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An act relating to renewable energy; providing legislative findings regarding the state's energy policy; creating the Task Force on Oil and Natural Gas Inventory; providing for membership of the task force; requiring appointments to be made by a certain date; providing for administrative support; providing for duties and responsibilities; requiring the task force to submit a report and recommendations to the Legislature by a certain date; amending s. 196.175, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the renewable energy source exemption; revising the date on which certain energy source devices are excluded from the exemption; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; revising the definition of "ethanol"; defining the term "renewable fuel"; providing a tax exemption for the sale or use of renewable fuel; providing that such exemption is limited to one purchase of an eliqible item; amending s. 220.192, F.S.; defining the terms "corporation" and "renewable fuel"; revising the definition of "eligible costs" to include renewable fuels; providing for transfer of the renewable energy technologies investment tax credit; providing requirements for such transfer; requiring that the tax credit be passed through to certain taxpayers; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules regarding the transfer and pass through of such tax credit; amending s. 220.193, F.S.; defining the term "sale" or "sold"; providing that the use of the renewable energy production credit does not reduce the alternative

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minimum tax credit; repealing s. 52, chapter 2007-73, Laws of Florida, relating to restoring joint agency approval requirements for the Renewable Energy Technologies Grants Program; amending s. 377.806, F.S.; requiring an applicant to file a preapplication to receive a rebate under the solar photovoltaic system incentive; deleting a provision that requires Btu to be verified in determining the rebate amount; limiting rebates to one type of system per resident per fiscal year; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to adopt rules regarding applications for rebate reservations and rebate payments; amending s. 570.957, F.S.; extending the expiration date for the Farm-to-Fuel Grants Program; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it is in the public interest to keep Florida an attractive place to live, work, and do business as the state's economy continues to make the transition from a low-cost state to a high-cost state and the state's population continues to grow, and

WHEREAS, projections indicate that Florida will add 10 million new residents by 2030 and the state's energy needs are expected to grow 30 percent by 2017 and 76 percent by 2030, and

WHEREAS, Florida must meet these needs and still provide affordable and reliable energy to consumers and businesses, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that it is in the public interest to develop a comprehensive energy policy that balances environmentally responsible, affordable, and reliable energy for

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Floridians, and

WHEREAS, Florida must invest in research and development for alternative and renewable energy, promote conservation and efficiency, create clean energy jobs to support the growth of the alternative energy industry, promote incentive-based emission reductions programs, and keep all energy options available, and

WHEREAS, Florida should create an inventory of the oil and natural gas resources located off the coast, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it is important to promote alternative and renewable energy technologies, including alternative fuels and technologies for electric power plants and motor vehicles and energy conservation, and

WHEREAS, Florida and the United States in general are overly dependent on foreign oil to meet the energy needs of buildings and motor vehicles, and

WHEREAS, alternative and renewable energy and energy conservation technologies have the potential to decrease oil dependency, minimize volatility of fuel cost, and improve environmental conditions, and

WHEREAS, in-state research, development, deployment, and use of these technologies can make the state a leader in new and innovative technologies and encourage investment and economic development, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it is in the public interest to create 10,000 high-skill, high-wage clean technology jobs to support the growth of the alternative energy industry in Florida and help diversify the state's economy, and

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WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it is in the public interest to invest in alternative and renewable energy technology research and development because our current technology is not advanced enough to provide electricity and automobile fuels at an affordable and reliable rate and meet greenhouse gas reduction goals, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds it is in the public interest to keep all energy and fuel options open for consideration in developing a comprehensive energy policy that balances affordable, reliable, and environmentally responsible energy for Florida, and

WHEREAS, it is important to know where the state's fuel resources are and to what extent the state has access to those resources, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Task Force on Oil and Natural Gas Inventory. --
- (1) There is created the Task Force on Oil and Natural Gas

 Inventory to study, examine, and report to the Legislature

 regarding the feasibility of oil and natural gas exploration in
 the coastal waters of the Gulf of Mexico within the jurisdiction
 of the state.
 - (2) The task force shall be composed of:
 - (a) Two members appointed by the Governor.
 - (b) Two members appointed by the President of the Senate.
- 111 (c) Two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of 112 Representatives.

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(d) The Commissioner of Agriculture or a designee.

(e) The Secretary of Environmental Protection or a designee.

- (f) The chair of the Florida Energy Commission or a designee.
- (g) The chair of the Governor's Action Team on Climate and Energy or a designee.
 - (h) The chair of the Public Service Commission.
- (3) Appointments to the task force shall be made by August 1, 2008. Members shall choose a chair and vice chair from the membership of the task force.
- (4) The Department of Environmental Protection's clerical and professional staff shall provide administrative support to the task force. The task force may request the clerical and professional staff of the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives to provide such support, if the task force finds it appropriate.
- (5) In conducting the study, the task force shall consider comprehensive implications relating to energy, economic development, tourism, commercial and recreational fishing, the environment, agriculture, manufacturing, public safety, national security, employment, and the possible effects on state and local economies. In order to consider these comprehensive effects, the task force shall seek the expertise of interested and knowledgeable persons from public, private, and nonprofit organizations, including, but not limited to, the following state agencies:
 - (a) The Department of Environmental Protection.

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141	(b)	The	Department	of	Health.
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- (c) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
 - (d) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
 - (e) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
 - (f) The Public Service Commission.
- (6) The task force shall submit its report and recommendations to the Legislature by January 8, 2009, on which date the task force is dissolved.
- Section 2. Section 196.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 196.175 Renewable energy source exemption.--
- (1) Improved real property upon which a renewable energy source device is installed and operated shall be entitled to an exemption in the amount of not greater than the lesser of:
- (a) The assessed value of such real property less any other exemptions applicable under this chapter;
- (b) the original cost of the device, including the installation cost thereof, but excluding the cost of replacing previously existing property removed or improved in the course of such installation; or
- (c) Eight percent of the assessed value of such property immediately following installation.
- (2) The exempt amount authorized under subsection (1) shall apply in full if the device was installed and operative throughout the 12-month period preceding January 1 of the year of application for this exemption. If the device was operative

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for a portion of that period, the exempt amount authorized under this section shall be reduced proportionally.

- (3) It shall be the responsibility of the applicant for an exemption pursuant to this section to demonstrate affirmatively to the satisfaction of the property appraiser that he or she meets the requirements for exemption under this section and that the original cost pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) and the period for which the device was operative, as indicated on the exemption application, are correct.
- (4) No exemption authorized pursuant to this section shall be granted for a period of more than 10 years. No exemption shall be granted with respect to renewable energy source devices installed before <u>July 1, 2008</u> January 1, 1980, or after December 31, 1990.
- Section 3. Paragraph (ccc) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.--The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS.--Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed

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by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

- (ccc) Equipment, machinery, and other materials for renewable energy technologies.--
 - 1. As used in this paragraph, the term:

- a. "Biodiesel" means the mono-alkyl esters of long-chain fatty acids derived from plant or animal matter for use as a source of energy and meeting the specifications for biodiesel and biodiesel blends with petroleum products as adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Biodiesel may refer to biodiesel blends designated BXX, where XX represents the volume percentage of biodiesel fuel in the blend.
- b. "Ethanol" means <u>an</u> nominally anhydrous denatured alcohol produced by the <u>conversion of carbohydrates</u> fermentation of plant sugars meeting the specifications for fuel ethanol and fuel ethanol blends with petroleum products as adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Ethanol may

refer to fuel ethanol blends designated EXX, where XX represents the volume percentage of fuel ethanol in the blend.

- c. "Hydrogen fuel cells" means equipment using hydrogen or a hydrogen-rich fuel in an electrochemical process to generate energy, electricity, or the transfer of heat.
- d. "Renewable fuel" means any motor vehicle fuel that is used to replace or reduce the quantity of fossil fuel present in a fuel mixture that is used to fuel a motor vehicle and is produced from grain; starch; oilseeds; vegetable, animal, or fish materials, including fats, greases, and oils; sugarcane; sugar beets; sugar components; tobacco; potatoes; other biomass; or natural gas produced from a biogas source, including a landfill, sewage waste treatment plant, feedlot, or other place where there is decaying organic material. This term includes cellulosic biomass ethanol, waste-derived ethanol, biodiesel (mono-alkyl ester), nonester renewable diesel, and blending components derived from renewable fuel.
- 2. The sale or use of the following in the state is exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter:
- a. Hydrogen-powered vehicles, materials incorporated into hydrogen-powered vehicles, and hydrogen-fueling stations, up to a limit of \$2 million in tax each state fiscal year for all taxpayers.
- b. Commercial stationary hydrogen fuel cells, up to a limit of \$1 million in tax each state fiscal year for all taxpayers.
- c. Materials used in the distribution of biodiesel (B10-B100), renewable fuels, and ethanol (E10-E100), including

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fueling infrastructure, transportation, and storage, up to a limit of \$1 million in tax each state fiscal year for all taxpayers. Gasoline fueling station pump retrofits for ethanol (E10-E100) distribution qualify for the exemption provided in this sub-subparagraph.

- 3. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide to the department a list of items eligible for the exemption provided in this paragraph.
- 4.a. The exemption provided in this paragraph shall be available to a purchaser only through a refund of previously paid taxes. Only one purchase of an eligible item is subject to refund. A purchaser who has received a refund on an eligible item shall notify any subsequent purchaser of the item that such item is no longer eligible for a refund of paid taxes. The purchaser shall provide the notice to the subsequent purchaser on the sales invoice or other proof of purchase.
- b. To be eligible to receive the exemption provided in this paragraph, a purchaser shall file an application with the Department of Environmental Protection. The application shall be developed by the Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the department, and shall require:
- (I) The name and address of the person claiming the refund.
- (II) A specific description of the purchase for which a refund is sought, including, when applicable, a serial number or other permanent identification number.
- (III) The sales invoice or other proof of purchase showing the amount of sales tax paid, the date of purchase, and the name

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and address of the sales tax dealer from whom the property was purchased.

- (IV) A sworn statement that the information provided is accurate and that the requirements of this paragraph have been met.
- c. Within 30 days after receipt of an application, the Department of Environmental Protection shall review the application and shall notify the applicant of any deficiencies. Upon receipt of a completed application, the Department of Environmental Protection shall evaluate the application for exemption and issue a written certification that the applicant is eligible for a refund or issue a written denial of such certification within 60 days after receipt of the application. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide the department with a copy of each certification issued upon approval of an application.
- d. Each certified applicant shall be responsible for forwarding a certified copy of the application and copies of all required documentation to the department within 6 months after certification by the Department of Environmental Protection.
- e. The provisions of s. 212.095 do not apply to any refund application made pursuant to this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal approval by the department.
- f. The department may adopt all rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this paragraph, including rules establishing forms and procedures for claiming this exemption.

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g. The Department of Environmental Protection shall be responsible for ensuring that the total amounts of the exemptions authorized do not exceed the limits as specified in subparagraph 2.

- 5. The Department of Environmental Protection shall determine and publish on a regular basis the amount of sales tax funds remaining in each fiscal year.
 - 6. This paragraph expires July 1, 2010.
- Section 4. Subsections (1), (6), and (7) of section 220.192, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (6) and (7) of that section are renumbered as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
- 320 220.192 Renewable energy technologies investment tax 321 credit.--
 - (1) DEFINITIONS. -- For purposes of this section, the term:
 - (a) "Biodiesel" means biodiesel as defined in s.
- 324 212.08(7)(ccc).

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- (b) "Corporation" means a general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, unincorporated business, or other business entity in which a taxpayer owns an interest which is taxed as a partnership or is disregarded as a separate entity from the taxpayer for tax purposes.
 - (c) (b) "Eligible costs" means:
- 1. Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation and maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred between July 1, 2006, and June 30, 2010, up to a limit of \$3 million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, in

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connection with an investment in hydrogen-powered vehicles and hydrogen vehicle fueling stations in the state, including, but not limited to, the costs of constructing, installing, and equipping such technologies in the state.

- 2. Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation and maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred between July 1, 2006, and June 30, 2010, up to a limit of \$1.5 million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, and limited to a maximum of \$12,000 per fuel cell, in connection with an investment in commercial stationary hydrogen fuel cells in the state, including, but not limited to, the costs of constructing, installing, and equipping such technologies in the state.
- 3. Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation and maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred between July 1, 2006, and June 30, 2010, up to a limit of \$6.5 million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, in connection with an investment in the production, storage, and distribution of biodiesel (B10-B100), renewable fuels, and ethanol (E10-E100) in the state, including the costs of constructing, installing, and equipping such technologies in the state. Gasoline fueling station pump retrofits for ethanol (E10-E100) distribution qualify as an eligible cost under this subparagraph.
- $\frac{\text{(d)}(c)}{\text{(cc)}}$ "Ethanol" means ethanol as defined in s. 360 212.08(7)(ccc).
- 361 (e) (d) "Hydrogen fuel cell" means hydrogen fuel cell as defined in s. 212.08(7) (ccc).

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(f) "Renewable fuel" means renewable fuel as defined in s. 212.08(7)(ccc).

(6) TRANSFERABILITY OF CREDIT. --

- (a) Any corporation and any subsequent transferee who receives the tax credit may transfer such tax credit, in whole or in part, to any taxpayer by written agreement without transferring any ownership interest in the property generating the tax credit or any interest in the entity that owns the property. Transferees are entitled to apply the credit against the tax, which has the same effect as if the transferee had incurred the eligible costs.
- (b) To complete the transfer, the transferor shall send a written statement to the Department of Revenue as notice of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credit to the assignee.

 The written statement must include the date the transfer is effective; the assignee's name, address, federal taxpayer identification number, and tax period; and the amount of tax credit to be transferred. The Department of Revenue shall issue, upon receipt of such statement, a certificate to the assignee reflecting the tax credit amounts transferred. The assignee shall attach a copy of the certificate to each tax return in which the tax credit is used.
- (c) If a tax credit is derived from an entity that is a corporation as defined in subsection (1) but is not transferred by such entity to a taxpayer pursuant to this subsection, the tax credit must be passed through to a taxpayer designated as a partner, member, or owner, respectively, in a manner agreed to by such person, regardless of whether any portion of the federal

energy tax credit relating to eligible costs is allocated to such person.

- (7) (6) RULES.--The Department of Revenue shall have the authority to adopt rules relating to:
- (a) The forms required to claim a tax credit under this section, the requirements and basis for establishing an entitlement to a credit, and the examination and audit procedures required to administer this section.
- (b) The implementation and administration of a transfer of a tax credit, including the forms, reporting requirements, and the specific procedures, guidelines, and requirements necessary to transfer the tax credit.
- (c) The implementation and administration of a pass through of a tax credit to an owner, member, or partner, including the forms, reporting requirements, and the specific procedures, guidelines, and requirements necessary for the pass through of credit.
- (8) (7) PUBLICATION.--The Department of Environmental Protection shall determine and publish on a regular basis the amount of available tax credits remaining in each fiscal year.
- Section 5. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (2) and paragraph (j) is added to subsection (3) of section 220.193, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 220.193 Florida renewable energy production credit.--
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (f) "Sale" or "sold" means the use of electricity by the producer of such electricity which decreases the amount of electricity that the producer would otherwise have to purchase.

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(3) An annual credit against the tax imposed by this section shall be allowed to a taxpayer, based on the taxpayer's production and sale of electricity from a new or expanded Florida renewable energy facility. For a new facility, the credit shall be based on the taxpayer's sale of the facility's entire electrical production. For an expanded facility, the credit shall be based on the increases in the facility's electrical production that are achieved after May 1, 2006.

- (j) A taxpayer's use of the credit granted pursuant to this section does not reduce the amount of any credit available to such taxpayer under s. 220.186.
- Section 6. <u>Section 52 of chapter 2007-73, Laws of Florida,</u> is repealed.
- Section 7. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of section 377.806, Florida Statutes, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection (7) of that section are amended, present subsections (6) and (7) of that section are renumbered as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
 - 377.806 Solar Energy System Incentives Program. --
 - (2) SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM INCENTIVE. --
- (c) Application.--To be eligible to receive a rebate, applicants shall file a preapplication form with the department which demonstrates that the planned system will meet the applicable requirements of this section. The department shall review the preapplication to determine if it complies with the requirements of this section, notify the applicant within 30 days after receipt of the preapplication that it has been

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received and meets such requirements, and reserve funding for the preapplication for up to 90 days after the date on which the notice is issued to the applicant. Within 90 days after the purchase of the solar photovoltaic system, the applicant shall submit a separate application for a rebate payment to the department.

(3) SOLAR THERMAL SYSTEM INCENTIVE. --

- (b) Rebate amounts.--Authorized rebates for installation of solar thermal systems shall be as follows:
 - 1. Five hundred dollars for a residence.
- 2. Fifteen dollars per 1,000 Btu up to a maximum of \$5,000 for a place of business, a publicly owned or operated facility, or a facility owned or operated by a private, not-for-profit organization, including condominiums or apartment buildings. Btu must be verified by approved metering equipment.
- (6) LIMITATION.--Rebates are limited to one type of system per resident per fiscal year.
- (7)(6) REBATE AVAILABILITY.--The department shall determine and publish on a regular basis the amount of rebate funds remaining in each fiscal year. The total dollar amount of all rebates issued by the department is subject to the total amount of appropriations in any fiscal year for this program. If funds are insufficient during the current fiscal year, any requests for rebates received during that fiscal year may be processed during the following fiscal year. Requests for rebates received in a fiscal year that are processed during the following fiscal year shall be given priority over requests for rebates received during the following fiscal year.

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475	(8) (7) RULESThe department shall adopt rules pursuant						
476	to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to develop applications for rebate						
477	reservations and rebate payments rebate applications and						
478	administer the issuance of rebates.						
479	Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 570.957, Florida						
480	Statutes, is amended to read:						
481	570.957 Farm-to-Fuel Grants Program						
482	(3) This section expires July 1, 2009 2008 .						
483	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.						