

	CHAMBER ACTION
Senate	. House
Comm: RCS 4/22/2008	
	• •
The Committee on Transp	portation (Villalobos) recommended the
following <b>amendment</b> :	
-	
Senate Amendment (	with title amendment)
Delete everything	after the enacting clause
and insert:	
Section 1 Subsec	
	tion (26) of section 70.51, Florida
Statutes, is amended to	
Statutes, is amended to	
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an	read:
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an (26) A special ma	o read: nd environmental dispute resolution
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an (26) A special ma section constitutes dat	o read: nd environmental dispute resolution ngistrate's recommendation under this
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an (26) A special ma section constitutes dat for, a comprehensive pl	o read: nd environmental dispute resolution ngistrate's recommendation under this ta in support of, and a support document
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an (26) A special ma section constitutes dat for, a comprehensive pl not, in and of itself,	o read: nd environmental dispute resolution ngistrate's recommendation under this ta in support of, and a support document an or comprehensive plan amendment, but is
Statutes, is amended to 70.51 Land use an (26) A special ma section constitutes dat for, a comprehensive pl not, in and of itself, compliance with chapter	o read: nd environmental dispute resolution ngistrate's recommendation under this ca in support of, and a support document can or comprehensive plan amendment, but is dispositive of a determination of

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17	limit on plan amendments and may be adopted by the local
18	government amendments in s. 163.3184(16)(d).
19	Section 2. Section 125.379, Florida Statutes, is
20	transferred, renumbered as section 163.32431, Florida Statutes,
21	and amended to read:
22	<u>163.32431</u> <del>125.379</del> Disposition of county property for
23	affordable housing
24	(1) By July 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each
25	county shall prepare an inventory list of all real property
26	within its jurisdiction to which the county holds fee simple
27	title that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. The
28	inventory list must include the address and legal description of
29	each <del>such</del> real property and specify whether the property is
30	vacant or improved. The governing body of the county must review
31	the inventory list at a public hearing and may revise it at the
32	conclusion of the public hearing. The governing body of the
33	county shall adopt a resolution that includes an inventory list
34	of <u>the</u> <del>such</del> property following the public hearing.
35	(2) The properties identified as appropriate for use as
36	affordable housing on the inventory list adopted by the county
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may be offered for sale and the proceeds used to purchase land 37 38 for the development of affordable housing or to increase the 39 local government fund earmarked for affordable housing, or may be 40 sold with a restriction that requires the development of the 41 property as permanent affordable housing, or may be donated to a 42 nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent affordable housing. Alternatively, the county may otherwise make 43 44 the property available for use for the production and 45 preservation of permanent affordable housing. For purposes of

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46 this section, the term "affordable" has the same meaning as in s. 47 420.0004(3). 48 (3) As a precondition to receiving any state affordable housing funding or allocation for any project or program within a 49 50 county's jurisdiction, a county must, by July 1 of each year, 51 provide certification that the inventory and any update required 52 by this section are complete. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 163.3174, Florida 53 54 Statutes, is amended to read: 55 163.3174 Local planning agency.--56 The governing body of each local government, (1)57 individually or in combination as provided in s. 163.3171, shall 58 designate and by ordinance establish a "local planning agency," 59 unless the agency is otherwise established by law. Notwithstanding any special act to the contrary, all local 60 planning agencies or equivalent agencies that first review 61 rezoning and comprehensive plan amendments in each municipality 62 63 and county shall include a representative of the school district 64 appointed by the school board as a nonvoting member of the local planning agency or equivalent agency to attend those meetings at 65 which the agency considers comprehensive plan amendments and 66 67 rezonings that would, if approved, increase residential density on the property that is the subject of the application. However, 68 69 this subsection does not prevent the governing body of the local 70 government from granting voting status to the school board 71 member. Members of the local governing body may not serve on 72 designate itself as the local planning agency pursuant to this 73 subsection, except in a municipality having a population of 5,000 74 or fewer with the addition of a nonvoting school board representative. The local governing body shall notify the state 75

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76 land planning agency of the establishment of its local planning 77 agency. All local planning agencies shall provide opportunities 78 for involvement by applicable community college boards, which may 79 be accomplished by formal representation, membership on technical 80 advisory committees, or other appropriate means. The local 81 planning agency shall prepare the comprehensive plan or plan 82 amendment after hearings to be held after public notice and shall 83 make recommendations to the local governing body regarding the 84 adoption or amendment of the plan. The local planning agency may 85 be a local planning commission, the planning department of the local government, or other instrumentality, including a 86 87 countywide planning entity established by special act or a 88 council of local government officials created pursuant to s. 163.02, provided the composition of the council is fairly 89 representative of all the governing bodies in the county or 90 91 planning area; however:

92 (a) If a joint planning entity was is in existence on July
93 <u>1, 1975</u> the effective date of this act which authorizes the
94 governing bodies to adopt and enforce a land use plan effective
95 throughout the joint planning area, that entity shall be the
96 agency for those local governments until such time as the
97 authority of the joint planning entity is modified by law.

98 (b) In the case of chartered counties, the planning
99 responsibility between the county and the several municipalities
100 therein shall be as stipulated in the charter.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), paragraphs (a), (c), (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (6), paragraph (i) of subsection (10), paragraph (i) of subsection (12), and subsections (13) and (14) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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106 163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive 107 plan; studies and surveys.--

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(3)

109 (b)1. The capital improvements element must be reviewed on 110 an annual basis and modified as necessary in accordance with s. 111 163.3187 or s. 163.3189 in order to maintain a financially 112 feasible 5-year schedule of capital improvements. Corrections and 113 modifications concerning costs; revenue sources; or acceptance of 114 facilities pursuant to dedications which are consistent with the 115 plan may be accomplished by ordinance and shall not be deemed to 116 be amendments to the local comprehensive plan. A copy of the 117 ordinance shall be transmitted to the state land planning agency. 118 An amendment to the comprehensive plan is required to update the 119 schedule on an annual basis or to eliminate, defer, or delay the 120 construction for any facility listed in the 5-year schedule. All public facilities must be consistent with the capital 121 122 improvements element. Amendments to implement this section must 123 be adopted and transmitted no later than December 1, 2009 2008. 124 Thereafter, a local government may not amend its future land use map, except for plan amendments to meet new requirements under 125 126 this part and emergency amendments pursuant to s. 163.3187(1)(a), 127 after December 1, 2009 2008, and every year thereafter, unless 128 and until the local government has adopted the annual update and 129 it has been transmitted to the state land planning agency.

130 2. Capital improvements element amendments adopted after 131 the effective date of this act shall require only a single public 132 hearing before the governing board which shall be an adoption 133 hearing as described in s. 163.3184(7). Such amendments are not 134 subject to the requirements of s. 163.3184(3)-(6).

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135 (4) (a) Coordination of the local comprehensive plan with 136 the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, 137 adjacent counties, or the region; with the appropriate water management district's regional water supply plans approved 138 139 pursuant to s. 373.0361; with adopted rules pertaining to 140 designated areas of critical state concern; and with the state 141 comprehensive plan shall be a major objective of the local 142 comprehensive planning process. To that end, in the preparation 143 of a comprehensive plan or element thereof, and in the 144 comprehensive plan or element as adopted, the governing body 145 shall include a specific policy statement indicating the 146 relationship of the proposed development of the area to the 147 comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region and to the state comprehensive 148 plan, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans 149 150 in preparation may exist.

151 (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1)-(5) 152 and (12), the comprehensive plan shall include the following 153 elements:

A future land use plan element designating proposed 154 (a) future general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of 155 156 land for residential uses, commercial uses, industry, 157 agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, public 158 buildings and grounds, other public facilities, and other 159 categories of the public and private uses of land. Counties are encouraged to designate rural land stewardship areas, pursuant to 160 161 the provisions of paragraph (11) (d), as overlays on the future 162 land use map.

163 <u>1.</u> Each future land use category must be defined in terms 164 of uses included, and must include standards for to be followed

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165 in the control and distribution of population densities and 166 building and structure intensities. The proposed distribution, 167 location, and extent of the various categories of land use shall 168 be shown on a land use map or map series which shall be 169 supplemented by goals, policies, and measurable objectives.

170 2. The future land use plan shall be based upon surveys, 171 studies, and data regarding the area, including the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth; the projected 172 173 population of the area; the character of undeveloped land; the availability of water supplies, public facilities, and services; 174 175 the need for redevelopment, including the renewal of blighted 176 areas and the elimination of nonconforming uses which are 177 inconsistent with the character of the community; the 178 compatibility of uses on lands adjacent to or closely proximate 179 to military installations; the discouragement of urban sprawl; 180 energy-efficient land use patterns that reduce vehicle miles traveled; and, in rural communities, the need for job creation, 181 182 capital investment, and economic development that will strengthen 183 and diversify the community's economy.

184 <u>3.</u> The future land use plan may designate areas for future 185 planned development use involving combinations of types of uses 186 for which special regulations may be necessary to ensure 187 development in accord with the principles and standards of the 188 comprehensive plan and this act.

189 <u>4.</u> The future land use plan element shall include criteria
 190 to be used to achieve the compatibility of adjacent or closely
 191 proximate lands with military installations.

5. Counties are encouraged to adopt a rural sub-element as a part of the future land use plan. The sub-element shall apply to all lands classified in the future land use plan as

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195 predominantly agricultural, rural, open, open-rural, or a substantively equivalent land use. The rural sub-element shall 196 197 include goals, objectives, and policies that enhance rural economies, promote the viability of agriculture, provide for 198 199 appropriate economic development, discourage urban sprawl, and 200 ensure the protection of natural resources. The rural sub-element shall generally identify anticipated areas of rural, 201 202 agricultural, and conservation and areas that may be considered 203 for conversion to urban land use and appropriate sites for 204 affordable housing. The rural sub-element shall also generally 205 identify areas that may be considered for rural land stewardship 206 areas, sector planning, or new communities or towns in accordance 207 with subsection (11) and s. 163.3245(2). In addition, For rural 208 communities, the amount of land designated for future planned 209 industrial use shall be based upon surveys and studies that reflect the need for job creation, capital investment, and the 210 211 necessity to strengthen and diversify the local economies, and 212 may shall not be limited solely by the projected population of 213 the rural community.

214 <u>6.</u> The future land use plan of a county may also designate 215 areas for possible future municipal incorporation.

216 <u>7.</u> The land use maps or map series shall generally identify 217 and depict historic district boundaries and shall designate 218 historically significant properties meriting protection.

219 <u>8.</u> For coastal counties, the future land use element must 220 include, without limitation, regulatory incentives and criteria 221 that encourage the preservation of recreational and commercial 222 working waterfronts as defined in s. 342.07.

223 <u>9.</u> The future land use element must clearly identify the 224 land use categories in which public schools are an allowable use.

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225 When delineating such the land use categories in which public 226 schools are an allowable use, a local government shall include in 227 the categories sufficient land proximate to residential 228 development to meet the projected needs for schools in 229 coordination with public school boards and may establish 230 differing criteria for schools of different type or size. Each 231 local government shall include lands contiguous to existing school sites, to the maximum extent possible, within the land use 232 233 categories in which public schools are an allowable use. The failure by a local government to comply with these school siting 234 235 requirements will result in the prohibition of The local 236 government may not government's ability to amend the local 237 comprehensive plan, except for plan amendments described in s. 238 163.3187(1)(b), until the school siting requirements are met. 239 Amendments proposed by a local government for purposes of identifying the land use categories in which public schools are 240 241 an allowable use are exempt from the limitation on the frequency 242 of plan amendments contained in s. 163.3187. The future land use 243 element shall include criteria that encourage the location of schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent 244 possible and shall require that the local government seek to 245 246 collocate public facilities, such as parks, libraries, and 247 community centers, with schools to the extent possible and to 248 encourage the use of elementary schools as focal points for 249 neighborhoods. For schools serving predominantly rural counties, 250 defined as a county having with a population of 100,000 or fewer, 251 an agricultural land use category shall be eligible for the location of public school facilities if the local comprehensive 252 253 plan contains school siting criteria and the location is 254 consistent with such criteria. Local governments required to

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255 update or amend their comprehensive plan to include criteria and 256 address compatibility of adjacent or closely proximate lands with 257 existing military installations in their future land use plan 258 element shall transmit the update or amendment to the department 259 by June 30, 2006.

260 (c) A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge element 261 correlated to principles and guidelines for future land use, 262 263 indicating ways to provide for future potable water, drainage, 264 sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge protection 265 requirements for the area. The element may be a detailed 266 engineering plan including a topographic map depicting areas of 267 prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the 268 problems and needs and the general facilities that will be 269 required for solution of the problems and needs. The element 270 shall also include a topographic map depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management district as prime groundwater 271 272 recharge areas for the Floridan or Biscayne aquifers. These areas 273 shall be given special consideration when the local government is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said 274 275 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil surveys 276 shall be provided which indicate the suitability of soils for 277 septic tanks. Within 18 months after the governing board approves 278 an updated regional water supply plan, the element must 279 incorporate the alternative water supply project or projects selected by the local government from those identified in the 280 281 regional water supply plan pursuant to s. 373.0361(2)(a) or 282 proposed by the local government under s. 373.0361(7)(b). If a 283 local government is located within two water management 284 districts, the local government shall adopt its comprehensive

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285 plan amendment within 18 months after the later updated regional 286 water supply plan. The element must identify such alternative 287 water supply projects and traditional water supply projects and 288 conservation and reuse necessary to meet the water needs 289 identified in s. 373.0361(2)(a) within the local government's 290 jurisdiction and include a work plan, covering at least a 10 year 291 planning period, for building public, private, and regional water 292 supply facilities, including development of alternative water 293 supplies, which are identified in the element as necessary to 294 serve existing and new development. The work plan shall be 295 updated, at a minimum, every 5 years within 18 months after the 296 governing board of a water management district approves an 297 updated regional water supply plan. Amendments to incorporate the 298 work plan do not count toward the limitation on the frequency of 299 adoption of amendments to the comprehensive plan. Local 300 governments, public and private utilities, regional water supply 301 authorities, special districts, and water management districts 302 are encouraged to cooperatively plan for the development of 303 multijurisdictional water supply facilities that are sufficient to meet projected demands for established planning periods, 304 305 including the development of alternative water sources to 306 supplement traditional sources of groundwater and surface water 307 supplies.

308 (f)1. A housing element consisting of standards, plans, and 309 principles to be followed in:

310 a. The provision of housing for all current and anticipated311 future residents of the jurisdiction.

b. The elimination of substandard dwelling conditions.

313 c. The structural and aesthetic improvement of existing 314 housing.

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315 d. The provision of adequate sites for future housing, including affordable workforce housing as defined in s. 316 317 380.0651(3)(j), housing for low-income, very low-income, and 318 moderate-income families, mobile homes, senior affordable 319 housing, and group home facilities and foster care facilities, 320 with supporting infrastructure and public facilities. This includes compliance with the applicable public lands provision 321 322 under s. 163.32431 or s. 163.32432. 323 e. Provision for relocation housing and identification of 324 historically significant and other housing for purposes of 325 conservation, rehabilitation, or replacement. 326 f. The formulation of housing implementation programs. 327 The creation or preservation of affordable housing to q.

328 minimize the need for additional local services and avoid the 329 concentration of affordable housing units only in specific areas 330 of the jurisdiction.

(I) h. By July 1, 2008, each county in which the gap between 331 332 the buying power of a family of four and the median county home 333 sale price exceeds \$170,000, as determined by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and which is not designated as an area of 334 335 critical state concern shall adopt a plan for ensuring affordable 336 workforce housing. At a minimum, the plan shall identify adequate 337 sites for such housing. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, 338 the term "workforce housing" means housing that is affordable to 339 natural persons or families whose total household income does not 340 exceed 140 percent of the area median income, adjusted for household size. 341

342 <u>(II)</u>: As a precondition to receiving any state affordable 343 <u>housing funding or allocation for any project or program within</u> 344 the jurisdiction of a county that is subject to sub-sub-

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345 <u>subparagraph (I), a county must, by July 1 of each year, provide</u> 346 <u>certification that the county has complied with the requirements</u> 347 <u>of sub-subparagraph (I).</u> Failure by a local government to 348 <del>comply with the requirement in sub-subparagraph h. will result in</del> 349 <del>the local government being ineligible to receive any state</del> 350 <del>housing assistance grants until the requirement of sub-</del> 351 <del>subparagraph h. is met.</del>

352 2. The goals, objectives, and policies of the housing 353 element must be based on the data and analysis prepared on 354 housing needs, including the affordable housing needs assessment. 355 State and federal housing plans prepared on behalf of the local 356 government must be consistent with the goals, objectives, and 357 policies of the housing element. Local governments are encouraged to use utilize job training, job creation, and economic solutions 358 359 to address a portion of their affordable housing concerns.

3.2. To assist local governments in housing data collection 360 and analysis and assure uniform and consistent information 361 362 regarding the state's housing needs, the state land planning 363 agency shall conduct an affordable housing needs assessment for all local jurisdictions on a schedule that coordinates the 364 365 implementation of the needs assessment with the evaluation and 366 appraisal reports required by s. 163.3191. Each local government 367 shall use utilize the data and analysis from the needs assessment 368 as one basis for the housing element of its local comprehensive 369 plan. The agency shall allow a local government the option to 370 perform its own needs assessment  $\tau$  if it uses the methodology 371 established by the agency by rule.

372 (g)1. For those units of local government identified in s.
373 380.24, a coastal management element, appropriately related to
374 the particular requirements of paragraphs (d) and (e) and meeting

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375 the requirements of s. 163.3178(2) and (3). The coastal 376 management element shall set forth the policies that shall guide 377 the local government's decisions and program implementation with 378 respect to the following objectives:

a. Maintenance, restoration, and enhancement of the overall
quality of the coastal zone environment, including, but not
limited to, its amenities and aesthetic values.

382 b. Continued existence of viable populations of all species383 of wildlife and marine life.

384 c. The orderly and balanced utilization and preservation,
 385 consistent with sound conservation principles, of all living and
 386 nonliving coastal zone resources.

387 d. Avoidance of irreversible and irretrievable loss of388 coastal zone resources.

e. Ecological planning principles and assumptions to be
used in the determination of suitability and extent of permitted
development.

392

f. Proposed management and regulatory techniques.

393 g. Limitation of public expenditures that subsidize394 development in high-hazard coastal areas.

395 h. Protection of human life against the effects of natural396 disasters.

397 i. The orderly development, maintenance, and use of ports
398 identified in s. 403.021(9) to facilitate deepwater commercial
399 navigation and other related activities.

400 j. Preservation, including sensitive adaptive use of401 historic and archaeological resources.

402 2. As part of this element, a local government that has a
403 coastal management element in its comprehensive plan is
404 encouraged to adopt recreational surface water use policies that

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405 include applicable criteria for and consider such factors as 406 natural resources, manatee protection needs, protection of 407 working waterfronts and public access to the water, and 408 recreation and economic demands. Criteria for manatee protection in the recreational surface water use policies should reflect 409 410 applicable guidance outlined in the Boat Facility Siting Guide 411 prepared by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. If the 412 local government elects to adopt recreational surface water use 413 policies by comprehensive plan amendment, such comprehensive plan 414 amendment is exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1). Local 415 governments that wish to adopt recreational surface water use 416 policies may be eligible for assistance with the development of 417 such policies through the Florida Coastal Management Program. The 418 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability 419 shall submit a report on the adoption of recreational surface 420 water use policies under this subparagraph to the President of 421 the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 422 majority and minority leaders of the Senate and the House of 423 Representatives no later than December 1, 2010.

(h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing 424 425 relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used in 426 the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive 427 plan with the plans of school boards, regional water supply authorities, and other units of local government providing 428 429 services but not having regulatory authority over the use of 430 land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, with the state 431 432 comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.0361, as the case may require 433 and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. This 434

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element of the local comprehensive plan shall demonstrate consideration of the particular effects of the local plan, when adopted, upon the development of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, or upon the state comprehensive plan, as the case may require.

a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide
for procedures to identify and implement joint planning areas,
especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal
incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.

b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide
for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant to s.
1013.30.

c. The intergovernmental coordination element may provide for a voluntary dispute resolution process as established pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in a timely manner intergovernmental disputes. A local government may develop and use an alternative local dispute resolution process for this purpose.

453 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall further state principles and guidelines to be used in the accomplishment 454 455 of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans 456 of school boards and other units of local government providing 457 facilities and services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the intergovernmental coordination 458 459 element shall describe joint processes for collaborative planning 460 and decisionmaking on population projections and public school 461 siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject 462 to concurrency, and siting facilities with countywide 463 significance, including locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are established in an agreement. Within 1 year of 464

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465 adopting their intergovernmental coordination elements, each 466 county, all the municipalities within that county, the district 467 school board, and any unit of local government service providers 468 in that county shall establish by interlocal or other formal 469 agreement executed by all affected entities, the joint processes 470 described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted 471 intergovernmental coordination elements.

3. To foster coordination between special districts and local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose governments implement local comprehensive plans, each independent special district must submit a public facilities report to the appropriate local government as required by s. 189.415.

477 4.a. Local governments must execute an interlocal agreement 478 with the district school board, the county, and nonexempt 479 municipalities pursuant to s. 163.31777. The local government 480 shall amend the intergovernmental coordination element to provide 481 that coordination between the local government and school board 482 is pursuant to the agreement and shall state the obligations of 483 the local government under the agreement.

b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph areexempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

486 5. The state land planning agency shall establish a 487 schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan amendments to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all jurisdictions 488 489 so as to accomplish their adoption by December 31, 1999. A local 490 government may complete and transmit its plan amendments to carry 491 out these provisions prior to the scheduled date established by 492 the state land planning agency. The plan amendments are exempt 493 from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

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6. By January 1, 2004, any county having a population greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special districts within that county, shall submit a report to the Department of Community Affairs which:

498 a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal service
499 delivery agreements regarding the following: education; sanitary
500 sewer; public safety; solid waste; drainage; potable water; parks
501 and recreation; and transportation facilities.

502 b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the provision 503 of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital or 504 operational. Upon request, the Department of Community Affairs 505 shall provide technical assistance to the local governments in 506 identifying deficits or duplication.

507 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the 508 Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate 509 regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local 510 governments within the regional planning area to discuss the 511 reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified 512 deficiencies or duplications.

513 8. Each local government shall update its intergovernmental 514 coordination element based upon the findings in the report 515 submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report may be used as 516 supporting data and analysis for the intergovernmental 517 coordination element.

(10) The Legislature recognizes the importance and significance of chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, the Minimum Criteria for Review of Local Government Comprehensive Plans and Determination of Compliance of the Department of Community Affairs that will be used to determine compliance of local comprehensive plans. The Legislature reserved unto itself

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524 the right to review chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, 525 and to reject, modify, or take no action relative to this rule. 526 Therefore, pursuant to subsection (9), the Legislature hereby has 527 reviewed chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, and expresses 528 the following legislative intent:

(i) <u>The Legislature recognizes that due to varying local</u>
<u>conditions, local governments have different planning needs that</u>
<u>cannot be addressed by one uniform set of minimum planning</u>
<u>criteria. Therefore, the state land planning agency may amend</u>
<u>chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, to establish different</u>
<u>minimum criteria that are applicable to local governments based</u>
<u>on the following factors:</u>

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1. Current and projected population.

2. Size of the local jurisdiction.

3. Amount and nature of undeveloped land.

4. The scale of public services provided by the local

540 government.

The <u>state land planning agency</u> department shall take into account the factors delineated in rule 9J-5.002(2), Florida Administrative Code, as it provides assistance to local governments and applies the rule in specific situations with regard to the detail of the data and analysis required.

(12) A public school facilities element adopted to implement a school concurrency program shall meet the requirements of this subsection. Each county and each municipality within the county, unless exempt or subject to a waiver, must adopt a public school facilities element that is consistent with those adopted by the other local governments

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553 within the county and enter the interlocal agreement pursuant to 554 s. 163.31777.

555 (i) The state land planning agency shall establish a phased 556 schedule for adoption of the public school facilities element and 557 the required updates to the public schools interlocal agreement 558 pursuant to s. 163.31777. The schedule shall provide for each 559 county and local government within the county to adopt the 560 element and update to the agreement no later than December 1, 561 2009 2008. Plan amendments to adopt a public school facilities 562 element are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

563

(13) (a) The Legislature recognizes and finds that:

564 1. There are a number of agricultural industrial facilities 565 in the state that process, produce, or aid in the production or 566 distribution of a variety of agriculturally based products, such 567 as fruits, vegetables, timber, and other crops, as well as 568 juices, paper, and building materials. These agricultural 569 industrial facilities may have a significant amount of existing 570 associated infrastructure that is used for the processing, 571 production, or distribution of agricultural products.

572 2. Such rural agricultural industrial facilities often are 573 located within or near communities in which the economy is 574 largely dependent upon agriculture and agriculturally based 575 products. These facilities significantly enhance the economy of such communities. However, these agriculturally based communities 576 577 often are socioeconomically challenged and many such communities 578 have been designated as rural areas of critical economic concern. 579 If these existing agricultural industrial facilities are lost and 580 or not replaced with other job-creating enterprises, these 581 agriculturally based communities may lose a substantial amount of 582 their economies.

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583	3. The state has a compelling interest in preserving the
584	viability of agriculture and protecting rural agricultural
585	communities and the state from the economic upheaval that could
586	result from short-term or long-term adverse changes in the
587	agricultural economy. To protect such communities and promote
588	viable agriculture for the long term, it is essential to
589	encourage and permit diversification of exiting rural
590	agricultural industrial facilities by providing for jobs that are
591	not solely dependent upon but are compatible with and complement
592	existing agricultural operations and to encourage the creation
593	and expansion of industries that use agricultural products in
594	innovative or new ways. However, the expansion and
595	diversification of these existing facilities must be accomplished
596	in a manner that does not promote urban sprawl into surrounding
597	agricultural and rural areas.
598	(b) As used in this subsection, the term "rural
599	agricultural industrial center" means a developed parcel of land
600	in an unincorporated area on which there exists an operating
601	agricultural industrial facility or facilities that employ at
602	least 200 full-time employees in the aggregate and that are used
603	for processing and preparing for transport a farm product, as
604	defined in s. 163.3162, or any biomass material that could be
605	used, directly or indirectly, for the production of fuel,
606	renewable energy, bioenergy, or alternative fuel as defined by
607	state law. The center may also include land contiguous to the
608	facility site which is not used for the cultivation of crops, but
609	on which other existing activities essential to the operation of
610	such facility or facilities are located or conducted. The parcel
611	of land must be located within or in reasonable proximity to a
612	rural area of critical economic concern.
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613	(c) A landowner within a rural agricultural industrial
614	center may apply for an amendment to the local government
615	comprehensive plan for the purpose of designating and expanding
616	the exiting agricultural industrial uses or facilities located in
617	the center or expanding the existing center to include industrial
618	uses or facilities that are not dependent upon but are compatible
619	with agriculture and the existing uses and facilities. An
620	application for a comprehensive plan amendment under this
621	paragraph:
622	1. May not increase the physical area of the original
623	existing agricultural industrial center by more than 50 percent
624	or 200 acres, whichever is greater;
625	2. Must propose a project that would create, upon
626	completion, at least 50 new full-time jobs;
627	3. Must demonstrate that infrastructure capacity exists or
628	will be provided by the landowner to support the expanded center
629	at level-of-service standards adopted in the local government
630	comprehensive plan;
631	4. Must contain goals, objectives, and policies that will
632	prevent urban sprawl in the areas surrounding the expanded
633	center, or demonstrate that the local government comprehensive
634	plan contains such provisions; and
635	5. Must contain goals, objectives, and policies that will
636	ensure that any adverse environmental impacts of the expanded
637	center will be adequately addressed and mitigated, or demonstrate
638	that the local government comprehensive plan contains such
639	provisions.
640	
641	An amendment that meets the requirements of this subsection is
642	presumed to be consistent with rule 9J-5.006(5), Florida
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643	Administrative Code. This presumption may be rebutted by a
644	preponderance of the evidence.
645	(d) This subsection does not apply to an optional sector
646	plan adopted pursuant to s. 163.3245 or to a rural land
647	stewardship area designated pursuant to subsection (11). Local
648	governments are encouraged to develop a community vision that
649	provides for sustainable growth, recognizes its fiscal
650	constraints, and protects its natural resources. At the request
651	of a local government, the applicable regional planning council
652	shall provide assistance in the development of a community
653	vision.
654	(a) As part of the process of developing a community vision
655	under this section, the local government must hold two public
656	meetings with at least one of those meetings before the local
657	planning agency. Before those public meetings, the local
658	government must hold at least one public workshop with
659	stakeholder groups such as neighborhood associations, community
660	organizations, businesses, private property owners, housing and
661	development interests, and environmental organizations.
662	(b) The local government must, at a minimum, discuss five
663	of the following topics as part of the workshops and public
664	meetings required under paragraph (a):
665	1. Future growth in the area using population forecasts
666	from the Bureau of Economic and Business Research;
667	2. Priorities for economic development;
668	3. Preservation of open space, environmentally sensitive
669	lands, and agricultural lands;
670	4. Appropriate areas and standards for mixed-use
671	development;



672	5. Appropriate areas and standards for high-density
673	commercial and residential development;
674	6. Appropriate areas and standards for economic development
675	opportunities and employment centers;
676	7. Provisions for adequate workforce housing;
677	8. An efficient, interconnected multimodal transportation
678	system; and
679	9. Opportunities to create land use patterns that
680	accommodate the issues listed in subparagraphs 18.
681	(c) As part of the workshops and public meetings, the local
682	government must discuss strategies for addressing the topics
683	discussed under paragraph (b), including:
684	1. Strategies to preserve open space and environmentally
685	sensitive lands, and to encourage a healthy agricultural economy,
686	including innovative planning and development strategies, such as
687	the transfer of development rights;
688	2. Incentives for mixed-use development, including
689	increased height and intensity standards for buildings that
690	provide residential use in combination with office or commercial
691	space;
692	3. Incentives for workforce housing;
693	4. Designation of an urban service boundary pursuant to
694	subsection (2); and
695	5. Strategies to provide mobility within the community and
696	to protect the Strategic Intermodal System, including the
697	development of a transportation corridor management plan under s.
698	<del>337.273.</del>
699	(d) The community vision must reflect the community's
700	shared concept for growth and development of the community,
701	including visual representations depicting the desired land use
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702 patterns and character of the community during a 10-year planning 703 timeframe. The community vision must also take into consideration 704 economic viability of the vision and private property interests. 705 (e) After the workshops and public meetings required under 706 paragraph (a) are held, the local government may amend its 707 comprehensive plan to include the community vision as a component in the plan. This plan amendment must be transmitted and adopted 708 709 pursuant to the procedures in ss. 163.3184 and 163.3189 at public 710 hearings of the governing body other than those identified in 711 paragraph (a). 712 (f) Amendments submitted under this subsection are exempt 713 from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments in s. 714 163.3187. 715 (g) A local government that has developed a community 716 vision or completed a visioning process after July 1, 2000, and before July 1, 2005, which substantially accomplishes the goals 717 718 set forth in this subsection and the appropriate goals, policies, 719 or objectives have been adopted as part of the comprehensive plan or reflected in subsequently adopted land development regulations 720 721 and the plan amendment incorporating the community vision as a 722 component has been found in compliance is eligible for the 723 incentives in s. 163.3184(17). 724 (14) Local governments are also encouraged to designate an 725 urban service boundary. This area must be appropriate for

726 compact, contiguous urban development within a 10-year planning 727 timeframe. The urban service area boundary must be identified on 728 the future land use map or map series. The local government shall 729 demonstrate that the land included within the urban service 730 boundary is served or is planned to be served with adequate 731 public facilities and services based on the local government's

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732 adopted level-of-service standards by adopting a 10-year 733 facilities plan in the capital improvements element which is financially feasible. The local government shall demonstrate that 734 735 the amount of land within the urban service boundary does not 736 exceed the amount of land needed to accommodate the projected 737 population growth at densities consistent with the adopted 738 comprehensive plan within the 10-year planning timeframe. 739 (a) As part of the process of establishing an urban service 740 boundary, the local government must hold two public meetings with 741 at least one of those meetings before the local planning agency. 742 Before those public meetings, the local government must hold at 743 least one public workshop with stakeholder groups such as 744 neighborhood associations, community organizations, businesses, 745 private property owners, housing and development interests, and 746 environmental organizations. 747 (b)1. After the workshops and public meetings required 748 under paragraph (a) are held, the local government may amend its 749 comprehensive plan to include the urban service boundary. This 750 plan amendment must be transmitted and adopted pursuant to the 751 procedures in ss. 163.3184 and 163.3189 at meetings of the 752 governing body other than those required under paragraph (a). 753 2. This subsection does not prohibit new development 754 outside an urban service boundary. However, a local government that establishes an urban service boundary under this subsection 755 756 is encouraged to require a full-cost-accounting analysis for any 757 new development outside the boundary and to consider the results 758 of that analysis when adopting a plan amendment for property 759 outside the established urban service boundary.



760 (c) Amendments submitted under this subsection are exempt 761 from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments in s. 762 163.3187.

763 (d) A local government that has adopted an urban service 764 boundary before July 1, 2005, which substantially accomplishes 765 the goals set forth in this subsection is not required to comply with paragraph (a) or subparagraph 1. of paragraph (b) in order 766 767 to be eligible for the incentives under s. 163.3184(17). In order 768 to satisfy the provisions of this paragraph, the local government 769 must secure a determination from the state land planning agency 770 that the urban service boundary adopted before July 1, 2005, 771 substantially complies with the criteria of this subsection, 772 based on data and analysis submitted by the local government to support this determination. The determination by the state land 773 774 planning agency is not subject to administrative challenge.

775Section 5.Subsections (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section776163.31771, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

163.31771 Accessory dwelling units.--

(3) Upon a finding by a local government that there is a
shortage of affordable rentals within its jurisdiction, the local
government may <u>amend its comprehensive plan</u> adopt an ordinance to
allow accessory dwelling units in any area zoned for singlefamily residential use.

(4) If the local government <u>amends its comprehensive plan</u>
pursuant to adopts an ordinance under this section, an
application for a building permit to construct an accessory
dwelling unit must include an affidavit from the applicant which
attests that the unit will be rented at an affordable rate to an
extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderateincome person or persons.

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777



790	(5) Each accessory dwelling unit allowed by the
791	<u>comprehensive plan</u> <del>an ordinance adopted under this section</del> shall
792	apply toward satisfying the affordable housing component of the
793	housing element in the local government's comprehensive plan
794	under s. 163.3177(6)(f), and if such unit is subject to a
795	recorded land use restriction agreement restricting its use to
796	affordable housing, the unit may not be treated as a new unit for
797	purposes of transportation concurrency or impact fees. Accessory
798	dwelling units may not be located on land within a coastal high-
799	hazard area, an area of critical state concern, or on lands
800	identified as environmentally sensitive in the local
801	comprehensive plan.
802	(6) The Department of Community Affairs shall evaluate the
803	effectiveness of using accessory dwelling units to address a
804	local government's shortage of affordable housing and report to
805	the Legislature by January 1, 2007. The report must specify the
806	number of ordinances adopted by a local government under this
807	section and the number of accessory dwelling units that were
808	created under these ordinances.
809	Section 6. Paragraph (h) of subsection (2) and subsection
810	(9) of section 163.3178, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
811	163.3178 Coastal management
812	(2) Each coastal management element required by s.
813	163.3177(6)(g) shall be based on studies, surveys, and data; be
814	consistent with coastal resource plans prepared and adopted
815	pursuant to general or special law; and contain:
816	(h) Designation of coastal high-hazard areas and the
817	criteria for mitigation for a comprehensive plan amendment in a
818	coastal high-hazard area as provided defined in subsection (9).
819	The coastal high-hazard area is the area <u>seaward of</u> <del>below</del> the
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820 elevation of the category 1 storm surge line as established by a 821 Sea, Lake, and Overland Surges from Hurricanes (SLOSH) 822 computerized storm surge model. Except as demonstrated by site-823 specific, reliable data and analysis, the coastal high-hazard 824 area includes all lands within the area from the mean low-water 825 line to the inland extent of the category 1 storm surge area. Such area is depicted by, but not limited to, the areas 826 827 illustrated in the most current SLOSH Storm Surge Atlas. 828 Application of mitigation and the application of development and 829 redevelopment policies, pursuant to s. 380.27(2), and any rules 830 adopted thereunder, shall be at the discretion of the local 831 government. 832 (9) (a) Local governments may elect to comply with state 833 coastal high-hazard provisions pursuant to rule 9J-5.012(3)(b)6. 834 and 7., Florida Administrative Code, through the process provided 835 in this section. 836 (a) A proposed comprehensive plan amendment shall be found in compliance with state coastal high-hazard provisions pursuant 837 to rule 9J-5.012(3)(b)6. and 7., Florida Administrative Code, if: 838 839 1. The area subject to the amendment is not: a. Within a designated area of critical state concern; 840 b. Inclusive of areas within the FEMA velocity zones; 841 842 c. Subject to coastal erosion; 843 d. Seaward of the coastal construction control line; or 844 e. Subject to repetitive damage from coastal storms and 845 floods. 846 2. The local government has adopted the following as a part 847 of its comprehensive plan:

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848	a. Hazard mitigation strategies that reduce, replace, or
849	eliminate unsafe structures and properties subject to repetitive
850	losses from coastal storms or floods.
851	b. Measures that reduce exposure to hazards including:
852	(I) Relocation;
853	(II) Structural modifications of threatened infrastructure;
854	(III) Provisions for operational or capacity improvements
855	to maintain hurricane evacuation clearance times within
856	established limits; and
857	(IV) Prohibiting public expenditures for capital
858	improvements that subsidize increased densities and intensities
859	of development within the coastal high-hazard area.
860	c. A postdisaster redevelopment plan.
861	3.a. The adopted level of service for out-of-county
862	hurricane evacuation <u>clearance time</u> is maintained for a category
863	5 storm event as measured on the Saffir-Simpson scale $\underline{if}$ the
864	adopted out-of-county hurricane evacuation clearance time does
865	not exceed 16 hours and is based upon the time necessary to reach
866	shelter space;
867	b.2. A 12-hour evacuation time to shelter is maintained for
868	a category 5 storm event as measured on the Saffir-Simpson scale
869	and shelter space reasonably expected to accommodate the
870	residents of the development contemplated by a proposed
871	comprehensive plan amendment is available; or
872	<u>c.3.</u> Appropriate mitigation is provided to ensure that the
873	requirements of sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. are
874	achieved. will satisfy the provisions of subparagraph 1. or
875	subparagraph 2. Appropriate mitigation shall include, without
876	limitation, payment of money, contribution of land, and
877	construction of hurricane shelters and transportation facilities.
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878 Required mitigation <u>may shall</u> not exceed the amount required for 879 a developer to accommodate impacts reasonably attributable to 880 development. A local government and a developer shall enter into 881 a binding agreement to <u>establish</u> <u>memorialize</u> the mitigation plan. 882 <u>The executed agreement must be submitted along with the adopted</u> 883 plan amendment.

884 (b) For those local governments that have not established a level of service for out-of-county hurricane evacuation by July 885 886 1, 2008, but elect to comply with rule 9J-5.012(3)(b)6. and 7., 887 Florida Administrative Code, by following the process in 888 paragraph (a), the level of service may not exceed shall be no 889 greater than 16 hours for a category 5 storm event as measured on 890 the Saffir-Simpson scale based upon the time necessary to reach 891 shelter space.

(c) This subsection <u>applies</u> shall become effective
immediately and shall apply to all local governments. <u>By</u> No later
than July 1, <u>2009</u> <del>2008</del>, local governments shall amend their
future land use map and coastal management element to include the
new definition of coastal high-hazard area <u>provided in paragraph</u>
(2) (h) and to depict the coastal high-hazard area on the future
land use map.

899 Section 7. Section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended 900 to read:

901

163.3180 Concurrency.--

902

(1) APPLICABILITY OF CONCURRENCY REQUIREMENT. --

903 (a) <u>Public facility types.--</u>Sanitary sewer, solid waste,
 904 drainage, potable water, parks and recreation, schools, and
 905 transportation facilities, including mass transit, where
 906 applicable, are the only public facilities and services subject
 907 to the concurrency requirement on a statewide basis. Additional

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908 public facilities and services may not be made subject to 909 concurrency on a statewide basis without appropriate study and 910 approval by the Legislature; however, any local government may 911 extend the concurrency requirement so that it applies to apply to 912 additional public facilities within its jurisdiction.

913 (b) Transportation methodologies.--Local governments shall use professionally accepted techniques for measuring level of 914 service for automobiles, bicycles, pedestrians, transit, and 915 916 trucks. These techniques may be used to evaluate increased 917 accessibility by multiple modes and reductions in vehicle miles 918 of travel in an area or zone. The state land planning agency and 919 the Department of Transportation shall develop methodologies to 920 assist local governments in implementing this multimodal levelof-service analysis and. The Department of Community Affairs and 921 922 the Department of Transportation shall provide technical 923 assistance to local governments in applying the these 924 methodologies.

925

(2) PUBLIC FACILITY AVAILABILITY STANDARDS.--

926 (a) Sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, adequate water supply, and potable water facilities.--Consistent with public 927 928 health and safety, sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, 929 adequate water supplies, and potable water facilities shall be in 930 place and available to serve new development no later than the 931 issuance by the local government of a certificate of occupancy or 932 its functional equivalent. Prior to approval of a building permit 933 or its functional equivalent, the local government shall consult with the applicable water supplier to determine whether adequate 934 935 water supplies to serve the new development will be available by 936 no later than the anticipated date of issuance by the local 937 government of the a certificate of occupancy or its functional

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938 equivalent. A local government may meet the concurrency 939 requirement for sanitary sewer through the use of onsite sewage 940 treatment and disposal systems approved by the Department of 941 Health to serve new development.

942 (b) Parks and recreation facilities.--Consistent with the 943 public welfare, and except as otherwise provided in this section, parks and recreation facilities to serve new development shall be 944 in place or under actual construction within no later than 1 year 945 946 after issuance by the local government of a certificate of 947 occupancy or its functional equivalent. However, the acreage for 948 such facilities must shall be dedicated or be acquired by the 949 local government prior to issuance by the local government of the 950 a certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent, or funds 951 in the amount of the developer's fair share shall be committed no 952 later than the local government's approval to commence 953 construction.

954 (c) <u>Transportation facilities.--</u>Consistent with the public 955 welfare, and except as otherwise provided in this section, 956 transportation facilities needed to serve new development <u>must</u> 957 shall be in place or under actual construction within 3 years 958 after the local government approves a building permit or its 959 functional equivalent that results in traffic generation.

960 ESTABLISHING LEVEL-OF-SERVICE STANDARDS.--Governmental (3) 961 entities that are not responsible for providing, financing, 962 operating, or regulating public facilities needed to serve 963 development may not establish binding level-of-service standards on governmental entities that do bear those responsibilities. 964 965 This subsection does not limit the authority of any agency to 966 recommend or make objections, recommendations, comments, or 967 determinations during reviews conducted under s. 163.3184.

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968

## (4) APPLICATION OF CONCURRENCY TO PUBLIC FACILITIES.--

969 (a) <u>State and other public facilities.--</u>The concurrency
970 requirement as implemented in local comprehensive plans applies
971 to state and other public facilities and development to the same
972 extent that it applies to all other facilities and development,
973 as provided by law.

974 (b) Public transit facilities. -- The concurrency requirement 975 as implemented in local comprehensive plans does not apply to 976 public transit facilities. For the purposes of this paragraph, 977 public transit facilities include transit stations and terminals; 978 transit station parking; park-and-ride lots; intermodal public transit connection or transfer facilities; fixed bus, guideway, 979 980 and rail stations; and airport passenger terminals and 981 concourses, air cargo facilities, and hangars for the maintenance 982 or storage of aircraft. As used in this paragraph, the terms 983 "terminals" and "transit facilities" do not include seaports or 984 commercial or residential development constructed in conjunction 985 with a public transit facility.

986 (C) Infill and redevelopment areas. -- The concurrency 987 requirement, except as it relates to transportation facilities 988 and public schools, as implemented in local government 989 comprehensive plans, may be waived by a local government for 990 urban infill and redevelopment areas designated pursuant to s. 991 163.2517 if such a waiver does not endanger public health or 992 safety as defined by the local government in its local government 993 comprehensive plan. The waiver must shall be adopted as a plan 994 amendment using <del>pursuant to</del> the process <del>set forth</del> in s. 995 163.3187(3)(a). A local government may grant a concurrency 996 exception pursuant to subsection (5) for transportation

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997 facilities located within these urban infill and redevelopment 998 areas.

999

(5) TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY EXCEPTION AREAS. --

1000

Countervailing planning and public policy goals .-- The (a) 1001 Legislature finds that under limited circumstances dealing with 1002 transportation facilities, countervailing planning and public policy goals may come into conflict with the requirement that 1003 1004 adequate public transportation facilities and services be 1005 available concurrent with the impacts of such development. The 1006 Legislature further finds that often the unintended result of the 1007 concurrency requirement for transportation facilities is often 1008 the discouragement of urban infill development and redevelopment. 1009 Such unintended results directly conflict with the goals and 1010 policies of the state comprehensive plan and the intent of this 1011 part. The Legislature also finds that in urban centers 1012 transportation cannot be effectively managed and mobility cannot 1013 be improved solely through the expansion of roadway capacity, 1014 that the expansion of roadway capacity is not always physically 1015 or financially possible, and that a range of transportation 1016 alternatives are essential to satisfy mobility needs, reduce congestion, and achieve healthy, vibrant centers. Therefore, 1017 1018 transportation concurrency exception areas must achieve the goals and objectives of this part exceptions from the concurrency 1019 requirement for transportation facilities may be granted as 1020 1021 provided by this subsection.

1022

Geographic applicability. --(b)

1023 1. Within municipalities, transportation concurrency 1024 exception areas are established for geographic areas identified 1025 in the adopted portion of the comprehensive plan as of July 1, 1026 2008, for:

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1027	a. Urban infill development;
1028	b. Urban redevelopment;
1029	c. Downtown revitalization; or
1030	d. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517.
1031	2. In other portions of the state, including municipalities
1032	and unincorporated areas of counties, a local government may
1033	adopt a comprehensive plan amendment establishing a
1034	transportation concurrency exception area grant an exception from
1035	the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities if the
1036	proposed development is otherwise consistent with the adopted
1037	local government comprehensive plan and is a project that
1038	promotes public transportation or is located within an area
1039	designated in the comprehensive plan for:
1040	<u>a.</u> 1. Urban infill development;
1041	<u>b.</u> 2. Urban redevelopment;
1042	<u>c.</u> 3. Downtown revitalization;
1043	<u>d.</u> 4. Urban infill and redevelopment under s. 163.2517; or
1044	e.5. An urban service area specifically designated as a
1045	transportation concurrency exception area which includes lands
1046	appropriate for compact $_{m{ au}}$ contiguous urban development, which does
1047	not exceed the amount of land needed to accommodate the projected
1048	population growth at densities consistent with the adopted
1049	comprehensive plan within the 10-year planning period, and which
1050	is served or is planned to be served with public facilities and
1051	services as provided by the capital improvements element.
1052	(c) Projects having special part-time demandsThe
1053	Legislature also finds that developments located within urban
1054	infill, urban redevelopment, existing urban service, or downtown

1056 redevelopment areas under s. 163.2517 which pose only special

1055 revitalization areas or areas designated as urban infill and

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1057 part-time demands on the transportation system should be excepted 1058 from the concurrency requirement for transportation facilities. A 1059 special part-time demand is one that does not have more than 200 1060 scheduled events during any calendar year and does not affect the 1061 100 highest traffic volume hours.

1062 Long-term strategies within transportation concurrency (d) 1063 exception areas. -- Except for transportation concurrency exception areas established pursuant to subparagraph (b)1., the following 1064 1065 requirements apply: A local government shall establish guidelines 1066 in the comprehensive plan for granting the exceptions authorized in paragraphs (b) and (c) and subsections (7) and (15) which must 1067 1068 be consistent with and support a comprehensive strategy adopted 1069 in the plan to promote the purpose of the exceptions.

<u>1.(e)</u> The local government shall adopt into the plan and implement long-term strategies to support and fund mobility within the designated exception area, including alternative modes of transportation. The plan amendment must also demonstrate how strategies will support the purpose of the exception and how mobility within the designated exception area will be provided.

2. In addition, The strategies must address urban design; appropriate land use mixes, including intensity and density; and network connectivity plans needed to promote urban infill, redevelopment, or downtown revitalization. The comprehensive plan amendment designating the concurrency exception area must be accompanied by data and analysis justifying the size of the area.

1082 (e) (f) Strategic Intermodal System.--Prior to the 1083 designation of a concurrency exception area <u>pursuant to</u> 1084 <u>subparagraph (b)2.</u>, the state land planning agency and the 1085 Department of Transportation shall be consulted by the local 1086 government to assess the impact that the proposed exception area

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1087 is expected to have on the adopted level-of-service standards 1088 established for Strategic Intermodal System facilities, as 1089 defined in s. 339.64, and roadway facilities funded in accordance with s. 339.2819 and to provide for mitigation of the impacts. 1090 1091 Further, as a part of the comprehensive plan amendment 1092 establishing the exception area, the local government shall provide for mitigation of impacts, in consultation with the state 1093 land planning agency and the Department of Transportation, 1094 1095 develop a plan to mitigate any impacts to the Strategic 1096 Intermodal System, including, if appropriate, access management, 1097 parallel reliever roads, transportation demand management, and 1098 other measures the development of a long-term concurrency 1099 management system pursuant to subsection (9) and s. 1100 163.3177(3)(d). The exceptions may be available only within the specific geographic area of the jurisdiction designated in the 1101 plan. Pursuant to s. 163.3184, any affected person may challenge 1102 a plan amendment establishing these guidelines and the areas 1103 1104 within which an exception could be granted.

1105 (g) Transportation concurrency exception areas existing 1106 prior to July 1, 2005, must, at a minimum, meet the provisions of 1107 this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of the comprehensive 1108 plan update pursuant to the evaluation and appraisal report, 1109 whichever occurs last.

1110 (6) <u>DE MINIMIS IMPACT.--</u>The Legislature finds that a de 1111 minimis impact is consistent with this part. A de minimis impact 1112 is an impact that <u>does</u> would not affect more than 1 percent of 1113 the maximum volume at the adopted level of service of the 1114 affected transportation facility as determined by the local 1115 government. <u>An No</u> impact <u>is not</u> will be de minimis if the sum of 1116 existing roadway volumes and the projected volumes from approved

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projects on a transportation facility exceeds would exceed 110 1117 percent of the maximum volume at the adopted level of service of 1118 1119 the affected transportation facility; provided however, the that an impact of a single family home on an existing lot is will 1120 1121 constitute a de minimis impact on all roadways regardless of the level of the deficiency of the roadway. Further, an no impact is 1122 1123 not will be de minimis if it exceeds would exceed the adopted level-of-service standard of any affected designated hurricane 1124 1125 evacuation routes. Each local government shall maintain 1126 sufficient records to ensure that the 110-percent criterion is not exceeded. Each local government shall submit annually, with 1127 1128 its updated capital improvements element, a summary of the de 1129 minimis records. If the state land planning agency determines 1130 that the 110-percent criterion has been exceeded, the state land planning agency shall notify the local government of the 1131 exceedance and that no further de minimis exceptions for the 11.32 applicable roadway may be granted until such time as the volume 1133 1134 is reduced below the 110 percent. The local government shall 1135 provide proof of this reduction to the state land planning agency before issuing further de minimis exceptions. 1136

CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT AREAS. -- In order to promote 1137 (7)1138 infill development and redevelopment, one or more transportation 1139 concurrency management areas may be designated in a local 1140 government comprehensive plan. A transportation concurrency 1141 management area must be a compact geographic area that has with an existing network of roads where multiple, viable alternative 1142 travel paths or modes are available for common trips. A local 1143 1144 government may establish an areawide level-of-service standard for such a transportation concurrency management area based upon 1145 an analysis that provides for a justification for the areawide 1146

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level of service, how urban infill development or redevelopment 1147 will be promoted, and how mobility will be accomplished within 1148 1149 the transportation concurrency management area. Prior to the 1150 designation of a concurrency management area, the local 1151 government shall consult with the state land planning agency and 1152 the Department of Transportation shall be consulted by the local 1153 government to assess the effect impact that the proposed 1154 concurrency management area is expected to have on the adopted 1155 level-of-service standards established for Strategic Intermodal 1156 System facilities, as defined in s. 339.64, and roadway facilities funded in accordance with s. 339.2819. Further, the 1157 1158 local government shall, in cooperation with the state land 1159 planning agency and the Department of Transportation, develop a 1160 plan to mitigate any impacts to the Strategic Intermodal System, including, if appropriate, the development of a long-term 1161 1162 concurrency management system pursuant to subsection (9) and s. 1163 163.3177(3)(d). Transportation concurrency management areas existing prior to July 1, 2005, shall meet, at a minimum, the 1164 1165 provisions of this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of the comprehensive plan update pursuant to the evaluation and 1166 appraisal report, whichever occurs last. The state land planning 1167 agency shall amend chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, to 1168 1169 be consistent with this subsection.

(8) <u>URBAN REDEVELOPMENT.--</u>When assessing the transportation impacts of proposed urban redevelopment within an established existing urban service area, <u>150</u> <del>110</del> percent of the actual transportation impact caused by the previously existing development must be reserved for the redevelopment, even if the previously existing development has a lesser or nonexisting impact pursuant to the calculations of the local government.

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1177 Redevelopment requiring less than 150 110 percent of the 1178 previously existing capacity may shall not be prohibited due to 1179 the reduction of transportation levels of service below the adopted standards. This does not preclude the appropriate 1180 assessment of fees or accounting for the impacts within the 1181 concurrency management system and capital improvements program of 1182 1183 the affected local government. This paragraph does not affect 1184 local government requirements for appropriate development 1185 permits.

1186

#### (9) LONG-TERM CONCURRENCY MANAGEMENT.--

(a) Each local government may adopt, as a part of its plan, 1187 1188 long-term transportation and school concurrency management 1189 systems that have with a planning period of up to 10 years for 1190 specially designated districts or areas where significant backlogs exist. The plan may include interim level-of-service 1191 standards on certain facilities and shall rely on the local 1192 1193 government's schedule of capital improvements for up to 10 years 1194 as a basis for issuing development orders that authorize 1195 commencement of construction in these designated districts or 1196 areas. The concurrency management system must be designed to correct existing deficiencies and set priorities for addressing 1197 backlogged facilities and be coordinated with the appropriate 1198 1199 metropolitan planning organization. The concurrency management 1200 system must be financially feasible and consistent with other 1201 portions of the adopted local plan, including the future land use 1202 map.

(b) If a local government has a transportation or school facility backlog for existing development which cannot be adequately addressed in a 10-year plan, the state land planning agency may allow it to develop a plan and long-term schedule of

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1207 capital improvements covering up to 15 years for good and 1208 sufficient cause, based on a general comparison between <u>the</u> that 1209 local government and all other similarly situated local 1210 jurisdictions, using the following factors:

1211

1. The extent of the backlog.

1212 2. For roads, whether the backlog is on local or state1213 roads.

1214

3. The cost of eliminating the backlog.

1215 4. The local government's tax and other revenue-raising1216 efforts.

1217 (c) The local government may issue approvals to commence 1218 construction notwithstanding this section, consistent with and in 1219 areas that are subject to a long-term concurrency management 1220 system.

(d) If the local government adopts a long-term concurrency management system, it must evaluate the system periodically. At a minimum, the local government must assess its progress toward improving levels of service within the long-term concurrency management district or area in the evaluation and appraisal report and determine any changes that are necessary to accelerate progress in meeting acceptable levels of service.

TRANSPORTATION LEVEL-OF-SERVICE STANDARDS.--With 1228 (10)1229 regard to roadway facilities on the Strategic Intermodal System 1230 designated in accordance with s. ss. 339.61, 339.62, 339.63, and 1231 339.64, the Florida Intrastate Highway System as defined in s. 1232 338.001, and roadway facilities funded in accordance with s. 1233 339.2819, local governments shall adopt the level-of-service 1234 standard established by the Department of Transportation by rule. For all other roads on the State Highway System, local 1235 1236 governments shall establish an adequate level-of-service standard

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1237 that need not be consistent with any level-of-service standard 1238 established by the Department of Transportation. In establishing 1239 adequate level-of-service standards for any arterial roads, or collector roads as appropriate, which traverse multiple 1240 1241 jurisdictions, local governments shall consider compatibility 1242 with the roadway facility's adopted level-of-service standards in 1243 adjacent jurisdictions. Each local government within a county 1244 shall use a professionally accepted methodology for measuring 1245 impacts on transportation facilities for the purposes of 1246 implementing its concurrency management system. Counties are encouraged to coordinate with adjacent counties, and local 1247 1248 governments within a county are encouraged to coordinate, for the 1249 purpose of using common methodologies for measuring impacts on 1250 transportation facilities for the purpose of implementing their 1251 concurrency management systems.

(11) <u>LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.--</u>In order to limit the liability of local governments, a local government may allow a landowner to proceed with development of a specific parcel of land notwithstanding a failure of the development to satisfy transportation concurrency, <u>if when</u> all the following factors <del>are</del> shown to exist:

(a) The local government <u>that has</u> with jurisdiction over
the property has adopted a local comprehensive plan that is in
compliance.

(b) The proposed development <u>is would be</u> consistent with the future land use designation for the specific property and with pertinent portions of the adopted local plan, as determined by the local government.

1265 (c) The local plan includes a financially feasible capital 1266 improvements element that provides for transportation facilities

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1267 adequate to serve the proposed development, and the local 1268 government has not implemented that element.

(d) The local government has provided a means <u>for assessing</u> by which the landowner <u>for will be assessed</u> a fair share of the cost of providing the transportation facilities necessary to serve the proposed development.

(e) The landowner has made a binding commitment to the
local government to pay the fair share of the cost of providing
the transportation facilities to serve the proposed development.

1276

(12) REGIONAL IMPACT PROPORTIONATE SHARE.--

1277 (a) A development of regional impact may satisfy the 1278 transportation concurrency requirements of the local 1279 comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management 1280 system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-share 1281 contribution for local and regionally significant traffic 1282 impacts, if:

1283 <u>1.(a)</u> The development of regional impact which, based on 1284 its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage 1285 pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;

1286 2.(b) The proportionate-share contribution for local and 1287 regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for 1288 one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit the 1289 network of a regionally significant transportation facilities if 1290 impacts on the Strategic Intermodal System, the Florida 1291 Intrastate Highway System, and other regionally significant 1292 roadways outside the jurisdiction of the local government are 1293 mitigated based on the prioritization of needed improvements 1294 recommended by the regional planning council facility;



1295 <u>3.(c)</u> The owner and developer of the development of 1296 regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionate-1297 share contribution; and

1298 4.(d) If The regionally significant transportation facility to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority 1299 1300 of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03 334.03(12), 1301 other than the local government that has with jurisdiction over the development of regional impact, the developer must is 1302 1303 required to enter into a binding and legally enforceable 1304 commitment to transfer funds to the governmental entity having 1305 maintenance authority or to otherwise assure construction or 1306 improvement of the facility.

1307 The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to (b) any transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this 1308 subsection and the local comprehensive plan., but, For the 1309 purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionate-1310 share contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative 1311 1312 number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach 1313 roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak 1314 hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from 1315 construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted 1316 1317 level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to 1318 1319 maintain the adopted level of service. If the number of trips 1320 used in this calculation includes trips from an earlier phase of development, the determination of mitigation of the cumulative 1321 1322 project impacts for the subsequent phase of development shall include a credit for any mitigation required by the development 1323 1324 order and provided by the developer for the earlier phase,

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1325 calculated at present value. For purposes of this subsection, the 1326 term: 1327 1. "Present value" means the fair market value of right-of-1328 way at the time of contribution or the actual dollar value of the 1329 construction improvements at the date of completion. 1330 2. For purposes of this subsection, "Construction cost" 1331 includes all associated costs of the improvement. Proportionate-1332 share mitigation shall be limited to ensure that a development of 1333 regional impact meeting the requirements of this subsection 1334 mitigates its impact on the transportation system but is not 1335 responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating 1336 backlogs. 1337 3. "Backlogged transportation facility" means a facility on 1338 which the adopted level-of-service standard is exceeded by the 1339 existing level of service plus committed trips. A developer may not be required to fund or construct proportionate share 1340 1341 mitigation that is more extensive, due to being on a backlogged 1342 transportation facility, than is necessary based solely on the 1343 impact of the development project being considered. 1344 This subsection also applies to Florida Quality Developments 1345 1346 pursuant to s. 380.061 and to detailed specific area plans 1347 implementing optional sector plans pursuant to s. 163.3245. 1348 (13) SCHOOL CONCURRENCY. -- School concurrency shall be 1349 established on a districtwide basis and shall include all public 1350 schools in the district and all portions of the district, whether 1351 located in a municipality or an unincorporated area unless exempt 1352 from the public school facilities element pursuant to s. 163.3177(12). The application of school concurrency to 1353 1354 development shall be based upon the adopted comprehensive plan, Page 46 of 131

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1355 as amended. All local governments within a county, except as 1356 provided in paragraph (f), shall adopt and transmit to the state 1357 land planning agency the necessary plan amendments, along with 1358 the interlocal agreement, for a compliance review pursuant to s. 1359 163.3184(7) and (8). The minimum requirements for school 1360 concurrency are the following:

1361 (a) Public school facilities element. -- A local government 1362 shall adopt and transmit to the state land planning agency a plan 1363 or plan amendment which includes a public school facilities 1364 element which is consistent with the requirements of s. 1365 163.3177(12) and which is determined to be in compliance as 1366 defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). All local government public school 1367 facilities plan elements within a county must be consistent with each other as well as the requirements of this part. 1368

(b) Level-of-service standards.--The Legislature recognizes that an essential requirement for a concurrency management system is the level of service at which a public facility is expected to operate.

Local governments and school boards imposing school
 concurrency shall exercise authority in conjunction with each
 other to establish jointly adequate level-of-service standards,
 as defined in chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code,
 necessary to implement the adopted local government comprehensive
 plan, based on data and analysis.

1379 2. Public school level-of-service standards shall be 1380 included and adopted into the capital improvements element of the 1381 local comprehensive plan and shall apply districtwide to all 1382 schools of the same type. Types of schools may include 1383 elementary, middle, and high schools as well as special purpose 1384 facilities such as magnet schools.

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1385 3. Local governments and school boards <u>may use</u> shall have 1386 the option to utilize tiered level-of-service standards to allow 1387 time to achieve an adequate and desirable level of service as 1388 circumstances warrant.

A school district that includes relocatables in its
 inventory of student stations shall include relocatables in its
 calculation of capacity for purposes of determining whether
 levels of service have been achieved.

1393 Service areas. -- The Legislature recognizes that an (C) 1394 essential requirement for a concurrency system is a designation of the area within which the level of service will be measured 1395 1396 when an application for a residential development permit is 1397 reviewed for school concurrency purposes. This delineation is also important for purposes of determining whether the local 1398 government has a financially feasible public school capital 1399 facilities program for that will provide schools which will 1400 achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-service standards. 1401

1402 1. In order to balance competing interests, preserve the 1403 constitutional concept of uniformity, and avoid disruption of 1404 existing educational and growth management processes, local governments are encouraged to initially apply school concurrency 1405 1406 to development only on a districtwide basis so that a concurrency 1407 determination for a specific development is will be based upon 1408 the availability of school capacity districtwide. To ensure that 1409 development is coordinated with schools having available capacity, within 5 years after adoption of school concurrency, 1410 local governments shall apply school concurrency on a less than 1411 1412 districtwide basis, such as using school attendance zones or concurrency service areas, as provided in subparagraph 2. 1413



1414 2. For local governments applying school concurrency on a less than districtwide basis, such as utilizing school attendance 1415 1416 zones or larger school concurrency service areas, local governments and school boards shall have the burden of 1417 1418 demonstrating to demonstrate that the utilization of school 1419 capacity is maximized to the greatest extent possible in the 1420 comprehensive plan and amendment, taking into account 1421 transportation costs and court-approved desegregation plans, as 1422 well as other factors. In addition, in order to achieve 1423 concurrency within the service area boundaries selected by local 1424 governments and school boards, the service area boundaries, 1425 together with the standards for establishing those boundaries, 1426 shall be identified and included as supporting data and analysis 1427 for the comprehensive plan.

Where school capacity is available on a districtwide 1428 3. 1429 basis but school concurrency is applied on a less than 1430 districtwide basis in the form of concurrency service areas, if 1431 the adopted level-of-service standard cannot be met in a 1432 particular service area as applied to an application for a 1433 development permit and if the needed capacity for the particular service area is available in one or more contiguous service 1434 1435 areas, as adopted by the local government, then the local 1436 government may not deny an application for site plan or final 1437 subdivision approval or the functional equivalent for a 1438 development or phase of a development on the basis of school concurrency, and if issued, development impacts shall be shifted 1439 to contiguous service areas with schools having available 1440 1441 capacity.

1442 (d) Financial feasibility.--The Legislature recognizes that 1443 financial feasibility is an important issue because the premise

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of concurrency is that the public facilities will be provided in order to achieve and maintain the adopted level-of-service standard. This part and chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, contain specific standards <u>for determining</u> to determine the financial feasibility of capital programs. These standards were adopted to make concurrency more predictable and local governments more accountable.

1451 1. A comprehensive plan amendment seeking to impose school 1452 concurrency must shall contain appropriate amendments to the 1453 capital improvements element of the comprehensive plan, 1454 consistent with the requirements of s. 163.3177(3) and rule 9J-1455 5.016, Florida Administrative Code. The capital improvements 1456 element must shall set forth a financially feasible public school 1457 capital facilities program, established in conjunction with the school board, that demonstrates that the adopted level-of-service 1458 standards will be achieved and maintained. 1459

1460 2. Such amendments to the capital improvements element must 1461 shall demonstrate that the public school capital facilities 1462 program meets all of the financial feasibility standards of this 1463 part and chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, that apply to 1464 capital programs which provide the basis for mandatory 1465 concurrency on other public facilities and services.

1466 3. <u>If When</u> the financial feasibility of a public school 1467 capital facilities program is evaluated by the state land 1468 planning agency for purposes of a compliance determination, the 1469 evaluation <u>must shall</u> be based upon the service areas selected by 1470 the local governments and school board.

(e) Availability standard.--Consistent with the public
welfare, <u>and except as otherwise provided in this subsection</u>,
public school facilities needed to serve new residential

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1474 development shall be in place or under actual construction within 1475 3 years after the issuance of final subdivision or site plan 1476 approval, or the functional equivalent. A local government may not deny an application for site plan, final subdivision 1477 1478 approval, or the functional equivalent for a development or phase 1479 of a development authorizing residential development for failure to achieve and maintain the level-of-service standard for public 1480 1481 school capacity in a local school concurrency management system 1482 where adequate school facilities will be in place or under actual 1483 construction within 3 years after the issuance of final 1484 subdivision or site plan approval, or the functional equivalent. 1485 Any mitigation required of a developer shall be limited to ensure 1486 that a development mitigates its own impact on public school 1487 facilities, but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs or addressing class size 1488 reduction. School concurrency is satisfied if the developer 1489 executes a legally binding commitment to provide mitigation 1490 1491 proportionate to the demand for public school facilities to be 1492 created by actual development of the property, including, but not limited to, the options described in subparagraph 1. Options for 1493 proportionate-share mitigation of impacts on public school 1494 1495 facilities must be established in the public school facilities 1496 element and the interlocal agreement pursuant to s. 163.31777. 1497 1. Appropriate mitigation options include the contribution

1498 of land; the construction, expansion, or payment for land 1499 acquisition or construction of a public school facility; <u>the</u> 1500 <u>construction of a charter school that complies with the</u> 1501 <u>requirements of subparagraph 2.;</u> or the creation of mitigation 1502 banking based on the construction of a public school facility <u>or</u> 1503 <u>charter school that complies with the requirements of</u>

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1504 subparagraph 2., in exchange for the right to sell capacity 1505 credits. Such options must include execution by the applicant and 1506 the local government of a development agreement that constitutes 1507 a legally binding commitment to pay proportionate-share 1508 mitigation for the additional residential units approved by the 1509 local government in a development order and actually developed on the property, taking into account residential density allowed on 1510 1511 the property prior to the plan amendment that increased the 1512 overall residential density. The district school board must be a 1513 party to such an agreement. Grounds for the refusal of either the 1514 local government or district school board to approve a 1515 development agreement proffering charter school facilities shall 1516 be limited to the agreement's compliance with subparagraph 2. As 1517 a condition of its entry into such a development agreement, the local government may require the landowner to agree to continuing 1518 renewal of the agreement upon its expiration. 1519 1520 2. The construction of a charter school facility shall be

an appropriate mitigation option if the facility limits 1521 1522 enrollment to those students residing within a defined geographic area as provided in s. 1002.33(10)(e)4., the facility is owned by 1523 1524 a nonprofit entity or local government, the design and 1525 construction of the facility complies with the lifesafety 1526 requirements of Florida State Requirements for Educational Facilities (SREF), and the school's charter provides for the 1527 1528 reversion of the facility to the district school board if the 1529 facility ceases to be used for public educational purposes as 1530 provided in s. 1002.33(18)(f). District school boards shall have 1531 the right to monitor and inspect charter facilities constructed 1532 under this section to ensure compliance with the lifesafety requirements of SREF and shall have the authority to waive SREF 1533

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1534 standards in the same manner permitted for district-owned public 1535 schools.

1536 3.2. If the education facilities plan and the public 1537 educational facilities element authorize a contribution of land; 1538 the construction, expansion, or payment for land acquisition; or 1539 the construction or expansion of a public school facility, or a 1540 portion thereof, or the construction of a charter school that 1541 complies with the requirements of subparagraph 2., as 1542 proportionate-share mitigation, the local government shall credit 1543 such a contribution, construction, expansion, or payment toward 1544 any other concurrency management system, concurrency exaction, 1545 impact fee or exaction imposed by local ordinance for the same 1546 need, on a dollar-for-dollar basis at fair market value. For 1547 proportionate share calculations, the percentage of relocatables used by a school district shall be considered in determining the 1548 1549 average cost of a student station.

1550 <u>4.3.</u> Any proportionate-share mitigation must be <u>included</u> 1551 directed by the school board <u>as</u> toward a school capacity 1552 improvement identified in a financially feasible 5-year district 1553 work plan that satisfies the demands created by the development 1554 in accordance with a binding developer's agreement.

1555 5.4. If a development is precluded from commencing because 1556 there is inadequate classroom capacity to mitigate the impacts of 1557 the development, the development may nevertheless commence if there are accelerated facilities in an approved capital 1558 improvement element scheduled for construction in year four or 1559 later of such plan which, when built, will mitigate the proposed 1560 1561 development, or if such accelerated facilities will be in the next annual update of the capital facilities element, the 1562 developer enters into a binding, financially guaranteed agreement 1563

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1564 with the school district to construct an accelerated facility 1565 within the first 3 years of an approved capital improvement plan, 1566 and the cost of the school facility is equal to or greater than the development's proportionate share. When the completed school 1567 1568 facility is conveyed to the school district, the developer shall 1569 receive impact fee credits usable within the zone where the 1570 facility is constructed or any attendance zone contiguous with or 1571 adjacent to the zone where the facility is constructed.

1572 <u>6.5.</u> This paragraph does not limit the authority of a local
1573 government to deny a development permit or its functional
1574 equivalent pursuant to its home rule regulatory powers, except as
1575 provided in this part.

1576

(f) Intergovernmental coordination.--

1577 When establishing concurrency requirements for public 1. schools, a local government shall satisfy the requirements for 1578 intergovernmental coordination set forth in s. 163.3177(6)(h)1. 1579 1580 and 2., except that a municipality is not required to be a 1581 signatory to the interlocal agreement required by ss. 1582 163.3177(6)(h)2. and 163.31777(6), as a prerequisite for imposition of school concurrency, and as a nonsignatory, may 1583 shall not participate in the adopted local school concurrency 1584 1585 system $_{\tau}$  if the municipality meets all of the following criteria 1586 for not having a no significant impact on school attendance:

a. The municipality has issued development orders for fewer than 50 residential dwelling units during the preceding 5 years, or the municipality has generated fewer than 25 additional public school students during the preceding 5 years.

b. The municipality has not annexed new land during the preceding 5 years in land use categories which permit residential uses that will affect school attendance rates.

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1594 c. The municipality has no public schools located within 1595 its boundaries.

1596d. At least 80 percent of the developable land within the1597boundaries of the municipality has been built upon.

1598 2. A municipality that which qualifies as not having a no 1599 significant impact on school attendance pursuant to the criteria 1600 of subparagraph 1. must review and determine at the time of its 1601 evaluation and appraisal report pursuant to s. 163.3191 whether 1602 it continues to meet the criteria pursuant to s. 163.31777(6). If 1603 the municipality determines that it no longer meets the criteria, it must adopt appropriate school concurrency goals, objectives, 1604 1605 and policies in its plan amendments based on the evaluation and 1606 appraisal report, and enter into the existing interlocal 1607 agreement required by ss. 163.3177(6)(h)2. and 163.31777, in order to fully participate in the school concurrency system. If 1608 such a municipality fails to do so, it is will be subject to the 1609 1610 enforcement provisions of s. 163.3191.

1611 Interlocal agreement for school concurrency.--When (a) 1612 establishing concurrency requirements for public schools, a local 1613 government must enter into an interlocal agreement that satisfies the requirements in ss. 163.3177(6)(h)1. and 2. and 163.31777 and 1614 1615 the requirements of this subsection. The interlocal agreement 1616 must shall acknowledge both the school board's constitutional and 1617 statutory obligations to provide a uniform system of free public 1618 schools on a countywide basis, and the land use authority of local governments, including their authority to approve or deny 1619 1620 comprehensive plan amendments and development orders. The 1621 interlocal agreement shall be submitted to the state land planning agency by the local government as a part of the 1622 1623 compliance review, along with the other necessary amendments to

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1624 the comprehensive plan required by this part. In addition to the requirements of ss. 163.3177(6)(h) and 163.31777, the interlocal 1625 1626 agreement must shall meet the following requirements:

Establish the mechanisms for coordinating the 1627 1. 1628 development, adoption, and amendment of each local government's 1629 public school facilities element with each other and the plans of 1630 the school board to ensure a uniform districtwide school 1631 concurrency system.

1632 2. Establish a process for developing the development of 1633 siting criteria that which encourages the location of public 1634 schools proximate to urban residential areas to the extent 1635 possible and seeks to collocate schools with other public 1636 facilities such as parks, libraries, and community centers to the 1637 extent possible.

Specify uniform, districtwide level-of-service standards 3. 1639 for public schools of the same type and the process for modifying 1640 the adopted level-of-service standards.

1641 4. Establish a process for the preparation, amendment, and 1642 joint approval by each local government and the school board of a public school capital facilities program that which is 1643 financially feasible, and a process and schedule for 1644 incorporation of the public school capital facilities program 1645 1646 into the local government comprehensive plans on an annual basis.

1647 5. Define the geographic application of school concurrency. 1648 If school concurrency is to be applied on a less than districtwide basis in the form of concurrency service areas, the 1649 1650 agreement must shall establish criteria and standards for the 1651 establishment and modification of school concurrency service 1652 areas. The agreement must shall also establish a process and 1653 schedule for the mandatory incorporation of the school

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1654 concurrency service areas and the criteria and standards for 1655 establishment of the service areas into the local government 1656 comprehensive plans. The agreement must shall ensure maximum utilization of school capacity, taking into account 1657 1658 transportation costs and court-approved desegregation plans, as 1659 well as other factors. The agreement must shall also ensure the achievement and maintenance of the adopted level-of-service 1660 1661 standards for the geographic area of application throughout the 5 1662 years covered by the public school capital facilities plan and 1663 thereafter by adding a new fifth year during the annual update.

1664 6. Establish a uniform districtwide procedure for1665 implementing school concurrency which provides for:

a. The evaluation of development applications for
compliance with school concurrency requirements, including
information provided by the school board on affected schools,
impact on levels of service, and programmed improvements for
affected schools, and any options to provide sufficient capacity;

b. An opportunity for the school board to review and comment on the effect of comprehensive plan amendments and rezonings on the public school facilities plan; and

1674 c. The monitoring and evaluation of the school concurrency 1675 system.

1676 7. Include provisions relating to amendment of the1677 agreement.

1678 8. A process and uniform methodology for determining1679 proportionate-share mitigation pursuant to subparagraph (e)1.

(h) Local government authority.--This subsection does not limit the authority of a local government to grant or deny a development permit or its functional equivalent prior to the implementation of school concurrency.

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1684 (14) <u>RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--</u>The state land planning agency 1685 shall, by October 1, 1998, adopt by rule minimum criteria for the 1686 review and determination of compliance of a public school 1687 facilities element adopted by a local government for purposes of 1688 imposition of school concurrency.

1689

(15) MULTIMODAL DISTRICTS.--

1690 (a) Multimodal transportation districts may be established 1691 under a local government comprehensive plan in areas delineated 1692 on the future land use map for which the local comprehensive plan 1693 assigns secondary priority to vehicle mobility and primary priority to assuring a safe, comfortable, and attractive 1694 1695 pedestrian environment, with convenient interconnection to 1696 transit. Such districts must incorporate community design 1697 features that will reduce the number of automobile trips or vehicle miles of travel and will support an integrated, 1698 multimodal transportation system. Prior to the designation of 1699 1700 multimodal transportation districts, the Department of 1701 Transportation shall be consulted by the local government to 1702 assess the impact that the proposed multimodal district area is 1703 expected to have on the adopted level-of-service standards established for Strategic Intermodal System facilities, as 1704 1705 designated in s. 339.63 defined in s. 339.64, and roadway 1706 facilities funded in accordance with s. 339.2819. Further, the 1707 local government shall, in cooperation with the Department of 1708 Transportation, develop a plan to mitigate any impacts to the Strategic Intermodal System, including the development of a long-1709 1710 term concurrency management system pursuant to subsection (9) and 1711 s. 163.3177(3)(d). <u>Multimodal transportation districts existing</u> prior to July 1, 2005, shall meet, at a minimum, the provisions 1712 of this section by July 1, 2006, or at the time of the 1713

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#### 1714 comprehensive plan update pursuant to the evaluation and 1715 appraisal report, whichever occurs last.

1716 (b) Community design elements of such a multimodal 1717 transportation district include: a complementary mix and range of 1718 land uses, including educational, recreational, and cultural 1719 uses; interconnected networks of streets designed to encourage 1720 walking and bicycling, with traffic-calming where desirable; appropriate densities and intensities of use within walking 1721 1722 distance of transit stops; daily activities within walking 1723 distance of residences, allowing independence to persons who do 1724 not drive; public uses, streets, and squares that are safe, 1725 comfortable, and attractive for the pedestrian, with adjoining 1726 buildings open to the street and with parking not interfering 1727 with pedestrian, transit, automobile, and truck travel modes.

Local governments may establish multimodal level-of-1728 (C) service standards that rely primarily on nonvehicular modes of 1729 transportation within the district, if when justified by an 1730 1731 analysis demonstrating that the existing and planned community 1732 design will provide an adequate level of mobility within the 1733 district based upon professionally accepted multimodal level-ofservice methodologies. The analysis must also demonstrate that 1734 1735 the capital improvements required to promote community design are 1736 financially feasible over the development or redevelopment 1737 timeframe for the district and that community design features 1738 within the district provide convenient interconnection for a multimodal transportation system. Local governments may issue 1739 development permits in reliance upon all planned community design 1740 1741 capital improvements that are financially feasible over the development or redevelopment timeframe for the district, without 1742 regard to the period of time between development or redevelopment 1743

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1744 and the scheduled construction of the capital improvements. A 1745 determination of financial feasibility shall be based upon 1746 currently available funding or funding sources that could 1747 reasonably be expected to become available over the planning 1748 period.

(d) Local governments may reduce impact fees or local access fees for development within multimodal transportation districts based on the reduction of vehicle trips per household or vehicle miles of travel expected from the development pattern planned for the district.

(e) By December 1, 2007, the Department of Transportation, in consultation with the state land planning agency and interested local governments, may designate a study area for conducting a pilot project to determine the benefits of and barriers to establishing a regional multimodal transportation concurrency district that extends over more than one local government jurisdiction. If designated:

1761 1. The study area must be in a county that has a population 1762 of at least 1,000 persons per square mile, be within an urban 1763 service area, and have the consent of the local governments 1764 within the study area. The Department of Transportation and the 1765 state land planning agency shall provide technical assistance.

The local governments within the study area and the 1766 2. 1767 Department of Transportation, in consultation with the state land 1768 planning agency, shall cooperatively create a multimodal transportation plan that meets the requirements of this section. 1769 1770 The multimodal transportation plan must include viable local 1771 funding options and incorporate community design features, including a range of mixed land uses and densities and 1772 1773 intensities, which will reduce the number of automobile trips or

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1774 vehicle miles of travel while supporting an integrated,1775 multimodal transportation system.

1776 3. To effectuate the multimodal transportation concurrency 1777 district, participating local governments may adopt appropriate 1778 comprehensive plan amendments.

1779 4. The Department of Transportation, in consultation with 1780 the state land planning agency, shall submit a report by March 1, 1781 2009, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 1782 Speaker of the House of Representatives on the status of the 1783 pilot project. The report must identify any factors that support 1784 or limit the creation and success of a regional multimodal 1785 transportation district including intergovernmental coordination.

1786 (f) The state land planning agency may designate up to five 1787 local governments as Urban Placemaking Initiative Pilot Projects. 1788 The purpose of the pilot project program is to assist local communities with redevelopment of primarily single-use suburban 1789 areas that surround strategic corridors and crossroads, and to 1790 create livable, sustainable communities that have a sense of 1791 1792 place. Pilot communities must have a county population of at least 350,000, be able to demonstrate an ability to administer 1793 the pilot project, and have appropriate potential redevelopment 1794 1795 areas suitable for the pilot project. Recognizing that both the 1796 form of existing development patterns and strict application of 1797 transportation concurrency requirements create obstacles to such 1798 redevelopment, the pilot project program shall further the 1799 ability of such communities to cultivate mixed-use and form-based communities that integrate all modes of transportation. The pilot 1800 1801 project program shall provide an alternative regulatory framework 1802 that allows for the creation of a multimodal concurrency district that over the planning time period allows pilot project 1803

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1804	communities to incrementally realize the goals of the
1805	redevelopment area by guiding redevelopment of parcels and
1806	cultivating multimodal development in targeted transitional
1807	suburban areas. The Department of Transportation shall provide
1808	technical support to the state land planning agency and the
1809	department and the agency shall provide technical assistance to
1810	the local governments in the implementation of the pilot
1811	projects.
1812	1. Each pilot project community shall designate the
1813	criteria for designation of urban placemaking redevelopment areas
1814	in the future land use element of its comprehensive plan. Such
1815	redevelopment areas must be within an adopted urban service
1816	boundary or functional equivalent. Each pilot project community
1817	shall also adopt comprehensive plan amendments that set forth
1818	criteria for the development of the urban placemaking areas that
1819	contain land use and transportation strategies, including, but
1820	not limited to, the community design elements set forth in
1821	paragraph (c). A pilot project community shall undertake a
1822	process of public engagement to coordinate community vision,
1823	citizen interest, and development goals for developments within
1824	the urban placemaking redevelopment areas.
1825	2. Each pilot project community may assign transportation
1826	concurrency or trip generation credits and impact fee exemptions
1827	or reductions and establish concurrency exceptions for
1828	developments that meet the adopted comprehensive plan criteria
1829	for urban placemaking redevelopment areas. The provisions of
1830	paragraph (c) apply to designated urban placemaking redevelopment
1831	areas.
1832	3. The state land planning agency shall submit a report by
1833	March 1, 2011, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
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1834 the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the status of each 1835 approved pilot project. The report must identify factors that 1836 indicate whether or not the pilot project program has 1837 demonstrated any success in urban placemaking and redevelopment 1838 initiatives and whether the pilot project should be expanded for 1839 use by other local governments.

1840 (16) FAIR-SHARE MITIGATION. -- It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a method by which the impacts of 1841 1842 development on transportation facilities can be mitigated by the 1843 cooperative efforts of the public and private sectors. The methodology used to calculate proportionate fair-share mitigation 1844 1845 under this section shall be as provided for in subsection (12), 1846 or a vehicle and people-miles-traveled methodology or an 1847 alternative methodology shall be used which is identified by the local government as a part of its comprehensive plan and ensures 1848 that development impacts on transportation facilities are 1849 1850 mitigated.

(a) By December 1, 2006, each local government shall adopt
by ordinance a methodology for assessing proportionate fair-share
mitigation options. By December 1, 2005, the Department of
Transportation shall develop a model transportation concurrency
management ordinance that has with methodologies for assessing
proportionate fair-share mitigation options.

(b)1. In its transportation concurrency management system, a local government shall, by December 1, 2006, include methodologies to be applied in calculating that will be applied to calculate proportionate fair-share mitigation.

1861 <u>1.</u> A developer may choose to satisfy all transportation
 1862 concurrency requirements by contributing or paying proportionate
 1863 fair-share mitigation if transportation facilities or facility

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1864 segments identified as mitigation for traffic impacts are 1865 specifically identified for funding in the 5-year schedule of 1866 capital improvements in the capital improvements element of the local plan or the long-term concurrency management system or if 1867 1868 such contributions or payments to such facilities or segments are 1869 reflected in the 5-year schedule of capital improvements in the 1870 next regularly scheduled update of the capital improvements 1871 element. Updates to the 5-year capital improvements element which 1872 reflect proportionate fair-share contributions may not be found 1873 not in compliance based on ss. 163.3164(32) and 163.3177(3) if 1874 additional contributions, payments or funding sources are 1875 reasonably anticipated during a period not to exceed 10 years to 1876 fully mitigate impacts on the transportation facilities.

1877 2. Proportionate fair-share mitigation shall be applied as 1878 a credit against impact fees to the extent that all or a portion 1879 of the proportionate fair-share mitigation is used to address the 1880 same capital infrastructure improvements contemplated by the 1881 local government's impact fee ordinance.

1882 (c) Proportionate fair-share mitigation includes, without 1883 limitation, separately or collectively, private funds, contributions of land, and construction and contribution of 1884 1885 facilities and may include public funds as determined by the 1886 local government. Proportionate fair-share mitigation may be 1887 directed toward one or more specific transportation improvements 1888 reasonably related to the mobility demands created by the development and such improvements may address one or more modes 1889 1890 of travel. The fair market value of the proportionate fair-share 1891 mitigation may shall not differ based on the form of mitigation. A local government may not require a development to pay more than 1892 its proportionate fair-share contribution regardless of the 1893

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1894 method of mitigation. Proportionate fair-share mitigation shall 1895 be limited to ensure that a development meeting the requirements 1896 of this section mitigates its impact on the transportation system 1897 but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or 1898 eliminating backlogs.

(d) This subsection does not require a local government to
approve a development that is not otherwise qualified for
approval pursuant to the applicable local comprehensive plan and
land development regulations.

(e) Mitigation for development impacts to facilities on the
Strategic Intermodal System made pursuant to this subsection
requires the concurrence of the Department of Transportation.

1906 If the funds in an adopted 5-year capital improvements (f) 1907 element are insufficient to fully fund construction of a transportation improvement required by the local government's 1908 concurrency management system, a local government and a developer 1909 may still enter into a binding proportionate-share agreement 1910 authorizing the developer to construct that amount of development 1911 1912 on which the proportionate share is calculated if the 1913 proportionate-share amount in the such agreement is sufficient to pay for one or more improvements which will, in the opinion of 1914 the governmental entity or entities maintaining the 1915 1916 transportation facilities, significantly benefit the impacted 1917 transportation system. The improvements funded by the 1918 proportionate-share component must be adopted into the 5-year capital improvements schedule of the comprehensive plan at the 1919 1920 next annual capital improvements element update. The funding of 1921 any improvements that significantly benefit the impacted transportation system satisfies concurrency requirements as a 1922 1923 mitigation of the development's impact upon the overall

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1924 transportation system even if there remains a failure of 1925 concurrency on other impacted facilities.

(g) Except as provided in subparagraph (b)1., this section does may not prohibit the state land planning agency Department of Community Affairs from finding other portions of the capital improvements element amendments not in compliance as provided in this chapter.

(h) The provisions of This subsection does do not apply to a development of regional impact satisfying the requirements of subsection (12).

1934 (17) TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY INCENTIVES. -- The 1935 Legislature finds that allowing private-sector entities to 1936 finance, construct, and improve public transportation facilities 1937 can provide significant benefits to the public by facilitating 1938 transportation without the need for additional public tax 1939 revenues. In order to encourage the more efficient and proactive 1940 provision of transportation improvements by the private sector, 1941 if a developer or property owner voluntarily contributes right-1942 of-way and physically constructs or expands a state 1943 transportation facility or segment, and such construction or 1944 expansion:

1945 (a) Improves traffic flow, capacity, or safety, the voluntary contribution may be applied as a credit for that 1946 1947 property owner or developer against any future transportation 1948 concurrency requirements pursuant to this chapter if the 1949 transportation improvement is identified in the 5-year work plan of the Department of Transportation, and such contributions and 1950 1951 credits are set forth in a legally binding agreement executed by 1952 the property owner or developer, the local government of the

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1953	jurisdiction in which the facility is located, and the Department
1954	of Transportation.
1955	(b) Is identified in the capital improvement schedule,
1956	meets the requirements in this section, and is set forth in a
1957	legally binding agreement between the property owner or developer
1958	and the applicable local government, the contribution to the
1959	local government collector and the arterial system may be applied
1960	as credit against any future transportation concurrency
1961	requirements under this chapter.
1962	(18) TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY FEEThe Legislature finds
1963	that the existing transportation concurrency system has not
1964	adequately addressed the state's transportation needs in an
1965	effective, predictable, and equitable manner and is not producing
1966	a sustainable transportation system for the state. The current
1967	system is complex, lacks uniformity among jurisdictions, is too
1968	focused on roadways to the detriment of desired land use patterns
1969	and transportation alternatives, and frequently prevents the
1970	attainment of important growth management goals. The state,
1971	therefore, should consider a different transportation concurrency
1972	approach that uses a mobility fee based on vehicle and people
1973	miles traveled. Therefore, the Legislature directs the state land
1974	planning agency to study and develop a methodology for a mobility
1975	fee system as follows:
1976	(a) The state land planning agency, in consultation with
1977	the Department of Transportation, shall convene a study group
1978	that includes representatives from the Department of
1979	Transportation, regional planning councils, local governments,
1980	the development community, land use and transportation
1981	professionals, and the Legislature to develop a uniform mobility
1982	fee methodology for statewide application to replace the existing
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1983 transportation concurrency management system. The methodology shall be based on the amount, distribution, and timing of the 1984 vehicle and people miles traveled, professionally accepted 1985 1986 standards and practices in the fields of land use and 1987 transportation planning, and the requirements of constitutional 1988 and statutory law. The mobility fee shall be designed to provide for mobility needs, ensure that development provides mitigation 1989 for its impacts on the transportation system, and promote 1990 1991 compact, mixed-use, and energy-efficient development. The 1992 mobility fee shall be used to fund improvements to the 1993 transportation system.

1994 (b) By February 15, 2009, the state land planning agency 1995 shall provide a report to the Legislature containing 1996 recommendations concerning an appropriate uniform mobility fee methodology and whether a mobility fee system should be applied 1997 1998 statewide or to more limited geographic areas, a schedule to 1999 amend comprehensive plans and land development rules to incorporate the mobility fee, a system for collecting and 2000 2001 allocating mobility fees among state and local transportation facilities, and whether and how mobility fees should replace, 2002 2003 revise, or supplement transportation impact fees.

2004 (19) (17) A local government and the developer of affordable 2005 workforce housing units developed in accordance with s. 2006 380.06(19) or s. 380.0651(3) may identify an employment center or 2007 centers in close proximity to the affordable workforce housing 2008 units. If at least 50 percent of the units are occupied by an employee or employees of an identified employment center or 2009 2010 centers, all of the affordable workforce housing units are exempt from transportation concurrency requirements, and the local 2011 2012 government may not reduce any transportation trip-generation

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2013 entitlements of an approved development-of-regional-impact 2014 development order. As used in this subsection, the term "close 2015 proximity" means 5 miles from the nearest point of the 2016 development of regional impact to the nearest point of the 2017 employment center, and the term "employment center" means a place 2018 of employment that employs at least 25 or more full-time 2019 employees.

2020 Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 2021 163.31801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2022 163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; definitions; 2023 ordinances levying impact fees.--

2024 (3) An impact fee adopted by ordinance of a county or 2025 municipality or by resolution of a special district must, at 2026 minimum:

(d) Require that notice be provided no less than 90 days before the effective date of an ordinance or resolution imposing a new or <u>increased</u> amended impact fee. <u>Notice is not required if</u> an impact fee is decreased or eliminated.

2031 Section 9. Subsections (3) and (4), paragraphs (a) and (d) 2032 of subsection (6), paragraph (a) of subsection (7), paragraphs 2033 (b) and (c) of subsection (15), and subsections (17), (18), and 2034 (19) of section 163.3184, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2035 163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or plan 2036 amendment.--

2037 (3) LOCAL GOVERNMENT TRANSMITTAL OF PROPOSED PLAN OR 2038 AMENDMENT.--

2039 (a) Before filing an application for a future land use map 2040 amendment that applies to 50 acres or more, the applicant must 2041 conduct a neighborhood meeting to present, discuss, and solicit 2042 public comment on the proposed amendment. Such meeting shall be

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2043	conducted at least 30 days but no more than 60 days before the
2044	application for the amendment is filed with the local government.
2045	At a minimum, the meeting shall be noticed and conducted in
2046	accordance with each of the following requirements:
2047	1. Notice of the meeting shall be:
2048	a. Mailed at least 10 days but no more than 14 days before
2049	the date of the meeting to all property owners owning property
2050	within 500 feet of the property subject to the proposed
2050	amendment, according to information maintained by the county tax
2052	assessor. Such information shall conclusively establish the
2053	required recipients;
2054	b. Published in accordance with s. 125.66(4)(b)2. or s.
2055	166.041(3)(c)2.b.;
2056	c. Posted on the jurisdiction's website, if available; and
2057	d. Mailed to all persons on the list of homeowners' or
2058	condominium associations maintained by the jurisdiction, if any.
2059	2. The meeting shall be conducted at an accessible and
2060	convenient location.
2061	3. A sign-in list of all attendees at each meeting must be
2062	maintained.
2063	(b) At least 15 days but no more than 45 days before the
2064	local governing body's scheduled adoption hearing, the applicant
2065	shall conduct a second noticed community or neighborhood meeting
2066	for the purpose of presenting and discussing the map amendment
2067	application, including any changes made to the proposed amendment
2068	following the first community or neighborhood meeting. Notice by
2069	United States mail at least 10 days but no more than 14 days
2070	before the meeting is required only for persons who signed in at
2071	the preapplication meeting and persons whose names are on the
2072	sign-in sheet from the transmittal hearing conducted pursuant to
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2073 paragraph (15) (c). Otherwise, notice shall be given by newspaper 2074 advertisement in accordance with s. 125.66(4)(b)2. and s. 2075 <u>166.041(3)(c)2.b. Before the adoption hearing, the applicant</u> 2076 shall file with the local government a written certification or 2077 verification that the second meeting has been noticed and 2078 <u>conducted in accordance with this section.</u>

2079 (c) Before filing an application for a future land use map 2080 amendment that applies to 11 acres or more but less than 50 2081 acres, the applicant must conduct a neighborhood meeting in 2082 compliance with paragraph (a). At least 15 days but no more than 2083 45 days before the local governing body's scheduled adoption 2084 hearing, the applicant for a future land use map amendment that 2085 applies to 11 acres or more but less than 49 acres is encouraged 2086 to hold a second hearing using the provisions in paragraph (b).

(d) The requirement for neighborhood meetings as provided in this section does not apply to small-scale amendments as defined in s. 163.3187(2)(d) unless a local government, by ordinance, adopts a procedure for holding a neighborhood meeting as part of the small-scale amendment process. In no event shall more than one such meeting be required.

(e) (a) Each local governing body shall transmit the 2093 2094 complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to the 2095 state land planning agency, the appropriate regional planning council and water management district, the Department of 2096 2097 Environmental Protection, the Department of State, and the 2098 Department of Transportation, and, in the case of municipal plans, to the appropriate county, and, in the case of county 2099 plans, to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the 2100 2101 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, immediately following a public hearing pursuant to subsection (15) as 2102

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2103 specified in the state land planning agency's procedural rules. The local governing body shall also transmit a copy of the 2104 2105 complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to any 2106 other unit of local government or government agency in the state 2107 that has filed a written request with the governing body for the plan or plan amendment. The local government may request a review 2108 2109 by the state land planning agency pursuant to subsection (6) at the time of the transmittal of an amendment. 2110

2111 (f) (b) A local governing body shall not transmit portions of a plan or plan amendment unless it has previously provided to 2112 2113 all state agencies designated by the state land planning agency a 2114 complete copy of its adopted comprehensive plan pursuant to 2115 subsection (7) and as specified in the agency's procedural rules. In the case of comprehensive plan amendments, the local governing 2116 body shall transmit to the state land planning agency, the 2117 appropriate regional planning council and water management 2118 2119 district, the Department of Environmental Protection, the 2120 Department of State, and the Department of Transportation, and, 2121 in the case of municipal plans, to the appropriate county and, in the case of county plans, to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 2122 2123 Commission and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services the materials specified in the state land planning 2124 2125 agency's procedural rules and, in cases in which the plan 2126 amendment is a result of an evaluation and appraisal report 2127 adopted pursuant to s. 163.3191, a copy of the evaluation and appraisal report. Local governing bodies shall consolidate all 2128 2129 proposed plan amendments into a single submission for each of the 2130 two plan amendment adoption dates during the calendar year pursuant to s. 163.3187. 2131

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2132 (g) (c) A local government may adopt a proposed plan 2133 amendment previously transmitted pursuant to this subsection, 2134 unless review is requested or otherwise initiated pursuant to 2135 subsection (6).

2136 (h) (d) In cases in which a local government transmits 2137 multiple individual amendments that can be clearly and legally 2138 separated and distinguished for the purpose of determining 2139 whether to review the proposed amendment, and the state land 2140 planning agency elects to review several or a portion of the amendments and the local government chooses to immediately adopt 2141 2142 the remaining amendments not reviewed, the amendments immediately 2143 adopted and any reviewed amendments that the local government 2144 subsequently adopts together constitute one amendment cycle in accordance with s. 163.3187(1). 2145

#### 2147 <u>Paragraphs (a)-(d) apply to applications for a map amendment</u> 2148 filed after January 1, 2009.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVIEW. -- The governmental agencies 2149 (4) 2150 specified in paragraph (3)(a) shall provide comments to the state 2151 land planning agency within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan amendment. If 2152 2153 the plan or plan amendment includes or relates to the public 2154 school facilities element pursuant to s. 163.3177(12), the state 2155 land planning agency shall submit a copy to the Office of 2156 Educational Facilities of the Commissioner of Education for 2157 review and comment. The appropriate regional planning council 2158 shall also provide its written comments to the state land 2159 planning agency within 45 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan amendment and shall 2160 specify any objections, recommendations for modifications, and 2161

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2162 comments of any other regional agencies to which the regional 2163 planning council may have referred the proposed plan amendment. 2164 Written comments submitted by the public within 30 days after 2165 notice of transmittal by the local government of the proposed 2166 plan amendment will be considered as if submitted by governmental 2167 agencies. All written agency and public comments must be made 2168 part of the file maintained under subsection (2).

2169

(6) STATE LAND PLANNING AGENCY REVIEW.--

2170 The state land planning agency shall review a proposed (a) plan amendment upon request of a regional planning council, 2171 2172 affected person, or local government transmitting the plan 2173 amendment. The request from the regional planning council or 2174 affected person must be received within 45 30 days after transmittal of the proposed plan amendment pursuant to subsection 2175 (3). A regional planning council or affected person requesting a 2176 review shall do so by submitting a written request to the agency 2177 with a notice of the request to the local government and any 2178 2179 other person who has requested notice.

2180 The state land planning agency review shall identify (d) all written communications with the agency regarding the proposed 2181 plan amendment. If the state land planning agency does not issue 2182 such a review, it shall identify in writing to the local 2183 government all written communications received 45 30 days after 2184 2185 transmittal. The written identification must include a list of 2186 all documents received or generated by the agency, which list must be of sufficient specificity to enable the documents to be 2187 identified and copies requested, if desired, and the name of the 2188 2189 person to be contacted to request copies of any identified document. The list of documents must be made a part of the public 2190 2191 records of the state land planning agency.

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2192 (7) LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVIEW OF COMMENTS; ADOPTION OF PLAN
2193 OR AMENDMENTS AND TRANSMITTAL.--

2194 (a) The local government shall review the written comments 2195 submitted to it by the state land planning agency, and any other 2196 person, agency, or government. Any comments, recommendations, or 2197 objections and any reply to them are shall be public documents, a 2198 part of the permanent record in the matter, and admissible in any 2199 proceeding in which the comprehensive plan or plan amendment may 2200 be at issue. The local government, upon receipt of written 2201 comments from the state land planning agency, shall have 120 days 2202 to adopt, or adopt with changes, the proposed comprehensive plan 2203 or s. 163.3191 plan amendments. In the case of comprehensive plan 2204 amendments other than those proposed pursuant to s. 163.3191, the 2205 local government shall have 60 days to adopt the amendment, adopt 2206 the amendment with changes, or determine that it will not adopt 2207 the amendment. The adoption of the proposed plan or plan 2208 amendment or the determination not to adopt a plan amendment $_{ au}$ 2209 other than a plan amendment proposed pursuant to s. 163.3191, 2210 shall be made in the course of a public hearing pursuant to 2211 subsection (15). If a local government fails to adopt the 2212 comprehensive plan or plan amendment within the period set forth 2213 in this subsection, the plan or plan amendment shall be deemed 2214 abandoned and may not be considered until the next available amendment cycle pursuant to this section and s. 163.3187. 2215 2216 However, if the applicant or local government, before the 2217 expiration of the period, certifies in writing to the state land planning agency that the applicant is proceeding in good faith to 2218 2219 address the items raised in the agency report issued pursuant to paragraph (6)(f) or agency comments issued pursuant to s. 2220 2221 163.32465(4), and such certification specifically identifies the

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2222 items being addressed, the state land planning agency may grant 2223 one or more extensions not to exceed a total of 360 days 2224 following the date of the issuance of the agency report or 2225 comments if the request is justified by good and sufficient cause 2226 as determined by the agency. When any such extension is pending, the applicant shall file with the local government and state land 2227 2228 planning agency a status report every 60 days specifically 2229 identifying the items being addressed and the manner in which 2230 such items are being addressed. The local government shall 2231 transmit the complete adopted comprehensive plan or plan amendment, including the names and addresses of persons compiled 2232 2233 pursuant to paragraph (15) (c), to the state land planning agency 2234 as specified in the agency's procedural rules within 10 working 2235 days after adoption. The local governing body shall also transmit 2236 a copy of the adopted comprehensive plan or plan amendment to the regional planning agency and to any other unit of local 2237 2238 government or governmental agency in the state that has filed a 2239 written request with the governing body for a copy of the plan or 2240 plan amendment.

(15) PUBLIC HEARINGS.--

2241

(b) The local governing body shall hold at least two advertised public hearings on the proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment as follows:

1. The first public hearing shall be held at the transmittal stage pursuant to subsection (3). It shall be held on a weekday at least 7 days after the day that the first advertisement is published.

2249 2. The second public hearing shall be held at the adoption 2250 stage pursuant to subsection (7). It shall be held on a weekday 2251 at least 5 days after the day that the second advertisement is

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2252 published. The comprehensive plan or plan amendment to be considered for adoption must be available to the public at least 2253 2254 5 days before the date of the hearing, and must be posted at 2255 least 5 days before the date of the hearing on the local 2256 government's website if one is maintained. The proposed 2257 comprehensive plan amendment may not be altered during the 5 days before the hearing if such alteration increases the permissible 2258 2259 density, intensity, or height, or decreases the minimum buffers, 2260 setbacks, or open space. If the amendment is altered in this 2261 manner during the 5-day period or at the public hearing, the 2262 public hearing shall be continued to the next meeting of the 2263 local governing body. As part of the adoption package, the local 2264 government shall certify in writing to the state land planning 2265 agency that it has complied with this subsection.

2266 The local government shall provide a sign-in form at (C) 2267 the transmittal hearing and at the adoption hearing for persons 2268 to provide their names, and mailing and electronic addresses. The 2269 sign-in form must advise that any person providing the requested 2270 information will receive a courtesy informational statement 2271 concerning publications of the state land planning agency's 2272 notice of intent. The local government shall add to the sign-in 2273 form the name and address of any person who submits written 2274 comments concerning the proposed plan or plan amendment during 2275 the time period between the commencement of the transmittal 2276 hearing and the end of the adoption hearing. It is the responsibility of the person completing the form or providing 2277 written comments to accurately, completely, and legibly provide 2278 2279 all information needed in order to receive the courtesy 2280 informational statement.



2281	(17) COMMUNITY VISION AND URBAN BOUNDARY PLAN
2282	AMENDMENTSA local government that has adopted a community
2283	vision and urban service boundary under s. 163.3177(13) and (14)
2284	may adopt a plan amendment related to map amendments solely to
2285	property within an urban service boundary in the manner described
2286	in subsections (1), (2), (7), (14), (15), and (16) and s.
2287	163.3187(1)(c)1.d. and c., 2., and 3., such that state and
2288	regional agency review is eliminated. The department may not
2289	issue an objections, recommendations, and comments report on
2290	proposed plan amendments or a notice of intent on adopted plan
2291	amendments; however, affected persons, as defined by paragraph
2292	(1)(a), may file a petition for administrative review pursuant to
2293	the requirements of s. 163.3187(3)(a) to challenge the compliance
2294	of an adopted plan amendment. This subsection does not apply to
2295	any amendment within an area of critical state concern, to any
2296	amendment that increases residential densities allowable in high-
2297	hazard coastal areas as defined in s. 163.3178(2)(h), or to a
2298	text change to the goals, policies, or objectives of the local
2299	government's comprehensive plan. Amendments submitted under this
2300	subsection are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of
2301	plan amendments in s. 163.3187.
2302	(18) URBAN INFILL AND REDEVELOPMENT PLAN AMENDMENTSA

2303 municipality that has a designated urban infill and redevelopment 2304 area under s. 163.2517 may adopt a plan amendment related to map amendments solely to property within a designated urban infill 2305 2306 and redevelopment area in the manner described in subsections 2307 (1), (2), (7), (14), (15), and (16) and s. 163.3187(1)(c)1.d. and e., 2., and 3., such that state and regional agency review is 2308 eliminated. The department may not issue an objections, 2309 recommendations, and comments report on proposed plan amendments 2310

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2311 or a notice of intent on adopted plan amendments; however, 2312 affected persons, as defined by paragraph (1) (a), may file a 2313 petition for administrative review pursuant to the requirements 2314 of s. 163.3187(3)(a) to challenge the compliance of an adopted 2315 plan amendment. This subsection does not apply to any amendment 2316 within an area of critical state concern, to any amendment that 2317 increases residential densities allowable in high-hazard coastal 2318 areas as defined in s. 163.3178(2)(h), or to a text change to the 2319 goals, policies, or objectives of the local government's 2320 comprehensive plan. Amendments submitted under this subsection are exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan 2321 2322 amendments in s. 163.3187.

2323 (17) (19) HOUSING INCENTIVE STRATEGY PLAN AMENDMENTS. -- Any 2324 local government that identifies in its comprehensive plan the 2325 types of housing developments and conditions for which it will 2326 consider plan amendments that are consistent with the local 2327 housing incentive strategies identified in s. 420.9076 and 2328 authorized by the local government may expedite consideration of 2329 such plan amendments. At least 30 days before prior to adopting a 2330 plan amendment pursuant to this subsection, the local government shall notify the state land planning agency of its intent to 2331 2332 adopt such an amendment, and the notice shall include the local 2333 government's evaluation of site suitability and availability of 2334 facilities and services. A plan amendment considered under this 2335 subsection shall require only a single public hearing before the 2336 local governing body, which shall be a plan amendment adoption 2337 hearing as described in subsection (7). The public notice of the 2338 hearing required under subparagraph (15) (b)2. must include a statement that the local government intends to use the expedited 2339 2340 adoption process authorized under this subsection. The state land

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2341 planning agency shall issue its notice of intent required under 2342 subsection (8) within 30 days after determining that the 2343 amendment package is complete. Any further proceedings shall be 2344 governed by subsections (9)-(16).

2345 Section 10. Section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, is amended 2346 to read:

2347

163.3187 Amendment of adopted comprehensive plan.--

(1) (a) A plan amendment applying to lands within an urban 2348 2349 service area that includes lands appropriate for compact 2350 contiguous urban development, which does not exceed the amount of 2351 land needed to accommodate projected population growth at 2352 densities consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan within a 2353 10-year planning period, and which is served or is planned to be 2354 served with public facilities and services as provided by the 2355 capital improvements element may be transmitted not more than two times during any calendar year. Amendments to comprehensive plans 2356 2357 applying to lands outside an urban service area, as described in 2358 this subsection, adopted pursuant to this part may be made not 2359 more than once two times during any calendar year., except:

2360 (b) (a) The following amendments may be adopted by a local 2361 government at any time during a calendar year without regard for 2362 the frequency restrictions set forth in this subsection:

2363 <u>1. Any local government comprehensive plan</u> In the case of an emergency, comprehensive plan amendments may be made more often than twice during the calendar year if the additional plan amendment enacted in case of emergency which receives the approval of all of the members of the governing body. "Emergency" means any occurrence or threat thereof whether accidental or natural, caused by humankind, in war or peace, which results or

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2370 may result in substantial injury or harm to the population or 2371 substantial damage to or loss of property or public funds.

2372 2.(b) Any local government comprehensive plan amendments 2373 directly related to a proposed development of regional impact, including changes which have been determined to be substantial 2374 2375 deviations and including Florida Quality Developments pursuant to 2376 s. 380.061, may be initiated by a local planning agency and 2377 considered by the local governing body at the same time as the 2378 application for development approval using the procedures 2379 provided for local plan amendment in this section and applicable local ordinances, without regard to statutory or local ordinance 2380 2.381 limits on the frequency of consideration of amendments to the 2382 local comprehensive plan. Nothing in this subsection shall be 2383 deemed to require favorable consideration of a plan amendment 2384 solely because it is related to a development of regional impact.

2385 <u>3.(c)</u> Any Local government comprehensive plan amendments 2386 directly related to proposed small scale development activities 2387 may be approved without regard to statutory limits on the 2388 frequency of consideration of amendments to the local 2389 comprehensive plan. A small scale development amendment may be 2390 adopted only under the following conditions:

2391 <u>4.1.</u> The proposed amendment involves a use of 10 acres or 2392 fewer and:

a. The cumulative annual effect of the acreage for all
small scale development amendments adopted by the local
government shall not exceed:

(I) A maximum of 120 acres in a local government that contains areas specifically designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 163.3164, urban infill and

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2400 redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation 2401 concurrency exception areas approved pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), 2402 or regional activity centers and urban central business districts 2403 approved pursuant to s. 380.06(2)(e); however, amendments under 2404 this paragraph may be applied to no more than 60 acres annually 2405 of property outside the designated areas listed in this sub-subsubparagraph. Amendments adopted pursuant to paragraph (k) shall 2406 2407 not be counted toward the acreage limitations for small scale 2408 amendments under this paragraph.

(II) A maximum of 80 acres in a local government that does not contain any of the designated areas set forth in sub-subsubparagraph (I).

(III) A maximum of 120 acres in a county established pursuant to s. 9, Art. VIII of the State Constitution.

b. The proposed amendment does not involve the same property granted a change within the prior 12 months.

2416 c. The proposed amendment does not involve the same owner's 2417 property within 200 feet of property granted a change within the 2418 prior 12 months.

d. The proposed amendment does not involve a text change to the goals, policies, and objectives of the local government's comprehensive plan, but only proposes a land use change to the future land use map for a site-specific small scale development activity.

e. The property that is the subject of the proposed amendment is not located within an area of critical state concern, unless the project subject to the proposed amendment involves the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3), and is located within an area of critical state concern designated by s. 380.0552 or by the

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Administration Commission pursuant to s. 380.05(1). Such amendment is not subject to the density limitations of subsubparagraph f., and shall be reviewed by the state land planning agency for consistency with the principles for guiding development applicable to the area of critical state concern where the amendment is located and <u>is shall</u> not become effective until a final order is issued under s. 380.05(6).

2437 f. If the proposed amendment involves a residential land 2438 use, the residential land use has a density of 10 units or less 2439 per acre or the proposed future land use category allows a maximum residential density of the same or less than the maximum 2440 2441 residential density allowable under the existing future land use 2442 category, except that this limitation does not apply to small scale amendments involving the construction of affordable housing 2443 units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3) on property which 2444 2445 will be the subject of a land use restriction agreement, or small 2446 scale amendments described in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(I) that are 2447 designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, 2448 urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 2449 163.3164, urban infill and redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation concurrency exception areas approved 2450 2451 pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), or regional activity centers and 2452 urban central business districts approved pursuant to s. 2453 380.06(2)(e).

2454 <u>5.2.</u>a. A local government that proposes to consider a plan 2455 amendment pursuant to this paragraph is not required to comply 2456 with the procedures and public notice requirements of s. 2457 163.3184(15)(c) for such plan amendments if the local government 2458 complies with the provisions in s. 125.66(4)(a) for a county or 2459 in s. 166.041(3)(c) for a municipality. If a request for a plan

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2460 amendment under this paragraph is initiated by other than the 2461 local government, public notice is required.

b. The local government shall send copies of the notice and amendment to the state land planning agency, the regional planning council, and any other person or entity requesting a copy. This information shall also include a statement identifying any property subject to the amendment that is located within a coastal high-hazard area as identified in the local comprehensive plan.

2469 <u>6.3.</u> Small scale development amendments adopted pursuant to 2470 this paragraph require only one public hearing before the 2471 governing board, which shall be an adoption hearing as described 2472 in s. 163.3184(7), and are not subject to the requirements of s. 2473 163.3184(3)-(6) unless the local government elects to have them 2474 subject to those requirements.

7.4. If the small scale development amendment involves a 2475 2476 site within an area that is designated by the Governor as a rural 2477 area of critical economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) for the 2478 duration of such designation, the 10-acre limit listed in 2479 subparagraph 1. shall be increased by 100 percent to 20 acres. The local government approving the small scale plan amendment 2480 shall certify to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 2481 2482 Development that the plan amendment furthers the economic 2483 objectives set forth in the executive order issued under s. 2484 288.0656(7), and the property subject to the plan amendment shall 2485 undergo public review to ensure that all concurrency requirements 2486 and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements 2487 are met.

24888.(d)Any comprehensive plan amendment required by a2489compliance agreement pursuant to s. 163.3184(16)may be approved

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2490 without regard to statutory limits on the frequency of adoption 2491 of amendments to the comprehensive plan.

(c) A comprehensive plan amendment for location of a state correctional facility. Such an amendment may be made at any time and does not count toward the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments.

2496 <u>9.(f)</u> Any comprehensive plan amendment that changes the 2497 schedule in the capital improvements element, and any amendments 2498 directly related to the schedule, may be made once in a calendar 2499 year on a date different from the two times provided in this 2500 subsection when necessary to coincide with the adoption of the 2501 local government's budget and capital improvements program.

2502 (g) Any local government comprehensive plan amendments 2503 directly related to proposed redevelopment of brownfield areas 2504 designated under s. 376.80 may be approved without regard to 2505 statutory limits on the frequency of consideration of amendments 2506 to the local comprehensive plan.

2507 <u>10.(h)</u> Any comprehensive plan amendments for port 2508 transportation facilities and projects that are eligible for 2509 funding by the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic 2510 Development Council pursuant to s. 311.07.

2511 (i) A comprehensive plan amendment for the purpose of 2512 designating an urban infill and redevelopment area under s. 2513 163.2517 may be approved without regard to the statutory limits 2514 on the frequency of amendments to the comprehensive plan.

2515 <u>11.(j)</u> Any comprehensive plan amendment to establish public 2516 school concurrency pursuant to s. 163.3180(13), including, but 2517 not limited to, adoption of a public school facilities element 2518 <u>pursuant to s. 163.3177(12)</u> and adoption of amendments to the 2519 capital improvements element and intergovernmental coordination

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2520 element. In order to ensure the consistency of local government 2521 public school facilities elements within a county, such elements 2522 must shall be prepared and adopted on a similar time schedule. 2523 (k) A local comprehensive plan amendment directly related 2524 to providing transportation improvements to enhance life safety 2525 on Controlled Access Major Arterial Highways identified in the 2526 Florida Intrastate Highway System, in counties as defined in s. 2527 125.011, where such roadways have a high incidence of traffic 2528 accidents resulting in serious injury or death. Any such amendment shall not include any amendment modifying the 2529 2530 designation on a comprehensive development plan land use map nor 2531 any amendment modifying the allowable densities or intensities of any land. 2532

2533 (1) A comprehensive plan amendment to adopt a public educational facilities element pursuant to s. 163.3177(12) and future land-use-map amendments for school siting may be approved notwithstanding statutory limits on the frequency of adopting plan amendments.

(m) A comprehensive plan amendment that addresses criteria or compatibility of land uses adjacent to or in close proximity to military installations in a local government's future land use element does not count toward the limitation on the frequency of the plan amendments.

2543 (n) Any local government comprehensive plan amendment 2544 establishing or implementing a rural land stewardship area 2545 pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.3177(11)(d).

2546 (o) A comprehensive plan amendment that is submitted by an 2547 area designated by the Governor as a rural area of critical 2548 economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) and that meets the economic 2549 development objectives may be approved without regard to the

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statutory limits on the frequency of adoption of amendments to 2550 2551 the comprehensive plan. 2552 (p) Any local government comprehensive plan amendment that 2553 is consistent with the local housing incentive strategies 2554 identified in s. 420.9076 and authorized by the local government. 2555 12. Any local government comprehensive plan amendment 2556 adopted pursuant to a final order issued by the Administration 2557 Commission or Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission. 2558 13. A future land use map amendment within an area 2559 designated by the Governor as a rural area of critical economic 2560 concern under s. 288.0656(7) for the duration of such 2561 designation. Before the adoption of such an amendment, the local 2562 government shall obtain from the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 2563 Economic Development written certification that the plan 2564 amendment furthers the economic objectives set forth in the 2565 executive order issued under s. 288.0656(7). The property subject 2566 to the plan amendment is subject to all concurrency requirements 2567 and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements. 2568 14. Any local government comprehensive plan amendment

2569 establishing or implementing a rural land stewardship area
2570 pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.3177(11)(d) or a sector plan
2571 pursuant to the provisions of s. 163.3245.

(2) Comprehensive plans may only be amended in such a way as to preserve the internal consistency of the plan pursuant to s. 163.3177(2). Corrections, updates, or modifications of current costs which were set out as part of the comprehensive plan shall not, for the purposes of this act, be deemed to be amendments.

(3) (a) The state land planning agency shall not review or
issue a notice of intent for small scale development amendments
which satisfy the requirements of <u>subparagraph (1)(b)3.</u> paragraph

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2580 (1) (c). Any affected person may file a petition with the Division 2581 of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57 to 2582 request a hearing to challenge the compliance of a small scale development amendment with this act within 30 days following the 2583 2584 local government's adoption of the amendment, shall serve a copy 2585 of the petition on the local government, and shall furnish a copy 2586 to the state land planning agency. An administrative law judge 2587 shall hold a hearing in the affected jurisdiction not less than 2588 30 days nor more than 60 days following the filing of a petition 2589 and the assignment of an administrative law judge. The parties to 2590 a hearing held pursuant to this subsection shall be the 2591 petitioner, the local government, and any intervenor. In the 2592 proceeding, the local government's determination that the small 2593 scale development amendment is in compliance is presumed to be correct. The local government's determination shall be sustained 2594 2595 unless it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that the 2596 amendment is not in compliance with the requirements of this act. 2597 In any proceeding initiated pursuant to this subsection, the 2598 state land planning agency may intervene.

2599 (b)1. If the administrative law judge recommends that the 2600 small scale development amendment be found not in compliance, the 2601 administrative law judge shall submit the recommended order to 2602 the Administration Commission for final agency action. If the 2603 administrative law judge recommends that the small scale 2604 development amendment be found in compliance, the administrative law judge shall submit the recommended order to the state land 2605 2606 planning agency.

2607 2. If the state land planning agency determines that the 2608 plan amendment is not in compliance, the agency shall submit, 2609 within 30 days following its receipt, the recommended order to

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2610 the Administration Commission for final agency action. If the 2611 state land planning agency determines that the plan amendment is 2612 in compliance, the agency shall enter a final order within 30 2613 days following its receipt of the recommended order.

2614 (C) Small scale development amendments shall not become 2615 effective until 31 days after adoption. If challenged within 30 2616 days after adoption, small scale development amendments shall not 2617 become effective until the state land planning agency or the 2618 Administration Commission, respectively, issues a final order determining that the adopted small scale development amendment is 2619 2620 in compliance. However, a small-scale amendment shall not become 2621 effective until it has been rendered to the state land planning 2622 agency as required by sub-subparagraph (1) (b) 5.b. and the state 2623 land planning agency has certified to the local government in writing that the amendment qualifies as a small-scale amendment. 2624

2625 <u>(5)</u> (4) Each governing body shall transmit to the state land 2626 planning agency a current copy of its comprehensive plan not 2627 later than December 1, 1985. Each governing body shall also 2628 transmit copies of any amendments it adopts to its comprehensive 2629 plan so as to continually update the plans on file with the state 2630 land planning agency.

2631 (6) (5) Nothing in this part is intended to prohibit or 2632 limit the authority of local governments to require that a person 2633 requesting an amendment pay some or all of the cost of public 2634 notice.

2635 <u>(7) (6) (a) A No local government may not</u> amend its 2636 comprehensive plan after the date established by the state land 2637 planning agency for adoption of its evaluation and appraisal 2638 report unless it has submitted its report or addendum to the 2639 state land planning agency as prescribed by s. 163.3191, except

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2640 for plan amendments described in subparagraph (1) (b) 2. paragraph 2641 (1) (b) or subparagraph (1) (b) 10. paragraph (1) (h).

(b) A local government may amend its comprehensive plan after it has submitted its adopted evaluation and appraisal report and for a period of 1 year after the initial determination of sufficiency regardless of whether the report has been determined to be insufficient.

(c) A local government may not amend its comprehensive plan, except for plan amendments described in <u>subparagraph</u> (1) (b) 2. <u>paragraph (1) (b)</u>, if the 1-year period after the initial sufficiency determination of the report has expired and the report has not been determined to be sufficient.

(d) When the state land planning agency has determined that the report has sufficiently addressed all pertinent provisions of s. 163.3191, the local government may amend its comprehensive plan without the limitations imposed by paragraph (a) or paragraph (c).

(e) Any plan amendment which a local government attempts to adopt in violation of paragraph (a) or paragraph (c) is invalid, but such invalidity may be overcome if the local government readopts the amendment and transmits the amendment to the state land planning agency pursuant to s. 163.3184(7) after the report is determined to be sufficient.

2663 Section 11. Section 163.3245, Florida Statutes, is amended 2664 to read:

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163.3245 Optional sector plans.--

(1) In recognition of the benefits of <u>large-scale</u> conceptual long-range planning for the buildout of an area, and detailed planning for specific areas, as a demonstration project, the requirements of s. 380.06 may be addressed as identified by

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2670 this section for up to five local governments or combinations of 2671 local governments may which adopt into their the comprehensive 2672 plans plan an optional sector plan in accordance with this 2673 section. This section is intended to further the intent of s. 2674 163.3177(11) $_{\tau}$  which supports innovative and flexible planning and 2675 development strategies, and the purposes of this part  $\overline{r}$  and part I 2676 of chapter 380, and to avoid duplication of effort in terms of the level of data and analysis required for a development of 2.677 2678 regional impact  $_{\tau}$  while ensuring the adequate mitigation of 2679 impacts to applicable regional resources and facilities, including those within the jurisdiction of other local 2680 2681 governments, as would otherwise be provided. Optional sector 2682 plans are intended for substantial geographic areas that include including at least 10,000 contiguous 5,000 acres of one or more 2683 2684 local governmental jurisdictions and are to emphasize urban form 2685 and protection of regionally significant resources and facilities. The state land planning agency may approve optional 2686 2687 sector plans of less than 5,000 acres based on local 2688 circumstances if it is determined that the plan would further the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380. Preparation of 2689 an optional sector plan is authorized by agreement between the 2690 2691 state land planning agency and the applicable local governments under s. 163.3171(4). An optional sector plan may be adopted 2692 2693 through one or more comprehensive plan amendments under s. 2694 163.3184. However, an optional sector plan may not be authorized 2695 in an area of critical state concern.

2696 (2) The state land planning agency may enter into an
 2697 agreement to authorize preparation of an optional sector plan
 2698 upon the request of one or more local governments based on
 2699 consideration of problems and opportunities presented by existing

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2700 development trends; the effectiveness of current comprehensive plan provisions; the potential to further the state comprehensive 2701 2702 plan, applicable strategic regional policy plans, this part, and 2703 part I of chapter 380; and those factors identified by s. 2704 163.3177(10)(i). The applicable regional planning council shall 2705 conduct a scoping meeting with affected local governments and those agencies identified in s. 163.3184(4) before the local 2706 2707 government may consider the sector plan amendments for 2708 transmittal execution of the agreement authorized by this 2709 section. The purpose of this meeting is to assist the state land planning agency and the local government in identifying the 2710 2711 identification of the relevant planning issues to be addressed 2712 and the data and resources available to assist in the preparation 2713 of the subsequent plan amendments. The regional planning council shall make written recommendations to the state land planning 2714 agency and affected local governments relating to, including 2715 whether a sustainable sector plan would be appropriate. The 2716 2717 agreement must define the geographic area to be subject to the 2718 sector plan, the planning issues that will be emphasized, requirements for intergovernmental coordination to address 2719 extrajurisdictional impacts, supporting application materials 2720 2721 including data and analysis, and procedures for public 2722 participation. An agreement may address previously adopted sector 2723 plans that are consistent with the standards in this section. 2724 Before executing an agreement under this subsection, the local government shall hold a duly noticed public workshop to review 2725 and explain to the public the optional sector planning process 2726 2727 and the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement. The local government shall hold a duly noticed public hearing to execute 2728 2729 the agreement. All meetings between the state land planning

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2730 <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> and the local government must be open to the 2731 public.

2732 (3) Optional sector planning encompasses two levels: 2733 adoption under s. 163.3184 of a conceptual long-term overlay plan 2734 as part of buildout overlay to the comprehensive plan, having no 2735 immediate effect on the issuance of development orders or the applicability of s. 380.06, and adoption under s. 163.3184 of 2736 detailed specific area plans that implement the conceptual long-2737 2738 term overlay plan buildout overlay and authorize issuance of development orders, and within which s. 380.06 is waived. Upon 2739 2740 adoption of a conceptual long-term overlay plan, the underlying 2741 future land use designations may be used only if consistent with 2742 the plan and its implementing goals, objectives, and policies. 2743 Until such time as a detailed specific area plan is adopted, the 2744 underlying future land use designations apply.

(a) In addition to the other requirements of this chapter,
a conceptual long-term <u>overlay plan adopted pursuant to s.</u>
<u>163.3184</u> <u>buildout overlay</u> must include <u>maps and text supported by</u>
<u>data and analysis that address the following:</u>

 A long-range conceptual <u>overlay plan</u> framework map that, at a minimum, identifies <u>the maximum and minimum amounts</u>, <u>densities</u>, intensities, and types of allowable development and <u>generally depicts</u> anticipated areas of urban, agricultural, rural, and conservation land use.

2754 2. <u>A general</u> identification of regionally significant 2755 public facilities <del>consistent with chapter 9J-2, Florida</del> 2756 <u>Administrative Code</u>, irrespective of local governmental 2757 jurisdiction<u>,</u> necessary to support buildout of the anticipated 2758 future land uses, and policies setting forth the procedures to be

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used to address and mitigate these impacts as part of the 2759 2760 adoption of detailed specific area plans.

2761 3. A general identification of regionally significant 2762 natural resources and policies ensuring the protection and 2763 conservation of these resources consistent with chapter 9J-2, 2764 Florida Administrative Code.

2765 4. Principles and guidelines that address the urban form 2766 and interrelationships of anticipated future land uses, and a 2767 discussion, at the applicant's option, of the extent, if any, to 2768 which the plan will address restoring key ecosystems, achieving a 2769 more clean, healthy environment, limiting urban sprawl within the 2770 sector plan and surrounding area, providing affordable and 2771 workforce housing, promoting energy-efficient land use patterns, 2772 protecting wildlife and natural areas, advancing the efficient 2773 use of land and other resources, and creating quality communities 2774 and jobs.

5. Identification of general procedures to ensure 2776 intergovernmental coordination to address extrajurisdictional impacts from the long-range conceptual overlay plan framework map.

2779 In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, (b) 2780 including those in paragraph (a), the detailed specific area 2781 plans must include:

2782 1. An area of adequate size to accommodate a level of 2783 development which achieves a functional relationship between a full range of land uses within the area and encompasses to 2784 2785 encompass at least 1,000 acres. The state land planning agency 2786 may approve detailed specific area plans of less than 1,000 acres 2787 based on local circumstances if it is determined that the plan furthers the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380. 2788

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2789 2. Detailed identification and analysis of the <u>minimum and</u> 2790 <u>maximum amounts, densities, intensities,</u> distribution, extent, 2791 and location of future land uses.

3. Detailed identification of regionally significant public facilities, including public facilities outside the jurisdiction of the host local government, anticipated impacts of future land uses on those facilities, and required improvements consistent with the policies accompanying the plan and, for transportation, with rule 9J-2.045 chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code.

4. Public facilities necessary for the short term, including developer contributions in a financially feasible 5year capital improvement schedule of the affected local government.

5. Detailed analysis and identification of specific measures to assure the protection of regionally significant natural resources and other important resources both within and outside the host jurisdiction, including those regionally significant resources identified in chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code.

2808 6. Principles and guidelines that address the urban form 2809 and interrelationships of anticipated future land uses and a 2810 discussion, at the applicant's option, of the extent, if any, to 2811 which the plan will address restoring key ecosystems, achieving a more clean, healthy environment, limiting urban sprawl, providing 2812 2813 affordable and workforce housing, promoting energy-efficient land 2814 use patterns, protecting wildlife and natural areas, advancing 2815 the efficient use of land and other resources, and creating 2816 quality communities and jobs.

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2817 7. Identification of specific procedures to ensure
2818 intergovernmental coordination <u>that addresses</u> to address
2819 extrajurisdictional impacts of the detailed specific area plan.

(c) This subsection <u>does may</u> not <u>be construed to</u> prevent
preparation and approval of the optional sector plan and detailed
specific area plan concurrently or in the same submission.

(4) The host local government shall submit a monitoring report to the state land planning agency and applicable regional planning council on an annual basis after adoption of a detailed specific area plan. The annual monitoring report must provide summarized information on development orders issued, development that has occurred, public facility improvements made, and public facility improvements anticipated over the upcoming 5 years.

2830 <u>(4) (5)</u> If When a plan amendment adopting a detailed 2831 specific area plan has become effective under ss. 163.3184 and 2832 163.3189(2), the provisions of s. 380.06 do not apply to 2833 development within the geographic area of the detailed specific 2834 area plan. However, any development-of-regional-impact 2835 development order that is vested from the detailed specific area 2836 plan may be enforced under s. 380.11.

(a) The local government adopting the detailed specific
area plan is primarily responsible for monitoring and enforcing
the detailed specific area plan. Local governments <u>may shall</u> not
issue any permits or approvals or provide any extensions of
services to development that are not consistent with the detailed
sector area plan.

(b) If the state land planning agency has reason to believe that a violation of any detailed specific area plan, or of any agreement entered into under this section, has occurred or is about to occur, it may institute an administrative or judicial

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2847 proceeding to prevent, abate, or control the conditions or 2848 activity creating the violation $_{\tau}$  using the procedures in s. 2849 380.11.

(c) In instituting an administrative or judicial proceeding involving an optional sector plan or detailed specific area plan, including a proceeding pursuant to paragraph (b), the complaining party shall comply with the requirements of s. 163.3215(4), (5), (6), and (7).

2855 (6) Beginning December 1, 1999, and each year thereafter, 2856 the department shall provide a status report to the Legislative 2857 Committee on Intergovernmental Relations regarding each optional 2858 sector plan authorized under this section.

2859 (5) (7) This section <u>does</u> may not be construed to abrogate 2860 the rights of any person under this chapter.

2861 Section 12. Section 163.3246, Florida Statutes, is amended 2862 to read:

2863163.3246Local Government Comprehensive Planning2864Certification Program.--

2865 The Legislature finds that There is created the Local (1)Government Comprehensive Planning Certification Program has had a 2866 low level of interest from and participation by local 2867 2868 governments. New approaches, such as the Alternative State Review 2869 Process Pilot Program, provide a more effective approach to 2870 expediting and streamlining comprehensive plan amendment review. 2871 Therefore, the Local Government Comprehensive Planning 2872 Certification Program is discontinued and no additional local 2873 governments may be certified. The municipalities of Freeport, 2874 Lakeland, Miramar, and Orlando may continue to adopt amendments in accordance with this section and their certification agreement 2875 2876 or certification notice. to be administered by the Department of

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2877	Community Affairs. The purpose of the program is to create a
2878	certification process for local governments who identify a
2879	geographic area for certification within which they commit to
2880	directing growth and who, because of a demonstrated record of
2881	effectively adopting, implementing, and enforcing its
2882	comprehensive plan, the level of technical planning experience
2883	exhibited by the local government, and a commitment to implement
2884	exemplary planning practices, require less state and regional
2885	oversight of the comprehensive plan amendment process. The
2886	purpose of the certification area is to designate areas that are
2887	contiguous, compact, and appropriate for urban growth and
2888	development within a 10-year planning timeframe. Municipalities
2889	and counties are encouraged to jointly establish the
2890	certification area, and subsequently enter into joint
2891	certification agreement with the department.
2892	(2) In order to be eligible for certification under the
2893	program, the local government must:
2894	(a) Demonstrate a record of effectively adopting,
2895	implementing, and enforcing its comprehensive plan;
2896	(b) Demonstrate technical, financial, and administrative
2897	expertise to implement the provisions of this part without state
2898	oversight;
2899	(c) Obtain comments from the state and regional review
2900	agencies regarding the appropriateness of the proposed
2901	certification;
2902	(d) Hold at least one public hearing soliciting public
2903	input concerning the local government's proposal for
2904	certification; and
2905	(e) Demonstrate that it has adopted programs in its local
2906	comprehensive plan and land development regulations which:
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2907	1. Promote infill development and redevelopment, including
2908	prioritized and timely permitting processes in which applications
2909	for local development permits within the certification area are
2910	acted upon expeditiously for proposed development that is
2911	consistent with the local comprehensive plan.
2912	2. Promote the development of housing for low-income and
2913	very-low-income households or specialized housing to assist
2914	elderly and disabled persons to remain at home or in independent
2915	living arrangements.
2916	3. Achieve effective intergovernmental coordination and
2917	address the extrajurisdictional effects of development within the
2918	certified area.
2919	4. Promote economic diversity and growth while encouraging
2920	the retention of rural character, where rural areas exist, and
2921	the protection and restoration of the environment.
2922	5. Provide and maintain public urban and rural open space
2923	and recreational opportunities.
2924	6. Manage transportation and land uses to support public
2925	transit and promote opportunities for pedestrian and nonmotorized
2926	transportation.
2927	7. Use design principles to foster individual community
2928	identity, create a sense of place, and promote pedestrian-
2929	oriented safe neighborhoods and town centers.
2930	8. Redevelop blighted areas.
2931	9. Adopt a local mitigation strategy and have programs to
2932	improve disaster preparedness and the ability to protect lives
2933	and property, especially in coastal high-hazard areas.
2934	10. Encourage clustered, mixed-use development that
2935	incorporates greenspace and residential development within
2936	walking distance of commercial development.
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2937	11. Encourage urban infill at appropriate densities and
2938	intensities and separate urban and rural uses and discourage
2939	urban sprawl while preserving public open space and planning for
2940	buffer-type land uses and rural development consistent with their
2941	respective character along and outside the certification area.
2942	12. Assure protection of key natural areas and agricultural
2943	lands that are identified using state and local inventories of
2944	natural areas. Key natural areas include, but are not limited to:
2945	a. Wildlife corridors.
2946	b. Lands with high native biological diversity, important
2947	areas for threatened and endangered species, species of special
2948	concern, migratory bird habitat, and intact natural communities.
2949	c. Significant surface waters and springs, aquatic
2950	preserves, wetlands, and outstanding Florida waters.
2951	d. Water resources suitable for preservation of natural
2952	systems and for water resource development.
2953	e. Representative and rare native Florida natural systems.
2954	13. Ensure the cost-efficient provision of public
2955	infrastructure and services.
2956	(3) Portions of local governments located within areas of
2957	critical state concern cannot be included in a certification
2958	<del>area.</del>
2959	(4) A local government or group of local governments
2960	seeking certification of all or part of a jurisdiction or
2961	jurisdictions must submit an application to the department which
2962	demonstrates that the area sought to be certified meets the
2963	criteria of subsections (2) and (5). The application shall
2964	include copies of the applicable local government comprehensive
2965	plan, land development regulations, interlocal agreements, and
2966	other relevant information supporting the eligibility criteria
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2967 for designation. Upon receipt of a complete application, the department must provide the local government with an initial 2968 2969 response to the application within 90 days after receipt of the 2970 application.

2971 (5) If the local government meets the eligibility criteria 2972 of subsection (2), the department shall certify all or part of a local government by written agreement, which shall be considered 2973 final agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. 2974

2975 The agreement for the municipalities of Lakeland, (2) 2976 Miramar, and Orlando must include the following components: 2977

The basis for certification. (a)

2978 The boundary of the certification area, which (b) 2979 encompasses areas that are contiguous, compact, appropriate for 2980 urban growth and development, and in which public infrastructure 2981 exists is existing or is planned within a 10-year planning timeframe. The certification area must is required to include 2982 2983 sufficient land to accommodate projected population growth, 2984 housing demand, including choice in housing types and 2985 affordability, job growth and employment, appropriate densities and intensities of use to be achieved in new development and 2986 redevelopment, existing or planned infrastructure, including 2987 2988 transportation and central water and sewer facilities. The 2989 certification area must be adopted as part of the local 2990 government's comprehensive plan.

2991 (c) A demonstration that the capital improvements plan 2992 governing the certified area is updated annually.

2993 (d) A visioning plan or a schedule for the development of a 2994 visioning plan.

2995 A description of baseline conditions related to the (e) 2996 evaluation criteria in paragraph (g) in the certified area.

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(f) A work program setting forth specific planning strategies and projects that will be undertaken to achieve improvement in the baseline conditions as measured by the criteria identified in paragraph (g).

3001 (g) Criteria to evaluate the effectiveness of the 3002 certification process in achieving the community-development 3003 goals for the certification area including:

30041. Measuring the compactness of growth, expressed as the3005ratio between population growth and land consumed;

3006

2. Increasing residential density and intensities of use;

3007 3. Measuring and reducing vehicle miles traveled and 3008 increasing the interconnectedness of the street system, 3009 pedestrian access, and mass transit;

3010 4. Measuring the balance between the location of jobs and3011 housing;

3012 5. Improving the housing mix within the certification area, 3013 including the provision of mixed-use neighborhoods, affordable 3014 housing, and the creation of an affordable housing program if 3015 such a program is not already in place;

3016 6. Promoting mixed-use developments as an alternative to 3017 single-purpose centers;

3018 7. Promoting clustered development having dedicated open 3019 space;

3020 8. Linking commercial, educational, and recreational uses3021 directly to residential growth;

3022

9. Reducing per capita water and energy consumption;

302310. Prioritizing environmental features to be protected and3024adopting measures or programs to protect identified features;

3025 11. Reducing hurricane shelter deficits and evacuation 3026 times and implementing the adopted mitigation strategies; and

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3027 12. Improving coordination between the local government and3028 school board.

(h) A commitment to change any land development regulations that restrict compact development and adopt alternative design codes that encourage desirable densities and intensities of use and patterns of compact development identified in the agreement.

3033 (i) A plan for increasing public participation in 3034 comprehensive planning and land use decisionmaking which includes 3035 outreach to neighborhood and civic associations through community 3036 planning initiatives.

(j) A demonstration that the intergovernmental coordination element of the local government's comprehensive plan includes joint processes for coordination between the school board and local government pursuant to s. 163.3177(6)(h)2. and other requirements of law.

3042 (k) A method of addressing the extrajurisdictional effects 3043 of development within the certified area, which is integrated by 3044 amendment into the intergovernmental coordination element of the 3045 local government comprehensive plan.

3046 A requirement for the annual reporting to the state (1) land planning agency department of plan amendments adopted during 3047 the year, and the progress of the local government in meeting the 3048 3049 terms and conditions of the certification agreement. Prior to the 3050 deadline for the annual report, the local government must hold a 3051 public hearing soliciting public input on the progress of the 3052 local government in satisfying the terms of the certification 3053 agreement.

3054 (m) An expiration date that is within no later than 10 3055 years after execution of the agreement.

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3056	(6) The department may enter up to eight new certification
3057	agreements each fiscal year. The department shall adopt
3058	procedural rules governing the application and review of local
3059	government requests for certification. Such procedural rules may
3060	establish a phased schedule for review of local government
3061	requests for certification.
3062	(3) For the municipality of Freeport, the notice of
3063	certification shall include the following components:
3064	(a) The boundary of the certification area.
3065	(b) A report to the state land planning agency according to
3066	the schedule provided in the written notice. The monitoring
3067	report shall, at a minimum, include the number of amendments to
3068	the comprehensive plan adopted by the local government, the
3069	number of plan amendments challenged by an affected person, and
3070	the disposition of those challenges.
3071	(4) Notwithstanding any other subsections, the municipality
3072	of Freeport shall remain certified for as long as it is
3073	designated as a rural area of critical economic concern.
3074	(5) If the municipality of Freeport does not request that
3075	the state land planning agency review the developments of
3076	regional impact that are proposed within the certified area, an
3077	application for approval of a development order within the
3078	certified area shall be exempt from review under s. 380.06,
3079	subject to the following:
3080	(a) Concurrent with filing an application for development
3081	approval with the local government, a developer proposing a
3082	project that would have been subject to review pursuant to s.
3083	380.06 shall notify in writing the regional planning council that
3084	has jurisdiction.

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3085 (b) The regional planning council shall coordinate with the 3086 developer and the local government to ensure that all concurrency 3087 requirements as well as federal, state, and local environmental 3088 permit requirements are met.

3089 <u>(6)</u> (7) The state land planning agency department shall 3090 revoke the local government's certification if it determines that 3091 the local government is not substantially complying with the 3092 terms of the agreement.

3093 (7) (8) An affected person, as defined in s. 163.3184(1) by 3094 s. 163.3184(1)(a), may petition for an administrative hearing 3095 alleging that a local government is not substantially complying 3096 with the terms of the agreement, using the procedures and 3097 timeframes for notice and conditions precedent described in s. 3098 163.3213. Such a petition must be filed within 30 days after the 3099 annual public hearing required by paragraph (2)(1) (5)(1).

(8) (9) (a) Upon certification All comprehensive plan 3100 3101 amendments associated with the area certified must be adopted and 3102 reviewed in the manner described in ss. 163.3184(1), (2), (7), 3103 (14), (15), and (16) and 163.3187, such that state and regional 3104 agency review is eliminated. The state land planning agency department may not issue any objections, recommendations, and 3105 3106 comments report on proposed plan amendments or a notice of intent 3107 on adopted plan amendments; however, affected persons, as defined 3108 in s. 163.3184(1) by s. 163.3184(1)(a), may file a petition for 3109 administrative review pursuant to the requirements of s. 3110 163.3187(3)(a) to challenge the compliance of an adopted plan amendment. 3111

(b) Plan amendments that change the boundaries of the certification area; propose a rural land stewardship area pursuant to s. 163.3177(11)(d); propose an optional sector plan

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3115 pursuant to s. 163.3245; propose a school facilities element; 3116 update a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and appraisal report; impact lands outside the certification boundary; 3117 3118 implement new statutory requirements that require specific 3119 comprehensive plan amendments; or increase hurricane evacuation 3120 times or the need for shelter capacity on lands within the coastal high-hazard area shall be reviewed pursuant to ss. 3121 163.3184 and 163.3187. 3122

3123 (10) Notwithstanding subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and 3124 (7), any municipality designated as a rural area of critical 3125 economic concern pursuant to s. 288.0656 which is located within 3126 a county eligible to levy the Small County Surtax under s. 212.055(3) shall be considered certified during the effectiveness 3127 3128 of the designation of rural area of critical economic concern. The state land planning agency shall provide a written notice of 3129 3130 certification to the local government of the certified area, 3131 which shall be considered final agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. The notice of certification shall 3132 3133 include the following components:

3134

(a) The boundary of the certification area.

3135 (b) A requirement that the local government submit either 3136 an annual or biennial monitoring report to the state land 3137 planning agency according to the schedule provided in the written 3138 notice. The monitoring report shall, at a minimum, include the 3139 number of amendments to the comprehensive plan adopted by the 3140 local government, the number of plan amendments challenged by an 3141 affected person, and the disposition of those challenges.

3142 (11) If the local government of an area described in 3143 subsection (10) does not request that the state land planning 3144 agency review the developments of regional impact that are

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3145 proposed within the certified area, an application for approval of a development order within the certified area shall be exempt 3146 from review under s. 380.06, subject to the following: 3147 (a) Concurrent with filing an application for development 3148 3149 approval with the local government, a developer proposing a 3150 project that would have been subject to review pursuant to s. 3151 380.06 shall notify in writing the regional planning council with 3152 jurisdiction. 3153 (b) The regional planning council shall coordinate with the 3154 developer and the local government to ensure that all concurrency 3155 requirements as well as federal, state, and local environmental 3156 permit requirements are met. 3157 (9) (12) A local government's certification shall be 3158 reviewed by the local government and the state land planning 3159 agency department as part of the evaluation and appraisal process pursuant to s. 163.3191. Within 1 year after the deadline for the 3160 local government to update its comprehensive plan based on the 3161

3162 evaluation and appraisal report, the state land planning agency 3163 department shall renew or revoke the certification. The local 3164 government's failure to adopt a timely evaluation and appraisal report, failure to adopt an evaluation and appraisal report found 3165 to be sufficient, or failure to timely adopt amendments based on 3166 3167 an evaluation and appraisal report found to be in compliance by 3168 the state land planning agency department shall be cause for 3169 revoking the certification agreement. The state land planning 3170 agency's department's decision to renew or revoke is shall be considered agency action subject to challenge under s. 120.569. 3171

3172 (13) The department shall, by July 1 of each odd-numbered 3173 year, submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and 3174 the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report listing

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3175



certified local governments, evaluating the effectiveness of the

3176 certification, and including any recommendations for legislative 3177 actions. (14) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 3178 3179 Accountability shall prepare a report evaluating the 3180 certification program, which shall be submitted to the Governor, 3181 the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2007. 3182 3183 Section 13. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), 3184 subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (5), paragraph (g) of subsection (6), 3185 3186 and subsections (7) and (8) of section 163.32465, Florida 3187 Statutes, are amended to read: 3188 163.32465 State review of local comprehensive plans in urban areas.--3189 3190 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--3191 The Legislature finds that local governments in this (a) 3192 state have a wide diversity of resources, conditions, abilities, 3193 and needs. The Legislature also finds that the needs and 3194 resources of urban areas are different from those of rural areas and that different planning and growth management approaches, 3195 strategies, and techniques are required in urban areas. The state 3196 3197 role in overseeing growth management should reflect this 3198 diversity and should vary based on local government conditions, 3199 capabilities, needs, and the extent and type of development. 3200 Therefore Thus, the Legislature recognizes and finds that reduced 3201 state oversight of local comprehensive planning is justified for 3202 some local governments in urban areas and for certain types of 3203 development.

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3204 The Legislature finds and declares that this state's (b) 3205 urban areas require a reduced level of state oversight because of 3206 their high degree of urbanization and the planning capabilities 3207 and resources of many of their local governments. An alternative 3208 state review process that is adequate to protect issues of 3209 regional or statewide importance should be created for 3210 appropriate local governments in these areas and for certain 3211 types of development. Further, the Legislature finds that 3212 development, including urban infill and redevelopment, should be 3213 encouraged in these urban areas. The Legislature finds that an 3214 alternative process for amending local comprehensive plans in 3215 these areas should be established with an objective of 3216 streamlining the process and recognizing local responsibility and 3217 accountability. 3218 ALTERNATIVE STATE REVIEW PROCESS PILOT (2)

3219 PROGRAM.--Pinellas and Broward Counties, and the municipalities 3220 within these counties, and Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa, and 3221 Hialeah shall follow <u>the</u> an alternative state review process 3222 provided in this section. Municipalities within the pilot 3223 counties may elect, by super majority vote of the governing body, 3224 not to participate in the pilot program. <u>The alternative state</u> 3225 review process shall also apply to:

3226 (a) Future land use map amendments and associated special 3227 area policies within areas designated in a comprehensive plan for 3228 downtown revitalization pursuant to s. 163.3164(25), urban 3229 redevelopment pursuant to s. 163.3164(26), urban infill 3230 development pursuant to s. 163.3164(27), urban infill and 3231 redevelopment pursuant to s. 163.2517, or an urban service area 3232 pursuant to s. 163.3180(5)(b)5.; and

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3233	(b) Future land use map amendments within an area
3234	designated by the Governor as a rural area of critical economic
3235	concern under s. 288.0656(7) for the duration of such
3236	designation. Before the adoption of such an amendment, the local
3237	government must obtain written certification from the Office of
3238	Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the plan amendment
3239	furthers the economic objectives set forth in the executive order
3240	issued under s. 288.0656(7).
3241	(3) PROCESS FOR ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS
3242	UNDER THE PILOT PROGRAM
3243	(a) Plan amendments adopted by the pilot program
3244	jurisdictions shall follow the alternate, expedited process in
3245	subsections (4) and (5), except as set forth in paragraphs <u>(b)-</u>
3246	(f) (b)-(c) of this subsection.
3247	(b) Amendments that qualify as small-scale development
3248	amendments may continue to be adopted by the pilot program
3249	jurisdictions pursuant to s. <u>163.3187(1)(d)</u>
3250	(3).
3251	(c) Plan amendments that propose a rural land stewardship
3252	area pursuant to s. 163.3177(11)(d); propose an optional sector
3253	plan; update a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and
3254	appraisal report; implement <del>new</del> statutory requirements <u>not</u>
3255	previously incorporated into a comprehensive plan; or new plans
3256	for newly incorporated municipalities are subject to state review
3257	as set forth in s. 163.3184.
3258	(d) Pilot program jurisdictions <u>are</u> <del>shall be</del> subject to the
3259	frequency, voting, and timing requirements for plan amendments
3260	set forth in ss. 163.3187 and 163.3191, except <u>as</u> where otherwise
3261	stated in this section.
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(e) The mediation and expedited hearing provisions in s.
163.3189(3) apply to all plan amendments adopted by the pilot
program jurisdictions.

3265 (f) All amendments adopted under this section must comply 3266 with ss. 163.3184(3)(a) and 163.3184(15)(b)2.

3267 (4) INITIAL HEARING ON COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT FOR 3268 PILOT PROGRAM.--

The agencies and local governments specified in 3269 (b) 3270 paragraph (a) may provide comments regarding the amendment or 3271 amendments to the local government. The regional planning council review and comment shall be limited to effects on regional 3272 3273 resources or facilities identified in the strategic regional 3274 policy plan and extrajurisdictional impacts that would be 3275 inconsistent with the comprehensive plan of the affected local 3276 government. A regional planning council may shall not review and comment on a proposed comprehensive plan amendment prepared by 3277 3278 such council unless the plan amendment has been changed by the local government subsequent to the preparation of the plan 3279 3280 amendment by the regional planning council. County comments on 3281 municipal comprehensive plan amendments shall be primarily in the context of the relationship and effect of the proposed plan 3282 3283 amendments on the county plan. Municipal comments on county plan 3284 amendments shall be primarily in the context of the relationship 3285 and effect of the amendments on the municipal plan. State agency 3286 comments may include technical guidance on issues of agency jurisdiction as it relates to the requirements of this part. Such 3287 3288 comments must shall clearly identify issues that, if not 3289 resolved, may result in an agency challenge to the plan amendment. For the purposes of this pilot program, agencies are 3290 encouraged to focus potential challenges on issues of regional or 3291

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3292 statewide importance. Agencies and local governments must 3293 transmit their comments to the affected local government, if 3294 issued, within 30 days after such that they are received by the 3295 local government not later than thirty days from the date on 3296 which the state land planning agency notifies the affected local 3297 government that the plan amendment package is complete agency or 3298 government received the amendment or amendments. Any comments 3299 from the agencies and local governments must also be transmitted 3300 to the state land planning agency.

3301 (5) ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT FOR PILOT 3302 AREAS.--

3303 The local government shall hold its second public (a) 3304 hearing, which shall be a hearing on whether to adopt one or more 3305 comprehensive plan amendments, on a weekday at least 5 days after 3306 the day the second advertisement is published pursuant to the requirements of chapter 125 or chapter 166. Adoption of 3307 3308 comprehensive plan amendments must be by ordinance and requires 3309 an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the governing 3310 body present at the second hearing. The hearing must be conducted 3311 and the amendment adopted within 120 days after receipt of the agency comments pursuant to s. 163.3246(4)(b). If a local 3312 3313 government fails to adopt the plan amendment within the timeframe 3314 set forth in this subsection, the plan amendment is deemed 3315 abandoned and the plan amendment may not be considered until the 3316 next available amendment cycle pursuant to s. 163.3187.

3317 (6) ADMINISTRATIVE CHALLENGES TO PLAN AMENDMENTS FOR PILOT
 3318 PROGRAM.--

(g) An amendment adopted under the expedited provisions of this section shall not become effective until <u>completion of the</u> time period available to the state land planning agency for

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3322 <u>administrative challenge under paragraph (a)</u> <del>31 days after</del> 3323 <del>adoption</del>. If timely challenged, an amendment shall not become 3324 effective until the state land planning agency or the 3325 Administration Commission enters a final order determining <u>that</u> 3326 the adopted amendment <u>is</u> <del>to be</del> in compliance.

(7) APPLICABILITY OF PILOT PROGRAM IN CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.--Local governments and specific areas that <u>are have</u> been designated for alternate review process pursuant to ss. 163.3246 and 163.3184(17) and (18) are not subject to this section.

3332 (8) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY FOR PILOT PROGRAM.--<u>The state land</u>
 3333 <u>planning agency may adopt procedural</u> Agencies shall not
 3334 <u>promulgate</u> rules to <u>administer</u> <u>implement</u> this <u>section</u> <del>pilot</del>
 3335 <del>program</del>.

3336 Section 14. Section 166.0451, Florida Statutes, is 3337 renumbered as section 163.32432, Florida Statutes, and amended to 3338 read:

3339 <u>163.32432</u> <del>166.0451</del> Disposition of municipal property for 3340 affordable housing.--

(1) By July 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each 3341 3342 municipality shall prepare an inventory list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the municipality holds fee 3343 simple title that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. 3344 3345 The inventory list must include the address and legal description 3346 of each such property and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. The governing body of the municipality must review 3347 the inventory list at a public hearing and may revise it at the 3348 3349 conclusion of the public hearing. Following the public hearing, the governing body of the municipality shall adopt a resolution 3350 3351 that includes an inventory list of such property.

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3352 The properties identified as appropriate for use as (2)3353 affordable housing on the inventory list adopted by the 3354 municipality may be offered for sale and the proceeds may be used 3355 to purchase land for the development of affordable housing or to 3356 increase the local government fund earmarked for affordable 3357 housing, or may be sold with a restriction that requires the development of the property as permanent affordable housing, or 3358 3359 may be donated to a nonprofit housing organization for the 3360 construction of permanent affordable housing. Alternatively, the 3361 municipality may otherwise make the property available for use for the production and preservation of permanent affordable 3362 3363 housing. For purposes of this section, the term "affordable" has 3364 the same meaning as in s. 420.0004(3).

3365 (3) As a precondition to receiving any state affordable 3366 housing funding or allocation for any project or program within 3367 the municipality's jurisdiction, a municipality must, by July 1 3368 of each year, provide certification that the inventory and any 3369 update required by this section is complete.

3370 Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 3371 253.034, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (d) is added 3372 to subsection (8) of that section, to read:

3373

253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--

3374 The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust (6) Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is vested in 3375 3376 the board, may be surplused. For conservation lands, the board 3377 shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed 3378 for conservation purposes and may dispose of them by an 3379 affirmative vote of at least three members. In the case of a land exchange involving the disposition of conservation lands, the 3380 3381 board must determine by an affirmative vote of at least three

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3382 members that the exchange will result in a net positive 3383 conservation benefit. For all other lands, the board shall make a 3384 determination that the lands are no longer needed and may dispose 3385 of them by an affirmative vote of at least three members.

3386 (c) At least every 5 10 years, as a component of each land 3387 management plan or land use plan and in a form and manner 3388 prescribed by rule by the board, each manager shall evaluate and 3389 indicate to the board those lands that are not being used for the 3390 purpose for which they were originally leased. For conservation 3391 lands, the council shall review and shall recommend to the board 3392 whether such lands should be retained in public ownership or 3393 disposed of by the board. For nonconservation lands, the division 3394 shall review such lands and shall recommend to the board whether 3395 such lands should be retained in public ownership or disposed of 3396 by the board.

(8)

3397

3398 Beginning December 1, 2008, the Division of State Lands (d) 3399 shall annually submit to the President of the Senate and the 3400 Speaker of the House of Representatives a copy of the state 3401 inventory that identifies all nonconservation lands, including 3402 lands that meet the surplus requirements of subsection (6) and 3403 lands purchased by the state, a state agency, or a water 3404 management district which are not essential or necessary for 3405 conservation purposes. The division shall also publish a copy of 3406 the annual inventory on its website and notify by electronic mail 3407 the executive head of the governing body of each local government that has lands in the inventory within its jurisdiction. 3408 3409 Section 16. Subsection (5) and paragraph (d) of subsection

3410 (12) of section 288.975, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3411 288.975 Military base reuse plans.--

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3412 At the discretion of the host local government, the (5) provisions of this act may be complied with through the adoption 3413 3414 of the military base reuse plan as a separate component of the local government comprehensive plan or through simultaneous 3415 3416 amendments to all pertinent portions of the local government 3417 comprehensive plan. Once adopted and approved in accordance with 3418 this section, the military base reuse plan shall be considered to 3419 be part of the host local government's comprehensive plan and 3420 shall be thereafter implemented, amended, and reviewed in 3421 accordance with the provisions of part II of chapter 163. Local government comprehensive plan amendments necessary to initially 3422 3423 adopt the military base reuse plan shall be exempt from the 3424 limitation on the frequency of plan amendments contained in s. 3425 163.3187(2).

3426 (12) Following receipt of a petition, the petitioning party 3427 or parties and the host local government shall seek resolution of 3428 the issues in dispute. The issues in dispute shall be resolved as 3429 follows:

3430 (d) Within 45 days after receiving the report from the 3431 state land planning agency, the Administration Commission shall take action to resolve the issues in dispute. In deciding upon a 3432 3433 proper resolution, the Administration Commission shall consider 3434 the nature of the issues in dispute, any requests for a formal 3435 administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, the compliance of 3436 the parties with this section, the extent of the conflict between the parties, the comparative hardships and the public interest 3437 3438 involved. If the Administration Commission incorporates in its 3439 final order a term or condition that requires any local government to amend its local government comprehensive plan, the 3440 local government shall amend its plan within 60 days after the 3441

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3442 issuance of the order. Such amendment or amendments shall be exempt from the limitation of the frequency of plan amendments 3443 3444 contained in s. 163.3187(2), and A public hearing on such amendment or amendments pursuant to s. 163.3184(15)(b)1. is shall 3445 3446 not be required. The final order of the Administration Commission 3447 is subject to appeal pursuant to s. 120.68. If the order of the Administration Commission is appealed, the time for the local 3448 3449 government to amend its plan is shall be tolled during the 3450 pendency of any local, state, or federal administrative or 3451 judicial proceeding relating to the military base reuse plan.

3452 Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (19) and paragraph 3453 (1) of subsection (24) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are 3454 amended, and paragraph (v) is added to subsection (24) of that 3455 section, to read:

3456

380.06 Developments of regional impact.--

3457

(19) SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATIONS.--

3458 An extension of the date of buildout of a development, (C) 3459 or any phase thereof, by more than 7 years is presumed to create 3460 a substantial deviation subject to further development-ofregional-impact review. An extension of the date of buildout, or 3461 any phase thereof, of more than 5 years but not more than 7 years 3462 is presumed not to create a substantial deviation. The extension 3463 3464 of the date of buildout of an areawide development of regional 3465 impact by more than 5 years but less than 10 years is presumed 3466 not to create a substantial deviation. These presumptions may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence at the public hearing 3467 3468 held by the local government. An extension of 5 years or less is 3469 not a substantial deviation. For the purpose of calculating when a buildout or phase date has been exceeded, the time shall be 3470 3471 tolled during the pendency of administrative or judicial

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proceedings relating to development permits. Any extension of the 3472 3473 buildout date of a project or a phase thereof shall automatically 3474 extend the commencement date of the project, the termination date 3475 of the development order, the expiration date of the development 3476 of regional impact, and the phases thereof if applicable by a 3477 like period of time. In recognition of the 2007 real estate 3478 market conditions, all development order, phase, buildout, commencement, and expiration dates, and all related local 3479 3480 government approvals, for projects that are developments of 3481 regional impact or Florida Quality Developments and under active 3482 construction on July 1, 2007, or for which a development order 3483 was adopted after January 1, 2006, regardless of whether active 3484 construction has commenced are extended for 3 years regardless of any prior extension. The 3-year extension is not a substantial 3485 deviation, is not subject to further development-of-regional-3486 impact review, and may not be considered when determining whether 3487 3488 a subsequent extension is a substantial deviation under this 3489 subsection. This extension also applies to all associated local 3490 government approvals including, but not limited to, agreements, 3491 certificates, and permits related to the project.

3492

(24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.--

3493 (1) Any proposed development within an urban service 3494 boundary established as part of a local comprehensive plan under s. 163.3187 s. 163.3177(14) is exempt from the provisions of this 3495 3496 section if the local government having jurisdiction over the area where the development is proposed has adopted the urban service 3497 3498 boundary, has entered into a binding agreement with jurisdictions 3499 that would be impacted and with the Department of Transportation 3500 regarding the mitigation of impacts on state and regional

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3501 transportation facilities, and has adopted a proportionate share 3502 methodology pursuant to s. 163.3180(16).

3503 <u>(v) Any proposed development of up to an additional 150</u> 3504 <u>percent of the office development threshold located within 5</u> 3505 <u>miles of a state-sponsored biotechnical research facility is</u> 3506 exempt from this section.

3508 If a use is exempt from review as a development of regional 3509 impact under paragraphs (a)-(t) or paragraph (v), but will be 3510 part of a larger project that is subject to review as a 3511 development of regional impact, the impact of the exempt use must 3512 be included in the review of the larger project.

3513 Section 18. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 3514 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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3507

380.0651 Statewide guidelines and standards.--

3516 (3) The following statewide guidelines and standards shall 3517 be applied in the manner described in s. 380.06(2) to determine 3518 whether the following developments shall be required to undergo 3519 development-of-regional-impact review:

3520 Multiuse development. -- Any proposed development with (h) 3521 two or more land uses where the sum of the percentages of the 3522 appropriate thresholds identified in chapter 28-24, Florida 3523 Administrative Code, or this section for each land use in the 3524 development is equal to or greater than 145 percent. Any proposed 3525 development with three or more land uses, one of which is 3526 residential and contains at least 100 dwelling units or 15 percent of the applicable residential threshold, whichever is 3527 3528 greater, where the sum of the percentages of the appropriate thresholds identified in chapter 28-24, Florida Administrative 3529 3530 Code, or this section for each land use in the development is

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3531	equal to or greater than 160 percent. This threshold is in
3532	addition to, and does not preclude, a development from being
3533	required to undergo development-of-regional-impact review under
3534	any other threshold. This threshold does not apply to
3535	developments within 5 miles of a state-sponsored biotechnical
3536	facility.
3537	Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (18) of section
3538	1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3539	1002.33 Charter schools
3540	(18) FACILITIES
3541	(c) Any facility, or portion thereof, used to house a
3542	charter school whose charter has been approved by the sponsor and
3543	the governing board, pursuant to subsection (7), <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del>
3544	exempt from ad valorem taxes pursuant to s. 196.1983. Library,
3545	community service, museum, performing arts, theatre, cinema,
3546	church, community college, college, and university facilities may
3547	provide space to charter schools within their facilities <u>if such</u>
3548	use is consistent with the local comprehensive plan and
3549	applicable land development regulations under their preexisting
3550	zoning and land use designations. No expansion of the facilities
3551	shall be allowed to accommodate a charter school unless the
3552	expansion would be in compliance with the local comprehensive
3553	plan and applicable land development regulations.
3554	Section 20. Section 1011.775, Florida Statutes, is created
3555	to read:
3556	1011.775 Disposition of district school board property for
3557	affordable housing
3558	(1) On or before July 1, 2009, and every 3 years
3559	thereafter, each district school board shall prepare an inventory
3560	list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the
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3561 district holds fee simple title and which is not included in the 5-year district facilities work plan. The inventory list must 3562 3563 include the address and legal description of each such property 3564 and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. The 3565 district school board must review the inventory list at a public 3566 meeting and determine if any property is surplus property and appropriate for affordable housing. For real property that is not 3567 included in the 5-year district facilities work plan and that is 3568 3569 not determined appropriate to be surplus property for affordable 3570 housing, the board shall state in the inventory list the public 3571 purpose for which the board intends to use the property. The 3572 board may revise the list at the conclusion of the public 3573 meeting. Following the public meeting, the district school board 3574 shall adopt a resolution that includes the inventory list. 3575 (2) Notwithstanding ss. 1013.28 and 1002.33(18)(e), the 3576 properties identified as appropriate for use as affordable 3577 housing on the inventory list adopted by the district school board may be offered for sale and the proceeds may be used to 3578 3579 purchase land for the development of affordable housing or to increase the local government fund earmarked for affordable 3580 3581 housing, sold with a restriction that requires the development of

3582 the property as permanent affordable housing, or donated to a nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent affordable housing. Alternatively, the district school board may otherwise make the property available for the production and preservation of permanent affordable housing. For purposes of this section, the term "affordable" has the same meaning as in s.

3588 420.0004.

3589

Section 21. Section 339.282, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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3590	Section 22. Subsection (4) is added to section 1013.372,
3591	Florida Statutes, to read:
3592	1013.372 Education facilities as emergency shelters
3593	(4) Any charter school satisfying the requirements of s.
3594	163.3180(13)(e)2. shall serve as a public shelter for emergency
3595	management purposes at the request of the local emergency
3596	management agency. This subsection does not apply to a charter
3597	school located in an identified category 1, 2, or 3 evacuation
3598	zone or if the regional planning council region in which the
3599	county where the charter school is located does not have a
3600	hurricane shelter deficit as determined by the Department of
3601	Community Affairs.
3602	Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
3603	163.3217, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3604	163.3217 Municipal overlay for municipal incorporation
3605	(2) PREPARATION, ADOPTION, AND AMENDMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL
3606	OVERLAY
3607	(b) <del>1.</del> A municipal overlay shall be adopted as an amendment
3608	to the local government comprehensive plan as prescribed by s.
3609	163.3184.
3610	2. A county may consider the adoption of a municipal
3611	overlay without regard to the provisions of s. 163.3187(1)
3612	regarding the frequency of adoption of amendments to the local
3613	comprehensive plan.
3614	Section 24. Subsection (4) of section 163.3182, Florida
3615	Statutes, is amended to read:
3616	163.3182 Transportation concurrency backlogs
3617	(4) TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCY BACKLOG PLANS
3618	<del>(a)</del> Each transportation concurrency backlog authority shall
3619	adopt a transportation concurrency backlog plan as a part of the
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3620 local government comprehensive plan within 6 months after the 3621 creation of the authority. The plan shall:

3622 <u>(a)</u><sup>1.</sup> Identify all transportation facilities that have been 3623 designated as deficient and require the expenditure of moneys to 3624 upgrade, modify, or mitigate the deficiency.

3625 <u>(b)</u><sup>2</sup>. Include a priority listing of all transportation 3626 facilities that have been designated as deficient and do not 3627 satisfy concurrency requirements pursuant to s. 163.3180, and the 3628 applicable local government comprehensive plan.

3629 <u>(c)</u><sup>3.</sup> Establish a schedule for financing and construction 3630 of transportation concurrency backlog projects that will eliminate transportation concurrency backlogs within the 3632 jurisdiction of the authority within 10 years after the 3633 transportation concurrency backlog plan adoption. The schedule 3634 shall be adopted as part of the local government comprehensive 3635 plan.

3636(b) The adoption of the transportation concurrency backlog3637plan shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

3638 Section 25. Subsection (11) of section 171.203, Florida 3639 Statutes, is amended to read:

3640 171.203 Interlocal service boundary agreement. -- The 3641 governing body of a county and one or more municipalities or 3642 independent special districts within the county may enter into an 3643 interlocal service boundary agreement under this part. The 3644 governing bodies of a county, a municipality, or an independent special district may develop a process for reaching an interlocal 3645 3646 service boundary agreement which provides for public 3647 participation in a manner that meets or exceeds the requirements of subsection (13), or the governing bodies may use the process 3648 established in this section. 3649

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3650	(11)(a) A municipality that is a party to an interlocal
3651	service boundary agreement that identifies an unincorporated area
3652	for municipal annexation under s. 171.202(11)(a) shall adopt a
3653	municipal service area as an amendment to its comprehensive plan
3654	to address future possible municipal annexation. The state land
3655	planning agency shall review the amendment for compliance with
3656	part II of chapter 163. The proposed plan amendment must contain:
3657	1. A boundary map of the municipal service area.
3658	2. Population projections for the area.
3659	3. Data and analysis supporting the provision of public
3660	facilities for the area.
3661	(b) This part does not authorize the state land planning
3662	agency to review, evaluate, determine, approve, or disapprove a
3663	municipal ordinance relating to municipal annexation or
3664	contraction.
3665	(c) Any amendment required by paragraph (a) is exempt from
3666	the twice-per-year limitation under s. 163.3187.
3667	Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.
3668	
3669	======================================
3670	And the title is amended as follows:
3671	Delete everything before the enacting clause
3672	and insert:
3673	A bill to be entitled
3674	An act relating to growth management; amending s. 70.51,
3675	F.S.; deleting an exemption from the limitation on the
3676	frequency of amendments of comprehensive plans;
3677	transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 125.379, F.S.;
3678	requiring counties to certify that they have prepared a
3679	list of county-owned property appropriate for affordable
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3680 housing before obtaining certain funding; amending s. 3681 163.3174, F.S.; prohibiting the members of the local 3682 governing body from serving on the local planning agency; providing an exception; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; 3683 3684 extending the date for local governments to adopt plan 3685 amendments to implement a financially feasible capital 3686 improvements element; extending the date for prohibiting future land use map amendments if a local government does 3687 3688 not adopt and transmit its annual update to the capital 3689 improvements element; revising standards for the future 3690 land use plan in a local comprehensive plan; including a 3691 provision encouraging rural counties to adopt a rural sub-3692 element as part of their future land use plan; revising 3693 standards for the housing element of a local comprehensive plan; requiring certain counties to certify that they have 3694 3695 adopted a plan for ensuring affordable workforce housing 3696 before obtaining certain funding; authorizing the state 3697 land planning agency to amend administrative rules 3698 relating to planning criteria to allow for varying local 3699 conditions; deleting exemptions from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments; extending the deadline for 3700 3701 local governments to adopt a public school facilities 3702 element and interlocal agreement; providing legislative 3703 findings concerning the need to preserve agricultural land 3704 and protect rural agricultural communities from adverse 3705 changes in the agricultural economy; defining the term "rural agricultural industrial center"; authorizing a 3706 3707 landowner within a rural agricultural industrial center to apply for an amendment to the comprehensive plan to expand 3708 3709 an existing center; providing requirements for such an

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3710 application; providing a rebuttable presumption that such 3711 an amendment is consistent with state rule; providing 3712 certain exceptions to the approval of such an amendment; 3713 deleting provisions encouraging local governments to 3714 develop a community vision and to designate an urban 3715 service boundary; amending s. 163.31771, F.S.; requiring a 3716 local government to amend its comprehensive plan to allow 3717 accessory dwelling units in an area zoned for single-3718 family residential use; prohibiting such units from being 3719 treated as new units if there is a land use restriction 3720 agreement that restricts use to affordable housing; 3721 prohibiting accessory dwelling units from being located on 3722 certain land; amending s. 163.3178, F.S.; revising 3723 provisions relating to coastal management and coastal 3724 high-hazard areas; providing factors for demonstrating the 3725 compliance of a comprehensive plan amendment with rule 3726 provisions relating to coastal areas; amending s. 3727 163.3180, F.S.; revising concurrency requirements; 3728 specifying municipal areas for transportation concurrency 3729 exception areas; revising provisions relating to the Strategic Intermodal System; deleting a requirement for 3730 3731 local governments to annually submit a summary of de 3732 minimus records; increasing the percentage of 3733 transportation impacts that must be reserved for urban 3734 redevelopment; requiring concurrency management systems to 3735 be coordinated with the appropriate metropolitan planning 3736 organization; revising regional impact proportionate share 3737 provisions to allow for improvements outside the 3738 jurisdiction in certain circumstances; providing for the 3739 determination of mitigation to include credit for certain

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3740 mitigation provided under an earlier phase, calculated at 3741 present value; defining the terms "present value" and 3742 "backlogged transportation facility"; revising the 3743 calculation of school capacity to include relocatables 3744 used by a school district; providing a minimum state 3745 availability standard for school concurrency; providing 3746 that a developer may not be required to reduce or 3747 eliminate backlog or address class size reduction; 3748 requiring charter schools to be considered as a mitigation 3749 option under certain circumstances; requiring school 3750 districts to include relocatables in their calculation of 3751 school capacity in certain circumstances; providing for an 3752 Urban Placemaking Initiative Pilot Project Program; 3753 providing for designating certain local governments as 3754 urban placemaking initiative pilot projects; providing 3755 purposes, requirements, criteria, procedures, and 3756 limitations for such local governments, the pilot 3757 projects, and the program; authorizing a methodology based 3758 on vehicle and miles traveled for calculating 3759 proportionate fair-share methodology; providing transportation concurrency incentives for private 3760 3761 developers; providing for recommendations for the 3762 establishment of a uniform mobility fee methodology to 3763 replace the current transportation concurrency management 3764 system; amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; requiring the 3765 provision of notice before the imposition of an increased 3766 impact fee; providing that the provision of notice is not 3767 required before decreasing or eliminating an impact fee; amending s. 163.3184, F.S.; requiring that potential 3768 3769 applicants for a future land use map amendment applying to

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3770 50 or more acres conduct two meetings to present, discuss, 3771 and solicit public comment on the proposed amendment; 3772 requiring that one such meeting be conducted before the 3773 application is filed and the second meeting be conducted 3774 before adoption of the plan amendment; providing notice 3775 and procedure requirements for such meetings; requiring 3776 that applicants for a plan amendment applying to more than 11 acres but less than 50 acres conduct a meeting before 3777 3778 the application is filed and encouraging a second meeting 3779 within a specified period before the local government's scheduled adoption hearing; providing for notice of such 3780 3781 meeting; requiring that an applicant file with the local 3782 government a written certification attesting to certain 3783 information; exempting small-scale amendments from requirements related to meetings; revising a time period 3784 3785 for comments on plan amendments; revising a time period 3786 for requesting state planning agency review of plan 3787 amendments; revising a time period for the state land 3788 planning agency to identify written comments on plan 3789 amendments for local governments; providing that an amendment is deemed abandoned under certain circumstances; 3790 3791 authorizing the state land planning agency to grant 3792 extensions; requiring that a comprehensive plan or 3793 amendment to be adopted be available to the public; 3794 prohibiting certain types of changes to a plan amendment 3795 during a specified period before the hearing thereupon; 3796 requiring that the local government certify certain 3797 information to the state land planning agency; deleting 3798 exemptions from the limitation on the frequency of 3799 amendments of comprehensive plans; deleting provisions

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3800 relating to community vision and urban boundary amendments 3801 to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 3802 163.3187, F.S.; limiting the adoption of certain plan 3803 amendments to twice per calendar year; limiting the adoption of certain plan amendments to once per calendar 3804 3805 year; authorizing local governments to adopt certain plan amendments at any time during a calendar year without 3806 regard for restrictions on frequency; deleting certain 3807 3808 types of amendments from the list of amendments eligible 3809 for adoption at any time during a calendar year; deleting exemptions from frequency limitations; providing 3810 3811 circumstances under which small-scale amendments become 3812 effective; amending s. 163.3245, F.S.; revising provisions relating to optional sector plans; authorizing all local 3813 government to adopt optional sector plans into their 3814 comprehensive plan; increasing the size of the area to 3815 3816 which sector plans apply; deleting certain restrictions on 3817 a local government upon entering into sector plans; 3818 deleting an annual monitoring report submitted by a host 3819 local government that has adopted a sector plan and a status report submitted by the department on optional 3820 3821 sector plans; amending s. 163.3246, F.S.; discontinuing 3822 the Local Government Comprehensive Planning Certification 3823 Program except for currently certified local governments; 3824 retaining an exemption from DRI review for a certified 3825 community in certain circumstances; amending s. 163.32465, 3826 F.S.; revising provisions relating to the state review of 3827 comprehensive plans; providing additional types of 3828 amendments to which the alternative state review applies; 3829 providing a 30-day period for agency comments begins when

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3830 the state land planning agency notifies the local 3831 government that the plan amendment package is complete; 3832 requiring adoption of a plan amendment within 120 days of receipt of agency comments or the plan amendment is deemed 3833 3834 abandoned; revising the effective date of adopted plan 3835 amendments; providing procedural rulemaking authority to the state land planning agency; renumbering and amending 3836 s. 166.0451, F.S.; requiring municipalities to certify 3837 3838 that they have prepared a list of county-owned property 3839 appropriate for affordable housing before obtaining certain funding; amending s. 253.034, F.S.; requiring that 3840 3841 a manager of conservation lands report to the Board of 3842 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund at specified intervals regarding those lands not being used 3843 for the purpose for which they were originally leased; 3844 requiring that the Division of State Lands annually submit 3845 to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 3846 3847 House of Representatives a copy of the state inventory 3848 identifying all nonconservation lands; requiring the division to publish a copy of the annual inventory on its 3849 website and notify by electronic mail the executive head 3850 3851 of the governing body of each local government having 3852 lands in the inventory within its jurisdiction; amending 3853 s. 288.975, F.S.; deleting exemptions from the frequency 3854 limitations on comprehensive plan amendments; amending s. 3855 380.06, F.S.; providing a 3-year extension for the buildout, commencement, and expiration dates of 3856 3857 developments of regional impact and Florida Quality 3858 Developments, including associated local permits; 3859 providing an exception from development-of-regional-impact

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3860 review; amending s. 380.0651, F.S.; providing an exemption 3861 from development-of-regional impact review; amending s. 3862 1002.33, F.S.; restricting facilities from providing space to charter schools unless such use is consistent with the 3863 3864 local comprehensive plan; prohibiting the expansion of 3865 certain facilities to accommodate for a charter school 3866 unless such use is consistent with the local comprehensive 3867 plan; creating s. 1011.775, F.S.; requiring that each 3868 district school board prepare an inventory list of certain 3869 real property on or before a specified date and at specified intervals thereafter; requiring that such list 3870 3871 include certain information; requiring that the district 3872 school board review the list at a public meeting and make 3873 certain determinations; requiring that the board state its intended use for certain property; authorizing the board 3874 to revise the list at the conclusion of the public 3875 3876 meeting; requiring that the board adopt a resolution; 3877 authorizing the board to offer certain properties for sale 3878 and use the proceeds for specified purposes; authorizing 3879 the board to make the property available for the production and preservation of permanent affordable 3880 3881 housing; defining the term "affordable" for specified 3882 purposes; repealing s. 339.282, F.S., relating to 3883 transportation concurrency incentives; amending s. 1013.372, F.S.; requiring that certain charter schools 3884 3885 serve as public shelters at the request of the local 3886 emergency management agency; amending ss. 163.3217, 3887 163.3182, and 171.203, F.S.; deleting exemptions from the 3888 limitation on the frequency of amendments of comprehensive 3889 plans; providing an effective date.

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