By Senator Gardiner

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to licensure of health-care-related facilities; repealing s. 395.0199, F.S., relating to private utilization review in health care; amending ss. 395.405 and 400.0712, F.S.; conforming crossreferences to changes made by the act; repealing s. 400.141(16), F.S., relating to a licensed facility's requirement to report the number of vacant beds in its facility which are available for resident occupancy; amending s. 400.147, F.S.; redefining the term "adverse incident"; deleting the agency's requirement to submit a report to the Legislature on adverse incidents occurring at nursing homes; amending s. 400.195, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 400.464, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the licensure of home health agencies to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 400.497, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference to changes made by the act; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the licensure of nurse registries to conform to changes made by the act; repealing s. 400.509, F.S., relating to registration of particular service providers that are exempt from licensure, certificates of registration, and regulation of registrants; amending s. 400.512, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the screening of home health agency personnel to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 400.9935, F.S.; revising the legal responsibilities of a medical or clinic director of a

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health care clinic; revising the accreditation requirements for a clinic that is engaged in magnetic resonance imaging services; repealing s. 400.995, F.S., relating to agency administrative penalties; amending s. 408.803, F.S.; redefining the term "change of ownership" with regard to the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act; amending s. 408.806, F.S.; revising the license application process; authorizing the agency to provide electronic access to information or documents; amending s. 408.807, F.S.; revising the process to change ownership of certain health care facilities; amending s. 408.808, F.S.; authorizing the issuance of a provisional license to an applicant submitting an application for a change of ownership; amending s. 408.809, F.S.; revising the requirements for the background screening of applicants; providing an exception for rescreening; authorizing a person who has a disqualifying offense to continue to perform his or her duties under certain circumstances pending the outcome of the application for exemption; amending s. 408.810, F.S.; revising minimum licensure requirements; amending s. 408.811, F.S.; revising inspection requirements; authorizing the agency to require an applicant or licensee to submit a plan of correction for deficiencies; amending s. 408.813, F.S.; classifying violations of the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act; amending s. 408.820, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; creating s. 408.821, F.S.; providing for

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emergency management planning; authorizing the issuance of an inactive license under certain circumstances; providing requirements for an inactive license; authorizing the agency to establish rules related to emergency management planning in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs; repealing s. 408.831(3) and (4), F.S., relating to the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, or change of ownership; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; redefining the term "change of ownership" as it relates to the Medicaid program in this state; repealing s. 429.071, F.S., relating to a pilot program for an intergenerational respite care assisted living facility; amending s. 429.08, F.S.; authorizing the agency to provide certain information electronically or through the agency's website to referral providers, the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Department of Elderly Affairs; deleting the provision that required the field offices of the agency to establish local coordinating workgroups; amending s. 429.19, F.S.; revising the classification of violations; deleting a provision that requires the agency to make a reasonable attempt to discuss violations and recommend corrective actions to the owner or administrator of a facility; authorizing the agency to provide a list of sanctioned facilities electronically or through the agency's Internet site; amending s. 429.23, F.S.; redefining the term "adverse incident" with regard to

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the Assisted Living Facilities Act; deleting the agency's requirement to submit a report on reports of adverse incidents occurring at assisted living facilities; requiring that incidents of abuse, neglect, or exploitation be reported to the Department of Children and Family Services; repealing s. 429.26(9), F.S., relating to the appropriateness of admission of an individual to an assisted care facility; amending s. 435.04, F.S.; authorizing certain employees of nursing homes, assisted care facilities, and related health care facilities to submit an affidavit of compliance with regard to background screening at the time of relicensure to the licensing agency; amending s. 435.05, F.S.; authorizing each employer that is required to conduct level 2 background screening to sign an affidavit at the time of relicensure; amending s. 483.031, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the exemption of certain clinical laboratories, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 483.041, F.S.; defining the term "waived test" as a test that the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, rather than the Health Care Financing Administration, has determined qualifies for a certificate of waiver; repealing s. 483.106, F.S., relating to the application for a certificate of exemption for certain clinical laboratories; amending s. 483.172, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the assessment of a licensing fee for a certificate of exemption to

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Statutes, is repealed.

20092286 9-01044A-09 117 conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 483.23, F.S.; revising provisions relating to offenses 118 regarding a clinical laboratory license to conform to 119 120 changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 121 122 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 123 124 Section 1. Section 395.0199, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 125 Section 2. Section 395.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to 126 read: 127 395.405 Rulemaking.—The department shall adopt and enforce 128 all rules necessary to administer ss. 395.0199, 395.401, 129 395.4015, 395.402, 395.4025, 395.403, 395.404, and 395.4045. 130 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 400.0712, Florida 131 Statutes, is amended to read: 132 400.0712 Application for inactive license.-(1) As specified in s. 408.831(4) and this section, The 133 134 agency may issue an inactive license to a nursing home facility 135 for all or a portion of its beds. Any request by a licensee that a nursing home or portion of a nursing home become inactive must 136 137 be submitted to the agency in the approved format. The facility 138 may not initiate any suspension of services, notify residents, 139 or initiate inactivity before receiving approval from the 140 agency; and a licensee that violates this provision may not be issued an inactive license. 141

Section 4. Subsection (16) of section 400.141, Florida

Section 5. Subsections (5), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13),

and (14) of section 400.147, Florida Statutes, are amended to

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400.147 Internal risk management and quality assurance program.—

- (5) For purposes of reporting to the agency under this section, the term "adverse incident" means:
- (a) An event over which facility personnel could exercise control and which is associated in whole or in part with the facility's intervention, rather than the condition for which such intervention occurred, and which results in one of the following:
  - 1. Death;
  - 2. Brain or spinal damage;
  - 3. Permanent disfigurement;
  - 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
- 5. A limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function;
- 6. Any condition that required medical attention to which the resident has not given his or her informed consent, including failure to honor advanced directives; or
- 7. Any condition that required the transfer of the resident, within or outside the facility, to a unit providing a more acute level of care due to the adverse incident, rather than the resident's condition prior to the adverse incident; or
- 8. An event that is reported to a law enforcement agency or its personnel; or
- (b) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation as defined in s. 415.102;
  - (c) Abuse, neglect and harm as defined in s. 39.01;
  - (b) (d) Resident elopement, if the elopement places the

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resident at risk of harm or injury.; or

- (e) An event that is reported to law enforcement.
- (9) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation must be reported to the agency as required by 42 C.F.R. s. 483.13(c), and to the Department of Children and Family Services as required by chapters 39 and 415.

(10) (9) By the 10th of each month, each facility subject to this section shall report any notice received pursuant to s. 400.0233(2) and each initial complaint that was filed with the clerk of the court and served on the facility during the previous month by a resident or a resident's family member, guardian, conservator, or personal legal representative. The report must include the name of the resident, the resident's date of birth and social security number, the Medicaid identification number for Medicaid-eligible persons, the date or dates of the incident leading to the claim or dates of residency, if applicable, and the type of injury or violation of rights alleged to have occurred. Each facility shall also submit a copy of the notices received pursuant to s. 400.0233(2) and complaints filed with the clerk of the court. This report is confidential as provided by law and is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in such actions brought by the agency to enforce the provisions of this part.

(11) (10) The agency shall review, as part of its licensure inspection process, the internal risk management and quality assurance program at each facility regulated by this section to determine whether the program meets standards established in statutory laws and rules, is being conducted in a manner

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designed to reduce adverse incidents, and is appropriately reporting incidents as required by this section.

- (12) (11) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and a cause of action for damages may not arise against, any risk manager for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management and quality assurance program in a facility licensed under this part as required by this section, or for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management and quality assurance program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.
- (13) (12) If the agency, through its receipt of the adverse incident reports prescribed in subsection (7), or through any investigation, has a reasonable belief that conduct by a staff member or employee of a facility is grounds for disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory board, the agency shall report this fact to the regulatory board.
- $\underline{\text{(14)}}$  (13) The agency may adopt rules to administer this section.
- (14) The agency shall annually submit to the Legislature a report on nursing home adverse incidents. The report must include the following information arranged by county:
  - (a) The total number of adverse incidents.
- (b) A listing, by category, of the types of adverse incidents, the number of incidents occurring within each category, and the type of staff involved.
- (c) A listing, by category, of the types of injury caused and the number of injuries occurring within each category.
  - (d) Types of liability claims filed based on an adverse

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233 incident or reportable injury.

(e) Disciplinary action taken against staff, categorized by type of staff involved.

Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 400.195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.195 Agency reporting requirements.—

- (1) For the period beginning June 30, 2001, and ending June 30, 2005, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with respect to nursing homes. The first report shall be submitted no later than December 30, 2002, and subsequent reports shall be submitted every 6 months thereafter. The report shall identify facilities based on their ownership characteristics, size, business structure, for-profit or not-for-profit status, and any other characteristics the agency determines useful in analyzing the varied segments of the nursing home industry and shall report:
- (d) Information regarding deficiencies cited, including information used to develop the Nursing Home Guide WATCH LIST pursuant to s. 400.191, and applicable rules, a summary of data generated on nursing homes by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Nursing Home Quality Information Project, and information collected pursuant to  $\underline{s.\ 400.147(10)}\ \underline{s.\ 400.147(9)}$ , relating to litigation.

Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 400.464, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.464 Home health agencies to be licensed; expiration of license; exemptions; unlawful acts; penalties.—
  - (4)(a) An organization that offers or advertises to the

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public any service for which licensure or registration is required under this part must include in the advertisement the license number or registration number issued to the organization by the agency. The agency shall assess a fine of not less than \$100 to any licensee or registrant who fails to include the license or registration number when submitting the advertisement for publication, broadcast, or printing. The fine for a second or subsequent offense is \$500. The holder of a license issued under this part may not advertise or indicate to the public that it holds a home health agency or nurse registry license other than the one it has been issued.

Section 8. Section 400.497, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.497 Rules establishing minimum standards.—The agency shall adopt, publish, and enforce rules to implement part II of chapter 408 and this part, including, as applicable, <u>s. 400.506</u> ss. 400.506 and 400.509, which must provide reasonable and fair minimum standards relating to:

- (1) The home health aide competency test and home health aide training. The agency shall create the home health aide competency test and establish the curriculum and instructor qualifications for home health aide training. Licensed home health agencies may provide this training and shall furnish documentation of such training to other licensed home health agencies upon request. Successful passage of the competency test by home health aides may be substituted for the training required under this section and any rule adopted pursuant thereto.
  - (2) Shared staffing. The agency shall allow shared staffing

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if the home health agency is part of a retirement community that provides multiple levels of care, is located on one campus, is licensed under this chapter or chapter 429, and otherwise meets the requirements of law and rule.

- (3) The criteria for the frequency of onsite licensure surveys.
  - (4) Licensure application and renewal.
- (5) Oversight by the director of nursing. The agency shall develop rules related to:
- (a) Standards that address oversight responsibilities by the director of nursing of skilled nursing and personal care services provided by the home health agency's staff;
- (b) Requirements for a director of nursing to provide to the agency, upon request, a certified daily report of the home health services provided by a specified direct employee or contracted staff member on behalf of the home health agency. The agency may request a certified daily report only for a period not to exceed 2 years prior to the date of the request; and
- (c) A quality assurance program for home health services provided by the home health agency.
- (6) Conditions for using a recent unannounced licensure inspection for the inspection required in s. 408.806 related to a licensure application associated with a change in ownership of a licensed home health agency.
- (7) The requirements for onsite and electronic accessibility of supervisory personnel of home health agencies.
  - (8) Information to be included in patients' records.
  - (9) Geographic service areas.
  - (10) Preparation of a comprehensive emergency management

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320 plan pursuant to s. 400.492.

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- (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt rules establishing minimum criteria for the plan and plan updates, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs.
- (b) The rules must address the requirements in s. 400.492. In addition, the rules shall provide for the maintenance of patient-specific medication lists that can accompany patients who are transported from their homes.
- (c) The plan is subject to review and approval by the county health department. During its review, the county health department shall contact state and local health and medical stakeholders when necessary. The county health department shall complete its review to ensure that the plan is in accordance with the criteria in the Agency for Health Care Administration rules within 90 days after receipt of the plan and shall approve the plan or advise the home health agency of necessary revisions. If the home health agency fails to submit a plan or fails to submit the requested information or revisions to the county health department within 30 days after written notification from the county health department, the county health department shall notify the Agency for Health Care Administration. The agency shall notify the home health agency that its failure constitutes a deficiency, subject to a fine of \$5,000 per occurrence. If the plan is not submitted, information is not provided, or revisions are not made as requested, the agency may impose the fine.
- (d) For any home health agency that operates in more than one county, the Department of Health shall review the plan,

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after consulting with state and local health and medical stakeholders when necessary. The department shall complete its review within 90 days after receipt of the plan and shall approve the plan or advise the home health agency of necessary revisions. The department shall make every effort to avoid imposing differing requirements on a home health agency that operates in more than one county as a result of differing or conflicting comprehensive plan requirements of the counties in which the home health agency operates.

- (e) The requirements in this subsection do not apply to:
- 1. A facility that is certified under chapter 651 and has a licensed home health agency used exclusively by residents of the facility; or
- 2. A retirement community that consists of residential units for independent living and either a licensed nursing home or an assisted living facility, and has a licensed home health agency used exclusively by the residents of the retirement community, provided the comprehensive emergency management plan for the facility or retirement community provides for continuous care of all residents with special needs during an emergency.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; penalties.—
- (6) (a) A nurse registry may refer for contract in private residences registered nurses and licensed practical nurses registered and licensed under part I of chapter 464, certified nursing assistants certified under part II of chapter 464, home health aides who present documented proof of successful

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completion of the training required by rule of the agency, and companions or homemakers for the purposes of providing those services authorized under s. 400.509(1). A licensed nurse registry shall ensure that each certified nursing assistant referred for contract by the nurse registry and each home health aide referred for contract by the nurse registry is adequately trained to perform the tasks of a home health aide in the home setting. Each person referred by a nurse registry must provide current documentation that he or she is free from communicable diseases.

Section 10. <u>Section 400.509</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>. Section 11. Section 400.512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.512 Screening of home health agency personnel and; nurse registry personnel; and companions and homemakers.—The agency shall require employment or contractor screening as provided in chapter 435, using the level 1 standards for screening set forth in that chapter, for home health agency personnel and; persons referred for employment by nurse registries; and persons employed by companion or homemaker services registered under s. 400.509.

- (1) (a) The Agency for Health Care Administration may, upon request, grant exemptions from disqualification from employment or contracting under this section as provided in s. 435.07, except for health care practitioners licensed by the Department of Health or a regulatory board within that department.
- (b) The appropriate regulatory board within the Department of Health, or that department itself when there is no board, may, upon request of the licensed health care practitioner,

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grant exemptions from disqualification from employment or contracting under this section as provided in s. 435.07.

- (2) The administrator of each home health agency  $\underline{\text{and}}_{7}$  the managing employee of each nurse registry, and the managing employee of each companion or homemaker service registered under s. 400.509 must sign an affidavit annually, under penalty of perjury, stating that all personnel hired or contracted with or registered on or after October 1, 2000, who enter the home of a patient or client in their service capacity have been screened.
- (3) As a prerequisite to operating as a home health agency or, nurse registry, or companion or homemaker service under s. 400.509, the administrator or managing employee, respectively, must submit to the agency his or her name and any other information necessary to conduct a complete screening according to this section. The agency shall submit the information to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing. The agency shall review the record of the administrator or manager with respect to the offenses specified in this section and shall notify the owner of its findings. If disposition information is missing on a criminal record, the administrator or manager, upon request of the agency, must obtain and supply within 30 days the missing disposition information to the agency. Failure to supply missing information within 30 days or to show reasonable efforts to obtain such information will result in automatic disqualification.
- (4) Proof of compliance with the screening requirements of chapter 435 shall be accepted in lieu of the requirements of this section if the person has been continuously employed or registered without a breach in service that exceeds 180 days,

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the proof of compliance is not more than 2 years old, and the person has been screened by the Department of Law Enforcement. A home health agency or nurse registry or companion or homemaker service registered under s. 400.509 shall directly provide proof of compliance to another home health agency or nurse registry or companion or homemaker service registered under s. 400.509. The recipient home health agency or nurse registry or companion or homemaker service registered under s. 400.509 may not accept any proof of compliance directly from the person who requires screening. Proof of compliance with the screening requirements of this section shall be provided upon request to the person screened by the home health agencies or nurse registries; or companion or homemaker services registered under s. 400.509.

- (5) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages arises against, a licensed home health agency or licensed nurse registry or companion or homemaker service registered under s. 400.509, that, upon notice that the employee or contractor has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under s. 435.03 or under any similar statute of another jurisdiction, terminates the employee or contractor, whether or not the employee or contractor has filed for an exemption with the agency in accordance with chapter 435 and whether or not the time for filing has expired.
- (6) The costs of processing the statewide correspondence criminal records checks must be borne by the home health agency or; the nurse registry; or the companion or homemaker service

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registered under s. 400.509, or by the person being screened, at the discretion of the home health agency  $or_{\tau}$  nurse registry, or s. 400.509 registrant.

Section 12. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.

- (1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:
- (a) Have signs identifying the medical director or clinic director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic readily visible to all patients.
- (b) Ensure that all practitioners providing health care services or supplies to patients maintain a current active and unencumbered Florida license.
- (c) Review any patient referral contracts or agreements executed by the clinic.
- (d) Ensure that all health care practitioners at the clinic have active appropriate certification or licensure for the level of care being provided.
- (e) Serve as the clinic records owner as defined in s. 456.057.
- (f) Ensure compliance with the recordkeeping, office surgery, and adverse incident reporting requirements of chapter 456, the respective practice acts, and rules adopted under this part and part II of chapter 408.
- (g) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery

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of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic director shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic performs only the technical component of magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography, and provides the professional interpretation of such services, in a fixed facility that is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, and the American College of Radiology; and if, in the preceding quarter, the percentage of scans performed by that clinic which was billed to all personal injury protection insurance carriers was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the clinic may, in a written acknowledgment provided to the agency, assume the responsibility for the conduct of the systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful.

(h) Not refer a patient to the clinic if the clinic performs magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography. The term "refer a patient" means the referral of one or more patients of the medical or clinical director or a member of the medical or clinical director's group practice to the clinic for magnetic resonance imaging, static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission tomography. A medical director who is found to violate this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(7)(a) Each clinic engaged in magnetic resonance imaging services must be accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American College

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of Radiology, or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, within 1 year after licensure. A clinic that is accredited by the American College of Radiology or is within the original 1-year period after licensure and replaces its core magnetic resonance imaging equipment shall be given 1 year after the date on which the equipment is replaced to attain accreditation. However, a clinic may request a single, 6-month extension if it provides evidence to the agency establishing that, for good cause shown, such clinic can not be accredited within 1 year after licensure, and that such accreditation will be completed within the 6-month extension. After obtaining accreditation as required by this subsection, each such clinic must maintain accreditation as a condition of renewal of its license. A clinic that files a change-of-ownership application must comply with the original accreditation time requirements of the transferor. The agency shall deny a change-of-ownership application if the clinic is not in compliance with the accreditation requirements. If a clinic adds, replaces, or modifies equipment for magnetic resonance imaging and the accrediting agency requires new accreditation, the clinic must be accredited within 1 year after the addition, replacement, or modification, but may request a single 6-month extension if it provides evidence of good cause to the agency.

(b) The agency may deny the application or revoke the license of any entity formed for the purpose of avoiding compliance with the accreditation provisions of this subsection and whose principals were previously principals of an entity that was unable to meet the accreditation requirements within the specified timeframes. The agency may adopt rules as to the

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accreditation of magnetic resonance imaging clinics.

Section 13. <u>Subsection (6) of section 400.995, Florida</u> Statutes, is repealed.

Section 14. Subsections (5) and (9) of section 408.803, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (5) "Change of ownership" means:
- (a) An event in which the licensee sells or otherwise
  transfers its ownership changes to a different individual or
  other legal entity;
- (b) An event in which an individual or other entity purchases, or in good faith intends to purchase, the licensed provider; or
- (c) An event in which 51 45 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, membership, or controlling interest of a licensee is in any manner transferred or otherwise assigned. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee that is publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange in a corporation whose shares are not publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange is transferred or assigned, including the final transfer or assignment of multiple transfers or assignments over a 2-year period that cumulatively total 45 percent or greater. A change solely in the management company or board of directors is not a change of ownership.
- (9) "Licensee" means an individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, or governmental entity, or other entity that is issued a permit, registration, certificate, or license by the agency. The licensee is legally responsible for all aspects of the provider operation.

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Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.806 License application process.-

- (1) An application for licensure must be made to the agency on forms furnished by the agency, submitted under oath, and accompanied by the appropriate fee in order to be accepted and considered timely. The application must contain information required by authorizing statutes and applicable rules and must include:
  - (a) The name, address, and social security number of:
  - 1. The applicant;
- 2. The administrator or a similarly titled person who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the provider;
- 3. The financial officer or similarly titled person who is responsible for the financial operation of the provider; and
- $\underline{4.}$  Each controlling interest if the applicant or controlling interest is an individual.
- (2) (a) The applicant for a renewal license must submit an application that must be received by the agency at least 60 days, but not more than 120 days, before prior to the expiration of the current license. An application received 120 days or more before the expiration date shall be returned to the applicant. If the renewal application and fee are received before prior to the license expiration date, the license shall not be deemed to have expired if the license expiration date occurs during the agency's review of the renewal application.
- (b) The applicant for initial licensure due to a change of ownership must submit an application that must be received by

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the agency at least 60 days  $\underline{\text{before}}$   $\underline{\text{prior to}}$  the date of change of ownership.

- (c) For any other application or request, the applicant must submit an application or request that must be received by the agency at least 60 days before prior to the requested effective date, unless otherwise specified in authorizing statutes or applicable rules. An application received more than 120 days before the requested effective date shall be returned to the applicant.
- (d) The agency shall notify the licensee by mail or electronically at least 90 days <u>before</u> prior to the expiration of a license that a renewal license is necessary to continue operation. The failure to timely submit a renewal application and license fee shall result in a \$50 per day late fee charged to the licensee by the agency; however, the aggregate amount of the late fee may not exceed 50 percent of the licensure fee or \$500, whichever is less. If an application is received after the required filing date and exhibits a hand-canceled postmark obtained from a United States post office dated on or before the required filing date, no fine will be levied.

(7)

- (c) If an inspection is required by the authorizing statute for a license application other than an initial application, the inspection must be unannounced. This paragraph does not apply to inspections required pursuant to ss. 383.324, 395.0161(4), 429.67(6), and 483.061(2).
- (8) The agency may establish procedures for the electronic notification and submission of required information, including, but not limited to:

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(a) Licensure applications.

- (b) Required signatures.
- (c) Payment of fees.
- (d) Notarization of applications.

Requirements for electronic submission of any documents required by this part or authorizing statutes may be established by rule.

As an alternative to sending documents as required by authorizing statutes, the agency may provide electronic access to information or documents.

Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 408.807, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.807 Change of ownership.—Whenever a change of ownership occurs:

(2) The transferee shall make application to the agency for a license within the timeframes required in s. 408.806. The effective date of the transfer must be submitted with the application. The effective date of licensure may not occur before the date of application. Final closing documents must be provided within 10 calendar days after the effective date of the transfer.

Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 408.808, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.808 License categories.-

(2) PROVISIONAL LICENSE.—A provisional license may be issued to an applicant pursuant to s. 408.809(3). An applicant against whom a proceeding denying or revoking a license is pending at the time of license renewal may be issued a provisional license effective until final action not subject to

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further appeal. A provisional license may also be issued to an applicant submitting an application for a change of ownership. A provisional license shall be limited in duration to a specific period that may not exceed 6 months, as determined by the agency.

Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 408.809, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses.-

- (5) Notwithstanding the requirement in s. 435.04(5), in order to submit annually, the attestations required in ss. 435.04(5) and 435.05(3) must be submitted at the time of license renewal. Background screening is not required to obtain a certificate of exemption issued under s. 483.106.
- (6) Effective October 1, 2009, in addition to the offenses listed in ss. 435.03 and 435.04, all persons required to undergo background screening pursuant to this part or authorizing statutes must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under any of the following provisions of law or any similar statute of another jurisdiction:
  - (a) Any authorizing statute, if the offense was a felony.
  - (b) This chapter, if the offense was a felony.
- (c) Section 409.920, relating to Medicaid-provider fraud, if the offense was a felony.
- (d) Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud, if the offense was a felony.
  - (e) Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence.
  - (f) Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable

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20092286 9-01044A-09 negligence, if the offense was a felony. (g) Section 810.02, relating to burglary. (h) Section 817.034, relating to fraudulent acts through mail, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photooptical systems. (i) Section 817.234, relating to false and fraudulent insurance claims. (j) Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering. (k) Section 817.568, relating to personal identification theft. (1) Section 817.60, relating to theft and obtaining credit cards through fraudulent means. (m) Section 817.61, relating to fraudulent use of credit cards if the offense was a felony. (n) Section 831.01, relating to forgery. (o) Section 831.02, relating to uttering forged instruments. (p) Section 831.07, relating to forging bank bills, checks, drafts, or promissory notes. (q) Section 831.09, relating to uttering forged bills, checks, drafts, or notes. (r) Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining medicinal drugs. (s) Section 831.31, relating to the sale, manufacture, delivery, or possession with the intent to sell any counterfeit controlled substance, if the offense was a felony.

A person employed or affiliated with a licensee on or before

September 30, 2009, shall not be required by law to submit to

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rescreening if that licensee has in its possession written evidence that the person has been screened and qualified according to s. 435.03 or s. 435.04. However, if such person has a disqualifying offense listed in this section, he or she may apply for an exemption from the appropriate licensing agency before September 30, 2009, and if agreed to by the employer, may continue to perform his or her duties until the licensing agency renders a decision on the application for exemption for offenses listed in this section. Exemptions from disqualification may be granted pursuant to s. 435.07.

Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 408.810, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.—In addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain and maintain a license.

- (3) Unless otherwise specified in this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules, any information required to be reported to the agency must be submitted within 21 calendar days after the report period or effective date of the information whichever occurs earlier, including, but not limited to, any change of:
- (a) Information contained in the most recent application for licensure; and
  - (b) Required insurance or bonds.

Section 20. Section 408.811, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

408.811 Right of inspection; copies; inspection reports;

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## plan for correction of deficiencies.-

- (1) An authorized officer or employee of the agency may make or cause to be made any inspection or investigation deemed necessary by the agency to determine the state of compliance with this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. The right of inspection extends to any business that the agency has reason to believe is being operated as a provider without a license, but inspection of any business suspected of being operated without the appropriate license may not be made without the permission of the owner or person in charge unless a warrant is first obtained from a circuit court. Any application for a license issued under this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules constitutes permission for an appropriate inspection to verify the information submitted on or in connection with the application.
- (a) All inspections shall be unannounced, except as specified in s. 408.806.
- (b) Inspections for relicensure shall be conducted biennially unless otherwise specified by authorizing statutes or applicable rules.
- (2) Inspections conducted in conjunction with certification, comparable licensure requirements, or a recognized or approved accreditation organization may be accepted in lieu of a complete licensure inspection. However, a licensure inspection may also be conducted to review any licensure requirements that are not also requirements for certification.
- (3) The agency shall have access to and the licensee shall provide, or if requested send, copies of all provider records

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required during an inspection or other review at no cost to the agency, including records requested during an off-site review.

- (4) (a) Each licensee shall maintain as public information, available upon request, records of all inspection reports pertaining to that provider that have been filed by the agency unless those reports are exempt from or contain information that is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution or is otherwise made confidential by law. Effective October 1, 2006, copies of such reports shall be retained in the records of the provider for at least 3 years following the date the reports are filed and issued, regardless of a change of ownership.
- (b) A licensee shall, upon the request of any person who has completed a written application with intent to be admitted by such provider, any person who is a client of such provider, or any relative, spouse, or guardian of any such person, furnish to the requester a copy of the last inspection report pertaining to the licensed provider that was issued by the agency or by an accrediting organization if such report is used in lieu of a licensure inspection.
- (5) Deficiencies must be corrected within 30 calendar days after the last day of an inspection or unless an alternative timeframe is required or approved by the agency.
- (6) The agency may require an applicant or licensee to submit a plan of correction for deficiencies. If required, the plan of correction must be filed with the agency within 10 calendar days after notification unless an alternative timeframe is required.
  - Section 21. Section 408.813, Florida Statutes, is amended

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813 to read:

408.813 Administrative fines; violations.—As a penalty for any violation of this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules, the agency may impose an administrative fine.

- (1) Unless the amount or aggregate limitation of the fine is prescribed by authorizing statutes or applicable rules, the agency may establish criteria by rule for the amount or aggregate limitation of administrative fines applicable to this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation and is subject to a separate fine. For fines imposed by final order of the agency and not subject to further appeal, the violator shall pay the fine plus interest at the rate specified in s. 55.03 for each day beyond the date set by the agency for payment of the fine.
- applicable rules, shall be classified according to the nature of the violation and the gravity of its probable effect on clients. The scope may be cited as isolated, patterned, or widespread. An isolated deficiency is a deficiency affecting one or a very limited number of clients, or involving one or a very limited number of staff, or a situation that occurred only occasionally or in a very limited number of locations. A patterned deficiency is a deficiency where more than a very limited number of clients are affected, or more than a very limited number of staff are involved, or the situation has occurred in several locations, or the same client or clients have been affected by repeated occurrences of the same deficient practice but the effect of the deficient practice is not found to be pervasive throughout the provider's facility. A widespread deficiency is a deficiency in

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which the problems causing the deficiency are pervasive in the provider's facility or represent systemic failure that has affected or has the potential to affect a large portion of the provider's clients. The definitions of classification in this section control over conflicting definitions in authorizing statutes. This section does not affect the legislative determination of fine amounts in authorizing statutes.

Violations shall be classified on the written notice as follows:

- (a) A class I violation is a condition or occurrence related to the operation and maintenance of a provider's facility or to the care of clients which the agency determines presents an imminent danger to the clients of the provider or a substantial probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm would result therefrom. The condition or practice constituting a class I violation shall be abated or eliminated within 24 hours, unless a fixed period, as determined by the agency, is required for correction. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class I violation in an amount determined by law. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
- (b) A class II violation is a condition or occurrence related to the operation and maintenance of a provider's facility or to the care of clients which the agency determines directly threatens the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of the clients, other than a class I violation. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class II violation in an amount determined by law. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
  - (c) A class III violation is a condition or occurrence

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related to the operation and maintenance of a provider's facility or to the care of clients which the agency determines indirectly or potentially threatens the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of clients, other than a class I violation or a class II violation. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class III violation in an amount determined by law. A citation for a class III violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class III violation is corrected within the time specified, a fine shall not be imposed.

(d) A class IV violation is a condition or occurrence related to the operation and maintenance of a provider's facility or to required reports, forms, or documents which does not have the potential of negatively affecting clients. This violation is of a type that the agency determines does not threaten the health, safety, or security of clients. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class IV violation in an amount determined by law. A citation for a class IV violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class IV violation is corrected within the time specified, a fine shall not be imposed.

Section 22. Subsections (12), (21), and (26) of section 408.820, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.820 Exemptions.—Except as prescribed in authorizing statutes, the following exemptions shall apply to specified requirements of this part:

(12) Health care risk managers, as provided under part I of chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7),  $\underline{408.810(4)-(10)}$  408.811.

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(21) Transitional living facilities, as provided under part V of chapter 400, are exempt from  $\underline{s.\ 408.810(10)}\ \underline{s.\ 408.810(7)}$ (10).

(26) Health care clinics, as provided under part X of chapter 400, are exempt from  $\underline{s. 408.810(6), (7), and (10)}$  ss.  $\underline{408.809 \text{ and } 408.810(1), (6), (7), and (10)}$ .

Section 23. Section 408.821, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

408.821 Emergency management planning; emergency operations; inactive license.—

- (1) A licensee who is required by authorizing statutes to have an emergency operations plan must designate a liaison officer to serve as primary contact related to emergency operations.
- (2) An entity subject to this part may temporarily exceed its licensed capacity to act as a receiving provider in accordance with an approved emergency operations plan for up to 15 days. While in an overcapacity status, each provider shall furnish or arrange for appropriate care and services to all clients. In addition, the agency may approve a request for overcapacity in excess of 15 days, and this approved request may be based upon satisfactory justification and need as provided by the receiving and sending providers.
- (3) (a) An inactive license may be issued to a licensee subject to this part when the provider is located in a geographic area where a state of emergency was declared by the Governor if the provider:
- 1. Suffered damage to its operation during that state of emergency.

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- 2. Is currently licensed.
- 3. Does not have a provisional license.
- 4. Will be temporarily unable to provide services but is reasonably expected to resume services within 12 months.
- (b) An inactive license may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months, but may be renewed by the agency for up to 12 additional months upon demonstration to the agency of progress toward reopening. A request by a licensee for an inactive license or to extend the previously approved inactive period must be submitted in writing to the agency, accompanied by written justification for the inactive license which states the beginning and ending dates of inactivity and includes a plan for the transfer of any clients to other providers and appropriate licensure fees. Upon agency approval, the licensee shall notify clients of any necessary discharge or transfer as required by authorizing statutes or applicable rules. The beginning of the inactive licensing period shall be the date the provider ceases operations. The end of the inactive period shall become the licensee expiration date, and all licensure fees must be current, paid in full, and may be prorated. Reactivation of an inactive license requires the prior approval by the agency of a renewal application, including payment of licensure fees and agency inspections indicating compliance with all requirements of this part and applicable rules and statutes.
- (4) The agency may establish rules related to emergency management planning, communications, and operations in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs. A licensee providing residential or inpatient services shall use an online database approved by the agency to report information

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to the agency regarding the provider emergency status, planning, or operations.

Section 24. <u>Subsections (3) and (4) of section 408.831,</u> Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 25. Subsection (5) of section 409.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the term:

- (5) "Change of ownership" means:
- (a) An event in which the ownership of the provider changes or intends to change to a different individual or other entity;
- (b) An event in which the provider changes to a different legal entity or in which 51 45 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, membership, or controlling interest of the provider is in any manner transferred or otherwise assigned.

  This paragraph does not apply to a licensee that is publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange; or
- (c) Any event considered a change of ownership for licensure as defined in s. 408.803 if the provider is licensed or registered by the agency in a corporation whose shares are not publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange is transferred or assigned, including the final transfer or assignment of multiple transfers or assignments over a 2-year period that cumulatively total 45 percent or more.

A change solely in the management company or board of directors is not a change of ownership.

Section 26. Section 429.071, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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Section 27. Section 429.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 429.08 Unlicensed facilities; referral of person for residency to unlicensed facility; penalties; verification of licensure status.—
- (1) (a) This section applies to the unlicensed operation of an assisted living facility in addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408.
- (b) Except as provided under paragraph (d), any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted living facility commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense.
- (c) Any person found guilty of violating paragraph (a) a second or subsequent time commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided under s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense.
- (d) Any person who owns, operates, or maintains an unlicensed assisted living facility due to a change in this part or a modification in rule within 6 months after the effective date of such change and who, within 10 working days after receiving notification from the agency, fails to cease operation or apply for a license under this part commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each day of continued operation is a separate offense.
- (e) The agency shall provide to the department's elder information and referral providers a list, by county, of licensed assisted living facilities, to assist persons who are

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1016 considering an assisted living facility placement in locating a
1017 licensed facility. This information may be provided
1018 electronically or through the agency's Internet website.

- Administration shall establish a local coordinating workgroup which includes representatives of local law enforcement agencies, state attorneys, the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, local fire authorities, the Department of Children and Family Services, the district long-term care ombudsman council, and the district human rights advocacy committee to assist in identifying the operation of unlicensed facilities and to develop and implement a plan to ensure effective enforcement of state laws relating to such facilities. The workgroup shall report its findings, actions, and recommendations semiannually to the Director of Health Quality Assurance of the agency.
- (2)-(3) It is unlawful to knowingly refer a person for residency to an unlicensed assisted living facility; to an assisted living facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to an assisted living facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408. Any person who violates this subsection commits a noncriminal violation, punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500 as provided in s. 775.083.
- (a) Any health care practitioner, as defined in s. 456.001, who is aware of the operation of an unlicensed facility shall report that facility to the agency. Failure to report a facility that the practitioner knows or has reasonable cause to suspect is unlicensed shall be reported to the practitioner's licensing

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(b) Any hospital or community mental health center licensed under chapter 395 or chapter 394 which knowingly discharges a patient or client to an unlicensed facility is subject to sanction by the agency.

- (c) Any employee of the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, who knowingly refers a person for residency to an unlicensed facility; to a facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to a facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408 is subject to disciplinary action by the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (d) The employer of any person who is under contract with the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, and who knowingly refers a person for residency to an unlicensed facility; to a facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to a facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408 shall be fined and required to prepare a corrective action plan designed to prevent such referrals.
- (e) The agency shall provide the department and the Department of Children and Family Services with a list of licensed facilities within each county and shall update the list at least quarterly. This information may be provided electronically or through the agency's Internet website.
- (f) At least annually, the agency shall notify, in appropriate trade publications, physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, hospitals licensed under chapter

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395, nursing home facilities licensed under part II of chapter 400, and employees of the agency or the department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, who are responsible for referring persons for residency, that it is unlawful to knowingly refer a person for residency to an unlicensed assisted living facility and shall notify them of the penalty for violating such prohibition. The department and the Department of Children and Family Services shall, in turn, notify service providers under contract to the respective departments who have responsibility for resident referrals to facilities. Further, the notice must direct each noticed facility and individual to contact the appropriate agency office in order to verify the licensure status of any facility before <del>prior to</del> referring any person for residency. Each notice must include the name, telephone number, and mailing address of the appropriate office to contact.

Section 28. Section 429.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.19 Violations; imposition of administrative fines; grounds.—

(1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the agency shall impose an administrative fine in the manner provided in chapter 120 for the violation of any provision of this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules by an assisted living facility, for the actions of any person subject to level 2 background screening under s. 408.809, for the actions of any facility employee, or for an intentional or negligent act seriously affecting the health, safety, or welfare of a resident of the facility.

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(2) Each violation of this part and adopted rules shall be classified according to the nature of the violation and the gravity of its probable effect on facility residents. The agency shall indicate the classification on the written notice of the violation as follows:

- violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines present an imminent danger to the residents or guests of the facility or a substantial probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm would result therefrom. The condition or practice constituting a class I violation shall be abated or eliminated within 24 hours, unless a fixed period, as determined by the agency, is required for correction. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class I violation in an amount not less than \$5,000 and not exceeding \$10,000 for each violation. A fine may be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
- (b) A class "II" violation is defined in s. 408.813. violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines directly threaten the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of the facility residents, other than class I violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class II violation in an amount not less than \$1,000 and not exceeding \$5,000 for each violation. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.

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(c) A class "III" violation is defined in s. 408.813. violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines indirectly or potentially threaten the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of facility residents, other than class I or class II violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class III violation in an amount not less than \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000 for each violation. A citation for a class III violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class III violation is corrected within the time specified, no fine may be imposed, unless it is a repeated offense.

- violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a building or to required reports, forms, or documents that do not have the potential of negatively affecting residents. These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not threaten the health, safety, or security of residents of the facility. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class IV violation in an amount not less than \$100 and not exceeding \$200 for each violation. A citation for a class IV violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class IV violation is corrected within the time specified, no fine shall be imposed. Any class IV violation that is corrected during the time an agency survey is being conducted will be identified as an agency finding and not as a violation.
  - (3) For purposes of this section, in determining if a

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penalty is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the fine, the agency shall consider the following factors:

- (a) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm to a resident will result or has resulted, the severity of the action or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable laws or rules were violated.
- (b) Actions taken by the owner or administrator to correct violations.
  - (c) Any previous violations.
- (d) The financial benefit to the facility of committing or continuing the violation.
  - (e) The licensed capacity of the facility.
- (4) Each day of continuing violation after the date fixed for termination of the violation, as ordered by the agency, constitutes an additional, separate, and distinct violation.
- (5) Any action taken to correct a violation shall be documented in writing by the owner or administrator of the facility and verified through followup visits by agency personnel. The agency may impose a fine and, in the case of an owner-operated facility, revoke or deny a facility's license when a facility administrator fraudulently misrepresents action taken to correct a violation.
- (6) Any facility whose owner fails to apply for a change-of-ownership license in accordance with part II of chapter 408 and operates the facility under the new ownership is subject to a fine of \$5,000.
- (7) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the agency may assess a survey fee, equal to the lesser of one half

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of the facility's biennial license and bed fee or \$500, to cover the cost of conducting initial complaint investigations that result in the finding of a violation that was the subject of the complaint or monitoring visits conducted under s. 429.28(3)(c) to verify the correction of the violations.

(8) The agency, as an alternative to or in conjunction with an administrative action against a facility for violations of this part and adopted rules, shall make a reasonable attempt to discuss each violation and recommended corrective action with the owner or administrator of the facility, prior to written notification. The agency, instead of fixing a period within which the facility shall enter into compliance with standards, may request a plan of corrective action from the facility which demonstrates a good faith effort to remedy each violation by a specific date, subject to the approval of the agency.

(8) (9) The agency shall develop and disseminate an annual list of all facilities sanctioned or fined \$5,000 or more for violations of state standards, the number and class of violations involved, the penalties imposed, and the current status of cases. The list shall be disseminated, at no charge, to the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the area agencies on aging, the Florida Statewide Advocacy Council, and the state and local ombudsman councils. The Department of Children and Family Services shall disseminate the list to service providers under contract to the department who are responsible for referring persons to a facility for residency. The agency may charge a fee commensurate with the cost of printing and postage to other

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interested parties requesting a copy of this list. This information may be provided electronically or through the agency's Internet site.

Section 29. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 429.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

429.23 Internal risk management and quality assurance program; adverse incidents and reporting requirements.—

- (2) Every facility licensed under this part is required to maintain adverse incident reports. For purposes of this section, the term, "adverse incident" means:
- (a) An event over which facility personnel could exercise control rather than as a result of the resident's condition and results in:
  - 1. Death;

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- 2. Brain or spinal damage;
- 3. Permanent disfigurement;
- 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
- 5. Any condition that required medical attention to which the resident has not given his or her consent, including failure to honor advanced directives;
- 6. Any condition that requires the transfer of the resident from the facility to a unit providing more acute care due to the incident rather than the resident's condition before the incident; or  $\cdot$
- 7. An event that is reported to a law enforcement agency or its personnel.
  - (b) Resident elopement, if the elopement places the resident at risk of harm or injury Abuse, neglect, or exploitation as defined in s. 415.102;

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(c) Events reported to law enforcement; or

(d) Elopement.

- (6) Any incident of abuse, neglect, or exploitation must be reported to the Department of Children and Family Services as required by chapter 415. The agency shall annually submit to the Legislature a report on assisted living facility adverse incident reports. The report must include the following information arranged by county:
  - (a) A total number of adverse incidents;
- (b) A listing, by category, of the type of adverse incidents occurring within each category and the type of staff involved:
- (c) A listing, by category, of the types of injuries, if any, and the number of injuries occurring within each category;
- (d) Types of liability claims filed based on an adverse incident report or reportable injury; and
- (e) Disciplinary action taken against staff, categorized by the type of staff involved.
- Section 30. <u>Subsection (9) of section 429.26</u>, Florida <u>Statutes</u>, is repealed.
- Section 31. Subsection (5) of section 435.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 435.04 Level 2 screening standards.-
- (5) Under penalty of perjury, all employees in such positions of trust or responsibility shall attest to meeting the requirements for qualifying for employment and agreeing to inform the employer immediately if convicted of any of the disqualifying offenses while employed by the employer. Each employer of employees in such positions of trust or

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responsibilities which is licensed or registered by a state agency shall submit to the licensing agency annually or at the time of relicensure, under penalty of perjury, an affidavit of compliance with the provisions of this section.

Section 32. Subsection (3) of section 435.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

435.05 Requirements for covered employees.—Except as otherwise provided by law, the following requirements shall apply to covered employees:

(3) Each employer required to conduct level 2 background screening must sign an affidavit annually or at the time of relicensure, under penalty of perjury, stating that all covered employees have been screened or are newly hired and are awaiting the results of the required screening checks.

Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 483.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.031 Application of part; exemptions.—This part applies to all clinical laboratories within this state, except:

(2) A clinical laboratory that performs only waived tests and has received a certificate of exemption from the agency under s. 483.106.

Section 34. Subsection (10) of section 483.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(10) "Waived test" means a test that the federal <u>Centers</u> for <u>Medicare and Medicaid Services</u> Health Care Financing

Administration has determined qualifies for a certificate of waiver under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement

Amendments of 1988, and the federal rules adopted thereunder.

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Section 35. Section 483.106, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 36. Subsection (3) of section 483.172, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

483.172 License fees.-

(3) The agency shall assess a biennial fee of \$100 for a certificate of exemption and a \$100 license fee for facilities surveyed by an approved accrediting organization.

Section 37. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 483.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.23 Offenses; criminal penalties.-

- (1) (a) It is unlawful for any person to:
- 1. Operate, maintain, direct, or engage in the business of operating a clinical laboratory unless she or he has obtained a clinical laboratory license from the agency or is exempt under s. 483.031.
- 2. Conduct, maintain, or operate a clinical laboratory, other than an exempt laboratory or a laboratory operated under s. 483.035, unless the clinical laboratory is under the direct and responsible supervision and direction of a person licensed under part III of this chapter.
- 3. Allow any person other than an individual licensed under part III of this chapter to perform clinical laboratory procedures, except in the operation of a laboratory exempt under s. 483.031 or a laboratory operated under s. 483.035.
- 4. Violate or aid and abet in the violation of any provision of this part or the rules adopted under this part.

Section 38. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.