HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 133 Sexual Battery Time Limitations

SPONSOR(S): Porth; Brandenburg; Kiar

TIED BILLS: None IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 528

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Committee on Courts		Webb	Bond
2) Safety & Security Council			
3)			
4)			
5)		_	

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

A statute of limitations is an absolute bar to the filing of a legal case after a date set by law. All prosecutions for crimes must be commenced within the time limitations proscribed by statute. Under current law, there is no statute of limitations for most sexual battery crimes where the victim was a minor. This bill eliminates the statute of limitations for the offense of uncoerced sex with a minor between 12 and 17 years of age.

This bill appears to have an indeterminate minimal negative fiscal impact on state and local government expenditures.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0133.CTS.doc

DATE: 1/11/2008

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

Personal responsibility -- This bill eliminates a procedural bar to prosecution of a certain sex crime.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Background

A statute of limitations is an absolute bar to the filing of a legal case after a date set by law. The date is commonly based on the time that has elapsed since the action giving rise to the case occurred. Such laws creating statutes of limitation specify when the time period begins, how long the limitations period runs, and circumstances by which the running of the statutes may be tolled (suspended). Alternatively, some laws creating statutes of limitations set the limitations period based in part on the age of the victim. Combinations of these two approaches exist.

State and federal constitutions prohibit ex post facto laws. If the limitations period on an offense has already expired, a change to the law cannot retroactively allow a prosecution for the offense. 2

Criminal Statutes of Limitation Applicable to Sexual Battery

Section 794.011, F.S., lists numerous crimes related to sexual battery, commonly referred to as rape.³ Section 775.15, F.S., sets forth the statutes of limitation applicable to criminal prosecutions. Section 775.15(4), F.S., provides that the time for prosecution of a criminal case starts to run on the day after the offense is committed. An offense is deemed to have been committed either when every element of the offense has occurred, or, if the legislative purpose to prohibit a continuing course of conduct plainly appears, at the time when the course of conduct or the defendant's duplicity therein is terminated.

In general, the length of a statute of limitations increases with the severity of the offense. Prosecution may commence at any time for a capital felony, life felony, or felony which results in death. Most first degree felonies must be prosecuted within 4 years and other felonies within 3 years.⁴ However, if a victim of a first degree felony of 794.011, F. S. (Sexual Battery) is under the age of 18 at the time of the offense, there is no statute of limitations.⁵

Under current law, there is no statute of limitations for most sexual battery crimes where the victim is a minor. Only two sexual battery offenses where the victim is a minor have an applicable statute of limitations under current law. As to these two offenses, the applicable statute of limitations does not commence until the earlier of the date that the minor reaches 18 years of age or the crime is reported to law enforcement.⁶ Those two offenses are as follows:

¹ Article I, s. 10, U.S.Const.; Article I, s. 10, Fla.Const.

² In *Stogner v. California*, 539 U.S. 607 (2003), the United States Supreme Court held that a law enacted after the expiration of a previously applicable statute of limitations had expired could not, under the ex post facto clause of the United States Constitution, revive the time-barred prosecution.

³ Section 794.011(1)(h), F.S., defines sexual battery as "oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object; however, sexual battery does not include an act done for a bona fide medical purpose."

⁴ Section 775.15(2)(a), F. S.

⁵ Section 775.15(13)(b), F.S.

⁶ Section 775.15(13)(a), F.S.

- Section 794.011(5), F.S., provides that a person who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process thereof does not use physical force and violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a felony of the second degree.⁷ There is no statute of limitations for this crime if the sexual battery was reported to law enforcement within 72 hours after the commission of the crime⁸ or if there were multiple perpetrators.⁹ Otherwise, the statute of limitations is 3 years. Because the statute of limitations must commence on or before the victim's 18th birthday, the limitations period would not extend beyond the victim's 21st birthday.
- Section 794.011(8), F.S., provides that without regard to the willingness or consent of the victim, a person who is in a position of familial or custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age and who solicits that person to engage in any act which would constitute sexual battery commits a felony of the third degree.¹⁰ The statute of limitations is 3 years. Because the statute of limitations must commence on or before the victim's 18th birthday, the limitations period would not extend beyond the victim's 21st birthday.

In addition to the time periods stated above, an offender may be prosecuted within 1 year after the date on which the identity of the offender is established, or should have been established by the exercise of due diligence, through the analysis of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) evidence, if a sufficient portion of the evidence collected at the time of the original investigation and tested for DNA is preserved and available for testing by the accused.¹¹

Effect of Bill

This bill amends the current three year statute of limitations applicable to criminal cases, s. 775.15, F.S., to provide that there is no statute of limitations for the offense of second-degree sexual battery, as defined in s. 794.011(5), F.S., where the victim of the sexual battery was 12 years of age or older (but less than 18 years of age), the sexual battery was committed without that person's consent, and the perpetrator did not use physical force or violence likely to cause serious bodily injury.

This bill does not extend the statute of limitations for an offense already time-barred on or before October 1, 2008.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1 amends s. 775.15, F.S., regarding the statute of limitations in criminal sexual battery cases.

Section 2 provides an effective date of October 1, 2008.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

 Revenue 	s
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None.

2. Expenditures:

DATE:

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⁷ Section 794.011(5), F.S.

⁸ Section 775.15(14), F.S.

⁹ If there were multiple perpetrators, this crime is reclassified as a first degree felony, s. 794.023(2)(a), F.S., and accordingly there would be no statute of limitations.

¹⁰ Section 794.011(8)(a), F.S.

¹¹ Section 775.15(8), F.S. **STORAGE NAME**: h01:

This bill appears to have an indeterminate minimal negative fiscal impact on state government

		expenditures.			
В.	FIS	SCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:			
	1.	Revenues:			
		None.			
	2.	Expenditures:			
		This bill appears to have an indeterminate minimal negative fiscal impact on local government expenditures.			
C.	DII	RECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:			
	No	one.			
D.	FIS	SCAL COMMENTS:			
	No	one.			
	III. COMMENTS				
A.	CC	DNSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:			
	1.	Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:			
		This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenue in the aggregate, nor reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.			
	2.	Other:			
		None.			
В.	RL	JLE-MAKING AUTHORITY:			
	No	one.			
C.	DF	RAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:			
	No	ne.			
D.	ST	ATEMENT OF THE SPONSOR			
	No	statement submitted.			
IV. AMENDMENTS/COUNCIL SUBSTITUTE CHANGES					
	N/	4			

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