CHAMBER ACTION

<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>

Schools & Learning Council offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 161 and 162, insert:

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Section 3. Section 1003.215, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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1003.215 Student Preparedness Pilot Program.--

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that all students exit from the public schools with academic skills that provide the students with the opportunity to pursue postsecondary education or with skills that lead to ready to

The Legislature finds it to be in the public interest

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work certification, industry certification, or skill licensure.

(2)(a) Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, and

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continuing through the 2014-2015 school year, there is created

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the Student Preparedness Pilot Program to be piloted by school

districts. Students in a school district selected to implement 489165

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(1)

- the pilot program pursuant to subsection (3) who attain the age of 16 years but have not reached the age of 18 years and who choose to exercise their option not to regularly attend school pursuant to s. 1003.21(1)(c) shall be subject to the attendance and completion requirements of this section.
- (b) In the 2008-2009 school year, each school district selected pursuant to subsection (3) shall review, identify, and develop curricula options for the implementation of the pilot program requirements pursuant to paragraph (5)(a) for students who attain the age of 16 years but have not reached the age of 18 years whose academic goals may not include a traditional high school diploma. These options shall include, but are not limited to, nontraditional academic options and flexible attendance options and may include a phase-in of students by age or grade. Each selected school district must develop a plan to meet the student's needs and the attendance and completion requirements of this section prior to implementation of the pilot program in the 2009-2010 school year.
- (3) The Department of Education shall develop an application process for all school districts to apply to participate in the pilot program. The State Board of Education shall select the pilot program districts, one of which shall be the Duval County School District.
- (4) Parents of public school students enrolled in a participating pilot program district must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school.

(5)(a) A student in a participating pilot program district
who attains the age of 16 years but has not reached the age of
18 years has the right to file a formal declaration of intent to
terminate school enrollment if the declaration is signed by the
parent. The parent has the right to be notified by the school
district of the district's receipt of the student's declaration
of intent to terminate school enrollment. The student's guidance
counselor or other school personnel must conduct an exit
interview pursuant to s. 1003.21(1)(c). Any student in a
participating pilot program district who files a declaration
seeking to terminate school enrollment but has not reached the
age of 18 years shall be required, until completion or
attainment of the age of 18 years, to continue pursuing credits
toward a high school diploma, pursue a high school equivalency
diploma with participation in the Florida Ready to Work
Certification Program under s. 1004.99, participate in a career
or job training program leading to industry certification or
skill licensure that is developed by or in cooperation with the
district school board, or participate in the Florida Ready to
Work Certification Program under s. 1004.99.

- (b) A Student Preparedness Pilot Program student subject to the attendance and completion requirements of this section is not an "eligible student" for purposes of school grading under s. 1008.34(3)(b) if the student has selected a nontraditional academic option of the pilot program.
- (6) Students who become or have become married or who are pregnant and parenting have the right to attend school and

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receive the same or equivalent educational instruction as other students.

- (7) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA), in cooperation with the participating pilot program districts, the applicable state attorneys' offices and regional workforce boards, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Education, and the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall conduct a study annually of the impact of the pilot program on dropout and graduation rates, on the employability of students, and on juvenile crime, using 2007-2008 data as the baseline for the research. OPPAGA shall develop criteria for collection and reporting of data with input from the cooperating entities. The results of each annual report shall be made available to participating pilot program districts, the applicable state attorneys' offices and regional workforce boards, the Agency for Workforce Education, the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1 following each school year, beginning January 1, 2012.
- Section 4. Subsections (8) and (13) of section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 1003.01 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, the term:
- "Habitual truant" means a student who: has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days with or without the knowledge or consent of the student's parent; is subject to compulsory school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a) or is subject to the Student Preparedness Pilot Program under s.

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1003.215;7 and is not exempt under s. 1003.21(3), ex s. 1003.24, or by meeting the criteria for any other exemption specified by law or rules of the State Board of Education. Such a student must have been the subject of the activities specified in ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27(3), without resultant successful remediation of the truancy problem before being dealt with as a child in need of services according to the provisions of chapter 984.

- (13) (a) "Regular school attendance" means the actual attendance of a student during the school day as defined by law and rules of the State Board of Education. Regular attendance within the intent of s. 1003.21 may be achieved by attendance in:
 - 1.(a) A public school supported by public funds;
 - 2.(b) A parochial, religious, or denominational school;
- 3.(c) A private school supported in whole or in part by tuition charges or by endowments or gifts;
- $\frac{4.(d)}{}$ A home education program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002; or
- $\underline{5.}$ (e) A private tutoring program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002.
- (b) "Regular program attendance" for a student in the
 Student Preparedness Pilot Program under s. 1003.215 means
 actual attendance by the student in traditional or
 nontraditional academic options as defined by law and rules of
 the State Board of Education. The district school superintendent
 shall be responsible for enforcing such attendance.
- Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 489165

1003.21 School attendance.--

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(c) A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the student files a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the district school board. Public school students who have attained the age of 16 years and who have not graduated are subject to compulsory school attendance until the formal declaration of intent is filed with the district school board. The declaration must acknowledge that terminating school enrollment is likely to reduce the student's earning potential and must be signed by the student and the student's parent. The school district must notify the student's parent of receipt of the student's declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment. The student's guidance counselor or other school personnel must conduct an exit interview with the student to determine the reasons for the student's decision to terminate school enrollment and actions that could be taken to keep the student in school. The student must be informed of opportunities to continue his or her education in a different environment, including, but not limited to, adult education and GED test preparation. Additionally, the student must complete a survey in a format prescribed by the Department of Education to provide data on student reasons for terminating enrollment and actions taken by schools to keep students enrolled. A student enrolled in a Student Preparedness Pilot Program school district must

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receive information regarding the program's attendance and completion requirements under s. 1003.215.

Section 6. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 1003.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.26 Enforcement of school attendance. -- The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved 489165

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student learning and achievement. Each public school shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

- (1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE. --
- (f)1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s. 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent to a home education review committee composed of the district contact for home education programs and at least two home educators selected by the parent from a district list of all home educators who have conducted a home education program for at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve on the committee. The home education review committee shall review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b). The first portfolio review must occur within the first 30 calendar days of the establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. do not apply once the committee determines the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b).
- 2. If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the committee, the committee shall notify the district school superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then terminate the home education program and require the parent to 489165

- enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the
- 212 definition of "regular school attendance" under s.
- 213 1003.01(13)(a)1., 2., 3., or 5., (b), (c), or (e), within 3
- 214 days. Upon termination of a home education program pursuant to
- 215 this subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll
- 216 the child in a home education program for 180 calendar days.
- 217 Failure of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option
- as required by this subparagraph after termination of the home
- 219 education program pursuant to this subparagraph shall constitute
- 220 noncompliance with the compulsory attendance requirements of s.
- 221 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s.
- 222 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability
- 223 of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or
- 224 her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s.
- 225 1002.41(1)(b).
- Section 7. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
- 227 1004.99, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsection (4) is
- renumbered as subsection (5), and a new subsection (4) is added
- 229 to that section, to read:
- 230 1004.99 Florida Ready to Work Certification Program. --
- (3) The Florida Ready to Work Certification Program shall
- 232 be composed of:
- (d) A <u>Florida Ready to Work Credential</u> certificate and
- 234 portfolio awarded to students upon successful completion of the
- 235 instruction. Each portfolio must delineate the skills
- 236 demonstrated by the student as evidence of the student's
- 237 preparation for employment.

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st	udent	rece	eive	s is	based	on	the	fo	llowin	<u>g:</u>				

- (a) A bronze-level credential requires a minimum score of3 or above on each of the assessments.
- (b) A silver-level credential requires a minimum score of 4 or above on each of the assessments.
- (c) A gold-level credential requires a minimum score of 5 or above on each of the assessments.
- Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--
- (2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
 - (b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives:
- 1. Four credits in a major area of interest, such as sequential courses in a career and technical program, fine and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by October 1, the district school board shall approve major areas of interest 489165

and submit the list of majors to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Each major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major areas of interest shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's website. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2008-2009 school year, a student must earn a Florida Ready to Work Credential as created under s. 1004.99 in order to graduate with a career or technical major area of interest.

- 2. Four credits in elective courses selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. These credits may be combined to allow for a second major area of interest pursuant to subparagraph 1., a minor area of interest, elective courses, or intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses as described in this subparagraph.
- a. Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156 and approved by the district school board.
- b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s.
 1001.41(3) and to meet eligibility requirements for scholarships.
- c. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be 489165

determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(8).

d. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year. These courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 1009.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.536 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award.--The Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award is created within the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program to recognize and reward academic achievement and career preparation by high school students who wish to continue their education.

- (1) A student is eligible for a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the student:
- (a) Completes the secondary school portion of a sequential program of studies that requires at least three secondary school career credits taken over at least 2 academic years, and is continued in a planned, related postsecondary education program. If the student's school does not offer such a two-plus-two or 489165

tech-prep program, the student must complete a job-preparatory career education program selected by Workforce Florida, Inc., for its ability to provide high-wage employment in an occupation with high potential for employment opportunities. On-the-job training may not be substituted for any of the three required career credits.

- (b) Demonstrates readiness for postsecondary education by earning a passing score on the Florida College Entry Level Placement Test or its equivalent as identified by the Department of Education.
- (c) Earns a minimum cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.0, as calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, on all subjects required for a standard high school diploma, excluding elective courses.
- (d) Earns a minimum unweighted grade point average of 3.5 on a 4.0 scale for secondary career courses comprising the career program.
- (e) Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2008-2009 school year, earns a gold-level Florida Ready to Work Credential as created under s. 1004.99.
- Section 10. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (5) of section 445.004, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 445.004 Workforce Florida, Inc.; creation; purpose; membership; duties and powers.--
- (5) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes as determined by statute, Pub. L. No. 105-220, and the Governor, as 489165

well as its functions, duties, and responsibilities, including, but not limited to, the following:

(j) In partnership with the Department of Education, ensuring consistent use of the Florida Ready to Work Credential as created under s. 1004.99.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove line(s) 2-24 and insert:

An act relating to alternative high school courses and programs; creating s. 1002.375, F.S.; establishing a pilot project for awarding high school credit to students enrolled in industry certification programs; requiring the Commissioner of Education to establish criteria for program participation; requiring that a school district submit a letter of interest by a specified date in order to participate in the pilot project; requiring that the Commissioner of Education submit a report to the Governor and the Legislature; providing for specified courses to be included as alternative credit courses; exempting alternative credit courses from certain requirements; authorizing the Department of Education to approve certain courses for credit by examination; requiring the Department of Education to adopt passing minimum scores on approved assessments and maintain a course directory; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules; amending s. 1011.61, F.S., relating to definitions for the Florida Education Finance Program; providing for an alternate method of reporting full-time equivalent membership 489165

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for credit earned in alternative high school credit courses for the pilot project created under s. 1002.375, F.S.; creating s. 1003.215, F.S.; creating the Student Preparedness Pilot Program; requiring the Duval County School District and each selected school district to review and identify curricula options for certain students; requiring students who attain the age of 16 years but have not reached the age of 18 years in pilot program districts who do not regularly attend school to be subject to specific attendance and completion requirements; providing for an application and selection process for school district participation; specifying procedures for termination of school enrollment and requirements for pilot program attendance and completion; specifying that students who select a nontraditional academic option are not eligible students for purposes of school grading; requiring an annual study and reporting by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; providing that habitual truancy provisions apply to students subject to pilot program requirements; defining regular program attendance in a pilot program school district; amending s. 1003.21, F.S.; requiring a student in a pilot program school district to be informed of attendance and completion requirements; amending s. 1003.26, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 1004.99, F.S., relating to the Florida Ready to Work Program; providing requirements for attaining bronze, silver, and gold credential levels; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; requiring a student to earn the credential for high school graduation with a career or technical major area of interest; amending s. 1009.536, F.S.; 489165

HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 1906

Amendment No.

406	requiring a student to earn the credential for receipt of a
407	Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award; amending s.
408	445.004, F.S.; requiring Workforce Florida, Inc., and the
409	Department of Education to ensure consistent use of the
410	credential; providing an effective date.