28

29

An act relating to education; amending s. 1003.41, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of Education replace the Sunshine State Standards with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards; providing requirements for the content and organization of the standards; requiring that the standards establish core curricular content in specified areas for certain grades or grade clusters; requiring that the state board establish schedules for the adoption and revision of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards; requiring that the state board adopt the standards by a specified date; requiring the Commissioner of Education to provide proposed Next Generation Sunshine State Standards or proposed revisions of such standards to the state board; providing requirements for the commissioner's development of the proposed standards or revisions; requiring consultation with certain experts; requiring distribution of a proposal developed by the commissioner for review and comment by certain experts; requiring a written evaluation of the proposal developed by the commissioner by certain experts; requiring provision of the commissioner's proposed standards and the written evaluation and comments to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; authorizing rulemaking by the State Board of Education; amending s. 220.187, F.S.; revising requirements for the selection of norm-referenced tests administered by private schools for purposes of the Corporate Income Tax Credit Scholarship Program; amending

31

32

3334

35

3637

38

39

40

42

43

44

45

46

47

4849

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

20081908er

s. 1000.21, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; providing for application of the Sunshine State Standards pending adoption of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to periodically review and revise state curriculum standards; eliminating provisions requiring that the state board report proposed revisions to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 1001.452, F.S.; revising provisions relating to membership of school advisory councils; amending s. 1003.413, F.S.; requiring policies of each district school board to address an annual review of student education plans; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; revising courses that are acceptable for high school graduation; conforming provisions and a crossreference; creating s. 1003.4285, F.S.; providing for high school diploma designations; amending ss. 1003.429, 1003.43, and 1003.433, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-references; amending s. 1003.63, F.S.; revising the type of assessment tests reported to the Governor and the Legislature relating to the deregulated public schools pilot program; amending s. 1004.85, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 1004.91, F.S.; providing an exemption relating to career-preparatory instruction; amending s. 1004.99, F.S.; providing designations of Florida Ready to Work credentials; amending s. 1007.21, F.S., relating to postsecondary placement tests for high school students; authorizing the common placement test to be administered to high school students meeting certain criteria; amending s. 1007.235, F.S.; requiring district

60

61

62

63 64

65 66

67

68

69

70 71

72

73

74

7.5

76

77

78

79

80

81 82

8.3

84

85

86

87

20081908er

interinstitutional articulation agreements to include responsibility for assignment of grades for dual enrollment courses; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; revising provisions governing application of testing requirements for high school graduation; providing criteria concerning the testing and scores required for a continuously enrolled student to earn a standard high school diploma; authorizing the commissioner to administer end-of-course assessments; providing requirements for comprehensive assessments and end-of-course assessments; authorizing the commissioner to select a nationally developed comprehensive examination for use as an end-of-course assessment; revising the design of the testing program; authorizing the commissioner to collaborate with the American Diploma Project to develop end-of-course assessments; deleting requirements for norm-referenced tests; revising assessments of writing; requiring the commissioner to establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results; providing requirements for the testing and reporting schedules; requiring district school boards to prohibit public schools from suspending a program of curricula for the administration of practice tests or certain test-preparation activities; authorizing a district school board to permit a school to engage in certain test-preparation activities; requiring public schools to comply with statewide assessment and reporting schedules; revising the applicability of testing standards under certain conditions; establishing requirements for

90

91

92

9394

95

96

97

98 99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

20081908er

calculating student scores on revised statewide assessments; authorizing the commissioner to discontinue administration of an outdated assessment under certain circumstances; requiring the state board to adopt rules establishing passing scores on revised assessments required for a standard high school diploma; clarifying determination of concordant scores for the FCAT; revising the requirements contained in the annual report by the department to the Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; revising provisions relating to administration and use of the results of the common placement test; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules requiring high school evaluation of student college readiness and establishing minimum test scores for such readiness; authorizing the purchase or development of assessments; providing for remedial instruction; amending s. 1008.31, F.S.; declaring the legislative intent that the K-20 education system comply with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising the exceptions for a school to receive a school grade; providing for a revised high school grading system beginning with the 2009-2010 school year which includes the statewide standardized assessment, graduation rates, performance and participation in certain courses, postsecondary readiness as measured by certain examinations, and the change in these factors from year to year; specifying the data components to be used in determining the revised high school grading system; requiring that the criteria for school grades give added

118

119

120

121

122123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

20081908er

weight to the graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students; revising the student assessment data used in determining school grades; requiring a school district that fails to assign FCAT scores to students' schools to forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for a specified time; requiring the collaboration between a home school and alternative school to be between the principals of each school in order to promote student success; authorizing the state board to adopt rules; amending s. 1008.341, F.S.; revising provisions for a school improvement rating for an alternative school; authorizing the state board to adopt rules; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1008.36, F.S.; revising criteria for financial awards under the Florida School Recognition Program; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; requiring teacher certification examinations to be aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards; revising provisions relating to the means for demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge; specifying world languages for which subject area examinations may be required by State Board of Education rule; authorizing degree completion and attainment of foreign language proficiency on specified national tests; amending ss. 1012.57 and 1012.586, F.S.; conforming cross-reference; amending s. 1012.71, F.S., relating to the Florida Teachers Lead Program; revising requirements for use of program funds by classroom teachers; providing for disbursement of funds to school districts; specifying means for providing a classroom teacher with his or her proportionate share of program

funds and providing that funds received are not subject to collective bargaining; providing for retroactive effect; providing requirements for accounting of expenditures; amending s. 1013.12, F.S.; requiring that a school cafeteria post certain information concerning its sanitation certificate and inspection; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 1003.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.41 Sunshine State Standards.--

- (1) Public K-12 educational instruction in Florida is based on the "Sunshine State Standards." The State Board of Education shall review the Sunshine State Standards and replace them with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards that establish the core content of the curricula to be taught in this state and that specify the core content knowledge and skills that K-12 public school students are expected to acquire. The Next Generation Sunshine State Standards must, at a minimum:
- (a) Establish the core curricular content for language arts, science, mathematics, and social studies, as follows:
- 1. Language arts standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, the reading process, literary analysis, the writing process, writing applications, communication, and information and media literacy. The standards must include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have

20081908er

acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 8. The language arts standards for grades 9 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level. The language arts standards must also identify significant literary genres and authors that encompass a comprehensive range of historical periods. The State Board of Education shall, in accordance with the expedited schedule established under subsection (2), review and replace the language arts standards adopted by the state board in 2007 with Next Generation Sunshine State Standards that comply with this subparagraph.

- 2. Science standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, the nature of science, earth and space science, physical science, and life science. The standards must include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 8. The science standards for grades 9 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level.
- 3. Mathematics standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, algebra, geometry, probability, statistics, calculus, discrete mathematics, financial literacy, and trigonometry. The standards must include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 8. The mathematics standards for grades 9 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level.
- 4. Social studies standards must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum, geography, United States

20081908er

and world history, government, civics, economics, and humanities. The standards must include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 8. The social studies standards for grades 9 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level.

- (b) Establish the core curricular content for visual and performing arts, physical education, health, and foreign languages. Standards for these subjects must establish specific curricular content and include distinct grade-level expectations for the core content knowledge and skills that a student is expected to have acquired by each individual grade level from kindergarten through grade 5. The standards for grades 6 through 12 may be organized by grade clusters of more than one grade level.
- (c) Identify the core curricular content that a student is expected to learn for each subject at each individual grade level in order to acquire the broad background knowledge needed for reading comprehension.
- (d) Be rigorous and relevant and provide for the logical, sequential progression of core curricular content that incrementally increases a student's core content knowledge and skills over time.
- (e) Integrate critical-thinking and problem-solving skills; communication, reading, and writing skills; mathematics skills; collaboration skills; contextual and applied-learning skills; technology-literacy skills; information and media-literacy skills; and civic-engagement skills.

20081908er

- (f) Be organized according to a uniform structure and format that is consistent for each subject. The Next Generation Sunshine State Standards shall, for each subject and grade level, use the same alphanumeric coding system.
- (g) Be aligned to expectations for success in postsecondary education and high-skill, high-wage employment.
- (2) By December 31, 2008, the State Board of Education shall establish an expedited schedule for adoption of the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and shall establish by rule a schedule for the periodic review and revision of the standards.

 The state board shall adopt the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards for each subject by December 31, 2011.
- (3) (a) The Commissioner of Education shall develop and submit to the State Board of Education proposed Next Generation Sunshine State Standards, and periodically submit proposed revisions to the standards, for adoption by the state board according to the schedules established under subsection (2). The commissioner, in developing the proposed standards, shall consult with renowned experts on K-12 curricular standards and content in each subject listed in paragraphs (1) (a) and (b) and shall consider standards that are implemented by other states or nations and regarded as exceptionally rigorous by the curricular and content experts. The commissioner may also consult with curricular and content experts in other subjects.
- (b) The commissioner shall submit the proposed standards for review and comment by Florida educators, school administrators, representatives of community colleges and state universities who have expertise in the content knowledge and skills necessary to prepare a student for postsecondary

2.78

20081908er

education, and leaders in business and industry. The commissioner, after considering any comments and making any revisions to the proposed standards, shall submit the standards for written evaluation by renowned experts on K-12 curricular standards and content.

- (c) The commissioner, upon finalizing the proposed standards, shall submit the standards and evaluations by the curricular and content experts to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives at least 21 days before the State Board of Education considers adoption of the proposed standards.
- (4) The State Board of Education may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section. These standards have been adopted by the State Board of Education and delineate the academic achievement of students, for which the state will hold schools accountable, in grades K-2, 3-5, 6-8, and 9-12 in the subjects of language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, the arts, health and physical education, and foreign languages. They include standards in reading, writing, history, government, geography, economics, and computer literacy.
- Section 2. Paragraph (i) of subsection (9) of section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.--
- (9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.—The Department of Education shall:
- (i) <u>Maintain a list of In accordance with State Board of Education rule, identify and select the nationally norm-referenced tests identified for purposes of satisfying the state of the select the nationally norm-referenced tests.</u>

292

293

294295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311312

313

314

315

316

317318

319

20081908er

testing requirement in subparagraph (8)(c)2. The tests must meet that are comparable to the norm-referenced provisions of the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) provided that the FCAT may be one of the tests selected. However, the Department of Education may approve the use of an additional assessment by the school if the assessment meets industry standards of quality in accordance with State Board of Education rule and comparability. Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1000.21 Systemwide definitions. -- As used in the Florida K-20 Education Code: (7) "Sunshine State Standards" or the "Next Generation Sunshine State Standards" means the state's public K-12 curricular are standards adopted under s. 1003.41. The term includes the Sunshine State Standards that are in place for a subject until the standards for that subject are replaced under s. 1003.41 by the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. that identify what public school students should know and be able to do. These standards delineate the academic achievement of students for which the state will hold its public schools accountable in grades K-2, 3-5, 6-8, and 9-12, in the subjects of language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, the arts, health and physical education, foreign languages, reading, writing, history, government, geography, economics, and computer literacy. Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 1001.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education .--

(1) PUBLIC K-12 CURRICULAR STUDENT PERFORMANCE

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329

330

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338

339

340341

342

343

344

345

346

347348

20081908er

STANDARDS. -- The State Board of Education shall adopt and periodically review and revise approve the student performance standards known as the Sunshine State Standards in accordance with s. 1003.41 key academic subject areas and grade levels. The state board shall establish a schedule to facilitate the periodic review of the standards to ensure adequate rigor, relevance, logical student progression, and integration of reading, writing, and mathematics across all subject areas. The standards review by subject area must include participation of curriculum leaders in other content areas, including the arts, to ensure valid content area integration and to address the instructional requirements of different learning styles. The process for review and proposed revisions must include leadership and input from the state's classroom teachers, school administrators, and community colleges and universities, and from representatives from business and industry who are identified by local education foundations. A report including proposed revisions must be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually to coincide with the established review schedule. The review schedule and an annual status report must be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually not later than January 1. Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1001.452, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1001.452 District and school advisory councils.--(1) ESTABLISHMENT. --

The district school board shall establish an advisory

council for each school in the district and shall develop

procedures for the election and appointment of advisory council members. Each school advisory council shall include in its name the words "school advisory council." The school advisory council shall be the sole body responsible for final decisionmaking at the school relating to implementation of the provisions of ss. 1001.42(16) and 1008.345. A majority of the members of each school advisory council must be persons who are not employed by the school district. Each advisory council shall be composed of the principal and an appropriately balanced number of teachers, education support employees, students, parents, and other business and community citizens who are representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school. Career center and high school advisory councils shall include students, and middle and junior high school advisory councils may include students. School advisory councils of career centers and adult education centers are not required to include parents as members. Council members representing teachers, education support employees, students, and parents shall be elected by their respective peer groups at the school in a fair and equitable manner as follows:

- 1. Teachers shall be elected by teachers.
- 2. Education support employees shall be elected by education support employees.
 - 3. Students shall be elected by students.
 - 4. Parents shall be elected by parents.

374 375

376

377

349350

351

352

353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

362

363

364

365

366

367368

369

370

371

372

373

The district school board shall establish procedures for use by schools in selecting business and community members that include means of ensuring wide notice of vacancies and of taking input on

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390

391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404405

406

20081908er

possible members from local business, chambers of commerce, community and civic organizations and groups, and the public at large. The district school board shall review the membership composition of each advisory council. If the district school board determines that the membership elected by the school is not representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school, the district school board shall appoint additional members to achieve proper representation. The commissioner shall determine if schools have maximized their efforts to include on their advisory councils minority persons and persons of lower socioeconomic status. Although schools are strongly encouraged to establish school advisory councils, the district school board of any school district that has a student population of 10,000 or fewer may establish a district advisory council which shall include at least one duly elected teacher from each school in the district. For the purposes of school advisory councils and district advisory councils, the term "teacher" shall include classroom teachers, certified student services personnel, and media specialists. For purposes of this paragraph, "education support employee" means any person employed by a school who is not defined as instructional or administrative personnel pursuant to s. 1012.01 and whose duties require 20 or more hours in each normal working week.

Section 6. Paragraph (i) of subsection (3) of section 1003.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1003.413 Florida Secondary School Redesign Act. --
- (3) Based on these guiding principles, district school boards shall establish policies to implement the requirements of ss. 1003.4156, 1003.428, and 1003.493. The policies must address:

20081908er

- (i) An annual review of each high school student's electronic personal education plan created pursuant to s.

 1003.4156 and procedures for high school students who have not prepared an electronic personal education plan pursuant to s.

 1003.4156 to prepare such plan.
- Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--
- (2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
 - (a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:
- 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
- 2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level mathematics course. School districts are encouraged to set specific goals to increase enrollments in, and successful completion of, geometry and Algebra II.
- 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component.
- 4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one credit in American history; one credit in world history; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in American government.
- 5. One credit in fine or performing arts, which may include speech and debate, or a practical arts course that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation,

437

438

439

440441

442

443

444

445

446

447

448449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460 461

462463

464

20081908er

and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.

- One credit in physical education to include integration of health. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for two full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half credit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan.
- (4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
- (b) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3) (c), or scores on a standardized test that are

concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in \underline{s} . 1008.22(10) \underline{s} . 1008.22(9).

467468

469

470

471

472

473

474

475476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485 486

487

488

489

490

491492

493

465

466

Each district school board shall adopt policies designed to assist students in meeting the requirements of this subsection. These policies may include, but are not limited to: forgiveness policies, summer school or before or after school attendance, special counseling, volunteers or peer tutors, school-sponsored help sessions, homework hotlines, and study skills classes. Forgiveness policies for required courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. Forgiveness policies for elective courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in another course. The only exception to these forgiveness policies shall be made for a student in the middle grades who takes any high school course for high school credit and earns a grade of "C," "D," or "F" or the equivalent of a grade of "C," "D," or "F." In such case, the district forgiveness policy must allow the replacement of the grade with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. In all cases of grade forgiveness, only the new grade shall be used in the calculation of the student's grade point average. Any course grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the

20081908er

cumulative grade point average required for graduation.

- (8) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the <u>core content knowledge and</u> skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.
- Section 8. Section 1003.4285, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 1003.4285 Standard high school diploma designations.--By
 the 2008-2009 school year, each standard high school diploma
 shall include, as applicable:
- (1) A designation of the student's major area of interest pursuant to the student's completion of credits as provided in s. 1003.428.
- (2) A designation reflecting completion of four or more accelerated college credit courses if the student is eligible for college credit pursuant to s. 1007.27 or s. 1007.271 in Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or dual enrollment courses. The Commissioner of Education shall establish guidelines for successful passage of examinations or coursework in each of the accelerated college credit options for purposes of this subsection.
- (3) A designation reflecting career education certification in accordance with s. 1003.431.
- (4) A designation reflecting a Florida Ready to Work Credential in accordance with s. 1004.99.
- Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options. --

- (6) Students pursuing accelerated 3-year high school graduation options pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) or paragraph (1)(c) are required to:
- (a) Earn passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(3) (c) or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in <u>s.</u> 1008.22(10) <u>s. 1008.22(9)</u>.

Weighted grades referred to in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) shall be applied to those courses specifically listed or identified by the department as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3) or weighted by the district school board for class ranking purposes.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 1003.43, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.43 General requirements for high school graduation. --

- (5) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, and these standards must include:
- (a) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3) (c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in \underline{s} . $\underline{1008.22(10)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{1008.22(9)}$.

The standards required in this subsection, and any subsequent modifications, shall be reprinted in the Florida Administrative Code even though not defined as "rules."

(11) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction

20081908er

to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the <u>core content knowledge and</u> skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 1003.433, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.433 Learning opportunities for out-of-state and out-of-country transfer students and students needing additional instruction to meet high school graduation requirements.--

(1) Students who enter a Florida public school at the eleventh or twelfth grade from out of state or from a foreign country shall not be required to spend additional time in a Florida public school in order to meet the high school course requirements if the student has met all requirements of the school district, state, or country from which he or she is transferring. Such students who are not proficient in English should receive immediate and intensive instruction in English language acquisition. However, to receive a standard high school diploma, a transfer student must earn a 2.0 grade point average and pass the grade 10 FCAT required in s. 1008.22(3) or an alternate assessment as described in s. 1008.22(10) s.

Section 12. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 1003.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.63 Deregulated public schools pilot program. --

- (6) ELEMENTS OF THE PROPOSAL.—The major issues involving the operation of a deregulated public school shall be considered in advance and written into the proposal.
 - (d) Upon receipt of the annual report required by paragraph

20081908er

(b), the Department of Education shall provide the State Board of Education, the Commissioner of Education, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with a copy of each report and an analysis and comparison of the overall performance of students, to include all students in deregulated public schools whose scores are counted as part of the statewide assessment tests, versus comparable public school students in the district as determined by statewide assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3) FCAT and district assessment tests and, as appropriate, the Florida Writes Assessment Test, and other assessments administered pursuant to s. 1008.22(3).

Section 13. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (3) of section 1004.85, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1004.85 Postsecondary educator preparation institutes.--

- (3) Educator preparation institutes approved pursuant to this section may offer alternative certification programs specifically designed for noneducation major baccalaureate degree holders to enable program participants to meet the educator certification requirements of s. 1012.56. Such programs shall be competency-based educator certification preparation programs that prepare educators through an alternative route. An educator preparation institute choosing to offer an alternative certification program pursuant to the provisions of this section must implement a program previously approved by the Department of Education for this purpose or a program developed by the institute and approved by the department for this purpose. Approved programs shall be available for use by other approved educator preparation institutes.
 - (c) Upon completion of an alternative certification program

20081908er

approved pursuant to this subsection, a participant shall receive a credential from the sponsoring institution signifying satisfaction of the requirements of $\underline{s.\ 1012.56(6)}\ s.\ 1012.56(5)$ relating to mastery of professional preparation and education competence. A participant shall be eligible for educator certification through the Department of Education upon satisfaction of all requirements for certification set forth in $\underline{s.\ 1012.56(2)}$, including demonstration of mastery of general knowledge, subject area knowledge, and professional preparation and education competence, through testing or other statutorily authorized means.

(d) If an institution offers an alternative certification program approved pursuant to this subsection, such program may be used by the school district or districts served by that institution in addition to the alternative certification program as required in s. 1012.56(8) s. 1012.56(7).

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 1004.91, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.91 Career-preparatory instruction.--

(3) An adult student with a disability may be exempted from the provisions of this section. A student who possesses a college degree at the associate in applied science level or higher is exempt from this section. A student who has completed or who is exempt from the college-level communication and computation skills examination pursuant to s. 1008.29, or who is exempt from the college entry-level examination pursuant to s. 1008.29, is exempt from the provisions of this section. Students who have passed a state, national, or industry licensure exam are exempt from this section. An adult student who is enrolled in an

20081908er

apprenticeship program that is registered with the Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of chapter 446 is exempt from the provisions of this section.

Section 15. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 1004.99, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (4) of that section is renumbered as subsection (5), and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

1004.99 Florida Ready to Work Certification Program. --

- (3) The Florida Ready to Work Certification Program shall be composed of:
- (d) A Florida Ready to Work Credential certificate and portfolio awarded to students upon successful completion of the instruction. Each portfolio must delineate the skills demonstrated by the student as evidence of the student's preparation for employment.
- (4) A Florida Ready to Work Credential shall be awarded to a student who successfully passes assessments in Reading for Information, Applied Mathematics, and Locating Information or any other assessments of comparable rigor. Each assessment shall be scored on a scale of 3 to 7. The level of the credential each student receives is based on the following:
- (a) A bronze-level credential requires a minimum score of 3 or above on each of the assessments.
- (b) A silver-level credential requires a minimum score of 4 or above on each of the assessments.
- Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1007.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.21 Readiness for postsecondary education and the workplace.--

(2)

(c) The common placement test authorized in ss. 1001.03(10) and 1008.30 or a similar test may be administered to all high school students second semester sophomores who have chosen one of the four destinations. The results of the placement test shall be used to target additional instructional needs in reading, writing, and mathematics prior to graduation.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1007.235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.235 District interinstitutional articulation agreements.--

- (2) The district interinstitutional articulation agreement for each school year must be completed before high school registration for the fall term of the following school year. The agreement must include, but is not limited to, the following components:
- (b)1. A delineation of courses and programs available to students eligible to participate in dual enrollment. This delineation must include a plan for the community college to provide guidance services to participating students on the selection of courses in the dual enrollment program. The process of community college guidance should make maximum use of the automated advisement system for community colleges. The plan must assure that each dual enrollment student is encouraged to identify a postsecondary education objective with which to guide the course selection. At a minimum, each student's plan should include a list of courses that will result in an Applied

20081908er

Technology Diploma, an Associate in Science degree, or an Associate in Arts degree. If the student identifies a baccalaureate degree as the objective, the plan must include courses that will meet the general education requirements and any prerequisite requirements for entrance into a selected baccalaureate degree program.

- 2. A delineation of the process by which students and their parents are informed about opportunities to participate in articulated acceleration programs.
- 3. A delineation of the process by which students and their parents exercise their option to participate in an articulated acceleration program.
- 4. A delineation of high school credits earned for completion of each dual enrollment course.
- 5. Provision for postsecondary courses that meet the criteria for inclusion in a district articulated acceleration program to be counted toward meeting the graduation requirements of s. 1003.43.
- 6. An identification of eligibility criteria for student participation in dual enrollment courses and programs.
- 7. A delineation of institutional responsibilities regarding student screening prior to enrollment and monitoring student performance subsequent to enrollment in dual enrollment courses and programs.
- 8. An identification of the criteria by which the quality of dual enrollment courses and programs are to be judged and a delineation of institutional responsibilities for the maintenance of instructional quality.
 - 9. A delineation of institutional responsibilities for

20081908er

assuming the cost of dual enrollment courses and programs that includes such responsibilities for student instructional materials.

- 10. An identification of responsibility for providing student transportation if the dual enrollment instruction is conducted at a facility other than the high school campus.
- 11. A delineation of the process for converting college credit hours earned through dual enrollment and early admission programs to high school credit based on mastery of course outcomes as determined by the Department of Education in accordance with s. 1007.271(6).
- 12. An identification of the responsibility of the postsecondary educational institution for assigning letter grades for dual enrollment courses and the responsibility of school districts for posting dual enrollment course grades to the high school transcript as assigned by the postsecondary institution awarding the credit.

Section 18. Section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--

- (1) PURPOSE.--The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
- (a) Assess the annual learning gains of each student toward achieving the Sunshine State Standards appropriate for the student's grade level.
 - (b) Provide data for making decisions regarding school

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768

769

770

771

772

773

774

775

776

777

778

779

780 781

782

783

20081908er

accountability and recognition.

- (c) Identify the educational strengths and needs of students and the readiness of students to be promoted to the next grade level or to graduate from high school with a standard or special high school diploma.
- (d) Assess how well educational goals and <u>curricular</u> performance standards are met at the school, district, and state levels.
- (e) Provide information to aid in the evaluation and development of educational programs and policies.
- (f) Provide information on the performance of Florida students compared with that of other students across the United States.
- NATIONAL EDUCATION COMPARISONS. -- It is Florida's intent (2) to participate in the measurement of national educational goals. The Commissioner of Education shall direct Florida school districts to participate in the administration of the National Assessment of Educational Progress, or a similar national assessment program, both for the national sample and for any state-by-state comparison programs which may be initiated. The Such assessments must be conducted using the data collection procedures, the student surveys, the educator surveys, and other instruments included in the National Assessment of Educational Progress or similar program being administered in Florida. The results of these assessments shall be included in the annual report of the Commissioner of Education specified in this section. The administration of the National Assessment of Educational Progress or similar program shall be in addition to and separate from the administration of the statewide assessment

784 program.

785

786

787

788

789

790

791

792

793

794

795796

797

798

799

800

801

802

803 804

805

806

807

808

809

810 811

812

- STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM. -- The commissioner shall (3) design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
- Standards to the State Board of Education for adoption and periodic review and revision under s. 1003.41 a list that specifies student skills and competencies to which the goals for education specified in the state plan apply, including, but not limited to, reading, writing, science, and mathematics. The skills and competencies must include problem-solving and higher-order skills as appropriate and shall be known as the Sunshine State Standards as defined in s. 1000.21. The commissioner shall select such skills and competencies after receiving recommendations from educators, citizens, and members of the business community. The commissioner shall submit to the State Board of Education revisions to the list of student skills and

814

815

816

817

818

819

820

821

822

823

824

825

826

827

828

829

830

831

832

833

834

835

836

837

838

839

840

841

20081908er

competencies in order to maintain continuous progress toward improvements in student proficiency.

- (b) Develop and implement a uniform system of indicators to describe the performance of public school students and the characteristics of the public school districts and the public schools. These indicators must include, without limitation, information gathered by the comprehensive management information system created pursuant to s. 1008.385 and student achievement information obtained pursuant to this section.
- Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments The assessment of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10. Comprehensive assessments The assessment of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. End-ofcourse assessments for a subject may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under this paragraph. An end-of-course assessment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by comprehensive and end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced

843

844

845

846847

848

849

850

851

852

853

854

855

856

857

858

859

860

861

862

863

864

865

866

867

868

869

870

20081908er

Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course or industryapproved examinations to earn national industry certifications as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade-level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards The commissioner must document the procedures used to ensure that the versions of the FCAT which are taken by students retaking the grade 10 FCAT are equally as challenging and difficult as the tests taken by students in grade 10 which contain performance tasks. The testing program must be designed as follows so that:

- 1. The tests <u>shall</u> measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.
 - 2. The testing program shall be composed will include a

872

873

874

875

876

877

878879

880

881

882

883

884

885

886

887

888

889

890891

892

893

894

895

896

897898

899

20081908er

combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests
that shall and include, to the extent determined by the
commissioner, include test items questions that require the
student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way
that the core content knowledge and skills and competencies he or
she uses can be measured.

- Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the 3. commissioner shall discontinue administration of the selectedresponse test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive assessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence construction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of speech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subjectverb agreement, and noun-pronoun agreement. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate and timely methods.
- 4. A score <u>shall be</u> is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- 5. Except as provided in s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (9) in reading,

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911

912

913914

915

916

917

918

919

920

921

922

923

924

925

926

927928

20081908er

writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall only apply only to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in

930

931

932

933

934

935

936

937

938

939

940

941

942

943

944

945

946

947

948

949

950

951

952

953

954

955

956

957

20081908er

the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT may have the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).

- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and mathematics math. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is skills and competencies are part of the district instructional programs.
- 9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
 - 10. The Department of Education must develop, or select,

20081908er

and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the <u>core curricular content</u> skills and <u>competencies</u> established in the Sunshine State Standards.

- 11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content skills and competencies established in the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
- 12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:
- a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations; however, test results must be made available no later than the final day of the regular school year for students.
- b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, a comprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.

c. A statewide standardized end-of-course assessment is administered within the last 2 weeks of the course.

988989

990

991

992

993

994

995

996

997

998

999

1000

1001

1002

1003

1004

1005

987

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.

- 100610071008
- 1009
- 1011 1012
- 1013 1014
- 1015
- (d) Conduct ongoing research to develop improved methods of assessing student performance, including, without limitation, the use of technology to administer tests, score, or report the results of, the use of electronic transfer of data, the development of work-product assessments, and the development of process assessments.
- (e) Conduct ongoing research and analysis of student achievement data, including, without limitation, monitoring trends in student achievement by grade level and overall student achievement, identifying school programs that are successful, and

20081908er

analyzing correlates of school achievement.

- (f) Provide technical assistance to school districts in the implementation of state and district testing programs and the use of the data produced pursuant to such programs.
- (g) Study the cost and student achievement impact of secondary end-of-course assessments, including web-based and performance formats, and report to the Legislature prior to implementation.
- ACTIVITIES.—Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, a district school board shall prohibit each public school from suspending a regular program of curricula for purposes of administering practice tests or engaging in other test-preparation activities for a statewide assessment. However, a district school board may authorize a public school to engage in the following test-preparation activities for a statewide assessment:
- (a) Distributing to students the sample test books and answer keys published by the Department of Education.
- (b) Providing individualized instruction in test-taking strategies, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for a student who scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on a prior administration of the statewide assessment.
- (c) Providing individualized instruction in the content knowledge and skills assessed, without suspending the school's regular program of curricula, for a student who scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on a prior administration of the statewide assessment or a student who, through a diagnostic assessment administered by the school district, is identified as having a deficiency in the content knowledge and skills assessed.

20081908er

- (d) Incorporating test-taking exercises and strategies into curricula for intensive reading and mathematics intervention courses.
- (e) Administering a practice test or engaging in other test-preparation activities for the statewide assessment which are determined necessary to familiarize students with the organization of the assessment, the format of the test items, and the test directions, or which are otherwise necessary for the valid and reliable administration of the assessment, as set forth in rules adopted by the State Board of Education with specific reference to this paragraph.
- (5)(4) DISTRICT TESTING PROGRAMS.--Each district school board shall periodically assess student performance and achievement within each school of the district. The assessment programs must be based on the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and any upon local goals and objectives that are compatible with the state plan for education and that supplement the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education. All school districts must participate in the statewide assessment program designed to measure annual student learning and school performance. All district school boards shall report assessment results as required by the state management information system.
- $\underline{(6)}$ SCHOOL TESTING PROGRAMS.—Each public school shall participate in the statewide assessment program in accordance with the testing and reporting schedules published by the Commissioner of Education under subparagraph (3) (c) 12. τ unless

20081908er

specifically exempted by state board rule based on serving a specialized population for which standardized testing is not appropriate. Student performance data shall be analyzed and reported to parents, the community, and the state. Student performance data shall be used in developing objectives of the school improvement plan, evaluation of instructional personnel, evaluation of administrative personnel, assignment of staff, allocation of resources, acquisition of instructional materials and technology, performance-based budgeting, and promotion and assignment of students into educational programs. The analysis of student performance data also must identify strengths and needs in the educational program and trends over time. The analysis must be used in conjunction with the budgetary planning processes developed pursuant to s. 1008.385 and the development of the programs of remediation.

- (7)(6) REQUIRED ANALYSES.--The commissioner shall provide, at a minimum, for the following analyses of data produced by the student achievement testing program:
- (a) The statistical system for the annual assessments shall use measures of student learning, such as the FCAT, to determine teacher, school, and school district statistical distributions, which shall be determined using available data from the FCAT, and other data collection as deemed appropriate by the Department of Education, to measure the differences in student prior year achievement compared to the current year achievement for the purposes of accountability and recognition.
- (b) The statistical system shall provide the best estimates of teacher, school, and school district effects on student progress. The approach used by the department shall be approved

20081908er

by the commissioner before implementation.

- (c) The annual testing program shall be administered to provide for valid statewide comparisons of learning gains to be made for purposes of accountability and recognition. The commissioner shall establish a schedule for the administration of the statewide assessments. In establishing such schedule, the commissioner is charged with the duty to accomplish the latest possible administration of the statewide assessments and the earliest possible provision of the results to the school districts feasible within available technology and specific appropriation. District school boards shall not establish school calendars that jeopardize or limit the valid testing and comparison of student learning gains.
- (8) (7) LOCAL ASSESSMENTS.--Measurement of the learning gains of students in all subjects and grade levels other than subjects and grade levels required for the state student achievement testing program is the responsibility of the school districts.
 - (9) (8) APPLICABILITY OF TESTING STANDARDS.--
- (a) If the Commissioner of Education revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the assessment's proficiency levels or modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diploma, until the state board adopts the modifications by rule, the commissioner shall use calculations for scoring the assessment which adjust student scores on the revised assessment for statistical equivalence to student scores on the former assessment.
 - (b) A student must attain meet the passing scores on the

20081908er

statewide assessment required testing requirements for a standard high school diploma which are graduation that were in effect at the time the student enters entered 9th grade 9 if, provided the student's enrollment is was continuous.

- (c) If the commissioner revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diploma, the commissioner may, with approval of the state board, discontinue administration of the former assessment upon the graduation, based on normal student progression, of students participating in the final regular administration of the former assessment. The state board shall adopt by rule passing scores for the revised assessment which are statistically equivalent to passing scores on the discontinued assessment for a student required under paragraph (b) to attain passing scores on the discontinued assessment.
 - (10) (9) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR THE FCAT.--
- (a) The State Board of Education shall analyze the content and concordant data sets for widely used high school achievement tests, including, but not limited to, the PSAT, PLAN, SAT, ACT, and College Placement Test, to assess if concordant scores for FCAT scores can be determined for high school graduation, college placement, and scholarship awards. In cases where content alignment and concordant scores can be determined, the Commissioner of Education shall adopt those scores as meeting the graduation requirement in lieu of achieving the FCAT passing score and may adopt those scores as being sufficient to achieve additional purposes as determined by rule. Each time that test content or scoring procedures change are changed for the FCAT or

20081908er

for a high school achievement test for which a concordant score is determined one of the identified tests, new concordant scores must be determined.

- (b) In order to use a concordant subject area score pursuant to this subsection to satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429(6)(a), s. 1003.43(5)(a), or s. 1003.428, a student must take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without earning a passing score. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to a new student who enters the Florida public school system in grade 12, who may either achieve a passing score on the FCAT or use an approved subject area concordant score to fulfill the graduation requirement.
- (c) The State Board of Education may define by rule the allowable uses, other than to satisfy the high school graduation requirement, for concordant scores as described in this subsection. Such uses may include, but need not be limited to, achieving appropriate standardized test scores required for the awarding of Florida Bright Futures Scholarships and college placement.
- (11) (10) REPORTS. -- The Department of Education shall annually provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the following:
- (a) Longitudinal performance of students in mathematics and reading.
- (b) Longitudinal performance of students by grade level in mathematics and reading.
 - (c) Longitudinal performance regarding efforts to close the

20081908er

1190 achievement gap.

- (d) Longitudinal performance of students on the normreferenced component of the FCAT.
- (d) (e) Other student performance data based on national norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests, when available, and numbers of students who after 8th grade enroll in adult education rather than other secondary education.
- $\underline{\text{(12)}}$ (11) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.
- Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.--
- would require high schools to evaluate before the beginning of grade 12 the college readiness of each student who indicates an interest in postsecondary education and scores at Level 2 or Level 3 on the reading portion of the grade 10 FCAT or Level 2, Level 3, or Level 4 on the mathematics portion of the grade 10 FCAT. High schools shall perform this evaluation using results from give the corresponding component of the common placement test prescribed in this section, or an equivalent test identified by the State Board of Education. The Department of Education shall purchase or develop the assessments necessary to perform the evaluations required by this subsection and shall work with the school districts to administer the assessments. The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the minimum test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness. Students

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

1235

1236

1237

1238

1239

1240

12411242

1243

1244

1245 1246

1247

20081908er

who demonstrate readiness by achieving the minimum test scores established by the state board and enroll in a community college within 2 years of achieving such scores shall not be required to enroll in remediation courses as a condition of acceptance to any community college. The high school shall use the results of the test to advise the students of any identified deficiencies and to the maximum extent practicable provide 12th grade students access to appropriate remedial instruction prior to high school graduation. The remedial instruction provided under this subsection shall be a collaborative effort between secondary and postsecondary educational institutions. To the extent courses are available, the Florida Virtual School may be used to provided the remedial instruction required by this subsection, at the beginning of the tenth grade year before enrollment in the eleventh grade year in public high school for the purpose of obtaining remedial instruction prior to entering public postsecondary education.

Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1008.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.31 Florida's K-20 education performance accountability system; legislative intent; mission, goals, and systemwide measures; data quality improvements.--

- (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that:
- (c) The K-20 education performance accountability system comply with the accountability requirements of the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001," Pub. L. No. 107-110, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).
 - Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 1008.34, Florida

20081908er

Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade.--

- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES. --
- (a) Each school that has students who are tested and included in the school grading system, except an alternative school that receives a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341, shall receive a school grade, except as follows:
- 1. A school shall not receive a school grade if the number of its students tested and included in the school grading system are fewer than the minimum sample size necessary, based on accepted professional practice, for statistical reliability and prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data under s. 1002.22 or 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g.; however,
- $\underline{2.}$ An alternative school may choose to receive a school grade under this section $\underline{\text{or}}$ $\underline{\text{in lieu of}}$ a school improvement rating under s. 1008.341.
- 3. Additionally, A school that serves any combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 which does not receive a school grade because its students are not tested and included in the school grading system shall receive the school grade designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the Department of Education and verified by the school district. A school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the students in the school serving a combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to the graded school. School grades itemized in subsection (2) shall be based on the following:

20081908er

- 1277 (b)1.(a) Criteria.—A school's grade shall be based on a 1278 combination of:
 - $\underline{a.1.}$ Student achievement scores, including achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma.
 - $\underline{\text{b.2.}}$ Student learning gains as measured by annual FCAT assessments in grades 3 through 10; learning gains for students seeking a special diploma, as measured by an alternate assessment tool, shall be included not later than the 2009-2010 school year.
 - $\underline{\text{c.3.}}$ Improvement of the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading, $\underline{\text{mathematics}}$ $\underline{\text{math}}$, or writing on the FCAT, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
 - 2. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, 50 percent of the school grade shall be based on a combination of the factors listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c. and the remaining 50 percent on the following factors:
 - a. The high school graduation rate of the school;
 - b. As valid data becomes available, the performance and participation of the school's students in College Board Advanced Placement courses, International Baccalaureate courses, dual enrollment courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; and the students' achievement of industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
 - c. Postsecondary readiness of the school's students as measured by the SAT, ACT, or the common placement test;
 - d. The high school graduation rate of at-risk students who

20081908er

scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and
Mathematics examinations;

- e. As valid data becomes available, the performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22; and
- f. The growth or decline in the components listed in subsubparagraphs a.-e. from year to year.
- (c) (b) Student assessment data.--Student assessment data used in determining school grades shall include:
- 1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT.
- 2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT, including Florida Writes, and who have scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading, mathematics math, or writing, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance.
- 3. Effective with the 2005-2006 school year, the achievement scores and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative schools that provide dropout prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include students attending an alternative school who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in the

1336 1337

1338

1339

1340

1341

1342

1343

13441345

1346

1347

1348

1349

1350

1351

1352

1353

13541355

1356

1357

1358

1359 1360

1361

1362

1363

20081908er

calculation of the home school's grade. As used in For purposes $\frac{1}{2}$ of this section and s. 1008.341, the term "home school" means the school to which the student would be assigned if the student were not was attending when assigned to an alternative school. If an alternative school chooses to be graded under pursuant to this section, student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade but shall be included only in the calculation of the alternative school's grade. A school district that fails to assign the FCAT scores of each of its students to his or her home school or to the alternative school that receives a grade shall forfeit Florida School Recognition Program funds for 1 fiscal year. School districts must require collaboration between the home school and the alternative school in order to promote student success. This collaboration must include an annual discussion between the principal of the alternative school and the principal of each student's home school concerning the most appropriate school assignment of the student.

- 4. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the data listed in subparagraphs 1.-3. and the following data as the Department of Education determines such data are valid and available:
- a. The high school graduation rate of the school as calculated by the Department of Education;
- b. The participation rate of all eligible students enrolled in the school and enrolled in College Board Advanced Placement courses; International Baccalaureate courses; dual enrollment courses; Advanced International Certificate of Education courses;

1365

1366

1367

1368

1369

1370

1371

1372

1373

1374

1375

1376

1377

1378

1379

1380

1381

1382

1383

1384

1385

1386

13871388

1389

13901391

1392

20081908er

and courses or sequence of courses leading to industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce

Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;

- c. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in College Board Advanced Placement courses,

 International Baccalaureate courses, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses;
- d. Earning of college credit by all eligible students enrolled in the school in dual enrollment programs under s. 1007.271;
- e. Earning of an industry certification, as determined by the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 1003.492(2) in a career and professional academy, as described in s. 1003.493;
- f. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school in reading, mathematics, and other subjects as measured by the SAT, the ACT, and the common placement test for postsecondary readiness;
- g. The high school graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students enrolled in the school who scored at Level 2 or lower on the grade 8 FCAT Reading and Mathematics examinations;
- h. The performance of the school's students on statewide standardized end-of-course assessments administered under s. 1008.22; and
- <u>i.</u> The growth or decline in the data components listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-h. from year to year.

The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria for each school grade. The criteria must also give added weight to

20081908er

student achievement in reading. Schools designated with a grade of "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading, mathematics math, or writing on the FCAT, including Florida Writes, unless these students are exhibiting satisfactory performance. Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year for schools comprised of high school grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or grades 10, 11, and 12, the criteria for school grades must also give added weight to the graduation rate of all eligible at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph. Beginning in the 2009-2010 school year, in order for a high school to be designated as having a grade of "A," making excellent progress, the school must demonstrate that at-risk students, as defined in this paragraph, in the school are making adequate progress.

(8) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

Section 22. Subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1008.341, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

1008.341 School improvement rating for alternative schools.--

(2) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING.--An alternative school schools that provides provide dropout prevention and academic intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53 shall receive a school improvement rating pursuant to this section. However, an alternative school shall not receive a school improvement rating if the number of its students for whom student performance data is available for the current year and previous year are fewer

20081908er

than the minimum sample size necessary, based on accepted professional practice, for statistical reliability and prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data under s. 1002.22 or 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g. The school improvement rating shall identify an alternative school schools as having one of the following ratings defined according to rules of the State Board of Education:

- (a) "Improving" means the schools with students attending the school are making more academic progress than when the students were served in their home schools.
- (b) "Maintaining" means the schools with students attending the school are making progress equivalent to the progress made when the students were served in their home schools.
- (c) "Declining" means the schools with students attending the school are making less academic progress than when the students were served in their home schools.

The school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of student performance data for the current year and previous year. Schools that improve at least one level or maintain an "improving" rating pursuant to this section are eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.

- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING. -- Student data used in determining an alternative school's school improvement rating shall include:
- (b) The aggregate scores of all eligible students who were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October or February FTE count, who have been assessed on the FCAT, including Florida Writes, and who have scored in the lowest 25th percentile

20081908er

1451 of students in the state on FCAT Reading.

14521453

1454

1455

1456

1457

1458

1459

1460

1461

1462

1463

1464

14651466

1467

1468

1469

1470

1471

1472

1473

1474

1475

1476

1477

1478

1479

The assessment scores of students who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative school's school improvement rating.

- (6) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1008.345 Implementation of state system of school improvement and education accountability.--
- (8) As a part of the system of educational accountability, the Department of Education shall:
- (a) Develop minimum performance standards for various grades and subject areas, as required in ss. 1001.03, 1008.22, and 1008.34.
- Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 1008.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1008.36 Florida School Recognition Program. --
- (2) The Florida School Recognition Program is created to provide financial awards to public schools that:
- (a) Sustain high performance by receiving a school grade of "A," making excellent progress; or
- (b) Demonstrate exemplary improvement due to innovation and effort by improving at least one a letter grade or by improving

20081908er

more than one letter grade and sustaining the improvement the following school year.

Notwithstanding statutory provisions to the contrary, incentive awards are not subject to collective bargaining.

Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5) and amended, present subsections (5) through (16) are renumbered as subsections (6) through (17), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

- 1012.56 Educator certification requirements.--
- (4) ALIGNMENT OF SUBJECT AREAS. -- As the Sunshine State

 Standards are replaced by the Next Generation Sunshine State

 Standards under s. 1003.41, the State Board of Education shall align the subject area examinations to the Next Generation

 Sunshine State Standards.
- (5) (4) MASTERY OF SUBJECT AREA KNOWLEDGE. -- Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge are:
- (a) Achievement of passing scores on subject area examinations required by state board rule, which may include, but need not be limited to, world languages in Arabic, Chinese, Farsi, French, German, Greek, Haitian Creole, Hebrew, Hindi, Italian, Japanese, Portuguese, Russian, and Spanish;
- (b) Completion of a bachelor's degree or higher and verification of the attainment of an oral proficiency interview score above the intermediate level and a written proficiency score above the intermediate level on a test administered by the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages for which there is no Florida-developed examination;

20081908er

- (c) (b) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule and verification of the attainment of the essential subject matter competencies by the district school superintendent of the employing school district or chief administrative officer of the employing state-supported or private school for a subject area for which a subject area examination has not been developed and required by state board rule;
- (d) (c) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule for a subject coverage requiring a master's or higher degree and achievement of a passing score on the subject area examination specified in state board rule;
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (d) A valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state; or
- (f)(e) A valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the State Board of Education.

School districts are encouraged to provide mechanisms for those middle school teachers holding only a K-6 teaching certificate to obtain a subject area coverage for middle grades through postsecondary coursework or district add-on certification.

Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 1012.57, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1012.57 Certification of adjunct educators.--
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 1012.32, 1012.55, and 1012.56, or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, district school boards shall adopt rules to allow for

1540

1541

1542

1543

1544

1545

1546

1547

1548

1549

1550

1551

1552

1553

1554

1555

1556

1557

1558

1559

1560

1561

1562

1563

15641565

1566

20081908er

the issuance of an adjunct teaching certificate to any applicant who fulfills the requirements of s. 1012.56(2)(a)-(f) and (10)(9) and who has expertise in the subject area to be taught. An applicant shall be considered to have expertise in the subject area to be taught if the applicant demonstrates sufficient subject area mastery through passage of a subject area test. The adjunct teaching certificate shall be used for part-time teaching positions. The intent of this provision is to allow school districts to tap the wealth of talent and expertise represented in Florida's citizens who may wish to teach part-time in a Florida public school by permitting school districts to issue adjunct certificates to qualified applicants. Adjunct certificateholders should be used as a strategy to reduce the teacher shortage; thus, adjunct certificateholders should supplement a school's instructional staff, not supplant it. Each school principal shall assign an experienced peer mentor to assist the adjunct teaching certificateholder during the certificateholder's first year of teaching, and an adjunct certificateholder may participate in a district's new teacher training program. District school boards shall provide the adjunct teaching certificateholder an orientation in classroom management prior to assigning the certificateholder to a school. Each adjunct teaching certificate is valid for 5 school years and is renewable if the applicant has received satisfactory performance evaluations during each year of teaching under adjunct teaching certification.

Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 1012.586, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.586 Additions or changes to certificates; duplicate

20081908er

certificates.——A school district may process via a Department of Education website certificates for the following applications of public school employees:

(1) Addition of a subject coverage or endorsement to a valid Florida certificate on the basis of the completion of the appropriate subject area testing requirements of $\underline{s.\ 1012.56(5)(a)}$ $\underline{s.\ 1012.56(4)(a)}$ or the completion of the requirements of an approved school district program or the inservice components for an endorsement.

The employing school district shall charge the employee a fee not to exceed the amount charged by the Department of Education for such services. Each district school board shall retain a portion of the fee as defined in the rules of the State Board of Education. The portion sent to the department shall be used for maintenance of the technology system, the web application, and posting and mailing of the certificate.

Section 28. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 1012.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 1012.71, F.S., for present text.)

1012.71 The Florida Teachers Lead Program.--

(1) For purposes of the Florida Teachers Lead Program, the term "classroom teacher" means a certified teacher employed by a public school district or a public charter school in that district on or before September 1 of each year whose full-time or job-share responsibility is the classroom instruction of students in prekindergarten through grade 12, including full-time media specialists and guidance counselors serving students in

20081908er

prekindergarten through grade 12, who are funded through the Florida Education Finance Program. A "job-share" classroom teacher is one of two teachers whose combined full-time equivalent employment for the same teaching assignment equals one full-time classroom teacher.

- (2) The Legislature, in the General Appropriations Act, shall determine funding for the Florida Teachers Lead Program.

 The funds appropriated are for classroom teachers to purchase, on behalf of the school district or charter school, classroom materials and supplies for the public school students assigned to them and may not be used to purchase equipment. The funds appropriated shall be used to supplement the materials and supplies otherwise available to classroom teachers. From the funds appropriated for the Florida Teachers Lead Program, the Commissioner of Education shall calculate an amount for each school district based upon each school district's proportionate share of the state's total unweighted FTE student enrollment and shall disburse the funds to the school districts by July 15.
- (3) From the funds allocated to each school district for the Florida Teachers Lead Program, the district school board shall calculate an identical amount for each classroom teacher, which is that teacher's proportionate share of the total amount allocated to the district. A job-share classroom teacher may receive a prorated share of the amount provided to a full-time classroom teacher. The district school board and each charter school board shall provide each classroom teacher with his or her total proportionate share by September 30 of each year by any means determined appropriate by the district school board or charter school board, including, but not limited to, direct

20081908er

deposit, check, debit card, or purchasing card, notwithstanding any law to the contrary. Expenditures under the program are not subject to state or local competitive bidding requirements. Funds received by a classroom teacher do not affect wages, hours, or terms and conditions of employment and, therefore, are not subject to collective bargaining. Any classroom teacher may decline receipt of or return the funds without explanation or cause. This subsection shall apply retroactively to July 1, 2007.

- acknowledging receipt of the funds, keep receipts for no less than 4 years to show that funds expended meet the requirements of this section, and return any unused funds to the district school board at the end of the regular school year. Any unused funds that are returned to the district school board shall be deposited into the school advisory council account of the school at which the classroom teacher returning the funds was employed when that teacher received the funds or deposited into the Florida Teachers Lead Program account of the school district in which a charter school is sponsored, as applicable.
- (5) The statement must be signed and dated by each classroom teacher before receipt of the Florida Teachers Lead Program funds and shall include the wording: "I, (name of teacher), am employed by the County District School Board or by the Charter School as a full-time classroom teacher. I acknowledge that Florida Teachers Lead Program funds are appropriated by the Legislature for the sole purpose of purchasing classroom materials and supplies to be used in the instruction of students assigned to me. In accepting custody of these funds, I agree to keep the receipts for all expenditures

20081908er

for no less than 4 years. I understand that if I do not keep the receipts, it will be my personal responsibility to pay any federal taxes due on these funds. I also agree to return any unexpended funds to the district school board at the end of the regular school year for deposit into the school advisory council account of the school where I was employed at the time I received the funds or for deposit into the Florida Teachers Lead Program account of the school district in which the charter school is sponsored, as applicable."

Section 29. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (2) of section 1013.12, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, and a new paragraph (b) is added to that subsection to read:

- 1013.12 Casualty, safety, sanitation, and firesafety standards and inspection of property.--
- (2) PERIODIC INSPECTION OF PROPERTY BY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARDS.--
- (b) Each school cafeteria must post in a visible location and on the school website the school's semiannual sanitation certificate and a copy of its most recent sanitation inspection report.

Section 30. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2008.