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1 2 An act relating to mortgage brokering and mortgage 3 lending; amending s. 494.001, F.S.; redefining terms, defining new terms, and deleting terms; amending s. 4 5 494.0011, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services 6 Commission to adopt rules relating to compliance with 7 the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008; requiring 8 the commission to adopt rules establishing time 9 periods for barring licensure for certain misdemeanors 10 and felonies; authorizing the Office of Financial Regulation to participate in the Nationwide Mortgage 11 12 Licensing System and Registry; creating s. 494.00115, 13 F.S.; providing exemptions from part I, II, and III of ch. 494, F.S., relating to the licensing and 14 15 regulation of loan originators, mortgage brokers, and 16 mortgage lenders; creating s. 494.00135, F.S.; 17 providing for the issuance of subpoenas; amending s. 18 494.0014, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 19 refund of fees; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 494.00165, F.S.; prohibiting unfair and 20 21 deceptive advertising relating to mortgage brokering and lending; repealing s. 494.0017, F.S., relating to 22 claims paid from the Regulatory Trust Fund; creating 23 2.4 s. 494.00172, F.S.; providing for a \$20 fee to be 25 assessed against loan originators and a \$100 fee to be assessed against mortgage brokers and lenders at the 26 27 time of license application or renewal; providing that 28 such fees shall be deposited into the Mortgage 29 Guaranty Trust Fund and used to pay claims against

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20092226er 30 licensees; providing for a cap on the amount collected and deposited; providing requirements for seeking 31 32 recovery from the trust fund; providing limitations on the amount paid; providing for the assignment of 33 34 certain rights to the office; providing that payment 35 for a claim is prima facie grounds for the revocation 36 of a license; amending s. 494.0018, F.S.; conforming 37 cross-references; amending ss. 494.0019 and 494.002, F.S.; conforming terms; amending s. 494.0023, F.S.; 38 39 deleting the statutory disclosure form and revising the disclosure that must be provided to a borrower in 40 writing; providing that there is a conflicting 41 interest if a licensee or the licensee's relatives 42 43 have a 1 percent or more interest in the person 44 providing additional products or services; authorizing 45 the commission to adopt rules; amending s. 494.0025, F.S.; prohibiting the alteration, withholding, 46 47 concealment, or destruction of records relevant to regulated activities; creating s. 494.255, F.S.; 48 49 providing for license violations and administrative 50 penalties; authorizing a fine of \$1,000 for each day of unlicensed activity up to \$25,000; amending s. 51 52 494.0026, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending 53 s. 494.0028, F.S.; conforming terms; repealing ss. 54 494.0029 and 494.00295, F.S., relating to mortgage 55 business schools and continuing education 56 requirements; creating s. 494.00296, F.S.; providing 57 for loan modification services; prohibiting certain 58 related acts by a mortgage broker, mortgage brokerage

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20092226er 59 business, correspondent mortgage lender, or mortgage 60 lender; providing for a loan modification agreement 61 and for the inclusion of a borrower's right of cancellation statement; providing remedies; amending 62 s. 494.00295, F.S.; deleting references to a mortgage 63 brokerage business and a correspondent mortgage 64 65 lender, and adding reference to a loan originator; 66 providing a directive to the Division of Statutory 67 Revision; repealing s. 494.003, F.S., relating to 68 exemptions from mortgage broker licensing and regulation; repealing s. 494.0031, F.S., relating to 69 70 licensure as a mortgage brokerage business; creating 71 s. 494.00312, F.S.; providing for the licensure of loan originators; providing license application 72 73 requirements; providing grounds for license denial 74 based on a failure to demonstrate character, general 75 fitness, or financial responsibility sufficient to 76 command community confidence; requiring the denial of 77 a license under certain circumstances; requiring 78 licenses to be renewed annually by a certain date; creating s. 494.00313, F.S.; providing for the renewal 79 of a loan originator license; repealing s. 494.0032, 80 F.S., relating to renewal of a mortgage brokerage 81 82 business license or branch office license; creating s. 83 494.00321, F.S.; providing for the licensure of mortgage brokers; providing license application 84 85 requirements; providing grounds for license denial 86 based on a failure to demonstrate character, general 87 fitness, or financial responsibility sufficient to

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88	command community confidence; requiring the denial of
89	a license under certain circumstances; requiring
90	licenses to be renewed by a certain date; creating s.
91	494.00322, F.S.; providing for the annual renewal of a
92	mortgage broker license; providing license renewal
93	requirements; repealing s. 494.0033, F.S., relating to
94	a mortgage broker license; amending s. 494.00331,
95	F.S.; requiring a loan originator to be an employee or
96	independent contractor for a mortgage broker or
97	mortgage lender; repealing s. 494.0034, F.S., relating
98	to renewal of mortgage broker license; amending s.
99	494.0035, F.S.; providing for the management of a
100	mortgage broker by a principal loan originator and a
101	branch office by a loan originator; providing minimum
102	requirements; amending s. 494.0036, F.S.; revising
103	provisions relating to the licensure of a mortgage
104	broker's branch office; amending s. 494.0038, F.S.;
105	revising provisions relating to loan origination and
106	mortgage broker fees; amending s. 494.0039, F.S.;
107	conforming terms; amending s. 494.004, F.S.; revising
108	provisions relating to licensees; providing for
109	registry requirements; deleting obsolete provisions;
110	repealing s. 494.0041, F.S., relating to license
111	violations and administrative penalties; providing
112	additional grounds for assessing fines and penalties;
113	amending s. 494.0042, F.S.; providing for loan
114	origination fees; conforming terms; amending ss.
115	494.00421 and 494.0043, F.S.; conforming terms;
116	repealing s. 494.006, F.S., relating to mortgage

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117	lender licensing and regulation; repealing s.
118	494.0061, F.S., relating to mortgage lender license
119	requirements; creating s. 494.00611, F.S.; providing
120	for the licensure of mortgage lenders; providing
121	license application requirements; providing grounds
122	for license denial based on a failure to demonstrate
123	character, general fitness, or financial
124	responsibility sufficient to command community
125	confidence; requiring the denial of a license under
126	certain circumstances; requiring licenses to be
127	renewed annually by a certain date; creating s.
128	494.00612, F.S.; providing for the renewal of a
129	mortgage lender license; repealing s. 494.0062, F.S.,
130	relating to correspondent mortgage lender license
131	requirements; amending s. 494.0063, F.S.; requiring a
132	mortgage lender to obtain an annual financial audit
133	report and submit a copy to the office within certain
134	time periods; repealing s. 494.0064, F.S., relating to
135	renewal of mortgage lender license; repealing s.
136	494.0065, F.S., relating to certain licenses and
137	registrations that were converted into mortgage lender
138	licenses; amending s. 494.0066, F.S.; revising
139	provisions relating to a mortgage lender branch office
140	license; creating s. 494.00665, F.S.; providing for a
141	principal loan originator and branch manager for a
142	mortgage lender; providing requirements and
143	limitations; amending s. 494.0067, F.S.; revising
144	requirements of mortgage lenders; providing for
145	registry requirements; deleting obsolete provisions;

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146	providing for servicing agreements; amending ss.
147	494.0068, 494.0069, 494.007, and 494.0071, F.S.;
148	conforming terms; repealing s. 494.0072, F.S.,
149	relating to license violations and administrative
150	penalties; amending ss. 494.00721, 494.0073, 494.0075,
151	494.0076, and 494.0077, F.S.; conforming terms and
152	cross-references; amending s. 501.1377, F.S.; revising
153	definitions and conforming terms; exempting certain
154	attorneys from the definition of "foreclosure-rescue
155	consultant"; amending ss. 201.23, 420.507, 520.52,
156	520.63, 607.0505, and 687.12, F.S.; conforming cross-
157	references; providing for the termination of mortgage
158	business school licenses; providing for the expiration
159	of mortgage brokerage business licenses, mortgage
160	broker licenses, and correspondent mortgage lender
161	licenses; providing requirements for applying for a
162	loan originator, mortgage broker and mortgage lender
163	license by a certain date; providing effective dates.
164	
165	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
166	
167	Section 1. Effective January 1, 2010, subsection (3) of
168	section 494.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
169	494.001 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 494.001-494.0077, the
170	term:
171	(3) "Act as a mortgage broker" means, for compensation or
172	gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, either
173	directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept an
174	application for a mortgage loan, soliciting or offering to

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20092226er 175 solicit a mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, negotiating or 176 offering to negotiate the terms or conditions of a new or 177 existing mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower or lender, or 178 negotiating or offering to negotiate the sale of an existing 179 mortgage loan to a noninstitutional investor. An employee whose activities are ministerial and clerical, which may include 180 181 quoting available interest rates or loan terms and conditions, 182 is not acting as a mortgage broker. 183 Section 2. Section 494.001, Florida Statutes, as amended by 184 this act, is amended to read: 494.001 Definitions.-As used in ss. 494.001-494.0077, the 185 186 term: 187 (1) "Act as a correspondent mortgage lender" means to make 188 a mortgage loan. 189 (2) "Act as a loan originator" means being employed by a 190 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender, for 191 compensation or gain or in the expectation of compensation or 192 gain, to negotiate, offer to negotiate, or assist any licensed 193 or exempt entity in negotiating the making of a mortgage loan, including, but not limited to, working with a licensed or exempt 194 195 entity to structure a loan or discussing terms and conditions necessary for the delivery of a loan product. A natural person 196 197 whose activities are ministerial and clerical, which may include 198 quoting available interest rates, is not acting as a loan 199 originator. (3) "Act as a mortgage broker" means, for compensation or 200 201 gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, directly or 202 indirectly, accepting or offering to accept an application for a

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mortgage loan, soliciting or offering to solicit a mortgage loan

20092226er 204 on behalf of a borrower, negotiating or offering to negotiate 205 the terms or conditions of a new or existing mortgage loan on 206 behalf of a borrower or lender, or negotiating or offering to 207 negotiate the sale of an existing mortgage loan to a 208 noninstitutional investor. An employee whose activities are ministerial and clerical, which may include quoting available 209 interest rates or loan terms and conditions, is not acting as a 210 211 mortgage broker. 212 (4) "Act as a mortgage lender" means to make a mortgage 213 loan or to service a mortgage loan for others or, for 214 compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or 215 gain, either directly or indirectly, to sell or offer to sell a 216 mortgage loan to a noninstitutional investor. 217 (5) "Associate" means a person required to be licensed as a mortgage broker under this chapter who is employed by or acting 218 219 as an independent contractor for a mortgage brokerage business 220 or a person acting as an independent contractor for a mortgage 221 lender or correspondent mortgage lender. The use of the term 222 associate, in contexts other than in the administration of ss. 494.003-494.0077, shall not be construed to impose or effect the 223 224 common-law or statutory liability of the employer. 225 (1) "Borrower" means a person obligated to repay a mortgage 226 loan and includes, but is not limited to, a coborrower,

227 <u>cosignor</u>, or guarantor.

228 (2)(6) "Branch manager broker" means the licensed loan 229 originator licensee in charge of, and responsible for, the 230 operation of the a branch office of a mortgage broker or 231 mortgage lender brokerage business.

232

(3) (7) "Branch office" means a location, other than a

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20092226er 233 mortgage broker's or mortgage lender's licensee's principal 234 place of business: 235 (a) The address of which appears on business cards, 236 stationery, or advertising used by the licensee in connection 237 with business conducted under this chapter; (b) At which the licensee's name, advertising or 238 239 promotional materials, or signage suggests suggest that mortgage 240 loans are originated, negotiated, funded, or serviced; or 241 (c) At which, due to the actions of any employee or 242 associate of the licensee, may be construed by the public as a 243 branch office of the licensee where mortgage loans are originated, negotiated, funded, or serviced by a licensee. 244 (4) (8) "Commission" means the Financial Services 245 246 Commission. 247 (5) (9) "Control person" means an individual, partnership, 248 corporation, trust, or other organization that possesses the 249 power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or 250 policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, 251 by contract, or otherwise. The term includes, but is not limited 252 to A person is presumed to control a company if, with respect to 253 a particular company, that person: 254 (a) A company's executive officers, including the 255 president, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, 256 chief operations officer, chief legal officer, chief compliance 257 officer, director, and other individuals having similar status 258 or functions. 259 (b) For a corporation, each shareholder that, directly or 260 indirectly, owns 10 percent or more or that has the power to 261 vote 10 percent or more, of a class of voting securities unless

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262	the applicant is a publicly traded company.
263	(c) For a partnership, all general partners and limited or
264	special partners that have contributed 10 percent or more or
265	that have the right to receive, upon dissolution, 10 percent or
266	more of the partnership's capital.
267	(d) For a trust, each trustee.
268	(e) For a limited liability company, all elected managers
269	and those members that have contributed 10 percent or more or
270	that have the right to receive, upon dissolution, 10 percent or
271	more of the partnership's capital.
272	(f) Principal loan originators.
273	(6) "Credit report" means any written, oral, or other
274	information obtained from a consumer reporting agency as
275	described in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, which bears
276	on an individual's credit worthiness, credit standing, or credit
277	capacity. A credit score alone, as calculated by the reporting
278	agency, is not considered a credit report.
279	(7) "Credit score" means a score, grade, or value that is
280	derived by using data from a credit report in any type of model,
281	method, or program, whether electronically, in an algorithm, in
282	a computer software or program, or by any other process for the
283	purpose of grading or ranking credit report data.
284	(8) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in s.
285	(3)(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, and includes any
286	credit union.
287	(a) Is a director, general partner, or officer exercising
288	executive responsibility or having similar status or functions;
289	(b) Directly or indirectly may vote 10 percent or more of a
290	class of voting securities or sell or direct the sale of 10

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291	percent or more of a class of voting securities; or
292	(c) In the case of a partnership, may receive upon
293	dissolution or has contributed 10 percent or more of the
294	capital.
295	(10) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of
296	the commission.
297	(11) "Employed" means engaged in the service of another for
298	salary or wages subject to withholding, FICA, or other lawful
299	deductions by the employer as a condition of employment.
300	(12) "Employee" means a natural person who is employed and
301	who is subject to the right of the employer to direct and
302	control the actions of the employee.
303	(13) "Good standing" means that the registrant or licensee,
304	or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof, is not, at the time of
305	application, being penalized for one or more of the following
306	disciplinary actions by a licensing authority of any state,
307	territory, or country:
308	(a) Revocation of a license or registration.
309	(b) Suspension of a license or registration.
310	(c) Probation of a license or registration for an offense
311	involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or an act of moral
312	turpitude.
313	(9) "Financial audit report" means a report prepared in
314	connection with a financial audit that is conducted in
315	accordance with generally accepted auditing standards prescribed
316	by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants by a
317	certified public accountant licensed to do business in the
318	United States, and which must include:
319	(a) Financial statements, including notes related to the

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320	financial statements and required supplementary information,
321	prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted
322	accounting principles.
323	(b) An expression of opinion regarding whether the
324	financial statements are presented in conformity with United
325	States generally accepted accounting principles, or an assertion
326	to the effect that such an opinion cannot be expressed and the
327	reasons.
328	(10) (14) "Institutional investor" means a <u>depository</u>
329	institution state or national bank, state or federal savings and
330	loan association or savings bank, real estate investment trust,
331	insurance company, real estate company, accredited investor as
332	defined in 17 C.F.R. ss. 230.501 et seq., mortgage broker or
333	mortgage lender business licensed under <u>this chapter</u> ss.
334	494.001-494.0077, or other business entity that invests in
335	mortgage loans, including a secondary mortgage market
336	institution including, without limitation, the Federal National
337	Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage
338	Corporation, and the Government National Mortgage Association,
339	conduits, investment bankers, and any subsidiary of such
340	entities.

341 <u>(11)(15)</u> "Loan commitment" or "commitment" means a 342 statement by the lender setting forth the terms and conditions 343 upon which the lender is willing to make a particular mortgage 344 loan to a particular borrower.

345 <u>(12) "Loan modification" means a modification to an</u> 346 <u>existing loan. The term does not include a refinancing</u> 347 <u>transaction.</u> 348 (13) "Loan origination fee" means the total compensation

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20092226er 349 from any source received by a mortgage broker acting as a loan 350 originator. Any payment for processing mortgage loan 351 applications must be included in the fee and must be paid to the 352 mortgage broker. 353 (14) "Loan originator" means an individual who, directly or 354 indirectly, solicits or offers to solicit a mortgage loan, 355 accepts or offers to accept an application for a mortgage loan, 356 negotiates or offers to negotiate the terms or conditions of a 357 new or existing mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower or lender, processes a mortgage loan application, or negotiates or offers 358 359 to negotiate the sale of an existing mortgage loan to a 360 noninstitutional investor for compensation or gain. The term 361 includes the activities of a loan originator as that term is 362 defined in the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008, and an individual acting as a loan originator pursuant to that 363 364 definition is acting as a loan originator for purposes of this 365 definition. The term does not include an employee of a mortgage 366 broker or mortgage lender who performs only administrative or 367 clerical tasks, including quoting available interest rates, physically handling a completed application form, or 368 369 transmitting a completed form to a lender on behalf of a 370 prospective borrower.

371 <u>(15)(16)</u> "Lock-in agreement" means an agreement whereby the 372 lender guarantees for a specified number of days or until a 373 specified date the availability of a specified rate of interest 374 or specified formula by which the rate of interest will be 375 determined <u>or and/or</u> specific number of discount points <u>will be</u> 376 <u>given</u>, if the loan is approved and closed within the stated 377 period of time.

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20092226er 407 (b) Loan on commercial real property if the borrower is an 408 individual a natural person or the lender is a noninstitutional 409 investor; or 410 (c) Loan on improved real property consisting of five or 411 more dwelling units if the borrower is an individual a natural person or the lender is a noninstitutional investor. 412 (21) "Mortgage loan application" means the submission of a 413 borrower's financial information in anticipation of a credit 414 415 decision, which includes the borrower's name, the borrower's monthly income, the borrower's social security number to obtain 416 a credit report, the property address, an estimate of the value 417 of the property, the mortgage loan amount sought, and any other 418 information deemed necessary by the loan originator. An 419 420 application may be in writing or electronically submitted, 421 including a written record of an oral application. 422 (22) (21) "Net worth" means total assets minus total 423 liabilities pursuant to United States generally accepted 424 accounting principles. 425 (23) (22) "Noninstitutional investor" means an investor other than an institutional investor. 426 (23) "Nonresidential mortgage loan" means a mortgage loan 427 other than a residential mortgage loan. 428 429 (24) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation. (25) (24) "Person" has the same meaning as in s. 1.01 means 430 431 an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other 432 group, however organized. (25) "Principal broker" means a licensee in charge of, and 433 434 responsible for, the operation of the principal place of 435 business and all branch brokers.

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(26) "Principal loan originator" means the licensed loan
originator in charge of, and responsible for, the operation of a
mortgage lender or mortgage broker, including all of the
activities of the mortgage lender's or mortgage broker's loan
originators and branch managers, whether employees or
independent contractors.
<u>(27)</u> "Principal place of business" means a <u>mortgage</u>
broker's or mortgage lender's licensee's primary business
office, the street address, or physical location that of which
is designated on the application for licensure or any amendment
to such application.
(28) "Registered loan originator" means a loan originator
who is employed by a depository institution, by a subsidiary
that is owned and controlled by a depository institution and
regulated by a federal banking agency, or by an institution
regulated by the Farm Credit Administration, and who is
registered with and maintains a unique identifier through the
registry.
(29) "Registry" means the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
System and Registry, which is the mortgage licensing system
developed and maintained by the Conference of State Bank
Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage
Regulators for the licensing and registration of loan
originators.
(30) "Relative" means any of the following, whether by the
full or half blood or by adoption:
(a) A person's spouse, father, mother, children, brothers,
and sisters.
(b) The father, mother, brothers, and sisters of the

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20092226er 465 person's spouse. 466 (c) The spouses of the person's children, brothers, or 467 sisters. 468 (27) "Residential mortgage loan" means any mortgage or 469 other security instrument secured by improved real property consisting of no more than four dwelling units. 470 471 (31) "Servicing endorsement" means authorizing a mortgage 472 lender to service a loan for more than 4 months. 473 (32) (28) "Servicing Service a mortgage loan" means to 474 receive, or cause to be received, or transferred for another, installment payments of principal, interest, or other payments 475 476 pursuant to a mortgage loan. (33) (29) "Substantial fault of the borrower" means that the 477 478 borrower: (a) Failed to provide information or documentation required 479 480 by the lender or broker in a timely manner; 481 (b) Provided information, in the application or subsequently, which upon verification proved to be significantly 482 483 inaccurate, causing the need for review or further investigation by the lender or broker; 484 (c) Failed to produce by no later than the date specified 485 486 by the lender all documentation specified in the commitment or 487 closing instructions as being required for closing; or 488 (d) Failed to be ready, willing, or able to close the loan 489 by no later than the date specified by the lender or broker. 490 491 For purposes of this definition, a borrower is considered to 492 have provided information or documentation in a timely manner if 493 such information and documentation was received by the lender

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494 within 7 days after the borrower received a request for same, 495 and information is considered significantly inaccurate if the 496 correct information materially affects the eligibility of the 497 borrower for the loan for which application is made.

(34) (30) "Ultimate equitable owner" means an individual a 498 499 natural person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls an ownership interest in a corporation, a foreign corporation, an 500 501 alien business organization, or any other form of business 502 organization, regardless of whether the individual such natural person owns or controls such ownership interest through one or 503 more individuals natural persons or one or more proxies, powers 504 505 of attorney, nominees, corporations, associations, partnerships, 506 trusts, joint stock companies, or other entities or devices, or 507 any combination thereof.

508 (31) "Principal representative" means an individual who 509 operates the business operations of a licensee under part III.

510 (32) "Mortgage loan application" means a submission of a 511 borrower's financial information in anticipation of a credit 512 decision, whether written or computer-generated, relating to a mortgage loan. If the submission does not state or identify a 513 specific property, the submission is an application for a 514 prequalification and not an application for a mortgage loan 515 under this part. The subsequent addition of an identified 516 517 property to the submission converts the submission to an 518 application for a mortgage loan.

519 (33) "Mortgage brokerage fee" means the total compensation 520 to be received by a mortgage brokerage business for acting as a 521 mortgage broker.

522

(34) "Business day" means any calendar day except Sunday or

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523	a legal holiday.
524	Section 3. Section 494.0011, Florida Statutes, is amended
525	to read:
526	494.0011 Powers and duties of the commission and office
527	(1) The office shall be responsible for the administration
528	and enforcement of ss. 494.001-494.0077.
529	(2) The commission may adopt rules pursuant to ss.
530	120.536(1) and 120.54 To <u>administer</u> implement ss. 494.001-
531	494.0077, \cdot the commission may adopt rules:
532	(a) Requiring electronic submission of any forms,
533	documents, or fees required by this act if such rules reasonably
534	accommodate technological or financial hardship.
535	(b) Relating to compliance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage
536	Licensing Act of 2008, including rules to:
537	1. Require loan originators, mortgage brokers, mortgage
538	lenders, and branch offices to register through the registry.
539	2. Require the use of uniform forms that have been approved
540	by the registry, and any subsequent amendments to such forms if
541	the forms are substantially in compliance with the provisions of
542	this chapter. Uniform forms that the commission may adopt
543	include, but are not limited to:
544	a. Uniform Mortgage Lender/Mortgage Broker Form, MU1.
545	b. Uniform Mortgage Biographical Statement & Consent Form,
546	MU2.
547	c. Uniform Mortgage Branch Office Form, MU3.
548	d. Uniform Individual Mortgage License/Registration &
549	Consent Form, MU4.
550	3. Require the filing of forms, documents, and fees in
551	accordance with the requirements of the registry.

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552	4. Prescribe requirements for amending or surrendering a
553	license or other activities as the commission deems necessary
554	for the office's participation in the registry.
555	5. Prescribe procedures that allow a licensee to challenge
556	information contained in the registry.
557	6. Prescribe procedures for reporting violations of this
558	chapter and disciplinary actions on licensees to the registry.
559	The commission may prescribe by rule requirements and procedures
560	for obtaining an exemption due to a technological or financial
561	hardship. The commission may also adopt rules to accept
562	certification of compliance with requirements of this act in
563	licu of requiring submission of documents.
564	(c) Establishing time periods during which a loan
565	originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage lender license
566	applicant under part II or part III is barred from licensure due
567	to prior criminal convictions of, or guilty or nolo contendre
568	pleas by, any of the applicant's control persons, regardless of
569	adjudication.
570	1. The rules must provide:
571	a. Permanent bars for felonies involving fraud, dishonesty,
572	breach of trust, or money laundering;
573	b. A 15-year disqualifying period for felonies involving
574	moral turpitude;
575	c. A 7-year disqualifying period for all other felonies;
576	and
577	d. A 5-year disqualifying period for misdemeanors involving
578	fraud, dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude.
579	2. The rules may provide for an additional waiting period
580	due to dates of imprisonment or community supervision, the

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581	commitment of multiple crimes, and other factors reasonably
582	related to the applicant's criminal history.
583	3. The rules may provide for mitigating factors for crimes
584	identified in sub-subparagraph 1.b. However, the mitigation may
585	not result in a period of disqualification less than 7 years.
586	The rule may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in sub-
587	subparagraphs 1.a., 1.c., and 1.d.
588	4. An applicant is not eligible for licensure until the
589	expiration of the disqualifying period set by rule.
590	5. Section 112.011 is not applicable to eligibility for
591	licensure under this part.
592	(3) Except as provided in s. 494.00172, all fees, charges,
593	and fines collected pursuant to ss. 494.001-494.0077 shall be
594	deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Regulatory
595	Trust Fund <u>of</u> under the office.
596	(4) The office shall participate in the registry and shall
597	regularly report to the registry violations of this chapter,
598	disciplinary actions, and other information deemed relevant by
599	the office under this chapter.
600	(4) (a) The office has the power to issue and to serve
601	subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to compel the attendance of
602	witnesses and the production of all books, accounts, records,
603	and other documents and materials relevant to an examination or
604	investigation. The office, or its duly authorized
605	representative, has the power to administer oaths and
606	affirmations to any person.
607	(b) The office may, in its discretion, seek subpoenas or
608	subpoenas duces tecum from any court of competent jurisdiction
609	commanding the appearance of witnesses and the production of

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20092226er 610 books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a 611 time and place named in the subpoenas; and any authorized 612 representative of the office may serve any subpoena. 613 (5) (a) In the event of substantial noncompliance with a 614 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued or caused to be issued by the office, the office may petition the circuit court or any 615 other court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which the 616 person subpoenaed resides or has its principal place of business 617 618 for an order requiring the subpoenaed person to appear and 619 testify and to produce such books, accounts, records, and other 620 documents as are specified in the subpoena duces tecum. The 621 court may grant injunctive relief restraining the person from 622 advertising, promoting, soliciting, entering into, offering to 623 enter into, continuing, or completing any mortgage loan 624 transaction or mortgage loan servicing transaction. The court may grant such other relief, including, but not limited to, the 625 626 restraint, by injunction or appointment of a receiver, of any 627 transfer, pledge, assignment, or other disposition of the 628 person's assets or any concealment, alteration, destruction, or other disposition of books, accounts, records, or other 629 630 documents and materials as the court deems appropriate, until 631 the person has fully complied with the subpoena duces tecum and 632 the office has completed its investigation or examination. In 633 addition, the court may order the refund of any fees collected 634 in a mortgage loan transaction whenever books and documents 635 substantiating the transaction are not produced or cannot be produced. The office is entitled to the summary procedure 636 637 provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on 638 its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by

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639	the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or part, a
640	petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum
641	shall be taxed against the subpoenaed person, and failure to
642	comply with such order is a contempt of court.
643	(b) When it appears to the office that the compliance with
644	a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued or caused to be issued
645	by the office pursuant to this section is essential and
646	otherwise unavailable to an investigation or examination, the
647	office, in addition to the other remedies provided for in this
648	section, may apply to the circuit court or any other court of
649	competent jurisdiction of the county in which the subpoenaed
650	person resides or has its principal place of business for a writ
651	of ne exeat. The court shall thereupon direct the issuance of
652	the writ against the subpoenaed person requiring sufficient bond
653	conditioned on compliance with the subpoena or subpoena duces
654	tecum. The court shall cause to be endorsed on the writ a
655	suitable amount of bond upon the payment of which the person
656	named in the writ shall be freed, having a due regard to the
657	nature of the case.
658	(c) Alternatively, the office may seek a writ of attachment
659	from the court having jurisdiction over the person who has
660	refused to obey a subpoena, who has refused to give testimony,
661	or who has refused to produce the matters described in the
662	subpoena duces tecum.
663	(6) The grant or denial of any license under this chapter
664	must be in accordance with s. 120.60.
665	Section 4. Effective January 1, 2010, section 494.00115,
666	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
667	494.00115 Exemptions

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668	(1) The following are exempt from regulation under parts I,
669	II, and III of this chapter.
670	(a) Any person operating exclusively as a registered loan
671	originator in accordance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing
672	<u>Act of 2008.</u>
673	(b) A depository institution; subsidiaries that are owned
674	and controlled by a depository institution and regulated by the
675	Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the
676	Comptroller of the Currency, the Director of the Office of
677	Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration, or
678	the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or institutions
679	regulated by the Farm Credit Administration.
680	(c) The Federal National Mortgage Association; the Federal
681	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; any agency of the Federal
682	Government; any state, county, or municipal government; or any
683	quasi-governmental agency that acts in such capacity under the
684	specific authority of the laws of any state or the United
685	States.
686	(d) An attorney licensed in this state who negotiates the
687	terms of a mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary
688	matter to the attorney's representation of the client.
689	(e) A person involved solely in the extension of credit
690	relating to the purchase of a timeshare plan, as that term is
691	defined in 11 U.S.C. s. 101(53D)
692	(2) The following persons are exempt from regulation under
693	part III of this chapter:
694	(a) A person acting in a fiduciary capacity conferred by
695	the authority of a court.
696	(b) A person who, as a seller of his or her own real

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697	property, receives one or more mortgages in a purchase money
698	transaction.
699	(c) A person who acts solely under contract and as an agent
700	for federal, state, or municipal agencies for the purpose of
701	servicing mortgage loans.
702	(d) A person who makes only nonresidential mortgage loans
703	and sells loans only to institutional investors.
704	(e) An individual making or acquiring a mortgage loan using
705	his or her own funds for his or her own investment, and who does
706	not hold himself or herself out to the public as being in the
707	mortgage lending business.
708	(f) An individual selling a mortgage that was made or
709	purchased with that individual's funds for his or her own
710	investment, and who does not hold himself or herself out to the
711	public as being in the mortgage lending business.
712	(3) It is not necessary to negate any of the exemptions
713	provided in this section in any complaint, information,
714	indictment, or other writ or proceeding brought under ss.
715	494.001-494.0077. The burden of establishing the right to an
716	exemption is on the party claiming the benefit of the exemption.
717	Section 5. Section 494.00135, Florida Statutes, is created
718	to read:
719	<u>494.00135 Subpoenas</u>
720	(1) The office may:
721	(a) Issue and serve subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to
722	compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all
723	books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials
724	relevant to an examination or investigation conducted by the
725	office. The office, or its authorized representative, may

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20092226er 726 administer oaths and affirmations to any person. 727 (b) Seek subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum from any court 728 to command the appearance of witnesses and the production of 729 books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a 730 time and place named in the subpoenas, and an authorized 731 representative of the office may serve such subpoena. 732 (2) If there is substantial noncompliance with a subpoena 733 or subpoena duces tecum issued by the office, the office may 734 petition the court in the county where the person subpoenaed resides or has his or her principal place of business for an 735 order requiring the person to appear, testify, or produce such 736 737 books, accounts, records, and other documents as are specified 738 in the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. 739 (a) The court may grant injunctive relief restraining the person from advertising, promoting, soliciting, entering into, 740 741 offering to enter into, continuing, or completing a mortgage 742 loan or servicing a mortgage loan. 743 (b) The court may grant such other relief, including, but 744 not limited to, the restraint, by injunction or appointment of a receiver, of any transfer, pledge, assignment, or other 745 746 disposition of the person's assets or any concealment, 747 alteration, destruction, or other disposition of books, 748 accounts, records, or other documents and materials as the court 749 deems appropriate, until the person has fully complied with the 750 subpoena duces tecum and the office has completed its 751 investigation or examination. 752 (c) The court may order the refund of any fees collected in 753 a mortgage loan transaction if books and documents 754 substantiating the transaction are not produced or cannot be

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755	produced.
756	(d) If it appears to the office that compliance with a
757	subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued is essential and
758	otherwise unavailable to an investigation or examination, the
759	office may apply to the court for a writ of ne exeat pursuant to
760	<u>s. 68.02.</u>
761	(e) The office may seek a writ of attachment to obtain all
762	books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials
763	relevant to an examination or investigation.
764	(3) The office is entitled to the summary procedure
765	provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on
766	its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by
767	the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, a
768	petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum
769	shall be taxed against the subpoenaed person, and failure to
770	comply with such order is a contempt of court.
771	Section 6. Section 494.0014, Florida Statutes, is amended
772	to read:
773	494.0014 Cease and desist orders; administrative fines;
774	refund orders
775	(1) The office <u>may</u> has the power to issue and serve upon
776	any person an order to cease and desist and to take corrective
777	action <u>if</u> whenever it has reason to believe the person is
778	violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of
779	ss. 494.001-494.0077, any rule or order issued under ss.
780	494.001-494.0077, or any written agreement between the person
781	and the office. All procedural matters relating to issuance and
782	enforcement of such a cease and desist order are governed by the
783	Administrative Procedure Act.

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20092226er 784 (2) The office may has the power to order the refund of any 785 fee directly or indirectly assessed and charged on a mortgage 786 loan transaction which is unauthorized or exceeds the maximum 787 fee specifically authorized in ss. 494.001-494.0077, or any 788 amount collected for the payment of third-party fees which 789 exceeds the cost of the service provided. 790 (3) The office may prohibit the association by a mortgage 791 broker business, or the employment by a mortgage lender or 792 correspondent mortgage lender, of any person who has engaged in 793 a pattern of misconduct while an associate of a mortgage 794 brokerage business or an employee of a mortgage lender or 795 correspondent mortgage lender. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "pattern of misconduct" means the 796 797 commission of three or more violations of ss. 494.001-494.0077 798 or the provisions of chapter 494 in effect prior to October 1, 799 1991, during any 1-year period or any criminal conviction for 800 violating ss. 494.001-494.0077 or the provisions of chapter 494 801 in effect prior to October 1, 1991. 802 (4) The office may impose upon any person who makes or brokers a loan, or any mortgage business school, a fine for 803 804 violations of any provision of ss. 494.001-494.00295 or any rule or order issued under ss. 494.001-494.00295 in an amount not 805 806 exceeding \$5,000 for each separate count or offense. 807 Section 7. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.00165, 808 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 809 494.00165 Prohibited advertising; record requirements.-810 (1) It is a violation of this chapter for any person to: 811 (a) Advertise that an applicant shall will have unqualified access to credit without disclosing the what material 812

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20092226er 813 limitations on the availability of such credit exist. Such 814 Material limitations include, but are not limited to, the 815 percentage of down payment required, that a higher rate or 816 points could be required, or that restrictions on as to the 817 maximum principal amount of the loan offered could apply. (b) Advertise a mortgage loan at an expressed interest rate 818 819 unless the advertisement specifically states that the expressed 820 rate could change or not be available at commitment or closing. 821 (c) Advertise mortgage loans, including rates, margins, discounts, points, fees, commissions, or other material 822 information, including material limitations on such loans, 823 unless the such person is able to make such mortgage loans 824 825 available to a reasonable number of qualified applicants. 826 (d) Falsely advertise or misuse names indicating a federal 827 agency pursuant to 18 U.S.C. s. 709. 828 (e) Engage in unfair, deceptive, or misleading advertising 829 regarding mortgage loans, brokering services, or lending 830 services. 831 (2) Each person required to be licensed under this chapter must shall maintain a record of samples of each of its 832 advertisements, including commercial scripts of each radio or 833 834 television broadcast, for examination by the office for a period 835 of 2 years after the date of publication or broadcast. Section 8. Section 494.0017, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 836 837 Section 9. Section 494.00172, Florida Statutes, is created 838 to read: 839 494.00172 Mortgage Guaranty Trust Fund; payment of fees and 840 claims.-A nonrefundable fee is imposed on each application for a 841 mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or loan originator license and

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842	on each annual application for a renewal of such license. For a
843	loan originator, the initial and renewal fee is \$20. For
844	mortgage brokers and lenders, the initial and renewal fee is
845	\$100. This fee is in addition to the regular application or
846	renewal fee assessed and shall be deposited into the Mortgage
847	Guaranty Trust Fund of the office for the payment of claims in
848	accordance with this section.
849	(1) If the amount in the trust fund exceeds \$5 million, the
850	additional fee shall be discontinued and may not be reimposed
851	until the fund is reduced to below \$1 million pursuant to
852	disbursements made in accordance with this section.
853	(2) A borrower in a mortgage loan transaction is eligible
854	to seek recovery from the trust fund if all of the following
855	conditions are met:
856	(a) The borrower has recorded a final judgment issued by a
857	state court wherein the cause of action against a licensee under
858	this chapter was based on a violation of this chapter and the
859	damages were the result of that violation.
860	(b) The borrower has caused a writ of execution to be
861	issued upon such judgment, and the officer executing the
862	judgment has made a return showing that no personal or real
863	property of the judgment debtor liable to be levied upon in
864	satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount
865	realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's property pursuant
866	to such execution is insufficient to satisfy the judgment.
867	(c) The borrower has made all reasonable searches and
868	inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment debtor possesses
869	real or personal property or other assets subject to being sold
870	or applied in satisfaction of the judgment, and has discovered

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871	no such property or assets; or he or she has discovered property
872	and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings
873	for the application thereof to the judgment, but the amount
874	realized is insufficient to satisfy the judgment.
875	(d) The borrower has applied any amounts recovered from the
876	judgment debtor, or from any other source, to the damages
877	awarded by the court.
878	(e) The borrower, at the time the action was instituted,
879	gave notice and provided a copy of the complaint to the office
880	by certified mail. The requirement of a timely giving of notice
881	may be waived by the office upon a showing of good cause.
882	(f) The act for which recovery is sought occurred on or
883	after January 1, 2011.
884	(3) The requirements of subsection (2) are not applicable
885	if the licensee upon which the claim is sought has filed for
886	bankruptcy or has been adjudicated bankrupt. However, the
887	claimant must file a proof of claim in the bankruptcy
888	proceedings and must notify the office by certified mail of the
889	claim by enclosing a copy of the proof of claim and all
890	supporting documents.
891	(4) Any person who meets all of the conditions in
892	subsection (2) may apply to the office for payment from the
893	trust fund equal to the unsatisfied portion of that person's
894	judgment or \$50,000, whichever is less, but only to the extent
895	that the amount reflected in the judgment is for actual or
896	compensatory damages, plus any attorney's fees and costs awarded
897	by the trial court which have been determined by the court, and
898	the documented costs associated with attempting to collect the
899	judgment. Actual or compensatory damages may not include

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900	postjudgment interest. Attorney's fees may not exceed \$5,000 or
901	20 percent of the actual or compensatory damages, whichever is
902	less. If actual or compensatory damages, plus attorney's fees
903	and costs, exceed \$50,000, actual or compensatory damages must
904	be paid first. The cumulative payment for actual or compensatory
905	damages, plus attorney's fees and costs, may not exceed \$50,000
906	as described in this section.
907	(a) A borrower may not collect more than \$50,000 from the
908	trust fund for any claim regardless of the number of licensees
909	liable for the borrower's damages.
910	(b) Payments for claims are limited in the aggregate to
911	\$250,000 against any one licensee under this chapter. If the
912	total claims exceed the aggregate limit of \$250,000, the office
913	shall prorate payments based on the ratio that a claim bears to
914	the total claims filed.
915	(c) Payments shall be made to all persons meeting the
916	requirements of subsection (2) 2 years after the date the first
917	complete and valid notice is received by the office. Persons who
918	give notice after 2 years and who otherwise comply with the
919	conditions precedent to recovery may recover from any remaining
920	portion of the \$250,000 aggregate as provided in this
921	subsection, with claims being paid in the order notice was
922	received until the \$250,000 aggregate has been disbursed.
923	(d) The claimant shall assign his or her right, title, and
924	interest in the judgment, to the extent of his or her recovery
925	from the fund, to the office and shall record, at his or her own
926	expense, the assignment of judgment in every county where the
927	judgment is recorded.
928	(e) If the money in the fund is insufficient to satisfy any

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20092226er 929 valid claim or portion thereof, the office shall satisfy such 930 unpaid claim or portion as soon as a sufficient amount of money 931 has been deposited in the trust fund. If there is more than one 932 unsatisfied claim outstanding, such claims shall be paid in the order in which the claims were filed with the office. 933 934 (f) The payment of any amount from the fund in settlement 935 of a claim or in satisfaction of a judgment against a licensee 936 constitutes prima facie grounds for the revocation of the license. 937 938 Section 10. Section 494.0018, Florida Statutes, is amended 939 to read: 494.0018 Penalties.-940 941 (1) Whoever knowingly violates any provision of s. 942 494.00255(1)(a), (b), or (c) s. 494.0041(2)(e), (f), or (g); s. 494.0072(2)(e), (f), or (g); or s. 494.0025(1), (2), (3), (4), 943 944 or (5), except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, 945 commits is quilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as 946 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each such 947 violation constitutes a separate offense. 948 (2) Any person who violates convicted of a violation of any provision of ss. 494.001-494.0077, in which violation the total 949 950 value of money and property unlawfully obtained exceeds exceeded 951 \$50,000 and there are were five or more victims, commits is 952 quilty of a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided 953 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 954 Section 11. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.0019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 955 956 494.0019 Liability in case of unlawful transaction.-957 (1) If a mortgage loan transaction is made in violation of

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20092226er 958 any provision of ss. 494.001-494.0077, the person making the 959 transaction and every licensee, director, or officer who 960 participated in making the transaction are jointly and severally 961 liable to every party to the transaction in an action for 962 damages incurred by the party or parties. 963 (2) A person is not liable under this section upon a 964 showing that such person's licensees, officers, and directors 965 who participated in making the mortgage loan transaction, if 966 any, acted in good faith and without knowledge and, with the 967 exercise of due diligence, could not have known of the act committed in violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077. 968 Section 12. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.002, 969 970 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 971 494.002 Statutory or common-law remedies.-Sections Nothing 972 in ss. 494.001-494.0077 do not limit limits any statutory or 973 common-law right of any person to bring any action in any court 974 for any act involved in the mortgage loan business or the right 975 of the state to punish any person for any violation of any law. 976 Section 13. Section 494.0023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 977 978 494.0023 Conflicting interest.-979 (1) If, in a mortgage transaction, a licensee has a conflicting interest as specified in subsection (2), the 980 licensee shall, at a minimum, provide the following disclosures 981 982 to the borrower in writing: (a) The nature of the relationship, ownership, or financial 983 984 interest between the provider of products or services, or 985 business incident thereto, and the licensee making the referral; 986 The type of conflicting interest shall be fully and fairly

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987	disclosed.
988	(b) An estimated charge or range of charges generally made
989	by such a provider; The licensee shall inform the borrower in
990	writing
991	(c) That a financial benefit may be received by the
992	licensee as a result of the conflicting interest; and \cdot
993	(d) (c) The borrower shall be informed That alternative
994	sources may be chosen by the borrower to provide <u>the</u> any
995	required products or services. The following language must be
996	contained in 12-point type in any agreement between a mortgage
997	broker, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender and a
998	borrower in substantially this form:
999	
1000	You are not required to purchase additional products or services
1001	from any person or entity suggested or recommended by
1002	(Broker/Lender/Correspondent Lender). However, the
1003	(Broker/Lender/Correspondent Lender) hereby reserves the right
1004	to approve the entity selected by the borrower, which approval
1005	may not be unreasonably withheld.
1006	(2) A licensee has a conflicting interest if:
1007	(a) The licensee or the licensee's relative provides the
1008	borrower with additional products or services;
1009	(b) The licensee or licensee's relative, either directly or
1010	indirectly, owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, or
1011	holds proxies representing, $1 \over 10$ percent or more of any class of
1012	equity securities or other beneficial interest in <u>the</u> such
1013	person providing the additional products or services;
1014	(c) The person providing the additional products or
1015	services, either directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or

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20092226er 1016 holds the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, 1 $\frac{10}{10}$ 1017 percent or more of any class of equity securities or other 1018 beneficial interest in the licensee; 1019 (d) A holding company, either directly or indirectly, owns, 1020 controls, or holds with power to vote, or holds proxies 1021 representing, 1 10 percent or more of any class of equity 1022 securities or other beneficial interest in both the licensee and 1023 the person providing the additional products or services; 1024 (e) One or more persons, or such person's relative, sits as 1025 an officer or director, or performs similar functions as an officer or director, for both the licensee and the person 1026 1027 providing the additional products or services; or 1028 (f) The licensee or the licensee's relative sits as an officer or director, or performs similar functions as an officer 1029 1030 or director, of the person providing the additional products or 1031 services. 1032 (3) The commission may adopt rules to administer the disclosure requirements of this section. The rules must consider 1033 1034 the disclosure requirements of the federal Real Estate 1035 Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 2601 et seq.; the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. et seq.; and related 1036 federal regulations. 1037 (3) As used in this section, the term "relative" of any 1038 1039 natural person means any of the following persons, whether by 1040 the full or half blood or by adoption: 1041 (a) Such person's spouse, father, mother, children, 1042 brothers, and sisters. 1043 (b) The father, mother, brothers, and sisters of such 1044 person's spouse.

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20092226er 1045 (c) The spouses of children, brothers, or sisters of such 1046 person. 1047 Section 14. Section 494.0025, Florida Statutes, is amended 1048 to read: 1049 494.0025 Prohibited practices.-It is unlawful for any 1050 person: 1051 (1) To act as a mortgage lender in this state without a 1052 current, active license issued by the office pursuant to ss. 494,006-494,0077 1053 1054 (1) (2) To act as a loan originator correspondent mortgage 1055 lender in this state without a current, active license issued by 1056 the office pursuant to part II of this chapter ss. 494.006-494.0077. 1057 1058 (2) (3) To act as a mortgage broker in this state without a 1059 current, active license issued by the office pursuant to part II 1060 of this chapter ss. 494.003-494.0043. 1061 (3) To act as a mortgage lender in this state without a 1062 current, active license issued by the office pursuant to part 1063 III of this chapter. 1064 (4) In any practice or transaction or course of business 1065 relating to the sale, purchase, negotiation, promotion, 1066 advertisement, or hypothecation of mortgage loan transactions, 1067 directly or indirectly: 1068 (a) To knowingly or willingly employ any device, scheme, or 1069 artifice to defraud; 1070 (b) To engage in any transaction, practice, or course of 1071 business which operates as a fraud upon any person in connection 1072 with the purchase or sale of any mortgage loan; or 1073 (c) To obtain property by fraud, willful misrepresentation

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1074 of a future act, or false promise. 1075 (5) In any matter within the jurisdiction of the office, to 1076 knowingly and willfully falsify, conceal, or cover up by a 1077 trick, scheme, or device a material fact, make any false or 1078 fraudulent statement or representation, or make or use any false 1079 writing or document, knowing the same to contain any false or 1080 fraudulent statement or entry. 1081 (6) To violate s. 655.922(2), subject to ss. 494.001-1082 494.0077. 1083 (7) Who is required to be licensed under ss. 494.006-494.0077, to fail to report to the office the failure to meet 1084 the net worth requirements of s. 494.0061, s. 494.0062, or s. 1085 494.0065 within 48 hours after the person's knowledge of such 1086 1087 failure or within 48 hours after the person should have known of such failure. 1088 1089 (7) (8) To pay a fee or commission in any mortgage loan 1090 transaction to any person or entity other than a licensed 1091 mortgage broker brokerage business, mortgage lender, or 1092 correspondent mortgage lender, operating under an active 1093 license, or a person exempt from licensure under this chapter.

1094 <u>(8) (9)</u> To record a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage agreement or 1095 any other document, not rendered by a court of competent 1096 jurisdiction, which purports to enforce the terms of the 1097 mortgage brokerage agreement.

1098 (9) (10) To use the name or logo of a financial institution, 1099 as defined in s. 655.005(1), or its affiliates or subsidiaries 1100 when marketing or soliciting existing or prospective customers 1101 if such marketing materials are used without the written consent 1102 of the financial institution and in a manner that would lead a

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1103	reasonable person to believe that the material or solicitation
1104	originated from, was endorsed by, or is related to or the
1105	responsibility of the financial institution or its affiliates or
1106	subsidiaries.
1107	(10) Subject to investigation or examination under this
1108	chapter, to knowingly alter, withhold, conceal, or destroy any
1109	books, records, computer records, or other information relating
1110	to a person's activities which subject the person to the
1111	jurisdiction of this chapter.
1112	Section 15. Section 494.00255, Florida Statutes, is created
1113	to read:
1114	494.00255 Administrative penalties and fines; license
1115	violations
1116	(1) Each of the following acts constitutes a ground for
1117	which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may
1118	be taken against a person licensed or required to be licensed
1119	under part II or part III of this chapter:
1120	(a) Failure to immediately place upon receipt, and maintain
1121	until authorized to disburse, any money entrusted to the
1122	licensee as a licensee in a segregated account of a federally
1123	insured financial institution in this state.
1124	(b) Failure to account or deliver to any person any
1125	property that is not the licensee's, or that the licensee is not
1126	entitled to retain, under the circumstances and at the time that
1127	has been agreed upon or as required by law or, in the absence of
1128	a fixed time, upon demand of the person entitled to such
1129	accounting and delivery.
1130	(c) Failure to disburse funds in accordance with
1131	agreements.

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1132	(d) Any misuse, misapplication, or misappropriation of
1133	personal property entrusted to the licensee's care to which the
1134	licensee had no current property right at the time of
1135	entrustment.
1136	(e) Fraud, misrepresentation, deceit, negligence, or
1137	incompetence in any mortgage financing transaction.
1138	(f) Requesting a specific valuation, orally or in writing,
1139	from an appraiser for a particular property, implying to an
1140	appraiser that a specific valuation is needed for a particular
1141	property, or in any manner conditioning the order for an
1142	appraisal on the appraisal meeting a specific valuation. The
1143	numeric value of the specific valuation sought need not be
1144	stated, but rather the mere statement that a specific valuation
1145	is sought, violates this section.
1146	(g) Consistently and materially underestimating maximum
1147	closing costs.
1148	(h) Disbursement, or an act which has caused or will cause
1149	disbursement, to any person in any amount from the Mortgage
1150	Guaranty Trust Fund, the Securities Guaranty Fund, or the
1151	Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund, regardless of any repayment
1152	or restitution to the disbursed fund by the licensee or any
1153	person acting on behalf of the licensee.
1154	(i) Commission of fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, or
1155	dishonest dealing by trick, scheme, or device; culpable
1156	negligence; breach of trust in any business transaction in any
1157	state, nation, or territory; or aiding, assisting, or conspiring
1158	with any other person engaged in any such misconduct and in
1159	furtherance thereof.
1160	(j) Being convicted of, or entering a plea of guilty or

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1161	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any felony or
1162	any crime involving fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, money
1163	laundering, or act of moral turpitude.
1164	(k) Having a final judgment entered against the licensee in
1165	a civil action upon grounds of fraud, embezzlement,
1166	misrepresentation, or deceit.
1167	(1) Having been the subject of any:
1168	1. Decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition,
1169	revocation, denial, judgment, or administrative order by any
1170	court, administrative law judge, state or federal agency,
1171	national securities exchange, national commodities exchange,
1172	national option exchange, national securities association,
1173	national commodities association, or national option association
1174	involving a violation of any federal or state securities or
1175	commodities law or rule or regulation adopted under such law or
1176	involving a violation of any rule or regulation of any national
1177	securities, commodities, or options exchange or association.
1178	2. Injunction or adverse administrative order by a state or
1179	federal agency regulating banking, insurance, finance or small
1180	loan companies, real estate, mortgage brokers or lenders, money
1181	transmitters, or other related or similar industries.
1182	(m) In any mortgage transaction, violating any provision of
1183	the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedure Act, as amended, 12
1184	U.S.C. ss. 2601 et seq.; the federal Truth in Lending Act, as
1185	amended, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1601 et seq.; or any regulations adopted
1186	under such acts.
1187	(n) Having a loan originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage
1188	lender license, or the equivalent of such license, revoked in
1189	any jurisdiction.

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1190	(o) Having a license, or the equivalent of such license, to
1191	practice any profession or occupation revoked, suspended, or
1192	otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure by a
1193	licensing authority of this state or another state, territory,
1194	or country.
1195	(p) Acting as a loan originator, mortgage broker, or
1196	mortgage lender without a current license issued under part II
1197	or part III of this chapter.
1198	(q) Operating a mortgage broker or mortgage lender branch
1199	office without a current license issued under part II or part
1200	III of this chapter.
1201	(r) Conducting any mortgage brokering or mortgage lending
1202	activities in the absence of a properly designated principal
1203	loan originator or mortgage brokering or mortgage lending
1204	activities at any particular branch office without a properly
1205	designated branch manager.
1206	(s) A material misstatement or omission of fact on an
1207	initial or renewal license application.
1208	(t) Payment to the office for a license or permit with a
1209	check or electronic transmission of funds which is dishonored by
1210	the applicant's or licensee's financial institution.
1211	(u) Failure to comply with, or violations of, any provision
1212	of ss. 494.001-494.0077, or any rule or order made or issued
1213	under ss. 494.001-494.0077.
1214	(v) Failure to maintain, preserve, and keep available for
1215	examination all books, accounts, or other documents required by
1216	ss. 494.001-494.0077 and the rules of the commission.
1217	(w) Refusal to permit an investigation or examination of
1218	books and records, or refusal to comply with an office subpoena

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1219	or subpoena duces tecum.
1220	(x) Failure to timely pay any fee, charge, or fine imposed
1221	or assessed pursuant to ss. 494.001-494.0077 or related rules.
1222	(2) If the office finds a person in violation of any act
1223	specified in this section, it may enter an order imposing one or
1224	more of the following penalties:
1225	(a) Issuance of a reprimand.
1226	(b) Suspension of a license, subject to reinstatement upon
1227	satisfying all reasonable conditions imposed by the office.
1228	(c) Revocation of a license.
1229	(d) Denial of a license.
1230	(e) Imposition of a fine in an amount up to \$25,000 for
1231	each count or separate offense.
1232	(f) An administrative fine of up to \$1,000 per day, but not
1233	to exceed \$25,000 cumulatively, for each day that
1234	1. A mortgage broker or mortgage lender conducts business
1235	at an unlicensed branch office.
1236	2. An unlicensed person acts as a loan originator, a
1237	mortgage broker, or a mortgage lender.
1238	(3) A mortgage broker or mortgage lender, as applicable, is
1239	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1240	for a violation of subsection (1) by:
1241	(a) A control person of the mortgage broker or mortgage
1242	lender; or
1243	(b) A loan originator employed by or contracting with the
1244	mortgage broker or mortgage lender.
1245	(4) A principal loan originator of a mortgage broker is
1246	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1247	for violations of subsection (1) by a loan originator in the

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1248	course of an association with the mortgage broker if there is a
1249	pattern of repeated violations by the loan originator or if the
1250	principal loan originator has knowledge of the violations.
1251	(5) A principal loan originator of a mortgage lender is
1252	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1253	for violations of subsection (1) by an associate of a mortgage
1254	lender if there is a pattern of repeated violations by the
1255	associate or if the principal loan originator has knowledge of
1256	the violations.
1257	(6) A branch manager is subject to the disciplinary actions
1258	specified in subsection (2) for violations of subsection (1) by
1259	a loan originator in the course of an association with the
1260	mortgage broker or mortgage lender if there is a pattern of
1261	repeated violations by the loan originator or if the branch
1262	manager has knowledge of the violations.
1263	(7) An individual who is associated with a mortgage broker
1264	is subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection
1265	(2) for a violation of subsection (1) with respect to an action
1266	in which such person was involved.
1267	(8) Pursuant to s. 120.60(6), the office may summarily
1268	suspend the license of a loan originator, mortgage broker, or
1269	mortgage lender if the office has reason to believe that a
1270	licensee poses an immediate, serious danger to the public's
1271	health, safety, or welfare. The arrest of the licensee, or the
1272	mortgage broker or the mortgage lender's control person, for any
1273	felony or any crime involving fraud, dishonesty, breach of
1274	trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral turpitude is
1275	deemed sufficient to constitute an immediate danger to the
1276	public's health, safety, or welfare. Any proceeding for the

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20092226er 1277 summary suspension of a license must be conducted by the 1278 commissioner of the office, or designee, who shall issue the 1279 final summary order. 1280 (9) The office may deny any request to terminate or 1281 withdraw any license application or license if the office 1282 believes that an act that would be a ground for license denial, 1283 suspension, restriction, or revocation under this chapter has 1284 been committed. 1285 Section 16. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.0026, 1286 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1287 494.0026 Disposition of insurance proceeds.-The following 1288 provisions apply to mortgage loans held by a mortgagee or assignee that is subject to part II or part III of this chapter 1289 1290 ss. 494.003-494.0077. 1291 (1) The mortgagee or assignee must promptly endorse a 1292 check, draft, or other negotiable instrument payable jointly to 1293 the mortgagee or assignee and the insured by the insurance company. However, the mortgagee or assignee is not required to 1294 1295 endorse such instrument if the insured or a payee who is not 1296 subject to part II or part III of this chapter ss. 494.003-1297 494.0077 refuses to endorse the instrument. 1298 (2) Insurance proceeds received by a mortgagee or assignee 1299 that relate to compensation for damage to property or contents 1300 insurance coverage in which the mortgagee or assignee has a 1301 security interest must be promptly deposited by the mortgagee or 1302 assignee into a segregated account of a federally insured 1303 financial institution. 1304 (3) Insurance proceeds received by a mortgagee or assignee 1305 that relate to contents insurance coverage in which the

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20092226er 1306 mortgagee or assignee does not have a security interest in the 1307 contents must be promptly distributed to the insured by the 1308 mortgagee or assignee. 1309 (4) Insurance proceeds received by a mortgagee or assignee 1310 that relate to additional living expenses must be promptly 1311 distributed to the insured by the mortgagee or assignee. 1312 (5) The mortgagee or assignee is not required to remit the 1313 portion of the proceeds relating to additional living expenses 1314 and contents insurance if the mortgagee or assignee is not able 1315 to determine which part of the proceeds relates to additional living expenses and contents insurance. 1316 1317 1318 Nothing in This section may not shall be construed to prevent an insurance company from paying the insured directly for 1319 1320 additional living expenses or paying the insured directly for 1321 contents insurance coverage if the mortgagee or assignee does 1322 not have a security interest in the contents. 1323 Section 17. Section 494.0028, Florida Statutes, is amended 1324 to read: 494.0028 Arbitration.-1325 (1) This section applies to any mortgage broker brokerage 1326 1327 agreement, servicing agreement, loan application, or purchase 1328 agreement that which provides for arbitration between: 1329 (a) A noninstitutional investor and a mortgage lender 1330 servicing or correspondent mortgage lender to service a mortgage 1331 loan. 1332 (b) A borrower and a mortgage broker brokerage business,

1333 mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender to obtain a
1334 mortgage loan.

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1335 (c) A noninstitutional investor and a mortgage <u>broker</u>
1336 brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage
1337 lender to fund or purchase a mortgage loan.

(2) All agreements subject to this section <u>must</u> shall provide that, at the voluntary election of the noninstitutional investor or borrower, disputes shall be handled by either a court of competent jurisdiction or by binding arbitration.

1342 (3) All agreements subject to this section must shall 1343 provide the noninstitutional investor or borrower with the 1344 option to elect arbitration before the American Arbitration 1345 Association or other independent nonindustry arbitration forum. Any other nonindustry arbitration forum may apply to the office 1346 to allow such forum to provide arbitration services. The office 1347 shall grant the application if the applicant's fees, practices, 1348 and procedures do not materially differ from those of the 1349 1350 American Arbitration Association.

(4) At the election of the noninstitutional investor or borrower, venue shall be in the county in which the noninstitutional investor or borrower entered into the agreement or at a business location of the mortgage <u>broker or</u> brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent lender.

(5) Any fees or charges <u>must be in accordance with shall be</u>
made as provided in the rules of the American Arbitration
Association or other approved nonindustry arbitration forum and
<u>may shall</u> not be set in the agreement.

1360 (6) Any election made under this section is shall be 1361 irrevocable.

1362 (7) This section <u>does shall</u> not be construed to require an
1363 agreement <u>that</u> which is subject to this section to contain an

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1364	arbitration clause.
1365	Section 18. Sections 494.0029 and 494.00295, Florida
1366	Statutes, are repealed.
1367	Section 19. Effective January 1, 2010, section 494.00296,
1368	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1369	494.00296 Loan modification
1370	(1) PROHIBITED ACTSWhen offering or providing loan
1371	modification services, a mortgage broker, mortgage brokerage
1372	business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender
1373	licensed, or required to be licensed, under ss. 494.001-494.0077
1374	may not:
1375	(a) Engage in or initiate loan modification services
1376	without first executing a written agreement for loan
1377	modification services with the borrower;
1378	(b) Execute a loan modification without the consent of the
1379	borrower after the borrower is made aware of each modified term;
1380	or
1381	(c) Solicit, charge, receive, or attempt to collect or
1382	secure payment, directly or indirectly, for loan modification
1383	services before completing or performing all services included
1384	in the agreement for loan modification services. A fee may be
1385	charged only if the loan modification results in a material
1386	benefit to the borrower. The commission may adopt rules to
1387	provide guidance on what constitutes a material benefit to the
1388	borrower.
1389	(2) LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT
1390	(a) The written agreement for loan modification services
1391	must be printed in at least 12-point uppercase type and signed
1392	by both parties. The agreement must include the name and address

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20092226er 1393 of the person providing loan modification services, the exact 1394 nature and specific detail of each service to be provided, the 1395 total amount and terms of charges to be paid by the borrower for 1396 the services, and the date of the agreement. The date of the 1397 agreement may not be earlier than the date the borrower signed the agreement. The mortgage brokerage business, mortgage lender, 1398 1399 or correspondent mortgage lender must give the borrower a copy 1400 of the agreement to review at least 1 business day before the 1401 borrower is to sign the agreement. 1402 (b) The borrower has the right to cancel the written 1403 agreement without any penalty or obligation if the borrower 1404 cancels the agreement within 3 business days after signing the 1405 agreement. The right to cancel may not be waived by the borrower 1406 or limited in any manner by the mortgage broker, mortgage brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage 1407 1408 lender. If the borrower cancels the agreement, any payments made 1409 must be returned to the borrower within 10 business days after 1410 receipt of the notice of cancellation. 1411 (c) An agreement for loan modification services must 1412 contain, immediately above the signature line, a statement in at 1413 least 12-point uppercase type which substantially complies with 1414 the following: 1415 BORROWER'S RIGHT OF CANCELLATION 1416 1417 YOU MAY CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT FOR LOAN MODIFICATION 1418 SERVICES WITHOUT ANY PENALTY OR OBLIGATION WITHIN 3 BUSINESS 1419 DAYS AFER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY YOU. 1420 THE MORTGAGE BROKER, MORTGAGE BROKERAGE BUSINESS, MORTGAGE 1421 LENDER, OR CORRESPONDENT MORTGAGE LENDER IS PROHIBITED BY LAW

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1	
1422	FROM ACCEPTING ANY MONEY, PROPERTY, OR OTHER FORM OF PAYMENT
1423	FROM YOU UNTIL ALL PROMISED SERVICES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED. IF FOR
1424	ANY REASON YOU HAVE PAID THE CONSULTANT BEFORE CANCELLATION,
1425	YOUR PAYMENT MUST BE RETURNED TO YOU WITHIN 10 BUSINESS DAYS
1426	AFTER THE CONSULTANT RECEIVES YOUR CANCELLATION NOTICE.
1427	TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT, A SIGNED AND DATED COPY OF A
1428	STATEMENT THAT YOU ARE CANCELING THE AGREEMENT SHOULD BE MAILED
1429	(POSTMARKED) OR DELIVERED TO (NAME) AT (ADDRESS) NO
1430	LATER THAN MIDNIGHT OF (DATE)
1431	IMPORTANT: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONTACT YOUR MORTAGE
1432	LENDER OR MORTGAGE SERVICER BEFORE SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT. YOUR
1433	LENDER OR SERVICER MAY BE WILLING TO NEGOTIATE A PAYMENT PLAN OR
1434	A RESTRUCTURING WITH YOU FREE OF CHARGE.
1435	
1436	(d) The inclusion of the statement does not prohibit a
1437	mortgage broker, mortgage brokerage business, mortgage lender,
1438	or correspondent mortgage lender from giving the homeowner more
1439	time to cancel the agreement than is set forth in the statement
1440	if all other requirements of this subsection are met.
1441	(e) The person offering or providing the loan modification
1442	services must give the borrower a copy of the signed agreement
1443	within 3 hours after the borrower signs the agreement.
1444	(3) REMEDIES.—
1445	(a) Without regard to any other remedy or relief to which a
1446	person is entitled, anyone aggrieved by a violation of this
1447	section may bring an action to obtain a declaratory judgment
1448	that an act or practice violates this section and to enjoin a
1449	person who has violated, is violating, or is otherwise likely to
1450	violate this section.

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1451	(b) In any action brought by a person who has suffered a
1452	loss as a result of a violation of this section, such person may
1453	recover actual damages, plus attorney's fees and court costs, as
1454	<u>follows:</u>
1455	1. In any action brought under this section, upon motion of
1456	the party against whom such action is filed alleging that the
1457	action is frivolous, without legal or factual merit, or brought
1458	for the purpose of harassment, the court may, after hearing
1459	evidence as to the necessity therefore, require the party
1460	instituting the action to post a bond in the amount that the
1461	court finds reasonable to indemnify the defendant for any
1462	damages incurred, including reasonable attorney's fees.
1463	2. In any civil litigation resulting from an act or
1464	practice involving a violation of this section, the prevailing
1465	party, after judgment in the trial court and exhaustion of all
1466	appeals, if any, may receive reasonable attorney's fees and
1467	costs from the nonprevailing party.
1468	3. The attorney for the prevailing party shall submit a
1469	sworn affidavit of time spent on the case and costs incurred for
1470	all the motions, hearings, and appeals to the trial judge who
1471	presided over the civil case.
1472	4. The trial judge may award the prevailing party the sum
1473	of reasonable costs incurred in the action plus a reasonable
1474	legal fee for the hours actually spent on the case as sworn to
1475	<u>in an affidavit.</u>
1476	5. Any award of attorney's fees or costs becomes part of
1477	the judgment and is subject to execution as the law allows.
1478	(c) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any
1479	action initiated by the enforcing authority.

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20092226er 1480 (4) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: (a) "Borrower" means a person who is obligated to repay a 1481 1482 mortgage loan and includes, but is not limited to, a coborrower, 1483 cosignor, or guarantor. 1484 (b) "Loan modification" means a modification to an existing 1485 loan. The term does not include a refinancing transaction. 1486 Section 20. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 1487 494.00296, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, are amended 1488 to read: 494.00296 Loan modification.-1489 1490 (1) PROHIBITED ACTS.-When offering or providing loan 1491 modification services, a loan originator, mortgage broker, 1492 mortgage brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent 1493 mortgage lender licensed or required to be licensed under ss. 494.001-494.0077 may not: 1494 1495 (a) Engage in or initiate loan modification services 1496 without first executing a written agreement for loan modification services with the borrower; 1497 1498 (b) Execute a loan modification without the consent of the 1499 borrower after the borrower is made aware of each modified term; 1500 or 1501 (c) Solicit, charge, receive, or attempt to collect or secure payment, directly or indirectly, for loan modification 1502 1503 services before completing or performing all services included 1504 in the agreement for loan modification services. A fee may be 1505 charged only if the loan modification results in a material 1506 benefit to the borrower. The commission may adopt rules to 1507 provide guidance on what constitutes a material benefit to the 1508 borrower

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1509 1510

1536 1537 (2) LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT.-

(a) The written agreement for loan modification services 1511 must be printed in at least 12-point uppercase type and signed 1512 by both parties. The agreement must include the name and address 1513 of the person providing loan modification services, the exact 1514 nature and specific detail of each service to be provided, the 1515 total amount and terms of charges to be paid by the borrower for 1516 the services, and the date of the agreement. The date of the 1517 agreement may not be earlier than the date the borrower signed 1518 the agreement. The mortgage broker or brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender must give the 1519 1520 borrower a copy of the agreement to review at least 1 business 1521 day before the borrower is to sign the agreement.

1522 (b) The borrower has the right to cancel the written 1523 agreement without any penalty or obligation if the borrower 1524 cancels the agreement within 3 business days after signing the 1525 agreement. The right to cancel may not be waived by the borrower 1526 or limited in any manner by the loan originator, mortgage 1527 broker, mortgage brokerage business, mortgage lender, or 1528 correspondent mortgage lender. If the borrower cancels the 1529 agreement, any payments made must be returned to the borrower 1530 within 10 business days after receipt of the notice of cancellation. 1531

1532 (c) An agreement for loan modification services must 1533 contain, immediately above the signature line, a statement in at 1534 least 12-point uppercase type which substantially complies with 1535 the following:

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1538

1557

YOU MAY CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT FOR LOAN MODIFICATION 1539 SERVICES WITHOUT ANY PENALTY OR OBLIGATION WITHIN 3 BUSINESS 1540 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY YOU.

1541 THE LOAN ORIGINATOR, MORTGAGE BROKER, MORTGAGE BROKERAGE 1542 BUSINESS, MORTGAGE LENDER, OR CORRESPONDENT MORTGAGE LENDER IS 1543 PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM ACCEPTING ANY MONEY, PROPERTY, OR OTHER 1544 FORM OF PAYMENT FROM YOU UNTIL ALL PROMISED SERVICES HAVE BEEN 1545 COMPLETED. IF FOR ANY REASON YOU HAVE PAID THE CONSULTANT BEFORE 1546 CANCELLATION, YOUR PAYMENT MUST BE RETURNED TO YOU WITHIN 10 1547 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE CONSULTANT RECEIVES YOUR CANCELLATION 1548 NOTICE.

TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT, A SIGNED AND DATED COPY OF A 1549 1550 STATEMENT THAT YOU ARE CANCELING THE AGREEMENT SHOULD BE MAILED 1551 (POSTMARKED) OR DELIVERED TO ... (NAME) ... AT ... (ADDRESS) ... NO 1552 LATER THAN MIDNIGHT OF ... (DATE)

1553 IMPORTANT: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONTACT YOUR MORTGAGE 1554 LENDER OR MORTGAGE SERVICER BEFORE SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT. YOUR 1555 LENDER OR SERVICER MAY BE WILLING TO NEGOTIATE A PAYMENT PLAN OR 1556 A RESTRUCTURING WITH YOU FREE OF CHARGE.

1558 (d) The inclusion of the statement does not prohibit a loan 1559 originator, mortgage broker, mortgage brokerage business, 1560 mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender from giving 1561 the homeowner more time to cancel the agreement than is set 1562 forth in the statement if all other requirements of this 1563 subsection are met.

1564 (e) The person offering or providing the loan modification 1565 services must give the borrower a copy of the signed agreement 1566 within 3 hours after the borrower signs the agreement.

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20092226er 1567 (4) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 1568 (a) "Borrower" means a person obligated to repay a mortgage 1569 loan and includes, but is not limited to, a coborrower, 1570 cosignor, or guarantor. 1571 (b) "Loan modification" means a modification to an existing 1572 loan. The term does not include a refinancing transaction. 1573 Section 21. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested 1574 to rename part II of chapter 494, Florida Statutes, consisting 1575 of ss. 494.00312-491.0043, Florida Statutes, as "Loan 1576 Originators and Mortgage Brokers." Section 22. Effective January 1, 2010, section 494.003, 1577 Florida Statutes, is repealed. 1578 1579 Section 23. Section 494.0031, Florida Statutes, is 1580 repealed. 1581 Section 24. Section 494.00312, Florida Statutes, is created 1582 to read: 1583 494.00312 Loan originator license.-(1) An individual who acts as a loan originator must be 1584 1585 licensed under this section. 1586 (2) In order to apply for loan originator license, an 1587 applicant must: 1588 (a) Be at least 18 years of age and have a high school 1589 diploma or its equivalent. 1590 (b) Complete a 20-hour prelicensing class approved by the 1591 registry. 1592 (c) Pass a written test developed by the registry and 1593 administered by a provider approved by the registry. (d) Submit a completed license application form as 1594 1595 prescribed by commission rule.

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1596	(e) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$195, and the
1597	\$20 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application
1598	fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
1599	(f) Submit fingerprints in accordance with rules adopted by
1600	the commission:
1601	1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the
1602	office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the
1603	office.
1604	2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to
1605	provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint
1606	card.
1607	3. A state criminal history background check must be
1608	conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a
1609	federal criminal history background check must be conducted
1610	through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1611	4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
1612	Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into
1613	the statewide automated fingerprint identification system
1614	established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in
1615	accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an
1616	annual fee to the department to participate in the system and
1617	inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no
1618	longer required to be retained.
1619	5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost
1620	of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person
1621	subject to the background check.
1622	6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of
1623	the state and federal criminal history checks and determining
1624	whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.

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1625	(g) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1626	report on the applicant from a consumer reporting agency, and
1627	transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The cost
1628	of the credit report shall be borne by the applicant.
1629	(h) Submit additional information or documentation
1630	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1631	applicant. Additional information may include documentation of
1632	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
1633	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
1634	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
1635	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
1636	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
1637	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
1638	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
1639	for licensure.
1640	(i) Submit any other information required by the registry
1641	for the processing of the application.
1642	(3) An application is considered received for the purposes
1643	of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from
1644	the registry, including the completed application form,
1645	documentation of completion of the prelicensure class, test
1646	results, criminal history information, and independent credit
1647	report, as well as the license application fee, the fee required
1648	by s. 494.00172, and all applicable fingerprinting processing
1649	fees.
1650	(4) The office shall issue a loan originator license to
1651	each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the
1652	requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial
1653	of licensure if the applicant:

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1654	(a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-
1655	494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal
1656	prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement
1657	action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty,
1658	breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral
1659	turpitude.
1660	(b) Has failed to demonstrate the character, general
1661	fitness, and financial responsibility necessary to command the
1662	confidence of the community and warrant a determination that the
1663	applicant will operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently.
1664	1. If the office has information that could form the basis
1665	for license denial under this paragraph, before denying the
1666	license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of the
1667	specific items of concern and provide the applicant with an
1668	opportunity to explain the circumstances surrounding the
1669	specific items and provide any information that the applicant
1670	believes is relevant to the office's determination.
1671	2. For purposes of evaluating adverse information found in
1672	an applicant's credit report, the information must be considered
1673	within the totality of the circumstances. Information provided
1674	by the applicant under subparagraph 1., or information obtained
1675	by the office by other means, may be used to provide a context
1676	for the adverse items. For example, the adverse items may have
1677	resulted from factors that do not necessarily reflect negatively
1678	upon the applicant's character, general fitness, or financial
1679	responsibility.
1680	3. The office may not use a credit score or the absence or
1681	insufficiency of credit history information to determine
1682	character, general fitness, or financial responsibility.

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1683	4. If information contained in a credit report is used as
1684	the basis for denying a license, the office shall, in accordance
1685	with s. 120.60(3), provide with particularity the grounds or
1686	basis for denial. The use of the terms "poor credit history,"
1687	"poor credit rating," or similar language do not meet the
1688	requirements of this paragraph.
1689	(5) The office may not issue a license to an applicant who
1690	has had a loan originator license or its equivalent revoked in
1691	any jurisdiction.
1692	(6) A loan originator license shall be annulled pursuant to
1693	s. 120.60 if it was issued by the office by mistake. A license
1694	must be reinstated if the applicant demonstrates that the
1695	requirements for obtaining the license under this chapter have
1696	been satisfied.
1697	(7) All loan originator licenses must be renewed annually
1698	by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00313. If a person holding an
1699	active loan originator license has not applied to renew the
1700	license on or before December 31, the loan originator license
1701	expires on December 31. If a person holding an active loan
1702	originator license has applied to renew the license on or before
1703	December 31, the loan originator license remains active until
1704	the renewal application is approved or denied. A loan originator
1705	is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon expiration
1706	of a previous license.
1707	Section 25. Section 494.00313, Florida Statutes, is created
1708	to read:
1709	494.00313 Loan originator license renewal
1710	(1) In order to renew a loan originator license, a loan
1711	<u>originator must:</u>

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1712	(a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed
1713	by commission rule.
1714	(b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$150, the \$20
1715	nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172, and nonrefundable
1716	fees to cover the cost of further fingerprint processing and
1717	retention as set forth in commission rule.
1718	(c) Provide documentation of completion of at least 8 hours
1719	of continuing education in courses reviewed and approved by the
1720	registry.
1721	(d) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1722	report on the licensee from a consumer reporting agency, and
1723	transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The cost
1724	of the credit report shall be borne by the licensee.
1725	(e) Submit any additional information or documentation
1726	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1727	licensee. Additional information may include documentation of
1728	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
1729	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
1730	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
1731	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
1732	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
1733	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
1734	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
1735	for renewal of licensure.
1736	(2) The office may not renew a loan originator license
1737	unless the loan originator continues to meet the minimum
1738	requirements for initial licensure pursuant to s. 494.00312 and
1739	adopted rule.
1740	Section 26. Section 494.0032, Florida Statutes, is

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1741	repealed.
1742	Section 27. Section 494.00321, Florida Statutes, is created
1743	to read:
1744	494.00321 Mortgage broker license
1745	(1) Each person who acts as a mortgage broker must be
1746	licensed in accordance with this section.
1747	(2) In order to apply for a mortgage broker license an
1748	applicant must:
1749	(a) Submit a completed license application form as
1750	prescribed by commission rule.
1751	(b) Designate a qualified principal loan originator on the
1752	application form who meets the requirements of s. 494.0035.
1753	(c) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$425, and the
1754	\$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application
1755	fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
1756	(d) Submit fingerprints for each of the applicant's control
1757	persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission:
1758	1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the
1759	office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the
1760	office.
1761	2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to
1762	provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint
1763	card.
1764	3. A state criminal history background check must be
1765	conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a
1766	federal criminal history background check must be conducted
1767	through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1768	4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
1769	Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into
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1770	the statewide automated fingerprint identification system
1771	established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in
1772	accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an
1773	annual fee to the department to participate in the system and
1774	inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no
1775	longer required to be retained.
1776	5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost
1777	of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person
1778	subject to the background check.
1779	6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of
1780	the state and federal criminal history checks and determining
1781	whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.
1782	(e) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1783	report on each of the applicant's control persons from a
1784	consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to the
1785	report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be
1786	borne by the applicant.
1787	(f) Submit additional information or documentation
1788	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1789	applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional
1790	information may include documentation of pending and prior
1791	disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest
1792	reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea
1793	agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents
1794	relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation
1795	or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or
1796	other comparable documents that may provide the office with the
1797	appropriate information to determine eligibility for licensure.
1798	(g) Submit any other information required by the registry

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1799	for the processing of the application.
1800	(3) An application is considered received for the purposes
1801	of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from
1802	the registry, including the completed application form, criminal
1803	history information, and independent credit report, as well as
1804	the license application fee, the fee required by s. 492.00172,
1805	and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees.
1806	(4) The office shall issue a mortgage broker license to
1807	each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the
1808	requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial
1809	of licensure if the applicant or one of the applicant's control
1810	persons:
1811	(a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-
1812	494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal
1813	prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement
1814	action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty,
1815	breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral
1816	turpitude.
1817	(b) Has failed to demonstrate the character, general
1818	fitness, and financial responsibility necessary to command the
1819	confidence of the community and warrant a determination that the
1820	applicant will operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently.
1821	1. If the office has information that could form the basis
1822	for license denial under this paragraph, before denying the
1823	license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of the
1824	specific items of concern and provide the applicant with an
1825	opportunity to explain the circumstances surrounding the
1826	specific items and provide any information that the applicant
1827	believes is relevant to the office's determination.

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1828	2. For purposes of evaluating adverse information found in
1829	an applicant's credit report, the information must be considered
1830	within the totality of the circumstances. Information provided
1831	by the applicant under subparagraph 1., or information obtained
1832	by the office by other means, may be used to provide a context
1833	for the adverse items. For example, the adverse items may have
1834	resulted from factors that do not necessarily reflect negatively
1835	upon the applicant's character, general fitness, or financial
1836	responsibility.
1837	3. The office may not use a credit score or the absence or
1838	insufficiency of credit history information to determine
1839	character, general fitness, or financial responsibility.
1840	4. If information contained in a credit report is used as
1841	the basis for denying a license, the office shall, in accordance
1842	with s. 120.60(3), provide with particularity the grounds or
1843	basis for denial. The use of the terms "poor credit history,"
1844	"poor credit rating," or similar language do not meet the
1845	requirements of this paragraph.
1846	(5) The office shall deny a license if the applicant has
1847	had a mortgage broker license, or its equivalent, revoked in any
1848	jurisdiction, or if any of the applicant's control persons has
1849	had a loan originator license, or its equivalent, revoked in any
1850	jurisdiction.
1851	(6) A mortgage broker license shall be annulled pursuant to
1852	s. 120.60 if it was issued by the office by mistake. A license
1853	must be reinstated if the applicant demonstrates that the
1854	requirements for obtaining the license under this chapter have
1855	been satisfied.
1856	(7) All mortgage broker licenses must be renewed annually

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1857	by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00322. If a person holding an
1858	active mortgage broker license has not applied to renew the
1859	license on or before December 31, the mortgage broker license
1860	expires on December 31. If a person holding an active mortgage
1861	broker license has applied to renew the license on or before
1862	December 31, the mortgage broker license remains active until
1863	the renewal application is approved or denied. A mortgage broker
1864	is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon expiration
1865	of a previous license.
1866	Section 28. Section 494.00322, Florida Statutes, is created
1867	to read:
1868	494.00322 Mortgage broker license renewal
1869	(1) In order to renew a mortgage broker license, a mortgage
1870	broker must:
1871	(a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed
1872	by commission rule.
1873	(b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$375, the \$100
1874	nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172, and nonrefundable
1875	fees to cover the cost of further fingerprint processing and
1876	retention as set forth in commission rule.
1877	(c) Submit fingerprints in accordance with s.
1878	494.00321(2)(d) for any new control persons who have not been
1879	screened.
1880	(d) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1881	report on each of the licensee's control persons from a consumer
1882	reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to the report
1883	to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be borne by
1884	the licensee.
1885	(e) Submit any additional information or documentation

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1886	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1887	licensee or a control person of the licensee. Additional
1888	information may include documentation of pending and prior
1889	disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest
1890	reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea
1891	agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents
1892	relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation
1893	or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or
1894	other comparable documents that may provide the office with the
1895	appropriate information to determine eligibility for renewal of
1896	licensure.
1897	(2) The office may not renew a mortgage broker license
1898	unless the licensee continues to meet the minimum requirements
1899	for initial licensure pursuant to s. 494.00321 and adopted rule.
1900	Section 29. Section 494.0033, Florida Statutes, is
1901	repealed.
1902	Section 30. Section 494.00331, Florida Statutes, is amended
1903	to read:
1904	494.00331 Loan originator employment Mortgage broker
1905	association.—An individual may not act as a loan originator
1906	unless he or she is an employee of, or an independent contractor
1907	for, a mortgage broker or a mortgage lender, and may not be
1908	employed by or contract with more than one mortgage broker or
1909	mortgage lender, or either simultaneously. No person required to
1910	be licensed as a mortgage broker under this chapter shall be
1911	simultaneously an associate of more than one licensed mortgage
1912	brokerage business, licensed mortgage lender, or licensed
1913	correspondent mortgage lender.
1914	Section 31. Section 494.0034, Florida Statutes, is

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20092226er 1915 repealed. 1916 Section 32. Section 494.0035, Florida Statutes, is amended 1917 to read: 1918 494.0035 Principal loan originator broker and branch manager for mortgage broker requirements.-1919 1920 (1) Each mortgage broker brokerage business must be 1921 operated by a principal loan originator who shall have a 1922 principal broker who shall operate the business under such 1923 broker's full charge, control, and supervision of the mortgage 1924 broker business. The principal loan originator must have been 1925 licensed as a loan originator broker must have been a licensed mortgage broker pursuant to s. 494.0033 for at least 1 year 1926 before prior to being designated as the a principal loan 1927 1928 originator broker, or must shall demonstrate to the satisfaction 1929 of the office that he or she such principal broker has been 1930 actively engaged in a mortgage broker-related mortgage-related 1931 business for at least 1 year before prior to being designated as a principal loan originator broker. Each mortgage broker must 1932 1933 keep the office informed of the person designated as the 1934 principal loan originator as prescribed by commission rule 1935 brokerage business shall maintain a form as prescribed by the 1936 commission indicating the business's designation of principal broker and the individual's acceptance of such responsibility. 1937 1938 If the designation is inaccurate, the business shall be deemed 1939 to be operated under form is unavailable, inaccurate, or 1940 incomplete, it is deemed that the business was operated in the 1941 full charge, control, and supervision of by each officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10-percent or greater 1942 1943 interest in the mortgage broker brokerage business, or any other

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1944 person in a similar capacity. <u>A loan originator may not be a</u> 1945 principal loan originator for more than one mortgage broker at 1946 any given time.

1947 (2) Each branch office of a mortgage broker brokerage 1948 business must be operated by a have a designated branch manager broker who shall have operate the business under such broker's 1949 1950 full charge, control, and supervision of the branch office. The 1951 designated branch manager broker must be a licensed loan 1952 originator mortgage broker pursuant to s. 494.00312 s. 494.0033. 1953 Each branch office must keep the office informed of the person 1954 designated as the branch manager as prescribed by commission 1955 rule, which includes documentation of shall maintain a form as prescribed by the commission logging the branch's designation of 1956 1957 a branch broker and the individual's acceptance of such 1958 responsibility. If the designation is inaccurate, the branch 1959 office shall be deemed to be operated under form is unavailable, 1960 inaccurate, or incomplete, it is deemed that the branch was 1961 operated in the full charge, control, and supervision of by each 1962 officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10-percent 1963 or greater interest in the mortgage broker brokerage business, 1964 or any other person in a similar capacity.

1965 Section 33. Section 494.0036, Florida Statutes, is amended 1966 to read:

1967 494.0036 Mortgage broker branch office license brokerage
 1968 business branch offices.-

(1) Each branch office of a mortgage broker must be licensed under this section. A mortgage brokerage business branch office license is required for each branch office maintained by a mortgage brokerage business.

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1973 (2) The office shall issue a mortgage broker brokerage 1974 business branch office license to a mortgage broker brokerage 1975 business licensee after the office determines that the licensee 1976 has submitted a completed application for a branch office in a 1977 form as prescribed by commission rule and payment of an initial 1978 nonrefundable branch office license fee of \$225 per branch 1979 office. Application fees may not be prorated for partial years 1980 of licensure. The branch office license shall be issued in the 1981 name of the mortgage broker brokerage business that maintains 1982 the branch office. An application is considered received for 1983 purposes of s. 120.60 upon receipt of a completed application 1984 form as prescribed by commission rule, and the required fees a 1985 nonrefundable application fee of \$225, and any other fee 1986 prescribed by law. 1987 (3) A branch office license must be renewed annually at the 1988 time of renewing the mortgage broker license under s. 494.00322. A nonrefundable branch renewal fee of \$225 per branch office 1989

1990 must be submitted at the time of renewal.

1991Section 34. Section 494.0038, Florida Statutes, is amended1992to read:

1993494.0038 Loan origination and mortgage broker fees and1994Mortgage broker disclosures.-

(1) (a)1. A loan origination fee may not be paid person may
not receive a mortgage brokerage fee except pursuant to a
written mortgage broker brokerage agreement between the mortgage
broker brokerage business and the borrower which is signed and
dated by the principal loan originator or branch manager, the
business and the borrower. The unique registry identifier of
each loan originator responsible for providing loan originator

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2002 services must be printed on the mortgage broker agreement. 2003 (a) 2. The written mortgage broker brokerage agreement must 2004 describe the services to be provided by the mortgage broker 2005 brokerage business and specify the amount and terms of the loan 2006 origination mortgage brokerage fee that the mortgage broker 2007 brokerage business is to receive. 2008 1. Except for application and third-party fees, all fees 2009 received by a mortgage broker from a borrower must be identified 2010 as a loan origination fee. 2011 2. All fees on the mortgage broker agreement must be 2012 disclosed in dollar amounts. 3. All loan origination fees must be paid to a mortgage 2013 2014 broker. 2015 (b) The written mortgage brokerage agreement must be 2016 executed within 3 business days after a mortgage loan 2017 application is accepted if the borrower is present when the 2018 mortgage loan application is accepted. If the borrower is not present when such an application is accepted, the licensee shall 2019 2020 forward the written mortgage brokerage agreement to the borrower 2021 within 3 business days after the licensee's acceptance of the 2022 application and the licensee bears the burden of proving that 2023 the borrower received and approved the written mortgage 2024 brokerage agreement. 2025 (2) (b) 1. If the mortgage broker brokerage business is to

2025 <u>(2)(b)1.</u> If the mortgage <u>broker</u> <u>brokerage business</u> is to 2026 receive any payment of any kind from the <u>mortgage</u> lender, the 2027 maximum total dollar amount of the payment must be disclosed to 2028 the borrower in the written mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage agreement 2029 as described in paragraph <u>(1)(a)</u>. The commission may prescribe 2030 by rule an acceptable form for disclosure of brokerage fees

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2031 received from the lender. The mortgage brokerage agreement must 2032 state the nature of the relationship with the lender, describe 2033 how compensation is paid by the lender, and describe how the 2034 mortgage interest rate affects the compensation paid to the 2035 mortgage broker brokerage business.

(a) 2. The exact amount of any payment of any kind by the 2036 2037 lender to the mortgage broker brokerage business must be 2038 disclosed in writing to the borrower within 3 business days 2039 after the mortgage broker brokerage business is made aware of 2040 the exact amount of the payment from the lender but not less 2041 than 3 business days before the execution of the closing or 2042 settlement statement. The licensee bears the burden of proving 2043 such notification was provided to the borrower. Notification is 2044 waived if the exact amount of the payment is accurately 2045 disclosed in the written mortgage broker agreement.

2046 <u>(b)</u> (c) The commission may prescribe by rule the form of 2047 disclosure of brokerage fees.

(3) (2) At the time a written mortgage broker brokerage 2048 2049 agreement is signed executed by the borrower or forwarded to the 2050 borrower for signature execution, or at the time the mortgage 2051 broker brokerage business accepts an application fee, credit 2052 report fee, property appraisal fee, or any other third-party 2053 fee, but at least not less than 3 business days before execution 2054 of the closing or settlement statement, the mortgage broker 2055 brokerage business shall disclose in writing to any applicant 2056 for a mortgage loan the following information:

2057 (a) That <u>the such mortgage broker</u> brokerage business may
2058 not make mortgage loans or commitments. The mortgage <u>broker</u>
2059 brokerage business may make a commitment and may furnish a lock-

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in of the rate and program on behalf of the lender <u>if</u> when the mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage business has obtained a written commitment or lock-in for the loan from the lender on behalf of the borrower for the loan. The commitment must be in the same form and substance as issued by the lender.

2065 (b) That <u>the such mortgage broker</u> brokerage business cannot 2066 guarantee acceptance into any particular loan program or promise 2067 any specific loan terms or conditions.

2068 (c) A good faith estimate, signed and dated by the 2069 borrower, which discloses the total amount of each of the fees 2070 which the borrower may reasonably expect to pay if the loan is 2071 closed, including, but not limited to, fees earned by the 2072 mortgage broker brokerage business, lender fees, third-party 2073 fees, and official fees, together with the terms and conditions 2074 for obtaining a refund of such fees, if any. Any amount 2075 collected in excess of the actual cost shall be returned within 2076 60 days after rejection, withdrawal, or closing. The good faith 2077 estimate must identify the recipient of all payments charged the 2078 borrower and, except for all fees to be received by the mortgage 2079 broker brokerage business, may be disclosed in generic terms, such as, but not limited to, paid to lender, appraiser, 2080 2081 officials, title company, or any other third-party service provider. This requirement does not supplant or is not a 2082 2083 substitute for the written mortgage broker brokerage agreement 2084 described in subsection (1).

2085 <u>(4)</u> (3) The disclosures required by this subsection must be 2086 furnished in writing at the time an adjustable rate mortgage 2087 loan is offered to the borrower and whenever the terms of the 2088 adjustable rate mortgage loan offered materially change prior to

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2089 closing. The mortgage broker shall furnish the disclosures 2090 relating to adjustable rate mortgages in a format prescribed by 2091 ss. 226.18 and 226.19 of Regulation Z of the Board of Governors 2092 of the Federal Reserve System, as amended; its commentary, as 2093 amended; and the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 2094 1601 et seq., as amended; together with the Consumer Handbook on 2095 Adjustable Rate Mortgages, as amended; published by the Federal 2096 Reserve Board and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. The licensee 2097 bears the burden of proving such disclosures were provided to 2098 the borrower.

2099 <u>(5)(4)</u> If the mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage agreement includes 2100 a nonrefundable application fee, the following requirements are 2101 applicable:

(a) The amount of the application fee, which must be
clearly denominated as such, <u>must shall</u> be clearly disclosed.

(b) The specific services that will be performed in consideration for the application fee <u>must</u> shall be disclosed.

(c) The application fee must be reasonably related to the services to be performed and may not be based upon a percentage of the principal amount of the loan or the amount financed.

2109 (6) (5) A mortgage broker brokerage business may not accept 2110 any fee in connection with a mortgage loan other than an 2111 application fee, credit report fee, property appraisal fee, or 2112 other third-party fee before prior to obtaining a written 2113 commitment from a qualified lender.

2114 <u>(7) (6)</u> Any third-party fee entrusted to a mortgage broker 2115 <u>must brokerage business shall</u> immediately, upon receipt, be 2116 placed into a segregated account with a financial institution 2117 located in the state the accounts of which are insured by the

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20092226er 2118 Federal Government. Such funds shall be held in trust for the 2119 payor and shall be kept in the account until disbursement. Such 2120 funds may be placed in one account if adequate accounting 2121 measures are taken to identify the source of the funds. 2122 (7) All mortgage brokerage fees shall be paid to a mortgage brokerage business licensee. 2123 2124 (8) A mortgage broker may not pay a commission to any 2125 person not licensed pursuant to this chapter. 2126 (9) (9) (8) This section does not prohibit a mortgage broker 2127 brokerage business from offering products and services, in addition to those offered in conjunction with the loan 2128 2129 origination process, for a fee or commission. 2130 Section 35. Section 494.0039, Florida Statutes, is amended 2131 to read: 2132 494.0039 Principal place of business requirements.-Each 2133 mortgage broker brokerage business licensee shall maintain and 2134 transact business from a principal place of business. 2135 Section 36. Section 494.004, Florida Statutes, is amended 2136 to read: 2137 494.004 Requirements of licensees.-(1) Each licensee under this part ss. 494.003-494.0043 2138 2139 shall report to the office: $\overline{\tau}$ 2140 (a) In writing, any conviction of, or plea of nolo 2141 contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any felony or any 2142 crime or administrative violation that involves fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, money laundering dishonest dealing, 2143 2144 or any other act of moral turpitude, in any jurisdiction, by the 2145 licensee or any control natural person within named in s. 2146 494.0031(2)(d), not later than 30 days after the date of

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2147 conviction, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or final 2148 administrative action.

(b) (2) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall report, In a form prescribed by rule of the commission, any conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, any felony committed by the licensee or any <u>control</u> natural person <u>within</u> named in s. 494.0031(2)(d), not later than 30 days after the date of conviction or the date the plea of nolo contendere is entered.

2156 <u>(c) (3)</u> Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 2157 report Any action in bankruptcy, voluntary or involuntary, 2158 within 30 to the office not later than 7 business days after the 2159 action is instituted.

2160 <u>(d)</u> (4) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 2161 report On a form prescribed by rule of the commission, any 2162 change to the information contained in any initial application 2163 form or any amendment to the application within not later than 2164 30 days after the change is effective.

2165 (5) A license issued under ss. 494.003-494.0043 is not 2166 transferable or assignable.

(e) (6) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 2167 2168 report Any change in the principal loan originator broker, any 2169 addition or subtraction of a control person partners, officers, 2170 members, joint venturers, directors, control persons of any 2171 licensee, or any individual who is the ultimate equitable owner 2172 of a 10-percent or greater interest in the licensee, or any 2173 change in the form of business organization, by written 2174 amendment in the form and at the time the commission specifies by rule. 2175

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2176	(a) In any case in which a person or a group of persons,
2177	directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or more
2178	persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling interest
2179	in a licensee, such person or group shall submit an initial
2180	application for licensure as a mortgage brokerage business
2181	before such purchase or acquisition and at the time and in the
2182	form the commission prescribes by rule.
2183	(b) As used in this subsection, the term "controlling
2184	interest" means possession of the power to direct or cause the
2185	direction of the management or policies of a company whether
2186	through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. Any
2187	person who directly or indirectly has the right to vote 25
2188	percent or more of the voting securities of a company or is
2189	entitled to 25 percent or more of the company's profits is
2190	presumed to possess a controlling interest.
2191	<u>(f)</u> Any addition of a partner, officer, member, joint
2192	venturer, director, control person, or ultimate equitable owner
2193	of the applicant who does not have a controlling interest and
2194	who has not previously filed a Uniform Mortgage Biographical
2195	Statement & Consent Form, MU2, or has not previously complied
2196	with the fingerprinting and credit report requirements
2197	provisions of <u>ss. 494.00321 and 494.00322,</u> s. 494.0031(2)(c) and
2198	(d) is subject to <u>the</u> such provisions <u>of these sections</u> unless
2199	required to file an initial application in accordance with
2200	paragraph (a) . If, after the addition of a control person, the
2201	office finds that the licensee does not continue to meet
2202	licensure requirements, the office may bring an administrative
2203	action in accordance with <u>s. 494.00255</u> s. 494.0041 to enforce
2204	the provisions of this chapter.

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2205	(d) The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.
2206	120.536(1) and 120.54 providing for the waiver of the
2207	application required by this subsection if the person or group
2208	of persons proposing to purchase or acquire a controlling
2209	interest in a licensee has previously complied with the
2210	provisions of s. 494.0031(2)(c) and (d) with respect to the same
2211	legal entity or is currently licensed by the office under this
2212	chapter.
2213	(7) On or before April 30, 2000, each mortgage brokerage
2214	business shall file an initial report stating the name, social
2215	security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license number,
2216	date of hire and, if applicable, date of termination for each
2217	person who was an associate of the mortgage brokerage business
2218	during the immediate preceding quarter. Thereafter, A mortgage
2219	brokerage business shall file a quarterly report only if a
2220	person became an associate or ceased to be an associate of the
2221	mortgage brokerage business during the immediate preceding
2222	quarter. Such report shall be filed within 30 days after the
2223	last day of each calendar quarter and shall contain the name,
2224	social security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license
2225	number, date of hire and, if applicable, the date of termination
2226	of each person who became or ceased to be an associate of the
2227	mortgage brokerage business during the immediate preceding
2228	quarter. The commission shall prescribe, by rule, the procedures
2229	for filing reports required by this subsection.
2220	(2) (2) (2) In overy mertage lear transaction each ligence

(2) (8) (a) In every mortgage loan transaction, each licensee
 under this part must ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall notify a
 borrower of any material changes in the terms of a mortgage loan
 previously offered to the borrower within 3 business days after

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2234 being made aware of such changes by the <u>mortgage</u> lender but <u>at</u> 2235 <u>least</u> not less than 3 business days before the signing of the 2236 settlement or closing statement. The licensee bears the burden 2237 of proving such notification was provided and accepted by the 2238 borrower.

2239 (b) A borrower may waive the right to receive notice of a 2240 material change that is granted under paragraph (a) if the 2241 borrower determines that the extension of credit is needed to 2242 meet a bona fide personal financial emergency and the right to 2243 receive notice would delay the closing of the mortgage loan. The 2244 imminent sale of the borrower's home at foreclosure during the 2245 3-day period before the signing of the settlement or closing 2246 statement is constitutes an example of a bona fide personal 2247 financial emergency. In order to waive the borrower's right to receive notice not less than 3 business days before the signing 2248 2249 of the settlement or closing statement of any such material 2250 change, the borrower must provide the licensee with a dated 2251 written statement that describes the personal financial 2252 emergency, waives the right to receive the notice, bears the 2253 borrower's signature, and is not on a printed form prepared by 2254 the licensee for the purpose of such a waiver.

2255 (3) Each mortgage broker shall submit to the registry 2256 reports of condition, which must be in such form and shall 2257 contain such information as the registry may require.

2258 (4) A license issued under this part is not transferable or 2259 assignable.

2260 Section 37. <u>Section 494.0041</u>, Florida Statutes, is
2261 <u>repealed.</u>
2262 Section 38. Section 494.0042, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2291

20092226er 2263 to read: 2264 494.0042 Loan origination Brokerage fees.-2265 (1) A loan origination mortgage brokerage fee earned by a 2266 licensee, pursuant to this part ss. 494.003-494.0043, is not 2267 considered interest or a finance charge under chapter 687. 2268 (2) A person may not charge or exact, directly or 2269 indirectly, from the borrower mortgagor a fee or commission in 2270 excess of the maximum fee or commission specified in this 2271 section. The maximum fees or commissions that may be charged for 2272 mortgage loans are as follows: 2273 (a) On a mortgage loan of \$1,000 or less: \$250. 2274 (b) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$1,000 and not exceeding 2275 \$2,000: \$250 for the first \$1,000 of the mortgage loan, plus \$10 2276 for each additional \$100 of the mortgage loan. (c) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$2,000 and not exceeding 2277 2278 \$5,000: \$350 for the first \$2,000 of the mortgage loan, plus \$10 2279 for each additional \$100 of the mortgage loan. (d) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$5,000: \$250 plus 10 2280 2281 percent of the entire mortgage loan. 2282 For the purpose of determining the maximum fee, the amount of 2283 2284 the mortgage loan is based on the amount of mortgage loan 2285 actually funded exclusive of the authorized maximum fees or 2286 commissions. 2287 (3) At the time of accepting a mortgage loan application, a mortgage broker brokerage business may receive from the borrower 2288 2289 a nonrefundable application fee. If the mortgage loan is funded, 2290 the nonrefundable application fee shall be credited against the

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amount owed as a result of the loan being funded. A person may

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20092226er 2292 not receive any form of compensation for acting as a loan 2293 originator mortgage broker other than a nonrefundable 2294 application fee, a fee based on the mortgage amount being 2295 funded, or a fee which complies with s. 494.00421. 2296 Section 39. Section 494.00421, Florida Statutes, is amended 2297 to read: 2298 494.00421 Fees earned upon obtaining a bona fide 2299 commitment.-Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 494.001-494.0077, any mortgage broker brokerage business which contracts 2300 2301 to receive from a borrower a loan origination mortgage brokerage fee from a borrower upon obtaining a bona fide commitment shall 2302 2303 accurately disclose in the mortgage broker brokerage agreement: 2304 (1) The gross loan amount. 2305 (2) In the case of a fixed-rate mortgage, the note rate. 2306 (3) In the case of an adjustable rate mortgage: 2307 (a) The initial note rate. 2308 (b) The length of time for which the initial note rate is 2309 effective. 2310 (c) The frequency of changes. 2311 (d) The limitation upon such changes including adjustment 2312 to adjustment cap and life cap. (e) Whether the loan has any potential for negative 2313 2314 amortization. 2315 (f) Identification of the margin-interest rate 2316 differential. 2317 (g) Identification of a nationally recognized index which 2318 index must be free from control of the mortgage broker, mortgage 2319 brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage 2320 lender.

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2322 borrower. "Estimated net proceeds" means the cash to be received 2323 by the borrower after payment of any fees, charges, debts, 2324 liens, or encumbrances to perfect the lien of the new mortgage 2325 and establish the agreed-upon priority of the new mortgage. 2326 (5) The lien priority of the new proposed mortgage. 2327 (6) The number of calendar days, which are mutually agreed 2328 upon, within which the mortgage broker brokerage business shall 2329 obtain a bona fide mortgage commitment. 2330 2331 12-point boldface type immediately above the signature lines for 2332 the borrowers: 2333 2334 "You are entering into a contract with a mortgage broker 2335 brokerage business to obtain a bona fide mortgage loan 2336 commitment under the same terms and conditions as stated 2337 hereinabove or in a separate executed good faith estimate form. 2338 If the mortgage broker brokerage business obtains a bona fide 2339 commitment under the same terms and conditions, you will be 2340 obligated to pay the loan origination mortgage brokerage 2341 business fees, including, but not limited to, a mortgage 2342 brokerage fee, even if you choose not to complete the loan 2343 transaction. If the provisions of s. 494.00421, Florida 2344 Statutes, are not met, the loan origination mortgage brokerage 2345 fee can only be earned upon the funding of the mortgage loan. 2346 The borrower may contact the Department of Financial Services, 2347 Tallahassee, Florida, regarding any complaints that the borrower 2348 may have against the loan originator mortgage broker or the 2349 mortgage brokerage business. The telephone number of the

(4) The estimated net proceeds to be paid directly to the

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2350 department is: ... (finsert telephone number])...." 2351 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to nonresidential mortgage 2352 loan commitments in excess of \$1 million. 2353 (8) Any other disclosure required pursuant to s. 494.0038. Section 40. Section 494.0043, Florida Statutes, is amended 2354 2355 to read: 2356 494.0043 Requirements for brokering loans to 2357 noninstitutional investors.-(1) A loan originator mortgage broker, when arranging a 2358 2359 mortgage loan for a noninstitutional investor, shall: 2360 (a) Before any payment of money by the a noninstitutional 2361 investor, provide an opinion of value from an appraiser stating the value of the security property unless the opinion is waived 2362 in writing. The opinion must state the value of the property as 2363 it exists on the date of the opinion. If any relationship exists 2364 2365 between the loan originator or mortgage broker and the 2366 appraiser, that relationship shall be disclosed to the investor. (b) Provide to the noninstitutional investor a mortgagee's 2367 2368 title insurance policy or an opinion of title by an attorney 2369 licensed to practice law in the state, or a copy thereof. 2370 1. If a title insurance policy is issued, it must insure 2371 the noninstitutional investor against the unmarketability of the 2372 mortgagee's interest in such title. It must shall also specify 2373 any superior liens that exist against the property. If an 2374 opinion of title is issued by an attorney licensed to practice law in the state, the opinion must include a statement as to the 2375 2376 marketability of the title to the property described in the 2377 mortgage and specify the priority of the mortgage being closed. 2378 2. If the title insurance policy or opinion of title is not

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2379 available at the time of purchase, the licensee shall provide a 2380 binder of the title insurance or conditional opinion of title. 2381 This binder or opinion must include any conditions or 2382 requirements that need needed to be corrected before prior to 2383 the issuance of the final title policy or opinion of title. The 2384 binder or opinion must also include information concerning the 2385 requirements specified in subparagraph 1. Any conditions must be 2386 eliminated or waived in writing by the investor before prior to 2387 delivery to the noninstitutional investor. The policy or 2388 opinion, or a copy thereof, shall be delivered to the investor 2389 within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding 6 months, 2390 after closing.

2391 3. The requirements of this paragraph may be waived in 2392 writing. If the requirements are waived by the noninstitutional 2393 investor, the waiver must include the following statement 2394 wording: "The noninstitutional investor acknowledges that the 2395 mortgage broker or mortgage lender brokering this mortgage loan 2396 is not providing a title insurance policy or opinion of title 2397 issued by an attorney who is licensed to practice law in the 2398 State of Florida. Any requirement for title insurance or for a 2399 legal opinion of title is the sole responsibility of the noninstitutional mortgage investor." 2400

(c) Provide, if the loan is other than a first mortgage, a statement showing the balance owed by the mortgagor on any existing mortgages prior to this investment and the status of such existing mortgages.

(d) Provide a disclosure if the licensee is directly or
indirectly acting as a borrower or principal in the transaction.
(2) Each original or certified copy of the mortgage, or

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20092226er 2408 other instrument securing a note or assignment thereof, must 2409 shall be recorded before being delivered to the noninstitutional 2410 investor. A mortgage broker shall cause the properly endorsed 2411 original note to be delivered to the noninstitutional investor. 2412 (3) Each mortgage and assignment must shall be recorded as 2413 soon as practical, but no later than 30 business days after the 2414 date of closing. 2415 (4) Any money from a noninstitutional investor for 2416 disbursement at a mortgage loan closing must shall be deposited 2417 with and disbursed by an attorney duly licensed in this state or 2418 by a title company duly licensed in this state. A person acting 2419 as a loan originator mortgage broker may not have control of any money from a noninstitutional investor. This subsection does not 2420 2421 prohibit a licensee under this part ss. 494.003-494.0043 from 2422 receiving a loan origination mortgage brokerage fee upon the 2423 closing of the mortgage loan funded by the noninstitutional 2424 investor. Section 41. Effective January 1, 2010, section 494.006, 2425 2426 Florida Statutes, is repealed. 2427 Section 42. Section 494.0061, Florida Statutes, is 2428 repealed. Section 43. Section 494.00611, Florida Statutes, is created 2429 2430 to read: 2431 494.00611 Mortgage lender license.-2432 (1) Each person who acts as a mortgage lender must be 2433 licensed under this section. 2434 (2) In order to apply for a mortgage lender license an 2435 applicant must: 2436 (a) Submit a completed application form as prescribed by

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2437	the commission by rule.			
2438	(b) Designate a qualified principal loan originator who			
2439	meets the requirements of s. 494.0035 on the application form.			
2440	(c) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$500, and the			
2441	\$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application			
2442	fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.			
2443	(d) Submit fingerprints for each of the applicant's control			
2444	persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission:			
2445	1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the			
2446	office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the			
2447	office.			
2448	2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to			
2449	provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint			
2450	card.			
2451	3. A state criminal history background check must be			
2452	conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a			
2453	federal criminal history background check must be conducted			
2454	through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.			
2455	4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law			
2456	Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into			
2457	the statewide automated fingerprint identification system			
2458	established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in			
2459	accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an			
2460	annual fee to the department to participate in the system and			
2461	inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no			
2462	longer required to be retained.			
2463	5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost			
2464	of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person			
2465	subject to the background check.			

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2466	6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of
2467	the state and federal criminal history checks and determining
2468	whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.
2469	(e) Indicate whether the applicant will be seeking a
2470	servicing endorsement on the application form.
2471	(f) Submit a copy of the applicant's financial audit report
2472	for the most recent fiscal year which, pursuant to United States
2473	generally accepted accounting principles. If the applicant is a
2474	wholly owned subsidiary of another corporation, the financial
2475	audit report for the parent corporation satisfies this
2476	requirement. The commission may establish by rule the form and
2477	procedures for filing the financial audit report, including the
2478	requirement to file the report with the registry when technology
2479	is available. The financial audit report must document that the
2480	applicant has a bona fide and verifiable net worth, of at least
2481	\$63,000 if the applicant is not seeking a servicing endorsement,
2482	or at least \$250,000 if the applicant is seeking a servicing
2483	endorsement, which must be continuously maintained as a
2484	condition of licensure. However, if the applicant held an active
2485	license issued before October 1, 2010, pursuant to former s.
2486	494.0065, and the applicant is seeking a servicing endorsement,
2487	the minimum net worth requirement:
2488	1. Until September 30, 2011, is \$63,000.
2489	2. Between October 1, 2011, and September 30, 2012, is
2490	\$125,000.
2491	3. On or after October 1, 2012, is \$250,000.
2492	(g) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
2493	report on each of the applicant's control persons from a
2494	consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to the

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20092226er 2495 report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be 2496 borne by the applicant. 2497 (h) Submit additional information or documentation 2498 requested by the office and required by rule concerning the 2499 applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional 2500 information may include documentation of pending and prior 2501 disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest 2502 reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea 2503 agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents 2504 relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or 2505 2506 other comparable documents that may provide the office with the 2507 appropriate information to determine eligibility for licensure. 2508 (i) Submit any other information required by the registry 2509 for the processing of the application. 2510 (3) An application is considered received for the purposes 2511 of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from 2512 the registry, including the completed application form, criminal 2513 history information, and independent credit report, as well as the license application fee, the fee required under s. 2514 2515 494.00172, and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees. (4) The office shall issue a mortgage lender license to 2516 2517 each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the 2518 requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial 2519 of licensure if the applicant or one of the applicant's control 2520 persons: 2521 (a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-2522 494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal 2523 prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement

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20092226er 2524 action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty, 2525 breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral 2526 turpitude. 2527 (b) Has failed to demonstrate the character, general 2528 fitness, and financial responsibility necessary to command the 2529 confidence of the community and warrant a determination that the applicant will operate honestly, fairly, and efficiently. 2530 2531 1. If the office has information that could form the basis 2532 for license denial under this paragraph, before denying the 2533 license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of the 2534 specific items of concern and provide the applicant with an 2535 opportunity to explain the circumstances surrounding the 2536 specific items and provide any information that the applicant 2537 believes is relevant to the office's determination. 2538 2. For purposes of evaluating adverse information found in an applicant's credit report, the information must be considered 2539 2540 within the totality of the circumstances. Information provided 2541 by the applicant under subparagraph 1., or information obtained 2542 by the office by other means, may be used to provide a context for the adverse items. For example, the adverse items may have 2543 2544 resulted from factors that do not necessarily reflect negatively upon the applicant's character, general fitness, or financial 2545 2546 responsibility. 2547 3. The office may not use a credit score or the absence or 2548 insufficiency of credit history information to determine character, general fitness, or financial responsibility. 2549 2550 4. If information contained in a credit report is used as 2551 the basis for denying a license, the office shall, in accordance 2552 with s. 120.60(3), provide with particularity the grounds or

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2553	basis for denial. The use of the terms "poor credit history,"
2554	"poor credit rating," or similar language do not meet the
2555	requirements of this paragraph.
2556	(5) The office may not issue a license if the applicant has
2557	had a mortgage lender license or its equivalent revoked in any
2558	jurisdiction, or any of the applicant's control persons has ever
2559	had a loan originator license or its equivalent revoked in any
2560	jurisdiction.
2561	(6) A person required to be licensed under this part, or an
2562	agent or employee thereof, is deemed to have consented to the
2563	venue of courts in this state regarding any matter within the
2564	authority of ss. 494.001-494.0077 regardless of where an act or
2565	violation was committed.
2566	(7) A license issued in accordance with this part is not
2567	transferable or assignable.
2568	(8) A mortgage lender or branch office license may be
2569	annulled pursuant to s. 120.60 if it was issued by the office by
2570	mistake. A license must be reinstated if the applicant
2571	demonstrates that the requirements for obtaining the license
2572	under this chapter have been satisfied.
2573	(9) Each lender, regardless of the number of branches it
2574	operates, shall designate a principal loan originator
2575	representative who exercises control of the licensee's business,
2576	and a branch manager for each branch office. Each mortgage
2577	lender must keep the office informed of the persons designated
2578	as prescribed by commission rule, which includes documentation
2579	of the individual's acceptance of such responsibility. If the
2580	designation is inaccurate, the branch shall be deemed to be
2581	operated under the full charge, control, and supervision by each

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2582	officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 percent		
2583	or greater interest in the mortgage lender business, or any		
2584	other person in a similar capacity during that time.		
2585	(10) All mortgage lender licenses must be renewed annually		
2586	by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00612. If a person holding an		
2587	active mortgage lender license has not applied to renew the		
2588	license on or before December 31, the mortgage lender license		
2589	expires on December 31. If a person holding an active mortgage		
2590	lender license has applied to renew the license on or before		
2591	December 31, the mortgage lender license remains active until		
2592	the renewal application is approved or denied. A mortgage lender		
2593	is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon expiration		
2594	<u>of a previous license.</u>		
2595	Section 44. Section 494.00612, Florida Statutes, is created		
2596	to read:		
2597	494.00612 Mortgage lender license renewal		
2598	(1) In order to renew a mortgage lender license, a mortgage		
2599	lender must:		
2600	(a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed		
2601	by commission rule.		
2602	(b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$475, the \$100		
2603	nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172, and nonrefundable		
2604	fees to cover the cost of further fingerprint processing and		
2605	retention as set forth in commission rule.		
2606	(c) Submit fingerprints in accordance with s.		
2607	494.00611(2)(d) for any new control persons who have not been		
2608	screened.		
2609	(d) Provide proof that the mortgage lender continues to		
2610	meet the applicable net worth requirement in a form prescribed		

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2611	by commission rule.
2612	(e) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
2613	report on the mortgage lender from a consumer reporting agency,
2614	and transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The
2615	cost of the credit report shall be borne by the licensee.
2616	(f) Submit any additional information or documentation
2617	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
2618	licensee. Additional information may include documentation of
2619	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
2620	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
2621	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
2622	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
2623	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
2624	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
2625	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
2626	for renewal of licensure.
2627	(2) The office may not renew a mortgage lender license
2628	unless the mortgage lender continues to meet the minimum
2629	requirements for initial licensure pursuant to s. 494.00611 and
2630	adopted rule.
2631	Section 45. Section 494.0062, Florida Statutes, is
2632	repealed.
2633	Section 46. Section 494.0063, Florida Statutes, is amended
2634	to read:
2635	494.0063 Audited financial statementsAll audited
2636	financial statements required by ss. 494.001-494.0077 must be
2637	prepared by an independent licensed certified public accountant.
2638	<u>A mortgage lender must obtain an annual financial audit report</u>
2639	as of the date of the licensee's fiscal year end, as disclosed

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20092226er 2640 to the office on the application or a subsequent amendment to 2641 the application. The mortgage lender shall submit a copy of the 2642 report to the office within 120 days after the end of the 2643 licensee's fiscal year. If the licensee is a wholly owned 2644 subsidiary of another corporation, the financial audit report of 2645 the parent corporation's satisfies this requirement. If the 2646 licensee changes its fiscal year, the licensee must file a 2647 report within 18 months after the previously submitted report. 2648 The commission may establish by rule the procedures and form for 2649 filing a financial audit report, including the requirement to 2650 file the report with the registry when technology is available. Section 47. Section 494.0064, Florida Statutes, is 2651 2652 repealed. Section 48. Section 494.0065, Florida Statutes, is 2653 2654 repealed. 2655 Section 49. Section 494.0066, Florida Statutes, is amended 2656 to read: 2657 494.0066 Branch offices.-2658 (1) Each branch office of a mortgage lender must be 2659 licensed under this section A branch office license is required for each branch office maintained by a licensee under ss. 2660 494.006-494.0077. 2661 (2) The office shall issue a branch office license to a 2662 mortgage lender licensee licensed under ss. 494.006-494.0077 2663 2664 after the office determines that the mortgage lender licensee 2665 has submitted a completed branch office application form as 2666 prescribed by rule by the commission, and an initial nonrefundable branch office license fee of \$225 per branch 2667 2668 office \$325. Application fees may not be prorated for partial

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2669	years of licensure. The branch office application must include			
2670	the name and license number of the mortgage lender licensee			
2671	under this part ss. 494.006-494.0077, the name of the branch			
2672	<u>manager</u> licensee's employee in charge of the branch office, and			
2673	the address of the branch office. The branch office license			
2674	shall be issued in the name of the mortgage lender licensee			
2675	under ss. 494.006-494.0077 and must be renewed in conjunction			
2676	with the license renewal. An application is considered received			
2677	for purposes of s. 120.60 upon receipt of a completed branch			
2678	office renewal form, as prescribed by commission rule, and the			
2679	required fees.			
2680	(3) A branch office license must be renewed at the time of			
2681	renewing the mortgage lender license. A nonrefundable fee of			
2682	\$225 per branch office must be submitted at the time of renewal.			
2683	Section 50. Section 494.00665, Florida Statutes, is created			
2684	to read:			
2685	494.00665 Principal loan originator and branch manager for			
2686	mortgage lender			
2687	(1) Each mortgage lender business must be operated by a			
2688	principal loan originator who shall have full charge, control,			
2689	and supervision of the mortgage lender business. The principal			
2690	loan originator must be licensed as a loan originator pursuant			
2691	to s. 494.00312. Each mortgage lender must keep the office			
2692	informed of the person designated as the principal loan			
2693	originator as prescribed by commission rule. If the designation			
2694	is inaccurate, the business shall be deemed to be operated under			
2695	the full charge, control, and supervision of each officer,			
2696	director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 percent or greater			
2697	interest in the mortgage lender business, or any other person in			

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98 a similar capacity during that time.

2699 (2) Each branch office of a mortgage lender must be 2700 operated by a branch manager who shall have full charge, 2701 control, and supervision of the branch office. The designated branch manager must be a licensed loan originator pursuant to s. 2702 2703 494.00312. Each mortgage lender must keep the office informed of 2704 the person designated as the branch manager as prescribed by 2705 commission rule, which includes documentation of the 2706 individual's acceptance of such responsibility. If the 2707 designation is inaccurate, the branch office shall be deemed to 2708 be operated under the full charge, control, and supervision of each officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 2709 2710 percent or greater interest in the mortgage lender business, or 2711 any other person in a similar capacity during that time.

2712 Section 51. Section 494.0067, Florida Statutes, is amended 2713 to read:

2714 494.0067 Requirements of mortgage lenders licensees under 2715 ss. 494.006-494.0077.-

(1) <u>A mortgage lender that</u> Each licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 which makes mortgage loans on real estate in this state shall transact business from a principal place of business. Each principal place of business and each branch office shall be operated under the full charge, control, and supervision of the licensee pursuant to this part under ss. 494.006-494.0077.

2722 (2) A license issued under <u>this part</u> ss. 494.006-494.0077
2723 is not transferable or assignable.

(3) <u>A mortgage lender Each licensee under ss. 494.006-</u>
494.0077 shall report, on a form prescribed by rule of the
commission, any change in the information contained in any

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2727 initial application form, or any amendment thereto, within not 2728 later than 30 days after the change is effective. 2729 (4) A mortgage lender Each licensee under ss. 494.006-2730 494.0077 shall report any changes in the principal loan 2731 originator, any addition or subtraction of a control person, partners, officers, members, joint venturers, directors, or 2732 2733 control persons of any licensee or any change changes in the 2734 form of business organization by written amendment in such form 2735 and at such time that the commission specifies by rule. 2736 (a) In any case in which a person or a group of persons, 2737 directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or more persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling interest 2738 2739 in a licensee, such person or group must submit an initial 2740 application for licensure as a mortgage lender or correspondent 2741 mortgage lender before such purchase or acquisition and at the 2742 time and in the form prescribed by the commission by rule. 2743 (b) As used in this subsection, the term "controlling 2744 interest" means possession of the power to direct or cause the 2745 direction of the management or policies of a company whether 2746 through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. Any person who directly or indirectly has the right to vote 25 2747 2748 percent or more of the voting securities of a company or who is 2749 entitled to 25 percent or more of the company's profits is

2750 presumed to possess a controlling interest.

2751 (b) (c) Any addition of a designated principal 2752 representative, partner, officer, member, joint venturer, 2753 director, or control person of the applicant who does not have a 2754 controlling interest and who has not previously filed a Uniform 2755 Mortgage Biographical Statement & Consent Form, MU2, or has not

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2756 previously complied with the fingerprinting and credit report 2757 requirements of s. 494.00611 is the provisions of s. 2758 494.0061(2)(g) and (h), s. 494.0062(2)(g) and (h), or s. 2759 494.0065(5)(e) and (f) shall be subject to the such provisions 2760 of this section unless required to file an initial application 2761 in accordance with paragraph (a). If after the addition of a 2762 control person, the office determines that the licensee does not 2763 continue to meet licensure requirements, the office may bring 2764 administrative action in accordance with s. 494.00255 s. 2765 494.0072 to enforce the provisions of this section. 2766 (d) The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.

2700 120.536(1) and 120.54 providing for the waiver of the 2768 application required by this subsection if the person or group 2769 of persons proposing to purchase or acquire a controlling 2770 interest in a licensee has previously complied with the 2771 provisions of s. 494.0061(2)(g) and (h), s. 494.0062(2)(g) and 2772 (h), or s. 494.0065(5)(e) and (f) with the same legal entity or 2773 is currently licensed with the office under this chapter.

2774 (5) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2775 494.0077 shall report in a form prescribed by rule of by the 2776 commission any indictment, information, charge, conviction, or 2777 plea of guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of adjudication, or plea of guilty to any felony or any crime or administrative 2778 violation that involves fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, 2779 2780 money laundering dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral 2781 turpitude, in any jurisdiction, by the licensee under ss. 2782 494.006-494.0077 or any principal officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of 10 percent or more of the licensed 2783 2784 corporation, within not later than 30 business days after the

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2785 indictment, information, charge, conviction, or final 2786 administrative action.

(6) Each <u>mortgage lender</u> licensee under ss. 494.006- 494.0077 shall report any action in bankruptcy, voluntary or involuntary, to the office, <u>within 30</u> not later than 7 business days after the action is instituted.

2791 (7) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2792 494.0077 shall designate a registered agent in this state for 2793 service of process.

(8) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2794 2795 494.0077 shall provide an applicant for a mortgage loan a good 2796 faith estimate of the costs the applicant can reasonably expect 2797 to pay in obtaining a mortgage loan. The good faith estimate of costs must shall be mailed or delivered to the applicant within 2798 2799 3 business days a reasonable time after the licensee receives a 2800 written loan application from the applicant. The estimate of 2801 costs may be provided to the applicant by a person other than 2802 the licensee making the loan. The good faith estimate must 2803 identify the recipient of all payments charged to the borrower 2804 and, except for all fees to be received by the mortgage broker 2805 brokerage business and the mortgage lender or correspondent 2806 mortgage lender, may be disclosed in generic terms, such as, but 2807 not limited to, paid to appraiser, officials, title company, or 2808 any other third-party service provider. The licensee bears the 2809 burden of proving such disclosures were provided to the borrower. The commission may adopt rules that set forth the 2810 2811 disclosure requirements of this section.

2812(9) On or before April 30, 2000, each mortgage lender or2813correspondent mortgage lender shall file an initial report

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2814 stating the full legal name, residential address, social security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license number, 2815 2816 date of hire, and, if applicable, date of termination for each 2817 person who acted as a loan originator or an associate of the 2818 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender during the 2819 immediate preceding quarter. Thereafter, a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall file a report only if a 2820 2821 person became or ceased to be a loan originator or an associate 2822 of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender during 2823 the immediate preceding quarter. Such report shall be filed within 30 days after the last day of each calendar quarter and 2824 2825 shall contain the full legal name, residential address, social security number, date of birth, date of hire and, if applicable, 2826 2827 the mortgage broker license number and date of termination of 2828 each person who became or ceased to be a loan originator or an associate of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage 2829 lender during the immediate preceding quarter. The commission 2830 2831 shall prescribe, by rule, the procedures for filing reports 2832 required by this subsection. 2833 (10) (a) Each mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage 2834 lender licensee shall require the principal representative and 2835 all loan originators, not currently licensed as mortgage brokers 2836 pursuant to s. 494.0033, who perform services for the licensee 2837 to complete 14 hours of professional continuing education during 2838 each biennial license period. The education shall cover primary and subordinate mortgage financing transactions and the 2839

2840 provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under this 2841 chapter.

2842

(b) The licensee shall maintain records of such training

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for a period of 4 years, including records of the content of and
hours designated for each program and the date and location of
the program.
(c) Evidence of completion of such programs shall be
included with the licensee's renewal application.
(9) (11) The disclosures in this subsection must be
furnished in writing at the time an adjustable rate mortgage
loan is offered to the borrower and whenever the terms of the
adjustable rate mortgage loan offered have a material change
prior to closing. The lender shall furnish the disclosures
relating to adjustable rate mortgages in a format prescribed by
ss. 226.18 and 226.19 of Regulation Z of the Board of Governors
of the Federal Reserve System, as amended; its commentary, as
amended; and the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. ss.
1601 et seq., as amended; together with the Consumer Handbook on
Adjustable Rate Mortgages, as amended; published by the Federal
Reserve Board and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. The licensee
bears the burden of proving such disclosures were provided to
the borrower.

2862 (10) (12) (a) In every mortgage loan transaction, each 2863 mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 shall notify 2864 a borrower of any material changes in the terms of a mortgage 2865 loan previously offered to the borrower within 3 business days 2866 after being made aware of such changes by the lender but at 2867 least not less than 3 business days before the signing of the settlement or closing statement. The licensee bears the burden 2868 2869 of proving such notification was provided and accepted by the 2870 borrower.

2871

(b) A borrower may waive the right to receive notice of a

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20092226er 2872 material change that is granted under paragraph (a) if the 2873 borrower determines that the extension of credit is needed to 2874 meet a bona fide personal financial emergency and the right to 2875 receive notice would delay the closing of the mortgage loan. The 2876 imminent sale of the borrower's home at foreclosure during the 2877 3-day period before the signing of the settlement or closing 2878 statement constitutes an example of a bona fide personal 2879 financial emergency. In order to waive the borrower's right to receive notice not less than 3 business days before the signing 2880 2881 of the settlement or closing statement of any such material change, the borrower must provide the licensee with a dated 2882 2883 written statement that describes the personal financial 2884 emergency, waives the right to receive the notice, bears the 2885 borrower's signature, and is not on a printed form prepared by 2886 the licensee for the purpose of such a waiver. 2887 (11) A mortgage lender may close loans in its own name but 2888 may not service the loan for more than 4 months unless the 2889 lender has a servicing endorsement. Only a mortgage lender who 2890 continuously maintains a net worth of at least \$250,000 may 2891 obtain a servicing endorsement.

2892 (12) A mortgage lender must report to the office the 2893 failure to meet the applicable net worth requirements of s. 2894 494.00611 within 2 days after the mortgage lender's knowledge of 2895 such failure or after the mortgage lender should have known of 2896 such failure.

2897 Section 52. Section 494.0068, Florida Statutes, is amended 2898 to read:

2899 494.0068 Loan application process.-

2900 (1) In addition to the requirements set forth in s.

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2926

2901 494.0067(8), before accepting an application fee in whole or in 2902 part, a credit report fee, an appraisal fee, or a fee charged as 2903 reimbursement for third-party charges, a mortgage lender shall 2904 make a written disclosure to the borrower, which disclosure may be contained in the application, setting forth: 2905 2906 (a) Whether all or any part of such fees or charges is 2907 refundable. 2908 (b) The terms and conditions for the refund, if all or any 2909 part of the fees or charges is refundable. 2910 (c) A realistic estimate of the number of days required to 2911 issue a commitment following receipt of the application by the 2912 lender. 2913 (d) The name or title of a person within the lender's 2914 organization to whom the borrower may address written questions, 2915 comments, or complaints and who is required to promptly respond 2916 to such inquiries. 2917 (2) The disclosures required in subsection (1) must shall 2918 be acknowledged in writing by the borrower and maintained by the 2919 mortgage lender, and a copy of such acknowledgment shall be 2920 given to the borrower. (3) The borrower may, without penalty or responsibility for 2921 2922 paying additional fees and charges, withdraw an application at 2923 any time prior to acceptance of commitment. Upon such 2924 withdrawal, the mortgage lender is responsible for refunding to 2925 the borrower only those fees and charges to which the borrower

2927 disclosure required by subsection (1), except that:
2928 (a) If the lender failed to provide the borrower with the
2929 written disclosure required by subsection (1), the lender shall

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may be entitled pursuant to the terms set forth in the written

20092226er 2930 promptly refund to the borrower all funds paid to the lender; or 2931 (b) If the lender failed to make a good faith effort to 2932 approve the loan, the lender shall promptly refund to the 2933 borrower all funds paid to the lender. 2934 (4) The application fee must be reasonably related to the 2935 services to be performed and may not be based upon a percentage 2936 of the principal amount of the loan or the amount financed. 2937 (5) For the purposes of this section, the term "application 2938 fee" means any moneys advanced by the borrower upon filing an 2939 application with a mortgage lender to offset the lender's 2940 expenses for determining whether the borrower is gualified for 2941 the mortgage loan or whether the mortgage loan should be funded. 2942 Section 53. Section 494.0069, Florida Statutes, is amended 2943 to read: 2944 494.0069 Lock-in agreement.-2945 (1) Each lock-in agreement must be in writing and must 2946 contain: 2947 (a) The expiration date of the lock-in, if any; 2948 (b) The interest rate locked in, if any; 2949 (c) The discount points locked in, if any; 2950 (d) The commitment fee locked in, if any; 2951 (e) The lock-in fee, if any; and (f) A statement advising of the provisions of this part ss. 2952 2953 494.006-494.0077 regarding lock-in agreements. 2954 (2) The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 2955 shall make a good faith effort to process the mortgage loan 2956 application and stand ready to fulfill the terms of its 2957 commitment before the expiration date of the lock-in agreement 2958 or any extension thereof. Page 102 of 121

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2959 (3) Any lock-in agreement received by a mortgage lender or 2960 correspondent mortgage lender by mail or through a mortgage 2961 broker must be signed by the mortgage lender or correspondent 2962 mortgage lender in order to become effective. The borrower may rescind any lock-in agreement until a written confirmation of 2963 the agreement has been signed by the lender and mailed to the 2964 2965 borrower or to the mortgage broker brokerage business pursuant 2966 to its contractual relationship with the borrower. If a borrower 2967 elects to so rescind, the mortgage lender or correspondent 2968 mortgage lender shall promptly refund any lock-in fee paid.

2969 (4) (a) Before Any correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage 2970 lender prior to issuing a mortgage loan rate lock-in agreement, 2971 a mortgage lender must have the ability to timely advance funds 2972 on all mortgage loans for which rate lock-in agreements have 2973 been issued. As used in this section, "ability to timely advance 2974 funds" means having sufficient liquid assets or a line of credit 2975 necessary to cover all rate lock-in agreements issued with 2976 respect to which a lock-in fee is collected.

2977 <u>(a) (b)</u> A correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender 2978 that does not comply with <u>this subsection</u> paragraph (a) may 2979 issue mortgage rate lock-in agreements only if, prior to the 2980 issuance, the correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender:

2981 1. Has received a written rate lock-in agreement from a 2982 correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender that complies with this subsection paragraph (a); or

2984 2. Has received a written rate lock-in agreement from an 2985 institutional investor or an agency of the Federal Government or 2986 the state or local government that will be funding, making, or 2987 purchasing the mortgage loan.

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20092226er 2988 (b) (c) All rate lock-in fees collected by a mortgage lender 2989 or correspondent mortgage lender who is not in compliance with 2990 paragraph (a) must be deposited into an escrow account in a 2991 federally insured financial institution, and such fees may shall 2992 not be removed from such escrow account until: 2993 1. The mortgage loan closes and is funded; 2994 2. The applicant cancels the loan application or the loan 2995 application is rejected; or 2996 3. The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender is 2997 required to forward a portion of the lock-in fee to another 2998 correspondent mortgage lender, mortgage lender, institutional 2999 investor, or agency that will be funding, making, or purchasing 3000 the loan. The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 3001 may remove only the amount of the lock-in fee actually paid to 3002 another mortgage lender, correspondent mortgage lender, 3003 institutional investor, or agency. 3004 (5) For purposes of this section, the term "lock-in fee" 3005 means any moneys advanced by the borrower to lock in for a 3006 specified period of time a specified interest rate or discount 3007 points. 3008 (6) The commission may adopt by rule a form for required 3009 lock-in agreement disclosures. Section 54. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.007, 3010 3011 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3012 494.007 Commitment process.-3013 (1) If a commitment is issued, the mortgage lender shall 3014 disclose in writing: (a) The expiration date of the commitment; 3015 3016 (b) The mortgage amount, meaning the face amount of credit

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3017 provided to the borrower or in the borrower's behalf; 3018 (c) If the interest rate or other terms are subject to 3019 change before expiration of the commitment:

1. The basis, index, or method, if any, which will be used to determine the rate at closing. Such basis, index, or method shall be established and disclosed with direct reference to the movement of an interest rate index or of a national or regional index that is available to and verifiable by the borrower and beyond the control of the lender; or

3026 2. The following statement, in at least 10-point bold type: 3027 "The interest rate will be the rate established by the lender in 3028 its discretion as its prevailing rate . . . days before 3029 closing.";

3030 (d) The amount of the commitment fee, if any, and whether 3031 and under what circumstances the commitment fee is refundable; 3032 and

3033 (e) The time, if any, within which the commitment must be 3034 accepted by the borrower.

3035 (2) The provisions of a commitment cannot be changed prior 3036 to expiration of the specified period within which the borrower 3037 must accept it. If any information necessary for an accurate 3038 disclosure required by subsection (1) is unknown to the mortgage 3039 lender at the time disclosure is required, the lender shall make 3040 the disclosure based upon the best information reasonably 3041 available to it and shall state that the disclosure is an 3042 estimate.

3043

(3) A commitment fee is refundable if:

3044 (a) The commitment is contingent upon approval by parties3045 to whom the mortgage lender seeks to sell the loan.

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20092226er 3046 (b) The loan purchaser's requirements are not met due to 3047 circumstances beyond the borrower's control. 3048 (c) The borrower is willing but unable to comply with the 3049 loan purchaser's requirements. 3050 Section 55. Section 494.0071, Florida Statutes, is amended 3051 to read: 3052 494.0071 Expiration of lock-in agreement or commitment.-If 3053 a lock-in agreement has been executed and the loan does not 3054 close before the expiration date of either the lock-in agreement 3055 or any commitment issued consistent therewith through no 3056 substantial fault of the borrower, the borrower may withdraw the 3057 application or reject or terminate any commitment, whereupon the 3058 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall promptly 3059 refund to the borrower any lock-in fee and any commitment fee 3060 paid by the borrower. 3061 Section 56. Section 494.0072, Florida Statutes, is 3062 repealed. 3063 Section 57. Section 494.00721, Florida Statutes, is amended 3064 to read: 494.00721 Net worth.-3065 (1) The net worth requirements required in s. 494.00611 ss. 3066 494.0061, 494.0062, and 494.0065 shall be continually maintained 3067 as a condition of licensure. 3068 3069 (2) If a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 3070 fails to satisfy the net worth requirements, the mortgage lender 3071 or correspondent mortgage lender shall immediately cease taking 3072 any new mortgage loan applications. Thereafter, the mortgage 3073 lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall have up to 60 days 3074 within which to satisfy the net worth requirements. If the

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3075 licensee makes the office aware, prior to an examination, that 3076 the licensee no longer meets the net worth requirements, the 3077 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall have 120 3078 days within which to satisfy the net worth requirements. A 3079 mortgage lender may or correspondent mortgage lender shall not 3080 resume acting as a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage 3081 lender without written authorization from the office, which 3082 authorization shall be granted if the mortgage lender or 3083 correspondent mortgage lender provides the office with 3084 documentation which satisfies the requirements of s. 494.00611 3085 s. 494.0061(2)(c), s. 494.0062(2)(c), or s. 494.0065(2), 3086 whichever is applicable.

(3) If the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender does not satisfy the net worth requirements within <u>120 days</u> the <u>120-day period</u>, the license of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall be deemed to be relinquished and canceled and all servicing contracts shall be disposed of in a timely manner by the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage <u>lender</u>.

3094 Section 58. Section 494.0073, Florida Statutes, is amended 3095 to read:

3096 494.0073 Mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 3097 when acting as a mortgage broker brokerage business.-The 3098 provisions of this part Sections 494.006-494.0077 do not 3099 prohibit a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender from 3100 acting as a mortgage broker brokerage business. However, in 3101 mortgage transactions in which a mortgage lender or 3102 correspondent mortgage lender acts as a mortgage broker 3103 brokerage business, the provisions of ss. 494.0038, 494.004(2)

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3104

3105

20092226er 494.004(8), 494.0042, and 494.0043(1), (2), and (3) apply. Section 59. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.0075,

3106 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3107 494.0075 Requirements for selling loans to noninstitutional 3108 investors.-

3109 (1) A mortgage lender, when selling a mortgage loan to a 3110 noninstitutional investor, shall:

(a) Before any payment of money by a noninstitutional investor, provide an opinion of value from an appraiser stating the value of the security property unless the opinion is waived in writing. The opinion must state the value of the property as it exists on the date of the opinion. If any relationship exists between the lender and the appraiser, that relationship <u>must</u> shall be disclosed.;

(b) Provide to the noninstitutional investor a mortgagee's title insurance policy or an opinion of title by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, or a copy thereof:

3121 1. If a title insurance policy is issued, it must insure 3122 the noninstitutional investor against the unmarketability of the 3123 mortgagee's interest in such title. It must also specify any 3124 superior liens that exist against the property. If an opinion of 3125 title is issued by an attorney licensed to practice law in this 3126 state, the opinion must include a statement as to the 3127 marketability of the title to the property described in the 3128 mortgage and specify the priority of the mortgage being 3129 purchased.

3130 2. If the title insurance policy or opinion of title is not 3131 available at the time of purchase, the licensee shall provide a 3132 binder of the title insurance or conditional opinion of title.

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3133 This binder or opinion must include any conditions or 3134 requirements needed to be corrected before prior to the issuance 3135 of the final title policy or opinion of title. The binder or opinion must also include information concerning the 3136 3137 requirements specified in subparagraph 1. Any conditions must be 3138 eliminated or waived in writing by the investor before prior to 3139 delivery to the noninstitutional investor. The policy or 3140 opinion, or a copy thereof, shall be delivered to the investor 3141 within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding 6 months, 3142 after purchase.

3. The requirements of this paragraph may be waived in 3143 3144 writing. If the requirements are waived by the noninstitutional 3145 investor, the waiver must include the following wording: "The noninstitutional investor acknowledges that the mortgage lender 3146 3147 selling this mortgage loan is not providing a title insurance 3148 policy or opinion of title issued by an attorney who is licensed 3149 to practice law in the State of Florida. Any requirement for title insurance or for a legal opinion of title is the sole 3150 3151 responsibility of the noninstitutional mortgage purchaser."

(c) Provide, if the loan is other than a first mortgage, a statement showing the balance owed by the mortgagor on any existing mortgages prior to this investment and the status of such existing mortgages.

3156 (d) Provide a disclosure if the licensee is directly or 3157 indirectly acting as a borrower or principal in the transaction.

3158 (2) Each mortgage, or other instrument securing a note or 3159 assignment thereof, <u>must shall</u> be recorded before being 3160 delivered to the noninstitutional investor.

3161

(3) Each mortgage and assignment shall be recorded as soon

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3162	as practical, but <u>within</u> no later than 30 business days after
3163	the date of purchase.
3164	(4) If the loan is to be serviced by a licensee under <u>this</u>
3165	part ss. 494.006-494.0077 for a noninstitutional investor, there
3166	shall be a written servicing agreement.
3167	(5) The mortgage lender shall cause the original note to be
3168	properly endorsed showing the assignment of the note to the
3169	noninstitutional investor.
3170	Section 60. Effective July 1, 2009, paragraph (a) of
3171	subsection (1) of section 494.0076, Florida Statutes, is amended
3172	to read:
3173	494.0076 Servicing audits
3174	(1)(a) Each licensee under <u>part III of chapter who</u> ss.
3175	494.006-494.0077 which services mortgage loans shall:
3176	1. Maintain a segregated set of records for accounts that
3177	are serviced by the licensee.
3178	2. Have a separate, segregated depository account for all
3179	receipts relating to servicing.
3180	Section 61. Effective July 1, 2009, section 494.0077,
3181	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3182	494.0077 Other products and servicesThis part does
3183	Sections 494.006-494.0077 do not prohibit a mortgage lender from
3184	offering, for a fee or commission, products and services in
3185	addition to those offered in conjunction with <u>making</u> a <u>mortage</u>
3186	loan.
3187	Section 62. Effective July 1, 2009, subsection (2) of
3188	section 501.1377, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3189	501.1377 Violations involving homeowners during the course
3190	of residential foreclosure proceedings

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3191	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
3192	(a) "Equity purchaser" means <u>a</u> any person who acquires a
3193	legal, equitable, or beneficial ownership interest in any
3194	residential real property as a result of a foreclosure-rescue
3195	transaction. The term does not apply to a person who acquires
3196	the legal, equitable, or beneficial interest in such property:
3197	1. By a certificate of title from a foreclosure sale
3198	conducted under chapter 45;
3199	2. At a sale of property authorized by statute;
3200	3. By order or judgment of any court;
3201	4. From a spouse, parent, grandparent, child, grandchild,
3202	or sibling of the person or the person's spouse; or
3203	5. As a deed in lieu of foreclosure, a workout agreement, a
3204	bankruptcy plan, or any other agreement between a foreclosing
3205	lender and a homeowner.
3206	(b) "Foreclosure-rescue consultant" means a person who
3207	directly or indirectly makes a solicitation, representation, or
3208	offer to a homeowner to provide or perform, in return for
3209	payment of money or other valuable consideration, foreclosure-
3210	related rescue services. The term does not apply to:
3211	1. A person excluded under s. 501.212.
3212	2. A person acting under the express authority or written
3213	approval of the United States Department of Housing and Urban
3214	Development or other department or agency of the United States
3215	or this state to provide foreclosure-related rescue services.
3216	3. A charitable, not-for-profit agency or organization, as
3217	determined by the United States Internal Revenue Service under
3218	s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which offers
3219	counseling or advice to an owner of residential real property in

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3220 foreclosure or loan default if the agency or organization does 3221 not contract for foreclosure-related rescue services with a for-3222 profit lender or person facilitating or engaging in foreclosure-3223 rescue transactions. 3224 4. A person who holds or is owed an obligation secured by a 3225 lien on any residential real property in foreclosure if the 3226 person performs foreclosure-related rescue services in 3227 connection with this obligation or lien and the obligation or 3228 lien was not the result of or part of a proposed foreclosure 3229 reconveyance or foreclosure-rescue transaction. 3230 5. A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 and any 3231 parent or subsidiary of the financial institution or of the 3232 parent or subsidiary. 3233 6. A licensed mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or 3234 correspondent mortgage lender that provides mortgage counseling 3235 or advice regarding residential real property in foreclosure, 3236 which counseling or advice is within the scope of services set 3237 forth in chapter 494 and is provided without payment of money or 3238 other consideration other than a loan origination mortgage 3239 brokerage fee as defined in s. 494.001.

3240 <u>7. An attorney licensed to practice law in this state who</u> 3241 <u>provides foreclosure rescue-related services as an ancillary</u> 3242 <u>matter to the attorney's representation of a homeowner as a</u> 3243 <u>client.</u>

3244 (c) "Foreclosure-related rescue services" means any good or 3245 service related to, or promising assistance in connection with:

3246 1. Stopping, avoiding, or delaying foreclosure proceedings 3247 concerning residential real property; or

3248

2. Curing or otherwise addressing a default or failure to

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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3249 timely pay with respect to a residential mortgage loan 3250 obligation.

3251

(d) "Foreclosure-rescue transaction" means a transaction:

3252 1. By which residential real property in foreclosure is 3253 conveyed to an equity purchaser and the homeowner maintains a 3254 legal or equitable interest in the residential real property 3255 conveyed, including, without limitation, a lease option 3256 interest, an option to acquire the property, an interest as 3257 beneficiary or trustee to a land trust, or other interest in the 3258 property conveyed; and

3259 2. That is designed or intended by the parties to stop, 3260 avoid, or delay foreclosure proceedings against a homeowner's 3261 residential real property.

3262 (e) "Homeowner" means <u>the</u> any record title owner of 3263 residential real property that is the subject of foreclosure 3264 proceedings.

3265 (f) "Residential real property" means real property 3266 consisting of one-family to four-family dwelling units, one of 3267 which is occupied by the owner as his or her principal place of 3268 residence.

3269 (g) "Residential real property in foreclosure" means 3270 residential real property against which there is an outstanding 3271 notice of the pendency of foreclosure proceedings recorded 3272 pursuant to s. 48.23.

3273 Section 63. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 3274 501.1377, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended 3275 to read:

3276 501.1377 Violations involving homeowners during the course 3277 of residential foreclosure proceedings.-

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3278 (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 3279 (b) "Foreclosure-rescue consultant" means a person who 3280 directly or indirectly makes a solicitation, representation, or 3281 offer to a homeowner to provide or perform, in return for payment of money or other valuable consideration, foreclosure-3282 3283 related rescue services. The term does not apply to: 3284 1. A person excluded under s. 501.212. 3285 2. A person acting under the express authority or written 3286 approval of the United States Department of Housing and Urban 3287 Development or other department or agency of the United States 3288 or this state to provide foreclosure-related rescue services. 3289 3. A charitable, not-for-profit agency or organization, as 3290 determined by the United States Internal Revenue Service under 3291 s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which offers 3292 counseling or advice to an owner of residential real property in 3293 foreclosure or loan default if the agency or organization does 3294 not contract for foreclosure-related rescue services with a for-3295 profit lender or person facilitating or engaging in foreclosure-3296 rescue transactions. 4. A person who holds or is owed an obligation secured by a 3297

4. A person who holds or is owed an obligation secured by a lien on any residential real property in foreclosure if the person performs foreclosure-related rescue services in connection with this obligation or lien and the obligation or lien was not the result of or part of a proposed foreclosure reconveyance or foreclosure-rescue transaction.

3303 5. A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 and any 3304 parent or subsidiary of the financial institution or of the 3305 parent or subsidiary.

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6. A licensed mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or

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20092226er 3307 correspondent mortgage lender that provides mortgage counseling 3308 or advice regarding residential real property in foreclosure, 3309 which counseling or advice is within the scope of services set 3310 forth in chapter 494 and is provided without payment of money or 3311 other consideration other than a loan origination mortgage brokerage fee as defined in s. 494.001. 3312 3313 7. An attorney licensed to practice law in this state who 3314 provides foreclosure rescue-related services as an ancillary 3315 matter to the attorney's representation of a homeowner as a 3316 client. 3317 Section 64. Effective July 1, 2009, paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 201.23, Florida Statutes, is amended 3318 3319 to read: 201.23 Foreign notes and other written obligations exempt.-3320 3321 (1) There shall be exempt from all excise taxes imposed by 3322 this chapter: 3323 (c) Any promissory note, nonnegotiable note, or other 3324 written obligation to pay money if the said note or obligation 3325 is executed and delivered outside this state and at the time of 3326 its making is secured only by a mortgage, deed of trust, or 3327 similar security agreement encumbering real estate located 3328 outside this state and if such promissory note, nonnegotiable 3329 note, or other written obligation for payment of money is 3330 brought into this state for deposit as collateral security under 3331 a wholesale warehouse mortgage agreement or for inclusion in a pool of mortgages deposited with a custodian as security for 3332 3333 obligations issued by an agency of the United States Government 3334 or for inclusion in a pool of mortgages to be serviced for the 3335 account of a customer by a mortgage lender licensed or exempt

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3336 from licensing under part III of chapter 494 ss. 494.006-3337 494.0077.

3338 Section 65. Effective July 1, 2009, paragraph (a) of 3339 subsection (21) of section 420.507, Florida Statutes, is amended 3340 to read:

3341 420.507 Powers of the corporation.—The corporation shall 3342 have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and 3343 effectuate the purposes and provisions of this part, including 3344 the following powers which are in addition to all other powers 3345 granted by other provisions of this part:

3346 (21) Review all reverse mortgage provisions proposed to be 3347 used by an individual lender or a consortium to determine that 3348 such provisions are consistent with the purposes and intent of 3349 this act. If the corporation finds that the provisions are 3350 consistent, it shall approve those provisions. If the 3351 corporation finds that the provisions are inconsistent, it shall 3352 state its objections and give the parties an opportunity to 3353 amend the provisions to overcome such objections. In approving 3354 these provisions, the corporation must determine:

(a) That the mortgagee is either licensed pursuant to part 3356 <u>II of chapter 494</u> ss. 494.006-494.0077 or specifically exempt 3357 from part III of chapter 494 ss. 494.006-494.0077.

3358 Section 66. Effective July 1, 2009, subsection (1) of 3359 section 520.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3360 520.52 Licensees.—

(1) A person may not engage in the business of a sales finance company or operate a branch of such business without a license as provided in this section; however, a bank, trust company, savings and loan association, or credit union

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20092226er 3365 authorized to do business in this state is not required to 3366 obtain a license under this part. Any person authorized as a 3367 licensee or registrant pursuant to part III of chapter 494 ss. 494.006-494.0077 is not required to obtain a license under this 3368 3369 part in order to become an assignee of a home improvement 3370 finance seller. 3371 Section 67. Effective July 1, 2009, subsection (1) of 3372 section 520.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3373 520.63 Licensees.-3374 (1) A person may not engage in or transact any business as 3375 a home improvement finance seller or operate a branch without 3376 first obtaining a license from the office, except that a banking 3377 institution, trust company, savings and loan association, credit 3378 union authorized to do business in this state, or licensee under part III of chapter 494 ss. 494.006-494.0077 is not required to 3379 3380 obtain a license to engage in home improvement financing. Section 68. Effective July 1, 2009, paragraph (b) of 3381 3382 subsection (11) of section 607.0505, Florida Statutes, is 3383 amended to read: 3384 607.0505 Registered agent; duties.-3385 (11) As used in this section, the term: (b) "Financial institution" means: 3386 3387 1. A bank, banking organization, or savings association, as defined in s. 220.62; 3388 3389 2. An insurance company, trust company, credit union, or industrial savings bank, any of which is licensed or regulated 3390 3391 by an agency of the United States or any state of the United 3392 States; or 3393 3. Any person licensed under part III of chapter 494 the

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3394	provisions of ss. 494.006-494.0077.
3395	Section 69. Effective July 1, 2009, subsection (1) of
3396	section 687.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3397	687.12 Interest rates; parity among licensed lenders or
3398	creditors
3399	(1) Any lender or creditor licensed or chartered under the
3400	provisions of chapter 516, chapter 520, chapter 657, chapter 658
3401	or former chapter 659, former chapter 664 or former chapter 656,
3402	chapter 665, or part XV of chapter 627; any lender or creditor
3403	located in <u>this state</u> the State of Florida and licensed or
3404	chartered under the laws of the United States and authorized to
3405	conduct a lending business; or any lender or creditor lending
3406	through a licensee under <u>part III of chapter 494, is</u> ss.
3407	494.006-494.0077, shall be authorized to charge interest on
3408	loans or extensions of credit to any person as defined in s.
3409	1.01 (3) , or to any firm or corporation, at the maximum rate of
3410	interest permitted by law to be charged on similar loans or
3411	extensions of credit made by any lender or creditor in <u>this</u>
3412	state the State of Florida, except that the statutes governing
3413	the maximum permissible interest rate on any loan or extension
3414	of credit, and other statutory restrictions relating thereto,
3415	shall also govern the amount, term, permissible charges, rebate
3416	requirements, and restrictions for a similar loan or extension
3417	of credit made by any lender or creditor.
3418	Section 70. Effective September 1, 2010:
3419	(1) All mortgage business school permits issued pursuant to
3420	s. 494.0029, Florida Statutes, expire on September 30, 2010.
3421	(2) All mortgage brokerage business licenses issued before
3422	October 1, 2010, pursuant to s. 494.0031 or s. 494.0032, Florida

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3423	Statutes, expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person
3424	holding an active mortgage brokerage business license issued
3425	before October 1, 2010, applies for a mortgage broker license
3426	through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry
3427	between October 1, 2010, and December 31, 2010, the mortgage
3428	brokerage business license does not expire until the Office of
3429	Financial Regulation approves or denies the mortgage broker
3430	license application. A mortgage broker license approved on or
3431	after October 1, 2010, is effective until December 31, 2011.
3432	Application fees may not be prorated for partial years of
3433	licensure.
3434	(3) All mortgage broker licenses issued before October 1,
3435	2010, pursuant to s. 494.0033 or s. 494.0034, Florida Statutes,
3436	expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding an
3437	active mortgage broker license issued before October 1, 2010,
3438	applies for a loan originator license through the Nationwide
3439	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010,
3440	and December 31, 2010, the mortgage broker license does not
3441	expire until the Office of Financial Regulation approves or
3442	denies the loan originator license application. Notwithstanding
3443	s. 120.60, Florida Statutes, for mortgage broker applications
3444	submitted between July 1, 2009, and December 31, 2009, or loan
3445	originator applications submitted between October 1, 2010, and
3446	December 31, 2010, the office has 60 days to notify the
3447	applicant of any apparent errors or omissions in an application
3448	and to request any additional information that the office may
3449	require, and the office has 180 days to approve or deny a
3450	completed application. Application fees may not be prorated for
3451	partial years of licensure.

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3452	(4) All mortgage lender licenses issued before October 1,
3453	2010, pursuant to s. 494.0061 or s. 494.0064, Florida Statutes,
3454	expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding an
3455	active mortgage lender license applies for a mortgage broker
3456	license or mortgage lender license through the Nationwide
3457	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010,
3458	and December 31, 2010, the mortgage lender license does not
3459	expire until the Office of Financial Regulation approves or
3460	denies the mortgage broker license or mortgage lender license
3461	application. Application fees may not be prorated for partial
3462	years of licensure.
3463	(5) All mortgage lender licenses issued before October 1,
3464	2010, pursuant to s. 494.0065 or s. 494.0064, Florida Statutes,
3465	expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding such
3466	license applies for a mortgage broker license or mortgage lender
3467	license through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
3468	Registry between October 1, 2010, and December 31, 2010, the
3469	mortgage lender license does not expire until the Office of
3470	Financial Regulation approves or denies the mortgage broker
3471	license or mortgage lender license application. Application fees
3472	may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
3473	(6) All correspondent mortgage lender licenses issued
3474	before October 1, 2010, pursuant to s. 494.0062 or s. 494.0064,
3475	Florida Statutes, expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a
3476	person holding an active correspondent mortgage lender license
3477	issued before October 1, 2010, applies for a mortgage broker or
3478	mortgage lender license through the Nationwide Mortgage
3479	Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010, and
3480	December 31, 2010, the correspondent mortgage lender license

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3481	does not expire until the Office of Financial Regulation
3482	approves or denies the mortgage broker or mortgage lender
3483	license application. Application fees may not be prorated for
3484	partial years of licensure.
3485	Section 71. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
3486	act and except for this section, which shall take effect July 1
3487	2009, this act shall take effect October 1, 2010.

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