### Florida Senate - 2008

(Reformatted) SB 300

By Senator Crist

12-00280-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to service of process; amending s. 30.231,
3	F.S.; increasing the fees charged by the sheriff in civil
4	cases for service of process; exempting the State of
5	Florida and its agencies from increased fees; deleting a
6	prohibition on additional fees for certain documents;
7	amending s. 48.021, F.S.; providing that criminal witness
8	subpoenas and criminal summonses may be served by a
9	special process server appointed by the local sheriff or
10	by a certified process server; amending s. 56.041, F.S.;
11	providing that all unsatisfied executions in the
12	possession of the sheriff docketed before October 1, 2001,
13	may be returned to the issuing court; amending s. 56.21,
14	F.S.; requiring the submission of an affidavit before
15	levying a judgment upon real property; requiring the
16	sheriff to furnish to the judgment debtor or the debtor's
17	attorney of record a copy of the notice of sale, notice of
18	levy, and affidavit within a specified period before
19	execution of a sale or levy; amending s. 56.27, F.S.;
20	requiring that priority of liens on real property be based
21	on the effective date of the judgment lien; requiring a
22	levying creditor to deliver to the sheriff at the time of
23	the levy request an affidavit setting forth certain
24	information and attestations; amending ss. 741.30 and
25	784.046, F.S., relating to service of process in cases of
26	domestic violence or sexual abuse; authorizing clerks of
27	court to transmit facsimile copies of previously certified
28	injunctions to sheriffs upon request; requiring sheriffs
29	to verify receipt of facsimile copies of injunctions with

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30	clerks of court before attempting service; authorizing law
31	enforcement officers to serve facsimile copies of
32	injunctions in the same manner as certified copies;
33	providing an effective date.
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35	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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37	Section 1. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 30.231,
38	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
39	30.231 Sheriffs' fees for service of summons, subpoenas,
40	and executions
41	(1) The sheriffs of all counties of the state in civil
42	cases shall charge fixed, nonrefundable fees for docketing and
43	service of process, according to the following schedule:
44	(a) All summons or writs except executions: $\frac{$40}{$20}$ for
45	each summons or writ to be served, except when more than one
46	summons or writ is issued at the same time out of the same cause
47	of action to be served upon one person or defendant at the same
48	time, in which case the sheriff shall be entitled to one fee.
49	(b) All writs except executions requiring a levy or seizure
50	of property: \$50 in addition to the <u>\$40</u> <del>\$20</del> fee as stated in
51	paragraph (a).
52	(c) Witness subpoenas: $\frac{\$40}{\$20}$ for each witness to be
53	served.
54	(d) Executions:
55	1. Forty <del>Twenty</del> dollars for docketing and indexing each
56	writ of execution, regardless of the number of persons involved.
57	2. Fifty dollars for each levy.
58	a. A levy is considered made when any property or any
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59 portion of the property listed or unlisted in the instructions 60 for levy is seized, or upon demand of the sheriff the writ is 61 satisfied by the defendant in lieu of seizure. Seizure requires 62 that the sheriff take actual possession, if practicable, or, 63 alternatively, constructive possession of the property by order 64 of the court.

b. When the instructions are for levy upon real property, a
levy fee is required for each parcel described in the
instructions.

68 c. When the instructions are for levy based upon personal 69 property, one fee is allowed, unless the property is seized at 70 different locations, conditional upon all of the items being 71 advertised collectively and the sale being held at a single 72 location. However, if the property seized cannot be sold at one 73 location during the same sale as advertised, but requires 74 separate sales at different locations, the sheriff is then 75 authorized to impose a levy fee for the property and sale at each 76 location.

77 3. Forty Twenty dollars for advertisement of sale under
78 process.

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4. Forty Twenty dollars for each sale under process.

5. <u>Forty</u> <del>Twenty</del> dollars for each deed, bill of sale, or
satisfaction of judgment.

82 (e) The State of Florida or any of its agencies, when 83 appearing as appellant or petitioner, is exempt from the increase 84 in fees for docketing and service of process effective July 1, 85 2008.

86 (4) All fees collected under paragraphs (1)(a), (b), (c),87 and (d) shall be nonrefundable and shall be earned when each

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12-00280-08 2008300 88 original request or service of process is made, and no additional 89 fees shall be required for alias and pluries documents when 90 service was not effected on the original document in that county by that sheriff. 91 92 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 48.021, Florida 93 Statutes, is amended to read: 94 48.021 Process; by whom served.--95 (1) All process shall be served by the sheriff of the 96 county where the person to be served is found, except initial 97 nonenforceable civil process, criminal witness subpoenas, and criminal summonses may be served by a special process server 98 99 appointed by the sheriff as provided for in this section or by a 100 certified process server as provided for in ss. 48.25-48.31. 101 Civil witness subpoenas may be served by any person authorized by 102 rules of civil procedure. 103 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 56.041, Florida 104 Statutes, is amended to read: 105 56.041 Executions; collection and return.--106 (2) All unsatisfied executions in the hands of the sheriff docketed before October 1, 2001, or 20 years after the date of 107 108 issuance of final judgment upon which the execution was issued 109 may be returned, to the court issuing the execution, 20 years 110 after the date of issuance of final judgment upon which the 111 execution was issued. Upon such return, the clerk of the court 112 of issuance shall provide a receipt $_{\tau}$  to the sheriff submitting 113 the return  $\tau$  acknowledging the return of the unsatisfied execution. 114 115 Section 4. Section 56.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to 116 read:

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117 56.21 Execution sales; notice.--Notice of all sales under 118 execution shall be given by advertisement once each week for 4 119 successive weeks in a newspaper published in the county in which the sale is to take place. The time of such notice may be 120 shortened in the discretion of the court from which the execution 121 122 issued, upon affidavit that the property to be sold is subject to 123 decay and will not sell for its full value if held until date of 124 sale. On or before the date of the first publication or posting 125 of the notice of sale, a copy of the notice of sale shall be 126 furnished by the sheriff by certified mail to the attorney of 127 record of the judgment debtor, or to the judgment debtor at the 128 judgment debtor's last known address if the judgment debtor does 129 not have an attorney of record. Such copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed even though a default judgment was entered. When 130 131 levying upon real or personal property, a notice of such levy and execution sale and a copy of the affidavit required by s. 132 133 56.27(4) shall be sent by the sheriff to the attorneys of record of all judgment creditors, or to all judgment creditors who do 134 135 not have an attorney of record, who have acquired a judgment lien as provided in s. 55.10(1) and (2), s. 55.202, or s. 55.204(3), 136 137 and whose liens have not lapsed at the time of levy, at the 138 address listed in the judgment lien certificate, or, if amended, 139 in any amendment to the judgment lien certificate, and to all 140 secured creditors who have filed financing statements as provided 141 in part V of chapter 679 in the name of the judgment debtor 142 reflecting a security interest in property of the kind to be sold 143 at the execution sale at the address listed in the financing 144 statement, or, if amended, in any amendment to the financing statement. Such notice shall be made in the same manner as notice 145

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146 is made to any judgment debtor under this section. When levying 147 upon real property, notice of such levy and execution sale <u>and</u> 148 <u>affidavit required by s. 56.27(4)</u> shall be made to the property 149 owner of record in the same manner as notice is made to any 150 judgment debtor pursuant to this section. When selling real or 151 personal property, the sale date shall not be earlier than 30 152 days after the date of the first advertisement.

153 Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 56.27, 154 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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56.27 Executions; payment of money collected.--

(1) All money received under executions shall be paid, in 156 157 the order prescribed, to the following: the sheriff, for costs; 158 the levying creditor in the amount of \$500 as liquidated 159 expenses; and if the levy is upon real property, the first priority lienholder under s. 55.10(1) and (2), s. 55.10; and if 160 161 the levy is upon personal property, the first priority lienholder 162 under s. 55.202, s. 55.204(3), or s. 55.208(2), as set forth in 163 an affidavit required by subsection (4), or his or her attorney, 164 in satisfaction of the judgment lien, if provided that the 165 judgment lien has not lapsed at the time of the levy. The receipt 166 of the attorney shall be a release of the officer paying the 167 money to him or her. If When the name of more than one attorney appears in the court file, the money shall be paid to the 168 169 attorney who originally commenced the action or who made the 170 original defense unless the file shows that another attorney has been substituted. 171

172 (2) <u>If</u> When property sold under execution brings more than
173 the amount needed to satisfy the provisions of subsection (1),
174 the surplus shall be paid in the order of priority to any

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175 judgment lienholders whose judgment liens have not lapsed. 176 Priority of liens on personal property shall be based on the 177 effective date of the judgment lien acquired under s. 55.202, s. 55.204(3), or s. 55.208(2), as set forth in an affidavit required 178 179 under subsection (4). Priority of liens on real property shall be based on the effective date of the judgment lien acquired under 180 181 s. 55.10(1) and (2), as set forth in an affidavit required under subsection (4). If there is a surplus after all valid judgment 182 183 liens and execution liens have been satisfied, the surplus must 184 be paid to the defendant.

(4) Before the date of the first publication or posting of
the notice of sale provided for under s. 56.21, <u>at the time of</u>
<u>the levy request to the sheriff</u>, the levying creditor shall
deliver to the sheriff an affidavit setting forth <u>all of</u> the
following as to the judgment debtor:

190 For a personal property levy, an attestation by that (a) the levying creditor or the creditor's attorney of record that he 191 192 or she has reviewed the database or judgment lien records 193 established in accordance with ss. 55.201-55.209 and that the information contained in the affidavit based on that review is 194 195 true and correct. For real property levy in accordance with s. 196 55.10(1) and (2), an attestation by the levying creditor or his 197 or her attorney of record that he or she has reviewed the records 198 of the clerk of court of the county where the property is 199 situated, or that he or she has performed a title search, and 200 that the information contained in the affidavit based on that 201 review or title search is true and correct.+

(b) The information required under s. 55.203(1) and (2) foreach judgment lien certificate indexed under the name of the

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judgment debtor as to each judgment creditor; the file number assigned to the record of the original and, if any, the second judgment lien; and the date of filing for each judgment lien certificate under s. 55.202 or s. 55.204(3). For real property, the information contained in the certified copy of recordation of lien pursuant to s. 55.10(1) and (2) for each lien recorded on

210 real property.<del>; and</del>

(c) A statement that the levying creditor either does not have any other levy in process or, if another levy is in process, the levying creditor believes in good faith that the total value of the property under execution does not exceed the amount of outstanding judgments.

216 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 217 741.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218 741.30 Domestic violence; injunction; powers and duties of 219 court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; temporary 220 injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide verification 221 system; enforcement.--

222 (8)(a)1. The clerk of the court shall furnish a copy of the 223 petition, financial affidavit, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction 224 and Enforcement Act affidavit, if any, notice of hearing, and 225 temporary injunction, if any, to the sheriff or a law enforcement 226 agency of the county where the respondent resides or can be 227 found, who shall serve it upon the respondent as soon thereafter 228 as possible on any day of the week and at any time of the day or 229 night. When requested by the sheriff, the clerk of court may 230 transmit a facsimile copy of an injunction that has been 231 certified by the clerk of court, and this facsimile copy may be 232 served in the same manner as a certified copy. Upon receiving a

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233 facsimile copy, the sheriff must verify receipt with the sender 234 before attempting to serve it upon the respondent. In addition, 235 if the sheriff is in possession of an injunction for protection 236 that has been certified by the clerk of court, the sheriff may transmit a facsimile copy of that injunction to a law enforcement 237 238 officer who shall serve it in the same manner as a certified 239 copy. The clerk of the court shall be responsible for furnishing 240 to the sheriff such information on the respondent's physical 241 description and location as is required by the department to 242 comply with the verification procedures set forth in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 243 244 contrary, the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation with 245 the appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement agency within the jurisdiction to effect service. A law enforcement 246 247 agency serving injunctions pursuant to this section shall use 248 service and verification procedures consistent with those of the sheriff. 249

250 When an injunction is issued, if the petitioner requests 2. 251 the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order 252 that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency 253 accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in 254 possession of the dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in 255 the execution or service of the injunction. A law enforcement 256 officer shall accept a copy of an injunction for protection 257 against domestic violence, certified by the clerk of the court, 258 from the petitioner and immediately serve it upon a respondent 259 who has been located but not yet served.

3. All orders issued, changed, continued, extended, orvacated subsequent to the original service of documents

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enumerated under subparagraph 1., shall be certified by the clerk 262 263 of the court and delivered to the parties at the time of the 264 entry of the order. The parties may acknowledge receipt of such order in writing on the face of the original order. In the event 265 266 a party fails or refuses to acknowledge the receipt of a 267 certified copy of an order, the clerk shall note on the original 268 order that service was effected. If delivery at the hearing is 269 not possible, the clerk shall mail certified copies of the order 270 to the parties at the last known address of each party. Service 271 by mail is complete upon mailing. When an order is served 272 pursuant to this subsection, the clerk shall prepare a written 273 certification to be placed in the court file specifying the time, 274 date, and method of service and shall notify the sheriff.

If the respondent has been served previously with the temporary injunction and has failed to appear at the initial hearing on the temporary injunction, any subsequent petition for injunction seeking an extension of time may be served on the respondent by the clerk of the court by certified mail in lieu of personal service by a law enforcement officer.

282 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 283 784.046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

784.046 Action by victim of repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence for protective injunction; powers and duties of court and clerk of court; filing and form of petition; notice and hearing; temporary injunction; issuance; statewide verification system; enforcement.--

(8) (a) 1. The clerk of the court shall furnish a copy of thepetition, notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, to

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291 the sheriff or a law enforcement agency of the county where the 292 respondent resides or can be found, who shall serve it upon the 293 respondent as soon thereafter as possible on any day of the week 294 and at any time of the day or night. When requested by the sheriff, the clerk of court may transmit a facsimile copy of an 295 296 injunction that has been certified by the clerk of court, and 297 this facsimile copy may be served in the same manner as a 298 certified copy. Upon receiving a facsimile copy, the sheriff must 299 verify receipt with the sender before attempting to serve it upon the respondent. In addition, if the sheriff is in possession of 300 301 an injunction for protection that has been certified by the clerk 302 of court, the sheriff may transmit a facsimile copy of that 303 injunction to a law enforcement officer who shall serve it in the 304 same manner as a certified copy. The clerk of the court shall be 305 responsible for furnishing to the sheriff such information on the 306 respondent's physical description and location as is required by 307 the department to comply with the verification procedures set 308 forth in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law 309 to the contrary, the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation 310 with the appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement 311 agency within the chief judge's jurisdiction to effect this type 312 of service and to receive a portion of the service fee. No person 313 shall be authorized or permitted to serve or execute an 314 injunction issued under this section unless the person is a law 315 enforcement officer as defined in chapter 943.

316 2. When an injunction is issued, if the petitioner requests 317 the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order 318 that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency 319 accompany the petitioner and assist in the execution or service

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320 of the injunction. A law enforcement officer shall accept a copy 321 of an injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual 322 violence, or dating violence, certified by the clerk of the 323 court, from the petitioner and immediately serve it upon a 324 respondent who has been located but not yet served.

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Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.