

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

The Committee on Health Regulation (Lawson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

and insert:

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11 12 Section 1. Section 395.051, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

<u>395.051 Short title.-Sections 395.051-395.057 may be cited</u> as the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act."

9 Section 2. Section 395.052, Florida Statutes, is created to 10 read:

<u>395.052</u> Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that: (1) The state has a substantial interest in ensuring that

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13	delivery of health care services to patients in health care
14	facilities located in this state is adequate and safe and that
15	health care facilities retain sufficient nursing staff so as to
16	promote optimal health care outcomes.
17	(2) Recent changes in our health care delivery system are
18	resulting in a higher acuity level among patients in health care
19	facilities.
20	(3) Registered nurses constitute the highest percentage of
21	direct health care staff in acute care facilities and have a
22	central role in delivering health care.
23	(4) Extensive research indicates that inadequate registered
24	nurse staffing in hospitals can result in increased patient
25	death rates, dangerous medical errors, and increased length of
26	stay.
27	(5) To ensure adequate protection and care for patients in
28	health care facilities, it is essential that qualified
29	registered nurses who are trained and authorized to deliver
30	nursing services be accessible and available to meet the nursing
31	needs of patients.
32	Section 3. Section 395.053, Florida Statutes, is created to
33	read:
34	395.053 DefinitionsAs used in this act, the term:
35	(1) "Acuity system" means an established measurement
36	instrument that:
37	(a) Predicts nursing care requirements for individual
38	patients based on the severity of patient illness, the need for
39	specialized equipment and technology, the intensity of nursing
40	interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nursing
41	judgment needed to design, implement, and evaluate the patient's

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42	nursing care plan;
43	(b) Details the amount of nursing care needed, both in the
44	number of registered nurses and in the skill mix of nursing
45	personnel required daily for each patient in a nursing
46	department or unit; and
47	(c) Is stated in terms that can be readily used and
48	understood by direct care nursing staff.
49	(2) "Assessment tool" means a measurement system that
50	compares the staffing level in each nursing department or unit
51	against actual patient nursing care requirements in order to
52	review the accuracy of an acuity system.
53	(3) "Declared state of emergency" means an officially
54	designated state of emergency which has been declared by a
55	federal, state, or local government official who has the
56	authority to declare that the state, county, municipality, or
57	locality is in a state of emergency. The term does not include a
58	state of emergency that results from a labor dispute in the
59	health care industry.
60	(4) "Direct care nurse" or "direct care nursing staff"
61	means any registered nurse who has direct responsibility to
62	oversee or carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or
63	more patients. A nurse administrator, nurse supervisor, nurse
64	educator, charge nurse, or other registered nurse who does not
65	have a specific patient assignment may not be included in the
66	calculation of the registered nurse-to-patient ratio.
67	(5) "Documented staffing plan" means a detailed written
68	plan that sets forth the minimum number, skill mix, and
69	classification of licensed nurses required in each nursing
70	department or unit in the health care facility for a given year,

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71	based on reasonable projections derived from the patient census
72	and average acuity level within each department or unit during
73	the previous year, the department or unit size and geography,
74	the nature of services provided, and any foreseeable changes in
75	department or unit size or function during the current year.
76	(6) "Health care facility" means an acute care hospital; an
77	emergency care, ambulatory, or outpatient surgery facility
78	licensed under s. 395.003; or a psychiatric facility licensed
79	under chapter 394.
80	(7) "Nurse" means a registered nurse.
81	(8) "Nursing care" means care that falls within the scope
82	of practice set forth in chapter 464 and other laws and rules or
83	care that is otherwise encompassed within recognized
84	professional standards of nursing practice, including
85	assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, intervention,
86	evaluation, and patient advocacy.
87	(9) "On-call time" means time spent by an employee who:
88	(a) Is not working on the premises of the place of
89	employment but who is compensated for availability; or
90	(b) As a condition of employment, has agreed to be
91	available to return to the premises of the place of employment
92	on short notice if the need arises.
93	(10) "Overtime" means the hours worked in excess of any of
94	the following:
95	(a) An agreed-upon, predetermined, regularly scheduled
96	shift;
97	(b) Twelve hours in a 24-hour period; or
98	(c) Eighty hours in a consecutive 14-day period.
99	(11) "Reasonable efforts," in reference to the prohibition

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100	on mandatory overtime, means that the employer is unable to
101	obtain staff coverage even though the employer has:
102	(a) Sought, from among all available qualified staff who
103	are working, individuals who would volunteer to work extra time;
104	(b) Contacted employees who have made themselves available
105	to work extra time;
106	(c) Sought the use of per diem staff; and
107	(d) Sought personnel from a contracted temporary agency if
108	such staffing is permitted by law or an applicable collective
109	bargaining agreement.
110	(12) "Skill mix" means the differences in licensing,
111	specialty, and experience among direct care nurses.
112	(13) "Staffing level" means the actual numerical registered
113	nurse-to-patient ratio within a nursing department or unit.
114	(14) "Unforeseeable emergent circumstance" means:
115	(a) An unforeseen declared national, state, or municipal
116	emergency;
117	(b) A situation in which a health care disaster plan is
118	activated; or
119	(c) An unforeseen disaster or other catastrophic event that
120	substantially affects or increases the need for health care
121	services.
122	Section 4. Section 395.054, Florida Statutes, is created to
123	read:
124	395.054 Facility staffing standards
125	(1) STAFFING PRINCIPLES The basic principles of staffing
126	in health care facilities should be focused on patient health
127	care needs and based on consideration of patient acuity levels
128	and services that need to be provided to ensure optimal

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129	outcomes. Safe staffing practices recognize the importance of
130	all health care workers in providing quality patient care.
131	Establishing staffing standards for registered nurses does not
132	justify providing an insufficient level of staffing by other
133	critical health care workers, including licensed practical
134	nurses, social workers, and other licensed or unlicensed
135	assistive personnel. The availability of licensed practical
136	nurses, social workers, and other licensed or unlicensed
137	assistive personnel enables registered nurses to focus on the
138	nursing care functions that only registered nurses, by law, are
139	permitted to perform and thereby helps to ensure adequate
140	staffing levels.
141	(2) SPECIFIC STANDARDSHealth care facilities shall
142	provide staffing by registered nurses in accordance with the
143	minimum nurse-to-patient ratios that are set forth in this
144	subsection. Staffing for care that does not require a registered
145	nurse is not included within these ratios and must be determined
146	pursuant to the patient classification system. Nurse-to-patient
147	ratios represent the maximum number of patients that are
148	assigned to one registered nurse during one shift. Only nurses
149	providing direct patient care shall be included in the ratios.
150	Nurse administrators, nurse supervisors, charge nurses, and
151	other licensed nurses that do not have a specific patient care
152	assignment may not be included in the calculation of the nurse-
153	to-patient ratio. This section does not prohibit a registered
154	nurse from providing care within the scope of his or her
155	practice to a patient assigned to another nurse.
156	(a) No more than two patients may be assigned to each
157	registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-

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158	patient ratio in a critical care unit is 1 to 2 or fewer at any
159	time. As used in this paragraph, the term "critical care unit"
160	means a nursing unit of a general acute care hospital that
161	provides one of the following services: an intensive care
162	service, a postanesthesia recovery service, a burn center
163	service, a coronary care service, or an acute respiratory
164	service. In the intensive care newborn nursery service, no more
165	than two patients may be assigned to each nurse.
166	(b) In the surgical service operating room, no more than
167	one patient-occupied operating room may be assigned to each
168	registered nurse.
169	(c) No more than two patients may be assigned to each
170	registered nurse in a labor and delivery unit of the perinatal
171	service, so that the registered nurse-to-patient ratio is 1 to 2
172	or fewer at any time.
173	(d) No more than three mother-baby couplets may be assigned
174	to each registered nurse in a postpartum area of the perinatal
175	unit at any time. If multiple births have occurred, the total
176	number of mothers plus infants which are assigned to a single
177	registered nurse may not exceed six.
178	(e) In a hospital that provides basic emergency medical
179	services or comprehensive emergency medical services, no more
180	than three patients who are receiving emergency services may be
181	assigned to each registered nurse, so that the registered nurse-
182	to-patient ratio in an emergency department is 1 to 3 or fewer
183	at any time patients are receiving treatment. No fewer than two
184	registered nurses must be physically present in the emergency
185	department when a patient is present.
186	(f) The nurse assigned to triage patients may not have a
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187	patient assignment, may not be assigned the responsibility for
188	the base ratio, and may not be counted in the registered nurse-
189	to-patient ratio.
190	(g) When nursing staff are attending critical care patients
191	in the emergency department, no more than two patients may be
192	assigned to each registered nurse. When nursing staff in the
193	emergency department are attending trauma patients, no more than
194	one patient may be assigned to each registered nurse at any
195	time.
196	(h) No more than three patients may be assigned to each
197	registered nurse in a step-down unit, so that the minimum
198	registered nurse-to-patient ratio in a step-down unit is 1 to 3
199	or fewer at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term:
200	1. "Artificial life support" means a system that uses
201	medical technology to aid, support, or replace a vital function
202	of the body which has been seriously damaged.
203	2. "Step-down unit" means a unit that is organized,
204	operated, and maintained to provide for the monitoring and care
205	of patients who have moderate or potentially severe physiologic
206	instability that requires technical support but not necessarily
207	artificial life support.
208	3. "Technical support" means specialized equipment or
209	personnel, or both, that provide for invasive monitoring,
210	telemetry, and mechanical ventilation, for the immediate
211	amelioration or remediation of severe pathology for those
212	patients who require less care than intensive care but more care
213	than can be provided in a medical surgical unit.
214	(i) No more than three patients may be assigned to each
215	registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-



216	patient ratio in a telemetry unit is 1 to 3 or fewer at any
217	time. As used in this paragraph, the term "telemetry unit" means
218	a unit designated for the electronic monitoring, recording,
219	retrieval, and display of cardiac electrical signals.
220	(j) No more than four patients may be assigned to each
221	registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-
222	patient ratio in medical surgical care units is 1 to 4 or fewer
223	at any time. As used in this paragraph, the term "medical
224	surgical unit" means a unit that has beds classified as medical
225	surgical in which patients who require less care than can be
226	provided in intensive care units or step-down units receive 24-
227	hour inpatient general medical services, postsurgical services,
228	or both general medical and postsurgical services. These units
229	may include mixed patient populations of diverse diagnoses and
230	diverse age groups.
231	(k) No more than four patients may be assigned to each
232	registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-
233	patient ratio in a specialty care unit is 1 to 4 or fewer at any
234	time. As used in this paragraph, the term "specialty care unit"
235	means a unit that is organized, operated, and maintained to
236	provide care for a specific medical condition or a specific
237	patient population, is more comprehensive for the specific
238	condition or disease process than can be provided in a medical
239	surgical unit, and is not otherwise covered in this section.
240	(1) No more than four patients may be assigned to each
241	registered nurse, so that the minimum registered nurse-to-
242	patient ratio in an acute care psychiatric unit is 1 to 4 or
243	fewer at any time.
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245	Identifying a unit by a name or term other than those used in
246	this subsection does not affect the requirement to provide staff
247	for the unit at the ratio required for the level or type of care
248	provided in the unit, as set forth in this subsection.
249	(3) STAFFING PLANEach facility licensed under this
250	chapter shall ensure that it provides sufficient, appropriately
251	qualified nursing staff of each classification in each
252	department or unit within the facility in order to meet the
253	individualized care needs of the patients. To accomplish this
254	goal, each health care facility licensed under this chapter
255	shall submit annually to the agency a documented staffing plan
256	together with a written certification that the staffing plan is
257	sufficient to provide adequate and appropriate delivery of
258	health care services to patients for the ensuing year. The
259	staffing plan must:
260	(a) Meet the minimum requirements set forth in subsection
261	<u>(2);</u>
262	(b) Meet any additional requirements provided by other laws
263	or rules;
264	(c) Employ and identify an approved acuity system for
265	addressing fluctuations in actual patient acuity levels and
266	nursing care requirements that require increased staffing levels
267	above the minimums set forth in the plan;
268	(d) Factor in other unit or department activity, such as
269	discharges, transfers, and admissions and administrative support
270	tasks that direct care nurses are expected to perform in
271	addition to providing direct nursing care;
272	(e) Identify the assessment tool used to validate the
273	acuity system used in the plan;



274 (f) Identify the system that will be used to document 275 actual daily staffing levels within each department or unit; 276 (g) Include a written assessment of the accuracy of the 277 previous year's staffing plan based on actual staffing needs; 278 (h) Identify each nurse staff classification referred to in 279 the staffing plan, together with a statement setting forth 280 minimum qualifications for each classification; and 281 (i) Be developed in consultation with the direct care 2.82 nursing staff in each department or unit or, if such staff is 283 covered by a collective bargaining agreement, with the 284 applicable recognized or certified collective bargaining 285 representatives of the direct care nursing staff. 286 (4) MINIMUM SKILL MIX.-The skill mix reflected in a 287 documented staffing plan must ensure that all of the following 288 elements of the nursing process are performed in the planning 289 and delivery of care for each patient: assessment, nursing 290 diagnosis, planning, intervention, evaluation, and patient 291 advocacy. 292 (a) The skill mix may not incorporate or assume that 293 nursing care functions that are required by licensing law or rules or accepted standards of practice to be performed by a 294 295 licensed nurse are to be performed by unlicensed assistant 296 personnel. 297 (b) A nurse may not be assigned to or included in the count 298 of assigned nursing staff for purposes of compliance with 299 minimum staffing requirements in a nursing department or unit or 300 a clinical area within the health care facility unless the nurse 301 is qualified in the area of practice to which the nurse is 302 assigned.

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303	(5) COMPLIANCE WITH PLANAs a condition of licensing, a
304	health care facility must at all times provide staff in
305	accordance with its documented staffing plan and the staffing
306	standards set forth in this section; however, this section does
307	not preclude a health care facility from implementing higher
308	direct care, nurse-to-patient staffing levels.
309	(6) RECORDKEEPING The facility shall maintain records
310	sufficient to allow the agency to determine the daily staffing
311	ratios and skill mixes that the facility has maintained on each
312	unit.
313	Section 5. Section 395.055, Florida Statutes, is created to
314	read:
315	395.055 Mandatory overtime
316	(1) An employee of a health care facility may not be
317	required to work overtime as defined in s. 395.053. Compelling
318	or attempting to compel an employee to work overtime is contrary
319	to public policy and is a violation of this section. The
320	acceptance by any employee of overtime work is strictly
321	voluntary, and the refusal of an employee to accept such
322	overtime work may not be grounds for discrimination, dismissal,
323	discharge, or any other penalty; threats of reports for
324	discipline; or employment decisions adverse to the employee.
325	(2) This section does not apply to work that occurs:
326	(a) Because of an unforeseeable emergent circumstance;
327	(b) During prescheduled on-call time if, as of July 1,
328	2009, such prescheduled on-call time was a customary and
329	longstanding practice in the unit or department of the health
330	care facility; or
331	(c) Because of unpredictable and unavoidable occurrences

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332	relating to health care delivery that occur at unscheduled
333	intervals and require immediate action, if the employer shows
334	that the employer has exhausted reasonable efforts to comply
335	with the documented staffing plan. An employer has not used
336	reasonable efforts if overtime work is used to fill vacancies
337	resulting from chronic staff shortages.
338	(3) This section does not prohibit a health care employee
339	from voluntarily working overtime.
340	Section 6. Section 395.056, Florida Statutes, is created to
341	read:
342	<u>395.056 Employee rights</u>
343	(1) A health care facility may not penalize, discriminate
344	against, or retaliate in any manner against a direct care
345	registered nurse for refusing an assignment that would violate
346	requirements of this act.
347	(2) A health care facility may not penalize, discriminate
348	against, or retaliate in any manner against an employee with
349	respect to compensation for, or terms, conditions, or privileges
350	of, employment if such an employee in good faith, individually
351	or in conjunction with another person or persons:
352	(a) Reports a violation or suspected violation of this act
353	to a regulatory agency, a private accreditation body, or
354	management personnel of the health care facility;
355	(b) Initiates, cooperates in, or otherwise participates in
356	an investigation or proceeding brought by a regulatory agency or
357	private accreditation body concerning matters covered by this
358	act;
359	(c) Informs or discusses with any other employee, any
360	representative of the employee, a patient or a patient's
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361	representative, or with the public violations or suspected
362	violations of this act; or
363	(d) Otherwise avails himself or herself of the rights set
364	forth in this act.
365	(3) For purposes of this section, an employee is acting in
366	good faith if the employee reasonably believes that the
367	information reported or disclosed is true and that a violation
368	has occurred or may occur.
369	Section 7. Section 395.057, Florida Statutes, is created to
370	read:
371	395.057 Implementation and enforcement
372	(1) The agency shall enforce compliance with the staffing
373	plans and standards set forth in this act. The agency may adopt
374	rules necessary to administer this act. At a minimum, the rules
375	must provide for:
376	(a) Unannounced, random compliance site visits to licensed
377	health care facilities subject to this act;
378	(b) An accessible and confidential system by which the
379	public and nursing staff can report a health care facility's
380	failure to comply with this act;
381	(c) A systematic means of investigating and correcting
382	violations of this act;
383	(d) A graduated system of penalties, including fines,
384	withholding of reimbursement, suspension of admission to
385	specific units, and other appropriate measures, if violations
386	are not corrected; and
387	(e) Public access to information regarding reports of
388	inspections, results, deficiencies, and corrections.
389	(2) The agency shall develop rules for administering this

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390	act which require compliance with staffing standards for
391	critical care units by July 1, 2010, and compliance with all
392	provisions of this act by July 1, 2012.
393	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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395	======================================
396	And the title is amended as follows:
397	Delete everything before the enacting clause
398	and insert:
399	A bill to be entitled
400	An act relating to the staffing of health care
401	facilities; creating ss. 395.051-395.057, F.S.;
402	creating the "Safe Staffing for Quality Care Act";
403	providing a short title; providing legislative
404	findings; defining terms; prescribing safe staffing
405	standards for health care facilities; requiring
406	licensed facilities to submit an annual staffing plan
407	to the Agency for Health Care Administration;
408	providing standards for the required skill mix;
409	requiring compliance with the staffing plan; requiring
410	recordkeeping; prohibiting mandatory overtime;
411	providing applicability; permitting employees to
412	refuse certain assignments and to report suspected
413	violations of safe staffing standards; providing for
414	the agency to enforce compliance with the act;
415	requiring the agency to develop rules; providing an
416	effective date.