By Senator Wilson

	33-01050-09 20091118
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to determination of resident status
3	for tuition purposes; amending s. 1009.21, F.S.;
4	revising definitions; providing conditions for
5	reclassification as a resident for tuition purposes;
6	requiring that evidence be provided relating to legal
7	residency and dependent status; requiring institutions
8	of higher education to determine an applicant's
9	dependent status and residency under certain
10	circumstances; revising obsolete provisions; providing
11	additional categories within which students may be
12	classified as residents for tuition purposes; limiting
13	eligibility for state financial aid; providing an
14	effective date.
15	
16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
17	
18	Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (10) of section
19	1009.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
20	1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition
21	purposes.—Students shall be classified as residents or
22	nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in community
23	colleges and state universities.
24	(1) As used in this section, the term:
25	(a) The term "Dependent child" means any person, whether or
26	not living with his or her parent, who is eligible to be claimed
27	by his or her parent as a dependent under the federal income tax
28	code and who receives at least 51 percent of the true cost-of-
29	living expenses from his or her parent, as defined by rules of

Page 1 of 7

	33-01050-09 20091118
30	the State Board of Education.
31	(b) "Initial enrollment" means the first day of class at an
32	institution of higher education.
33	<u>(c) (b)</u> The term "Institution of higher education" means any
34	public community college or state university.
35	<u>(d)(c) A</u> "Legal resident" or "resident" <u>means</u> is a person
36	who has maintained his or her residence in this state for the
37	preceding year, has purchased a home which is occupied by him or
38	her as his or her residence, or has established a domicile in
39	this state pursuant to s. 222.17.
40	(e) "Nonresident for tuition purposes" means a person who
41	does not qualify for the in-state tuition rate.
42	(f) (d) The term "Parent" means the natural or adoptive
43	parent or legal guardian of a dependent child.
44	<u>(g)</u> (e) A "Resident for tuition purposes" <u>means</u> is a person
45	who qualifies as provided in subsection (2) for the in-state
46	tuition rate ; a "nonresident for tuition purposes" is a person
47	who does not qualify for the in-state tuition rate.
48	(2)(a) To qualify as a resident for tuition purposes:
49	1. A person or, if that person is a dependent child, his or
50	her parent or parents must have established legal residence in
51	this state and must have maintained legal residence in this
52	state for at least 12 <u>consecutive</u> months immediately <u>before</u>
53	prior to his or her <u>initial enrollment in an institution of</u>
54	higher education qualification.
55	2. Every applicant for admission to an institution of
56	higher education shall be required to make a statement as to his
57	or her length of residence in the state and, further, shall
58	establish that his or her presence or, if the applicant is a

Page 2 of 7

33-01050-09 20091118 59 dependent child, the presence of his or her parent or parents in 60 the state currently is, and during the requisite 12-month qualifying period was, for the purpose of maintaining a bona 61 62 fide domicile, rather than for the purpose of maintaining a mere 63 temporary residence or abode incident to enrollment in an 64 institution of higher education. 65 (b) However, with respect to a dependent child living with 66 an adult relative other than the child's parent, such child may 67 qualify as a resident for tuition purposes if the adult relative is a legal resident who has maintained legal residence in this 68 69 state for at least 12 consecutive months immediately before 70 prior to the child's initial enrollment in an institution of 71 higher education and if qualification, provided the child has 72 resided continuously with the such relative for the 5 years 73 immediately before prior to the child's initial enrollment 74 qualification, during which time the adult relative has 75 exercised day-to-day care, supervision, and control of the 76 child. 77 (c) The legal residence of a dependent child whose parents 78

78 are divorced, separated, or otherwise living apart will be 79 deemed to be this state if either parent is a legal resident of 80 this state, regardless of which parent is entitled to claim, and 81 does in fact claim, the minor as a dependent pursuant to federal 82 individual income tax provisions.

83 (d) A person who is classified as a nonresident for tuition 84 purposes may become eligible for reclassification as a resident 85 for tuition purposes if that person or, if that person is a 86 dependent child, his or her parent presents documentation that 87 supports permanent residency in this state rather than temporary

Page 3 of 7

33-01050-09 20091118 88 residency for the purpose of pursuing an education, such as 89 documentation of full-time permanent employment for the previous 90 12 months or the purchase of a home in this state and residence 91 therein during the previous 12 months. If a person who is a 92 dependent child and his or her parent move to this state while 93 the child is a high school student and the child graduates from 94 a high school in this state, the child may become eligible for 95 reclassification as a resident for tuition purposes when the parent qualifies for permanent residency. However, an illegal 96 97 immigrant who qualifies as a resident for tuition purposes under 98 this paragraph is not eligible for state financial aid. 99 (3) (a) A person may An individual shall not be classified 100 as a resident for tuition purposes and is, thus, shall not be 101 eligible to receive the in-state tuition rate until he or she 102 has provided such evidence related to legal residence and its 103 duration or, if the person is a dependent child, documentation 104 of his or her parent's legal residence and its duration, as well 105 as documentation confirming his or her status as a dependent 106 child, as may be required by law and by officials of the 107 institution of higher education from which he or she seeks the in-state tuition rate. 108 109 (b) Each institution of higher education must: 110 1. Determine whether an applicant who has been granted 111 admission to that institution is a dependent child. 112 2. Affirmatively determine that an applicant who has been 113 granted admission to that institution as a resident of this 114 state meets the residency requirements of this section at the 115 time of initial enrollment. 116 (10) The following persons shall be classified as residents

Page 4 of 7

33-01050-09

117 for tuition purposes:

(a) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United States residing or stationed in this state, their spouses, and dependent children, and active members of the Florida National Guard who qualify under s. 250.10(7) and (8) for the tuition assistance program.

(b) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United States and their spouses and dependents attending a public community college or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where they are stationed, if such military establishment is within a county contiguous to Florida.

(c) United States citizens living on the Isthmus of Panama, who have completed 12 consecutive months of college work at the Florida State University Panama Canal Branch, and their spouses and dependent children.

(d) Full-time instructional and administrative personnel employed by state public schools, community colleges, and institutions of higher education, as defined in s. 1000.04, and their spouses and dependent children.

(e) Students from Latin America and the Caribbean who
receive scholarships from the federal or state government. Any
student classified pursuant to this paragraph shall attend, on a
full-time basis, a Florida institution of higher education.

(f) Southern Regional Education Board's Academic Common
 Market graduate students attending Florida's state universities.

(g) Full-time employees of state agencies or political subdivisions of the state when the student fees are paid by the state agency or political subdivision for the purpose of jobrelated law enforcement or corrections training.

Page 5 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20091118

```
33-01050-09
```

20091118

(h) McKnight Doctoral Fellows and Finalists who are UnitedStates citizens.

(i) United States citizens living outside the United States who are teaching at a Department of Defense Dependent School or in an American International School and who enroll in a graduate level education program which leads to a Florida teaching certificate.

(j) Active duty members of the Canadian military residing or stationed in this state under the North American <u>Aerospace</u> <u>Defense Command Air Defense</u> (NORAD) agreement, and their spouses and dependent children, attending a community college or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where they are stationed.

(k) Active duty members of a foreign nation's military who are serving as liaison officers and are residing or stationed in this state, and their spouses and dependent children, attending a community college or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where the foreign liaison officer is stationed.

165 <u>(1) Full-time employees of international multilateral</u> 166 <u>organizations based in this state which are recognized by the</u> 167 <u>United States Department of State and their spouses and</u> 168 <u>dependent children.</u>

169 (m) A student, other than a nonimmigrant alien within the 170 meaning of 8 U.S.C. s. 1001(a)(15), who meets the following 171 criteria:

172 <u>1. Has resided in this state with a parent for at least 3</u> 173 <u>consecutive years immediately preceding the date the student</u> 174 <u>received a high school diploma or its equivalent.</u>

Page 6 of 7

	33-01050-09 20091118
175	2. Has attended a high school in this state for at least 3
176	consecutive school years during such time.
177	3. Has filed an affidavit with the institution of higher
178	education stating that the student has filed an application to
179	legalize his or her immigration status or will file such
180	application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.
181	
182	However, students who qualify under this paragraph are not
183	eligible for state financial aid.
184	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

Page 7 of 7