By the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12 Appropriations; and Senator Wise

602-05116-09

20091682c1

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to school improvement and 3 accountability; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising 4 provisions relating to the powers and duties of 5 district school boards to implement the state system 6 of school improvement and education accountability; 7 amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; requiring that the State 8 Board of Education comply with the federal Elementary 9 and Secondary Education Act (ESEA); authorizing the 10 board to adopt rules in compliance with the ESEA after 11 evaluating and determining that the ESEA and its 12 implementing regulations are consistent with the 13 statements of purpose in the ESEA; authorizing the 14 board to adopt rules to maintain such compliance; 15 providing requirements for the state system of school 16 improvement and education accountability; requiring 17 that school districts be held accountable for improving the academic achievement of all students and 18 19 identifying low-performing schools; requiring that the 20 Department of Education categorize public schools 21 annually based on school grade and the level and rate 22 of change in student performance; providing that 23 schools are subject to certain intervention and support strategies; authorizing the State Board of 24 25 Education to prescribe reporting requirements to 26 review and monitor the progress of schools; requiring 27 that the Department of Education create a matrix 28 reflecting which intervention and support strategies 29 to apply to schools in each category; providing

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30	criteria for categorizing schools as the lowest-
31	performing schools; requiring that a school district
32	submit a plan, subject to the State Board of
33	Education's approval, for implementing one of four
34	options to improve the performance of the lowest-
35	performing schools; requiring that the school district
36	submit a plan for implementing another option if the
37	lowest-performing schools do not move to another
38	category; requiring that a school make significant
39	progress by improving its grade and increasing student
40	performance in mathematics and reading to advance to a
41	higher category; requiring that the State Board of
42	Education adopt rules; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.;
43	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
44	amending s. 1012.2315, F.S.; revising legislative
45	findings and intent; revising provisions relating to
46	the assignment of teachers to conform to changes made
47	by the act; providing an effective date.
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49	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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51	Section 1. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida
52	Statutes, is amended to read:
53	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
54	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
55	powers and perform all duties listed below:
56	(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY
57	Maintain a <u>state</u> system of school improvement and education
58	accountability as provided by statute and State Board of

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602-05116-09 20091682c1 59 Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 60 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented through, the district's continuing system of planning and 61 62 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 63 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education 64 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include, but is not limited 65 66 to, the following: (a) School improvement plans.-The district school board 67 68 shall annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school 69 70 in the district. A district school board may establish a 71 district school improvement plan that includes all schools in 72 the district operating for the purpose of providing educational 73 services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 74 The school improvement plan shall be designed to achieve the 75 state education priorities pursuant to s. 1000.03(5) and student 76 proficiency on the Sunshine State Standards pursuant to s. 77 1003.41. Each plan shall address student achievement goals and 78 strategies based on state and school district proficiency standards. The plan may also address issues relative to other 79 80 academic-related matters, as determined by district school board 81 policy, and shall include an accurate, data-based analysis of 82 student achievement and other school performance data. Beginning with plans approved for implementation in the 2007-2008 school 83 84 year, each secondary school plan must include a redesign 85 component based on the principles established in s. 1003.413. 86 For each school in the district that earns a school grade of "C" 87 or below, or is required to have a school improvement plan under

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88	federal law, the school improvement plan shall, at a minimum,
89	also include:
90	1. Professional development that supports enhanced and
91	differentiated instructional strategies to improve teaching and
92	learning.
93	2. Continuous use of disaggregated student achievement data
94	to determine effectiveness of instructional strategies.
95	3. Ongoing informal and formal assessments to monitor
96	individual student progress, including progress toward mastery
97	of the Sunshine State Standards, and to redesign instruction if
98	needed.
99	4. Alternative instructional delivery methods to support
100	remediation, acceleration, and enrichment strategies.
101	(b) Approval process.—Develop a process for approval of a
102	school improvement plan presented by an individual school and
103	its advisory council. In the event a district school board does
104	not approve a school improvement plan after exhausting this
105	process, the Department of Education shall be notified of the
106	need for assistance.
107	(c) Assistance and intervention
108	1. Develop a 2-year plan of increasing individualized
109	assistance and intervention for each school in danger of not
110	meeting state standards or making adequate progress, as defined
111	pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule, toward
112	meeting the goals and standards of its approved school
113	improvement plan.
114	2. Provide assistance and intervention to a school that is
115	designated with a grade of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 and is in
116	danger of failing.

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117	3. Develop a plan to encourage teachers with demonstrated
118	mastery in improving student performance to remain at or
119	transfer to a school with a grade of "D" or "F" or to an
120	alternative school that serves disruptive or violent youths. If
121	a classroom teacher, as defined by s. 1012.01(2)(a), who meets
122	the definition of teaching mastery developed according to the
123	provisions of this paragraph, requests assignment to a school
124	designated with a grade of "D" or "F" or to an alternative
125	school that serves disruptive or violent youths, the district
126	school board shall make every practical effort to grant the
127	request.
128	4. Prioritize, to the extent possible, the expenditures of
129	funds received from the supplemental academic instruction
130	categorical fund under s. 1011.62(1)(f) to improve student
131	performance in schools that receive a grade of "D" or "F."
132	(d) After 2 years. Notify the Commissioner of Education and
133	the State Board of Education in the event any school does not
134	make adequate progress toward meeting the goals and standards of
135	a school improvement plan by the end of 2 years of failing to
136	make adequate progress and proceed according to guidelines
137	developed pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule.
138	School districts shall provide intervention and assistance to
139	schools in danger of being designated with a grade of "F,"
140	failing to make adequate progress.
141	(b) (e) Public disclosureThe district school board shall
142	provide information regarding the performance of students and
143	educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and

1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by 144 statute and State Board of Education rule which that shall 145

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146	include schools operating for the purpose of providing
147	educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice
148	programs, and for those schools, report on the elements
149	specified in s. 1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports
150	shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include
151	the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated
152	without GED tests, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and
153	performance data as specified in state board rule.
154	<u>(c) (f)</u> School improvement funds.—The district school board
155	shall provide funds to schools for developing and implementing
156	school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds
157	appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to
158	s. 24.121(5)(c).
159	Section 2. Section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to
160	read:
161	(Substantial rewording of section. See
162	s. 1008.33, F.S., for present text.)
163	1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement
164	(1) The State Board of Education shall comply with the
165	federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C.
166	ss. 6301, et seq., and its implementing regulations. The State
167	Board of Education is authorized to adopt rules in compliance
168	with the ESEA and, after evaluating and determining that the
169	ESEA and its implementing regulations are consistent with the
170	statements of purpose set forth in the ESEA (2002), may adopt
171	rules to maintain compliance with the ESEA.
172	(2)(a) Pursuant to subsection (1) and ss. 1008.34,
173	1008.345, and 1008.385, the State Board of Education shall hold
174	all school districts and public schools accountable for student

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175	performance. The board is responsible for a state system of
176	school improvement and education accountability which assesses
177	student performance by school, identifies schools in which
178	students are not making adequate progress toward state
179	standards, and institutes appropriate measures for enforcing
180	improvement.
181	(b) The state system of school improvement and education
182	accountability must provide for uniform accountability
183	standards, provide assistance of escalating intensity to low-
184	performing schools, direct support to schools in order to
185	improve and sustain performance, focus on the performance of
186	student subgroups, and enhance student performance.
187	(c) School districts must be held accountable for improving
188	the academic achievement of all students and for identifying and
189	turning around low-performing schools.
190	(3)(a) The academic performance of all students has a
191	significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art.
192	IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the
193	State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school
194	system, the State Board of Education shall equitably enforce the
195	accountability requirements of the state school system and may
196	impose state requirements on school districts in order to
197	improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and
198	students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education
199	Code, chapters 1000-1013, and the federal Elementary and
200	Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq., and its
201	implementing regulations.
202	(b) For the purpose of determining whether a public school
203	requires action to achieve a sufficient level of school

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204	improvement, the Department of Education shall annually
205	categorize a public school in one of six categories based on the
206	school's grade, pursuant to s. 1008.34, and the level and rate
207	of change in student performance in the areas of reading and
208	mathematics, disaggregated into student subgroups as described
209	in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C.
210	s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II).
211	(c) Appropriate intervention and support strategies shall
212	be applied to schools that require action to achieve a
213	sufficient level of improvement as described in paragraph (b).
214	The intervention and support strategies must address student
215	performance, including, but not limited to, improvement
216	planning, leadership quality improvement, educator quality
217	improvement, professional development, curriculum alignment and
218	pacing, and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring
219	plans and processes. The State Board of Education may prescribe
220	reporting requirements to review and monitor the progress of the
221	schools.
222	(4) The Department of Education shall create a matrix that
223	reflects intervention and support strategies to address the
224	particular needs of schools in each category.
225	(a) Intervention and support strategies shall be applied to
226	schools based upon the school categorization. The Department of
227	Education shall apply the most intense intervention strategies
228	to the lowest-performing schools. For all but the lowest
229	category and "F" schools in the second lowest category, the
230	intervention and support strategies shall be administered solely
231	by the districts and the schools.
232	(b) The lowest-performing schools are schools that have

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233	received:
234	1. A grade of "F" in the most recent school year and in 4
235	of the last 6 years; or
236	2. A grade of "D" or "F" in the most recent year and meet
237	at least three of the following criteria:
238	a. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
239	reading has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
240	years previously;
241	b. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
242	mathematics has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
243	years previously;
244	c. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
245	proficient in reading; or
246	d. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
247	proficient in mathematics.
248	(5)(a) In the school year after a school is initially
249	identified as a school in the lowest-performing category, the
250	school district must submit a plan, which is subject to approval
251	by the State Board of Education, for implementing one of the
252	following options at the beginning of the next school year. The
253	plan must be implemented, unless the school moves from the
254	lowest-performing category:
255	1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround
256	school by means that include implementing a turnaround plan
257	approved by the Commissioner of Education which shall become the
258	school's improvement plan;
259	2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the
260	progress of each reassigned student;
261	3. Close the school and reopen the school as a charter

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262	school or multiple charter schools whose governing board has a
263	demonstrated record of effectiveness; or
264	4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated
265	record of effectiveness to operate the school.
266	(b) If a school does not move from the lowest-performing
267	category during the initial year of implementing one of the
268	options in paragraph (a), the school district must submit a
269	plan, which is subject to approval by the State Board of
270	Education, for implementing a different option in paragraph (a)
271	at the beginning of the next school year, unless the State Board
272	of Education determines that the school is likely to move from
273	the lowest-performing category if additional time is provided to
274	implement intervention and support strategies. The State Board
275	of Education shall determine whether a school district may
276	continue to implement an option beyond 1 year while a school
277	remains in the lowest-performing category.
278	(6) In order to advance to a higher category, a school must
279	make significant progress by improving its school grade and by
280	increasing student performance in mathematics and reading.
281	Student performance must be evaluated for each student subgroup
282	as set forth in subsection (4).
283	(7) Beginning July 1, 2009, the Department of Education
284	shall commence its duties under this section.
285	(8) By July 1, 2010, the State Board of Education shall
286	adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer
287	this section. The department shall consult with education
288	stakeholders in developing the rules.
289	Section 3. Subsection (5) and paragraphs (b) and (d) of
290	subsection (6) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, are

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602-05116-09 20091682c1 291 amended to read: 292 1008.345 Implementation of state system of school 293 improvement and education accountability.-294 (5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature and 295 recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school 296 improvement and education accountability. Included in the report 297 shall be a list of the schools, including schools operating for 298 the purpose of providing educational services to youth in 299 Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for which district 300 school boards have developed school improvement assistance and 301 intervention plans and an analysis of the various strategies 302 used by the school boards. School reports shall be distributed 303 pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(18) (b) s. 304 1001.42(16)(e) and according to rules adopted by the State Board 305 of Education. 306 (6)

307 (b) Upon request, the department shall provide technical 308 assistance and training to any school, including any school 309 operating for the purpose of providing educational services to 310 youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, school advisory council, district, or district school board for 311 312 conducting needs assessments, developing and implementing school improvement plans, developing and implementing assistance and 313 intervention plans, or implementing other components of school 314 improvement and accountability. Priority for these services 315 shall be given to schools designated with a grade of "D" or "F" 316 317 and school districts in rural and sparsely populated areas of 318 the state.

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(d) The commissioner shall assign a community assessment

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602-05116-09 20091682c1 320 team to each school district or governing board with a school 321 graded "F" and those in the lowest category to review the school 322 performance data and determine causes for the low performance, 323 including the role of school, area, and district administrative 324 personnel. The community assessment team shall review a high 325 school's graduation rate calculated without GED tests for the 326 past 3 years, disaggregated by student ethnicity. The team shall 327 make recommendations to the school board or the governing board τ 328 to the department, and to the State Board of Education which for 329 implementing an assistance and intervention plan that will 330 address the causes of the school's low performance and may be 331 incorporated into the school improvement plan. The assessment 332 team shall include, but not be limited to, a department 333 representative, parents, business representatives, educators, 334 representatives of local governments, and community activists, 335 and shall represent the demographics of the community from which 336 they are appointed. 337 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1012.2315, 338 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 339 1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-

340 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-The Legislature finds 341 disparities between teachers assigned to teach in a majority of 342 schools that do not need improvement and schools that do need 343 improvement pursuant to s. 1008.33 "A" graded schools and 344 teachers assigned to teach in a majority of "F" graded schools. The disparities may can be found in the assignment of 345 346 temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, 347 and out-of-field teachers and in average years of experience, 348 the median salary, and the performance of the students teachers

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349	on teacher certification examinations. It is the intent of the
350	Legislature that district school boards have flexibility through
351	the collective bargaining process to assign teachers more
352	equitably across the schools in the district.
353	(2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS <u>CATEGORIZED AS IN NEED OF</u>
354	IMPROVEMENT. GRADED "D" OR "F."-School districts may not assign
355	a higher percentage than the school district average of first-
356	time teachers, temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need
357	of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools <u>designated</u>
358	as one of the lowest three performing categories under s.
359	1008.33(3)(b). with above the school district average of
360	minority and economically disadvantaged students or schools that
361	are graded "D" or "F." Each school district shall annually
362	certify to the Commissioner of Education that this requirement
363	has been met. If the commissioner determines that a school
364	district is not in compliance with this subsection, the State
365	Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action
366	pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting
367	to require compliance.

368 Section

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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