1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to money services businesses; changing the
3	name of money transmitters to money services businesses;
4	requiring licensure rather than registration; amending s.
5	560.103, F.S.; revising definitions; defining the terms
6	"affiliated party," "branch office," "cashing,"
7	"compliance officer," "electronic instrument," "financial
8	audit report," "foreign affiliate," "licensee,"
9	"location," "monetary value," "net worth," "outstanding
10	money transmission," and "stored value"; amending s.
11	560.104, F.S.; revising provision providing exemptions
12	from ch. 560, F.S.; amending s. 560.105, F.S.; revising
13	provisions relating to the powers of the Office of
14	Financial Regulation and the Financial Services
15	Commission; amending s. 560.109, F.S.; revising provisions
16	relating to examinations and investigations conducted by
17	the office; requiring that the office periodically examine
18	each licensee and each new licensee within 6 months after
19	issuing a license; requiring the office to report certain
20	violations to a criminal investigatory agency; requiring
21	that the office annually report to the Legislature
22	information concerning investigations and examinations and
23	the total amount of fines assessed and collected;
24	requiring records in a language other than English to be
25	translated; creating s. 560.1091, F.S.; authorizing the
26	office to contract with third parties to conduct
27	examinations; authorizing the commission to adopt rules
28	relating to who can conduct examinations and the rates
29	charged; creating s. 560.1092, F.S.; requiring persons

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30 examined to pay the expenses of examination as set by rule 31 of the commission; providing for the deposit of funds 32 collected from licensees; requiring payment for travel 33 expenses and living expenses and compensation for persons 34 making the examinations from such funds or from funds 35 budgeted for such purposes; creating s. 560.110, F.S.; 36 providing for record retention by licensees; amending s. 37 560.111, F.S.; revising the list of prohibited acts by a money services business; amending s. 560.113, F.S.; 38 39 providing for the establishment of a receivership or the 40 payment of restitution by a person found to have violated ch. 560, F.S.; amending s. 560.114, F.S.; revising grounds 41 for the disciplinary actions; creating s. 560.1141, F.S.; 42 43 authorizing the commission to adopt disciplinary guidelines for imposing penalties for violations; 44 45 providing for mitigating and aggravating circumstances; 46 amending s. 560.115, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 47 the voluntary surrender of a license; amending s. 560.116, 48 F.S.; revising provisions relating to the granting of 49 immunity for providing information about alleged 50 violations of ch. 560, F.S.; amending s. 560.118, F.S.; 51 revising provisions relating to required reports; deleting 52 an exemption from the requirement to file an annual 53 financial report; transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 560.119, F.S.; revising provisions providing for the 54 55 deposit of fees and assessments; amending s. 560.121, 56 F.S.; revising restriction on access to records held by a 57 court or the Legislature; amending s. 560.123, F.S.; 58 revising provisions relating to the Florida Control of

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59	Money Laundering in Money Services Business; creating s.
60	560.1235, F.S.; requiring a licensee to comply with state
61	and federal anti-money laundering laws and rules; amending
62	s. 560.124, F.S.; revising provisions relating to sharing
63	reported information; amending s. 560.125, F.S.; revising
64	provisions relating to unlicensed activity; amending s.
65	560.126, F.S.; revising provisions relating to certain
66	notice requirements by a licensee; amending s. 560.127,
67	F.S.; revising provisions relating to the control of a
68	money services business; amending s. 560.128, F.S.;
69	revising provisions relating to customer contacts and
70	license display; amending s. 560.129, F.S.; revising
71	provisions relating to the confidentiality of certain
72	records; creating s. 560.140, F.S.; providing licensing
73	standards for a money services business; creating s.
74	560.141, F.S.; providing for a license application;
75	creating s. 560.142, F.S.; providing for license renewal;
76	creating s. 560.143, F.S.; providing for license fees;
77	amending s. 560.203, F.S.; revising the exemption from
78	licensure for authorized vendors of a money services
79	business; amending s. 560.204, F.S.; revising provisions
80	relating to the requirement for licensure of money
81	transmitters or sellers of payment instruments under part
82	II of ch. 560, F.S.; amending s. 560.205, F.S.; providing
83	additional requirements for a license application;
84	amending s. 560.208, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
85	the conduct of a licensee; creating s. 560.2085, F.S.;
86	providing requirements for authorized vendors; amending s.
87	560.209, F.S.; revising provisions relating to a
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88	licensee's net worth and the filing of a corporate surety
89	bond; requiring a financial audit report; increasing the
90	upper limit of the bond; deleting the option of waiving
91	the bond; amending s. 560.210, F.S.; revising provisions
92	relating to permissible investments; amending s. 560.211,
93	F.S.; revising provisions relating to required
94	recordkeeping under part II of ch. 560, F.S.; amending s.
95	560.212, F.S.; revising provisions relating to licensee
96	liability; amending s. 560.213, F.S.; revising provisions
97	relating information that must be printed on a payment
98	instrument; amending s. 560.303, F.S.; revising provisions
99	relating to the licensure of check cashers under part II
100	of ch. 560, F.S.; amending s. 560.304, F.S.; revising
101	provisions relating to exemptions from licensure; limiting
102	the exemption for the payment of instruments below a
103	certain value and incidental to certain retail sales;
104	amending s. 560.309, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
105	the conduct of check cashers; providing additional
106	requirements; amending s. 560.310, F.S.; revising
107	requirements for licensee records; specifying the
108	maintenance of identification records for certain
109	customers; amending s. 560.402, F.S.; revising definitions
110	relating to deferred presentment providers; amending s.
111	560.403, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
112	licensing requirements for deferred presentment providers;
113	amending s. 560.404, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
114	deferred presentment transactions; amending s. 560.405,
115	F.S.; revising provisions relating to the redemption or
116	deposit of a deferred presentment transaction; amending s.

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117	560.406, F.S.; revising provisions relating to worthless
118	checks; amending ss. 499.005, 499.0691, 501.95, 538.03,
119	896.101, 896.104, and 921.0022, F.S.; conforming cross-
120	references; repealing s. 560.101, F.S., relating to a
121	short title; repealing s. 560.102, F.S., relating to
122	purpose and application; repealing s. 560.106, F.S.,
123	relating to chapter constructions; repealing s. 560.1073,
124	F.S., relating to false or misleading statements or
125	documents; repealing s. 560.108, F.S., relating to
126	administrative enforcement guidelines; repealing s.
127	560.112, F.S., relating to disciplinary action procedures;
128	repealing s. 560.117, F.S., relating to administrative
129	fines; repealing s. 560.200, F.S., relating to a short
130	title; repealing s. 560.202, F.S., relating to
131	definitions; repealing s. 560.206, F.S., relating to the
132	investigation of applicants; repealing s. 560.207, F.S.,
133	relating to registration; repealing s. 560.301, F.S.,
134	relating to a short title; repealing s. 560.302, F.S.,
135	relating to definitions; repealing s. 560.305, F.S.,
136	relating to application for registration; repealing s.
137	560.306, F.S., relating to standards; repealing s.
138	560.307, F.S., relating to fees; repealing s. 560.308,
139	F.S., relating to registration; repealing s. 560.401,
140	F.S., relating to a short title; repealing s. 560.407,
141	F.S., relating to required records; providing an effective
142	date.
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144	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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146	Section 1. Section 560.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to
147	read:
148	560.103 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term the
149	code, unless the context otherwise requires:
150	(1) "Affiliated party" means a director, officer,
151	responsible person, employee, or foreign affiliate of a money
152	services business, or a person who has a controlling interest in
153	a money services business as provided in s. 560.127.
154	<u>(2)</u> "Appropriate regulator" means <u>a</u> any state <u>,</u> or
155	federal <u>, or foreign</u> agency <u>that</u> , including the commission or
156	office, which has been granted state or federal statutory
157	authority to enforce state, federal, or foreign laws related to a
158	money services business or deferred presentment provider with
159	regard to the money transmission function.
160	(3)(2) "Authorized vendor" means a person designated by <u>a</u>
161	money services business licensed under part II of this chapter $ extsf{a}$
162	registrant to act engage in the business of a money transmitter
163	on behalf of <u>the licensee</u> the registrant at locations in this
164	state pursuant to a written contract with the <u>licensee</u>
165	registrant.
166	(4) "Branch office" means the physical location, other than
167	the principal place of business, of a money services business
168	operated by a licensee under this chapter.
169	(5) "Cashing" means providing currency for payment
170	instruments except for travelers checks.
171	(6)(3) "Check casher" means a person who, for compensation,
172	sells currency in exchange for payment instruments received,
173	except travelers checks and foreign-drawn payment instruments.
174	(4) "Code" means the "Money Transmitters' Code," consisting
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175	of:
176	(a) Part I of this chapter, relating to money transmitters
177	generally.
178	(b) Part II of this chapter, relating to payment
179	instruments and funds transmission.
180	(c) Part III of this chapter, relating to check cashing and
181	foreign currency exchange.
182	(d) Part IV of this chapter, relating to deferred
183	presentments.
184	(7) "Commission" means the Financial Services Commission.
185	(8) "Compliance officer" means the individual in charge of
186	overseeing, managing, and ensuring that a money services business
187	is in compliance with all state and federal laws and rules
188	relating to money services businesses, as applicable, including
189	all money laundering laws and rules.
190	(5) "Consideration" means and includes any premium charged
191	for the sale of goods, or services provided in connection with
192	the sale of the goods, which is in excess of the cash price of
193	such goods.
194	(9) (6) "Currency" means the coin and paper money of the
195	United States or of any other country which is designated as
196	legal tender and which circulates and is customarily used and
197	accepted as a medium of exchange in the country of issuance.
198	Currency includes United States silver certificates, United
199	States notes, and Federal Reserve notes. Currency also includes
200	official foreign bank notes that are customarily used and
201	accepted as a medium of exchange in a foreign country.
202	(7) "Commission" means the Financial Services Commission.
203	(10) "Deferred presentment provider" means a person who is

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204	licensed under part II or part III of this chapter and has filed
205	a declaration of intent with the office to engage in deferred
206	presentment transactions as provided under part IV of this
207	chapter.
208	(11) "Electronic instrument" means a card, tangible object,
209	or other form of electronic payment for the transmission or
210	payment of money or the exchange of monetary value, including a
211	stored value card or device that contains a microprocessor chip,
212	magnetic stripe, or other means for storing information; that is
213	prefunded; and for which the value is decremented upon each use.
214	(12) "Financial audit report" means a report prepared in
215	connection with a financial audit that is conducted in accordance
216	with generally accepted auditing standards prescribed by the
217	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants by a certified
218	public accountant licensed to do business in the United States,
219	and which must include:
220	(a) Financial statements, including notes related to the
221	financial statements and required supplementary information,
222	prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally
223	accepted in the United States. The notes must, at a minimum,
224	include detailed disclosures regarding receivables that are
225	greater than 90 days, if the total amount of such receivables
226	represent more than 2 percent of the licensee's total assets.
227	(b) An expression of opinion regarding whether the
228	financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting
229	principles generally accepted in the United States, or an
230	assertion to the effect that such an opinion cannot be expressed
231	and the reasons.
232	(13) "Foreign affiliate" means a person located outside

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233	this state who has been designated by a licensee to make payments
234	on behalf of the licensee to persons who reside outside this
235	state. The term also includes a person located outside of this
236	state for whom the licensee has been designated to make payments
237	in this state.
238	(8) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of
239	the commission.
240	(14) (9) "Foreign currency exchanger" means a person who
241	exchanges, for compensation, currency of the United States or a
242	foreign government to currency of another government.
243	(10) "Funds transmitter" means a person who engages in the
244	receipt of currency or payment instruments for the purpose of
245	transmission by any means, including transmissions within this
246	country or to or from locations outside this country, by wire,
247	facsimile, electronic transfer, courier, or otherwise.
248	(15) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter.
249	(16) "Location" means a branch office, mobile location, or
250	location of an authorized vendor whose business activity is
251	regulated under this chapter.
252	(17) "Monetary value" means a medium of exchange, whether
253	or not redeemable in currency.
254	(18) (11) "Money services business transmitter" means any
255	person located in or doing business in this state, from this
256	state, or into this state from locations outside this state or
257	country who acts as a payment instrument seller, foreign currency
258	exchanger, check casher, <u>or money</u> funds transmitter , or deferred
259	presentment provider.
260	(19) "Money transmitter" means a corporation, limited
261	liability company, limited liability partnership, or foreign

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262	entity qualified to do business in this state which receives
263	currency, monetary value, or payment instruments for the purpose
264	of transmitting the same by any means, including transmission by
265	wire, facsimile, electronic transfer, courier, the Internet, or
266	through bill payment services or other businesses that facilitate
267	such transfer within this country, or to or from this country.
268	(12) "Money transmitter-affiliated party" means any
269	director, officer, responsible person, employee, authorized
270	vendor, independent contractor of a money transmitter, or a
271	person who has filed, is required to file, or is found to control
272	a money transmitter pursuant to s. 560.127, or any person engaged
273	in any jurisdiction, at any time, in the business of money
274	transmission as a controlling shareholder, director, officer, or
275	responsible person who becomes involved in a similar capacity
276	with a money transmitter registered in this state.
277	(20) "Net worth" means assets minus liabilities, determined
278	in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting
279	principles.
280	(21) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of
281	the commission.
282	(22) (13) "Officer" means an individual, other than a
283	director whether or not the individual has an official title or
284	receives a salary or other compensation , who participates <u>in,</u> or
285	has authority to participate , other than in the capacity of a
286	director, in <u>, the</u> major policymaking functions of <u>a</u> the money
287	services transmitter business, regardless of whether the
288	individual has an official title or receives a salary or other
289	compensation.
290	(23) "Outstanding money transmission" means a money

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291 <u>transmission to a designated recipient or a refund to a sender</u> 292 that has not been completed.

293 <u>(24) (14)</u> "Outstanding payment <u>instrument</u> instruments" means 294 <u>an</u> unpaid payment <u>instrument</u> instruments whose sale has been 295 reported to a licensee registrant.

296 <u>(25)(15)</u> "Payment instrument" means a check, draft, 297 warrant, money order, travelers check, electronic instrument, or 298 other instrument, or payment of money, or monetary value whether 299 or not negotiable. <u>The term Payment instrument</u> does not include 300 an instrument that is redeemable by the issuer in merchandise or 301 service, a credit card voucher, or a letter of credit.

302 <u>(26) (16)</u> "Payment instrument seller" means a <u>corporation</u>, 303 <u>limited liability company</u>, <u>limited liability partnership</u>, or 304 <u>foreign entity qualified to do business in this state which</u> 305 <u>person who</u> sells a payment instrument.

306 (27)(17) "Person" means <u>an</u> any individual, partnership, 307 association, trust, corporation, <u>limited liability company</u>, or 308 other group, however organized, but does not include <u>a public</u> the 309 governments of the United States or this state or any department, 310 agency, or instrumentality thereof.

311 (18) "Registrant" means a person registered by the office 312 pursuant to the code.

313 <u>(28) (19)</u> "Responsible person" means <u>an individual</u> a person 314 who is employed by or affiliated with a money <u>services business</u> 315 transmitter and who has principal active management authority 316 over the business decisions, actions, and activities of the money 317 <u>services business</u> transmitter in this state.

318 <u>(29) (20)</u> "Sells Sell" means to sell, issue, provide, or 319 deliver.

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320	(30) "Stored value" means funds or monetary value
321	represented in digital electronics format, whether or not
322	specially encrypted, and stored or capable of storage on
323	electronic media in such a way as to be retrievable and
324	transferred electronically.
325	(21) "Unsafe and unsound practice" means:
326	(a) Any practice or conduct found by the office to be
327	contrary to generally accepted standards applicable to the
328	specific money transmitter, or a violation of any prior order of
329	an appropriate regulatory agency, which practice, conduct, or
330	violation creates the likelihood of material loss, insolvency, or
331	dissipation of assets of the money transmitter or otherwise
332	materially prejudices the interests of its customers; or
333	(b) Failure to adhere to the provisions of 31 C.F.R. ss.
334	103.20, 103.22, 103.27, 103.28, 103.29, 103.33, 103.37, 103.41,
335	and 103.125 as they existed on March 31, 2004.
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337	In making a determination under this subsection, the office must
338	consider the size and condition of the money transmitter, the
339	magnitude of the loss, the gravity of the violation, and the
340	prior conduct of the person or business involved.
341	Section 2. Section 560.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to
342	read:
343	560.104 ExemptionsThe following entities are exempt from
344	the provisions of this chapter the code:
345	(1) Banks, credit card banks, credit unions, trust
346	companies, associations, offices of an international banking
347	corporation, Edge Act or agreement corporations, or other
348	financial depository institutions organized under the laws of any

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state or the United States, provided that they do not sell

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349 payment instruments through authorized vendors who are not such 350 351 entities. 352 The United States or any agency or department, (2) 353 instrumentality, or agency thereof. 354 (3) This state or any political subdivision of this state. 355 Section 3. Section 560.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to 356 read: 357 560.105 Supervisory powers; rulemaking.--358 (1) Consistent with the purposes of the code, The office 359 shall have: 360 Supervise Supervision over all money services (a) 361 businesses transmitters and their authorized vendors. 362 Have access to the books and records of persons over (b) 363 whom the office supervises exercises supervision as is necessary 364 to carry out for the performance of the duties and functions of 365 the office under this chapter prescribed by the code. Power to Issue orders and declaratory statements, 366 (C) 367 disseminate information, and otherwise administer and enforce this chapter and all related rules in order exercise its 368 369 discretion to effectuate the purposes, policies, and provisions 370 of this chapter the code. 371 (2) Consistent with the purposes of the code, The 372 commission may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 373 to administer this chapter implement the provisions of the code. 374 (a) (3) The commission may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 375 120.536(1) and 120.54 requiring electronic submission of any 376 forms, documents, or fees required by this chapter, which must 377 code if such rules reasonably accommodate technological or

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financial hardship. The commission may prescribe by rule requirements and provide procedures for obtaining an exemption due to a technological or financial hardship. (b) Rules adopted to regulate money services businesses, including deferred presentment providers, must be responsive to changes in economic conditions, technology, and industry practices. Section 4. Section 560.109, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 560.109 Examinations and investigations, subpoenas, hearings, and witnesses. --(1) The office may conduct examinations and make investigations or examinations as prescribed in s. 560.118, within or outside this state, which it deems necessary in order to determine whether a person has violated any provision of this chapter and related rules the code, the rules adopted by the commission pursuant to the code, or of any practice or conduct that creates the likelihood of material loss, insolvency, or dissipation of the assets of a money services business or otherwise materially prejudices the interests of their customers 31 C.F.R. ss. 103.20, 103.22, 103.27, 103.28, 103.29, 103.33, 103.37, 103.41, and 103.125 as they existed on March 31, 2004. (1) The office may examine each licensee as often as is warranted for the protection of customers and in the public interest, but at least once every 5 years. A new licensee shall be examined within 6 months after the issuance of the license. The office shall provide at least 15 days' notice to a money services business, its authorized vendor, or license applicant before conducting an examination or investigation. However, the

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407	office may conduct an examination or investigation of a money
408	services business, authorized vendor, or affiliated party at any
409	time and without advance notice if the office suspects that the
410	money services business, authorized vendor, or affiliated party
411	has violated or is about to violate any provisions of this
412	chapter or any criminal laws of this state or of the United
413	States.
414	(2) The office may conduct a joint or concurrent
415	examination with any state or federal regulatory agency and may
416	furnish a copy of all examinations to an appropriate regulator if
417	the regulator agrees to abide by the confidentiality provisions
418	in chapter 119 and this chapter. The office may also accept an
419	examination from any appropriate regulator or, pursuant to s.
420	560.1091, from an independent third party that has been approved
421	by the office.
422	(3) Persons subject to this chapter who are examined or
423	investigated shall make available to the office all books,
424	accounts, documents, files, information, assets, and matters that
425	are in their immediate possession or control and that relate to
426	the subject of the examination or investigation.
427	(a) Records not in their immediate possession must be made
428	available to the office within 3 days after actual notice is
429	served.
430	(b) Upon notice, the office may require that records
431	written in a language other than English be accompanied by a
432	certified translation at the expense of the licensee. For
433	purposes of this section, the term "certified translation" means
434	a document translated by a person who is currently certified as a
435	translator by the American Translators Association or other

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436	organization designated by rule.
437	(4) (2)(a) In the course of or in connection with <u>any</u>
438	<u>examination or</u> an investigation <u>conducted</u> by the office <u>:</u>
439	(a) An employee of the office holding the title and
440	position of a pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) or an
441	investigation or examination in connection with any application
442	to the office for the organization or establishment of a money
443	transmitter business, or in connection with an examination or
444	investigation of a money transmitter or its authorized vendor,
445	the office, or any of its officers holding no lesser title and
446	position than financial examiner or analyst, financial
447	investigator, or attorney at law, <u>or higher</u> may:
448	1. Administer oaths and affirmations.
449	2. Take or cause to be taken testimony and depositions.
450	(b) The office, or any of its <u>employees</u> officers holding <u>a</u>
451	<u>title of</u> no lesser title than attorney <u>,</u> or area financial
452	manager, <u>or higher</u> may issue, revoke, quash, or modify subpoenas
453	and subpoenas duces tecum under the seal of the office or cause
454	any such subpoena or subpoena duces tecum to be issued by any
455	county court judge or clerk of the circuit court or county court
456	to require persons to appear before the office at a reasonable
457	time and place to be therein named and to bring such books,
458	records, and documents for inspection as may be therein
459	designated. Such subpoenas may be served by a representative of
460	the office or may be served as otherwise provided for by law for
461	the service of subpoenas.
462	(c) In connection with any such investigation or
463	examination, The office may <u>allow</u> permit a person to file a

464 statement in writing, under oath, or otherwise as the office

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465 determines, as to facts and circumstances specified by the 466 office.

467 (5) (3) (a) If a person does not comply In the event of 468 noncompliance with a subpoena issued or caused to be issued by 469 the office pursuant to this section, the office may petition a court of competent jurisdiction the circuit court of the county 470 in which the person subpoenaed resides or has its principal place 471 472 of business for an order requiring the subpoenaed person to 473 appear and testify and to produce such books, records, and 474 documents as are specified in the such subpoena duces tecum. The 475 office is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 476 51.011, and the court shall advance the cause on its calendar.

477 (a) (b) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the
478 person subpoenaed by any person authorized by this section to
479 serve subpoenas, who shall make and file with the court an
480 affidavit showing the time, place, and date of service.

481 (b) (c) At a any hearing on the any such petition, the person subpoenaed, or any person whose interests are will be 482 483 substantially affected by the investigation, examination, or 484 subpoena, may appear and object to the subpoena and to the 485 granting of the petition. The court may make any order that 486 justice requires in order to protect a party or other person and 487 her or his personal and property rights, including, but not 488 limited to, protection from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, 489 or undue burden, or expense.

490 <u>(c) (d)</u> Failure to comply with an order granting, in whole 491 or in part, a petition for enforcement of a subpoena is a 492 contempt of the court.

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(6) (4) Witnesses are entitled to the same fees and mileage

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494 to which they would be entitled by law for attending as witnesses 495 in the circuit court, except that no fees or mileage is not 496 allowed for <u>the</u> testimony of a person taken at the person's 497 principal office or residence.

498 (7) (5) Reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the 499 office or third parties authorized by the office in connection 500 and payable to persons involved with examinations or 501 investigations may be assessed against any person subject to this 502 chapter on the basis of actual costs incurred. Assessable 503 expenses include, but are not limited to, + expenses for: 504 interpreters; certified translations of documents into the 505 English language required by this chapter or related rules; 506 expenses for communications; expenses for legal representation; 507 expenses for economic, legal, or other research, analyses, and 508 testimony; and fees and expenses for witnesses. The failure to 509 reimburse the office is a ground for denial of a license the 510 registration application, denial of a license renewal, or for 511 revocation of any approval thereof. Except for examinations 512 authorized under s. 560.109, No such costs may not shall be 513 assessed against a person unless the office determines has 514 determined that the person has operated or is operating in 515 violation of this chapter the code.

516 (8) The office shall provide a written report of any 517 violation of law that may be a felony to the appropriate criminal 518 investigatory agency having jurisdiction with respect to such 519 violation.

520 (9) The office shall prepare and submit an annual report to 521 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 522 Representatives beginning January 1, 2009, through January 1,

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523	2014, which includes:
524	(a) The total number of examinations and investigations
525	that resulted in a referral to a state or federal agency and the
526	disposition of each of those referrals by agency.
527	(b) The total number of initial referrals received from
528	another state or federal agency, the total number of examinations
529	and investigations opened as a result of referrals, and the
530	disposition of each of those cases.
531	(c) The number of examinations or investigations undertaken
532	by the office which were not the result of a referral from
533	another state agency or a federal agency.
534	(d) The total amount of fines assessed and collected by the
535	office as a result of an examination or investigation of
536	activities regulated under parts II and III of this chapter.
537	Section 5. Section 560.1091, Florida Statutes, is created
538	to read:
539	560.1091 Contracted examinationsThe office may contract
540	with third parties to conduct examinations under this chapter.
541	(1) The person or firm selected by the office may not have
542	a conflict of interest that might affect its ability to
543	independently perform its responsibilities with respect to an
544	examination.
545	(2) An examination under this section may be conducted by
546	an independent certified public accountant, information
547	technology specialist, or other specialist specified by rule who
548	meets criteria specified by rule. The rules shall also provide
549	that:
550	(a) The rates charged to the licensee examined are
551	consistent with rates charged by other firms in similar

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552	professions and are comparable with the rates charged for
553	comparable examinations.
554	(b) The licensee make payment for the examination pursuant
555	to s. 560.1092 and in accordance with the rates and terms
556	established by the office and the person or firm performing the
557	examination.
558	Section 6. Section 560.1092, Florida Statutes, is created
559	to read:
560	560.1092 Examination expenses
561	(1) Each licensee examined shall pay to the office the
562	expenses of the examination at the rates adopted by the
563	commission by rule. Such expenses shall include actual travel
564	expenses, reasonable living expense allowance, compensation of
565	the examiner or other person making the examination, and
566	necessary attendant administrative costs of the office directly
567	related to the examination. Travel expense and living expense
568	allowance are limited to those expenses incurred on account of
569	the examination and shall be paid by the examined licensee
570	together with compensation upon presentation by the office to the
571	licensee of a detailed account of the charges and expenses after
572	a detailed statement has been filed by the examiner and approved
573	by the office.
574	(2) All moneys collected from licensees for examinations
575	shall be deposited into the Regulatory Trust Fund, and the office
576	may make deposits into such fund from moneys appropriated for the
577	operation of the office.
578	(3) Notwithstanding s. 112.061, the office may pay to the
579	examiner or person making the examination out of the trust fund
580	the actual travel expenses, reasonable living expense allowance,

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582office by the examiner or other person, as provided in subsection583(1) upon approval by the office.584(4) When not examining a licensee, the travel expenses, per585diem, and compensation for the examiners and other persons586employed to make examinations, if approved, shall be paid out of587moneys budgeted for such purpose as regular employees, and588reimbursement for travel expenses and per diem shall be at rates589as provided in s. 112.061.590Section 7. Section 560.110, Florida Statutes, is created to591read:592560.110 Records retentionEach licensee and its593authorized vendors must maintain all books, accounts, documents,594files, and information necessary for determining compliance with595this chapter and related rules for 5 years unless a longer period596is required by other state or federal law.597(1) The records required under this chapter may be598maintained by the licensee at any location identified in its599license application or by amendment to the application. The591licensee must make such records available to the office for603(2) The original of any record of a licensee or authorized604vendor includes a record stored or transmitted by electronic,605computerized, mechanized, or other information storage or606retrieval or transmission system or device that can generate,607regenerate, or transmit the precise data or other information608 <t< th=""><th>581</th><th>and compensation in accordance with the statement filed with the</th></t<>	581	and compensation in accordance with the statement filed with the
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	608	comprising the record. An original also includes the visible data
609 or other information so generated, regenerated, or transmitted if	609	or other information so generated, regenerated, or transmitted if

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610	it is legible or can be made legible by enlargement or other
611	process.
612	(3) The commission may adopt rules to administer this
613	section and ss. 560.211 and 560.310. In adopting rules, the
614	commission shall take into consideration federal regulations,
615	rulings, and guidance issued by an appropriate regulator.
616	(4) Any person who willfully fails to comply with this
617	section or ss. 560.211 and 560.310 commits a felony of the third
618	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
619	775.084.
620	Section 8. Section 560.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to
621	read:
622	560.111 Prohibited acts and practices
623	(1) A money services business, authorized vendor, or
624	affiliated party may not It is unlawful for any money transmitter
625	or money transmitter-affiliated party to:
626	(a) Receive or possess itself of any property <u>except</u>
627	otherwise than in payment of a just demand, and, with intent to
628	deceive or defraud, to omit to make or <u>to</u> cause to be made a full
629	and true entry thereof in its books and accounts, or to concur in
630	omitting to make any material entry thereof $\underline{\cdot} +$
631	(b) Embezzle, abstract, or misapply any money, property, or
632	thing of value belonging to the money services business, an \overline{of}
633	the money transmitter or authorized vendor, or customer with
634	intent to deceive or defraud <u>.</u> such money transmitter or
635	authorized vendor;
636	(c) Make any false entry in its books, accounts, reports,
637	files, or documents any book, report, or statement of such money
638	transmitter or authorized vendor with intent to deceive or

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639 defraud such money transmitter, authorized vendor, or another 640 person, or with intent to deceive the office, any appropriate 641 regulator other state or federal regulatory agency, or any 642 authorized third party representative appointed by the office to 643 examine or investigate the affairs of the such money services 644 business transmitter or authorized vendor.; 645 (d) Engage in an act that violates 18 U.S.C. s. 1956, 18 U.S.C. s. 1957, 18 U.S.C. s. 1960, 31 U.S.C. s. 5324, or any 646 647 other law, rule, or regulation of another state or of the United 648 States relating to a money services business, deferred 649 presentment provider, the business of money transmission or usury 650 which may cause the denial or revocation of a money services business or deferred presentment provider transmitter license or 651 652 the equivalent registration in that such jurisdiction.; 653 File with the office, sign as a duly authorized (e) 654 representative, or deliver or disclose, by any means, to the 655 office or any of its employees any examination report, report of 656 condition, report of income and dividends, audit, account, 657 statement, file, or document known by it to be fraudulent or 658 false as to any material matter.; or 659 (f) Place among the assets of a money services business such money transmitter or authorized vendor any note, obligation, 660 661 or security that the money services business transmitter or 662 authorized vendor does not own or is known to be that to the 663 person's knowledge is fraudulent or otherwise worthless, or for 664 any such person to represent to the office that any note, 665 obligation, or security carried as an asset of such money 666 transmitter or authorized vendor is the property of the money 667 services business transmitter or authorized vendor and is genuine

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668 if it is known to <u>be</u> such person that such representation is 669 false or that such note, obligation, or security is fraudulent or 670 otherwise worthless.

(2) A It is unlawful for any person may not to knowingly 671 672 execute, or attempt to execute, a scheme or artifice to defraud a money services business transmitter or authorized vendor, or to 673 674 obtain any of the moneys, funds, credits, assets, securities, or 675 other property owned by, or under the custody or control of, a 676 money services business transmitter or authorized vendor, by 677 means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or 678 promises.

679 (3) Any person who violates any provision of this section
680 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
681 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(4) Any person who willfully violates any provision of s.
560.403, s. 560.404, s. 560.405, or s. 560.407 commits a felony
of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
775.083, or s. 775.084.

686 Section 9. Section 560.113, Florida Statutes, is amended to 687 read:

560.113 Injunctions; receiverships; restitution.--Whenever
a violation of the code is threatened or impending and such
violation will cause substantial injury to any person, the
circuit court has jurisdiction to hear any complaint filed by the
office and, upon proper showing, to issue an injunction
restraining such violation or granting other such appropriate
filef.

695(1) If the office determines that any person has engaged in696or is about to engage in any action that is a violation of this

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697	chapter or related rules, the office may, in addition to or in
698	lieu of other remedies, bring an action on behalf of the state in
699	the circuit court against the person and any other person acting
700	in concert with such person to enjoin such person from engaging
701	in such act. The office may apply for, and on due showing be
702	entitled to have issued, the court's subpoena requiring the
703	appearance of the person and her or his employees, associated
704	persons, or agents and the production of any documents, books, or
705	records that may appear necessary for the hearing of the
706	petition, and to testify or give evidence concerning the acts
707	complained of.
708	(2) In addition to, or in lieu of, the enforcement of a
709	temporary restraining order, temporary injunction, or permanent
710	injunction against the person, the court may, upon application of
711	the office, impound and appoint a receiver or administrator for
712	the property, assets, and business of the defendant, including,
713	but not limited to, any related books, records, documents, or
714	papers. The receiver or administrator shall have all powers and
715	duties conferred by the court as to the custody, collection,
716	administration, winding up, and liquidation of the property and
717	business. The court may issue orders and decrees staying all
718	pending suits and enjoining any further suits affecting the
719	receiver's or administrator's custody or possession of the
720	property, assets, and business or may, with the consent of the
721	presiding judge of the circuit, require that all such suits be
722	assigned to the judge appointing the receiver or administrator.
723	(3) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other remedies
724	provided under this chapter, the office may apply to the court
725	hearing the matter for an order directing the defendant to make

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726	restitution of those sums shown by the office to have been
727	obtained in violation of this chapter. Such restitution shall, at
728	the option of the court, be payable to the administrator or
729	receiver appointed under this section or directly to the persons
730	whose assets were obtained in violation of this chapter.
731	Section 10. Section 560.114, Florida Statutes, is amended
732	to read:
733	560.114 Disciplinary actions; penalties
734	(1) The following actions by a money services business,
735	authorized vendor, or affiliated party transmitter or money
736	transmitter-affiliated party are violations of the code and
737	constitute grounds for the issuance of a cease and desist order,
738	the issuance of a removal order, the denial <u>,</u> of a registration
739	application or the suspension, or revocation of a license any
740	registration previously issued pursuant to the code, or the
741	taking of any other action within the authority of the office
742	pursuant to this chapter the code:
743	(a) Failure to comply with any provision of this chapter or
744	<u>related</u> the code, any rule or order adopted pursuant thereto , or
745	any written agreement entered into with the office.
746	(b) Fraud, misrepresentation, deceit, or gross negligence
747	in any transaction <u>by a</u> involving money <u>services business</u>
748	transmission, regardless of reliance thereon by, or damage to, a
749	money transmitter customer.
750	(c) Fraudulent misrepresentation, circumvention, or
751	concealment of any matter <u>that must</u> required to be stated or
752	furnished to a money transmitter customer pursuant to <u>this</u>
753	<u>chapter</u> the code , regardless of reliance thereon by, or damage
754	to, such customer.

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755 (d) False, deceptive, or misleading advertising. 756 (e) Failure to maintain, preserve, and keep available for 757 examination, and produce all books, accounts, files, or other 758 documents required by this chapter or related rules or orders the 759 code, by any rule or order adopted pursuant to the code, by 31 760 C.F.R. ss. 103.20, 103.22, 103.23, 103.27, 103.28, 103.29, 761 103.33, 103.37, 103.41, and 103.125 as they existed on March 31, 762 2004, or by any agreement entered into with the office. 763 Refusing to allow Refusal to permit the examination or (f) 764 inspection of books, accounts, files, or other documents and records in an investigation or examination by the office τ 765 766 pursuant to this chapter the provisions of the code, or to comply 767 with a subpoena issued by the office. (g) Failure to pay a judgment recovered in any court in 768 this state by a claimant in an action arising out of a money 769 770 transmission transaction within 30 days after the judgment becomes final. 771 772 (h) Engaging in an act prohibited under or practice 773 proscribed by s. 560.111. 774 (i) Insolvency or operating in an unsafe and unsound 775 manner. 776 Failure by a money services business transmitter to (j) 777 remove an affiliated a money transmitter-affiliated party after 778 the office has issued and served upon the money services business 779 transmitter a final order setting forth a finding that the 780 affiliated money transmitter-affiliated party has violated a any 781 provision of this chapter the code. 782 (k) Making a any material misstatement, or 783 misrepresentation, or omission or committing any fraud in an

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784 initial or renewal application for <u>licensure</u>, any amendment to 785 such application, or application for the appointment of an 786 <u>authorized vendor</u> registration.

(1) Committing any act <u>that results</u> resulting in <u>a license</u>
an application for registration, or a registration or its
equivalent, to practice any profession or occupation being
denied, suspended, revoked, or otherwise acted against by a
<u>licensing</u> registering authority in any jurisdiction or a finding
by an appropriate regulatory body of engaging in unlicensed
activity as a money transmitter within any jurisdiction.

(m) Being the subject of final agency action or its equivalent, issued by an appropriate regulator, for engaging in unlicensed activity as a money services business or deferred presentment provider in any jurisdiction.

798 (n) (m) Committing any act resulting in a license 799 registration or its equivalent, or an application for 800 registration, to practice any profession or occupation being denied, suspended, revoked, or otherwise acted against by a 801 802 licensing registering authority in any jurisdiction for a violation of 18 U.S.C. s. 1956, 18 U.S.C. s. 1957, 18 U.S.C. s. 803 804 1960, 31 U.S.C. s. 5324, or any other law or, rule, or regulation of another state or of the United States relating to a money 805 806 services business, deferred presentment provider, the business of 807 money transmission or usury that which may cause the denial, 808 suspension, or revocation of a money services business or 809 deferred presentment provider transmitter license or its 810 equivalent or registration in such jurisdiction.

811 <u>(o) (n)</u> Having been convicted of or found guilty of, or 812 <u>entered a plea of having pleaded</u> guilty or nolo contendere to,

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any felony or crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any state or of the United States which involves fraud, moral turpitude, or dishonest dealing, <u>regardless of</u> <u>adjudication</u> without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court.

818 <u>(p) (o)</u> Having been convicted of or found guilty of, or 819 <u>entered a plea of having pleaded</u> guilty or nolo contendere to, a 820 crime under 18 U.S.C. s. 1956 or 31 U.S.C. s. 5324, <u>regardless of</u> 821 <u>adjudication</u> without regard to whether a judgment of conviction 822 has been entered by the court.

823 <u>(q)(p)</u> Having been convicted of or found guilty of, or 824 <u>entered a plea of having pleaded</u> guilty or nolo contendere to, 825 misappropriation, conversion, or unlawful withholding of moneys 826 <u>belonging that belong</u> to others, regardless of adjudication and 827 were received in the conduct of the business of the money 828 transmitter.

829 <u>(r) (q)</u> Failure to inform the office in writing within <u>30</u> 15 830 days after <u>having pled</u> pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, or 831 being convicted or found guilty of, any felony or crime 832 punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any 833 state or of the United States, or of any crime involving fraud, 834 moral turpitude, or dishonest dealing, without regard to whether 835 <u>a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court</u>.

836 <u>(s) (r)</u> Aiding, assisting, procuring, advising, or abetting 837 any person in violating a provision of this <u>chapter</u> code or any 838 order or rule of the office or commission.

839 <u>(t) (s)</u> Failure to timely pay any fee, charge, or <u>cost</u> 840 <u>imposed or assessed</u> fine under <u>this chapter</u> the code.

841

(u) Failing to pay a fine assessed by the office within 30

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842	days after the due date as stated in a final order.
843	<u>(v)</u> Failure to pay any judgment entered by any court
844	within 30 days after the judgment becomes final.
845	(u) Engaging or holding oneself out to be engaged in the
846	business of a money transmitter without the proper registration.
847	(v) Any action that would be grounds for denial of a
848	registration or for revocation, suspension, or restriction of a
849	registration previously granted under part III of this chapter.
850	(w) Failure to pay any fee, charge, or fine under the code.
851	<u>(w)</u> Engaging or advertising engagement in the business
852	of a money services business or deferred presentment provider
853	transmitter without a <u>license</u> registration, unless the person is
854	exempted from <u>licensure</u> the registration requirements of the
855	code .
856	(x) (y) Payment to the office for a license or other fee,
857	<u>charge, cost, or fine</u> permit with a check or electronic
858	transmission of funds that is dishonored by the applicant's or
859	licensee's financial institution.
860	(y) Violations of 31 C.F.R. ss. 103.20, 103.22, 103.23,
861	103.27, 103.28, 103.29, 103.33, 103.37, 103.41, and 103.125, and
862	United States Treasury Interpretative Release 2004-1.
863	(z) Any practice or conduct that creates the likelihood of
864	a material loss, insolvency, or dissipation of assets of a money
865	services business or otherwise materially prejudices the
866	interests of its customers.
867	(2) The office may immediately suspend the license of any
868	money services business if the money services business fails to
869	provide to the office, upon written request, any of the records
870	required by ss. 560.123, 560.1235, 560.211, and 560.310. The

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871 suspension may be rescinded if the licensee submits the requested 872 records to the office. For purposes of s. 120.60(6), failure to 873 provide any of the above-mentioned records constitutes immediate 874 and serious danger to the public health, safety, and welfare.

875 (3) The office may deny licensure if the applicant or an
 876 affiliated party is the subject of a pending criminal prosecution
 877 or governmental enforcement action in any jurisdiction until the
 878 conclusion of the prosecution or action.

879 (4) (4) (2) The office may issue a cease and desist order or 880 removal order, suspend or revoke a license any previously issued 881 registration, or take any other action within the authority of 882 the office against a licensee money transmitter based on any fact or condition that exists and that, if it had existed or been 883 884 known to exist at the time of license application the money 885 transmitter applied for registration, would have been grounds for 886 license denial of registration.

887 (5) (3) A Each money services business licensed under part 888 II of this chapter transmitter is responsible for any act of its authorized vendors if the money services business transmitter 889 890 should have known of the act or had if the money transmitter has 891 actual knowledge that such act is a violation of this chapter, 892 the code and the money services business transmitter willfully 893 allowed the such act to continue. Such responsibility is limited 894 to conduct engaged in by the authorized vendor pursuant to the 895 authority granted to it by the money services business 896 transmitter.

897 <u>(6)</u> (4) If a <u>license</u> registration granted under this <u>chapter</u> 898 code expires or is surrendered by the <u>licensee</u> registrant during 899 the pendency of an administrative action under this code, the

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900 proceeding may continue as if the license is registration were 901 still in effect. 902 (7) The office may, in addition to or in lieu of the 903 denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, impose a fine of 904 at least \$1,000 but not more than \$10,000 for each violation of 905 this chapter. 906 In addition to any other provision of this chapter, the (8) 907 office may impose a fine of up to \$1,000 per day for each day 908 that a person engages in the business of a money services 909 business or deferred presentment provider without being licensed. 910 Section 11. Section 560.1141, Florida Statutes, is created 911 to read: 912 560.1141 Disciplinary guidelines.--913 (1) The commission shall adopt by rule disciplinary 914 guidelines applicable to each ground for disciplinary action that 915 may be imposed by the office. 916 (2) The disciplinary quidelines shall specify a meaningful 917 range of designated penalties based upon the severity and 918 repetition of specific offenses and that distinguish minor 919 violations from those that endanger the public health, safety, or 920 welfare; that provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the 921 public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed 922 conduct; and that ensure that such penalties are imposed in a 923 consistent manner by the office. The commission shall adopt by rule mitigating and 924 (3) 925 aggravating circumstances that allow the office to impose a 926 penalty other than that provided for in the guidelines, and for 927 variations and a range of penalties permitted under such 928 circumstances.

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929	Section 12. Section 560.115, Florida Statutes, is amended
930	to read:
931	560.115 Surrender of <u>license</u> registration <u>A licensee</u> A ny
932	money transmitter registered pursuant to the code may voluntarily
933	surrender its <u>license</u> registration at any time by giving written
934	notice to the office.
935	Section 13. Section 560.116, Florida Statutes, is amended
936	to read:
937	560.116 Civil immunityAny person having reason to
938	believe that a provision of <u>this chapter</u> the code is being
939	violated, or has been violated, or is about to be violated, may
940	file a complaint with the office setting forth the details of the
941	alleged violation. <u>Such person is immune</u> An Immunity from civil
942	liability is hereby granted to any person who furnishes such
943	$rac{information_{m{r}}}{}$ unless the information provided is false and ${ m has}$
944	been provided the person providing the information does so with
945	reckless disregard for the truth.
946	Section 14. Section 560.118, Florida Statutes, is amended
947	to read:
948	560.118 Examinations, Reports, and internal audits;
949	penalty
950	(1) (a) The office may conduct an examination of a money
951	transmitter or authorized vendor by providing not less than 15
952	days' advance notice to the money transmitter or authorized
953	vendor. However, if the office suspects that the money
954	transmitter or authorized vendor has violated any provisions of
955	this code or any criminal laws of this state or of the United
956	States or is engaging in an unsafe and unsound practice, the
957	office may, at any time without advance notice, conduct an

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958	examination of all affairs, activities, transactions, accounts,
959	business records, and assets of any money transmitter or any
960	money transmitter-affiliated party for the protection of the
961	public. For the purpose of examinations, the office may
962	administer oaths and examine a money transmitter or any of its
963	affiliated parties concerning their operations and business
964	activities and affairs. The office may accept an audit or
965	examination from any appropriate regulatory agency or from an
966	independent third party with respect to the operations of a money
967	transmitter or an authorized vendor. The office may also make a
968	joint or concurrent examination with any state or federal
969	regulatory agency. The office may furnish a copy of all
970	examinations made of such money transmitter or authorized vendor
971	to the money transmitter and any appropriate regulatory agency
972	provided that such agency agrees to abide by the confidentiality
973	provisions as set forth in chapter 119.
974	(b) Persons subject to this chapter who are examined shall
975	make available to the office or its examiners the accounts,
976	records, documents, files, information, assets, and matters which
977	are in their immediate possession or control and which relate to

978 the subject of the examination. Those accounts, records, 979 documents, files, information, assets, and matters not in their 980 immediate possession shall be made available to the office or the 981 office's examiners within 10 days after actual notice is served 982 on such persons.

983 (c) The audit of a money transmitter required under this 984 section may be performed by an independent third party that has 985 been approved by the office or by a certified public accountant 986 authorized to do business in the United States. The examination

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987 of a money transmitter or authorized vendor required under this 988 section may be performed by an independent third party that has 989 been approved by the office or by a certified public accountant 990 authorized to do business in the United States. The cost of such 991 an independent examination or audit shall be directly borne by 992 the money transmitter or authorized vendor.

993 (2) (a) Annual financial audit reports must that are 994 required to be filed with the office pursuant to this chapter or 995 related rules under the code or any rules adopted thereunder must 996 be audited by an independent third party that has been approved by the office or by a certified public accountant authorized to 997 998 do business in the United States. The licensee money transmitter 999 or authorized vendor shall directly bear the cost of the audit. 1000 This paragraph does not apply to any seller of payment instruments who can prove to the satisfaction of the office that 1001 1002 it has a combined total of fewer than 50 employees and authorized 1003 vendors or that its annual payment instruments issued from its activities as a payment instrument seller are less than \$200,000. 1004

(2) (b) Each licensee must submit The commission may, by 1005 1006 rule, require each money transmitter or authorized vendor to 1007 submit quarterly reports to the office in a format and include information as specified by rule. The rule commission may require 1008 1009 the that each report to contain a declaration by an officer, or 1010 any other responsible person authorized to make such declaration, that the report is true and correct to the best of her or his 1011 1012 knowledge and belief. Such report must include such information as the commission by rule requires for that type of money 1013 1014 transmitter.

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(c) The office may levy an administrative fine of up to

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1016 \$100 per day for each day the report is past due, unless it is 1017 excused for good cause. In excusing any such administrative fine, 1018 the office may consider the prior payment history of the money 1019 transmitter or authorized vendor.

1020 (3) Any person who willfully violates this section or fails 1021 to comply with any lawful written demand or order of the office 1022 made under this section commits a felony of the third degree, 1023 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

1024 Section 15. Section 560.119, Florida Statutes, is 1025 transferred, renumbered as section 560.144, Florida Statutes, and 1026 amended to read:

1027 560.144 560.119 Deposit of fees and assessments.--License 1028 The application fees, license registration renewal fees, late 1029 payment penalties, civil penalties, administrative fines, and 1030 other fees, costs, or penalties provided for in this chapter the 1031 code shall, in all cases, be paid directly to the office, which 1032 shall deposit such proceeds into the Regulatory Trust Fund, and 1033 use the proceeds to pay the costs of the office as necessary to 1034 carry out its responsibilities under this chapter. Each year, the 1035 Legislature shall appropriate from the trust fund to the office 1036 sufficient moneys to pay the office's costs for administration of 1037 the code. The Regulatory Trust Fund is subject to the service charge imposed pursuant to chapter 215. 1038

1039 Section 16. Section 560.121, Florida Statutes, is amended 1040 to read:

1041 560.121 <u>Access to</u> records; <u>record retention; penalties</u> 1042 <u>limited restrictions upon public access</u>.--

1043 (1)(a) Orders of courts or of administrative law judges for 1044 the production of confidential records or information <u>must</u> shall

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1045 provide for inspection in camera by the court or the 1046 administrative law judge; and, if after the court or 1047 administrative law judge determines has made a determination that 1048 the documents requested are relevant or would likely lead to the 1049 discovery of admissible evidence, said documents shall be subject 1050 to further orders by the court or the administrative law judge must issue further orders to protect the confidentiality of the 1051 1052 documents thereof. Any order directing the release of information 1053 is shall be immediately reviewable, and a petition by the office for review of the such order shall automatically stay further 1054 1055 proceedings in the trial court or the administrative hearing until the disposition of the such petition by the reviewing 1056 1057 court. If any other party files such A petition for review of the 1058 order filed by any other party shall, it will operate as a stay 1059 of the such proceedings only upon order of the reviewing court.

1060 (2) (b) Confidential records and information furnished 1061 pursuant to a legislative subpoena must shall be kept 1062 confidential by the legislative body or committee which receives 1063 the records or information, except in cases a case involving the 1064 investigation of charges against a public official subject to 1065 impeachment or removal, and then disclosure of such information 1066 shall be only to the extent determined to be necessary by the 1067 legislative body or committee to be necessary.

1068 <u>(3)</u> (2) The commission may prescribe by rule the minimum 1069 information that must be shown in the books, accounts, records, 1070 and documents of licensees for purposes of enabling the office to 1071 determine the licensee's compliance with this chapter. In 1072 addition, the commission may prescribe by rule requirements for 1073 the destruction of books, accounts, records, and documents

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775.084.

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1074 retained by the licensee after completion of the time period 1075 specified in this subsection. Examination reports, investigatory 1076 records, applications, and related information compiled by the 1077 office, or photographic copies thereof, must shall be retained by 1078 the office for a period of at least 5 $\frac{3}{2}$ years after following the 1079 date that the examination or investigation ceases to be active. Application records, and related information compiled by the 1080 1081 office, or photographic copies thereof, must shall be retained by 1082 the office for a period of at least 5 $\frac{2}{2}$ years after following the 1083 date that the license registration ceases to be active. 1084 (3) A copy of any document on file with the office which is certified by the office as being a true copy may be introduced in 1085 1086 evidence as if it were the original. The commission shall establish a schedule of fees for preparing true copies of 1087 1088 documents. 1089 Any person who willfully discloses information made (4) 1090 confidential by this section commits a felony of the third 1091 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.

1093 Section 17. Section 560.123, Florida Statutes, is amended 1094 to read:

1095 560.123 Florida Control of Money Laundering in the Money 1096 <u>Services Business Act</u> Transmitters' Code; reports of transactions 1097 involving currency or monetary instruments; when required; 1098 purpose; definitions; penalties; corpus delicti.--

1099 (1) This section may be cited as the "Florida Control of 1100 Money Laundering in Money <u>Services Business</u> Transmitters Act."

1101 (2) It is The purpose of this section <u>is</u> to require the 1102 submission to the office of reports and the maintenance of

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1103 certain records of transactions involving currency or <u>payment</u> 1104 monetary instruments <u>in order to</u> which reports and records deter 1105 the use of <u>a money services business</u> money transmitters to 1106 conceal proceeds from criminal activity and <u>to ensure the</u> 1107 <u>availability of such records for</u> are useful in criminal, tax, or 1108 regulatory investigations or proceedings.

(3) (a) A Every money services business must transmitter 1109 1110 shall keep a record of every each financial transaction occurring in this state known to it which occurs in this state; involves to 1111 1112 involve currency or other payment monetary instrument, as prescribed the commission prescribes by rule, having of a value 1113 greater than in excess of \$10,000; and involves, to involve the 1114 proceeds of specified unlawful activity τ or is to be designed to 1115 1116 evade the reporting requirements of this section or chapter 896. 1117 The money services business must and shall maintain appropriate 1118 procedures to ensure compliance with this section and chapter 1119 896.

(a) (b) Multiple financial transactions shall be treated as a single transaction if the money <u>services business</u> transmitter has knowledge that they are made by or on behalf of any <u>one</u> person and result in either cash in or cash out totaling more than \$10,000 during any day.

(b) (c) <u>A Any money services business</u> transmitter may keep a record of any financial transaction occurring in this state, regardless of the value, if it suspects that the transaction involves the proceeds of specified unlawful activity.

(c) The money services business must file a report with the office of any records required by this subsection, at such time and containing such information as required by rule. The timely

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1132 <u>filing of the report required by 31 U.S.C. s. 5313 with the</u> 1133 <u>appropriate federal agency shall be deemed compliance with the</u> 1134 <u>reporting requirements of this subsection unless the reports are</u> 1135 <u>not regularly and comprehensively transmitted by the federal</u> 1136 <u>agency to the office.</u>

(d) A money <u>services business</u> transmitter, or officer, employee, or agent thereof, that files a report in good faith pursuant to this section is not liable to any person for loss or damage caused in whole or in part by the making, filing, or governmental use of the report, or any information contained therein.

1143 <u>(4) (3)</u> <u>A</u> money <u>services business</u> transmitters must <u>comply</u> 1144 <u>with</u> adhere to the money laundering, enforcement, and reporting 1145 provisions of s. 655.50_{τ} relating to reports of transactions 1146 involving currency transactions and <u>payment</u> monetary instruments, 1147 and of chapter 896_{τ} concerning offenses relating to financial 1148 transactions.

1149 <u>(5)</u> (4) In enforcing this section, the commission and office 1150 shall acknowledge and take into consideration the requirements of 1151 Title 31, United States Code, <u>in order</u> both to reduce the burden 1152 of fulfilling duplicate requirements and to acknowledge the 1153 economic advantage of having similar reporting and recordkeeping 1154 requirements between state and federal regulatory authorities.

1155 (5) (a) Each money transmitter must file a report with the office of the record required by this section. Each record filed pursuant to this section must be filed at such time and contain such information as the commission requires by rule.

1159 (b) The timely filing of the report required by 31 U.S.C.
1160 s. 5313, with the appropriate federal agency is deemed compliance

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1161 with the reporting requirements of this subsection unless the 1162 reports are not regularly and comprehensively transmitted by the 1163 federal agency to the office.

(6) The office must retain a copy of all reports received under subsection (3) (5) for a minimum of 5 3 calendar years after receipt of the report. However, if a report or information contained in a report is known by the office to be the subject of an existing criminal proceeding, the report must be retained for a minimum of 10 calendar years after from the date of receipt.

1170 (7) In addition to any other powers conferred upon the 1171 office to enforce and administer <u>this chapter</u> the code, the 1172 office may:

(a) Bring an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce or administer this section. In such action, the office may seek award of any civil penalty authorized by law and any other appropriate relief at law or equity.

(b) Issue and serve upon a person an order requiring the such person to cease and desist and take corrective action if whenever the office finds that the such person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this section or chapter 896; any rule or order adopted under this section or chapter 896; or any written agreement related to this section or chapter 896 which is entered into with the office.

(c) Issue and serve upon a person an order suspending or revoking <u>the</u> such person's money <u>services business license if</u> transmitter registration whenever the office finds that <u>the</u> such person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this section or chapter 896; any rule or order adopted under this section or chapter 896; or any written

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1190 agreement related to this section or chapter 896 which is entered 1191 into with the office.

(d) Issue and serve upon any person an order of removal whenever the office finds that <u>the</u> such person is violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of this section or chapter 896; any rule or order adopted under this section or chapter 896; or any written agreement related to this section or chapter 896 which is entered into with the office.

(e) Impose and collect an administrative fine against any person found to have violated any provision of this section or chapter 896; any rule or order adopted under this section or chapter 896; or any written agreement related to this section or chapter 896 which is entered into with the office, <u>of up to in an</u> amount not exceeding \$10,000 per a day for each willful violation or \$500 per a day for each negligent violation.

(8) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person who willfully violates any provision of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) A person who willfully violates any provision of this section, if the violation involves:

1211 1. Currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less 1212 than \$20,000 in any 12-month period, commits a felony of the 1213 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 1214 or s. 775.084.

1215 2. Currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding 1216 \$20,000 but less than \$100,000 in any 12-month period, commits a 1217 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 1218 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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1219 3. Currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding 1220 \$100,000 in any 12-month period, commits a felony of the first 1221 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 1222 775.084.

1223 (C) In addition to the penalties otherwise authorized by s. 1224 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, a person who has been convicted of, or entered a plea of who has pleaded guilty or nolo 1225 1226 contendere, regardless of adjudication, to having violated 1227 paragraph (b) may be sentenced to pay a fine of up to not 1228 exceeding \$250,000 or twice the value of the currency or payment 1229 instruments, whichever is greater, except that on a second or subsequent conviction for or plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 1230 1231 regardless of adjudication, to a violation of paragraph (b), the 1232 fine may be up to \$500,000 or quintuple the value of the currency 1233 or payment instruments, whichever is greater.

(d) A person who violates this section is also liable for a
civil penalty of not more than the greater of the value of the
currency or payment instruments involved or \$25,000.

1237 In any prosecution brought pursuant to this section, (9) 1238 the common law corpus delicti rule does not apply. The 1239 defendant's confession or admission is admissible during trial 1240 without the state having to prove the corpus delicti if the court 1241 finds in a hearing conducted outside the presence of the jury that the defendant's confession or admission is trustworthy. 1242 1243 Before the court admits the defendant's confession or admission, 1244 the state must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that there is sufficient corroborating evidence that tends to 1245 1246 establish the trustworthiness of the statement by the defendant. 1247 Hearsay evidence is admissible during the presentation of

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1248	evidence at the hearing. In making its determination, the court
1249	may consider all relevant corroborating evidence, including the
1250	defendant's statements.
1251	Section 18. Section 560.1235, Florida Statutes, is created
1252	to read:
1253	560.1235 Anti-money laundering requirements
1254	(1) A licensee and authorized vendor must comply with all
1255	state and federal laws and rules relating to the detection and
1256	prevention of money laundering, including, as applicable, s.
1257	560.123, and 31 C.F.R. ss. 103.20, 103.22, 103.23, 103.27.
1258	103.28, 103.29, 103.33, 103.37, and 103.41.
1259	(2) A licensee and authorized vendor must maintain an anti-
1260	money laundering program in accordance with 31 C.F.R. s. 103.125.
1261	The program must be reviewed and updated as necessary to ensure
1262	that the program continues to be effective in detecting and
1263	deterring money laundering activities.
1264	(3) A licensee must comply with United States Treasury
1265	Interpretive Release 2004-1.
1266	Section 19. Section 560.124, Florida Statutes, is amended
1267	to read:
1268	560.124 Sharing of information
1269	(1) It is not unlawful for Any person <u>may</u> to provide
1270	information to a money services business transmitter, authorized
1271	vendor, law enforcement agency, prosecutorial agency, or
1272	appropriate regulator, or for any money <u>services business</u>
1273	transmitter, authorized vendor, <u>law enforcement agency,</u>
1274	prosecutorial agency, or appropriate regulator <u>may</u> to provide
1275	information to any person, information about any other person's
1276	known or suspected involvement in a violation of any state,

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federal, or foreign law, rule, or regulation relating to the 1277 1278 business of a money services business or deferred present 1279 provider transmitter which has been reported to state, federal, 1280 or foreign authorities, and is not-1281 (2) No person shall be liable in any civil action for 1282 providing such information. 1283 Section 20. Section 560.125, Florida Statutes, is amended 1284 to read: 1285 560.125 Unlicensed activity Money transmitter business by 1286 unauthorized persons; penalties.--1287 A person other than a registered money transmitter or (1)authorized vendor may not engage in the business of a money 1288 1289 services business or deferred presentment provider transmitter in 1290 this state unless the person is licensed or exempted from 1291 licensure under this chapter from the registration requirements 1292 of the code. 1293 (2) Only a money services business licensed under part II 1294 of this chapter may appoint an authorized vendor. No person shall 1295 act as a vendor of a money transmitter when such money 1296 transmitter is subject to registration under the code but has not 1297 registered. Any such person acting as a vendor for an unlicensed 1298 money transmitter or payment instrument issuer becomes the 1299 principal thereof, and no longer merely acts as a vendor, and 1300 such person is liable to the holder or remitter as a principal 1301 money transmitter or payment instrument seller.

(3) Any person whose substantial interests are affected by
a proceeding brought by the office pursuant to this chapter the
code may, pursuant to s. 560.113, petition any court <u>of competent</u>
<u>jurisdiction</u> to enjoin the person or activity that is the subject

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1306 of the proceeding from violating any of the provisions of this 1307 section. For the purpose of this subsection, any money services 1308 business licensed under this chapter transmitter registered 1309 pursuant to the code, any person residing in this state, and any 1310 person whose principal place of business is in this state are 1311 presumed to be substantially affected. In addition, the interests 1312 of a trade organization or association are deemed substantially affected if the interests of any of its members are so affected. 1313

(4) The office may issue and serve upon any person who
violates any of the provisions of this section a complaint
seeking a cease and desist order or impose an administrative fine
as provided in s. 560.114 in accordance with the procedures and
in the manner prescribed by s. 560.112. The office may also
impose an administrative fine pursuant to s. 560.117(3) against
any person who violates any of the provisions of this section.

1321 (5) A person who violates this section, if the violation 1322 involves:

(a) Currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less
than \$20,000 in any 12-month period, commits a felony of the
third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
or s. 775.084.

(b) Currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$20,000 but less than \$100,000 in any 12-month period, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(c) Currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000 in any 12-month period, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 1334 775.084.

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1335 (6) In addition to the penalties authorized by s. 775.082, 1336 s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, a person who has been convicted of, or 1337 entered a plea of found quilty of or who has pleaded quilty or 1338 nolo contendere, to having violated this section may be sentenced to pay a fine of up to not exceeding \$250,000 or twice the value 1339 1340 of the currency or payment instruments, whichever is greater, except that on a second or subsequent violation of this section, 1341 the fine may be up to \$500,000 or quintuple the value of the 1342 currency or payment instruments, whichever is greater. 1343 1344 A person who violates this section is also liable for a (7) 1345 civil penalty of not more than the value of the currency or payment instruments involved or \$25,000, whichever is greater. 1346 1347 In any prosecution brought pursuant to this section, (8) 1348 the common law corpus delicti rule does not apply. The 1349 defendant's confession or admission is admissible during trial 1350 without the state having to prove the corpus delicti if the court 1351 finds in a hearing conducted outside the presence of the jury 1352 that the defendant's confession or admission is trustworthy. Before the court admits the defendant's confession or admission, 1353 1354 the state must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that 1355 there is sufficient corroborating evidence that tends to 1356 establish the trustworthiness of the statement by the defendant. 1357 Hearsay evidence is admissible during the presentation of 1358 evidence at the hearing. In making its determination, the court may consider all relevant corroborating evidence, including the 1359 1360 defendant's statements.

1361Section 21. Section 560.126, Florida Statutes, is amended1362to read:

1363

560.126 Significant events; notice Required notice by

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1364 licensee.--A licensee Unless exempted by the office, every money 1365 (1)1366 transmitter must provide the office with a written notice sent by 1367 registered mail within 30 days after the occurrence or knowledge 1368 of, whichever period of time is greater, any of the following 1369 events: 1370 (a) The filing of a petition under the United States 1371 Bankruptcy Code for bankruptcy or reorganization by the licensee 1372 money transmitter. 1373 The commencement of an administrative or judicial (b) 1374 license any registration suspension or revocation proceeding, either administrative or judicial, or the denial of a license any 1375 1376 original registration request or a registration renewal, by any 1377 state, the District of Columbia, any United States territory, or 1378 any foreign country, in which the licensee money transmitter 1379 operates, or plans to operate, or is licensed or has registered 1380 to operate. 1381 (c) A felony indictment relating to a the money services transmission business or deferred presentment provider involving 1382 1383 the licensee, its authorized vendor, or an affiliated money 1384 transmitter or a money transmitter-affiliated party of the money 1385 transmitter. The felony conviction, guilty plea, or plea of nolo 1386 (d) 1387 contendere, regardless of adjudication, of the licensee, its authorized vendor, or an affiliated if the court adjudicates the 1388 1389 nolo contendere pleader guilty, or the adjudication of guilt of a 1390 money transmitter or money transmitter-affiliated party. 1391 The interruption of any corporate surety bond required (e) 1392 under this chapter by the code.

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(f) Any suspected criminal act, as defined by the commission by rule, perpetrated in this state relating to activities regulated under this chapter by an affiliated party against a money services business transmitter or authorized vendor.

1398(g) Notification by a law enforcement or prosecutorial1399agency that the licensee or its authorized vendor is under1400criminal investigation including, but not limited to, subpoenas1401to produce records or testimony and warrants issued by a court of1402competent jurisdiction which authorize the search and seizure of1403any records relating to a business activity regulated under this1404chapter.

However, a person does not incur liability as a result of making
a good faith effort to fulfill this disclosure requirement.

1408 (2) (a) <u>A licensee must Each registrant under this code</u>
1409 shall report, on a form <u>adopted prescribed</u> by rule of the
1410 commission, any change in the information contained in <u>an any</u>
1411 initial <u>license</u> application form, or any amendment to such
1412 application, or the appointment of an authorized vendor within
1413 thereto not later than 30 days after the change is effective.

1414 <u>(3) (b)</u> Each <u>licensee must</u> registrant under the code shall 1415 report any <u>change</u> changes in the partners, officers, members, 1416 joint venturers, directors, controlling shareholders, or 1417 responsible persons of <u>the licensee</u> any registrant or changes in 1418 the form of business organization by written amendment in such 1419 form and at such time as <u>specified</u> the commission specifies by 1420 rule.

1421

1405

(a) 1. If In any case in which a person or a group of

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1422 persons, directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or 1423 more persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling 1424 interest in a licensee, such person or group must submit an 1425 initial application for <u>licensure</u> registration as a money 1426 <u>services business or deferred presentment provider</u> transmitter 1427 before such purchase or acquisition at such time and in such form 1428 as <u>prescribed</u> the commission prescribes by rule.

 $\frac{2}{2}$. As used in this subsection, the term "controlling 1429 interest" means the same as described in s. 560.127 possession of 1430 1431 the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a company whether through ownership of securities, by 1432 contract, or otherwise. Any person who directly or indirectly has 1433 1434 the right to vote 25 percent or more of the voting securities of 1435 a company or is entitled to 25 percent or more of its profits is 1436 presumed to possess a controlling interest.

1437 (b) 3. The Any addition of a partner, officer, member, joint 1438 venturer, director, controlling shareholder, or responsible 1439 person of the applicant who does not have a controlling interest 1440 and who has not previously complied with the applicable 1441 provisions of ss. 560.140 and 560.141 is ss. 560.205 and 560.306 1442 shall be subject to such provisions unless required to file an 1443 initial application in accordance with subparagraph 1. If the 1444 office determines that the licensee registrant does not continue 1445 to meet the licensure registration requirements, the office may bring an administrative action in accordance with s. 560.114 to 1446 1447 enforce the provisions of this chapter code.

1448 <u>(c)</u>4. The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 1449 120.536(1) and 120.54 providing for the waiver of the <u>license</u> 1450 application required by this subsection if the person or group of

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1451	persons proposing to purchase or acquire a controlling interest
1452	in a <u>licensee</u> registrant has previously complied with the
1453	applicable provisions of <u>ss. 560.140 and 560.141 under</u> ss.
1454	560.205 and 560.306 with the same legal entity or is currently
1455	licensed registered with the office under this chapter code.
1456	Section 22. Section 560.127, Florida Statutes, is amended
1457	to read:
1458	560.127 Control of a money services business
1459	transmitterA person has <u>a controlling interest in</u> control over
1460	a money <u>services business</u> transmitter if <u>the person</u> :
1461	(1) The individual, partnership, corporation, trust, or
1462	other organization Possesses the power, directly or indirectly,
1463	to direct the management or policies of the money services
1464	business a company, whether through ownership of securities, by
1465	contract, or otherwise <u>;</u> . A person is presumed to control a
1466	company if, with respect to a particular company, that person:
1467	(a) Is a director, general partner, or officer exercising
1468	executive responsibility or having similar status or functions;
1469	
	<u>(2)</u> Directly or indirectly may vote 25 percent or more
1470	(2) (D) Directly or indirectly may vote 25 percent or more of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25
1470	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25
1470 1471	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or
1470 1471 1472	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or (3)(c) In the case of a partnership, may receive upon
1470 1471 1472 1473	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or <u>(3) (c)</u> In the case of a partnership, may receive upon dissolution or has contributed 25 percent or more of the capital.
1470 1471 1472 1473 1474	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or <u>(3)(c)</u> In the case of a partnership, may receive upon dissolution or has contributed 25 percent or more of the capital. <u>(2) The office determines, after notice and opportunity for</u>
1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or <u>(3) (c)</u> In the case of a partnership, may receive upon dissolution or has contributed 25 percent or more of the capital. <u>(2) The office determines, after notice and opportunity for</u> hearing, that the person directly or indirectly exercises a
1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or <u>(3) (c)</u> In the case of a partnership, may receive upon dissolution or has contributed 25 percent or more of the capital. <u>(2) The office determines, after notice and opportunity for</u> hearing, that the person directly or indirectly exercises a controlling influence over the activities of the money
1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477	of a class of a voting security or sell or direct the sale of 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or (3)(c) In the case of a partnership, may receive upon dissolution or has contributed 25 percent or more of the capital. (2) The office determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that the person directly or indirectly exercises a controlling influence over the activities of the money transmitter.

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1480 560.128 Customer contacts; license display Consumer 1481 disclosure. --1482 A money services business and authorized vendor must (1)1483 provide each customer with Every money transmitter and authorized 1484 vendor shall provide each consumer of a money transmitter 1485 transaction a toll-free telephone number for the purpose of 1486 contacting the money services business or authorized vendor or, 1487 consumer contacts; However, in lieu of a such toll-free telephone 1488 number, the money transmitter or authorized vendor may provide 1489 the address and telephone number of the office may be provided 1490 and the Division of Consumer Services of the Department of 1491 Financial Services. 1492 The commission may by rule require a licensee every (2) 1493 money transmitter to display its license registration at each 1494 location, including the location of each person designated by the 1495 registrant as an authorized vendor, where the licensee the money 1496 transmitter engages in the activities authorized by the license 1497 registration. 1498 Section 24. Section 560.129, Florida Statutes, is amended 1499 to read: 1500 560.129 Confidentiality.--1501 (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all 1502 information concerning an investigation or examination conducted 1503 by the office pursuant to this chapter, including any customer 1504 consumer complaint received by the office or the Department of 1505 Financial Services, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) 1506 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until the 1507 investigation or examination ceases to be active. For purposes of 1508 this section, an investigation or examination is considered

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1509 "active" so long as the office or any other administrative, 1510 regulatory, or law enforcement agency of any jurisdiction is 1511 proceeding with reasonable dispatch and has a reasonable good 1512 faith belief that action may be initiated by the office or other 1513 administrative, regulatory, or law enforcement agency.

1514 (2) (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), All information obtained by the office in the course of its investigation or 1515 1516 examination which is a trade secret, as defined in s. 688.002, or which is personal financial information shall remain confidential 1517 1518 and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 1519 Constitution. If any administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding against a the money services business, its authorized 1520 1521 vendor, transmitter or an affiliated a money transmitter-1522 affiliated party is initiated and the office seeks to use matter 1523 that a licensee registrant believes to be a trade secret or 1524 personal financial information, such records shall be subject to 1525 an in camera review by the administrative law judge, if the 1526 matter is before the Division of Administrative Hearings, or a 1527 judge of any court of this state, any other state, or the United 1528 States, as appropriate, for the purpose of determining if the 1529 matter is a trade secret or is personal financial information. If 1530 it is determined that the matter is a trade secret, the matter shall remain confidential. If it is determined that the matter is 1531 1532 personal financial information, the matter shall remain 1533 confidential unless the administrative law judge or judge 1534 determines that, in the interests of justice, the matter should 1535 become public.

1536(3) (c)If an any administrative, civil, or criminal1537proceeding against a the money services business, its authorized

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1538 vendor, transmitter or an affiliated a money transmitter-1539 1540 1541

affiliated party results in an acquittal or the dismissal of all of the allegations against the money transmitter or a money transmitter affiliated party, upon the request of any party, the 1542 administrative law judge or the judge may order all or a portion 1543 of the record of the proceeding to be sealed, and it shall 1544 thereafter be confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 1545 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

1546 (4) (d) Except as necessary for the office or any other 1547 administrative, regulatory, or law enforcement agency of any 1548 jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this chapter or the law 1549 of any other state or the United States, a consumer complaint and 1550 other information concerning an investigation or examination 1551 shall remain confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 1552 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution after the investigation 1553 or examination ceases to be active to the extent that disclosure 1554 would:

1555 (a) 1. Jeopardize the integrity of another active 1556 investigation;

1557 1558

(b) 2. Reveal personal financial information; (c) 3. Reveal the identity of a confidential source; or

1559 1560 (d)4. Reveal investigative techniques or procedures.

(5) (5) (2) This section does not prevent or restrict:

1561 (a) Furnishing records or information to any appropriate 1562 regulatory, prosecutorial, agency or law enforcement agency if 1563 such agency adheres to the confidentiality provisions of this 1564 chapter the code;

1565 (b) Furnishing records or information to an appropriate 1566 regulator or independent third party or a certified public

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1567 accountant who has been approved by the office to conduct an 1568 examination under <u>s. 560.1091</u> s. 560.118(1)(b), if the 1569 independent third party or certified public accountant adheres to 1570 the confidentiality provisions of <u>this chapter</u> the code; or

1571 (c) Reporting any <u>suspicious</u> suspected criminal activity,
1572 with supporting documents and information, to appropriate
1573 <u>regulatory</u>, law enforcement, or prosecutorial agencies.

1574 <u>(6)</u> (3) All quarterly reports submitted by a money 1575 transmitter to the office under <u>s. 560.118(2)</u> s. 560.118(2)(b) 1576 are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. 1577 I of the State Constitution.

1578 (4) Examination reports, investigatory records, 1579 applications, and related information compiled by the office, or 1580 photographic copies thereof, shall be retained by the office for a period of at least 3 years following the date that the 1581 1582 examination or investigation ceases to be active. Application 1583 records, and related information compiled by the office, or photographic copies thereof, shall be retained by the office for 1584 a period of at least 2 years following the date that the 1585 1586 registration ceases to be active.

1587 <u>(7) (5)</u> Any person who willfully discloses information made 1588 confidential by this section commits a felony of the third 1589 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1590 Section 25. Section 560.140, Florida Statutes, is created 1591 to read:

1592560.140Licensing standards.--To qualify for licensure as a1593money services business under this chapter, an applicant must:1594(1)Demonstrate to the office the character and general1595fitness necessary to command the confidence of the public and

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1596	warrant the belief that the money services business or deferred
1597	presentment provider shall be operated lawfully and fairly.
1598	(2) Be legally authorized to do business in this state.
1599	(3) Be registered as a money services business with the
1600	Financial Crimes Enforcement Network as required by 31 C.F.R. s.
1601	103.41, if applicable.
1602	(4) Have an anti-money laundering program in place which
1603	meets the requirements of 31 C.F.R. s. 103.125.
1604	(5) Provide the office with all the information required
1605	under this chapter and related rules.
1606	Section 26. Section 560.141, Florida Statutes, is created
1607	to read:
1608	560.141 License application
1609	(1) To apply for a license as a money services business
1610	under this chapter the applicant must:
1611	(a) Submit an application to the office on forms prescribed
1611 1612	(a) Submit an application to the office on forms prescribed by rule which includes the following information:
1612	by rule which includes the following information:
1612 1613	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including
1612 1613 1614	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the
1612 1613 1614 1615	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business.
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617 1618	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617 1618 1619	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification or taxpayer identification number, business and residence
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617 1618 1619 1620	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification or taxpayer identification number, business and residence addresses, and employment history for the past 5 years for each
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617 1618 1619 1620 1621	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification or taxpayer identification number, business and residence addresses, and employment history for the past 5 years for each officer, director, responsible person, the compliance officer,
1612 1613 1614 1615 1616 1617 1618 1619 1620 1621 1622	by rule which includes the following information: 1. The legal name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business. 2. The date of the applicant's formation and the state in which the applicant was formed, if applicable. 3. The name, social security number, alien identification or taxpayer identification number, business and residence addresses, and employment history for the past 5 years for each officer, director, responsible person, the compliance officer, each controlling shareholder, any other person who has a

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1625 4. A description of the organizational structure of the 1626 applicant, including the identity of any parent or subsidiary of 1627 the applicant, and the disclosure of whether any parent or 1628 subsidiary is publicly traded. 1629 5. The applicant's history of operations in other states if 1630 applicable and a description of the money services business or 1631 deferred presentment provider activities proposed to be conducted 1632 by the applicant in this state. 1633 6. If the applicant or its parent is a publicly traded 1634 company, copies of all filings made by the applicant with the 1635 United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or with a 1636 similar regulator in a country other than the United States, 1637 within the preceding year. 1638 7. The location at which the applicant proposes to 1639 establish its principal place of business and any other location, 1640 including branch offices and authorized vendors operating in this 1641 state. For each branch office identified and each authorized 1642 vendor appointed, the applicant shall include the nonrefundable fee required by s. 560.143. 1643 1644 8. The name and address of the clearing financial 1645 institution or financial institutions through which the 1646 applicant's payment instruments are drawn or through which the 1647 payment instruments are payable. 1648 9. The history of the applicant's material litigation, criminal convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of 1649 1650 adjudication withheld. 1651 10. The history of material litigation, arrests, criminal 1652 convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of adjudication withheld for each executive officer, director, controlling 1653

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1654 shareholder, and responsible person. 1655 11. The name of the registered agent in this state for 1656 service of process unless the applicant is a sole proprietor. 1657 12. Any other information specified in this chapter or by 1658 rule. 1659 (b) In addition to the application form, submit: 1660 1. A nonrefundable application fee as provided in s. 1661 560.143. 1662 2. A fingerprint card for each of the persons listed in 1663 subparagraph (a)3. unless the applicant is a publicly traded 1664 corporation, or is exempted from this chapter under s. 560.104(1). The fingerprints must be taken by an authorized law 1665 1666 enforcement agency. The office shall submit the fingerprints to 1667 the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and the 1668 Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to 1669 the Federal Bureau of Investigations for federal processing. The 1670 cost of the fingerprint processing may be borne by the office, 1671 the employer, or the person subject to the criminal records background check. The office shall screen the background results 1672 1673 to determine if the applicant meets licensure requirements. As 1674 used in this section, the term "publicly traded" means a stock is 1675 currently traded on a national securities exchange registered 1676 with the federal Securities and Exchange Commission or traded on 1677 an exchange in a country other than the United States regulated 1678 by a regulator equivalent to the Securities and Exchange Commission and the disclosure and reporting requirements of such 1679 1680 regulator are substantially similar to those of the commission. 1681 3. A copy of the applicant's written anti-money laundering program required under 31 C.F.R. s. 103.125. 1682

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1683 4. Within the time allotted by rule, any information needed to resolve any deficiencies found in the application. 1684 1685 (2) If the office determines that the applicant meets the 1686 qualifications and requirements of this chapter, the office shall issue a license to the applicant. A license may not be issued for 1687 1688 more than 2 years. 1689 A license issued under part II of this chapter shall (a) 1690 expire on April 30 of the second year following the date of 1691 issuance of the license unless during such period the license is 1692 surrendered, suspended, or revoked. 1693 (b) A license issued under part III of this chapter shall 1694 expire on December 31 of the second year following the date of 1695 issuance of the license unless during such period the license is 1696 surrendered, suspended, or revoked. 1697 Section 27. Section 560.142, Florida Statutes, is created 1698 to read: 1699 560.142 License renewal.--1700 (1) A license may be renewed for a subsequent 2-year period 1701 by furnishing such application as required by rule, together with the payment of a nonrefundable renewal fee as provided under s. 1702 1703 560.143, on or before the license expiration date, or for the 1704 remainder of any such period without proration following the date 1705 of license expiration. (2) In addition to the renewal fee, each part II licensee 1706 1707 must pay a 2-year nonrefundable renewal fee as provided in s. 1708 560.143 for each authorized vendor or location operating within 1709 this state. 1710 (3) A licensee who has on file with the office a 1711 declaration of intent to engage in deferred presentment

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1712	transactions may renew a declaration upon license renewal by
1713	submitting a nonrefundable deferred presentment provider renewal
1714	fee as provided in s. 560.143.
1715	(4) If a license or declaration of intent to engage in
1716	deferred presentment transactions expires, the license or
1717	declaration of intent may be reinstated only if a renewal
1718	application or declaration of intent, all required renewal fees,
1719	and any applicable late fees are received by the office within 60
1720	days after expiration. If not submitted within 60 days, the
1721	license or declaration on intent expires and a new license
1722	application or declaration of intent must be filed with the
1723	office pursuant to this chapter.
1724	(5) The commission may adopt rules to administer this
1725	section.
1726	Section 28. Section 560.143, Florida Statutes, is created
1727	to read:
1728	560.143 Fees
1729	(1) LICENSE APPLICATION FEES The applicable non-
1730	refundable fees must accompany an application for licensure:
1731	(a) Under part II \$375.
1732	(b) Part III \$188.
1733	(c) Per branch office \$38.
1734	(d) For each appointment of an authorized vendor \$38.
1735	(e) Declaration as a deferred presentment provider \$1,000.
1736	(f) Fingerprint fees as prescribed by rule.
1737	(2) LICENSE RENEWAL FEES The applicable non-refundable
1738	license renewal fees must accompany a renewal of licensure:
1739	(a) Part II \$750.
1740	(b) Part III \$375.

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1741	(c) Per branch office \$38.
1742	(d) For each appointment of an authorized vendors \$38.
1743	(e) Declaration as a deferred presentment provider \$1,000.
1744	(f) Renewal fees for branch offices and authorized vendors
1745	are limited to \$20,000 biennially.
1746	(3) LATE LICENSE RENEWAL FEES
1747	(a) Part II \$500.
1748	(b) Part III \$250.
1749	(c) Declaration as a deferred presentment provider \$500.
1750	Section 29. Section 560.203, Florida Statutes, is amended
1751	to read:
1752	560.203 Exemptions from licensureAuthorized vendors of a
1753	licensee registrant acting within the scope of authority
1754	conferred by the <u>licensee are</u> registrant shall be exempt from
1755	licensure but are having to register pursuant to the code but
1756	shall otherwise be subject to <u>the</u> its provisions <u>of this chapter</u> .
1757	Section 30. Section 560.204, Florida Statutes, is amended
1758	to read:
1759	560.204 License required Requirement of registration
1760	(1) <u>Unless exempted, a</u> No person <u>may not</u> shall engage <u>in</u>
1761	for consideration, or nor in any manner advertise that they
1762	engage $_{m{ au}}$ in $_{m{ au}}$ the selling or issuing of payment instruments or in
1763	the activity of a money funds transmitter, for compensation,
1764	without first obtaining <u>a license</u> registration under the
1765	provisions of this part. For purposes of this section,
1766	"compensation" includes profit or loss on the exchange of
1767	currency.
1768	(2) A <u>licensee under this part</u> person registered pursuant
1769	to this part is permitted to engage in the activities authorized

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1770

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20082158e1 by this part. A person registered pursuant to this part may also engage in the activities authorized under part III <u>of this</u>

1772 chapter without the imposition of any additional licensing fees 1773 and is exempt from the registration fee required by s. 560.307. 1774 Section 31. Section 560.205, Florida Statutes, is amended 1775 to read: 1776 560.205 Additional license application requirements 1777 Qualifications of applicant for registration; contents. -- In 1778 addition to the license application requirements under part I of 1779 this chapter, an applicant seeking a license under this part must 1780 also submit to the office: (1) A sample authorized vendor contract, if applicable. 1781 1782 (2) A sample form of payment instrument, if applicable. 1783 (3) Documents demonstrating that the net worth and bonding 1784 requirements specified in s. 560.209 have been fulfilled. 1785 (4) A copy of the applicant's financial audit report for the most recent fiscal year. If the applicant is a wholly owned 1786 subsidiary of another corporation, the financial audit report on 1787 1788 the parent corporation's financial statements shall satisfy this 1789 requirement. 1790 (1) To qualify for registration under this part, an 1791 applicant must demonstrate to the office such character and 1792 general fitness as to command the confidence of the public and 1793 warrant the belief that the registered business will be operated

1794 lawfully and fairly. The office may investigate each applicant to 1795 ascertain whether the qualifications and requirements prescribed 1796 by this part have been met. The office's investigation may 1797 include a criminal background investigation of all controlling 1798 shareholders, principals, officers, directors, members, and

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1799 responsible persons of a funds transmitter and a payment 1800 instrument seller and all persons designated by a funds transmitter or payment instrument seller as an authorized vendor. 1801 1802 Each controlling shareholder, principal, officer, director, 1803 member, and responsible person of a funds transmitter or payment instrument seller, unless the applicant is a publicly traded 1804 1805 corporation as defined by the commission by rule, a subsidiary thereof, or a subsidiary of a bank or bank holding company 1806 1807 organized and regulated under the laws of any state or the United 1808 States, shall file a complete set of fingerprints. A fingerprint card submitted to the office must be taken by an authorized law 1809 1810 enforcement agency. The office shall submit the fingerprints to 1811 the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the 1812 Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to 1813 the Federal Bureau of Investigation for state and federal 1814 processing. The cost of the fingerprint processing may be borne 1815 by the office, the employer, or the person subject to the background check. The Department of Law Enforcement shall submit 1816 1817 an invoice to the office for the fingerprints received each 1818 month. The office shall screen the background results to 1819 determine if the applicant meets licensure requirements. The commission may waive by rule the requirement that applicants file 1820 1821 a set of fingerprints or the requirement that such fingerprints be processed by the Department of Law Enforcement or the Federal 1822 1823 Bureau of Investigation.

1824 (2) Each application for registration must be submitted 1825 under oath to the office on such forms as the commission 1826 prescribes by rule and must be accompanied by a nonrefundable 1827 application fee. Such fee may not exceed \$500 for each payment

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1828	instrument seller or funds transmitter and \$50 for each
1829	authorized vendor or location operating within this state. The
1830	application must contain such information as the commission
1831	requires by rule, including, but not limited to:
1832	(a) The name and address of the applicant, including any
1833	fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of
1834	its business.
1835	(b) The history of the applicant's material litigation,
1836	criminal convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of
1837	adjudication withheld.
1838	(c) A description of the activities conducted by the
1839	applicant, the applicant's history of operations, and the
1840	business activities in which the applicant seeks to engage in
1841	this state.
1842	(d) A sample authorized vendor contract, if applicable.
1843	(e) A sample form of payment instrument, if applicable.
1844	(f) The name and address of the clearing financial
1845	institution or financial institutions through which the
1846	applicant's payment instruments will be drawn or through which
1847	such payment instruments will be payable.
1848	(g) Documents revealing that the net worth and bonding
1849	requirements specified in s. 560.209 have been or will be
1850	fulfilled.
1851	(3) Each application for registration by an applicant that
1852	is a corporation shall contain such information as the commission
1853	requires by rule, including, but not limited to:
1854	(a) The date of the applicant's incorporation and state of
1855	incorporation.
1856	(b) A certificate of good standing from the state or

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1857	country in which the applicant was incorporated.
1858	(c) A description of the corporate structure of the
1859	applicant, including the identity of any parent or subsidiary of
1860	the applicant, and the disclosure of whether any parent or
1861	subsidiary is publicly traded on any stock exchange.
1862	(d) The name, social security number, business and
1863	residence addresses, and employment history for the past 5 years
1864	for each executive officer, each director, each controlling
1865	shareholder, and the responsible person who will be in charge of
1866	all the applicant's business activities in this state.
1867	(c) The history of material litigation and criminal
1868	convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of adjudication
1869	withheld for each officer, each director, each controlling
1870	shareholder, and the responsible person who will be in charge of
1871	the applicant's registered activities.
1872	(f) Copies of the applicant's audited financial statements
1873	for the current year and, if available, for the immediately
1874	preceding 2-year period. In cases where the applicant is a wholly
1875	owned subsidiary of another corporation, the parent's
1876	consolidated audited financial statements may be submitted to
1877	satisfy this requirement. An applicant who is not required to
1878	file audited financial statements may satisfy this requirement by
1879	filing unaudited financial statements verified under penalty of
1880	perjury, as provided by the commission by rule.
1881	(g) An applicant who is not required to file audited
1882	financial statements may file copies of the applicant's
1883	unconsolidated, unaudited financial statements for the current
1884	year and, if available, for the immediately preceding 2-year
1885	period.

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1886	(h) If the applicant is a publicly traded company, copies
1887	of all filings made by the applicant with the United States
1888	Securities and Exchange Commission, or with a similar regulator
1889	in a country other than the United States, within the year
1890	preceding the date of filing of the application.
1891	(4) Each application for registration submitted to the
1892	office by an applicant that is not a corporation shall contain
1893	such information as the commission requires by rule, including,
1894	but not limited to:
1895	(a) Evidence that the applicant is registered to do
1896	business in this state.
1897	(b) The name, business and residence addresses, personal
1898	financial statement and employment history for the past 5 years
1899	for each individual having a controlling ownership interest in
1900	the applicant, and each responsible person who will be in charge
1901	of the applicant's registered activities.
1902	(c) The history of material litigation and criminal
1903	convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of adjudication
1904	withheld for each individual having a controlling ownership
1905	interest in the applicant and each responsible person who will be
1906	in charge of the applicant's registered activities.
1907	(d) Copies of the applicant's audited financial statements
1908	for the current year, and, if available, for the preceding 2
1909	years. An applicant who is not required to file audited financial
1910	statements may satisfy this requirement by filing unaudited
1911	financial statements verified under penalty of perjury, as
1912	provided by the commission by rule.
1913	(5) Each applicant shall designate and maintain an agent in
1914	this state for service of process.
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1915 Section 32. Section 560.208, Florida Statutes, is amended 1916 to read: 1917 560.208 Conduct of business.--In addition to the 1918 requirements specified in s. 560.140, a licensee under this part: 1919 A registrant May conduct its business at one or more (1) 1920 locations within this state through branches or by means of 1921 authorized vendors, as designated by the licensee registrant, 1922 including the conduct of business through electronic transfer, 1923 such as by the telephone or the Internet. (2) Notwithstanding and without violating s. 501.0117, a 1924

1925 registrant may charge a different price for a money transmitter 1926 funds transmission service based on the mode of transmission used 1927 in the transaction <u>as</u>, so long as the price charged for a service 1928 paid for with a credit card is not <u>more</u> greater than the price 1929 charged when <u>the</u> that service is paid for with currency or other 1930 similar means accepted within the same mode of transmission.

1931(3) Is responsible for the acts of its authorized vendors1932in accordance with the terms of its written contract with the1933vendor.

1934 (4) Shall place assets that are the property of a customer 1935 in a segregated account in a federally insured financial 1936 institution and shall maintain separate accounts for operating 1937 capital and the clearing of customer funds.

1938(5)Shall, in the normal course of business, ensure that1939money transmitted is available to the designated recipient within194010 business days after receipt.

1941 (6) Shall immediately upon receipt of currency or payment 1942 instrument provide a confirmation or sequence number to the 1943 customer verbally, by paper, or electronically.

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1944	(2) Within 60 days after the date a registrant either opens
1945	a location within this state or authorizes an authorized vendor
1946	to operate on the registrant's behalf within this state, the
1947	registrant shall notify the office on a form prescribed by the
1948	commission by rule. The notification shall be accompanied by a
1949	nonrefundable \$50 fee for each authorized vendor or location.
1950	Each notification shall also be accompanied by a financial
1951	statement demonstrating compliance with s. 560.209(1), unless
1952	compliance has been demonstrated by a financial statement filed
1953	with the registrant's quarterly report in compliance with s.
1954	560.118(2). The financial statement must be dated within 90 days
1955	of the date of designation of the authorized vendor or location.
1956	This subsection shall not apply to any authorized vendor or
1957	location that has been designated by the registrant before
1958	October 1, 2001.
1959	(3) Within 60 days after the date a registrant closes a
1960	location within this state or withdraws authorization for an
1961	authorized vendor to operate on the registrant's behalf within
1962	this state, the registrant shall notify the office on a form
1963	prescribed by the commission by rule.
1964	Section 33. Section 560.2085, Florida Statutes, is created
1965	to read:
1966	560.2085 Authorized vendorsA licensee under this part
1967	shall:
1968	(1) Within 60 days after an authorized vendor commences
1969	business, file with the office such information as prescribed by
1970	rule together with the nonrefundable appointment fee as provided
1001	
1971	by s. 560.143. This requirement applies to vendors who are also
1971 1972	by s. 560.143. This requirement applies to vendors who are also terminated within the 60-day period.

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1973 (2) Enter into a written contract, signed by the licensee 1974 and the authorized vendor, which: 1975 (a) Sets forth the nature and scope of the relationship 1976 between the licensee and the authorized vendor, including the 1977 respective rights and responsibilities of the parties; and 1978 (b) Includes contract provisions that require the 1979 authorized vendor to: 1980 1. Report to the licensee, immediately upon discovery, the 1981 theft or loss of currency received for a transmission or payment 1982 instrument; 1983 2. Display a notice to the public, in such form as 1984 prescribed by rule, that the vendor is the authorized vendor of 1985 the licensee; 1986 3. Remit all amounts owed to the licensee for all 1987 transmissions accepted and all payment instruments sold in 1988 accordance with the contract between the licensee and the 1989 authorized vendor; 1990 4. Hold in trust all currency or payment instruments 1991 received for transmissions or for the purchase of payment 1992 instruments from the time of receipt by the licensee or 1993 authorized vendor until the time the transmission obligation is 1994 completed; 1995 5. Not commingle the money received for transmissions 1996 accepted or payment instruments sold on behalf of the licensee 1997 with the money or property of the authorized vendor, except for 1998 making change in the ordinary course of the vendor's business, 1999 and ensure that the money is accounted for at the end of the 2000 business day; 2001 6. Consent to examination or investigation by the office;

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20082158e1 2002 7. Adhere to the applicable state and federal laws and 2003 rules pertaining to a money services business; and 2004 8. Provide such other information or disclosure as may be 2005 required by rule. 2006 (3) Develop and implement written policies and procedures 2007 to monitor compliance with applicable state and federal law by 2008 its authorized vendors. 2009 Section 34. Section 560.209, Florida Statutes, is amended 2010 to read: 2011 560.209 Net worth; corporate surety bond; collateral 2012 deposit in lieu of bond .--2013 A licensee must Any person engaging in a registered (1)2014 activity shall have a net worth of at least \$100,000 computed 2015 according to generally accepted accounting principles. A licensee 2016 operating in Applicants proposing to conduct registered 2017 activities at more than one location must shall have an 2018 additional net worth of \$10,000 \$50,000 per location in this 2019 state, up as applicable, to a maximum of \$2 million \$500,000. The required net worth must be maintained at all times. 2020 2021 (2) A licensee must obtain an annual financial audit 2022 report, which must be submitted to the office within 120 days 2023 after the end of the licensee's fiscal year end, as disclosed to 2024 the office. If the applicant is a wholly owned subsidiary of another corporation, the financial audit report on the parent 2025 2026 corporation's financial statements shall satisfy this 2027 requirement. 2028 (3) (2) Before the office may issue a license under this 2029 part registration, the applicant must provide to the office a

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corporate surety bond, issued by a bonding company or insurance

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2031 company authorized to do business in this state.

2032 The corporate surety bond shall be in an such amount as (a) 2033 specified may be determined by commission rule, but may shall not 2034 be less than \$50,000 or exceed \$2 million \$250,000. The rule 2035 shall provide allowances for the financial condition, number of 2036 locations, and anticipated volume of the licensee. However, the 2037 commission and office may consider extraordinary circumstances, 2038 such as the registrant's financial condition, the number of 2039 locations, and the existing or anticipated volume of outstanding 2040 payment instruments or funds transmitted, and require an additional amount above \$250,000, up to \$500,000. 2041

2042 (b) The corporate surety bond must shall be in a form 2043 satisfactory to the office and shall run to the state for the 2044 benefit of any claimants in this state against the applicant or 2045 its authorized vendors to secure the faithful performance of the 2046 obligations of the applicant and its authorized vendors with 2047 respect to the receipt, handling, transmission, and payment of funds. The aggregate liability of the corporate surety bond may 2048 2049 not in no event shall exceed the principal sum of the bond. Such 2050 Claimants against the applicant or its authorized vendors may 2051 themselves bring suit directly on the corporate surety bond, or 2052 the Department of Legal Affairs may bring suit thereon on behalf 2053 of the such claimants, in either one action or in successive 2054 actions.

(c) <u>The</u> A corporate surety bond filed with the office for purposes of compliance with this section may not be canceled by either the <u>licensee</u> registrant or the corporate surety except upon written notice to the office by registered or certified mail with return receipt requested. A cancellation may shall not take

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2060 effect <u>until</u> less than 30 days after receipt by the office of <u>the</u> 2061 such written notice.

(d) The corporate surety must, within 10 days after it pays any claim to any claimant, give written notice to the office by registered or certified mail of such payment with details sufficient to identify the claimant and the claim or judgment so paid.

2067 If Whenever the principal sum of the such bond is (e) 2068 reduced by one or more recoveries or payments, the licensee 2069 registrant must furnish a new or additional bond so that the 2070 total or aggregate principal sum of the such bond equals the sum required pursuant to paragraph (a) by the commission. 2071 2072 Alternatively, a licensee registrant may furnish an endorsement 2073 executed by the corporate surety reinstating the bond to the 2074 required principal sum thereof.

2075 <u>(4)</u> (3) In lieu of <u>a</u> such corporate surety bond, or of any 2076 portion of the principal <u>sum</u> thereof required by this section, 2077 the applicant may deposit collateral cash, securities, or 2078 alternative security devices <u>as provided by rule</u> approved by the 2079 commission, with <u>a</u> any federally insured financial institution.

(a) Acceptable collateral deposit items in lieu of a bond
include cash and interest-bearing stocks and bonds, notes,
debentures, or other obligations of the United States or any
agency or instrumentality thereof, or guaranteed by the United
States, or of this state.

(b) The collateral deposit must be in an aggregate amount, based upon principal amount or market value, whichever is lower, of <u>at least</u> not less than the amount of the required corporate surety bond or portion thereof.

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2089 (C) Collateral deposits must made under this subsection 2090 shall be pledged to the office and held by the insured financial 2091 institution to secure the same obligations as would the corporate 2092 surety bond, but the depositor is entitled to receive any all 2093 interest and dividends thereon and may, with the approval of the 2094 office, substitute other securities or deposits for those 2095 deposited. The principal amount of the deposit shall be released 2096 only on written authorization of the office or on the order of a 2097 court of competent jurisdiction.

2098 (5) (4) A licensee registrant must at all times have and 2099 maintain the bond or collateral deposit in the required amount prescribed by the commission. If the office at any time 2100 2101 reasonably determines that the bond or elements of the collateral 2102 deposit are insecure, deficient in amount, or exhausted in whole 2103 or in part, the office may, by written order, require the filing 2104 of a new or supplemental bond or the deposit of new or additional 2105 collateral deposit items.

(6) (5) The bond and collateral deposit shall remain in 2106 2107 place for 5 years after the licensee registrant ceases licensed 2108 registered operations in this state. The office may allow permit 2109 the bond or collateral deposit to be reduced or eliminated prior 2110 to that time to the extent that the amount of the licensee's 2111 registrant's outstanding payment instruments or money funds 2112 transmitted in this state are reduced. The office may also allow 2113 a licensee permit a registrant to substitute a letter of credit 2114 or such other form of acceptable security for the bond or 2115 collateral deposit at the time the licensee registrant ceases 2116 licensed money transmission operations in this state.

2117

(6) The office may waive or reduce a registrant's net worth

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2118	or bond or collateral deposit requirement. Such waiver or
2119	modification must be requested by the applicant or registrant,
2120	and may be granted upon a showing by the applicant or registrant
2121	to the satisfaction of the office that:
2122	(a) The existing net worth, bond, or collateral deposit
2123	requirement is sufficiently in excess of the registrant's highest
2124	potential level of outstanding payment instruments or money
2125	transmissions in this state;
2126	(b) The direct and indirect cost of meeting the net worth,
2127	bond, or collateral deposit requirement will restrict the ability
2128	of the money transmitter to effectively serve the needs of its
2129	customers and the public; or
2130	(c) The direct and indirect cost of meeting the net worth,
2131	bond, or collateral requirement will not only have a negative
2132	impact on the money transmitter but will severely hinder the
2133	ability of the money transmitter to participate in and promote
2134	the economic progress and welfare of this state or the United
2135	States.
2136	Section 35. Section 560.210, Florida Statutes, is amended
2137	to read:
2138	560.210 Permissible investments
2139	(1) A <u>licensee must</u> registrant shall at all times possess
2140	permissible investments with an aggregate market value <u>,</u>
2141	calculated in accordance with United States generally accepted
2142	accounting principles, of <u>at least</u> not less than the aggregate
2143	face amount of all outstanding money funds transmissions and
2144	payment instruments issued or sold by the <u>licensee</u> registrant or
2145	an authorized vendor in the United States. As used in this
2146	section,
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(2) Acceptable permissible investments include:

(a) Cash.

(b) Certificates of deposit or other deposit liabilities of
 a domestic or foreign financial institution, either domestic or
 foreign.

(c) Bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase by memberbanks of the Federal Reserve System.

(d) An investment bearing a rating of one of the three
highest grades as defined by a nationally recognized rating
service of such securities.

(e) Investment securities that are obligations of the
United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, or obligations
that are guaranteed fully as to principal and interest by the
United States, or any obligations of any state or municipality,
or any political subdivision thereof.

(f) Shares in a money market mutual fund.

.63 (g) A demand borrowing agreement or agreements made to a
.64 corporation or a subsidiary of a corporation whose capital stock
.65 is listed on a national exchange.

(h) Receivables that are due to a <u>licensee</u> registrant from the <u>licensee's</u> registrant's authorized vendors except those that are more than <u>90</u> 30 days past due or are doubtful of collection.

(i) Any other investment approved by <u>rule</u> the commission.
(2) (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part,
the office, with respect to any particular <u>licensee</u> registrant or
all <u>licensees</u> registrants, may limit the extent to which any
class of permissible investments may be considered a permissible
investment, except for cash and certificates of deposit.
(3) (4) The office may waive the permissible investments

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2176	requirement if the dollar value of a <u>licensee's</u> registrant's
2177	outstanding payment instruments and money funds transmitted do
2178	not exceed the bond or collateral deposit posted by the $licensee$
2179	registrant under s. 560.209.
2180	Section 36. Section 560.211, Florida Statutes, is amended
2181	to read:
2182	560.211 <u>Required</u> records
2183	(1) In addition to the record retention requirements under
2184	s. 560.110, each licensee under this part Each registrant must
2185	make, keep, and preserve the following books, accounts, <u>records,</u>
2186	and documents other records for $5 = a = period = of -3$ years:
2187	(a) A daily record or records of payment instruments sold
2188	and <u>money</u> funds transmitted.
2189	(b) A general ledger containing all asset, liability,
2190	capital, income, and expense accounts, which general ledger shall
2191	be posted at least monthly.
2192	(c) <u>Daily</u> settlement <u>records</u> sheets received from
2193	authorized vendors.
2194	(d) Monthly financial institution statements and
2195	reconciliation records.
2196	(e) Records of outstanding payment instruments and <u>money</u>
2197	funds transmitted.
2198	(f) Records of each payment instrument paid and <u>money</u> funds
2199	transmission delivered within the 3-year period .
2200	(g) A list of the names and addresses of all of the
2201	<u>licensee's</u> registrant's authorized vendors , as well as copies of
2202	each authorized vendor contract.
2203	(h) Records that document the establishment, monitoring,
2204	and termination of relationships with authorized vendors and
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foreign affiliates.

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2206 (i) Any additional records, as prescribed by rule, designed 2207 to detect and prevent money laundering. 2208 (2) The records required to be maintained by the code may 2209 be maintained by the registrant at any location if the registrant 2210 notifies the office in writing of the location of the records in 2211 its application or otherwise by amendment as prescribed by 2212 commission rule. The registrant shall make such records available 2213 to the office for examination and investigation in this state, as 2214 permitted by the code, within 7 days after receipt of a written 2215 request. 2216 (3) Registrants and authorized vendors need not preserve or 2217 retain any of the records required by this section or copies 2218 thereof for a period longer than 3 years unless a longer period is expressly required by the laws of this state or federal law. A 2219 2220 registrant or authorized vendor may destroy any of its records or 2221 copies thereof after the expiration of the retention period required by this section. 2222 2223 (4) The original of any record of a registrant or 2224 authorized vendor includes the data or other information 2225 comprising a record stored or transmitted in or by means of any 2226 electronic, computerized, mechanized, or other information 2227 storage or retrieval or transmission system or device which can 2228 upon request generate, regenerate, or transmit the precise data 2229 or other information comprising the record; and an original also 2230 includes the visible data or other information so generated, 2231 regenerated, or transmitted if it is legible or can be made 2232 legible by enlargement or other process. 2233 (2) (5) Any person who willfully fails to comply with this

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2234 section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 2235 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2236 Section 37. Section 560.212, Florida Statutes, is amended 2237 to read:

560.212 Financial liability.--<u>A licensee</u> Each registrant under this part is liable for the payment of all <u>money</u> funds transmitted and payment instruments that it sells, in whatever form and whether directly or through an authorized vendor, as the maker, drawer, or principal thereof, regardless of whether such item is negotiable or nonnegotiable.

2244 Section 38. Section 560.213, Florida Statutes, is amended 2245 to read:

560.213 Payment instrument information.--Each payment instrument sold or issued by a <u>licensee</u> registrant, directly or through an authorized vendor, <u>must shall</u> bear the name of the <u>licensee</u>, and any other information as may be required by rule, <u>registrant</u> clearly imprinted thereon.

2251 Section 39. Section 560.303, Florida Statutes, is amended 2252 to read:

2253

560.303 License required Requirement of registration.--

(1) <u>A No person may not shall</u> engage in, or in any manner advertise engagement in, the business of cashing payment instruments or the exchanging of foreign currency without <u>being</u> <u>licensed first registering</u> under the provisions of this part.

(2) A person <u>licensed under</u> registered pursuant to this
part may <u>not</u> engage in the activities authorized by this part. A
person registered under this part is prohibited from engaging
directly in the activities that <u>require a license under</u> are
authorized under a registration issued pursuant to part II of

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2263	this chapter, but may be such person is not prohibited from
2264	engaging in an authorized vendor <u>for</u> relationship with a person
2265	licensed registered under part II.
2266	(3) A person exempt from <u>licensure under</u> registration
2267	pursuant to this part engaging in the business of cashing payment
2268	instruments or the exchanging of foreign currency <u>may</u> shall not
2269	charge fees in excess of those provided in s. 560.309.
2270	Section 40. Section 560.304, Florida Statutes, is amended
2271	to read:
2272	560.304 Exemption from licensure Exceptions to
2273	registrationThe requirement for licensure under provisions of
2274	this part <u>does</u> do not apply to:
2275	(1) A person cashing payment instruments that have an
2276	aggregate face value of less than \$2,000 per person per day and
2277	that are Authorized vendors of any person registered pursuant to
2278	the provisions of the code, acting within the scope of authority
2279	conferred by the registrant.
2280	(2) Persons engaged in the cashing of payment instruments
2281	or the exchanging of foreign currency which is incidental to the
2282	retail sale of goods or services whose compensation for cashing
2283	payment instruments or exchanging foreign currency at each site
2284	does not exceed 5 percent of the total gross income from the
2285	retail sale of goods or services by such person during <u>the last</u>
2286	60 days its most recently completed fiscal year.
2287	Section 41. Section 560.309, Florida Statutes, is amended
2288	to read:
2289	560.309 Conduct of business Rules
2290	(1) A licensee may transact business under this part only
2291	under the legal name under which the person is licensed. The use

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2292	of a fictitious name is allowed if the fictitious name has been
2293	registered with the Department of State and disclosed to the
2294	office as part of an initial license application, or subsequent
2295	amendment to the application, prior to its use. Before a
2296	registrant shall deposit, with any financial institution, a
2297	payment instrument that is cashed by a registrant, each such item
2298	must be endorsed with the actual name under which such registrant
2299	is doing business.
2300	(2) At the time a licensee accepts a payment instrument
2301	that is cashed by the licensee, the payment instrument must be
2302	endorsed using the legal name under which the licensee is
2303	licensed. Registrants must comply with all the laws of this state
2304	and any federal laws relating to money laundering, including, as
2305	applicable, the provisions of s. 560.123.
2306	(3) A licensee under this part must deposit payment
2307	instruments into a commercial account at a federally insured
2308	financial institution or sell payment instruments within 5
2309	business days after the acceptance of the payment instrument.
2310	(4) A licensee may not accept or cash multiple payment
2311	instruments from a person who is not the original payee, unless
2312	the person is licensed to cash payment instruments pursuant to
2313	this part and all payment instruments accepted are endorsed with
2314	the legal name of the person.
2315	(5) A licensee must report all suspicious activity to the
2316	office in accordance with the criteria set forth in 31 C.F.R. s.
2317	103.20. In lieu of filing such reports, the commission may
2318	prescribe by rule that the licensee may file such reports with an
2319	appropriate regulator.
2320	(6) Each location of a licensee where checks are cashed

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2321	must be equipped with a security camera system that is capable of
2322	recording and retrieving an image in order to assist in
2323	identifying and apprehending an offender. The licensee does not
2324	have to install a security camera system if the licensee has
2325	installed a bulletproof or bullet-resistant partition or
2326	enclosure in the area where checks are cashed.
2327	<u>(7)</u> The commission may by rule require <u>a</u> every check
2328	casher to display its <u>license</u> registration and post a notice
2329	listing containing its charges for cashing payment instruments.
2330	(8)(4) Exclusive of the direct costs of verification which
2331	shall be established by commission rule, <u>a</u> no check casher <u>may</u>
2332	not shall:
2333	(a) Charge fees, except as otherwise provided by this part,
2334	in excess of 5 percent of the face amount of the payment
2335	instrument, or 6 percent without the provision of identification,
2336	or \$5, whichever is greater;
2337	(b) Charge fees in excess of 3 percent of the face amount
2338	of the payment instrument, or 4 percent without the provision of
2339	identification, or \$5, whichever is greater, if such payment
2340	instrument is the payment of any kind of state public assistance
2341	or federal social security benefit payable to the bearer of <u>the</u>
2342	such payment instrument; or
2343	(c) Charge fees for personal checks or money orders in
2344	excess of 10 percent of the face amount of those payment
2345	instruments, or \$5, whichever is greater.
2346	(d) As used in this subsection, "identification" means, and
2347	is limited to, an unexpired and otherwise valid driver license, a
2348	state identification card issued by any state of the United
2349	States or its territories or the District of Columbia, and

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2350	showing a photograph and signature, a United States Government
2351	Resident Alien Identification Card, a United States passport, or
2352	a United States Military identification card.
2353	(9) A licensee cashing payment instruments may not assess
2354	the cost of collections, other than fees for insufficient funds
2355	as provided by law, without a judgment from a court of competent
2356	jurisdiction.
2357	(10) If a check is returned to a licensee from a payor
2358	financial institution due to lack of funds, a closed account, or
2359	a stop-payment order, the licensee may seek collection pursuant
2360	to s. 68.065. In seeking collection, the licensee must comply
2361	with the prohibitions against harassment or abuse, false or
2362	misleading representations, and unfair practices in the Fair Debt
2363	Collections Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1692d, 1692e, and 1692f.
2364	A violation of this subsection is a deceptive and unfair trade
2365	practice and constitutes a violation of the Deceptive and Unfair
2366	Trade Practices Act under part II of chapter 501. In addition, a
2367	licensee must comply with the applicable provisions of the
2368	Consumer Collection Practices Act under part VI of chapter 559,
2369	including s. 559.77.
2370	Section 42. Section 560.310, Florida Statutes, is amended
2371	to read:
2372	560.310 Records of check cashers and foreign currency
2373	exchangers
2374	(1) In addition to the record retention requirements
2375	specified in s. 560.110, a licensee engaged in check cashing must
2376	maintain the following:
2377	(a) Customer files, as prescribed by rule, on all customers
2378	who cash corporate or third-party payment instruments exceeding

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2379	<u>\$1,000.</u>
2380	(b) For any payment instrument accepted having a face value
2381	of \$1,000 or more:
2382	1. A copy of the personal identification that bears a
2383	photograph of the customer used as identification and presented
2384	by the customer. Acceptable personal identification is limited to
2385	a valid driver's license; a state identification card issued by
2386	any state of the United States or its territories or the District
2387	of Columbia, and showing a photograph and signature; a United
2388	States Government Resident Alien Identification Card; a passport;
2389	or a United States Military identification card.
2390	2. A thumbprint of the customer taken by the licensee.
2391	(c) A payment instrument log that must be maintained
2392	electronically as prescribed by rule. For purposes of this
2393	paragraph, multiple payment instruments accepted from any one
2394	person on any given day which total \$1,000 or more must be
2395	aggregated and reported on the log. Each registrant must maintain
2396	all books, accounts, records, and documents necessary to
2397	determine the registrant's compliance with the provisions of the
2398	code. Such books, accounts, records, and documents shall be
2399	retained for a period of at least 3 years.
2400	(2) A licensee under this part may engage the services of a
2401	third party that is not a depository institution for the
2402	maintenance and storage of records required by this section if
2403	all the requirements of this section are met. The records
2404	required to be maintained by the code may be maintained by the
2405	registrant at any location if the registrant notifies the office,
2406	in writing, of the location of the records in its application or
2407	otherwise by amendment as prescribed by commission rule. The
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2408	registrant shall make such records available to the office for
2409	examination and investigation in this state, as permitted by the
2410	code, within 7 days after receipt of a written request.
2411	(3) Registrants and authorized vendors need not preserve or
2412	retain any of the records required by this section or copies
2413	thereof for a period longer than 3 years unless a longer period
2414	is expressly required by the laws of this state or any federal
2415	law. A registrant or authorized vendor may destroy any of its
2416	records or copies thereof after the expiration of the retention
2417	period required by this section.
2418	(4) The original of any record of a registrant or
2419	authorized vendor includes the data or other information
2420	comprising a record stored or transmitted in or by means of any
2421	electronic, computerized, mechanized, or other information
2422	storage or retrieval or transmission system or device which can
2423	upon request generate, regenerate, or transmit the precise data
2424	or other information comprising the record; and an original also
2425	includes the visible data or other information so generated,
2426	regenerated, or transmitted if it is legible or can be made
2427	legible by enlargement or other process.
2428	(5) Any person who willfully violates this section or fails
2429	to comply with any lawful written demand or order of the office
2430	made pursuant to this section commits a felony of the third
2431	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
2432	775.084.
2433	Section 43. Section 560.402, Florida Statutes, is amended
2434	to read:
2435	560.402 DefinitionsIn addition to the definitions
2436	provided in ss. 560.103, 560.202, and 560.302 and unless
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2437	otherwise clearly indicated by the context, For <u>the</u> purposes of
2438	this part, the term:
2439	(1) "Affiliate" means a person who <u>,</u> directly or indirectly.
2440	through one or more intermediaries controls <u>,</u> or is controlled by,
2441	or is under common control with, a deferred presentment provider.
2442	(2) "Business day" means the hours during a particular day
2443	during which a deferred presentment provider customarily conducts
2444	business, not to exceed 15 consecutive hours during that day.
2445	(3) "Days" means calendar days.
2446	(2) (4) "Deferment period" means the number of days a
2447	deferred presentment provider agrees to defer depositing <u>,</u> or
2448	presenting <u>, or redeeming</u> a payment instrument.
2449	(5) "Deferred presentment provider" means a person who
2450	engages in a deferred presentment transaction and is registered
2451	under part II or part III of the code and has filed a declaration
2452	of intent with the office.
2453	(3)(6) "Deferred presentment transaction" means providing
2454	currency or a payment instrument in exchange for a <u>drawer's</u>
2455	person's check and agreeing to hold <u>the</u> that person's check for a
2456	deferment period of time prior to presentment, deposit, or
2457	redemption.
2458	(4) (7) "Drawer" means <u>a customer</u> any person who writes a
2459	personal check and upon whose account the check is drawn.
2460	(5) "Extension of a deferred presentment agreement" means
2461	continuing a deferred presentment transaction past the deferment
2462	period by having the drawer pay additional fees and the deferred

2463 <u>presentment provider continuing to hold the check for another</u> 2464 <u>deferment period.</u>

2465

(6) (8) "Rollover" means the termination or extension of \underline{a}

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an existing deferred presentment agreement by the payment of <u>an</u> any additional fee and the continued holding of the check, or the substitution of a new check drawn by the drawer pursuant to a new deferred presentment agreement.

(9) "Fee" means the fee authorized for the deferral of the presentation of a check pursuant to this part.

2472 (7) (10) "Termination of a an existing deferred presentment 2473 agreement" means that the check that is the basis for the an 2474 agreement is redeemed by the drawer by payment in full in cash, or is deposited and the deferred presentment provider has 2475 2476 evidence that such check has cleared. A Verification of sufficient funds in the drawer's account by the deferred 2477 2478 presentment provider is shall not be sufficient evidence to deem 2479 that the existing deferred deposit transaction is to be 2480 terminated.

2481 (11) "Extension of an existing deferred presentment 2482 agreement" means that a deferred presentment transaction is 2483 continued by the drawer paying any additional fees and the 2484 deferred presentment provider continues to hold the check for 2485 another period of time prior to deposit, presentment, or 2486 redemption.

2487 Section 44. Section 560.403, Florida Statutes, is amended 2488 to read:

2489 560.403 Requirements of registration; Declaration of 2490 intent.--

2491 (1) Except for financial institutions as defined in s.
 2492 655.005 No person, Unless otherwise exempt from this chapter, a
 2493 person may not shall engage in a deferred presentment transaction
 2494 unless the person is <u>licensed as a money services business</u>

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2495 registered under the provisions of part II or part III of this 2496 chapter and has on file with the office a declaration of intent 2497 to engage in deferred presentment transactions, regardless of 2498 whether such person is exempted from licensure under any other 2499 provision of this chapter. The declaration of intent must shall 2500 be under oath and on such form as prescribed the commission 2501 prescribes by rule. The declaration of intent must shall be filed 2502 together with a nonrefundable filing fee as provided in s. 2503 560.143 of \$1,000. Any person who is registered under part II or 2504 part III on the effective date of this act and intends to engage 2505 in deferred presentment transactions shall have 60 days after the 2506 effective date of this act to file a declaration of intent. A 2507 declaration of intent expires after 24 months and must be 2508 renewed.

2509 (2) A registrant under this part shall renew his or her 2510 intent to engage in the business of deferred presentment 2511 transactions or to act as a deferred presentment provider upon 2512 renewing his or her registration under part II or part III and 2513 shall do so by indicating his or her intent by submitting a 2514 nonrefundable deferred presentment provider renewal fee of 2515 \$1,000, in addition to any fees required for renewal of 2516 registration under part II or part III.

2517 (3) A registrant under this part who fails to timely renew 2518 his or her intent to engage in the business of deferred 2519 presentment transactions or to act as a deferred presentment 2520 provider shall immediately cease to engage in the business of 2521 deferred presentment transactions or to act as a deferred 2522 presentment provider.

2523

(4) The notice of intent of a registrant under this part

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2524	who fails to timely renew his or her intent to engage in the
2525	business of deferred presentment transactions or to act as a
2526	deferred presentment provider on or before the expiration date of
2527	the registration period automatically expires. A renewal fee and
2528	a nonrefundable late fee of \$500 must be filed within 60 calendar
2529	days after the expiration of an existing registration in order
2530	for the declaration of intent to be reinstated. The office shall
2531	grant a reinstatement of registration if an application is filed
2532	during the 60-day period, and the reinstatement is effective upon
2533	receipt of the required fees and any information that the
2534	commission requires by rule. If the registrant has not filed a
2535	reinstatement of a renewal declaration of intent within 60
2536	calendar days after the expiration date of an existing
2537	registration, the notice of intent expires and a new declaration
2538	of intent must be filed with the office.
2539	(5) No person, other than a financial institution as
2540	defined in s. 655.005, shall be exempt from registration and
2541	declaration if such person engages in deferred presentment
2542	transactions, regardless of whether such person is currently
2543	exempt from registration under any provision of this code.
2544	Section 45. Section 560.404, Florida Statutes, is amended
2545	to read:
2546	560.404 Requirements for deferred presentment
2547	transactions
2548	(1) <u>Each</u> Every deferred presentment transaction <u>must</u> shall
2549	be documented in a written agreement signed by both the deferred
2550	presentment provider and the drawer.
2551	(2) The deferred presentment transaction agreement <u>must</u>
2552	shall be executed on the day the deferred presentment provider

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2553	furnishes currency or a payment instrument to the drawer.
2554	(3) Each written agreement <u>must</u> shall contain the following
2555	information, in addition to any information required the
2556	commission requires by rule, contain the following information:
2557	(a) The name or trade name, address, and telephone number
2558	of the deferred presentment provider and the name and title of
2559	the person who signs the agreement on behalf of the deferred
2560	presentment provider.
2561	(b) The date the deferred presentment transaction <u>is</u> was
2562	made.
2563	(c) The amount of the drawer's check.
2564	(d) The length of <u>the deferment</u> deferral period.
2565	(e) The last day of the deferment period.
2566	(f) The address and telephone number of the office and the
2567	Division of Consumer Services of the Department of Financial
2568	Services.
2569	(g) A clear description of the drawer's payment obligations
2570	under the deferred presentment transaction.
2571	(h) The transaction number assigned by the office's
2572	database.
2573	(4) <u>The</u> Every deferred presentment provider <u>must</u> shall
2574	furnish to the drawer a copy of the deferred presentment
2575	transaction agreement to the drawer.
2576	(5) The face amount of a check taken for deferred
2577	presentment may not exceed \$500 exclusive of the fees allowed
2578	under by this part.
2579	(6) <u>A</u> No deferred presentment provider or its affiliate <u>may</u>
2580	not shall charge fees that exceed in excess of 10 percent of the
2581	currency or payment instrument provided. However, a verification
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fee may be charged <u>as provided in s. 560.309(7)</u> in accordance with s. 560.309(4) and the rules adopted pursuant to the code. The 10-percent fee may not be applied to the verification fee. A deferred presentment provider may charge only those fees specifically authorized in this section.

(7) The fees authorized by this section may not becollected before the drawer's check is presented or redeemed.

2589 (8) <u>A No</u> deferred presentment agreement <u>may not shall</u> be
 2590 for a term <u>longer than</u> in excess of 31 days or less than 7 days.

(9) <u>A No</u> deferred presentment provider <u>may not shall</u> require a <u>drawer</u> person to provide any additional security for the deferred presentment transaction or any extension or require <u>the drawer</u> a person to provide any additional guaranty from another person.

(10) A deferred presentment provider <u>may shall</u> not include any of the following provisions in <u>a deferred provider</u> any written agreement:

2599

2600

(a) A hold harmless clause.+

(b) A confession of judgment clause.+

2601 (c) Any assignment of or order for payment of wages or 2602 other compensation for services. \div

2603 (d) A provision in which the drawer agrees not to assert 2604 any claim or defense arising out of the agreement.; or

2605

(e) A waiver of any provision of this part.

(11) <u>A</u> Each deferred presentment provider shall immediately provide the drawer with the full amount of any check to be held, less only the fees allowed permitted under this section.

2609 (12) The deferred presentment agreement and <u>the</u> drawer's 2610 check <u>must</u> shall bear the same date, and the number of days of

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2611 the deferment period shall be calculated from <u>that</u> this date. <u>The</u> 2612 No deferred presentment provider <u>and the drawer</u> or <u>person</u> may <u>not</u> 2613 alter or delete the date on any written agreement or check held 2614 by the deferred presentment provider.

(13) For each deferred presentment transaction, the deferred presentment provider must comply with the disclosure requirements of 12 C.F.R., part 226, <u>relating to</u> the federal Truth-in-Lending Act, and Regulation Z of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Board. A copy of the disclosure must be provided to the drawer at the time the deferred presentment transaction is initiated.

(14) <u>A</u> No deferred presentment provider or its affiliate may <u>not</u> accept or hold an undated check or a check dated on a date other than the date on which the deferred presentment provider agreed to hold the check and signed the deferred presentment transaction agreement.

(15) <u>A Every</u> deferred presentment provider <u>must</u> shall hold the drawer's check for the agreed number of days, unless the drawer chooses to redeem the check before the agreed presentment date.

(16) Proceeds in a deferred presentment transaction may be made to the drawer in the form of the deferred presentment provider's payment instrument if the deferred presentment provider is registered under part II; however, <u>an</u> no additional fee may <u>not</u> be charged by a deferred presentment provider or its affiliate for issuing or cashing the deferred presentment provider's payment instrument.

2638 (17) <u>A No</u> deferred presentment provider may <u>not</u> require the 2639 drawer to accept its payment instrument in lieu of currency.

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(18) <u>A</u> No deferred presentment provider or its affiliate may <u>not</u> engage in the rollover of <u>a</u> any deferred presentment agreement. A deferred presentment provider <u>may</u> shall not redeem, extend, or otherwise consolidate a deferred presentment agreement with the proceeds of another deferred presentment transaction made by the same or an <u>affiliate</u> affiliated deferred presentment provider.

2647 (19) A deferred presentment provider may not enter into a 2648 deferred presentment transaction with a drawer person who has an 2649 outstanding deferred presentment transaction with that provider 2650 or with any other deferred presentment provider, or with a person 2651 whose previous deferred presentment transaction with that 2652 provider or with any other provider has been terminated for less 2653 than 24 hours. The deferred presentment provider must verify such 2654 information as follows:

(a) The deferred presentment provider shall maintain a common database and shall verify whether <u>the</u> that deferred presentment provider or an affiliate has an outstanding deferred presentment transaction with a particular person or has terminated a transaction with that person within the previous 24 hours.

2661 (b) The deferred presentment provider shall access the 2662 office's database established pursuant to subsection (23) and 2663 shall verify whether any other deferred presentment provider has 2664 an outstanding deferred presentment transaction with a particular 2665 person or has terminated a transaction with that person within 2666 the previous 24 hours. If a provider has not established Prior to 2667 the time that the office has implemented such a database, the 2668 deferred presentment provider may rely upon the written

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2669 verification of the drawer as provided in subsection (20). 2670 (20) A deferred presentment provider shall provide the 2671 following notice in a prominent place on each deferred 2672 presentment agreement in at least 14-point type in substantially 2673 the following form and must obtain the signature of the drawer 2674 where indicated: 2675 2676 NOTICE 2677 2678 STATE LAW PROHIBITS YOU FROM HAVING MORE THAN ONE DEFERRED 1. 2679 PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT AT ANY ONE TIME. STATE LAW ALSO PROHIBITS 2680 YOU FROM ENTERING INTO A DEFERRED PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT WITHIN 24 2681 HOURS AFTER OF TERMINATING ANY PREVIOUS DEFERRED PRESENTMENT 2682 AGREEMENT. FAILURE TO OBEY THIS LAW COULD CREATE SEVERE FINANCIAL 2683 HARDSHIP FOR YOU AND YOUR FAMILY. 2684 2685 YOU MUST SIGN THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT: 2686 2687 I DO NOT HAVE AN OUTSTANDING DEFERRED PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT WITH 2688 ANY DEFERRED PRESENTMENT PROVIDER AT THIS TIME. I HAVE NOT 2689 TERMINATED A DEFERRED PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT WITHIN THE PAST 24 2690 HOURS. 2691 2692 (Signature of Drawer) 2693 2694 2. YOU CANNOT BE PROSECUTED IN CRIMINAL COURT FOR A CHECK 2695 WRITTEN UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, BUT ALL LEGALLY AVAILABLE CIVIL 2696 MEANS TO ENFORCE THE DEBT MAY BE PURSUED AGAINST YOU. 2697

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2698 3. STATE LAW PROHIBITS A DEFERRED PRESENTMENT PROVIDER (THIS 2699 BUSINESS) FROM ALLOWING YOU TO "ROLL OVER" YOUR DEFERRED 2700 PRESENTMENT TRANSACTION. THIS MEANS THAT YOU CANNOT BE ASKED OR 2701 REQUIRED TO PAY AN ADDITIONAL FEE IN ORDER TO FURTHER DELAY THE 2702 DEPOSIT OR PRESENTMENT OF YOUR CHECK FOR PAYMENT. IF YOU INFORM 2703 THE PROVIDER IN PERSON THAT YOU CANNOT COVER THE CHECK OR PAY IN 2704 FULL THE AMOUNT OWING AT THE END OF THE TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT, 2705 YOU WILL RECEIVE A GRACE PERIOD EXTENDING THE TERM OF THE 2706 AGREEMENT FOR AN ADDITIONAL 60 DAYS AFTER THE ORIGINAL 2707 TERMINATION DATE, WITHOUT ANY ADDITIONAL CHARGE. THE DEFERRED 2708 PRESENTMENT PROVIDER SHALL REQUIRE THAT YOU, AS A CONDITION OF 2709 OBTAINING THE GRACE PERIOD, COMPLETE CONSUMER CREDIT COUNSELING 2710 PROVIDED BY AN AGENCY INCLUDED ON THE LIST THAT WILL BE PROVIDED 2711 TO YOU BY THIS PROVIDER. YOU MAY ALSO AGREE TO COMPLY WITH AND 2712 ADHERE TO A REPAYMENT PLAN APPROVED BY THAT AGENCY. IF YOU DO NOT 2713COMPLY WITH AND ADHERE TO A REPAYMENT PLAN APPROVED BY THAT 2714 AGENCY, WE MAY DEPOSIT OR PRESENT YOUR CHECK FOR PAYMENT AND 2715 PURSUE ALL LEGALLY AVAILABLE CIVIL MEANS TO ENFORCE THE DEBT AT THE END OF THE 60-DAY GRACE PERIOD. 2716

2717 (21)The deferred presentment provider may not deposit or 2718 present the drawer's check if the drawer informs the provider in 2719 person that the drawer cannot redeem or pay in full in cash the 2720 amount due and owing the deferred presentment provider. No 2721 additional fees or penalties may be imposed on the drawer by 2722 virtue of any misrepresentation made by the drawer as to the 2723 sufficiency of funds in the drawer's account. In no event shall 2724 any Additional fees may not be added to the amounts due and owing 2725 to the deferred presentment provider.

2726

(22) (a) If, by the end of the deferment period, the drawer

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2727 informs the deferred presentment provider in person that the 2728 drawer cannot redeem or pay in full in cash the amount due and 2729 owing the deferred presentment provider, the deferred presentment 2730 provider shall provide a grace period extending the term of the 2731 agreement for an additional 60 days after the original 2732 termination date, without any additional charge.

2733 The provider shall require that as a condition of (a) 2734 providing a this grace period, that within the first 7 days of 2735 the grace period the drawer make an appointment with a consumer 2736 credit counseling agency within 7 days after the end of the 2737 deferment period and complete the counseling by the end of the grace period. The drawer may agree to, comply with, and adhere to 2738 2739 a repayment plan approved by the counseling agency. If the drawer 2740 agrees to comply with and adhere to a repayment plan approved by 2741 the counseling agency, the provider must is also required to 2742 comply with and adhere to that repayment plan. The deferred 2743 presentment provider may not deposit or present the drawer's 2744 check for payment before the end of the 60-day grace period 2745 unless the drawer fails to comply with such conditions or the 2746 drawer fails to notify the provider of such compliance. Before 2747 each deferred presentment transaction, the provider may verbally 2748 advise the drawer of the availability of the grace period 2749 consistent with the provisions of the written notice in 2750 subsection (20), and may shall not discourage the drawer from 2751 using the grace period.

(b) At the commencement of the grace period, the deferred presentment provider shall provide the drawer:

2754 1. Verbal notice of the availability of the grace period 2755 consistent with the written notice in subsection (20).

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2756 2. A list of approved consumer credit counseling agencies 2757 prepared by the office. The office list shall include nonprofit 2758 consumer credit counseling agencies affiliated with the National 2759 Foundation for Credit Counseling which provide credit counseling 2760 services to state Florida residents in person, by telephone, or 2761 through the Internet. The office list must include phone numbers 2762 for the agencies, the counties served by the agencies, and 2763 indicate the agencies that provide telephone counseling and those that provide Internet counseling. The office shall update the 2764 2765 list at least once each year.

2766 3. The following notice in at least 14-point type in 2767 substantially the following form:

2769 AS A CONDITION OF OBTAINING A GRACE PERIOD EXTENDING THE TERM OF 2770 YOUR DEFERRED PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT FOR AN ADDITIONAL 60 DAYS, UNTIL [DATE], WITHOUT ANY ADDITIONAL FEES, YOU MUST COMPLETE 2771 2772 CONSUMER CREDIT COUNSELING PROVIDED BY AN AGENCY INCLUDED ON THE 2773 LIST THAT WILL BE PROVIDED TO YOU BY THIS PROVIDER. YOU MAY ALSO 2774 AGREE TO COMPLY WITH AND ADHERE TO A REPAYMENT PLAN APPROVED BY 2775 THE AGENCY. THE COUNSELING MAY BE IN PERSON, BY TELEPHONE, OR 2776 THROUGH THE INTERNET. YOU MUST NOTIFY US WITHIN 7 SEVEN (7) DAYS, 2777 BY [DATE], THAT YOU HAVE MADE AN APPOINTMENT WITH SUCH A CONSUMER 2778 CREDIT COUNSELING AGENCY. YOU MUST ALSO NOTIFY US WITHIN 60 SIXTY 2779 (60) DAYS, BY [DATE], THAT YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE CONSUMER CREDIT 2780 COUNSELING. WE MAY VERIFY THIS INFORMATION WITH THE AGENCY. IF 2781 YOU FAIL TO PROVIDE EITHER THE 7-DAY OR 60-DAY NOTICE, OR IF YOU 2782 HAVE NOT MADE THE APPOINTMENT OR COMPLETED THE COUNSELING WITHIN 2783 THE TIME REQUIRED, WE MAY DEPOSIT OR PRESENT YOUR CHECK FOR 2784 PAYMENT AND PURSUE ALL LEGALLY AVAILABLE CIVIL MEANS TO ENFORCE

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2785 THE DEBT.

(c) If a drawer completes an approved payment plan, the deferred presentment provider shall pay one-half of the drawer's fee for the deferred presentment agreement to the consumer credit counseling agency.

2790 (23) The office shall implement a common database with 2791 real-time access through an Internet connection for deferred 2792 presentment providers, as provided in this subsection. The 2793 database must be accessible to the office and the deferred 2794 presentment providers in order to verify whether any deferred 2795 presentment transactions are outstanding for a particular person. 2796 Deferred presentment providers shall submit such data before 2797 entering into each deferred presentment transaction in such 2798 format as required the commission shall require by rule, 2799 including the drawer's name, social security number or employment 2800 authorization alien number, address, driver's license number, 2801 amount of the transaction, date of transaction, the date that the 2802 transaction is closed, and such additional information as is 2803 required by rule the commission. The commission may by rule 2804 impose a fee of up to not to exceed \$1 per transaction for data 2805 that must required to be submitted by a deferred presentment 2806 provider. A deferred presentment provider may rely on the 2807 information contained in the database as accurate and is not 2808 subject to any administrative penalty or civil liability due to 2809 as a result of relying on inaccurate information contained in the database. A deferred presentment provider must notify the office, 2810 2811 in a manner as prescribed by rule, within 15 business days after 2812 ceasing operations or no longer holding a license under part II or part III of this chapter. Such notification must include a 2813

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2814	reconciliation of all open transactions. If the provider fails to
2815	provide notice, the office shall take action to administratively
2816	release all open and pending transactions in the database after
2817	the office becomes aware of the closure. This section does not
2818	affect the rights of the provider to enforce the contractual
2819	provisions of the deferred presentment agreements through any
2820	civil action allowed by law. The commission may adopt rules to
2821	administer and enforce the provisions of this subsection section
2822	and to <u>ensure</u> assure that the database is used by deferred
2823	presentment providers in accordance with this section.
2824	(24) A deferred presentment provider may not accept more
2825	than one check or authorization to initiate more than one
2826	automated clearinghouse transaction to collect on a deferred
2827	presentment transaction for a single deferred presentment
2828	transaction.
2829	Section 46. Section 560.405, Florida Statutes, is amended
2830	to read:
2831	560.405 Deposit; redemption
2832	(1) The deferred presentment provider or its affiliate \max
2833	shall not present the drawer's check before the end of the
2834	deferment period prior to the agreed-upon date of presentment, as
2835	reflected in the deferred presentment transaction agreement.
2836	(2) Before a deferred presentment provider presents the
2837	drawer's check, the check <u>must</u> shall be endorsed with the actual
2838	name under which the deferred presentment provider is doing
2839	business.
2840	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), in
2841	lieu of presentment, a deferred presentment provider may allow
2842	the check to be redeemed at any time upon payment to the deferred
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2843 presentment provider in the amount of the face amount of the 2844 drawer's check. However, payment may not be made in the form of a 2845 personal check. Upon redemption, the deferred presentment 2846 provider shall return the drawer's check that was being held and 2847 provide a signed, dated receipt showing that the drawer's check 2848 has been redeemed.

(4) <u>A No drawer may not can</u> be required to redeem his or her check <u>before</u> prior to the agreed-upon date; however, the drawer may choose to redeem the check before the agreed-upon presentment date.

2853 Section 47. Section 560.406, Florida Statutes, is amended 2854 to read:

2855

560.406 Worthless checks.--

2856 (1) If a check is returned to a deferred presentment 2857 provider from a payor financial institution due to lack of funds, 2858 a closed account, or a stop-payment order, the deferred 2859 presentment provider may seek collection pursuant to s. 68.065, 2860 except a deferred presentment provider may shall not be entitled to collect treble damages pursuant s. 68.065. The notice sent by 2861 2862 the a deferred deposit provider may pursuant to s. 68.065 shall 2863 not include any references to treble damages and must clearly 2864 state that the deferred presentment provider is not entitled to 2865 recover such damages. Except as otherwise provided in this part, 2866 an individual who issues a personal check to a deferred 2867 presentment provider under a deferred presentment agreement is 2868 not subject to criminal penalty.

2869 (2) If a check is returned to a deferred presentment 2870 provider from a payor financial institution due to insufficient 2871 funds, a closed account, or a stop-payment order, the deferred

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2872 presentment provider may pursue all legally available civil 2873 remedies to collect the check, including, but not limited to, the 2874 imposition of all charges imposed on the deferred presentment 2875 provider by the any financial institution. In its collection 2876 practices, a deferred presentment provider must shall comply with 2877 the prohibitions against harassment or abuse, false or misleading 2878 representations, and unfair practices that which are contained in 2879 ss. 806, 807, and 808 of the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act, 2880 15 U.S.C. ss. 1692d, 1692e, 1692f. A violation of this act is a 2881 deceptive and unfair trade practice and constitutes a violation 2882 of the Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act under $_{T}$ part II of 2883 chapter 501. In addition, a deferred presentment provider must 2884 shall comply with the applicable provisions of part VI of chapter 2885 559, the Consumer Collection Practices Act under part VI of 2886 chapter 559, including, but not limited to, the provisions of s. 2887 559.77. 2888 (3) A deferred presentment provider may not assess the cost 2889 of collection, other than charges for insufficient funds as 2890 allowed by law, without a judgment from a court of competent 2891 jurisdiction. 2892 Section 48. Subsection (7) of section 499.005, Florida 2893 Statutes, is amended to read:

2894 499.005 Prohibited acts.--It is unlawful for a person to 2895 perform or cause the performance of any of the following acts in 2896 this state:

2897 (7) The purchase or sale of prescription drugs for 2898 wholesale distribution in exchange for currency, as defined in <u>s.</u> 2899 <u>560.103</u> s. 560.103(6).

2900

Section 49. Paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of section

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20082158e1 2901 499.0691, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2902 499.0691 Criminal punishment for violations related to 2903 drugs; dissemination of false advertisement.--2904 Any person who violates any of the following provisions (2) 2905 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 2906 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or as otherwise provided 2907 in ss. 499.001-499.081. 2908 The purchase or sale of prescription drugs for (i) 2909 wholesale distribution in exchange for currency, as defined in s. 560.103 s. 560.103(6). 2910 2911 Section 50. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 501.95, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2912 2913 501.95 Gift certificates and credit memos.--2914 (2)2915 Paragraph (a) does not apply to a gift certificate or (b) 2916 credit memo sold or issued by a financial institution, as defined 2917 in s. 655.005, or by a money services business transmitter, as 2918 defined in s. 560.103, if the gift certificate or credit memo is 2919 redeemable by multiple unaffiliated merchants. 2920 Section 51. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section 2921 538.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2922 538.03 Definitions; applicability.--2923 This chapter does not apply to: (2) 2924 A business that contracts with other persons or (n) 2925 entities to offer its secondhand goods for sale, purchase, 2926 consignment, or trade via an Internet website, and that maintains 2927 a shop, store, or other business premises for this purpose, if 2928 all of the following apply: 2929 The secondhand goods must be available on the website 1.

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2930 for viewing by the public at no charge; 2931 The records of the sale, purchase, consignment, or trade 2. 2932 must be maintained for at least 2 years; 2933 The records of the sale, purchase, consignment, or 3. 2934 trade, and the description of the secondhand goods as listed on 2935 the website, must contain the serial number of each item, if any; 2936 The secondhand goods listed on the website must be 4. 2937 searchable based upon the state or zip code; 2938 The business must provide the appropriate law 5. 2939 enforcement agency with the name or names under which it conducts 2940 business on the website; 2941 The business must allow the appropriate law enforcement 6. 2942 agency to inspect its business premises at any time during normal 2943 business hours; 2944 Any payment by the business resulting from such a sale, 7. 2945 purchase, consignment, or trade must be made to the person or 2946 entity with whom the business contracted to offer the goods and 2947 must be made by check or via a money services business 2948 transmitter licensed under part II of chapter 560; and 2949 8.a. At least 48 hours after the estimated time of 2950 contracting to offer the secondhand goods, the business must 2951 verify that any item having a serial number is not stolen 2952 property by entering the serial number of the item into the 2953 Department of Law Enforcement's stolen article database located 2954 at the Florida Crime Information Center's public access system 2955 website. The business shall record the date and time of such 2956 verification on the contract covering the goods. If such 2957 verification reveals that an item is stolen property, the 2958 business shall immediately remove the item from any website on

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2959 which it is being offered and notify the appropriate law 2960 enforcement agency; or

2961 The business must provide the appropriate law b. 2962 enforcement agency with an electronic copy of the name, address, 2963 phone number, driver's license number, and issuing state of the 2964 person with whom the business contracted to offer the goods, as 2965 well as an accurate description of the goods, including make, 2966 model, serial number, and any other unique identifying marks, 2967 numbers, names, or letters that may be on an item, in a format 2968 agreed upon by the business and the appropriate law enforcement 2969 agency. This information must be provided to the appropriate law 2970 enforcement agency within 24 hours after entering into the 2971 contract unless other arrangements are made between the business 2972 and the law enforcement agency.

2973 Section 52. Subsection (10) of section 896.101, Florida 2974 Statutes, is amended to read:

2975896.101Florida Money Laundering Act; definitions;2976penalties; injunctions; seizure warrants; immunity.--

2977 (10) Any financial institution, licensed money services 2978 business transmitter, or other person served with and complying 2979 with the terms of a warrant, temporary injunction, or other court 2980 order, including any subpoena issued under the authority granted 2981 by s. 16.56 or s. 27.04, obtained in furtherance of an 2982 investigation of any crime in this section, including any crime 2983 listed as specified unlawful activity under this section or any 2984 felony violation of chapter 560, has immunity from criminal 2985 liability and is shall not be liable to any person for any lawful 2986 action taken in complying with the warrant, temporary injunction, or other court order, including any subpoena issued under the 2987

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2988 authority granted by s. 16.56 or s. 27.04. If any subpoena issued 2989 under the authority granted by s. 16.56 or s. 27.04 contains a 2990 nondisclosure provision, any financial institution, licensed 2991 money services business transmitter, employee or officer of a 2992 financial institution or licensed money services business 2993 transmitter, or any other person may not notify, directly or 2994 indirectly, any customer of that financial institution or 2995 licensed money services business transmitter whose records are 2996 being sought by the subpoena, or any other person named in the 2997 subpoena, about the existence or the contents of that subpoena or 2998 about information that has been furnished to the state attorney 2999 or statewide prosecutor who issued the subpoena or other law 3000 enforcement officer named in the subpoena in response to the 3001 subpoena.

3002 Section 53. Subsection (5) of section 896.104, Florida 3003 Statutes, is amended to read:

3004896.104Structuring transactions to evade reporting or3005registration requirements prohibited.--

3006 INFERENCE. -- Proof that a person engaged for monetary (5)3007 consideration in the business of a money funds transmitter, as 3008 defined in s. 560.103, s. 560.103(10) and who is transporting 3009 more than \$10,000 in currency, or the foreign equivalent, without being licensed registered as a money transmitter or designated as 3010 3011 an authorized vendor under the provisions of chapter 560, gives 3012 rise to an inference that the transportation was done with 3013 knowledge of the licensure registration requirements of chapter 3014 560 and the reporting requirements of this chapter.

3015 Section 54. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 3016 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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First Engrossed

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3017	921.0022 Crimin	al Punishment Code; of	fense severity ranking
3018	chart		
3019	(3) OFFENSE SEV	ERITY RANKING CHART	
3020	(g) LEVEL 7		
	Florida	Felony	Description
	Statute	Degree	
3021			
	316.027(1)(b)	lst	Accident involving
			death, failure to
			stop; leaving scene.
3022			
	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in
			serious bodily
			injury.
3023			
	316.1935(3)(b)	lst	Causing serious
			bodily injury or
			death to another
			person; driving at
			high speed or with
			wanton disregard for
			safety while fleeing
			or attempting to
			elude law
			enforcement officer
			who is in a patrol
			vehicle with siren
			and lights
			activated.
I			

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3024			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting
			in serious bodily
			injury.
3025			
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation
			and negligence or
			intentional act
			resulting in great
			bodily harm,
			permanent
			disfiguration,
			permanent
			disability, or
			death.
3026			
	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider
			fraud.
3027		2	
	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health
			care profession
3028			without a license.
3020	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health
	400.000(2)	2114	care profession
			without a license
			which results in
			serious bodily
			injury.
			Υ·

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3029	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine
3030			without a license.
2021	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine without a license.
3031	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine without a license.
3032 3033	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine without a license.
	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a license.
3034 3035	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a license.
3035	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a license.
	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a license.

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3037			
	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene
3038			without a license.
	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a license.
3039	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a license.
3040	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without a license.
3041	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics without a license.
3042	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription.
3043	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a

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license. 3044 494.0018(2) 1st Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims. 3045 3rd 560.123(8)(b)1. Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business transmitter. 3046 560.125(5)(a) 3rd Money services transmitter business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.

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3048	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by financial institution.
	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure to register; failure to renew driver's license or identification card; other registration violations.
3049	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working where children regularly congregate.
3050	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual predator; harbor or conceal a sexual predator.
	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony

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murder of a person
by a person other
than the perpetrator
or the perpetrator
of an attempted
felony.
Killing of a human
being by the act,
procurement, or

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3052			or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.
	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence
3053			of another (manslaughter).
	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being or viable fetus by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless manner (vehicular
3054	782.072	2nd	homicide). Killing of a human being by the operation of a vessel in a reckless manner (vessel homicide).

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3055			
	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally
			causing great bodily
			harm or
			disfigurement.
3056			alolly alonone.
	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			using deadly weapon.
3057			
	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			perpetrator aware
			victim pregnant.
3058			
	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of
			injunction or court
			order.
3059			
	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of court
			order.
3060		1	
	784.07(2)(d)	lst	Aggravated battery
			on law enforcement
3061			officer.
2001	784.074(1)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery
	, UI. U/I(I) (a)	100	on sexually violent
			on Servarry Vrotent

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3062			predators facility staff.
3063	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified official or employee.
3064	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
3065 3066	784.083(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
3067	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
5007	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under specified

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			circumstances.
3068	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or deliver hoax bomb.
3069			
	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
3070	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
3071	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
5072	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital

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3073			mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.
3074	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16 years for prostitution.
3075	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years of age; offender less than 18 years.
3076	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
3077	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.

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3078	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
3079	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
3080	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
3081	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized emergency vehicle.
	812.014(2)(a)1.	lst	Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more or a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer; property stolen while causing other property damage; 1st degree grand theft.

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3082			
	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen,
			cargo valued at less
			than \$50,000, grand
			theft in 2nd degree.
3083			
	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen,
			emergency medical
			equipment; 2nd
			degree grand theft.
3084			
	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law
			enforcement
			equipment from
			authorized emergency
			vehicle.
3085		1 - +	
	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65
			years of age or older; \$50,000 or
			more.
3086			more.
0000	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property;
			initiates,
			organizes, plans,
			etc., the theft of
			property and
			traffics in stolen
			property.

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3087	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden
2000	012.131(2)(a)	2110	snatching.
3088	812.133(2)(b)	lst	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
			weapon, or other weapon.
3089	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle
			accident victims with intent to defraud.
3090	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor
3091	817.234(11)(c)	lst	<pre>vehicle collision. Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.</pre>
3092	817.2341(2)(b)&(3) (b)	lst	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property

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3093			values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
3094	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
3095	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or disabled adult and property is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000.
3096	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a

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3097			child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.
	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about alleged capital felony to a law enforcement officer.
3098			
	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
3099			
	838.016	2nd	Unlawful
			compensation or
			reward for official
3100			behavior.
3100	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
3101			public Scrvanc.
0101	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
3102			
	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a
			child, via a
			computer service, to
			commit an unlawful
			sex act.
3103			

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	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor to commit an unlawful sex act.
3104			
	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead
2105			human body.
3105	893.13(1)(c)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture,
	093.13(1)(0)1.	150	or deliver cocaine
			(or other drug
			prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(a),
			(1)(b), (1)(d),
			(2)(a), (2)(b), or
			(2)(c)4.) within
			1,000 feet of a
			child care facility,
			school, or state,
			county, or municipal
			park or publicly
			owned recreational
			facility or
0100			community center.
3106	893.13(1)(e)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture,
	000.10(1)(0)1.	130	or deliver cocaine
			or other drug
			prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(a),

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3107			<pre>(1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for religious services or a specified business site.</pre>
3108	893.13(4)(a)	lst	Deliver to minor cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).
3109	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less than 2,000 lbs.
3110	893.135(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
	893.135(1)(c)1.a.	lst	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 4 grams, less

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3111			than 14 grams.
0111	893.135(1)(d)1.	lst	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
3112	893.135(1)(e)1.	lst	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than 5 kilograms.
3113	893.135(1)(f)1.	lst	Trafficking in amphetamine, more than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.
3115	893.135(1)(g)1.a.	lst	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4 grams or more, less than 14 grams.
2116	893.135(1)(h)1.a.	lst	Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.

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3117	893.135(1)(j)1.a.	lst	Trafficking in 1,4- Butanediol, 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
	893.135(1)(k)2.a.	lst	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 10 grams or more, less than 200 grams.
3118	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
3120	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent

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3121			residence; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
3122	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
3124	943.0435(14)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond

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3125			to address verification.
	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting
3126			requirements.
	944.607(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a
3127			digitized photograph.
	944.607(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a
			sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
3128	944.607(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report
			and reregister;
			failure to respond to address
3129			verification.
3129	985.4815(10)	3rd	Sexual offender;

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3130	985.4815(12)	3rd			<pre>failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph. Failure to report or</pre>
	500.1010(12)	010			providing false
					information about a
					sexual offender;
					harbor or conceal a
					sexual offender.
3131					
	985.4815(13)	3rd			Sexual offender;
					<pre>failure to report and reregister;</pre>
					failure to respond
					to address
					verification.
3132					verification.
3133	Section 55.	Sections	560.101,	560.102,	560.106, 560.1073,
3134	560.108, 560.112.	560.117,	560.200,	560.202,	560.206, 560.207,
3135	560.301, 560.302,	560.305,	560.306,	560.307,	560.308, 560.401,
3136	and 560.407, Flor	ida Statut	tes, are t	repealed.	_
3137	Section 56.	This act	shall tal	ke effect	January 1, 2009.

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