. Subsection (3) is added to section 29 103.081, Florida Statutes, to read: 30 103.081 Use of party name; political advertising.--31

1	(3) A political party may file with the Department of
2	State names of groups or committees associated with the
3	political party. Such filed names may not be used without
4	first obtaining the written permission of the chair of the
5	state executive committee of the party.
б	Section 35. Subsections (1) and (4) and paragraph (b)
7	of subsection (6) of section 103.091, Florida Statutes, are
8	amended to read:
9	103.091 Political parties
10	(1) Each political party of the state shall be
11	represented by a state executive committee. County executive
12	committees and other committees may be established in
13	accordance with the rules of the state executive committee. A
14	political party may provide for the selection of its national
15	committee and its state and county executive committees in
16	such manner as it deems proper. Unless otherwise provided by
17	party rule, the county executive committee of each political
18	party shall consist of at least two members, a man and a
19	woman, from each precinct, who shall be called the precinct
20	committeeman and committeewoman. For counties divided into 40
21	or more precincts, the state executive committee may adopt a
22	district unit of representation for such county executive
23	committees. Upon adoption of a district unit of
24	representation, the state executive committee shall request
25	the supervisor of elections of that county, with approval of
26	the board of county commissioners, to provide for election
27	districts as nearly equal in number of registered voters as
28	possible. Each county committeeman or committeewoman shall be
29	a resident of the precinct from which he or she is elected.
30	<u>Each state committeeman or committeewoman must be a member in</u>
31	good standing of the county executive committee for the county

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in which the state committeeman or committeewoman is a 1 2 registered voter. 3 (4) Any political party other than a minor political party may by rule provide for the membership of its state or 4 county executive committee to be elected for 4-year terms at 5 the primary election in each year a presidential election is б 7 held. The terms shall commence on the first day of the month 8 following each presidential general election; but the names of 9 candidates for political party offices shall not be placed on the ballot at any other election. The results of such election 10 shall be determined by a plurality of the votes cast. In such 11 event, electors seeking to qualify for such office shall do so 12 13 with the Department of State or supervisor of elections not 14 earlier than noon of the 71st 57th day, or later than noon of the 67th 53rd day, preceding the primary election. The 15 outgoing chair of each county executive committee shall, 16 within 30 days after the committee members take office, hold 17 18 an organizational meeting of all newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers. The chair of each state 19 executive committee shall, within 60 days after the committee 20 members take office, hold an organizational meeting of all 21 newly elected members for the purpose of electing officers. 2.2 23 (6) 24 (b) Each state executive committee shall include, as at-large committeemen and committeewomen, all members of the 25 United States Congress representing the State of Florida who 26 are members of the political party, all statewide elected 27 28 officials who are members of the party, 10 Florida registered 29 voters who are members of the party as appointed by the Governor if the Governor is a member of the party, and the 30 31 President of the Senate or the Minority Leader in the Senate,

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and the Speaker of the House of Representatives or the 1 2 Minority Leader in the House of Representatives, whichever is a member of the political party, and 20 members of the 3 Legislature who are members of the political party. Ten of 4 the legislators shall be appointed with the concurrence of the 5 state chair of the respective party, as follows: five to be б 7 appointed by the President of the Senate; five by the Minority 8 Leader in the Senate; five by the Speaker of the House of 9 Representatives; and five by the Minority Leader in the House. Section 36. Section 103.141, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 103.141 Removal of county executive committee member 12 13 for violation of oath .--14 (1) Where the county executive committee by at least a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the committee, 15 attending a meeting held after due notice has been given and 16 at which meeting a quorum is present, determines an incumbent 17 18 county executive committee member to be guilty of an offense involving a violation of the member's oath of office, said 19 member so violating his or her oath shall be removed from 20 office and the office shall be deemed vacant. Provided, 21 however, if the county committee wrongfully removes a county 2.2 23 committee member and the committee member so wrongfully 24 removed files suit in the circuit court alleging his or her removal was wrongful and wins said suit, the committee member 25 shall be restored to office and the county committee shall pay 26 the costs incurred by the wrongfully removed committee member 27 28 in bringing the suit, including reasonable attorney's fees. 29 (2) Any officer, county committeeman, county committeewoman, precinct committeeman, precinct 30 committeewoman, or member of a county executive committee may 31

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be removed from office pursuant to s. 103.161. Either the 1 2 county or state executive committee is empowered to take 3 judicial action in chancery against a county committee member for alleged violation of the member's oath of office in the 4 circuit court of the county in which that committee member is 5 б an elector; provided, however, that the state committee may 7 take such judicial action only when a county committee refuses 8 to take such judicial action within 10 days after a charge is made. Procedure shall be as in other cases in chancery, and if 9 the court shall find as fact that the defendant did violate 10 his or her oath of office, it shall enter a decree removing 11 defendant from the county committee. 12 the If either such 13 executive committee brings suit in the circuit court for the 14 removal of a county committee member and loses said suit, such committee shall pay the court costs incurred in such suit by 15 the committee member, including reasonable attorney's fees. 16 Section 37. <u>Section 103.151, Florida Statutes</u>, is 17 18 repealed. 19 Section 38. Section 103.161, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 20 103.161 Removal or suspension of officers or members 21 22 of state executive committee or county executive committee .--23 (1) The chairman of the state executive committee is 24 empowered to remove or suspend from an office within the chairman's political party any officer, state committeeman, 25 26 state committeewoman, county committeeman, county committeewoman, precinct committeeman, precinct 27 28 committeewoman, or other member of a state executive 29 committee, county executive committee, political party club, or other organization using the political party name as 30 provided in s. 103.081 for a violation of the oath of office 31

1	taken by such individual or for engaging in other activities
2	described in this section.
3	(2) Such violation may include engaging in activities
4	that have or could have injured the name or status of the
5	political party or interfered with the activities of the
6	political party. The chairman has sole discretion to determine
7	if a violation occurred.
8	(3) Upon the chairman's determination that a violation
9	of the oath of office occurred or that an individual engaged
10	in other activities described in this section, the chairman
11	may remove or suspend the individual from his or her office.
12	If the chairman removes the individual from office, the office
13	shall be deemed vacant upon the delivery of the chairman's
14	written order of removal to the individual. When a vacancy in
15	office is created, the chairman shall appoint an individual to
16	serve through the end of the term of the office. If the
17	chairman suspends the individual, the chairman shall determine
18	the length of the suspension.
19	(4) An individual removed from office by the chairman
20	shall not be eligible to serve on the state executive
21	committee or any county executive committee of the political
22	party for a period of no less than 4 years from the effective
23	date of the removal.
24	Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 105.031, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath;
27	items required to be filed
28	(1) TIME OF QUALIFYINGExcept for candidates for
29	judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office
30	shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department
31	of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less

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than countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of 1 elections. Candidates for judicial office other than the 2 office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division 3 of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for 4 the office of county court judge shall qualify with the 5 supervisor of elections of the county. Candidates for judicial б 7 office shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 120th day, 8 and no later than noon of the 116th day, before the primary election. Candidates for the office of school board member 9 shall qualify no earlier than noon of the <u>71st</u> 50th day, and 10 no later than noon of the 67th 46th day, before the primary 11 election. Filing shall be on forms provided for that purpose 12 13 by the Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate 14 qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify by the petition process, as set forth in s. 105.035, who has 15 submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline and 16 is notified after the fifth day prior to the last day for 17 18 qualifying that the required number of signatures has been 19 obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days 20 from the date he or she is notified that the necessary number 21 22 of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a 23 write-in candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in 24 this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot. 25 Section 40. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 26 106.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 27 28 106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and 29 secondary depositories. --30 (1) 31

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1	(c) Any campaign treasurer or deputy treasurer
2	appointed pursuant to this section shall be a registered voter
3	in this state and shall, before such appointment may become
4	effective, have accepted appointment to such position in
5	writing and filed such acceptance with the officer before whom
6	the candidate is required to qualify or with the officer with
7	whom the political committee is required to file reports. An
	individual may be appointed and serve as campaign treasurer of
8	
9	a candidate and a political committee or two or more
10	candidates and political committees. A candidate may appoint
11	herself or himself as campaign treasurer.
12	Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 106.04, Florida
13	Statutes, is amended to read:
14	106.04 Committees of continuous existence
15	(1) In order to qualify as a committee of continuous
16	existence for the purposes of this chapter, a group,
17	organization, association, or other such entity which is
18	involved in making contributions to candidates, political
19	committees, or political parties, shall meet the following
20	criteria:
21	(a) It shall be organized and operated in accordance
22	with a written charter or set of bylaws which contains
23	procedures for the election of officers and directors and
24	which clearly defines membership in the organization; and
25	(b) At least 25 percent of the income of such
26	organization, excluding interest, must be derived from dues or
27	assessments payable on a regular basis by its membership
28	pursuant to provisions contained in the charter or bylaws.
29	Dues may be collected by a group, organization, association,
30	or other such entity from its members and forwarded to the
31	committee of continuous existence. The committee of continuous

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existence shall report such dues as if it had received the 1 2 dues directly from its members, in the manner prescribed in 3 subsection (4). Section 42. Section 106.055, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 6 106.055 Valuation of in-kind contributions.--Any 7 person who makes an in-kind contribution shall, at the time of 8 making such contribution, place a value on such contribution, which valuation shall be the fair market value of such 9 contribution. Travel conveyed upon private aircraft shall be 10 valued at the actual cost of per person commercial air travel 11 for the same or a substantially similar route. 12 13 Section 43. Subsection (10) is added to section 14 106.08, Florida Statutes, to read: 106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--15 (10) Contributions to a political committee or 16 committee of continuous existence may be received by an 17 18 affiliated organization and transferred to the bank account of 19 the political committee or committee of continuous existence via check written from the affiliated organization if such 20 contributions are specifically identified as intended to be 21 22 contributed to the political committee or committee of continuous existence. All contributions received in this 23 24 manner shall be reported pursuant to s. 106.07 by the political committee or committee of continuous existence as 25 having been made by the original contributor. 26 Section 44. Section 106.09, Florida Statutes, is 27 28 amended to read: 29 106.09 Cash contributions and contribution by 30 cashier's checks.--31

(1) A person may not make or accept a cash 1 2 contribution or contribution by means of a cashier's check in 3 excess of \$50 \$100. (2)(a) Any person who makes or accepts a contribution 4 in excess of $\frac{550}{100}$ in violation of this section commits a 5 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. б 7 775.082 or s. 775.083. 8 (b) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes or accepts a contribution in excess of \$5,000 in violation of 9 this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable 10 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 11 Section 45. Subsection (1) of section 106.143, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 106.143 Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements. --15 (1)(a) Any political advertisement that is paid for by 16 a candidate and that is published, displayed, or circulated 17 18 prior to, or on the day of, any election must prominently state: "Political advertisement paid for and approved by 19 ... (name of candidate)..., ... (party affiliation)..., for 20 ...(office sought)...." 21 22 (b) Any other political advertisement published, 23 displayed, or circulated prior to, or on the day of, any 24 election must prominently: 1. Be marked "paid political advertisement" or with 25 the abbreviation "pd. pol. adv." 26 2. State the name and address of the persons 27 28 sponsoring the advertisement. 29 3.a.(I) State whether the advertisement and the cost of production is paid for or provided in kind by or at the 30 31

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expense of the entity publishing, displaying, broadcasting, or 1 2 circulating the political advertisement; or (II) State who provided or paid for the advertisement 3 and cost of production, if different from the source of 4 sponsorship. 5 b. This subparagraph does not apply if the source of б 7 the sponsorship is patently clear from the content or format 8 of the political advertisement. 9 (c) Any political advertisement made pursuant to s. 106.021(3)(d) must be marked "paid political advertisement" or 10 with the abbreviation "pd. pol. adv." and must prominently 11 state, "Paid for and sponsored by ... (name of person paying 12 13 for political advertisement). Approved by...(names of persons, 14 party affiliation, and offices sought in the political advertisement)."... 15 16 This subsection does not apply to campaign messages used by a 17 18 candidate and the candidate's supporters if those messages are 19 designed to be worn by a person. Section 46. Section 106.17, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read: 21 106.17 Polls and surveys relating to candidacies. -- Any 2.2 23 candidate, political committee, committee of continuous 24 existence, electioneering communication organization, or state or county executive committee of a political party may 25 authorize or conduct a political poll, survey, index, or 26 measurement of any kind relating to candidacy for public 27 28 office so long as the candidate, political committee, 29 committee of continuous existence, electioneering communication organization, or political party maintains 30 31 complete jurisdiction over the poll in all its aspects.

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Section 47. Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read: 3 106.25 Reports of alleged violations to Florida Elections Commission; disposition of findings .--4 5 (1) Jurisdiction to investigate and determine violations of this chapter and chapter 104 is vested in the б 7 Florida Elections Commission; however, nothing in this section 8 limits the jurisdiction of any other officers or agencies of 9 government empowered by law to investigate, act upon, or dispose of alleged violations of this code. 10 (2) The commission shall investigate all violations of 11 this chapter and chapter 104, but only after having received 12 13 either a sworn complaint or information reported to it under 14 this subsection by the Division of Elections. Such sworn complaint must be based upon personal information or 15 information other than hearsay. Any person, other than the 16 division, having information of any violation of this chapter 17 18 or chapter 104 shall file a sworn complaint with the commission. The commission shall investigate only those 19 alleged violations specifically contained within the sworn 20 complaint. If any complainant fails to allege all violations 21 22 that arise from the facts or allegations alleged in a 23 complaint, the commission shall be barred from investigating a 24 subsequent complaint from such complainant that is based upon such facts or allegations that were raised or could have been 25 raised in the first complaint. If the complaint includes 26 allegations of violations relating to expense items reimbursed 27 28 by a candidate, committee, or organization to the campaign 29 account before a sworn complaint is filed, the commission shall be barred from investigating such allegations. Such 30 31 sworn complaint shall state whether a complaint of the same

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violation has been made to any state attorney. Within 5 days 1 2 after receipt of a sworn complaint, the commission shall transmit a copy of the complaint to the alleged violator. If 3 the executive director finds that the complaint is legally 4 sufficient, the respondent shall be notified of such finding 5 by letter, which sets forth the statutory provisions alleged б 7 to have been violated and the alleged factual basis that 8 supports the finding. All sworn complaints alleging violations 9 of the Florida Election Code over which the commission has jurisdiction shall be filed with the commission within 2 years 10 after the alleged violations. The period of limitations is 11 tolled on the day a sworn complaint is filed with the 12 13 commission. The complainant may withdraw the sworn complaint 14 at any time prior to a probable cause hearing if good cause is shown. Withdrawal shall be requested in writing, signed by the 15 complainant, and witnessed by a notary public, stating the 16 facts and circumstances constituting good cause. The executive 17 18 director shall prepare a written recommendation regarding disposition of the request which shall be given to the 19 commission together with the request. "Good cause" shall be 20 determined based upon the legal sufficiency or insufficiency 21 22 of the complaint to allege a violation and the reasons given 23 by the complainant for wishing to withdraw the complaint. If 24 withdrawal is permitted, the commission must close the investigation and the case. No further action may be taken. 25 26 The complaint will become a public record at the time of withdrawal. 27 28 (3) For the purposes of commission jurisdiction, a 29 violation shall mean the willful performance of an act 30 prohibited by this chapter or chapter 104 or the willful 31 failure to perform an act required by this chapter or chapter

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104. Willfulness is a determination of fact; however, at the 1 2 request of the respondent, willfulness may be considered and determined in an informal hearing before the commission. 3 (4) The commission shall undertake a preliminary 4 investigation to determine if the facts alleged in a sworn 5 complaint or a matter initiated by the division constitute б 7 probable cause to believe that a violation has occurred. The 8 respondent, the complainant, and their respective counsel 9 shall be permitted to attend the hearing at which the probable cause determination is made. Notice of the hearing shall be 10 sent to the respondent and the complainant at least 14 days 11 to the date of the hearing. The respondent and his or 12 prior 13 her counsel shall be permitted to make a brief oral statement 14 in the nature of oral argument to the commission before the probable cause determination. The commission's determination 15 shall be based upon the investigator's report, the complaint, 16 17 and staff recommendations, as well as any written statements 18 submitted by the respondent and any oral statements made at 19 the hearing. No testimony or other evidence shall be accepted at the hearing. Upon completion of the preliminary 20 investigation, the commission shall, by written report, find 21 22 probable cause or no probable cause to believe that this 23 chapter or chapter 104 has been violated. 24 (a) When the investigator's report is completed, the executive director shall notify the respondent that the report 25 is completed and shall send to the respondent a copy of the 26 investigator's report. The investigatory file and main 27 28 complaint file shall be open for inspection by the respondent 29 and the respondent's counsel at that time, and copies may be obtained at no more than cost. 30 31

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1	(b) The respondent shall be given not less than 14
2	days from the date of mailing of the investigator's report to
3	file with the commission a written response to the
4	investigator's report. This time period may be shortened with
5	the consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the
6	respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be
7	expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter
8	by the commission so long as reasonable notice under the
9	circumstances is given.
10	(c) Counsel for the commission shall review the
11	investigator's report and shall make a written recommendation
12	to the commission for the disposition of the complaint. If the
13	counsel for the commission recommends that the commission find
14	probable cause, the recommendation shall include a statement
15	of what charges shall be at issue. A copy of the
16	recommendation shall be furnished to the respondent. The
17	respondent shall be given not less than 14 days from the date
18	of mailing of the recommendation of counsel for the commission
19	to file with the commission a written response to the
20	recommendation. This time period may be shortened with the
21	consent of the respondent, or without the consent of the
22	respondent when the passage of time could reasonably be
23	expected to render moot the ultimate disposition of the matter
24	by the commission, so long as the recommendation is furnished
25	to the respondent within a reasonable period of time under the
26	circumstances.
27	(d) The respondent and each complainant, their
28	counsel, and the counsel for the commission shall be permitted
29	to attend the hearing at which the probable cause
30	determination is made. Notice of the hearing shall be sent to
31	the respondent, each complainant, and counsel for the

1	commission at least 14 days before the hearing. This time
2	period may be shortened with the consent of the respondent, or
3	without the consent of the respondent when the passage of time
4	could reasonably be expected to render moot the ultimate
5	disposition of the matter by the commission, so long as the
6	notice is furnished within a reasonable period of time under
7	the circumstances.
8	(e) The probable cause determination is the conclusion
9	of the preliminary investigation. The respondent and the
10	counsel for the commission shall be permitted to make brief
11	oral statements in the nature of oral argument to the
12	commission, based on the investigator's report, before the
13	probable cause determination. The commission's determination
14	shall be based upon the investigator's report, the
15	recommendation of counsel for the commission, the complaint,
16	and staff recommendations, as well as any written statements
17	submitted by the respondent and any oral statements made at
18	the hearing. No testimony or other evidence will be accepted
19	at the hearing.
20	(f) At its meeting to determine probable cause, the
21	commission may continue its determination to allow further
22	investigation; may order the issuance of a public report of
23	its investigation if it finds no probable cause to believe
24	that there has been a violation of this chapter or chapter
25	104, concluding the matter before it; may order a final,
26	public hearing of the complaint if it finds probable cause to
27	believe that there has been a violation of this chapter or
28	chapter 104; or may take such other action as it deems
29	necessary to resolve the complaint, consistent with due
30	process of law. In making its determination, the commission
31	may consider:

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1	1. The sufficiency of the evidence against the
2	respondent, as contained in the investigator's report;
3	2. The admissions and other stipulations of the
4	respondent, if any;
5	3. The nature and circumstances of the respondent's
6	actions;
7	4. The expense of further proceedings; and
8	5. Such other factors as it deems material to its
9	decision.
10	
11	If the commission finds probable cause, the commission shall
12	determine what charges shall be at issue.
13	(q)(a) If no probable cause is found, the commission
14	shall dismiss the case and the case shall become a matter of
15	public record, except as otherwise provided in this section,
16	together with a written statement of the findings of the
17	preliminary investigation and a summary of the facts which the
18	commission shall send to the complainant and the alleged
19	violator. <u>A finding of no probable cause by the commission is</u>
20	a full adjudication of all such matters. The commission may
21	not charge a respondent in a subsequent complaint alleging
22	violations based upon the same actions, nonactions, or
23	circumstances wherein the commission found no probable cause.
24	(h)(b) If probable cause is found, the commission
25	shall so notify the complainant and the alleged violator in
26	writing. All documents made or received in the disposition of
27	the complaint shall become public records upon a finding by
28	the commission.
29	(i)1. Upon a commission finding of probable cause, the
30	counsel for the commission shall attempt to reach a consent
31	agreement with the respondent.

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1	2. A consent agreement is not binding upon either
2	party unless and until it is signed by the respondent and by
3	counsel for the commission upon approval by the commission.
4	3. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the
5	commission from entering into a consent agreement with a
б	respondent prior to a commission finding of probable cause if
7	a respondent indicates in writing a desire to enter into
8	negotiations directed towards reaching such a consent
9	agreement. Any consent agreement reached under this
10	subparagraph is subject to the provisions of subparagraph 2.
11	and shall have the same force and effect as a consent
12	agreement reached after the commission finding of probable
13	cause.
14	(j) If a consent agreement is reached between the
15	commission and the respondent, counsel for the commission
16	shall send a copy of the signed agreement to both complainant
17	and respondent.
18	
19	In a case where probable cause is found, the commission shall
20	make a preliminary determination to consider the matter or to
21	refer the matter to the state attorney for the judicial
22	circuit in which the alleged violation occurred.
23	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the
24	commission may, at its discretion, dismiss any complaint at
25	any stage of disposition if it determines that the public
26	interest would not be served by proceeding further, in which
27	case the commission shall issue a public report stating with
28	particularity its reasons for the dismissal.
29	(5) <u>Unless</u> When there are disputed issues of material
30	fact in a proceeding conducted under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, a
31	person alleged by the Elections Commission to have committed a

violation of this chapter or chapter 104 elects may elect, 1 2 within 30 days after the date of the filing of the commission's allegations, to have a formal or informal hearing 3 conducted before the commission, or elects to resolve the 4 complaint by consent order, such person shall be entitled to a 5 formal administrative hearing conducted by an administrative б 7 law judge in the Division of Administrative Hearings. The 8 administrative law judge in such proceedings shall enter a final order subject to appeal as provided in s. 120.68. 9 (6) It is the duty of a state attorney receiving a 10 complaint referred by the commission to investigate the 11 complaint promptly and thoroughly; to undertake such criminal 12 13 or civil actions as are justified by law; and to report to the 14 commission the results of such investigation, the action taken, and the disposition thereof. The failure or refusal of 15 a state attorney to prosecute or to initiate action upon a 16 complaint or a referral by the commission shall not bar 17 18 further action by the commission under this chapter. (7) Every sworn complaint filed pursuant to this 19 chapter with the commission, every investigation and 20 investigative report or other paper of the commission with 21 22 respect to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, and 23 every proceeding of the commission with respect to a violation 24 of this chapter or chapter 104 is confidential, is exempt from the provisions of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011, and is exempt 25 from publication in the Florida Administrative Weekly of any 26 notice or agenda with respect to any proceeding relating to 27 28 such violation, except under the following circumstances: 29 (a) As provided in subsection (6); (b) Upon a determination of probable cause or no 30 31 probable cause by the commission; or

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(c) For proceedings conducted with respect to appeals 1 2 of fines levied by filing officers for the late filing of 3 reports required by this chapter. 4 5 However, a complainant is not bound by the confidentiality provisions of this section. In addition, confidentiality may 6 7 be waived in writing by the person against whom the complaint 8 has been filed or the investigation has been initiated. If a 9 finding of probable cause in a case is entered within 30 days prior to the date of the election with respect to which the 10 alleged violation occurred, such finding and the proceedings 11 and records relating to such case shall not become public 12 13 until noon of the day following such election. When two or 14 more persons are being investigated by the commission with respect to an alleged violation of this chapter or chapter 15 104, the commission may not publicly enter a finding of 16 probable cause or no probable cause in the case until a 17 18 finding of probable cause or no probable cause for the entire case has been determined. However, once the confidentiality of 19 any case has been breached, the person or persons under 20 investigation have the right to waive the confidentiality of 21 the case, thereby opening up the proceedings and records to 2.2 23 the public. Any person who discloses any information or 24 matter made confidential by the provisions of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 25 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 26 (8) Any person who files a complaint pursuant to this 27 28 section while knowing that the allegations contained in such 29 complaint are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 30 31 775.083.

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(9) The commission shall maintain a database of all 1 2 final orders and agency actions. Such database shall be 3 available to the public and shall be maintained in such a manner as to be searchable, at a minimum, by issue, statutes, 4 individuals, or entities referenced. 5 6 Section 48. Subsection (4) of section 106.35, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 106.35 Distribution of funds.--(4) Distribution of funds shall be made beginning on 9 the 32nd day prior to the primary within 7 days after the 10 close of qualifying and every 7 days thereafter. 11 Section 49. Section 112.51, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 amended to read: 14 112.51 Municipal officers; suspension; removal from office.--15 (1) By executive order stating the grounds for the 16 suspension and filed with the Secretary of State, the Governor 17 18 may suspend from office any elected or appointed municipal official for malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty, 19 habitual drunkenness, incompetence, or permanent inability to 20 perform official duties. 21 22 (2) Whenever any elected or appointed municipal 23 official is arrested for a felony or for a misdemeanor related 24 to the duties of office or is indicted or informed against for the commission of a federal felony or misdemeanor or state 25 felony or misdemeanor, the Governor has the power to suspend 26 such municipal official from office. 27 28 (3) The suspension of such official by the Governor 29 creates a temporary vacancy in such office during the suspension. Any temporary vacancy in office created by 30 31 suspension of an official under the provisions of this section

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shall be filled by a temporary appointment to such office for 1 2 the period of the suspension. Such temporary appointment shall be made in the same manner and by the same authority by 3 which a permanent vacancy in such office is filled as provided 4 by law. If no provision for filling a permanent vacancy in 5 such office is provided by law, the temporary appointment б 7 shall be made by the Governor. 8 (4) No municipal official who has been suspended from 9 office under this section may perform any official act, duty, or function during his or her suspension; receive any pay or 10 allowance during his or her suspension; or be entitled to any 11 of the emoluments or privileges of his or her office during 12 13 suspension. 14 (5) If the municipal official is convicted of any of the charges contained in the indictment or information by

15 reason of which he or she was suspended under the provisions 16 of this section, the Governor shall remove such municipal 17 18 official from office. If a person was selected to fill the 19 temporary vacancy pursuant to subsection (3), that person shall serve the remaining balance, if any, of the removed 20 official's term of office. Otherwise, any vacancy created by 21 22 the removal shall be filled as provided by law. For the 23 purposes of this section, any person who pleads guilty or nolo 24 contendere or who is found quilty shall be deemed to have been convicted, notwithstanding a suspension of sentence or a 25 withholding of adjudication. 26

(6) If the municipal official is acquitted or found not guilty or is otherwise cleared of the charges which were the basis of the arrest, indictment, or information by reason of which he or she was suspended under the provisions of this section, then the Governor shall forthwith revoke the

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suspension and restore such municipal official to office; and 1 2 the official shall be entitled to and be paid full back pay and such other emoluments or allowances to which he or she 3 would have been entitled for the full period of time of the 4 suspension. If, during the suspension, the term of office of 5 the municipal official expires and a successor is either б 7 appointed or elected, such back pay, emoluments, or allowances 8 shall only be paid for the duration of the term of office 9 during which the municipal official was suspended under the provisions of this section, and he or she shall not be 10 reinstated. 11 Section 50. Section 106.37, Florida Statutes, 12 13 repealed. 14 Section 51. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 189.405, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 189.405 Elections; general requirements and 16 procedures; education programs. --17 18 (2)(a) Any independent special district located 19 entirely in a single county may provide for the conduct of district elections by the supervisor of elections for that 20 county. Any independent special district that conducts its 21 elections through the office of the supervisor shall make 2.2 23 election procedures consistent with the Florida Election Code. 24 (b) Any independent special district not conducting district elections through the supervisor of elections shall 25 report to the supervisor in a timely manner the purpose, date, 26 authorization, procedures, and results of each election 27 28 conducted by the district. 29 (c) A candidate for a position on a governing board of a single-county special district that has its elections 30 31 conducted by the supervisor of elections shall qualify for the

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office with the county supervisor of elections in whose 1 jurisdiction the district is located. Elections for governing 2 board members elected by registered electors shall be 3 nonpartisan, except when partisan elections are specified by a 4 district's charter. Candidates shall qualify as directed by 5 chapter 99. by paying a filing fee equal to 3 percent of the б 7 salary or honorarium paid for the office, or a filing fee of 8 \$25, whichever is more. Alternatively, candidates may qualify 9 by submitting a petition that contains the signatures of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors, or any 10 lesser amount of signatures directed by chapter 99, chapter 11 582, or other general or special law. No election or party 12 13 assessment shall be levied if the election is nonpartisan. The 14 qualifying fee shall be remitted to the general revenue fund of the qualifying officer to help defray the cost of the 15 election. The petition form shall be submitted and checked in 16 17 the same manner as those for nonpartisan judicial candidates 18 pursuant to s. 105.035. (3)(a) If a multicounty special district has a 19 popularly elected governing board, elections for the purpose 20 of electing members to such board shall conform to the Florida 21 22 Election Code, chapters 97-106. 23 (b) With the exception of those districts conducting 24 elections on a one-acre/one-vote basis, qualifying for multicounty special district governing board positions shall 25 be coordinated by the Department of State. Elections for 26 governing board members elected by registered electors shall 27 28 be nonpartisan, except when partisan elections are specified 29 by a district's charter. Candidates shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. by paying a filing fee equal to 3 percent of 30 the salary or honorarium paid for the office, or a filing fee 31

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of \$25, whichever is more. Alternatively, candidates may 1 2 qualify by submitting a petition that contains the signatures 3 of at least 3 percent of the district's registered electors, 4 or any lesser amount of signatures directed by chapter 99, 5 chapter 582, or other general or special law. No election or б party assessment shall be levied if the election is 7 nonpartisan. The qualifying fee shall be remitted to the 8 Department of State. The petition form shall be submitted and 9 checked in the same manner as those for nonpartisan judicial candidates pursuant to s. 105.035. 10 Section 52. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 11 191.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 13 191.005 District boards of commissioners; membership, 14 officers, meetings .--(1)(a) With the exception of districts whose governing 15 boards are appointed collectively by the Governor, the county 16 commission, and any cooperating city within the county, the 17 18 business affairs of each district shall be conducted and administered by a five-member board. All three-member boards 19 existing on the effective date of this act shall be converted 20 to five-member boards, except those permitted to continue as a 21 22 three-member board by special act adopted in 1997 or 23 thereafter. The board shall be elected in nonpartisan 24 elections by the electors of the district. Except as provided in this act, such elections shall be held at the time and in 25 the manner prescribed by law for holding general elections in 26 accordance with s. 189.405(2)(a) and (3), and each member 27 28 shall be elected for a term of 4 years and serve until the 29 member's successor assumes office. Candidates for the board of a district shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. with the 30 county supervisor of elections in whose jurisdiction the 31

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district is located. If the district is a multicounty 1 2 district, candidates shall qualify with the Department of State. All candidates may qualify by paying a filing fee of 3 \$25 or by obtaining the signatures of at least 25 registered 4 electors of the district on petition forms provided by the 5 б supervisor of elections which petitions shall be submitted and 7 checked in the same manner as petitions filed by nonpartisan 8 judicial candidates pursuant to s. 105.035. Notwithstanding s. 9 106.021, a candidate who does not collect contributions and whose only expense is the filing fee is not required to 10 11 appoint a campaign treasurer or designate a primary campaign 12 depository. 13 Section 53. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 14 582.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 582.18 Election of supervisors of each district.--15 (1) The election of supervisors for each soil and 16 water conservation district shall be held every 2 years. The 17 18 elections shall be held at the time of the general election provided for by s. 100.041. The office of the supervisor of a 19 soil and water conservation district is a nonpartisan office, 20 and candidates for such office are prohibited from campaigning 21 22 or qualifying for election based on party affiliation. 23 (a) Each candidate for supervisor for such district 24 shall qualify as directed by chapter 99. be nominated by nominating petition subscribed by 25 or more qualified 25 electors of such district. Candidates shall obtain signatures 26 on petition forms prescribed by the Department of State and 27 28 furnished by the appropriate qualifying officer. In 29 multicounty districts, the appropriate qualifying officer is the Secretary of State; in single county districts, the 30 appropriate qualifying officer is the supervisor of elections. 31

Such forms may be obtained at any time after the first Tuesday 1 2 after the first Monday in January preceding the election, but prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the 3 qualifying period for state office. Each petition shall be 4 submitted, prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first 5 б day of the qualifying period for state office, to the 7 supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition 8 was circulated. The supervisor of elections shall check the 9 signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors in the district. Prior to the first date for qualifying, the 10 supervisor of elections shall determine whether the required 11 single county signatures have been obtained; and she or he 12 13 shall so notify the candidate. In the case of a multicounty 14 candidate, the supervisor of elections shall check the signatures on petitions and shall, prior to the first date for 15 qualifying for office, certify to the Department of State the 16 number shown as registered electors of the district. The 17 18 Department of State shall determine if the required number of 19 signatures has been obtained for multicounty candidates and shall so notify the candidate. If the required number of 20 signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to 21 22 be placed on the ballot, the candidate shall, during the time 23 prescribed for qualifying for office in s. 99.061, submit a 24 copy of the notice to, and file her or his qualification papers with, the qualifying officer and take the oath 25 prescribed in s. 99.021. 26 27 Section 54. Subsection (1) of section 876.05, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 29 876.05 Public employees; oath.--30 (1) All persons who now or hereafter are employed by 31 or who now or hereafter are on the payroll of the state, or

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any of its departments and agencies, subdivisions, counties, 1 cities, school boards and districts of the free public school 2 3 system of the state or counties, or institutions of higher 4 learning, and all candidates for public office, except candidates for federal office, are required to take an oath 5 before any person duly authorized to take acknowledgments of б 7 instruments for public record in the state in the following 8 form: 9 I, ..., a citizen of the State of Florida and of the 10 United States of America, and being employed by or an officer 11 of and a recipient of public funds as such employee or 12 13 officer, do hereby solemnly swear or affirm that I will 14 support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Florida. 15 Section 55. At the time of qualification, all write-in 16 candidates must reside within the district represented by the 17 18 office sought. Section 56. If any provision of this act or its 19 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 20 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of 21 22 the act which can be given effect without the invalid 23 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of 24 this act are severable. Section 57. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 25 this act and except for this section, which shall take effect 26 upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1, 27 28 2008. 29 30 31