By Senator Storms

date.

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A bill to be entitled

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28 29 An act relating to real property assessments; amending s. 194.301, F.S.; revising the burden of proof in challenges to the property appraiser's assessment of just value; deleting the presumption of correctness and placing the burden of proof on the appraiser; providing an effective

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 194.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.301 Ad valorem tax assessment; burden of proof presumption of correctness. -- In an any administrative or judicial action in which a taxpayer challenges an ad valorem tax assessment of just value, the property appraiser has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that his or her assessment complies with s. 193.011 and professionally accepted appraisal practices appraiser's assessment shall be presumed correct. This presumption of correctness is lost if the taxpayer shows by a preponderance of the evidence that either the property appraiser has failed to consider properly the criteria in s. 193.011 or if the property appraiser's assessment is arbitrarily based on appraisal practices which are different from the appraisal practices generally applied by the property appraiser to comparable property within the same class and within the same county. If the presumption of correctness is lost, the taxpayer shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the appraiser's assessment is in excess of just

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value. If the presumption of correctness is retained, the taxpayer shall have the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the appraiser's assessment is in excess of just value. In no case shall the taxpayer have the burden of proving that the property appraiser's assessment is not supported by any reasonable hypothesis of a legal assessment. If the property appraiser fails to meet the burden of proof or the appraiser's assessment is determined to be erroneous, the value adjustment board or the court may can establish the assessment if there is exists competent, substantial evidence in the record, which cumulatively meets the requirements of s. 193.011. If the record lacks competent, substantial evidence meeting the just value criteria of s. 193.011, the matter shall be remanded to the property appraiser with appropriate directions from the value adjustment board or the court.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.