

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate . House
	Comm: RCS
	4/22/2008
	•
1	The Committee on Transportation and Economic Development
2	Appropriations (Webster) recommended the following amendment:
3	
4	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Between line(s) 52-53
6	and insert:
7	Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (2) of section
8	20.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
9	20.23 Department of TransportationThere is created a
10	Department of Transportation which shall be a decentralized
11	agency.
12	(2)
13	(h) The commission shall appoint an executive director and
14	assistant executive director, who shall serve under the
15	direction, supervision, and control of the commission. The
16	executive director, with the consent of the commission, shall
17	employ such staff as are necessary to perform adequately the
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18 functions of the commission, within budgetary limitations. All employees of the commission are exempt from part II of chapter 19 20 110 and shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. The salary 21 and benefits of the executive director shall be set in accordance 22 with the Senior Management Service. The salaries and benefits of 23 all other employees of the commission shall be set in accordance 24 with the Selected Exempt Service; provided, however, that the commission has shall have complete authority for fixing the 25 26 salary of the executive director and assistant executive 27 director.

28 Section 2. Paragraphs (a), (h), and (j) of subsection (6) 29 of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

30 163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive 31 plan; studies and surveys.--

32 (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1)-(5) 33 and (12), the comprehensive plan shall include the following 34 elements:

35 (a) A future land use plan element designating proposed 36 future general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of land for residential uses, commercial uses, industry, 37 agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, public 38 buildings and grounds, other public facilities, and other 39 40 categories of the public and private uses of land. Counties are 41 encouraged to designate rural land stewardship areas, pursuant to 42 the provisions of paragraph (11)(d), as overlays on the future land use map. Each future land use category must be defined in 43 terms of uses included, and must include standards to be followed 44 45 in the control and distribution of population densities and building and structure intensities. The proposed distribution, 46 47 location, and extent of the various categories of land use shall

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be shown on a land use map or map series which shall be 48 supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable objectives. The 49 50 future land use plan shall be based upon surveys, studies, and data regarding the area, including the amount of land required to 51 accommodate anticipated growth; the projected population of the 52 53 area; the character of undeveloped land; the availability of 54 water supplies, public facilities, and services; the need for redevelopment, including the renewal of blighted areas and the 55 56 elimination of nonconforming uses which are inconsistent with the 57 character of the community; the compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to or closely proximate to military installations; lands 58 59 adjacent to an airport as defined in s. 330.35 and consistent 60 with provisions in s. 333.02; and, in rural communities, the need for job creation, capital investment, and economic development 61 that will strengthen and diversify the community's economy. The 62 future land use plan may designate areas for future planned 63 development use involving combinations of types of uses for which 64 65 special regulations may be necessary to ensure development in 66 accord with the principles and standards of the comprehensive plan and this act. The future land use plan element shall include 67 criteria to be used to achieve the compatibility of adjacent or 68 69 closely proximate lands with military installations; lands 70 adjacent to an airport as defined in s. 330.35 and consistent with provisions in s. 333.02. In addition, for rural communities, 71 72 the amount of land designated for future planned industrial use 73 shall be based upon surveys and studies that reflect the need for 74 job creation, capital investment, and the necessity to strengthen 75 and diversify the local economies, and shall not be limited 76 solely by the projected population of the rural community. The 77 future land use plan of a county may also designate areas for

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78 possible future municipal incorporation. The land use maps or map 79 series shall generally identify and depict historic district 80 boundaries and shall designate historically significant properties meriting protection. For coastal counties, the future 81 82 land use element must include, without limitation, regulatory 83 incentives and criteria that encourage the preservation of 84 recreational and commercial working waterfronts as defined in s. 342.07. The future land use element must clearly identify the 85 86 land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use. 87 When delineating the land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use, a local government shall include in the 88 89 categories sufficient land proximate to residential development 90 to meet the projected needs for schools in coordination with public school boards and may establish differing criteria for 91 schools of different type or size. Each local government shall 92 include lands contiguous to existing school sites, to the maximum 93 extent possible, within the land use categories in which public 94 95 schools are an allowable use. The failure by a local government 96 to comply with these school siting requirements will result in the prohibition of the local government's ability to amend the 97 local comprehensive plan, except for plan amendments described in 98 s. 163.3187(1)(b), until the school siting requirements are met. 99 100 Amendments proposed by a local government for purposes of 101 identifying the land use categories in which public schools are 102 an allowable use are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments contained in s. 163.3187. The future land use 103 element shall include criteria that encourage the location of 104 105 schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent possible and shall require that the local government seek to 106 collocate public facilities, such as parks, libraries, and 107

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108 community centers, with schools to the extent possible and to 109 encourage the use of elementary schools as focal points for 110 neighborhoods. For schools serving predominantly rural counties, defined as a county with a population of 100,000 or fewer, an 111 112 agricultural land use category shall be eligible for the location 113 of public school facilities if the local comprehensive plan 114 contains school siting criteria and the location is consistent with such criteria. Local governments required to update or amend 115 116 their comprehensive plan to include criteria and address 117 compatibility of lands adjacent to an airport as defined in s. 118 330.35 and consistent with provisions in s. 333.02 adjacent or 119 closely proximate lands with existing military installations in 120 their future land use plan element shall transmit the update or amendment to the state land planning agency department by June 121 122 30, 2010 2006.

(h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing 123 124 relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used in 125 the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive 126 plan with the plans of school boards, regional water supply authorities, and other units of local government providing 127 services but not having regulatory authority over the use of 128 129 land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, 130 the county, adjacent counties, or the region, with the state 131 comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply 132 plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. This 133 134 element of the local comprehensive plan shall demonstrate 135 consideration of the particular effects of the local plan, when 136 adopted, upon the development of adjacent municipalities, the



137 county, adjacent counties, or the region, or upon the state138 comprehensive plan, as the case may require.

a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide
for procedures to identify and implement joint planning areas,
especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal
incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.

b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide
for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant to s.
1013.30, and airport master plans pursuant to paragraph (k).

146 c. The intergovernmental coordination element may provide 147 for a voluntary dispute resolution process as established 148 pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in a timely manner 149 intergovernmental disputes. A local government may develop and 150 use an alternative local dispute resolution process for this 151 purpose.

152 <u>d. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide</u> 153 <u>for interlocal agreements, as established pursuant to s.</u> 154 <u>333.03(1)(b).</u>

155 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall further state principles and guidelines to be used in the accomplishment 156 of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans 157 158 of school boards and other units of local government providing 159 facilities and services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the intergovernmental coordination 160 161 element shall describe joint processes for collaborative planning and decisionmaking on population projections and public school 162 163 siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject 164 to concurrency, and siting facilities with countywide significance, including locally unwanted land uses whose nature 165 and identity are established in an agreement. Within 1 year of 166

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167 adopting their intergovernmental coordination elements, each 168 county, all the municipalities within that county, the district 169 school board, and any unit of local government service providers 170 in that county shall establish by interlocal or other formal 171 agreement executed by all affected entities, the joint processes 172 described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted 173 intergovernmental coordination elements.

174 3. To foster coordination between special districts and 175 local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose 176 governments implement local comprehensive plans, each independent 177 special district must submit a public facilities report to the 178 appropriate local government as required by s. 189.415.

4.a. Local governments must execute an interlocal agreement with the district school board, the county, and nonexempt municipalities pursuant to s. 163.31777. The local government shall amend the intergovernmental coordination element to provide that coordination between the local government and school board is pursuant to the agreement and shall state the obligations of the local government under the agreement.

b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph areexempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

5. The state land planning agency shall establish a 188 schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan amendments 189 to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all jurisdictions 190 191 so as to accomplish their adoption by December 31, 1999. A local government may complete and transmit its plan amendments to carry 192 out these provisions prior to the scheduled date established by 193 194 the state land planning agency. The plan amendments are exempt 195 from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

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6. By January 1, 2004, any county having a population greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special districts within that county, shall submit a report to the Department of Community Affairs which:

a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal service
 delivery agreements regarding the following: education; sanitary
 sewer; public safety; solid waste; drainage; potable water; parks
 and recreation; and transportation facilities.

204 b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the provision 205 of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital or 206 operational. Upon request, the Department of Community Affairs 207 shall provide technical assistance to the local governments in 208 identifying deficits or duplication.

209 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the 210 Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate 211 regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local 212 governments within the regional planning area to discuss the 213 reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified 214 deficiencies or duplications.

8. Each local government shall update its intergovernmental coordination element based upon the findings in the report submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report may be used as supporting data and analysis for the intergovernmental coordination element.

(j) For each unit of local government within an urbanized area designated for purposes of s. 339.175, a transportation element, which shall be prepared and adopted in lieu of the requirements of paragraph (b) and paragraphs (7) (a), (b), (c), and (d) and which shall address the following issues:

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Traffic circulation, including major thoroughfares and
 other routes, including bicycle and pedestrian ways.

227 2. All alternative modes of travel, such as public228 transportation, pedestrian, and bicycle travel.

229

254

3. Parking facilities.

4. Aviation, rail, seaport facilities, access to thosefacilities, and intermodal terminals.

5. The availability of facilities and services to serve
existing land uses and the compatibility between future land use
and transportation elements.

235 6. The capability to evacuate the coastal population prior236 to an impending natural disaster.

Airports, projected airport and aviation development,
and land use compatibility around airports <u>that includes areas</u>
defined in s. 333.01 and s. 333.02.

8. An identification of land use densities, building
intensities, and transportation management programs to promote
public transportation systems in designated public transportation
corridors so as to encourage population densities sufficient to
support such systems.

9. May include transportation corridors, as defined in s.
334.03, intended for future transportation facilities designated
pursuant to s. 337.273. If transportation corridors are
designated, the local government may adopt a transportation
corridor management ordinance.

250 Section 3. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of 251 section 163.3182, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (d) of 252 subsection (3), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and subsections 253 (5) and (8) of that section are amended, to read:

163.3182 Transportation concurrency backlogs.--

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255 (2) CREATION OF TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY BACKLOG 256 AUTHORITIES. --257 (c) The Legislature finds and declares that there exists in 258 many counties and municipalities areas with significant 259 transportation deficiencies and inadequate transportation 260 facilities; that many such insufficiencies and inadequacies severely limit or prohibit the satisfaction of transportation 261 262 concurrency standards; that such transportation insufficiencies 263 and inadequacies affect the health, safety, and welfare of the 264 residents of such counties and municipalities; that such 265 transportation insufficiencies and inadequacies adversely affect 266 economic development and growth of the tax base for the areas in 267 which such insufficiencies and inadequacies exist; and that the 268 elimination of transportation deficiencies and inadequacies and 269 the satisfaction of transportation concurrency standards are 270 paramount public purposes for the state and its counties and 271 municipalities.

(3) POWERS OF A TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY BACKLOG
AUTHORITY.--Each transportation concurrency backlog authority has
the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of
this section, including the following powers in addition to
others granted in this section:

277 To borrow money, including, but not limited to, issuing (d) debt obligations, such as, but not limited to, bonds, notes, 278 279 certificates, and similar debt instruments; to apply for and 280 accept advances, loans, grants, contributions, and any other forms of financial assistance from the Federal Government or the 281 282 state, county, or any other public body or from any sources, public or private, for the purposes of this part; to give such 283 284 security as may be required; to enter into and carry out

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285 contracts or agreements; and to include in any contracts for 286 financial assistance with the Federal Government for or with 287 respect to a transportation concurrency backlog project and 288 related activities such conditions imposed pursuant to federal 289 laws as the transportation concurrency backlog authority 290 considers reasonable and appropriate and which are not 291 inconsistent with the purposes of this section.

292

(4) TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY BACKLOG PLANS. --

(a) Each transportation concurrency backlog authority shall
adopt a transportation concurrency backlog plan as a part of the
local government comprehensive plan within 6 months after the
creation of the authority. The plan shall:

Identify all transportation facilities that have been
 designated as deficient and require the expenditure of moneys to
 upgrade, modify, or mitigate the deficiency.

300 2. Include a priority listing of all transportation 301 facilities that have been designated as deficient and do not 302 satisfy concurrency requirements pursuant to s. 163.3180, and the 303 applicable local government comprehensive plan.

3. Establish a schedule for financing and construction of 304 305 transportation concurrency backlog projects that will eliminate 306 transportation concurrency backlogs within the jurisdiction of 307 the authority within 10 years after the transportation 308 concurrency backlog plan adoption. The schedule shall be adopted 309 as part of the local government comprehensive plan. 310 Notwithstanding such schedule requirements, as long as the schedule provides for the elimination of all transportation 311 312 concurrency backlogs within 10 years after the adoption of the 313 concurrency backlog plan, the final maturity date of any debt incurred to finance or refinance the related projects may be no 314

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315	later than 40 years after the date such debt is incurred and the
316	authority may continue operations and administer the trust fund
317	established as provided in subsection (5) for as long as such
318	debt remains outstanding.
319	(5) ESTABLISHMENT OF LOCAL TRUST FUNDThe transportation
320	concurrency backlog authority shall establish a local
321	transportation concurrency backlog trust fund upon creation of
322	the authority. Each local trust fund shall be administered by the
323	transportation concurrency backlog authority within which a
324	transportation concurrency backlog has been identified. <u>Each</u>
325	local trust fund shall continue to be funded pursuant to this
326	section for as long as the projects set forth in the related
327	transportation concurrency backlog plan remain to be completed or
328	until any debt incurred to finance or refinance the related
329	projects are no longer outstanding, whichever occurs later.
330	Beginning in the first fiscal year after the creation of the
331	authority, each local trust fund shall be funded by the proceeds
332	of an ad valorem tax increment collected within each
333	transportation concurrency backlog area to be determined annually
334	and shall be <u>a minimum of</u> 25 percent of the difference between
335	the amounts set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b), except that if
336	all of the affected taxing authorities agree pursuant to an
337	interlocal agreement, a particular local trust fund may be funded
338	by the proceeds of an ad valorem tax increment greater than 25
339	percent of the difference between the amounts set forth in
340	paragraphs (a) and (b):

(a) The amount of ad valorem tax levied each year by each
taxing authority, exclusive of any amount from any debt service
millage, on taxable real property contained within the

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344 jurisdiction of the transportation concurrency backlog authority 345 and within the transportation backlog area; and

346 (b) The amount of ad valorem taxes which would have been produced by the rate upon which the tax is levied each year by or 347 348 for each taxing authority, exclusive of any debt service millage, 349 upon the total of the assessed value of the taxable real property 350 within the transportation concurrency backlog area as shown on the most recent assessment roll used in connection with the 351 352 taxation of such property of each taxing authority prior to the 353 effective date of the ordinance funding the trust fund.

354 (8) DISSOLUTION.--Upon completion of all transportation 355 concurrency backlog projects and repayment or defeasance of all 356 debt issued to finance or refinance such projects, a 357 transportation concurrency backlog authority shall be dissolved, 358 and its assets and liabilities shall be transferred to the county 359 or municipality within which the authority is located. All 360 remaining assets of the authority must be used for implementation 361 of transportation projects within the jurisdiction of the 362 authority. The local government comprehensive plan shall be amended to remove the transportation concurrency backlog plan. 363

364 Section 4. Section 316.0741, Florida Statutes, is amended 365 to read:

366 316.0741 <u>High-occupancy-vehicle</u> High occupancy vehicle 367 lanes.--

368

(1) As used in this section, the term:

369 <u>(a)</u> "<u>High-occupancy-vehicle</u> High occupancy vehicle lane" or 370 "HOV lane" means a lane of a public roadway designated for use by 371 vehicles in which there is more than one occupant unless 372 otherwise authorized by federal law.

373

(b) "Hybrid vehicle" means a motor vehicle:

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374	1. That draws propulsion energy from onboard sources of
375	stored energy which are both an internal combustion or heat
376	engine using combustible fuel and a rechargeable energy-storage
377	system; and
378	2. That, in the case of a passenger automobile or light
379	truck, has received a certificate of conformity under the Clean
380	Air Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 7401 et seq., and meets or exceeds the
381	equivalent qualifying California standards for a low-emission
382	vehicle.
383	(2) The number of persons that must be in a vehicle to
384	qualify for legal use of the HOV lane and the hours during which
385	the lane will serve as an HOV lane, if it is not designated as
386	such on a full-time basis, must also be indicated on a traffic
387	control device.
388	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), a vehicle may not
389	be driven in an HOV lane if the vehicle is occupied by fewer than
390	the number of occupants indicated by a traffic control device. A
391	driver who violates this section shall be cited for a moving
392	violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.
393	(4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
394	an inherently low-emission vehicle (ILEV) that is certified and
395	labeled in accordance with federal regulations may be driven in
396	an HOV lane at any time, regardless of its occupancy. In
397	addition, upon the state's receipt of written notice from the
398	proper federal regulatory agency authorizing such use, a vehicle
399	defined as a hybrid vehicle under this section may be driven in
400	an HOV lane at any time, regardless of its occupancy.
401	(b) All eligible hybrid and all eligible other low-emission
402	and energy-efficient vehicles driven in an HOV lane must comply

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403 with the minimum fuel economy standards in 23 U.S.C. s.

404 166(f)(3)(B).

405 (c) Upon issuance of the applicable Environmental 406 Protection Agency final rule pursuant to 23 U.S.C. s. 166(e), 407 relating to the eligibility of hybrid and other low-emission and 408 energy-efficient vehicles for operation in an HOV lane regardless of occupancy, the Department of Transportation shall review the 409 410 rule and recommend to the Legislature any statutory changes 411 necessary for compliance with the federal rule. The department 412 shall provide its recommendations no later than 30 days following 413 issuance of the final rule.

414 The department shall issue a decal and registration (5) 415 certificate, to be renewed annually, reflecting the HOV lane designation on such vehicles meeting the criteria in subsection 416 417 (4) authorizing driving in an HOV lane at any time such use. The 418 department may charge a fee for a decal, not to exceed the costs 419 of designing, producing, and distributing each decal, or \$5, 420 whichever is less. The proceeds from sale of the decals shall be 421 deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. The 422 department may, for reasons of operation and management of HOV facilities, limit or discontinue issuance of decals for the use 423 424 of HOV facilities by hybrid and low-emission and energy-efficient 425 vehicles, regardless of occupancy, if it has been determined by 426 the Department of Transportation that the facilities are degraded 427 as defined by 23 U.S.C. s. 166(d)(2).

428 (6) Vehicles having decals by virtue of compliance with the
 429 minimum fuel economy standards under 23 U.S.C. s. 166(f)(3)(B),
 430 and which are registered for use in high-occupancy toll lanes or
 431 express lanes in accordance with Department of Transportation



432	rule, shall be allowed to use any HOV lanes redesignated as high-
433	occupancy toll lanes or express lanes without payment of a toll.
434	(5) As used in this section, the term "hybrid vehicle"
435	means a motor vehicle:
436	(a) That draws propulsion energy from onboard sources of
437	stored energy which are both:
438	1. An internal combustion or heat engine using combustible
439	fuel; and
440	2. A rechargeable energy storage system; and
441	(b) That, in the case of a passenger automobile or light
442	truck:
443	1. Has received a certificate of conformity under the Clean
444	Air Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 7401 et seq.; and
445	2. Meets or exceeds the equivalent qualifying California
446	standards for a low-emission vehicle.
447	(7)(6) The department may adopt rules necessary to
448	administer this section.
449	Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 316.193, Florida
450	Statutes, is amended to read:
451	316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties
452	(4) Any person who is convicted of a violation of
453	subsection (1) and who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-
454	alcohol level of 0.15 0.20 or higher, or any person who is
455	convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who at the time of
456	the offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person under the
457	age of 18 years, shall be punished:
458	(a) By a fine of:
459	1. Not less than \$500 or more than \$1,000 for a first
460	conviction.

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461 2. Not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000 for a second 462 conviction. 463 3. Not less than \$2,000 for a third or subsequent 464 conviction. 465 (b) By imprisonment for: 466 1. Not more than 9 months for a first conviction. 2. Not more than 12 months for a second conviction. 467 468 469 For the purposes of this subsection, only the instant offense is 470 required to be a violation of subsection (1) by a person who has 471 a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 $\frac{0.20}{0.20}$ or 472 higher. 473 (C) In addition to the penalties in paragraphs (a) and (b), 474 the court shall order the mandatory placement, at the convicted 475 person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved 476 by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all 477 vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and 478 routinely operated by the convicted person for not less than up 479 to 6 continuous months for the first offense and for not less 480 than at least 2 continuous years for a second offense, when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. 481 482 The installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 483 2003. 484 Section 6. Subsections (1), (6), and (8) of section 485 316.302, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 486 316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; 487 transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement .--(1) (a) All owners and drivers of commercial motor vehicles 488

489 that are operated on the public highways of this state while

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490 engaged in interstate commerce are subject to the rules and 491 regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 385, and 390-397.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all owners or drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are engaged in intrastate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 385, and 390-397, with the exception of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.5 as it relates to the definition of bus, as such rules and regulations existed on October 1, 2007 2005.

(c) Except as provided in s. 316.215(5), and except as provided in s. 316.228 for rear overhang lighting and flagging requirements for intrastate operations, the requirements of this section supersede all other safety requirements of this chapter for commercial motor vehicles.

(6) The state Department of Transportation shall perform
the duties that are assigned to the <u>Field Administrator, Federal</u>
<u>Motor Carrier Safety Administration</u> Regional Federal Highway
Administrator under the federal rules, and an agent of that
department, as described in s. 316.545(9), may enforce those
rules.

510 (8) For the purpose of enforcing this section, any law 511 enforcement officer of the Department of Transportation or duly 512 appointed agent who holds a current safety inspector 513 certification from the Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance may 514 require the driver of any commercial vehicle operated on the 515 highways of this state to stop and submit to an inspection of the vehicle or the driver's records. If the vehicle or driver is 516 517 found to be operating in an unsafe condition, or if any required part or equipment is not present or is not in proper repair or 518 519 adjustment, and the continued operation would present an unduly

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520 hazardous operating condition, the officer may require the 521 vehicle or the driver to be removed from service pursuant to the 522 North American <u>Standard Uniform</u> Out-of-Service Criteria, until 523 corrected. However, if continuous operation would not present an 524 unduly hazardous operating condition, the officer may give 525 written notice requiring correction of the condition within 14 526 days.

(a) Any member of the Florida Highway Patrol or any law enforcement officer employed by a sheriff's office or municipal police department authorized to enforce the traffic laws of this state pursuant to s. 316.640 who has reason to believe that a vehicle or driver is operating in an unsafe condition may, as provided in subsection (10), enforce the provisions of this section.

(b) Any person who fails to comply with an officer's request to submit to an inspection under this subsection commits a violation of s. 843.02 if the person resists the officer without violence or a violation of s. 843.01 if the person resists the officer with violence.

539 Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 316.613, Florida 540 Statutes, is amended to read:

541

316.613 Child restraint requirements.--

(2) As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means
a motor vehicle as defined in s. 316.003 <u>which</u> that is operated
on the roadways, streets, and highways of the state. The term
does not include:

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(a) A school bus as defined in s. 316.003(45).

547 (b) A bus used for the transportation of persons for 548 compensation, other than a bus regularly used to transport

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549	children to or from school, as defined in s. 316.615(1) (b), or
550	in conjunction with school activities.
551	(c) A farm tractor or implement of husbandry.
552	(d) A truck <u>having a gross vehicle weight rating of more</u>
553	than 26,000 of net weight of more than 5,000 pounds.
554	(e) A motorcycle, moped, or bicycle.
555	Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
556	316.614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
557	316.614 Safety belt usage
558	(3) As used in this section:
559	(a) "Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in s.
560	316.003 <u>which</u> that is operated on the roadways, streets, and
561	highways of this state. The term does not include:
562	1. A school bus.
563	2. A bus used for the transportation of persons for
564	compensation.
565	3. A farm tractor or implement of husbandry.
566	4. A truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of more
567	than 26,000 of a net weight of more than 5,000 pounds.
568	5. A motorcycle, moped, or bicycle.
569	Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
570	316.656, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
571	316.656 Mandatory adjudication; prohibition against
572	accepting plea to lesser included offense
573	(2)(a) No trial judge may accept a plea of guilty to a
574	lesser offense from a person charged under the provisions of this
575	act who has been given a breath or blood test to determine blood
576	or breath alcohol content, the results of which show a blood or
577	breath alcohol content by weight of 0.15 0.20 percent or more.



578 Section 10. Section 322.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to 579 read:

580 322.64 Holder of commercial driver's license; <u>persons</u> 581 <u>operating a commercial motor vehicle;</u> driving with unlawful 582 blood-alcohol level; refusal to submit to breath, urine, or blood 583 test.--

(1) (a) A law enforcement officer or correctional officer 584 585 shall, on behalf of the department, disgualify from operating any 586 commercial motor vehicle a person who while operating or in 587 actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle is arrested 588 for a violation of s. 316.193, relating to unlawful blood-alcohol 589 level or breath-alcohol level, or a person who has refused to 590 submit to a breath, urine, or blood test authorized by s. 322.63 591 arising out of the operation or actual physical control of a 592 commercial motor vehicle. A law enforcement officer or 593 correctional officer shall, on behalf of the department, 594 disqualify the holder of a commercial driver's license from 595 operating any commercial motor vehicle if the licenseholder, 596 while operating or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, is arrested for a violation of s. 316.193, relating to unlawful 597 598 blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level, or refused to submit 599 to a breath, urine, or blood test authorized by s. 322.63. Upon 600 disqualification of the person, the officer shall take the 601 person's driver's license and issue the person a 10-day temporary 602 permit for the operation of noncommercial vehicles only if the 603 person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege and shall 604 issue the person a notice of disqualification. If the person has 605 been given a blood, breath, or urine test, the results of which 606 are not available to the officer at the time of the arrest, the 607 agency employing the officer shall transmit such results to the

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department within 5 days after receipt of the results. If the department then determines that the person was arrested for a violation of s. 316.193 and that the person had a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher, the department shall disqualify the person from operating a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to subsection (3).

(b) The disqualification under paragraph (a) shall be
pursuant to, and the notice of disqualification shall inform the
driver of, the following:

617 1.a. The driver refused to submit to a lawful breath, 618 blood, or urine test and he or she is disqualified from operating 619 a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year, for a first 620 refusal, or permanently, if he or she has previously been 621 disqualified as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test; 622 or

62.3 The driver was driving or in actual physical control of b. 624 a commercial motor vehicle, or any motor vehicle if the driver holds a commercial driver's license, had an unlawful blood-625 626 alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher, and his or her driving privilege shall be disqualified for a period of 1 627 year for a first offense or permanently if his or her driving 628 629 privilege has been previously disqualified under this section. 630 violated s. 316.193 by driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol 631 level and he or she is disqualified from operating a commercial 632 motor vehicle for a period of 6 months for a first offense or for 633 a period of 1 year if he or she has previously been disqualified, or his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended, 634 635 for a violation of s. 316.193.



636 2. The disqualification period for operating commercial
637 vehicles shall commence on the date of arrest or issuance of <u>the</u>
638 notice of disqualification, whichever is later.

639 3. The driver may request a formal or informal review of 640 the disqualification by the department within 10 days after the 641 date of arrest or issuance of the notice of disqualification_{au} 642 whichever is later.

643 4. The temporary permit issued at the time of arrest or
644 disqualification <u>expires</u> will expire at midnight of the 10th day
645 following the date of disqualification.

5. The driver may submit to the department any materials
relevant to the <u>disqualification</u> arrest.

648 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (1)(a), the law 649 enforcement officer shall forward to the department, within 5 650 days after the date of the arrest or the issuance of the notice 651 of disqualification, whichever is later, a copy of the notice of 652 disqualification, the driver's license of the person disqualified 653 arrested, and a report of the arrest, including, if applicable, 654 an affidavit stating the officer's grounds for belief that the person disqualified arrested was operating or in actual physical 655 control of a commercial motor vehicle, or holds a commercial 656 657 driver's license, and had an unlawful blood-alcohol or breath-658 alcohol level in violation of s. 316.193; the results of any 659 breath or blood or urine test or an affidavit stating that a 660 breath, blood, or urine test was requested by a law enforcement 661 officer or correctional officer and that the person arrested refused to submit; a copy of the notice of disqualification 662 663 citation issued to the person arrested; and the officer's 664 description of the person's field sobriety test, if any. The failure of the officer to submit materials within the 5-day 665

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666 period specified in this subsection or subsection (1) <u>does shall</u> 667 not affect the department's ability to consider any evidence 668 submitted at or prior to the hearing. The officer may also submit 669 a copy of a videotape of the field sobriety test or the attempt 670 to administer such test <u>and a copy of the crash report</u>, <u>if any</u>.

671 If the department determines that the person arrested (3) 672 should be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle pursuant to this section and if the notice of disgualification 673 674 has not already been served upon the person by a law enforcement 675 officer or correctional officer as provided in subsection (1), 676 the department shall issue a notice of disqualification and, 677 unless the notice is mailed pursuant to s. 322.251, a temporary 678 permit which expires 10 days after the date of issuance if the 679 driver is otherwise eligible.

680 If the person disqualified arrested requests an (4) 681 informal review pursuant to subparagraph (1) (b)3., the department 682 shall conduct the informal review by a hearing officer employed 683 by the department. Such informal review hearing shall consist 684 solely of an examination by the department of the materials submitted by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer 685 686 and by the person disqualified arrested, and the presence of an 687 officer or witness is not required.

(5) After completion of the informal review, notice of the department's decision sustaining, amending, or invalidating the disqualification must be provided to the person. Such notice must be mailed to the person at the last known address shown on the department's records, and to the address provided in the law enforcement officer's report if such address differs from the address of record, within 21 days after the expiration of the

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695 temporary permit issued pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection 696 (3).

697 (6) (a) If the person <u>disqualified</u> arrested requests a 698 formal review, the department must schedule a hearing to be held 699 within 30 days after such request is received by the department 700 and must notify the person of the date, time, and place of the 701 hearing.

702 (b) Such formal review hearing shall be held before a 703 hearing officer employed by the department, and the hearing 704 officer shall be authorized to administer oaths, examine 705 witnesses and take testimony, receive relevant evidence, issue 706 subpoenas for the officers and witnesses identified in documents 707 as provided in subsection (2), regulate the course and conduct of 708 the hearing, and make a ruling on the disqualification. The 709 department and the person disqualified arrested may subpoena 710 witnesses, and the party requesting the presence of a witness 711 shall be responsible for the payment of any witness fees. If the 712 person who requests a formal review hearing fails to appear and 713 the hearing officer finds such failure to be without just cause, the right to a formal hearing is waived and the department shall 714 715 conduct an informal review of the disqualification under 716 subsection (4).

(c) A party may seek enforcement of a subpoena under paragraph (b) by filing a petition for enforcement in the circuit court of the judicial circuit in which the person failing to comply with the subpoena resides. A failure to comply with an order of the court shall result in a finding of contempt of court. However, a person shall not be in contempt while a subpoena is being challenged.

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(d) The department must, within 7 days after a formal review hearing, send notice to the person of the hearing officer's decision as to whether sufficient cause exists to sustain, amend, or invalidate the disqualification.

(7) In a formal review hearing under subsection (6) or an informal review hearing under subsection (4), the hearing officer shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence whether sufficient cause exists to sustain, amend, or invalidate the disqualification. The scope of the review shall be limited to the following issues:

(a) If the person was disqualified from operating a
commercial motor vehicle for driving with an unlawful bloodalcohol level in violation of s. 316.193:

1. Whether the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, or any <u>motor vehicle if the driver holds a commercial driver's license</u>, in this state while he or she had any alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances in his or her body.

743 2. Whether the person was placed under lawful arrest for a
744 violation of s. 316.193.

745 <u>2.3.</u> Whether the person had an unlawful blood-alcohol level
746 or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher as provided in s.
747 316.193.

(b) If the person was disqualified from operating a
commercial motor vehicle for refusal to submit to a breath,
blood, or urine test:

751 1. Whether the law enforcement officer had probable cause
752 to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical
753 control of a commercial motor vehicle, or any motor vehicle if

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754 <u>the driver holds a commercial driver's license</u>, in this state 755 while he or she had any alcohol, chemical substances, or 756 controlled substances in his or her body.

757 2. Whether the person refused to submit to the test after
758 being requested to do so by a law enforcement officer or
759 correctional officer.

3. Whether the person was told that if he or she refused to submit to such test he or she would be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year or, in the case of a second refusal, permanently.

(8) Based on the determination of the hearing officer pursuant to subsection (7) for both informal hearings under subsection (4) and formal hearings under subsection (6), the department shall:

(a) Sustain the disqualification for a period of 1 year for
a first refusal, or permanently if such person has been
previously disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle
as a result of a refusal to submit to such tests. The
disqualification period commences on the date of the arrest or
issuance of the notice of disqualification, whichever is later.

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(b) Sustain the disqualification:

<u>1.</u> For a period of <u>1 year if the person was driving or in</u> <u>actual physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, or any</u> <u>motor vehicle if the driver holds a commercial driver's license,</u> <u>and had an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level</u> <u>of 0.08 or higher; or 6 months for a violation of s. 316.193 or</u> <u>for a period of 1 year</u>

2. Permanently if the person has been previously disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle or his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for driving



784	or being in actual physical control of a commercial motor
785	vehicle, or any motor vehicle if the driver holds a commercial
786	driver's license, and had an unlawful blood-alcohol level or
787	breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher as a result of a
788	violation of s. 316.193.
789	
790	The disqualification period commences on the date of the arrest
791	or issuance of the notice of disqualification , whichever is
792	later.
793	(9) A request for a formal review hearing or an informal
794	review hearing shall not stay the disqualification. If the
795	department fails to schedule the formal review hearing to be held
796	within 30 days after receipt of the request therefor, the
797	department shall invalidate the disqualification. If the
798	scheduled hearing is continued at the department's initiative,
799	the department shall issue a temporary driving permit <u>limited to</u>
800	noncommercial vehicles which is shall be valid until the hearing
801	is conducted if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving
802	privilege. Such permit shall not be issued to a person who sought
803	and obtained a continuance of the hearing. The permit issued
804	under this subsection shall authorize driving for business
805	purposes or employment use only.
806	(10) A person who is disqualified from operating a
807	commercial motor vehicle under subsection (1) or subsection (3)

807 commercial motor vehicle under subsection (1) or subsection (3) 808 is eligible for issuance of a license for business or employment 809 purposes only under s. 322.271 if the person is otherwise 810 eligible for the driving privilege. However, such business or 811 employment purposes license shall not authorize the driver to 812 operate a commercial motor vehicle.

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(11) The formal review hearing may be conducted upon a review of the reports of a law enforcement officer or a correctional officer, including documents relating to the administration of a breath test or blood test or the refusal to take either test. However, as provided in subsection (6), the driver may subpoen the officer or any person who administered or analyzed a breath or blood test.

820 (12) The formal review hearing and the informal review 821 hearing are exempt from the provisions of chapter 120. The 822 department is authorized to adopt rules for the conduct of 823 reviews under this section.

(13) A person may appeal any decision of the department sustaining the disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle by a petition for writ of certiorari to the circuit court in the county wherein such person resides or wherein a formal or informal review was conducted pursuant to s. 322.31. However, an appeal shall not stay the disqualification. This subsection shall not be construed to provide for a de novo appeal.

831 (14) The decision of the department under this section shall not be considered in any trial for a violation of s. 832 833 316.193, s. 322.61, or s. 322.62, nor shall any written statement 834 submitted by a person in his or her request for departmental 835 review under this section be admissible into evidence against him 836 or her in any such trial. The disposition of any related criminal 837 proceedings shall not affect a disqualification imposed pursuant 838 to this section.

(15) This section does not preclude the suspension of the
driving privilege pursuant to s. 322.2615. The driving privilege
of a person who has been disgualified from operating a commercial



842 motor vehicle also may be suspended for a violation of s. 843 316.193.

Section 11. Subsections (3), and (4) of section 336.41, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (4), and (5), respectively, and a subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

848 336.41 Counties; employing labor and providing road 849 equipment; accounting; when competitive bidding required.--

850 (3) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a county, 851 municipality, or special district may not own or operate an 852 asphalt plant or a portable or stationary concrete batch plant 853 that has an independent mixer; however, this prohibition does 854 not apply to any county that owns or is under contract to 855 purchase an asphalt plant as of April 15, 2008, and that 856 furnishes its plant-generated asphalt solely for use by local 857 governments or company's under contract with local governments for projects within the boundaries of said county. Sale of plant 858 859 generated asphalt to private entities or local governments 860 outside the boundaries of said county is prohibited.

Section 12. Subsections (8) through (15) of section 337.11, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (9) through (16), respectively, present subsection (7) is renumbered as subsection (8) and amended, and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

866 337.11 Contracting authority of department; bids; emergency 867 repairs, supplemental agreements, and change orders; combined 868 design and construction contracts; progress payments; records; 869 requirements of vehicle registration.--

870 (7) If the department determines that it is in the best 871 interest of the public, the department may pay a stipend to

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872	unsuccessful firms who have submitted responsive proposals for
873	construction or maintenance contracts. The decision and amount of
874	a stipend will be based upon department analysis of the estimated
875	proposal development costs and the anticipated degree of
876	competition during the procurement process. Stipends shall be
877	used to encourage competition and compensate unsuccessful firms
878	for a portion of their proposal development costs. The department
879	shall retain the right to use ideas from unsuccessful firms that
880	accept a stipend.
881	(8) (7) (a) If the head of the department determines that it
882	is in the best interests of the public, the department may
883	combine the design and construction phases of a building, a major
884	bridge, a limited access facility, or a rail corridor project
885	into a single contract. Such contract is referred to as a design-
886	build contract. The department's goal shall be to procure up to
887	25 percent of the construction contracts which add capacity in
888	the 5-year adopted work program as design-build contracts by July
889	1, 2013. Design-build contracts may be advertised and awarded
890	notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (3)(c). However,
891	construction activities may not begin on any portion of such
892	projects for which the department has not yet obtained title to
893	the necessary rights-of-way and easements for the construction of
894	that portion of the project has vested in the state or a local
895	governmental entity and all railroad crossing and utility
896	agreements have been executed. Title to rights-of-way shall be
897	deemed to have vested in the state when the title has been
898	dedicated to the public or acquired by prescription.

(b) The department shall adopt by rule procedures for
administering design-build contracts. Such procedures shall
include, but not be limited to:

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902	1. Prequalification requirements.
903	2. Public announcement procedures.
904	3. Scope of service requirements.
905	4. Letters of interest requirements.
906	5. Short-listing criteria and procedures.
907	6. Bid proposal requirements.
908	7. Technical review committee.
909	8. Selection and award processes.
910	9. Stipend requirements.
911	(c) The department must receive at least three letters of
912	interest in order to proceed with a request for proposals. The
913	department shall request proposals from no fewer than three of
914	the design-build firms submitting letters of interest. If a
915	design-build firm withdraws from consideration after the
916	department requests proposals, the department may continue if at
917	least two proposals are received.
918	Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
919	337.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
920	337.18 Surety bonds for construction or maintenance
921	contracts; requirement with respect to contract award; bond
922	requirements; defaults; damage assessments
923	(1)
924	(b) Prior to beginning any work under the contract, the
925	contractor shall maintain a copy of the payment and performance
926	bond required under this section at its principal place of
927	business, and at the jobsite office if one is established, and
928	the contractor shall provide a copy of the payment and
929	performance bond within 5 days of receipt of any written request
930	therefore. A copy of the payment and performance bond required
931	under this section may also be obtained directly from the
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932	<u>department via a request made pursuant to Chapter 119. Upon</u>
933	execution of the contract, and prior to beginning any work under
934	the contract, the contractor shall record in the public records
935	of the county where the improvement is located the payment and
936	performance bond required under this section. A claimant shall
937	have a right of action against the contractor and surety for the
938	amount due him or her, including unpaid finance charges due under
939	the claimant's contract. Such action shall not involve the
940	department in any expense.
941	
942	======================================
943	And the title is amended as follows:
944	Between line(s) 2-3
945	and insert:
946	amending s. 20.23, F.S.; providing Senior Management
947	Service status to the Executive Director of the Florida
948	Transportation Commission; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.;
949	revising requirements for comprehensive plans; providing
950	for airports, land adjacent to airports, and certain
951	interlocal agreements relating thereto in certain elements
952	of the plan; amending s. 163.3182, F.S., relating to
953	transportation concurrency backlog authorities; providing
954	legislative findings and declarations; expanding the power
955	of authorities to borrow money to include issuing certain
956	debt obligations; providing a maximum maturity date for
957	certain debt incurred to finance or refinance certain
958	transportation concurrency backlog projects; authorizing
959	authorities to continue operations and administer certain
960	trust funds for the period of the remaining outstanding
961	debt; requiring local transportation concurrency backlog
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962 trust funds to continue to be funded for certain purposes; 963 providing for increased ad valorem tax increment funding 964 for such trust funds under certain circumstances; revising 965 provisions for dissolution of an authority; amending s. 966 316.0741, F.S.; redefining the term "hybrid vehicle"; 967 authorizing the driving of a hybrid, low-emission, or 968 energy-efficient vehicle in a high-occupancy-vehicle lane 969 regardless of occupancy; authorizing the department to 970 limit or discontinue such driving under certain 971 circumstances; exempting such vehicles from the payment of 972 certain tolls; amending s. 316.193, F.S.; lowering the 973 blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level for which enhanced 974 penalties are imposed against a person who was accompanied 975 in the vehicle by a minor at the time of the offense; 976 clarifying that an ignition interlock device is installed 977 for a continuous period; amending s. 316.302, F.S.; 978 revising the application of certain federal rules; 979 providing for the department to perform certain duties 980 assigned under federal rules; updating a reference to federal provisions governing out-of-service requirements 981 for commercial vehicles; amending ss. 316.613 and 316.614, 982 983 F.S.; revising the definition of "motor vehicle" for 984 purposes of child restraint and safety belt usage 985 requirements; amending s. 316.656, F.S.; lowering the 986 percentage of blood or breath alcohol content relating to 987 the prohibition against pleading guilty to a lesser 988 offense of driving under the influence than the offense 989 charged; amending s. 322.64, F.S.; providing that refusal 990 to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test disqualifies a 991 person from operating a commercial motor vehicle;

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992	providing a period of disqualification if a person has an
993	unlawful blood-alcohol or breath-alcohol level; providing
994	for issuance of a notice of disqualification; revising the
995	requirements for a formal review hearing following a
996	person's disqualification from operating a commercial
997	motor vehicle; amending s. 336.41, F.S.; providing that a
998	county, municipality, or special district may not own or
999	operate an asphalt plant or a portable or stationary
1000	concrete batch plant having an independent mixer; amending
1001	s. 337.11, F.S.; authorizing the department to pay
1002	stipends to unsuccessful bidders on construction and
1003	maintenance contracts, amending s. 337.18, F.S.; revising
1004	the recording requirements of payment and performance
1005	bonds;

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