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2007 A bill to be entitled An act relating to sinkhole insurance; amending s. 627.706, F.S.; revising sinkhole insurance provisions to include coverage for losses due to catastrophic ground cover collapse; revising definitions; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.706, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 627.706 Sinkhole insurance; definitions.--Every insurer authorized to transact property (1)insurance in this state shall make available coverage for insurable sinkhole losses on any structure, including contents of personal property contained therein, resulting from a catastrophic ground cover collapse to the extent provided in the form to which the sinkhole coverage attaches. A policy for residential property insurance may include a deductible amount applicable to sinkhole losses equal to 1 percent, 2 percent, 5 percent, or 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, with appropriate premium discounts offered with each deductible amount. (2)As used in ss. 627.706-627.7074, and as used in connection with any policy providing coverage for sinkhole losses resulting from a catastrophic ground cover collapse: (a) "Catastrophic ground cover collapse" means geological activity that, within a period of 7 days or less, results in the

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29 <u>collapse of the ground cover that renders the insured structure</u> 30 <u>uninhabitable. The term "catastrophic ground cover collapse"</u> 31 <u>does not include ground cover subsidence caused when, during a</u> 32 <u>period exceeding 7 days, the upper surface of limestone is</u> 33 <u>dissolved away and the ground cover slowly subsides to occupy</u> 34 the space once occupied by limestone.

35 (b) "Sinkhole Loss" means structural damage to a structure or the building, including the foundation, caused by a 36 37 catastrophic ground cover collapse or sinkhole activity. 38 Contents coverage shall apply only if there is structural damage 39 to a structure or the building caused by a catastrophic ground cover collapse or sinkhole activity. Structural damage 40 consisting merely of the settling or cracking of a foundation, 41 structure, or building does not constitute a loss resulting from 42 a catastrophic ground cover collapse or sinkhole activity. 43

44 <u>(c) (d)</u> "Professional engineer" means a person, as defined 45 in s. 471.005, who has a bachelor's degree or higher in 46 engineering with a specialty in the geotechnical engineering 47 field. A professional engineer must have geotechnical experience 48 and expertise in the identification of sinkhole activity as well 49 as other potential causes of damage to the structure.

50 <u>(d) (e)</u> "Professional geologist" means a person, as defined 51 by s. 492.102, who has a bachelor's degree or higher in geology 52 or related earth science with expertise in the geology of 53 Florida. A professional geologist must have geological 54 experience and expertise in the identification of sinkhole 55 activity as well as other potential geologic causes of damage to 56 the structure.

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57 <u>(e) (a)</u> "Sinkhole" means a <u>depression in the ground cover</u>, 58 <u>visible to the naked eye</u>, landform created by subsidence of 59 soil, sediment, or rock as underlying strata are dissolved by 60 groundwater. A sinkhole may form by collapse into subterranean 61 voids created by dissolution of limestone or dolostone or by 62 subsidence as these strata are dissolved.

63 <u>(f)(c)</u> "Sinkhole activity" means settlement or systematic 64 weakening of the earth supporting such property only when such 65 settlement or systematic weakening results from movement or 66 raveling of soils, sediments, or rock materials into 67 subterranean voids created by the effect of water on a limestone 68 or similar rock formation.

69 (g) "Uninhabitable" means condemned and ordered vacated by 70 the governmental agency charged with making such findings and 71 issuing such orders in the county in which the insured structure 72 is located.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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