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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to local government finance; amending s. 215.441, F.S.; providing that the appointment of the executive director of the State Board of Administration be confirmed by the Senate and approved by a majority vote of the trustees of the board; amending s. 215.442, F.S.; requiring the executive director of the State Board of Administration to present the trustees with additional information; providing that the executive director is a state officer and subject to financial disclosure requirements; amending s. 218.401, F.S.; clarifying purpose and intent; amending s. 218.403, F.S.; defining the terms "board" and "trustees" for purposes of the Investment of Local Government Surplus Funds Act; amending s. 218.405, F.S.; providing for the administration of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund; providing duties of Trustees of the State Board of Administration; amending s. 218.407, F.S.; requiring that the board provide a unit of local government with certain information before such unit makes a determination that it is in the best interest of the local government unit to deposit surplus funds in the trust fund; requiring the filing of a resolution upon such determination; requiring that the resolution contain certain information; requiring that the board invest the moneys in the trust fund in a certain manner; amending s. 218.409, F.S.; providing duties of the board with regard to the administration of the trust fund; providing for the establishment of a reserve account; requiring monthly allocations to the

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reserve account; limiting the amount of monthly allocations; requiring that the board report annually to every participant having a beneficial interest in the trust fund; providing for the preparation of the report; providing that such report is subject to independent financial audit; requiring that the board provide a monthly statement to beneficiaries; requiring that such statement contain certain information; requiring that the Investment Advisory Council assist the board in investing moneys held in the trust fund; providing duties of the council; creating the Pool Participant Advisory Council; providing purposes for the council; providing for membership and composition of the council; requiring that the executive director of the State Board of Administration consider appropriate action and advise the trustees accordingly under certain circumstances; providing duties of the trustees under such circumstances; authorizing the trustees to perform certain actions for the purpose of ensuring the proper exercise of fiduciary responsibility; authorizing the trustees to place assets of the trust fund into a liquidating account; providing for the maintenance and administration of such liquidating accounts; providing powers and duties of trustees with regard to assets in a liquidating account; providing for distribution of cash received from income or liquidation of assets held in a liquidating account; requiring the audit of such accounts; authorizing certain reasonable expenses to be charged to a liquidating account; excluding certain information related to assets held in liquidating

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accounts from certain statements; requiring that separate statements be issued for such information; providing for the transfer of reserves held in a liquidating account; requiring that the status of such accounts be reported regularly to the trustees, participants in the fund, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Pool Participant Advisory Council; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 215.441, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.441 Board of Administration; appointment of executive director.—The appointment of the executive director of the State Board of Administration shall be subject to confirmation by the Senate and the approval by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees of the State Board of Administration, and the Governor must vote on the prevailing side. Such appointment must be reaffirmed in the same manner by the board of trustees on an annual basis.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 215.442, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

215.442 Executive director; reporting requirements; public meeting.--

- (1) Beginning October 2007 and quarterly thereafter, the executive director shall present to the Board of Trustees of the State Board of Administration a quarterly report to include the following:
 - (a) The name of each equity in which the State Board of

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Administration has invested for the quarter.

- (b) The industry category of each equity.
- (c) Mortgage securities or debt that represent participation in or are collateralized by mortgage loans secured by real property or debt issued, including the letter and numerical ratings provided by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations for each security.
- (d) A reporting of which securities have moved inside and outside of investment grade.
- (4) The executive director is a state officer and is subject to s. 112.3145.

Section 3. Section 218.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.401 Purpose.--It is the intent of this part to promote, through state assistance, the maximization of net interest earnings on invested surplus funds of local units of government, based on the principles of safety and liquidity, with the goal of thereby reducing the need for imposing additional taxes.

Section 4. Section 218.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.403 Definitions.--The following words or terms, when used in this part, shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "Board" means the State Board of Administration.
- (2) (1) "Chief financial officer" means the mayor, manager, administrator, clerk, comptroller, treasurer, director of finance, or other local government official, regardless of the title of his or her office, charged with administering the fiscal affairs of a unit of local government.
 - (3) "Current expenses" means expenses to meet known cash

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needs and anticipated cash-flow requirements for the short term.

- $\underline{(4)}$ "Governing body" means the body or board in which the legislative power of a unit of local government is vested.
- (5) (4) "Short term" means a maximum of 6 months of operation.
- (6)(5) "Surplus funds" means any funds in any general or special account or fund of a unit of local government, or funds held by an independent trustee on behalf of a unit of local government, which in reasonable contemplation will not be immediately needed for the purposes intended.
- (7)(6) "Trust fund" means the pooled investment fund created by s. 218.405 and known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund. The term does not include a liquidating account created under s. 218.409.
- (8) "Trustees" means the Trustees of the State Board of Administration.
- (9) (7) "Unit of local government" means any governmental entity within the state not part of state government and shall include, but not be limited to, the following and the officers thereof: any county, municipality, school district, special district, clerk of the circuit court, sheriff, property appraiser, tax collector, supervisor of elections, authority, board, public corporations, or any other political subdivision of the state.
- Section 5. Section 218.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 143 218.405 Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund; 144 creation.--
 - (1) There is hereby created a Local Government Surplus

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Funds Trust Fund to be administered <u>directly</u> by the <u>board or</u> through a professional money management firm selected by the <u>State</u> board, of Administration and to be composed of local government surplus funds deposited therein by units of local government under the procedures established in this part.

- (2) The trustees shall annually certify to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee that the trust fund is in compliance with the requirements of this part and that the trustees have conducted a review of the trust fund and determined that the management of the trust fund is in accord with best-investment practices.
- (3) The board may adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section.
- Section 6. Section 218.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 218.407 Local government investment authority.--
- (1) Before any determination by the governing body that it is in the interest of the unit of local government to deposit surplus funds in the trust fund, the board must provide to the governing body enrollment materials, including a trust fund profile containing impartial educational information describing the administration and investment policy of the trust fund including, but not limited to:
- (a) Rights and conditions of participation, including potential restrictions on withdrawals.
- (b) Historical performance, investment holdings, credit quality, and average maturity of the trust fund investments.
 - (c) Applicable administrative rules.
 - (d) Rate-determination processes for any deposit or

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175 withdrawal.

- (e) Any fees, charges, penalties, and deductions that apply to the account.
- (f) The most recently published financial statements or independent audit, if available, prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles.
- (g) The disclosure statement for signature by the appropriate local government official.
- determination by the governing body that it is in the interest of the unit of local government to deposit surplus funds in the trust fund, a resolution by the governing body and the signed acceptance of the disclosure statement by the local government official designated in the resolution, who may be the chief financial or administrative officer of the local government, shall be filed with the State Board of Administration authorizing investment of its surplus funds in the trust fund established by this part. The resolution shall name:
- (a) The local government official, who may be the chief financial or administrative officer of the local government $\underline{\text{who}}$ is responsible for deposit and withdrawal of such funds. $\overline{\text{vor}}$
- (b) An independent trustee holding funds on behalf of the unit of local government who is τ

responsible for deposit and withdrawal of such funds.

- (c) The source and use of the funds to be invested in the trust fund and the schedule of distribution, if known.
- $\underline{(3)}$ The State board of Administration shall, upon the filing of the resolution, invest the moneys in the trust fund in

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the same manner and subject to the same restrictions as are set forth in s. 215.47. Except when authorized by the board, All units of local government which qualify to be participants in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund shall after January 1, 1982, will normally have surplus funds deposited into a pooled investment account.

(4)(3) The provisions of this part shall not impair the power of a unit of local government to hold funds in deposit accounts with banking or savings institutions or to invest funds as otherwise authorized by law.

Section 7. Section 218.409, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.409 Administration of the trust fund.--

- (1) Upon receipt of the resolution from the local governing body, the State Board of Administration shall accept all wire transfers of funds into the trust fund. The State Board of Administration shall also wire-transfer invested local government funds to the local government upon request of the local government official named in the resolution.
- (2) The State Board of Administration shall administer the investment trust funds on behalf of the participants and shall have the power to invest such funds. A fee may be charged on any transaction that is not in accord with the close of business as set by the board.
- (3) The State Board of Administration may purchase such surety or other bonds or borrow funds from others that may be secured by the assets held in such trust fund, and give and renew notes for such borrowed funds as may be necessary for its officials in order to protect the trust fund. A reserve account

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shall fund may be established and maintained through deductions from pooled investment earnings in order to protect the trust fund from credit-related losses in investments or declare onetime dividends to be allocated to participants on an equitable basis. Regular monthly allocations to the reserve fund may not exceed, on an annualized basis, one-tenth of 1 percent of the trust fund's investments until the reserve fund equals 1 percent of investments. However, other allocations to the reserve fund may be declared by the trustees of the State Board of Administration. Any use of the reserve fund must be authorized by the trustees to fulfill this purpose.

- (4) All investments may be purchased jointly for the participants in the trust fund. The board shall may also purchase investments for a pooled investment account in which all participants may share pro rata, as determined by rule of the board, in the capital gain, income, or losses, subject to any penalties for early withdrawal. The board shall determine the rate of return for the pooled investment account. A system may be developed by the board to keep current account balance information and to apportion pooled investment earnings back to individual accounts.
- (5) The State Board of Administration shall keep a separate account, designated by name and number of each participating local government. A maximum number of accounts allowed for each participant may be established by the board. Individual transactions and totals of all investments, or the share belonging to each participant, shall be recorded in the accounts.
- (6) The State Board of Administration shall report <u>annually</u> for the period ending June 30 semiannually or upon request to

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every participant having a beneficial interest in the trust fund. The report shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals show the changes in investments made during the preceding period. Such The report shall be subject to annual independent external financial audit delineate, in a manner which is in accordance with generally accepted governmental accounting procedures, those funds on deposit, the manner in which the funds are invested, and the interest earnings thereon. The State Board of Administration shall furnish upon request the details of an investment transaction to any participant. The board shall provide to each participant a monthly statement accounting for the contributions made on behalf of such participant, the interest and investment earnings thereon, the value of the account, and any fees, penalties, or other deductions applying thereto. The board shall make available ongoing multimedia educational materials and communications detailing historical performance, investment holdings, amortized cost and market value of the trust fund, credit quality, and average maturity of the trust fund investments. Additional reporting may be made to pool participants.

- (7) Costs incurred in carrying out the provisions of this part shall be deducted from the interest earnings accruing to the trust fund. Such deductions shall be prorated among the participant local governments in the percentage that each participant's deposits bear to the total trust fund.
- (8)(a) The principal, and any part thereof, of each and every account constituting the trust fund shall be subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the fund or as otherwise provided in this section by agreement between the State Board of

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Administration and the investing unit.

- (b) An order or warrant may not be issued upon any account for a larger amount than the share of the particular account to which it applies; and if such order or warrant is issued, the responsible official shall be personally liable under his or her bond for the entire overdraft resulting from the payment if made.
- (9) The Investment Advisory Council, as created pursuant to s. 215.444, shall assist the board in investing moneys held in the trust fund. The council shall regularly review the investment status and performance of the trust fund, including credit quality, liquidity and cash flow, risk management, investment policy guidelines, compliance exceptions, and any other policies, procedures, or activities that the council deems relevant. Before presenting the investment policy guidelines or any recommended changes thereto to the Trustees of the State Board of Administration for approval, the executive director of the board shall present such guidelines or changes to the council for review. The council shall present the results of its review to the trustees before the board's final approval of the guidelines or any changes thereto.
- Advisory Council for the purposes of regularly reviewing the administration of the trust fund and making recommendations regarding such administration to the trustees. The members of the council shall be appointed by the board and subject to confirmation by the Senate. Members must possess special knowledge, experience, and familiarity obtained through active, long-standing, and material participation in the dealings of the trust fund. Each member shall serve a 4-year term. Any vacancy

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shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term. The council shall annually elect a chair and vice chair from within its membership. A member may not serve consecutive terms as chair or vice chair.

- (11) If at the close of any 2 consecutive business days the ratio of the trust fund's market value to amortized cost is below .995 or above 1.005, or during a major market disruption causing a suspension of trading, or if liquidity is impaired, the executive director of the board shall promptly consider what action, if any, shall be initiated, and advise the trustees of the State Board of Administration accordingly. If the trustees believe the extent of any deviation from the trust fund's amortized cost price per share may result in material dilution or other unfair results to participants, the trustees shall take such action as they deem appropriate to eliminate or reduce, to the extent reasonably practicable, such dilution or unfair results. In order to ensure the proper exercise of fiduciary responsibility, the trustees may:
- (a) Limit contributions to the trust fund or withdrawals from the trust fund;
 - (b) Impose early redemption fees; and
 - (c) Create a liquidating account under subsection (12).
- (12) At any time and at their discretion, the trustees may segregate and place any assets of the trust fund, including any reserve fund proceeds established in the trust fund, in a liquidating account to be held and disposed of in accordance with this subsection.
- (a) Each liquidating account established by the segregation of an asset of the trust fund pursuant to this paragraph shall be

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maintained and administered solely for the benefit of, and the proceeds thereof shall be distributed ratably to, all participants in the trust fund at the time such assets are set apart in such liquidating account, except as set forth below with respect to reserves. The trustees shall have, with respect to any such assets held in any such liquidating account or any investment received in exchange for such assets, the same power and authority as set forth in this section. The trustees shall liquidate the investments held in any liquidating account if such liquidation is in the best interests of the participants.

- (b) Additional money or future interest earnings from the trust fund may not be invested in a liquidating account.
- (c) Distributions of cash received from income or liquidation of any asset held in a liquidating account shall be made at such intervals as the trustees deem appropriate, but not less frequently than monthly. All such distributions as of any one time shall be made ratably and on the same basis among the participants' beneficial interest in such liquidating account.
- (d) Each liquidating account shall be audited in the manner provided in subsection (6).
- (e) All reasonable expenses incurred in the administration of a liquidating account which would be chargeable to the respective trust fund from which the asset held in such liquidating account was segregated if incurred in the administration of such trust fund may be charged to such liquidating account.
- (f) For the purpose of deposits to and withdrawals from the trust fund, as well as determining the value of the units of the trust fund and the income, gains, or losses of the trust fund

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allocated among participants pursuant to this section, the value, income, gains, or losses of any assets held in any liquidating account shall be excluded, and separate financial statements shall be prepared to reflect such for purposes of state and local government financial reporting. Any reserves held in a liquidating account may be transferred by the trustees at their sole discretion back to the trust fund from which the assets were originally segregated, to the extent that participants are returned their original principal amount in the liquidating account as such amount existed at the time of segregation.

Regular reports regarding the status of a liquidating account shall be provided to the trustees, participants, Investment Advisory Council, and Pool Participant Advisory Council.

Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.