By Senator Lawson

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to discrimination in the treatment of persons; replacing the term "handicap" with the term "disability" and the term "gender" with the term "sex"; amending s. 419.001, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 760.01, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.02, F.S.; providing definitions for purposes of the Florida Civil Rights Act; creating s. 760.0201, F.S.; providing criteria for determining different types of impairments; amending s. 760.05, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.06, F.S.; revising the powers of the Florida Commission on Human Relations; amending s. 760.07, F.S.; conforming terms; amending s. 760.08, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.10, F.S.; conforming terminology; specifying that protections extend to women who are pregnant or who have any medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth; amending s. 760.11, F.S.; revising the procedure for filing a complaint with the commission; providing a statute of limitations for filing a civil action with the commission; providing that the commission is not a party in an administrative proceeding under certain circumstances; providing that the commission is not liable for certain costs and fees in a proceeding to which it is not a party; creating s. 760.12, F.S.; providing for the computation of time for purposes of proceedings conducted under ch. 760, F.S.; creating s. 760.13,

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F.S.; authorizing the commission to create a directsupport organization; providing definitions; providing for a board of directors; providing for appointment of members to the board; providing for terms of office of the board; providing requirements for membership of the board; requiring the direct-support organization to operate under a contract with the Florida Commission on Human Relations; providing requirements for the contract; authorizing the department to allow the direct-support organization to use its property, facilities, and personnel services under certain circumstances; requiring any transaction or agreement between the department's direct-support organization and any other direct-support organization to be approved by the executive director of the commission; requiring the direct-support organization to submit certain forms from the Internal Revenue Service to the department; requiring the direct-support organization to provide an annual financial audit; prohibiting the direct-support organization from exercising certain corporate powers; prohibiting a state employee from receiving compensation from the board for his or her service on the board; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; amending s. 760.22, F.S.; providing definitions for purposes of the Fair Housing Act; creating s. 760.221, F.S.; providing criteria for determining different types of impairments; amending ss. 760.23, 760.24, and 760.25, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.29, F.S.; revising the

registration requirements for a facility or community claiming an exemption as a facility or community for older persons; increasing the registration fee; authorizing the commission to impose a fine against a facility or community that fails to register or renew its registration; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.31, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 760.32, F.S.; authorizing the commission to use any method of discovery authorized by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure with regard to investigations; amending s. 760.34, F.S.; requiring a respondent to file a response to a complaint regarding a discriminatory housing practice; requiring verification of the complaint and response; authorizing the commission to dismiss a complaint related to a discriminatory housing practice; authorizing the aggrieved party to request an administrative hearing related to the discriminatory housing practice; providing procedures for the administrative hearing; amending ss. 760.50 and 760.60, F.S.; conforming terminology; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 419.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
419.001 Site selection of community residential homes.—

(1) For the purposes of this section, the following

definitions shall apply:

(d) "Resident" means any of the following: a frail elder as defined in s. 429.65; a physically disabled or handicapped person as defined in s. 760.22(3) s. 760.22(7)(a); a developmentally disabled person as defined in s. 393.063; a nondangerous mentally ill person as defined in s. 394.455(18); or a child who is found to be dependent as defined in s. 39.01 or s. 984.03; or a child in need of services as defined in s. 984.03 or s. 985.03.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 760.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.01 Purposes; construction; title.

(2) The general purposes of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992 are to secure for all individuals within the state freedom from discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status and thereby to protect their interest in personal dignity, to make available to the state their full productive capacities, to secure the state against domestic strife and unrest, to preserve the public safety, health, and general welfare, and to promote the interests, rights, and privileges of individuals within the state.

Section 3. Subsections (12), (13), (14), and (15) are added to section 760.02, Florida Statutes, to read:

760.02 Definitions.—For the purposes of ss. 760.01-760.11 and 509.092, the term:

- (12) "Disability," with respect to an individual, means:
- (a) A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the

20092176 6-01427A-09 117 individual; 118 (b) A record of such impairment; 119 (c) Being regarded as having such an impairment; or 120 (d) Having a developmental disability as defined in s. 121 393.063. 122 123 The term does not include transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia, exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders 124 125 not resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior disorders; compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or 126 127 pyromania; or psychoactive substance-use disorders resulting 128 from current illegal use of drugs. 129 (13) "Major life activities" includes, but is not limited 130 to: 131 (a) Caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, and 132 functioning in a workplace environment. 133 (b) Major bodily functions, including, but not limited to, visual, auditory, aural, and cognitive functions; functions of 134 the immune, digestive, neurological, respiratory, circulatory, 135 136 endocrine, and reproductive systems; normal cell growth; and 137 functions of the bowel, bladder, and brain. 138 (14) "Substantially limits" means to materially restrict an 139 individual's ability. 140 (15) "Transitory or minor impairment" means any impairment 141 having an actual, apparent, or expected duration of 6 months or 142 less. 143 Section 4. Section 760.0201, Florida Statutes, is created 144 to read: 145 760.0201 Impairment.—For purposes of this act, an

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individual who has been subjected to an action prohibited under this chapter because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment, regardless of whether the impairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity, has an impairment. An impairment that limits one major life activity may be considered a disability; however, a transitory or minor impairment may not be considered a disability. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is considered a disability if it substantially limits a major life activity when the impairment is active or not in remission. The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity must be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication; medical supplies; equipment or appliances; low-vision devices, not including ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses; prosthetics, including artificial limbs and devices, hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices, and mobility devices; oxygen therapy equipment and supplies; use of assistive technology; reasonable accommodations or auxiliary aids or services, including qualified interpreters or other effective measures of making aurally delivered materials available to individuals with hearing impairments; qualified readers; taped texts or other effective methods of making visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual impairments; acquisition or modification of equipment and devices and other similar services and actions; or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.

Section 5. Section 760.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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760.05 Functions of the commission.—The commission shall promote and encourage fair treatment and equal opportunity for all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, <u>disability handicap</u>, or marital status and mutual understanding and respect among all members of all economic, social, racial, religious, and ethnic groups; and shall endeavor to eliminate discrimination against, and antagonism between, religious, racial, and ethnic groups and their members.

Section 6. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 760.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

760.06 Powers of the commission.—Within the limitations provided by law, the commission shall have the following powers:

(6) To issue subpoenas for, administer oaths or affirmations to and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses; or to issue subpoenas for and compel the production of books, papers, records, documents, and other evidence pertaining to any investigation or hearing convened pursuant to the powers of the commission; or to use any other method of discovery authorized by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. In conducting an investigation, the commission and its investigators shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may examine, record, and copy such materials and take and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation. The authority to issue subpoenas and administer oaths may be delegated by the commission, for investigations or hearings, to a commissioner or the executive director. In the case of a refusal to obey a subpoena or other

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method of discovery authorized by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure issued to any person, the commission may make application to any circuit court of this state, which shall have jurisdiction to order the witness to appear before the commission to give testimony and to produce evidence concerning the matter in question. Failure to obey the court's order may be punished by the court as contempt. If the court enters an order holding a person in contempt or compelling the person to comply with the commission's order or subpoena, the court shall order the person to pay the commission reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, accrued by the commission in obtaining the order from the court.

(8) To furnish technical assistance to employees, employers, community leaders, school officials, and other groups and individuals requested by persons to facilitate progress in human relations.

Section 7. Section 760.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.07 Remedies for unlawful discrimination.—Any violation of any Florida statute making unlawful discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex gender, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status in the areas of education, employment, housing, or public accommodations gives rise to a cause of action for all relief and damages described in s. 760.11(5), unless greater damages are expressly provided for. If the statute prohibiting unlawful discrimination provides an administrative remedy, the action for equitable relief and damages provided for in this section may be initiated only after the plaintiff has exhausted his or her administrative remedy.

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The term "public accommodations" does not include lodge halls or other similar facilities of private organizations which are made available for public use occasionally or periodically. The right to trial by jury is preserved in any case in which the plaintiff is seeking actual or punitive damages.

Section 8. Section 760.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.08 Discrimination in places of public accommodation.— All persons shall be entitled to the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and accommodations of any place of public accommodation, as defined in this chapter, without discrimination or segregation on the ground of race, color, national origin, sex, disability handicap, familial status, or religion.

Section 9. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 760.10, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (10) of that section is redesignated as subsection (11), and a new subsection (10) is added to the section, to read:

760.10 Unlawful employment practices.-

- (1) It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer:
- (a) To discharge or to fail or refuse to hire any individual, or otherwise to discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, <u>disability handicap</u>, or marital status.
- (b) To limit, segregate, or classify employees or applicants for employment in any way which would deprive or tend

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to deprive any individual of employment opportunities, or adversely affect any individual's status as an employee, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status.

- (2) It is an unlawful employment practice for an employment agency to fail or refuse to refer for employment, or otherwise to discriminate against, any individual because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap, or marital status or to classify or refer for employment any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status.
- (3) It is an unlawful employment practice for a labor organization:
- (a) To exclude or to expel from its membership, or otherwise to discriminate against, any individual because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, <u>disability</u> handicap, or marital status.
- (b) To limit, segregate, or classify its membership or applicants for membership, or to classify or fail or refuse to refer for employment any individual, in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment opportunities, or adversely affect any individual's status as an employee or as an applicant for employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status.
- (c) To cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an individual in violation of this section.
- (4) It is an unlawful employment practice for any employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee

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controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including on-the-job training programs, to discriminate against any individual because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, <u>disability handicap</u>, or marital status in admission to, or employment in, any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.

- (5) Whenever, in order to engage in a profession, occupation, or trade, it is required that a person receive a license, certification, or other credential, become a member or an associate of any club, association, or other organization, or pass any examination, it is an unlawful employment practice for any person to discriminate against any other person seeking such license, certification, or other credential, seeking to become a member or associate of such club, association, or other organization, or seeking to take or pass such examination, because of such other person's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability handicap, or marital status.
- (6) It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer, labor organization, employment agency, or joint labor-management committee to print, or cause to be printed or published, any notice or advertisement relating to employment, membership, classification, referral for employment, or apprenticeship or other training, indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, absence of <u>disability</u> handicap, or marital status.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, it is not an unlawful employment practice under ss. 760.01-760.10 for an employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint

320 labor-management committee to:

- (a) Take or fail to take any action on the basis of religion, sex, national origin, age, <u>disability handicap</u>, or marital status in those certain instances in which religion, sex, national origin, age, absence of a particular <u>disability handicap</u>, or marital status is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary for the performance of the particular employment to which such action or inaction is related.
- (10) The protections of this section extend to women who are pregnant or who have any medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth. Women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or any medical condition related to pregnancy or childbirth must be treated the same for employment-related purposes as all other persons having similar abilities.
- (11) (10) Each employer, employment agency, and labor organization shall post and keep posted in conspicuous places upon its premises a notice provided by the commission setting forth such information as the commission deems appropriate to effectuate the purposes of ss. 760.01-760.10.
- Section 10. Subsections (1), (3), and (8) of section 760.11, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsection (16) is added to that section, to read:
  - 760.11 Administrative and civil remedies; construction.
- (1) Any person aggrieved by a violation of ss. 760.01-760.10 may file a complaint with the commission within 365 days of the alleged violation, naming the employer, employment agency, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee, or, in the case of an alleged violation of s. 760.10(5), the

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person responsible for the violation and describing the violation. Any person aggrieved by a violation of s. 509.092 may file a complaint with the commission within 365 days of the alleged violation naming the person responsible for the violation and describing the violation. The commission, a commissioner, or the Attorney General may in like manner file such a complaint. On the same day the complaint is filed with the commission, the commission shall clearly stamp on the face of the complaint the date the complaint was filed with the commission. In lieu of filing the complaint with the commission, a complaint under this section may be filed with the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or with any unit of government of the state which is a fair-employment-practice agency under 29 C.F.R. ss. 1601.70-1601.80. If the date the complaint is filed is clearly stamped on the face of the complaint, that date is the date of filing. The date the complaint is filed with the commission for purposes of this section is the earliest date of filing with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the fair-employment-practice agency, or the commission. The complaint shall contain a short and plain statement of the facts describing the violation and the relief sought. The commission may require additional information to be in the complaint. The commission, within 5 days of the complaint being filed, shall provide by registered mail send a copy of the complaint to the person who allegedly committed the violation. The person who allegedly committed the violation must respond in writing to the commission and send a copy of his or her response to the aggrieved person may file an answer to the complaint within 21 <del>25</del> days after <del>of</del> the date on which the person who

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allegedly committed the violation receives the notice of filing of complaint was filed with the commission. Any answer filed shall be mailed to the aggrieved person by the person filing the answer. Both the complaint and the response answer shall be verified.

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the commission shall investigate the allegations in the complaint. Within 180 days of the filing of the complaint, the commission shall determine if there is reasonable cause to believe that discriminatory practice has occurred in violation of the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992. When the commission determines whether or not there is reasonable cause, the commission by registered mail shall promptly notify the aggrieved person and the respondent of the reasonable cause determination, the date of such determination, and the options available under this section.
- (8) If In the event that the commission fails to conciliate or determine whether there is reasonable cause on any complaint under this section within 180 days of the filing of the complaint, an aggrieved person may proceed under subsection (4), as if the commission determined that there was reasonable cause, except that any civil action filed under this section shall commence no later than 4 years following the date the cause of action accrued.
- (16) If a party elects to file for an administrative hearing pursuant to s. 120.569, s. 120.57, or any similar provision, the sending of that election by the commission as provided by paragraph (4)(b) and subsections (6), (7), and (8) does not make the commission a party or a transmitting,

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initiating, or referral agency under s. 120.569, and the commission is not liable for any costs, fees, or expenses, including court reporting or recordation fees, associated with the proceeding. This section does not apply to any action where the commission initiates or is a party to an administrative hearing.

Section 11. Section 760.12, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

760.12 Computation of time.—In computing any period of time prescribed in this chapter, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed shall be included unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal state holiday, in which event the period shall run until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday, or legal state holiday. When the period of time prescribed or allowed is less than 7 days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal state holidays shall be excluded in the computation.

Section 12. Section 760.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

760.13 Florida Commission on Human Relations; direct-support organization.—

- (1) DIRECT-SUPPORT ORGANIZATION ESTABLISHED.—The Florida

  Commission on Human Relations may establish a direct-support

  organization to provide assistance, funding, and support for the

  commission in carrying out its mission. This section governs the

  creation, use, powers, and duties of the direct-support

  organization.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

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436 (a) "Commission" means the Florida Commission on Human Relations as created in s. 760.03.

- (b) "Direct-support organization" means an organization that is:
- 1. A Florida corporation, not for profit, incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617, exempted from filing fees under s. 617.0122, and approved by the Department of State.
- 2. Organized and operated exclusively to obtain funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of moneys; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, or property; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the commission in its efforts to:
- a. Promote and encourage fair treatment and equal opportunity for all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or marital or familial status;
- <u>b. Encourage mutual understanding and respect among all</u>
  <u>members of all economic, social, racial, religious, and ethnic groups; and</u>
- c. Endeavor to eliminate discrimination against, and antagonism between, religious, racial, and ethnic groups and their members.
- 3. Authorized to receive federal subsidies, endowments, grants, and aid, but not authorized to receive any donations from any private or public entity, or individuals connected with such entities in any manner in which the commission has regulatory authority over pursuant to this chapter.
  - 4. Determined by the commission to be operating in a manner

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consistent with the goals and purposes of the commission and in the best interest of the state.

- (c) "Personnel services" includes full-time or part-time personnel.
- (3) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The direct-support organization shall be governed by a board of directors.
- (a) The board of directors shall consist of no fewer than three members and no more than five members appointed by the executive director of the commission.
- (b) The term of office of the board members is 3 years, except that the terms of the initial appointees are for 1 year, 2 years, or 3 years in order to achieve staggered terms. A member may be reappointed when his or her term expires. The executive director of the commission, or his or her designee, shall serve as an ex officio member of the board of directors.
- (c) Members must be current residents of this state and knowledgeable about human and civil rights. The executive director of the commission may remove any member of the board for cause and with the approval of a majority of the members of the board of directors. The executive director of the commission shall appoint a replacement for any vacancy that occurs.
- (4) CONTRACT.—The direct-support organization shall operate under a written contract with the commission. The written contract must provide for:
- (a) Submission of an annual budget for approval by the executive director of the commission.
- (b) Certification by the commission that the direct-support organization is complying with the terms of the contract and is doing so consistent with the goals and purposes of the

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commission and in the best interests of the state. This
certification must be made annually and reported in the official
minutes of a meeting of the direct-support organization.

- (c) The reversion of moneys and property held by the direct-support organization:
- 1. To the commission if the direct-support organization is no longer approved to operate for the commission;
- 2. To the commission if the direct-support organization ceases to exist; or
  - 3. To the state if the commission ceases to exist.
- (d) The disclosure of the material provisions of the contract, and the distinction between the commission and the direct-support organization, to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, including such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising publications.
  - (5) USE OF PROPERTY AND SERVICES.-
- (a) The commission may permit the use of property, facilities, and personnel services of the commission by the direct-support organization, subject to this section.
- (b) The commission may prescribe, by contract, any condition with which the direct-support organization must comply in order to use property, facilities, or personnel services of the commission.
- (c) The commission may not permit the use of its property, facilities, or personnel services by any direct-support organization organized under this section which does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, age, religion, disability, or familial or marital status.

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(6) ACTIVITIES; RESTRICTIONS.—Any transaction or agreement between the direct-support organization organized under this section and another direct-support organization or other entity must be approved by the executive director of the commission.

- (7) ANNUAL BUDGETS AND REPORTS.-
- (a) The fiscal year of the direct-support organization begins on July 1 of each year and ends on June 30 of the following year.
- (b) The direct-support organization shall submit to the commission its federal Internal Revenue Service Application for Recognition of Exemption form and its federal Internal Revenue Service Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax form.
- (8) ANNUAL AUDIT.—The direct-support organization shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
- (9) LIMITS ON DIRECT-SUPPORT ORGANIZATION.—The direct-support organization may not exercise any power under s.
  617.0302(12) or s. 617.0302(16). A state employee may not receive compensation from the direct-support organization for services on the board of directors or for services rendered to the direct-support organization.
- (10) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.—The commission may adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section.
- Section 13. Section 760.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 760.22 Definitions.—As used in ss. 760.20-760.37, the term:
- (1) "Commission" means the Florida Commission on Human Relations.
  - (2) "Covered multifamily dwelling" means:

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(a) A building which consists of four or more units and has an elevator; or

- (b) The ground floor units of a building which consists of four or more units and does not have an elevator.
  - (3) "Disability," with respect to an individual, means:
- (a) A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of the individual;
  - (b) A record of the impairment;
  - (c) Being regarded as having an impairment; or
- (d) Having a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063.

The term does not include transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia, exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior disorders; compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania; or psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from current illegal use of drugs.

- (4) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under the terms of ss. 760.20-760.37.
- (5)(4) "Dwelling" means any building or structure, or portion thereof, which is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location on the land of any such building or structure, or portion thereof.
- $\underline{\text{(6)}}$  "Familial status" is established when an individual who has not attained the age of 18 years is domiciled with:
  - (a) A parent or other person having legal custody of such

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- (b) A designee of a parent or other person having legal custody, with the written permission of such parent or other person.
  - (7) (6) "Family" includes a single individual.
  - (7) "Handicap" means:
- (a) A person has a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities, or he or she has a record of having, or is regarded as having, such physical or mental impairment; or
- (b) A person has a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063.
- (8) "Major life activities" includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) Caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, and functioning in a workplace environment.
- (b) Major bodily functions, including, but not limited to, visual, auditory, aural, and cognitive functions; functions of the immune, digestive, neurological, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive systems; normal cell growth; and functions of the bowel, bladder, and brain.
- (9) (8) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and fiduciaries.
- $\underline{(10)}$  "Substantially equivalent" means an administrative subdivision of the State of Florida meeting the requirements of 24 C.F.R. part 115, s. 115.6.

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(11) "Substantially limits" means to materially restrict an individual's ability.

- $\underline{(12)}$  "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let, and otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant.
- (13) "Transitory or minor impairment" means any impairment having an actual, apparent, or expected duration of 6 months or less.

Section 14. Section 760.221, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

760.221 Impairment.—For purposes of this act, an individual who has been subjected to an action prohibited under this chapter because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment, regardless of whether the impairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity, has an impairment. An impairment that limits one major life activity may be considered a disability; however, a transitory or minor impairment may not be considered a disability. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is considered a disability if it substantially limits a major life activity when the impairment is active or not in remission. The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity must be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication; medical supplies; equipment or appliances; lowvision devices, not including ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses; prosthetics, including artificial limbs and devices, hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices, and mobility devices; oxygen therapy equipment and supplies; use of assistive technology; reasonable accommodations

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or auxiliary aids or services, including qualified interpreters or other effective measures of making aurally delivered materials available to individuals with hearing impairments; qualified readers; taped texts or other effective methods of making visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual impairments; acquisition or modification of equipment and devices and other similar services and actions; or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.

Section 15. Section 760.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.23 Discrimination in the sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.—

- (1) It is unlawful to refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise to make unavailable or deny a dwelling to any person because of race, color, national origin, sex, disability handicap, familial status, or religion.
- (2) It is unlawful to discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, color, national origin, sex, disability handicap, familial status, or religion.
- (3) It is unlawful to make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published, any notice, statement, or advertisement with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, national origin, sex, <u>disability handicap</u>, familial status, or religion or an intention to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination.

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(4) It is unlawful to represent to any person because of race, color, national origin, sex, <u>disability</u> handicap, familial status, or religion that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available.

- (5) It is unlawful, for profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by a representation regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, national origin, sex, <u>disability</u> handicap, familial status, or religion.
- (6) The protections afforded under ss. 760.20-760.37 against discrimination on the basis of familial status apply to any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of 18 years.
- (7) It is unlawful to discriminate in the sale or rental of, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a <u>disability</u> handicap of:
  - (a) That buyer or renter;
- (b) A person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or made available; or
  - (c) Any person associated with the buyer or renter.
- (8) It is unlawful to discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with such dwelling, because of a <u>disability handicap</u> of:
  - (a) That buyer or renter;

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(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or made available; or

- (c) Any person associated with the buyer or renter.
- (9) For purposes of subsections (7) and (8), discrimination includes:
- (a) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the handicapped person having a disability, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the premises; or
- (b) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or services, when such accommodations may be necessary to afford such person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling.
- (10) Covered multifamily dwellings as defined herein which are intended for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, shall be designed and constructed to have at least one building entrance on an accessible route unless it is impractical to do so because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site as determined by commission rule. Such buildings shall also be designed and constructed in such a manner that:
- (a) The public use and common use portions of such dwellings are readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons having disabilities.
- (b) All doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within such dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by a person in a wheelchair.
- (c) All premises within such dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design:

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1. An accessible route into and through the dwelling.

- 2. Light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in accessible locations.
- 3. Reinforcements in bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars.
- 4. Usable kitchens and bathrooms such that a person in a wheelchair can maneuver about the space.
- (d) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standards Institute for buildings and facilities providing accessibility and usability for <u>persons</u> having disabilities physically handicapped people, commonly cited as ANSI Al17.1-1986, suffices to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (c).

State agencies with building construction regulation responsibility or local governments, as appropriate, shall review the plans and specifications for the construction of covered multifamily dwellings to determine consistency with the requirements of this subsection.

Section 16. Section 760.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.24 Discrimination in the provision of brokerage services.—It is unlawful to deny any person access to, or membership or participation in, any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation, on account of race, color, national origin, sex,

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755 disability handicap, familial status, or religion.

Section 17. Section 760.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.25 Discrimination in the financing of housing or in residential real estate transactions.—

- (1) It is unlawful for any bank, building and loan association, insurance company, or other corporation, association, firm, or enterprise the business of which consists in whole or in part of the making of commercial real estate loans to deny a loan or other financial assistance to a person applying for the loan for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling, or to discriminate against him or her in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or other term or condition of such loan or other financial assistance, because of the race, color, national origin, sex, disability handicap, familial status, or religion of such person or of any person associated with him or her in connection with such loan or other financial assistance or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance, or because of the race, color, national origin, sex, disability handicap, familial status, or religion of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants, or occupants of the dwelling or dwellings in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given.
- (2) (a) It is unlawful for any person or entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction, or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction, because of race, color, national origin,

784 sex, <u>disability</u> handicap, familial status, or religion.

- (b) As used in this subsection, the term "residential real estate transaction" means any of the following:
- 1. The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance:
- a. For purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling; or
  - b. Secured by residential real estate.
- 2. The selling, brokering, or appraising of residential real property.

Section 18. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 760.29, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

760.29 Exemptions.

(4)

(e) A facility or community claiming an exemption under this subsection shall register with the commission by submitting a copy of its recorded documents establishing the facility or community for housing for older persons and submit a letter to the commission stating that the facility or community complies with the requirements of subparagraph (b)1., subparagraph (b)2., or subparagraph (b)3. to the commission. The letter shall be submitted on the letterhead of the facility or community and shall be signed by the president of the facility or community. This registration and documentation shall be renewed biennially from the date of original filing. The information in the registry shall be made available to the public, and the commission shall include this information on an Internet website. The commission may charge a establish a reasonable

registration fee of \$75, which, not to exceed \$20, that shall be deposited into the commission's trust fund to defray the administrative costs associated with maintaining the registry. The commission may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$500, on a facility or community that fails to register or renew its registration with the commission or that knowingly submits false information in the documentation required by this paragraph. Such fines shall be deposited in the commission's trust fund. The registration and documentation required by this paragraph shall not substitute for proof of compliance with the requirements of this subsection. Failure to comply with the requirements of this paragraph shall not disqualify a facility or community that otherwise qualifies for the exemption provided in this subsection.

A county or municipal ordinance regarding housing for older persons may not contravene the provisions of this subsection.

- (5) Nothing in ss. 760.20-760.37:
- (a) Prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals of real property from taking into consideration factors other than race, color, national origin, sex, <u>disability handicap</u>, familial status, or religion.

Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 760.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 760.31 Powers and duties of commission.—The commission shall:
- (5) Adopt rules necessary to implement ss. 760.20-760.37 and govern the proceedings of the commission in accordance with chapter 120. Commission rules shall clarify terms used with

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regard to <u>disability</u> handicapped accessibility, exceptions from accessibility requirements based on terrain or site characteristics, and requirements related to housing for older persons. Commission rules shall specify the fee and the forms and procedures to be used for the registration required by s. 760.29(4)(e).

Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 760.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.32 Investigations; subpoenas; oaths.-

(1) In conducting an investigation, the commission shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents, individuals, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may examine, record, and copy such materials and take and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation if, provided the commission first complies with the provisions of the State Constitution relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The commission may issue subpoenas to compel its access to or the production of such materials or the appearance of such persons, and may issue interrogatories to a respondent, to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in court. The commission may also use any other method of discovery authorized by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The commission may administer oaths.

Section 21. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 760.34, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

760.34 Enforcement.-

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(2) A complaint under subsection (1) must be filed within 1 year after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred. The complaint must be in writing and shall state the facts upon which the allegations of a discriminatory housing practice are based. A complaint may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time. A respondent shall may file a response an answer to the complaint against him or her and, with the leave of the commission, which shall be granted whenever it would be reasonable and fair to do so, may amend his or her response answer at any time. Both complaint and response answer shall be verified.

- (4) If, within 180 days after a complaint is filed with the commission or within 180 days after expiration of any period of reference under subsection (3), the commission has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance with ss. 760.20-760.37, the person aggrieved may commence a civil action in any appropriate court against the respondent named in the complaint or petition for an administrative determination pursuant to s. 760.35 to enforce the rights granted or protected by ss. 760.20-760.37.
- (a) If, as a result of its investigation under subsection (1), the commission finds there is reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, at the request of the person aggrieved, the Attorney General shall bring an action in the name of the state on behalf of the aggrieved person to enforce the provisions of ss. 760.20-760.37.
- (b) If the commission determines that there is not reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, the commission shall dismiss the complaint. The aggrieved person may request an administrative

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hearing under ss. 120.569 and 120.57, but any such request must be made within 30 days after the service of the notice of the determination of no reasonable cause. Any such hearing shall be heard by an administrative law judge and not by the commission or a commissioner. If the aggrieved person does not request an administrative hearing within 30 days, the claim is barred. If the administrative law judge finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, he or she shall issue an appropriate recommended order to the commission. Within 90 days after the date that the recommended order is rendered, the commission shall issue a final order by adopting, rejecting, or modifying the recommended order as provided under ss. 120.569 and 120.57. The 90-day period may be extended with the consent of all the parties. In any action or proceeding under this subsection, the commission may allow the prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees as part of the costs. It is the intent of the Legislature that this provision for attorney's fees be interpreted in a manner consistent with federal case law involving a Title VII action. If the final order issued by the commission determines that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, the aggrieved person may:

- 1. Request the Attorney General to bring an action in the name of the state on behalf of the aggrieved person to enforce the provisions of ss. 760.20-760.37; or
- 2. Proceed with the case pursuant to subsections (5), (6) or (7) as if there has been a determination of reasonable cause.

  Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 760.50, Florida

  Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 760.50 Discrimination on the basis of AIDS, AIDS-related

929 complex, and HIV prohibited.

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(2) Any person with or perceived as having acquired immune deficiency syndrome, acquired immune deficiency syndrome related complex, or human immunodeficiency virus shall have every protection made available to <a href="https://hardicapped">handicapped</a> persons <a href="https://hardicapped.org/having">having</a> disabilities.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 760.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

760.60 Discriminatory practices of certain clubs prohibited; remedies.—

(1) It is unlawful for a person to discriminate against any individual because of race, color, religion, sex gender, national origin, disability handicap, age above the age of 21, or marital status in evaluating an application for membership in a club that has more than 400 members, that provides regular meal service, and that regularly receives payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities, services, meals, or beverages directly or indirectly from nonmembers for business purposes. It is unlawful for a person, on behalf of such a club, to publish, circulate, issue, display, post, or mail any advertisement, notice, or solicitation that contains a statement to the effect that the accommodations, advantages, facilities, membership, or privileges of the club are denied to any individual because of race, color, religion, sex gender, national origin, disability handicap, age above the age of 21, or marital status. This subsection does not apply to fraternal or benevolent organizations, ethnic clubs, or religious organizations where business activity is not prevalent.

Section 24. If any provision of this act or its application

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severable.

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958 to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity

does not affect other provisions or applications of the act

which can be given effect without the invalid provision or

application, and to this end the provisions of this act are

Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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