By the Committees on Judiciary; and Criminal Justice; and Senators Dean and Aronberg

	590-02381-09 2009236c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the unlawful use of utility
3	services; amending s. 812.14, F.S.; providing that a
4	rebuttable presumption of a person's or entity's
5	intent to unlawfully use utility services exists under
6	certain circumstances; providing penalties; providing
7	that theft of utility services for the purpose of
8	manufacturing a controlled substance is a third-degree
9	felony; providing that prosecution of theft of utility
10	services for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled
11	substance is in lieu of prosecution for theft pursuant
12	to s. 812.014, F.S.; providing for prima facie
13	evidence of intent to commit theft of utility services
14	for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled
15	substance; providing an effective date.
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17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Section 812.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to
20	read:
21	812.14 Trespass and larceny with relation to utility
22	fixtures; theft of utility services
23	(1) As used in this section, "utility" includes any person,
24	firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision,
25	whether private, municipal, county, or cooperative, which is
26	engaged in the sale, generation, provision, or delivery of gas,
27	electricity, heat, water, oil, sewer service, telephone service,
28	telegraph service, radio service, or telecommunication service.
29	(2) It is unlawful to:

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30 (a) Willfully alter, tamper with, injure, or knowingly 31 suffer to be injured any meter, meter seal, pipe, conduit, wire, line, cable, transformer, amplifier, or other apparatus or 32 33 device belonging to a utility line service in such a manner as 34 to cause loss or damage or to prevent any meter installed for 35 registering electricity, gas, or water from registering the 36 quantity which otherwise would pass through the same; or to 37 alter the index or break the seal of any such meter; or in any 38 way to hinder or interfere with the proper action or just 39 registration of any such meter or device; or knowingly to use, 40 waste, or suffer the waste, by any means, of electricity or gas 41 or water passing through any such meter, wire, pipe, or fitting, 42 or other appliance or appurtenance connected with or belonging 43 to any such utility, after such meter, wire, pipe or fitting, or 44 other appliance or appurtenance has been tampered with, injured, 45 or altered.

(b) Make or cause to be made any connection with any wire, 46 47 main, service pipe or other pipes, appliance, or appurtenance in 48 such manner as to use, without the consent of the utility, any 49 service or any electricity, gas, or water, or to cause to be 50 supplied any service or electricity, gas, or water from a 51 utility to any person, firm, or corporation or any lamp, burner, 52 orifice, faucet, or other outlet whatsoever, without such 53 service being reported for payment or such electricity, gas, or 54 water passing through a meter provided by the utility and used 55 for measuring and registering the quantity of electricity, gas, 56 or water passing through the same.

57 (c) Use or receive the direct benefit from the use of a58 utility knowing, or under such circumstances as would induce a

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59	reasonable person to believe, that such direct benefits have
60	resulted from any tampering with, altering of, or injury to any
61	connection, wire, conductor, meter, pipe, conduit, line, cable,
62	transformer, amplifier, or other apparatus or device owned,
63	operated, or controlled by such utility, for the purpose of
64	avoiding payment.
65	(3) The presence on property in the actual possession of a
66	person of any device or alteration that which affects the
67	diversion or use of the services of a utility so as to avoid the
68	registration of such use by or on a meter installed by the
69	utility or so as to otherwise avoid the reporting of use of such
70	service for payment <u>is</u> shall be prima facie evidence of the
71	violation of this section by such person; however, this
72	presumption <u>does</u> shall not apply unless:
73	(a) The presence of such a device or alteration can be
74	attributed only to a deliberate act in furtherance of an intent
75	to avoid payment for utility services;
76	(b) The person charged has received the direct benefit of
77	the reduction of the cost of such utility services; and
78	(c) The customer or recipient of the utility services has
79	received the direct benefit of such utility service for at least
80	one full billing cycle.
81	(4) A rebuttable presumption of a person's or entity's
82	intent to violate paragraph (2)(b) exists if:
83	(a) A controlled substance and materials for manufacturing
84	the controlled substance intended for sale or distribution to
85	another were found in a structure or dwelling;
86	(b) Materials or equipment for manufacturing the controlled
87	substance have been in the structure or dwelling for at least 1

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590-02381-09 2009236c2 88 year; 89 (c) The dwelling or structure has been visibly modified to 90 accommodate the use of equipment to grow marijuana indoors, 91 including, but not limited to, the installation of equipment to 92 provide additional air conditioning, equipment to provide high-93 wattage lighting, or equipment for hydroponic cultivation; and 94 (d) The person or entity who owned, leased, or subleased 95 the structure or dwelling knew or should have known, through the exercise of due diligence, of the presence of the controlled 96 97 substance and materials for manufacturing the controlled 98 substance in the structure or dwelling, regardless of whether 99 the person or entity was involved in the manufacture or sale of the controlled substance or was in actual possession of the 100 101 structure or dwelling. 102 (5) (4) Any person who willfully violates paragraph (2) (a) 103 or paragraph (2) (c) commits this section shall be quilty of a 104 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 105 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who willfully violates 106 paragraph (2) (b) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 107 108 Prosecution of a violation of subsection (2) does not preclude 109 prosecution of theft under subsection (6) or s. 812.014. 110 (6) Theft of utility services for the purpose of facilitating the manufacture of a controlled substance is a 111 112 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 113 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 114 (7) It is prima facie evidence of a person's intent to 115 violate subsection (6) if: 116 (a) The person committed theft of utility services

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117	resulting in a structure, as defined in s. 810.011, or a
118	dwelling, as defined in s. 810.011, receiving unauthorized
119	access to utility services;
120	(b) A controlled substance and materials for manufacturing
121	the controlled substance were found in the structure or
122	dwelling; and
123	(c) The person knew of the presence of the controlled
124	substance and materials for manufacturing the controlled
125	substance in the structure or dwelling, regardless of whether
126	the person was involved in the manufacture of the controlled
127	substance.
128	(8) (5) Whoever is found in a civil action to have violated
129	the provisions <u>of this section is</u> hereof shall be liable to the
130	utility involved in an amount equal to 3 times the amount of
131	services unlawfully obtained or \$1,000, whichever is greater.
132	<u>(9)(6) Nothing in This section does not</u> act shall be
133	construed to apply to licensed and certified electrical
134	contractors while performing usual and ordinary service in
135	accordance with recognized standards.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2009.

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