$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Crist

586-04061-09

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	586-04061-09 200921286
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to juvenile justice; amending s.
3	394.492, F.S.; including children 9 years of age or
4	younger at the time of referral for delinquency within
5	the definition of those children who are eligible to
6	receive comprehensive mental health services; amending
7	s. 984.03, F.S.; redefining the term "child in need of
8	services" to provide that a child is eligible to
9	receive comprehensive services if the child is 9 years
10	of age or younger at the time of referral for
11	delinquency; amending s. 985.02, F.S.; providing
12	additional legislative findings and intent; directing
13	the Department of Juvenile Justice to focus on the
14	principles of restorative justice; requiring the
15	Department of Juvenile Justice to examine and revise
16	its strategies, policies, and practices whenever a
17	specific group of youth is overrepresented based upon
18	their gender, ethnicity, or socioeconomic status in
19	the juvenile justice system to ensure that all youth
20	are treated equally; defining the term
21	"overrepresentation"; amending s. 985.03, F.S.;
22	redefining the term "child in need of services" to
23	provide that a child is eligible to receive
24	comprehensive services if the child is 9 years of age
25	or younger at the time of referral for delinquency;
26	amending s. 985.125, F.S.; encouraging law enforcement
27	agencies, school districts, counties, municipalities,
28	and the Department of Juvenile Justice to establish
29	prearrest or postarrest diversion programs for first-

Page 1 of 9

	586-04061-09 20092128c1
30	time misdemeanor offenders who are 9 years of age or
31	younger; amending s. 985.245, F.S.; modifying the size
32	and composition of the risk assessment committee;
33	requiring that the risk assessment instrument be
34	independently validated; amending s. 985.664, F.S.;
35	authorizing each juvenile justice circuit board to
36	increase the number of board members from three to
37	five; providing an effective date.
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39	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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41	Section 1. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (4) of
42	section 394.492, Florida Statutes, to read:
43	394.492 Definitions.—As used in ss. 394.490-394.497, the
44	term:
45	(4) "Child or adolescent at risk of emotional disturbance"
46	means a person under 18 years of age who has an increased
47	likelihood of becoming emotionally disturbed because of risk
48	factors that include, but are not limited to:
49	(i) Being 9 years of age or younger at the time of referral
50	for committing a delinquent act.
51	Section 2. Subsection (9) of section 984.03, Florida
52	Statutes, is amended to read:
53	984.03 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, the term:
54	(9) "Child in need of services" means a child for whom
55	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or
56	suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral
57	alleging the child is delinquent, except for a child 9 years of
58	age or younger who is referred to the department; or no current

Page 2 of 9

77

CS for SB 2128

586-04061-09 20092128c1 59 supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the 60 Department of Children and Family Services for an adjudication of dependency or delinquency. The child must also, pursuant to 61 62 this chapter, be found by the court: 63 (a) To have persistently run away from the child's parents 64 or legal custodians despite reasonable efforts of the child, the 65 parents or legal custodians, and appropriate agencies to remedy 66 the conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts shall include voluntary participation by the child's parents or 67 68 legal custodians and the child in family mediation, services, and treatment offered by the department of Juvenile Justice or 69 70 the Department of Children and Family Services; (b) To be habitually truant from school, while subject to 71 72 compulsory school attendance, despite reasonable efforts to 73 remedy the situation pursuant to ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27 and 74 through voluntary participation by the child's parents or legal 75 custodians and by the child in family mediation, services, and 76 treatment offered by the department of Juvenile Justice or the

(c) To have persistently disobeyed the reasonable and lawful demands of the child's parents or legal custodians, and to be beyond their control despite efforts by the child's parents or legal custodians and appropriate agencies to remedy the conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts may include such things as good faith participation in family or individual counseling; or

Department of Children and Family Services; or

85 (d) To be 9 years of age or younger and have been referred
86 to the department for committing a delinquent act.
87 Section 3. Subsections (9), (10), and (11) are added to

Page 3 of 9

	586-04061-09 20092128c1
88	section 985.02, Florida Statutes, to read:
89	985.02 Legislative intent for the juvenile justice system
90	(9) CHILDREN 9 YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGERThe Legislature
91	finds that very young children need age-appropriate services in
92	order to prevent and reduce future acts of delinquency. Children
93	who are 9 years of age or younger, who have been determined by
94	the court to pose no danger to the community and are unlikely to
95	recidivate, should be diverted into prearrest or postarrest
96	programs, civil citation programs, or children-in-need-of-
97	services and families-in-need-of-services programs, as
98	appropriate. If, following a needs assessment, the child is
99	found to be in need of mental health services or substance abuse
100	treatment services, the department shall cooperate with the
101	Department of Children and Family Services to provide the most
102	appropriate services for the child.
103	(10) RESTORATIVE JUSTICE
104	(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the juvenile
105	justice system advance the principles of restorative justice.
106	The department shall focus on repairing the harm to victims of
107	delinquent behavior, ensuring that the child understands the
108	effect of his or her delinquent behavior on the victim and the
109	community, and restoring the loss suffered by the victim. The
110	department shall ensure that victims of juvenile crime are
111	afforded all rights as enumerated in the State Constitution,
112	chapter 960, and this chapter.
113	(b) Offender accountability is one of the basic principles
114	of restorative justice. The premise of this principle is that
115	the juvenile justice system must respond to delinquent behavior
116	in such a way that the offender is made aware of and takes

Page 4 of 9

	586-04061-09 20092128c1
117	responsibility for repaying or restoring loss, damage, or injury
118	to the victim and the community. This goal is achieved when the
119	offender understands the consequences of delinquent behavior in
120	terms of harm to others, and when the offender compensates for
121	the harm, loss, or damage through restitution, community
122	service, or other appropriate reparation.
123	(11) OVERREPRESENTATION OF SPECIFIC GROUPS OF YOUTHWhen
124	specific groups of youth are overrepresented based upon their
125	gender, ethnicity, or socioeconomic status in the juvenile
126	justice system, the department shall examine and revise its
127	strategies, policies, and practices to ensure that all youth are
128	treated equally, without jeopardizing public safety. The
129	department shall solicit input from community stakeholders and
130	affected citizens to assist in the modification of strategies,
131	policies, and practices to reduce overrepresentation. For the
132	purpose of this subsection, the term "overrepresented" means a
133	condition whereby a larger proportion of a particular group of
134	youth is present at any stage of the juvenile justice system
135	than would be expected based upon their percentage of the
136	overall youth population in this state.
137	Section 4. Subsection (7) of section 985.03, Florida
138	Statutes, is amended to read:
139	985.03 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
140	(7) "Child in need of services" means a child for whom
141	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or
142	suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral
143	alleging the child is delinquent, except for a child 9 years of
144	age or younger who is referred to the department; or no current
145	supervision by the department or the Department of Children and

Page 5 of 9

586-04061-09 20092128c1 146 Family Services for an adjudication of dependency or 147 delinquency. The child must also, under this chapter, be found 148 by the court: 149 (a) To have persistently run away from the child's parents 150 or legal custodians despite reasonable efforts of the child, the 151 parents or legal custodians, and appropriate agencies to remedy 152 the conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts 153 shall include voluntary participation by the child's parents or 154 legal custodians and the child in family mediation, services, 155 and treatment offered by the department or the Department of 156 Children and Family Services;

(b) To be habitually truant from school, while subject to compulsory school attendance, despite reasonable efforts to remedy the situation under ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27 and through voluntary participation by the child's parents or legal custodians and by the child in family mediation, services, and treatment offered by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services; or

(c) To have persistently disobeyed the reasonable and lawful demands of the child's parents or legal custodians, and to be beyond their control despite efforts by the child's parents or legal custodians and appropriate agencies to remedy the conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable efforts may include such things as good faith participation in family or individual counseling; or

171 (d) To be 9 years of age or younger and have been referred
 172 to the department for committing a delinquent act.
 173 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 985.125, Florida
 174 Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 6 of 9

	586-04061-09 20092128c1
175	985.125 Prearrest or postarrest diversion programs
176	(1) A law enforcement agency <u>,</u> or school district, <u>county,</u>
177	municipality, or the department, in cooperation with the state
178	attorney, <u>is encouraged to</u> may establish a prearrest or
179	postarrest diversion programs for first-time misdemeanor
180	offenders and offenders who are 9 years of age or younger
181	program .
182	Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 985.245, Florida
183	Statutes, is amended to read:
184	985.245 Risk assessment instrument
185	(2)(a) The risk assessment instrument for detention care
186	placement determinations and <u>court</u> orders shall be developed by
187	the department in agreement with <u>a committee composed of two</u>
188	representatives appointed by the following associations: the
189	Conference of Circuit Judges of Florida, the Prosecuting
190	Attorneys Association, the Public Defenders Association, the
191	Florida Sheriffs Association, and the Florida Association of
192	Chiefs of Police. Each association shall appoint two
193	individuals, one representing an urban area and one representing
194	a rural area. The committee must also include two
195	representatives from child advocacy organizations appointed by
196	the secretary of the department. The parties involved shall
197	evaluate and revise the risk assessment instrument as is
198	considered necessary using the method for revision as agreed by
199	the parties.
200	(b) The risk assessment instrument shall take into

200 (b) The FISK assessment instrument shall take into 201 consideration, but need not be limited to, prior history of 202 failure to appear, prior offenses, offenses committed pending 203 adjudication, any unlawful possession of a firearm, theft of a

Page 7 of 9

586-04061-09 20092128c1 204 motor vehicle or possession of a stolen motor vehicle, and 205 probation status at the time the child is taken into custody. 206 The risk assessment instrument shall also take into 207 consideration appropriate aggravating and mitigating 208 circumstances, and shall be designed to identify target a 209 narrower population of children than the population identified under s. 985.255. The risk assessment instrument shall also 210 211 include any information concerning the child's history of abuse and neglect. The risk assessment shall indicate whether 212 213 detention care is warranted, and, if detention care is warranted, whether the child should be placed into secure, 214 215 nonsecure, or home detention care. 216 (c) The risk assessment instrument shall be independently 217 validated. The department shall review the population, policies, 218 and procedures affecting the use of detention every 7 years and 219 determine the necessity of revalidating the risk assessment 220 instrument. Validation shall include an assessment of the 221 effectiveness of the instrument's ability to measure the risk 222 that the child will commit a repeat offense or fail to appear 223 for court proceedings. The risk assessment instrument shall also 224 be evaluated to determine if the instrument contributes to 225 disproportionate minority contact.

226 Section 7. Subsection (8) of section 985.664, Florida 227 Statutes, is amended to read:

228 985.664 Juvenile justice circuit boards and juvenile 229 justice county councils.-

(8) At any time after the adoption of initial bylaws
pursuant to subsection (12), a juvenile justice circuit board
may revise the bylaws to increase the number of members by not

Page 8 of 9

	586-04061-09 20092128c1
233	more than <u>five</u> three in order to adequately reflect the
234	diversity of the population and community organizations or
235	agencies in the circuit.
236	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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Page 9 of 9