2008 Legislature

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to trust administration; amending s.
3	736.0703, F.S.; providing exceptions to duties and
4	liabilities of cotrustees for excluded cotrustees under
5	certain circumstances; relieving excluded cotrustees from
6	specified liabilities and obligations under certain
7	circumstances; providing for liabilities and obligations
8	of included cotrustees; amending s. 736.0802, F.S.;
9	providing an exception for trustee payments of costs and
10	attorney's fees from trust assets except pursuant to court
11	order under certain circumstances; requiring trustees to
12	provide certain notice to beneficiaries; providing notice
13	requirements; providing requirements for obtaining such a
14	court order; specifying remedies; providing for specified
15	refunds and sanctions; preserving certain court remedies;
16	amending s. 736.1008, F.S.; specifying periods of repose
17	barring claims by a beneficiary against a trustee;
18	providing construction; providing an effective date.
19	
20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
21	
22	Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 736.0703, Florida
23	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to that
24	section, to read:
25	736.0703 Cotrustees
26	(7) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (9), each
27	cotrustee shall exercise reasonable care to:
28	(a) Prevent a cotrustee from committing a breach of trust.
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29	(b) Compel a cotrustee to redress a breach of trust.
30	(9) If the terms of a trust instrument provide for the
31	appointment of more than one trustee but confer upon one or more
32	of the trustees, to the exclusion of the others, the power to
33	direct or prevent specified actions of the trustees, the
34	excluded trustees shall act in accordance with the exercise of
35	the power. Except in cases of willful misconduct on the part of
36	the directed trustee of which the excluded trustee has actual
37	knowledge, an excluded trustee is not liable, individually or as
38	a fiduciary, for any consequence that results from compliance
39	with the exercise of the power, regardless of the information
40	available to the excluded trustees. The excluded trustees are
41	relieved of any obligation to review, inquire, investigate, or
42	make recommendations or evaluations with respect to the exercise
43	of the power. The trustee or trustees having the power to direct
44	or prevent actions of the trustees shall be liable to the
45	beneficiaries with respect to the exercise of the power as if
46	the excluded trustees were not in office and shall have the
47	exclusive obligation to account to and to defend any action
48	brought by the beneficiaries with respect to the exercise of the
49	power.
50	Section 2. Subsection (10) of section 736.0802, Florida
51	Statutes, is amended to read:
52	736.0802 Duty of loyalty
53	(10) Payment of costs or attorney's fees incurred in any
54	trust proceeding from the assets of the trust may be made by the
55	trustee without the approval of any person and without court
56	authorization, unless the court orders otherwise as provided in
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57	paragraph (b) except that court authorization shall be required
58	if an action has been filed or defense asserted against the
59	trustee based upon a breach of trust. Court authorization is not
60	required if the action or defense is later withdrawn or
61	dismissed by the party that is alleging a breach of trust or
62	resolved without a determination by the court that the trustee
63	has committed a breach of trust.
64	(a) If a claim or defense based upon a breach of trust is
65	made against a trustee in a proceeding, the trustee shall
66	provide written notice to each qualified beneficiary of the
67	trust whose share of the trust may be affected by the payment of
68	attorney's fees and costs of the intention to pay costs or
69	attorney's fees incurred in the proceeding from the trust prior
70	to making payment. The written notice shall be delivered by
71	sending a copy by any commercial delivery service requiring a
72	signed receipt, by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt,
73	or as provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for
74	service of process. The written notice shall inform each
75	qualified beneficiary of the trust whose share of the trust may
76	be affected by the payment of attorney's fees and costs of the
77	right to apply to the court for an order prohibiting the trustee
78	from paying attorney's fees or costs from trust assets. If a
79	trustee is served with a motion for an order prohibiting the
80	trustee from paying attorney's fees or costs in the proceeding
81	and the trustee pays attorney's fees or costs before an order is
82	entered on the motion, the trustee and the trustee's attorneys
83	who have been paid attorney's fees or costs from trust assets to
84	defend against the claim or defense are subject to the remedies

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85	in paragraphs (b) and (c).
86	(b) If a claim or defense based upon breach of trust is
87	made against a trustee in a proceeding, a party must obtain a
88	court order to prohibit the trustee from paying costs or
89	attorney's fees from trust assets. To obtain an order
90	prohibiting payment of costs or attorney's fees from trust
91	assets, a party must make a reasonable showing by evidence in
92	the record or by proffering evidence that provides a reasonable
93	basis for a court to conclude that there has been a breach of
94	trust. The trustee may proffer evidence to rebut the evidence
95	submitted by a party. The court in its discretion may defer
96	ruling on the motion, pending discovery to be taken by the
97	parties. If the court finds that there is a reasonable basis to
98	conclude that there has been a breach of trust, unless the court
99	finds good cause, the court shall enter an order prohibiting the
100	payment of further attorney's fees and costs from the assets of
101	the trust and shall order attorney's fees or costs previously
102	paid from assets of the trust to be refunded. An order entered
103	under this paragraph shall not limit a trustee's right to seek
104	an order permitting the payment of some or all of the attorney's
105	fees or costs incurred in the proceeding from trust assets,
106	including any fees required to be refunded, after the claim or
107	defense is finally determined by the court. If a claim or
108	defense based upon a breach of trust is withdrawn, dismissed, or
109	resolved without a determination by the court that the trustee
110	committed a breach of trust after the entry of an order
111	prohibiting payment of attorney's fees and costs pursuant to
112	this paragraph, the trustee may pay costs or attorneys' fees
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113 <u>incurred in the proceeding from the assets of the trust without</u> 114 further court authorization.

(c) If the court orders a refund under paragraph (b), the court may enter such sanctions as are appropriate if a refund is not made as directed by the court, including, but not limited to, striking defenses or pleadings filed by the trustee. Nothing in this subsection limits other remedies and sanctions the court may employ for the failure to refund timely.

(d) Nothing in this subsection limits the power of the
court to review fees and costs or the right of any interested
persons to challenge fees and costs after payment, after an
accounting, or after conclusion of the litigation.

(e) Notice under paragraph (a) is not required if the
action or defense is later withdrawn or dismissed by the party
that is alleging a breach of trust or resolved without a
determination by the court that the trustee has committed a
breach of trust.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 736.1008, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsection (6) of that section is renumbered as subsection (7), and new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

134 736.1008 Limitations on proceedings against trustees.--135 When a trustee has not issued a final trust accounting (3) or has not given written notice to the beneficiary of the 136 availability of the trust records for examination and that 137 claims with respect to matters not adequately disclosed may be 138 barred, a claim against the trustee for breach of trust based on 139 a matter not adequately disclosed in a trust disclosure document 140 Page 5 of 7

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141	is barred as provided in chapter 95 and accrues when the
142	beneficiary has actual knowledge of:
143	(a) The facts upon which the claim is based if such actual
144	knowledge is established by clear and convincing evidence; or
145	(b) The trustee's repudiation of the trust or adverse
146	possession of trust assets, and is barred as provided in chapter
147	<del>95</del> .
148	
149	Paragraph (a) applies to claims based upon acts or omissions
150	occurring on or after July 1, 2008.
151	(6)(a) Notwithstanding subsections (1), (2), and (3), all
152	claims by a beneficiary against a trustee are barred:
153	1. Upon the later of:
154	a. Ten years after the date the trust terminates, the
155	trustee resigns, or the fiduciary relationship between the
156	trustee and the beneficiary otherwise ends if the beneficiary
157	had actual knowledge of the existence of the trust and the
158	beneficiary's status as a beneficiary throughout the 10-year
159	period; or
160	b. Twenty years after the date of the act or omission of
161	the trustee that is complained of if the beneficiary had actual
162	knowledge of the existence of the trust and the beneficiary's
163	status as a beneficiary throughout the 20-year period; or
164	2. Forty years after the date the trust terminates, the
165	trustee resigns, or the fiduciary relationship between the
166	trustee and the beneficiary otherwise ends.
167	(b) When a beneficiary shows by clear and convincing
168	evidence that a trustee actively concealed facts supporting a

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169	cause of action, any existing applicable statute of repose shall
170	be extended by 30 years.
171	(c) For purposes of sub-subparagraph (a)1.b., the failure
172	of the trustee to take corrective action is not a separate act
173	or omission and does not extend the period of repose established
174	by this subsection.
175	(d) This subsection applies to claims based upon acts or
176	omissions occurring on or after July 1, 2008.
177	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

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