Florida Senate - 2008

(Reformatted) SB 520

By Senator Hill

1-00518-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to pardons; creating the "Rosa Parks Act";
3	creating s. 940.035, F.S.; encouraging the Board of
4	Executive Clemency to grant a full pardon to a person
5	convicted of protesting or challenging a state law or
6	local government ordinance the purpose of which was to
7	maintain racial segregation of or racial discrimination
8	against individuals; providing application procedures;
9	requiring the Parole Commission to notify the state
10	attorney of the circuit where the violation occurred;
11	requiring that the pardon be granted unless the state
12	attorney files an objection with the commission on the
13	grounds that the conviction did not result from a
14	violation of a law or ordinance the purpose of which was
15	to maintain racial segregation of or racial discrimination
16	against individuals; requiring a hearing if the state
17	attorney files an objection; providing that a person who
18	receives a full pardon under the act is not required to
19	disclose the fact of the conviction or any record or
20	matter relating to the conviction; amending s. 940.05,
21	F.S.; providing that a person convicted of protesting or
22	challenging laws or ordinances the purpose of which was to
23	maintain racial segregation of or racial discrimination
24	against individuals is entitled to the restoration of all
25	rights of citizenship enjoyed by the person before the
26	conviction if the person has received a full pardon from
27	the Board of Executive Clemency; providing an effective
28	date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:						
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32	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Rosa Parks Act."						
33	Section 2. Section 940.035, Florida Statutes, is created to						
34	read:						
35	940.035 Pardons for convictions under segregationist laws						
36	or ordinances						
37	(1)(a) Upon application to the Parole Commission, the Board						
38	of Executive Clemency should strongly consider granting a full						
39	pardon to any person convicted of protesting or challenging a						
40	state law or local government ordinance the purpose of which was						
41	to maintain racial segregation of or racial discrimination						
42	against individuals. If the convicted person is deceased, an						
43	application may be filed by a person who can show legal authority						
44	to act on behalf of the deceased person.						
45	(b) The Parole Commission shall notify the state attorney						
46	of the circuit where the violation occurred after the date the						
47	application for a pardon is filed with the commission. The Board						
48	of Executive Clemency should strongly consider granting a full						
49	pardon unless the state attorney files an objection with the						
50	commission on the grounds that the conviction did not result from						
51	a violation of a law or local government ordinance the purpose of						
52	which was to maintain racial segregation of or racial						
53	discrimination against individuals.						
54	(c) If the state attorney objects, a hearing shall be held						
55	at the next scheduled meeting of the Board of Executive Clemency						
56	after the objection is filed. The Parole Commission shall provide						
57	notice of the hearing to all interested parties.						
58	(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Board of Executive						

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59	Clemency is strongly encouraged to grant a pardon to a convicted
60	person who files a sworn affidavit with the board stating that he
61	or she was convicted of protesting or challenging a state law or
62	local government ordinance the purpose of which was to maintain
63	racial segregation of or racial discrimination against
64	individuals. If the information in the affidavit is later found
65	to be false, or if the violation of law by the applicant had no
66	direct relationship to or no purpose whatsoever in protesting or
67	challenging a state law or local government ordinance the purpose
68	of which was to maintain racial segregation of or racial
69	discrimination against individuals, the board may void the
70	pardon.
71	(3) A person who has received a full pardon under this
72	section is not required to disclose the fact of the conviction or
73	any record or matter relating to the conviction.
74	Section 3. Section 940.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to
75	read:
76	940.05 Restoration of civil rightsAny person who has
77	been convicted of a felony may be entitled to the restoration of
78	all the rights of citizenship enjoyed by him or her prior to
79	conviction if the person has:
80	(1) Received a full pardon from the board of pardons;
81	(2) Served the maximum term of the sentence imposed upon
82	him or her; <del>or</del>
83	(3) Been granted his or her final release by the Parole
84	Commission <u>; or</u> .
85	(4) Been convicted of protesting or challenging a state law
86	or local government ordinance the purpose of which was to
87	maintain racial segregation of or racial discrimination against

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88	ב	individuals.	Such	person	lS	entitled	to	the	restoration	Οİ	all

- 89 rights of citizenship enjoyed by the person before the conviction
- 90 if the person has received a full pardon from the Board of
- 91 <u>Executive Clemency</u>.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.