Florida Senate - 2008

By Senator Aronberg

27-03288A-08

20082194___

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to contracting; amending s. 489.105,
3	F.S.; redefining the term "initial issuance"; amending
4	s. 489.115, F.S.; revising requirements for applicants
5	for initial certification as a contractor; authorizing
6	certain certificateholders or registrants to use credit
7	earned for attendance at certain continuing education
8	courses for the purpose of fulfilling specified
9	requirements; requiring that an initial applicant
10	submit a set of fingerprints with his or her
11	application; providing for the payment of costs
12	associated with such fingerprints; requiring that the
13	Department of Law Enforcement forward fingerprints to
14	the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of
15	performing a criminal background check on the
16	applicant; requiring that the department of Business
17	and Professional Regulation review the results of a
18	background investigation to determine if an applicant
19	meets licensure requirements; authorizing the
20	Construction Industry Licensing Board to review the
21	results of a background investigation for such purpose;
22	authorizing the board to deny licensure under certain
23	circumstances; requiring that the board consider
24	certain information when deciding whether to approve or
25	deny licensure; prohibiting the board from denying
26	licensure to an applicant based solely upon a felony
27	conviction or the applicant's failure to provide proof
28	of restoration of his or her civil rights; authorizing
29	the board to deny licensure based upon an applicant's

Page 1 of 25

20082194

30 lack of good moral character or because the applicant 31 was convicted of a crime related to contracting; 32 requiring that an applicant submit or have on file a surety bond before the initial issuance of a 33 34 certificate or registration; providing requirements for 35 such bond; providing penalties for failure to maintain 36 such bond; authorizing persons who contract with a 37 certificateholder or registrant for the performance of 38 work that would require a license pursuant to state law 39 to bring an action against the bond for damages 40 resulting from acts by the certificateholder or 41 registrant which constitute violations of state law; 42 providing that a surety may cancel a bond upon a 43 specified period of written notice to the department; 44 providing that such surety remains liable for any 45 damages arising out of a contract entered into before the date on which the surety canceled the bond; 46 providing that an irrevocable letter of credit may be 47 48 furnished to the department in lieu of a bond; 49 providing for financial recovery by injured consumers 50 against contractors providing such a letter of credit; 51 amending s. 489.119, F.S.; requiring that an applicant 52 seeking to engage in contracting as a business 53 organization apply to qualify the business organization 54 with the department; providing requirements for 55 applications to qualify a business organization; 56 deleting provisions relating to applications as a 57 financially responsible officer and secondary 58 qualifying agent; authorizing the board to deny an

Page 2 of 25

20082194

59 application under certain circumstances; deleting a 60 provision relating to the renewal of a certificate of 61 authority; deleting a provision requiring that a qualifying agent be certified or registered for a 62 63 business organization to be issued a certificate of 64 authority in the category of the business conducted for 65 which the qualifying agent is certified or registered; 66 deleting a provision requiring the issuance of a 67 certificate of authority under certain circumstances; 68 deleting a provision relating to disciplinary action against a business organization holding a certificate 69 70 of authority; providing requirements for an application 71 for an occupational license in a county or 72 municipality; providing for the issuance of 73 registration or certification numbers in lieu of 74 certificate of authority numbers; requiring that such 75 number appear on certain documents; providing for the 76 payment of a fee to qualify as a new business 77 organization; requiring that a qualifying agent provide 78 evidence of certain information to the department when 79 attempting to qualify additional business 80 organizations; providing that approval for each 81 business organization is discretionary with the board; 82 amending s. 489.1195, F.S.; prohibiting the board from 83 approving secondary qualifying agents or financially 84 responsible officers after a specified date; amending 85 ss. 489.127, 489.128, and 489.129, F.S.; revising 86 provisions to conform to changes made by the act; 87 amending s. 489.140, F.S.; requiring that funding for

Page 3 of 25

27-03288A-08 20082194 88 the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund 89 cease on a specified date; requiring that all funds 90 remaining in the recovery fund at that time be 91 transferred to the board; amending s. 489.1401, F.S.; 92 providing legislative intent; providing an effective 93 date. 94 95 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 96 97 Section 1. Subsection (19) of section 489.105, Florida 98 Statutes, is amended to read: 99 489.105 Definitions.--As used in this part: "Initial issuance" means the first time a certificate 100 (19)or registration is granted to an individual or business 101 102 organization, including the first time an individual becomes a 103 qualifying agent for a that business organization and the first 104 time a business organization is qualified by that individual. 105 Subsections (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of Section 2. 106 section 489.115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 107 489.115 Certification and registration; endorsement; 108 reciprocity; renewals; continuing education .--109 (5) (a) As a prerequisite to the initial issuance or the 110 renewal of a certificate or registration, the applicant shall 111 submit an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting to 112 the fact that the applicant has obtained workers' compensation 113 insurance as required by chapter 440, public liability insurance, 114 and property damage insurance for the safety and welfare of the 115 public, in amounts determined by rule of the board. The board

Page 4 of 25

SB 2194

20082194

116 shall by rule establish a procedure to verify the accuracy of 117 such affidavits based upon a random sample method.

118 (b) In addition to the affidavit of insurance, as a prerequisite to the initial issuance of a certificate, the 119 120 applicant shall furnish a credit report from a nationally recognized credit agency that reflects the financial 121 122 responsibility of the applicant and evidence of financial 123 responsibility, credit, and business reputation of either himself 124 or herself or the business organization he or she desires to qualify. The board shall adopt rules defining financial 125 126 responsibility based upon the applicant's credit history, ability 127 to be bonded, and any history of bankruptcy or assignment of receivers. The board may also adopt rules that would allow 128 129 applicants to demonstrate financial responsibility, as an 130 alternative to the foregoing, by providing minimum credit scores 131 or bonds payable as prescribed for financially responsible officers. Such rules shall specify the financial responsibility 132 133 grounds on which the board may refuse to qualify an applicant for 134 certification.

135 (b) (c) If, within 60 days from the date the applicant is 136 notified that he or she has qualified, he or she does not provide 137 the evidence required, he or she shall apply to the department 138 for an extension of time which shall be granted upon a showing of 139 just cause.

140 <u>(c) (d)</u> An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate 141 or registration shall submit as a prerequisite to qualifying for 142 an exemption from workers' compensation coverage requirements 143 under s. 440.05 an affidavit attesting to the fact that the

20082194

applicant will obtain an exemption within 30 days after the date 144 145 the initial certificate or registration is issued by the board. 146 (6) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a license 147 under both this part and part II and is required to complete continuing education courses pursuant to s. 489.517(3), the 148 149 certificateholder or registrant may apply hours earned for 150 courses regarding workers' compensation, workplace safety, and 151 business practices toward his or her satisfaction of the 152 requirements of this part.

153 (7) (a) An initial applicant shall submit, along with the 154 application, a complete set of fingerprints in a form and manner 155 required by the department. Fingerprints shall be submitted to 156 the Department of Law Enforcement for processing and forwarding 157 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of 158 conducting a Level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435.04. 159 The department shall and the board may review the results of the 160 background check to determine if an applicant meets licensure 161 requirements. The cost of processing fingerprints shall be borne 162 by the applicant. Such costs shall be collected by the 163 appropriate authorized agencies or vendors, who shall forward the 164 processing costs to the Department of Law Enforcement.

165 (b) If an applicant has been convicted of a felony, the 166 board may deny licensure to the applicant based upon the severity 167 of the crime, the relationship of the crime to the profession of 168 contracting, or the potential for public harm that would result 169 from the granting of a license to the applicant. When approving or denying a license, the board must also consider the amount of 170 171 time that has elapsed since the conviction or convictions, as 172 well as the degree of rehabilitation of the applicant. The board

20082194

173 may not deny licensure to an applicant based solely upon a felony 174 conviction or the applicant's failure to provide proof of 175 restoration of his or her civil rights. This section does not 176 prevent the board from denying licensure based upon a lack of 177 good moral character or because the applicant was convicted of a 178 crime related to contracting. 179 (8) (a) As a prerequisite to the initial issuance of a 180 certificate or registration, the applicant shall submit or have 181 on file a bond, on a form provided by the department, with a 182 surety admitted to write insurance in Florida naming the State of 183 Florida as the obligee. A separate bond shall be required for 184 each business organization qualified by the certificateholder or 185 registrant, including any licenses held as an individual. The bond shall remain in full force and effect until the license is 186 187 revoked or designated as inactive. An applicant is not required 188 to provide any additional evidence of financial responsibility in

189 order to qualify for licensure.

190 The bond shall be for the use and benefit of any person (b) 191 who contracts with the certificateholder or registrant for the 192 performance of work that would require a license pursuant to this 193 chapter, including subcontractors and suppliers supplying labor 194 or materials for such work. Such persons may bring an action 195 against the bond for damages resulting from acts by the 196 certificateholder or registrant constituting a violation or 197 violations of s. 489.129(1). Any such action must be brought 198 within 2 years after the date on which the bond terminates, 199 expires, or is cancelled, or the date on which the 200 certificateholder or registrant committed the breach of contract, 201 whichever is earlier.

20082194

202 (c) Notwithstanding the number of years the bond has been 203 in force, the number of premiums paid, or the number of claims or 204 claimants, the amount of the bond shall be \$75,000 for a 205 certificateholder or registrant, and the aggregate liability of 206 the surety, including any liability for attorney's fees, may not 207 exceed that amount. Failure to maintain the bond may result in 208 disciplinary action, and shall result in the certificateholder's 209 or registrant's license being designated as inactive. 210 The surety may cancel the bond upon no less than 30 (d) 211 days' written notice to the department. However, the surety 212 remains liable for any damages arising out of a contract entered 213 into before the effective date of such cancellation. 214 (e) An irrevocable letter of credit may be furnished to the 215 department in lieu of the bond requirement prescribed in this 216 subsection. The letter of credit must be for \$75,000 and must be 217 assigned to the department. A certificateholder or registrant may 218 collect all interest on the letter of credit. Injured consumers 219 may apply to the department for payment from the letter of credit 220 after securing a civil judgment or criminal order of restitution based upon a violation of s. 489.129(1). The claim for recovery 221 222 must be filed within 1 year after the date on which the civil or 223 criminal action is resolved. 224 (6) An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate or 225 registration shall submit to a statewide criminal history records 226 check through the Department of Law Enforcement. The Department 227 of Business and Professional Regulation shall submit the requests

228 for the criminal history records check to the Department of Law

- 229 Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law
- 230 Enforcement shall return the results to the department to

20082194

determine if the applicant meets certification or registration 231 232 requirements. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony, 233 the board may deny licensure to the applicant based upon the severity of the crime, the relationship of the crime to 234 235 contracting, or the potential for public harm. The board shall 236 also, in denying or approving licensure, consider the length of time since the commission of the crime and the rehabilitation of 237 238 the applicant. The board may not deny licensure to an applicant 239 based solely upon a felony conviction or the applicant's failure 240 to provide proof of restoration of civil rights.

241 (7) An initial applicant shall, along with the application, 242 and a certificateholder or registrant shall, upon requesting a 243 change of status, submit to the board a credit report from a 244 nationally recognized credit agency that reflects the financial 245 responsibility of the applicant or certificateholder or 246 registrant. The credit report required for the initial applicant shall be considered the minimum evidence necessary to satisfy the 247 248 board that he or she is financially responsible to be certified, 249 has the necessary credit and business reputation to engage in 250 contracting in the state, and has the minimum financial stability 251 necessary to avoid the problem of financial mismanagement or 252 misconduct. The board shall, by rule, adopt guidelines for 253 determination of financial stability, which may include minimum 254 requirements for net worth, cash, and bonding for Division I 255 certificateholders of no more than \$20,000 and for Division II 256 certificateholders of no more than \$10,000. Fifty percent of the 257 financial requirements may be met by completing a 14-hour 258 financial responsibility course approved by the board.

Page 9 of 25

```
27-03288A-08
```

20082194

259 (8) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a license 260 under both this part and part II and is required to have continuing education courses under s. 489.517(3), the 261 262 certificateholder or registrant may apply those course hours for 263 workers' compensation, workplace safety, and business practices 264 obtained under part II to the requirements under this part. 265 (9) An initial applicant shall submit, along with the 266 application, a complete set of fingerprints in a form and manner 267 required by the department. The fingerprints shall be submitted 268 to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and 269 the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward them to the 270 Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of conducting a 271 level 2 background check pursuant to s. 435.04. The department 272 shall and the board may review the background results to 273 determine if an applicant meets licensure requirements. The cost 274 for the fingerprint processing shall be borne by the person 275 subject to the background screening. These fees are to be 276 collected by the authorized agencies or vendors. The authorized 277 agencies or vendors are responsible for paying the processing 278 costs to the Department of Law Enforcement.

279 Section 3. Section 489.119, Florida Statutes, is amended to 280 read:

281

489.119 Business organizations; qualifying agents.--

(1) If an individual proposes to engage in contracting in the individual's own name, or a fictitious name where the individual is doing business as a sole proprietorship, registration or certification may be issued only to that individual.

Page 10 of 25

20082194

287 (2)If the applicant proposes to engage in contracting as a 288 business organization, including any partnership, corporation, 289 business trust, or other legal entity, or in any name other than 290 the applicant's legal name or a fictitious name where the applicant is doing business as a sole proprietorship, the 291 292 applicant must apply to qualify the business organization the 293 business organization must apply for a certificate of authority 294 through a qualifying agent and under the fictitious name, if any.

295 The application to qualify as a business organization (a) 296 for a certificate of authority must state the name of the 297 partnership and of its partners; the name of the corporation and 298 of its officers and directors and the name of each of its 299 stockholders who is also an officer or director; the name of the business trust and its trustees; or the name of such other legal 300 301 entity and its members; and must state the fictitious name, if 302 any, under which the business organization is doing business.

303 (b) 1. The application to qualify as a business organization 304 for primary qualifying agent must include an affidavit on a form 305 provided by the board attesting that the applicant has final 306 approval authority for all construction work performed by the 307 entity and that the applicant has final approval authority on all 308 business matters, including contracts, specifications, checks, 309 drafts, or payments, regardless of the form of payment, made by 310 the entity, except where a financially responsible officer is 311 approved.

312 2. The application for financially responsible officer must 313 include an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting 314 that the applicant's approval is required for all checks, drafts, 315 or payments, regardless of the form of payment, made by the

Page 11 of 25

20082194

316 entity and that the applicant has authority to act for the 317 business organization in all financial matters.

318 3. The application for secondary qualifying agent must 319 include an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting 320 that the applicant has authority to supervise all construction 321 work performed by the entity as provided in s. 489.1195(2).

322 (c) The board may deny the application to qualify the 323 business organization if any person cited in paragraph (a) has 324 been involved in past disciplinary actions or on any grounds for 325 which individual certification may be denied.

326 <u>(d) (b)</u> The applicant must furnish evidence of statutory 327 compliance if a fictitious name is used, the provisions of s. 328 865.09(7) notwithstanding.

329 <u>(e) (c)</u> A joint venture, including a joint venture composed 330 of qualified business organizations, is itself a separate and 331 distinct organization that must be qualified and obtain a 332 certificate of authority in accordance with board rules.

333 (d) A certificate of authority must be renewed every 2 334 years. If there is a change in any information that is required 335 to be stated on the application, the business organization shall, 336 within 45 days after such change occurs, mail the correct 337 information to the department.

(3) (a) The qualifying agent shall be certified or
registered under this part in order for the business organization
to be issued a certificate of authority in the category of the
business conducted for which the qualifying agent is certified or
registered. If any qualifying agent ceases to be affiliated with
such business organization, he or she shall so inform the
department. In addition, if such qualifying agent is the only

Page 12 of 25

20082194

certified or registered contractor affiliated with the business 345 346 organization, the business organization shall notify the 347 department of the termination of the qualifying agent and shall 348 have 60 days from the termination of the qualifying agent's 349 affiliation with the business organization in which to employ 350 another qualifying agent. The business organization may not 351 engage in contracting until a qualifying agent is employed, 352 unless the executive director or chair of the board has granted a temporary nonrenewable certificate or registration to the 353 354 financially responsible officer, the president, a partner, or, in 355 the case of a limited partnership, the general partner, who 356 assumes all responsibilities of a primary qualifying agent for 357 the entity. This temporary certificate or registration shall only 358 allow the entity to proceed with incomplete contracts. For the 359 purposes of this paragraph, an incomplete contract is one which 360 has been awarded to, or entered into by, the business 361 organization prior to the cessation of affiliation of the 362 qualifying agent with the business organization or one on which 363 the business organization was the low bidder and the contract is 364 subsequently awarded, regardless of whether any actual work has 365 commenced under the contract prior to the qualifying agent 366 ceasing to be affiliated with the business organization.

(b) The qualifying agent shall inform the department in writing when he or she proposes to engage in contracting in his or her own name or in affiliation with another business organization, and he or she or such new business organization shall supply the same information to the department as required of applicants under this part.

Page 13 of 25

20082194

373 (c) Upon a favorable determination by the board, after 374 investigation of the financial responsibility, credit, and 375 business reputation of the qualifying agent and the new business 376 organization, the department shall issue, without an examination, 377 a new certificate of authority in the business organization's 378 name.

379 (4) Disciplinary action against a business organization 380 holding a certificate of authority shall be administered in the 381 same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action 382 against a contractor. The board may deny the certification of any 383 person cited in subsection (2) if the person has been involved in 384 past disciplinary actions or on any grounds for which individual 385 certification can be denied.

386 (4) (4) (5) When a certified qualifying agent, on behalf of a 387 business organization, makes application for an occupational 388 license in any municipality or county of this state, the 389 application shall be made with the tax collector in the name of 390 the business organization and the qualifying agent; and the 391 license, when issued, shall be issued to the business 392 organization, upon payment of the appropriate licensing fee and exhibition to the tax collector of a valid certificate for the 393 394 qualifying agent and a valid certificate of authority for the 395 business organization issued by the department, and the state 396 license number numbers shall be noted thereon.

397 <u>(5)(6)</u>(a) Each registered or certified contractor shall 398 affix the number of his or her registration or certification to 399 each application for a building permit and on each building 400 permit issued and recorded. Each city or county building 401 department shall require, as a precondition for the issuance of

Page 14 of 25

20082194

402 the building permit, that the contractor taking out the permit 403 must provide verification giving his or her Construction Industry 404 Licensing Board registration or certification number.

(b) The registration or certification number of each
contractor or certificate of authority number for each business
organization shall appear in each offer of services, business
proposal, bid, contract, or advertisement, regardless of medium,
as defined by board rule, used by that contractor or business
organization in the practice of contracting.

411 (C) If a vehicle bears the name of a contractor or business 412 organization, or any text or artwork that which would lead a 413 reasonable person to believe that the vehicle is used for 414 contracting, the registration or certification number of the 415 contractor or certificate of authority number of the business 416 organization must be conspicuously and legibly displayed with the 417 name, text, or artwork. Local governments may also require that 418 locally licensed contractors must also display their certificate 419 of competency or license numbers. Nothing in this paragraph shall 420 be construed to create a mandatory vehicle signage requirement.

421 (d) For the purposes of this part, the term "advertisement"
422 does not include business stationery or any promotional novelties
423 such as balloons, pencils, trinkets, or articles of clothing.

(e) The board shall issue a notice of noncompliance for the
first offense, and may assess a fine or issue a citation for
failure to correct the offense within 30 days or for any
subsequent offense, to any contractor or business organization
that fails to include the registration or certification
certification, registration, or certificate of authority number
as required by this part when submitting an advertisement for

Page 15 of 25

20082194

431 publication, broadcast, or printing or fails to display the
432 registration or certification certification, registration, or
433 certificate of authority number as required by this part.

434 (6) (7) Each qualifying agent shall pay the department an amount equal to the original fee to qualify for a certificate of 435 436 authority of a new business organization. If the qualifying agent 437 for a business organization desires to qualify additional 438 business organizations, the board shall require him or her to 439 present evidence of his or her ability to supervise the 440 construction activities and financial responsibility of each such organization. Approval for each business organization The 441 442 issuance of such certificate of authority is discretionary with 443 the board.

444 <u>(7) (8)</u> (a) A business organization proposing to engage in 445 contracting is not required to apply for or obtain authorization 446 under this part to engage in contracting if:

1. The business organization employs one or more registered or certified contractors licensed in accordance with this part who are responsible for obtaining permits and supervising all of the business organization's contracting activities;

2. The business organization engages only in contracting on
property owned by the business organization or by its parent,
subsidiary, or affiliated entities; and

3. The business organization, or its parent entity if the
business organization is a wholly owned subsidiary, maintains a
minimum net worth of \$20 million.

(b) Any business organization engaging in contracting under
this subsection shall provide the board with the name and license
number of each registered or certified contractor employed by the

Page 16 of 25

20082194

460 business organization to supervise its contracting activities. 461 The business organization is not required to post a bond or 462 otherwise evidence any financial or credit information except as 463 necessary to demonstrate compliance with paragraph (a).

(c) A registered or certified contractor employed by a business organization to supervise its contracting activities under this subsection shall not be required to post a bond or otherwise evidence any personal financial or credit information so long as the individual performs contracting activities exclusively on behalf of a business organization meeting all of the requirements of paragraph (a).

471 Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 489.1195, Florida
472 Statutes, is amended to read:

473

489.1195 Responsibilities.--

474 (1) <u>The board may not approve secondary qualifying agents</u>
475 <u>or financially responsible officers after June 30, 2008.</u> A
476 <u>qualifying agent is a primary qualifying agent unless he or she</u>
477 <u>is a secondary qualifying agent under this section.</u>

(a) All primary qualifying agents for a business
organization are jointly and equally responsible for supervision
of all operations of the business organization; for all field
work at all sites; and for financial matters, both for the
organization in general and for each specific job.

(b) Upon approval by the board, a business entity may
designate a financially responsible officer for purposes of
certification or registration. A financially responsible officer
shall be responsible for all financial aspects of the business
organization and may not be designated as the primary qualifying
agent. The designated financially responsible officer shall

Page 17 of 25

20082194

489 furnish evidence of the financial responsibility, credit, and 490 business reputation of either himself or herself, or the business 491 organization he or she desires to qualify, as determined 492 appropriate by the board.

(c) Where a business organization has a certified or registered financially responsible officer, the primary qualifying agent shall be responsible for all construction activities of the business organization, both in general and for each specific job.

(d) The board shall adopt rules prescribing the qualifications for financially responsible officers, including net worth, cash, and bonding requirements. These qualifications must be at least as extensive as the requirements for the financial responsibility of qualifying agents.

503 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 489.127, Florida 504 Statutes, is amended to read:

505 506

489.127 Prohibitions; penalties.--

(1) No person shall:

507 (a) Falsely hold himself or herself or a business
508 organization out as a licensee, certificateholder, or registrant;

509 (b) Falsely impersonate a certificateholder or registrant;

510 (c) Present as his or her own the certificate,511 registration, or certificate of authority of another;

(d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the board or a member thereof;

(e) Use or attempt to use a certificate, registration, or certificate of authority which has been suspended or revoked;

(f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor or advertise himself or herself or a business

Page 18 of 25

27-03288A-08 20082194 518 organization as available to engage in the business or act in the 519 capacity of a contractor without being duly registered or 520 certified or having a certificate of authority; Operate a business organization engaged in contracting 521 (q) 522 after 60 days following the termination of its only qualifying 523 agent without designating another primary qualifying agent, 524 except as provided in ss. 489.119 and 489.1195; 525 (h) Commence or perform work for which a building permit is 526 required pursuant to part VII of chapter 553 without such 527 building permit being in effect; or 528 (i) Willfully or deliberately disregard or violate any 529 municipal or county ordinance relating to uncertified or 530 unregistered contractors. 531 532 For purposes of this subsection, a person or business 533 organization operating on an inactive or suspended certificate, 534 registration, or certificate of authority is not duly certified 535 or registered and is considered unlicensed. A business tax 536 receipt issued under the authority of chapter 205 is not a 537 license for purposes of this part. 538 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 539 489.128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 489.128 Contracts entered into by unlicensed contractors 540 541 unenforceable.--542 (1) As a matter of public policy, contracts entered into on or after October 1, 1990, by an unlicensed contractor shall be 543 544 unenforceable in law or in equity by the unlicensed contractor. 545 For purposes of this section, an individual or business (b) 546 organization may not be considered unlicensed for failing to have

Page 19 of 25

20082194

a business tax receipt issued under the authority of chapter 205. 547 548 A business organization may not be considered unlicensed for 549 failing to have a certificate of authority as formerly required 550 by ss. 489.119 and 489.127. For purposes of this section, a 551 business organization entering into the contract may not be considered unlicensed if, before the date established by 552 553 paragraph (c), an individual possessing a license required by 554 this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under 555 the contract has submitted an application for a certificate of 556 authority designating that individual as a qualifying agent for 557 the business organization entering into the contract, and the 558 application was not acted upon by the department or applicable 559 board within the time limitations imposed by s. 120.60.

560 Section 7. Subsections (1), (5), and (7) of section 561 489.129, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

562

489.129 Disciplinary proceedings.--

563 The board may take any of the following actions against (1)564 any certificateholder or registrant: place on probation or 565 reprimand the licensee, revoke, suspend, or deny the issuance or renewal of the certificate, registration, or certificate of 566 567 authority, require financial restitution to a consumer for 568 financial harm directly related to a violation of a provision of 569 this part, require the licensing bond as provided for in s. 570 489.115(8), impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 571 per violation, require continuing education, or assess costs 572 associated with investigation and prosecution, if the contractor, financially responsible officer, or business organization for 573 574 which the contractor is a primary qualifying agent, a financially

Page 20 of 25

20082194

575 responsible officer, or a secondary qualifying agent responsible 576 under s. 489.1195 is found guilty of any of the following acts:

577 (a) Obtaining a <u>registration or certification</u> certificate,
578 registration, or certificate of authority by fraud or
579 misrepresentation.

(b) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of contracting or the ability to practice contracting.

584

(c) Violating any provision of chapter 455.

(d) Performing any act which assists a person or entity in engaging in the prohibited uncertified and unregistered practice of contracting, if the certificateholder or registrant knows or has reasonable grounds to know that the person or entity was uncertified and unregistered.

590 Knowingly combining or conspiring with an uncertified (e) 591 or unregistered person by allowing his or her certificate, 592 registration, or certificate of authority to be used by the 593 uncertified or unregistered person with intent to evade the 594 provisions of this part. When a certificateholder or registrant 595 allows his or her certificate or registration to be used by one 596 or more business organizations without having any active 597 participation in the operations, management, or control of such 598 business organizations, such act constitutes prima facie evidence 599 of an intent to evade the provisions of this part.

600 (f) Acting in the capacity of a contractor under any
601 certificate or registration issued hereunder except in the name
602 of the certificateholder or registrant as set forth on the issued
603 certificate or registration, or in accordance with the personnel

20082194

604 of the certificateholder or registrant as set forth in the 605 application for the certificate or registration, or as later 606 changed as provided in this part.

607 (g) Committing mismanagement or misconduct in the practice
608 of contracting that causes financial harm to a customer.
609 Financial mismanagement or misconduct occurs when:

1. Valid liens have been recorded against the property of a contractor's customer for supplies or services ordered by the contractor for the customer's job; the contractor has received funds from the customer to pay for the supplies or services; and the contractor has not had the liens removed from the property, by payment or by bond, within 75 days after the date of such liens;

617 2. The contractor has abandoned a customer's job and the 618 percentage of completion is less than the percentage of the total 619 contract price paid to the contractor as of the time of 620 abandonment, unless the contractor is entitled to retain such 621 funds under the terms of the contract or refunds the excess funds 622 within 30 days after the date the job is abandoned; or

623 The contractor's job has been completed, and it is shown 3. 624 that the customer has had to pay more for the contracted job than 625 the original contract price, as adjusted for subsequent change 626 orders, unless such increase in cost was the result of 627 circumstances beyond the control of the contractor, was the 628 result of circumstances caused by the customer, or was otherwise 629 permitted by the terms of the contract between the contractor and 630 the customer.

(h) Being disciplined by any municipality or county for anact or violation of this part.

Page 22 of 25

20082194

(i) Failing in any material respect to comply with the
provisions of this part or violating a rule or lawful order of
the board.

(j) Abandoning a construction project in which the contractor is engaged or under contract as a contractor. A project may be presumed abandoned after 90 days if the contractor terminates the project without just cause or without proper notification to the owner, including the reason for termination, or fails to perform work without just cause for 90 consecutive days.

(k) Signing a statement with respect to a project or contract falsely indicating that the work is bonded; falsely indicating that payment has been made for all subcontracted work, labor, and materials which results in a financial loss to the owner, purchaser, or contractor; or falsely indicating that workers' compensation and public liability insurance are provided.

650 (1) Committing fraud or deceit in the practice of651 contracting.

(m) Committing incompetency or misconduct in the practiceof contracting.

(n) Committing gross negligence, repeated negligence, ornegligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.

(o) Proceeding on any job without obtaining applicablelocal building department permits and inspections.

(p) Intimidating, threatening, coercing, or otherwise discouraging the service of a notice to owner under part I of chapter 713 or a notice to contractor under chapter 255 or part I of chapter 713.

Page 23 of 25

666

20082194

(q) Failing to satisfy within a reasonable time, the terms
of a civil judgment obtained against the licensee, or the
business organization qualified by the licensee, relating to the
practice of the licensee's profession.

667 For the purposes of this subsection, construction is considered 668 to be commenced when the contract is executed and the contractor 669 has accepted funds from the customer or lender. A contractor does 670 not commit a violation of this subsection when the contractor 671 relies on a building code interpretation rendered by a building 672 official or person authorized by s. 553.80 to enforce the 673 building code, absent a finding of fraud or deceit in the 674 practice of contracting, or gross negligence, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to 675 676 life or property on the part of the building official, in a 677 proceeding under chapter 120.

678 The board may not reinstate the certification or_{T} (5)679 registration of, or certificate of authority of, or cause a 680 certification or certificate, registration, or certificate of 681 authority to be issued to, a person who or business organization 682 that which the board has determined is unqualified or whose registration or certification certificate, registration, or 683 684 certificate of authority the board has suspended until it is 685 satisfied that such person or business organization has complied 686 with all the terms and conditions set forth in the final order 687 and is capable of competently engaging in the business of 688 contracting.

689 (7) The board shall not issue or renew a <u>registration or</u>
 690 certification certificate, registration, or certificate of

Page 24 of 25

20082194

691 authority to any person or business organization that has been 692 assessed a fine, interest, or costs associated with investigation 693 and prosecution, or has been ordered to pay restitution, until 694 such fine, interest, or costs associated with investigation and 695 prosecution or restitution are paid in full or until all terms 696 and conditions of the final order have been satisfied.

697 Section 8. Section 489.140, Florida Statutes, is amended to 698 read:

699 489.140 Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery 700 Fund.--There is created the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund as a separate account in the Professional 701 702 Regulation Trust Fund. The recovery fund shall be funded out of 703 the receipts deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund 704 from the one-half cent per square foot surcharge on building 705 permits collected and disbursed pursuant to s. 468.631. Funding 706 for the recovery fund shall cease effective June 30, 2010. All 707 funds remaining in the recovery fund at that time shall be 708 transferred to the Construction Industry Licensing Board.

Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 489.1401,
Florida Statutes, to read:

711

489.1401 Legislative intent.--

712 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that no claims be 713 received by the recovery fund after June 30, 2009, and that the 714 Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund be abolished 715 effective June 30, 2010.

716

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

Page 25 of 25