

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: WD		
04/20/2009		
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The Committee on General Government Appropriations (Oelrich) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 328 - 949

and insert:

Section 3. Effective October 1, 2009, renumber subsections (4) through (7) of section 253.04, Florida Statutes, as (5) through (8) and create new subsection (4) of that section to read:

9 253.04 Duty of board to protect, etc., state lands; state 10 may join in any action brought.-

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(4) (a) The duty to conserve and improve state-owned lands

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12	and the products thereof shall include the preservation and
13	regeneration of seagrass, which is deemed essential to the
14	oceans, gulfs, estuaries, and shorelines of the state. A person
15	operating a vessel outside a lawfully marked channel in a
16	careless manner that causes seagrass scarring within an aquatic
17	preserve established in ss. 258.39-258.399, with the exception
18	of the Lake Jackson, Oklawaha River, Wekiva River, and Rainbow
19	Springs aquatic preserves, commits a noncriminal infraction,
20	punishable as provided in s. 327.73. Each violation is a
21	separate offense. As used in this subsection, the term:
22	1. "Seagrass scarring" means destruction of seagrass roots,
23	shoots, or stems that results in tracks on the substrate, caused
24	by the operation of a motorized vessel in waters supporting
25	seagrasses, commonly referred to as prop scars or propeller
26	scars.
27	2. "Seagrass" means Cuban shoal grass (Halodule wrightii),
28	turtle grass (Thalassia testudinum), manatee grass (Syringodium
29	filiforme), star grass (Halophila engelmannii), paddle grass
30	(Halophila decipiens), Johnsons seagrass (Halophila johnsonii),
31	or widgeon grass ( <i>Ruppia maritima</i> ).
32	(b) Any violation under paragraph (a) is a violation of the
33	vessel laws of this state and shall be charged on a uniform
34	boating citation as provided in s. 327.74. Any person who
35	refuses to post a bond or accept and sign a uniform boating
36	citation commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, as provided
37	in s. 327.73(3), punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
38	775.083.
39	Section 4. Effective September 1, 2009, subsection (3) of
40	section 319.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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41	319.32 Fees; service charges; disposition
42	(3) The department shall charge a fee of $\frac{\$10}{\$4}$ in addition
43	to that charged in subsection (1) for each original certificate
44	of title issued for a vehicle previously registered outside this
45	state.
46	Section 5. Effective September 1, 2009, paragraphs (a) and
47	(x) of subsection (4) of section 320.08056, Florida Statutes,
48	are amended to read:
49	320.08056 Specialty license plates
50	(4) The following license plate annual use fees shall be
51	collected for the appropriate specialty license plates:
52	(a) Manatee license plate, <u>\$25</u> <del>\$20</del> .
53	(x) Conserve Wildlife license plate, <u>\$25</u> <del>\$15</del> .
54	Section 6. Subsection (17) of section 327.02, Florida
55	Statutes, is amended to read:
56	327.02 Definitions of terms used in this chapter and in
57	chapter 328.—As used in this chapter and in chapter 328, unless
58	the context clearly requires a different meaning, the term:
59	(17) "Live-aboard vessel" means:
60	(a) Any vessel used solely as a residence and not for
61	navigation; <del>or</del>
62	(b) Any vessel represented as a place of business, a
63	professional or other commercial enterprise $\underline{;_{ au}}$ or <del>a legal</del>
64	residence.
65	(c) Any vessel for which a declaration of domicile has been
66	filed pursuant to s. 222.17.
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68	A commercial fishing boat is expressly excluded from the
69	term "live-aboard vessel."

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Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 327.35, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

72 327.35 Boating under the influence; penalties; "designated 73 drivers".-

(1) A person is guilty of the offense of boating under the
influence and is subject to punishment as provided in subsection
(2) if the person is operating a vessel within this state and:

(a) The person is under the influence of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s. 877.111, or any substance controlled under chapter 893, when affected to the extent that the person's normal faculties are impaired;

(b) The person has a blood-alcohol level of 0.08 or moregrams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or

83 (c) The person has a breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or more84 grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.

(4) Any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who has a blood-alcohol level or breathalcohol level of <u>0.15</u> <del>0.20</del> or higher, or any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1) and who at the time of the offense was accompanied in the vessel by a person under the age of 18 years, shall be punished:

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(a) By a fine of:

92 1. Not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000 for a first 93 conviction.

94 2. Not less than \$2,000 or more than \$4,000 for a second 95 conviction.

3. Not less than \$4,000 for a third or subsequentconviction.

(b) By imprisonment for:

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99 1. Not more than 9 months for a first conviction. 2. Not more than 12 months for a second conviction. 100 101 102 For the purposes of this subsection, only the instant 103 offense is required to be a violation of subsection (1) by a 104 person who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 105 0.15 <del>0.20</del> or higher. Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 106 107 327.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 108 327.36 Mandatory adjudication; prohibition against 109 accepting plea to lesser included offense.-110 (2) (a) No trial judge may accept a plea of guilty to a 111 lesser offense from a person who is charged with a violation of 112 s. 327.35, manslaughter resulting from the operation of a vessel, or vessel homicide and who has been given a breath or 113 blood test to determine blood or breath alcohol content, the 114 115 results of which show a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 <del>0.16</del> or more. 116 117 Section 9. Effective January 1, 2010, section 327.395, 118 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 327.395 Boating safety identification cards.-119 120 (1) A person born on or after January 1, 1988, <del>21 years of</del> age or younger may not operate a vessel powered by a motor of 10 121 122 horsepower or greater unless such person has in his or her 123 possession aboard the vessel photographic identification and a 124 boater safety identification card issued by the commission which 125 shows that he or she has: (a) Completed a commission-approved boater education course 126 127 that meets the minimum 8-hour instruction requirement

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128 established by the National Association of State Boating Law 129 Administrators;

(b) Passed a course equivalency examination approved by the commission; or

(c) Passed a temporary certificate examination developed orapproved by the commission.

(2) Any person may obtain a boater safety identificationcard by complying with the requirements of this section.

(3) Any commission-approved boater education or boater safety course, course-equivalency examination developed or approved by the commission, or temporary certificate examination developed or approved by the commission must include a component regarding diving vessels, awareness of divers in the water, divers-down flags, and the requirements of s. 327.331.

(4) The commission may appoint liveries, marinas, or other
persons as its agents to administer the course, course
equivalency examination, or temporary certificate examination
and issue identification cards under guidelines established by
the commission. An agent must charge the \$2 examination fee,
which must be forwarded to the commission with proof of passage
of the examination and may charge and keep a \$1 service fee.

(5) An identification card issued to a person who has completed a boating education course or a course equivalency examination is valid for life. A card issued to a person who has passed a temporary certification examination is valid for 12 months from the date of issuance.

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(6) A person is exempt from subsection (1) if he or she:

(a) Is licensed by the United States Coast Guard to serveas master of a vessel.

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157 (b) Operates a vessel only on a private lake or pond. (c) Is accompanied in the vessel by a person who is exempt 158 159 from this section or who holds an identification card in 160 compliance with this section, is 18 years of age or older, and 161 is attendant to the operation of the vessel and responsible for 162 the safe operation of the vessel and for any violation that 163 occurs during the operation. 164 (d) Is a nonresident who has in his or her possession proof 165 that he or she has completed a boater education course or 166 equivalency examination in another state which meets or exceeds 167 the requirements of subsection (1). 168 (e) Is operating a vessel within 90 days after the purchase of that vessel and has available for inspection aboard that 169 170 vessel a bill of sale meeting the requirements of s. 328.46(1). 171 (f) (e) Is exempted by rule of the commission. 172 (7) A person who operates a vessel in violation of 173 subsection (1) commits violates this section is guilty of a noncriminal infraction, punishable as provided in s. 327.73. 174 175 (8) The commission shall design forms and adopt rules to 176 administer this section. Such rules shall include provision for 177 educational and other public and private entities to offer the 178 course and administer examinations. 179 (9) The commission shall institute and coordinate a 180 statewide program of boating safety instruction and 181 certification to ensure that boating courses and examinations 182 are available in each county of the state. 183 (10) The commission is authorized to establish and to collect a \$2 examination fee to cover administrative costs. 184 185 (11) The commission is authorized to adopt rules pursuant Page 7 of 25

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186 to chapter 120 to implement the provisions of this section. 187 Section 10. Effective October 1, 2009, section 327.40, 188 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

189 327.40 Uniform waterway markers for safety and navigation; 190 informational markers.-

191 (1) Waters of this state Waterways in Florida which need 192 marking for safety or navigation purposes shall be marked only in conformity with under the United States Aids to Navigation 193 194 System, 33 C.F.R. part 62. Until December 31, 2003, channel 195 markers and obstruction markers conforming to the Uniform State 196 Waterway Marking System, 33 C.F.R. subpart 66.10, may continue 197 to be used on waters of this state that are not navigable waters 198 of the United States.

199 (2) (a) Application for marking inland lakes and state 200 waters and any navigable waters under concurrent jurisdiction of the Coast Guard and the division shall be made to the division, 201 202 accompanied by a map locating the approximate placement of markers, a list of the markers to be placed, a statement of the 203 204 specification of the markers, a statement of the purpose of 205 marking, and the names of persons responsible for the placement 206 and upkeep of such markers. The division will assist the 207 applicant to secure the proper permission from the Coast Guard 208 where required, make such investigations as needed, and issue a 209 permit. The division shall furnish the applicant with the 210 information concerning the system adopted and the rules existing for placing and maintaining the markers. The division shall keep 211 212 records of all approvals given and counsel with individuals, counties, municipalities, motorboat clubs, or other groups 213 214 desiring to mark waterways for safety and navigation purposes in

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215 Florida.

(b) 1. No person or municipality, county, or other governmental entity shall place any <u>uniform waterway marker</u> safety or navigation markers in, on, or over the waters or shores of the state without a permit from the division.

220 2. The placement of informational markers, including, but 221 not limited to, markers indicating end of boat ramp, no 222 swimming, swimming area, lake name, trash receptacle, public 223 health notice, or underwater hazard and canal, regulatory, 224 emergency, and special event markers, by counties, 225 municipalities, or other governmental entities on inland lakes 226 and their associated canals are exempt from permitting under 227 this section. Such markers, excluding swimming area and special 228 event markers, may be no more than 50 feet from the normal 229 shoreline.

(c) The commission is authorized to adopt rules pursuant tochapter 120 to implement this section.

(3) The placement <u>under this section or s. 327.41</u> of any
<u>uniform waterway marker</u> safety or navigation marker or any
<del>informational marker under subparagraph (2)(b)2.</del> on state
submerged lands <del>under this section</del> does not subject such lands
to the lease requirements of chapter 253.

237 Section 11. Effective October 1, 2009, subsection (2) of 238 section 327.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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327.41 Uniform waterway regulatory markers.-

(2) Any county or municipality which has been granted a
 boating-restricted restricted area designation, by rule of the
 <u>commission</u> pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(a), for a portion of the
 Florida Intracoastal Waterway within its jurisdiction or which

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244	has adopted a <u>boating-restricted</u> <del>restricted</del> area by ordinance
245	pursuant to <u>s. 327.46(1)(b) or (c)</u> <del>s. 327.22, s. 327.60,</del> or s.
246	379.2431(2)(p), or any other governmental entity which has
247	legally established a <u>boating-restricted</u> <del>restricted</del> area, may
248	apply to the commission for permission to place regulatory
249	markers within the boating-restricted restricted area.
250	Section 12. Effective October 1, 2009, section 327.42,
251	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
252	327.42 Mooring to or damaging of <u>uniform waterway</u> markers
253	or buoys prohibited
254	(1) No person shall moor or fasten a vessel to a lawfully
255	placed <u>uniform waterway</u> aid-to-navigation marker or buoy,
256	regulatory marker or buoy, or area boundary marker or buoy,
257	placed or erected by any governmental agency, except in case of
258	emergency or with the written consent of the marker's owner.
259	(2) No person shall willfully damage, alter, or move a
260	lawfully placed <u>uniform waterway</u> <del>aid-to-navigation</del> marker <del>or</del>
261	buoy, regulatory marker or buoy, or area boundary marker or
262	buoy.
263	Section 13. Effective October 1, 2009, section 327.46,
264	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
265	327.46 Boating-restricted Restricted areas
266	(1) <u>Boating-restricted</u> <del>The commission has the authority to</del>
267	establish by rule, pursuant to chapter 120, restricted areas <u>,</u>
268	including, but not limited to, restrictions of vessel speeds and
269	vessel traffic, may be established on the waters of this the
270	state for any purpose <del>deemed</del> necessary <u>to protect</u> for the safety
271	of the public, including, but not limited to, vessel speeds and
272	<del>vessel traffic,</del> where such restrictions are <del>deemed</del> necessary

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273	based on boating accidents, visibility, hazardous currents or
274	water levels, vessel traffic congestion, or other navigational
275	hazards.
276	(a) The commission may establish boating-restricted areas
277	by rule, pursuant to chapter 120.
278	(b) Municipalities and counties have the authority to
279	establish the following boating-restricted areas by ordinance:
280	1. An ordinance establishing an Idle Speed-No Wake boating-
281	restricted area, if the area is:
282	a. Within 500 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway,
283	or other launching or landing facility available for use by the
284	general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width
285	or within 300 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or
286	other launching or landing facility available for use by the
287	general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in
288	width.
289	b. Within 500 feet of fuel pumps or dispensers at any
290	marine fueling facility that sells motor fuel to the general
291	boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or
292	within 300 feet of the fuel pumps or dispensers at any licensed
293	terminal facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating
294	public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
295	c. Inside or within 300 feet of any lock structure.
296	2. An ordinance establishing a Slow Speed Minimum Wake
297	boating-restricted area if the area is:
298	a. Within 300 feet of any bridge fender system.
299	b. Within 300 feet of any bridge span presenting a vertical
300	clearance of less than 25 feet or a horizontal clearance of less
301	than 100 feet.

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302	c. On a creek, stream, canal, or similar linear waterway
303	where the waterway is less than 75 feet in width from shoreline
304	to shoreline.
305	d. On a lake or pond of less than 10 acres in total surface
306	area.
307	3. An ordinance establishing a vessel exclusion zone if the
308	area is:
309	a. Designated as a public bathing beach or swim area.
310	b. Within 300 feet of a dam, spillway, or flood-control
311	structure.
312	(c) Municipalities and counties have the authority to
313	establish by ordinance the following other boating-restricted
314	areas:
315	1. An ordinance establishing an Idle Speed-No Wake boating-
316	restricted area, if the area is within 300 feet of a confluence
317	of water bodies presenting a blind corner, a bend in a narrow
318	channel or fairway, or such other area where an intervening
319	obstruction to visibility may obscure other vessels or other
320	users of the waterway.
321	2. An ordinance establishing a Slow Speed Minimum Wake or a
322	numerical speed limit boating-restricted area if the area is:
323	a. Within 300 feet of a confluence of water bodies
324	presenting a blind corner, a bend in a narrow channel or
325	fairway, or such other area where an intervening obstruction to
326	visibility may obscure other vessels or other users of the
327	waterway.
328	b. Subject to unsafe levels of vessel traffic congestion.
329	c. Subject to hazardous water levels or currents, or
330	containing other navigational hazards.

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331	d. An area that accident reports, uniform boating
332	citations, vessel traffic studies, or other creditable data
333	demonstrate to present a significant risk of collision or a
334	significant threat to boating safety.
335	3. An ordinance establishing a vessel-exclusion zone if the
336	area is reserved exclusively:
337	a. As a canoe trail or otherwise limited to vessels under
338	oars or under sail.
339	b. For a particular activity and user group, separation
340	must be imposed to protect the safety of those participating in
341	such activity.
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343	Any of the ordinances adopted pursuant to this paragraph
344	shall not take effect until the commission has reviewed the
345	ordinance and determined by substantial competent evidence that
346	the ordinance is necessary to protect public safety pursuant to
347	this paragraph. Any application for approval of an ordinance
348	shall be reviewed and acted upon within 90 days after receipt of
349	a completed application. Within 30 days after a municipality or
350	county submits an application for approval to the commission,
351	the commission shall advise the municipality or county as to
352	what information, if any, is needed to deem the application
353	properly completed. An application shall be considered complete
354	upon receipt of all requested information and correction of any
355	error or omission for which the applicant was timely notified or
356	when the time for such notification has expired. The
357	commission's action on the application is subject to review
358	under chapter 120. The commission shall initiate rulemaking
359	within 180 days after the effective date of this act to provide

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360 <u>criteria and procedures for reviewing applications submitted</u> 361 <u>under this part and procedures for providing for public notice</u> 362 <u>and participation.</u>

363 (2) Each such <u>boating-restricted</u> restricted area shall be 364 developed in consultation and coordination with the governing 365 body of the county or municipality in which the <u>boating-</u> 366 <u>restricted</u> restricted area is located and, <u>when the boating-</u> 367 <u>restricted area is to be on the navigable waters of the United</u> 368 <u>States</u> where required, with the United States Coast Guard and 369 the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

370 <u>(3)(2)</u> It is unlawful for any person to operate a vessel in 371 a prohibited manner or to carry on any prohibited activity, as 372 defined in this chapter, deemed a safety hazard or interference 373 with navigation as provided above within a <u>boating-restricted</u> 374 restricted water area <u>that which</u> has been clearly marked by 375 regulatory markers as authorized under this chapter.

376 <u>(4) (3)</u> <u>Restrictions in a boating-restricted area</u> 377 <u>established pursuant to</u> this section shall not apply in the case 378 of an emergency or to a law enforcement, firefighting, or rescue 379 vessel owned or operated by a governmental entity.

380 Section 14. Effective October 1, 2009, section 327.60,
381 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382

327.60 Local regulations; limitations.-

(1) The provisions of <u>this chapter and chapter 328</u> ss.
384 327.01, 327.02, 327.30-327.40, 327.44-327.50, 327.54, 327.56,
385 327.65, 328.40-328.48, 328.52-328.58, 328.62, and 328.64 shall
386 govern the operation, equipment, and all other matters relating
thereto whenever any vessel shall be operated upon the <u>waters of</u>
this state waterways or when any activity regulated hereby shall

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	take place thereon.
390	<u>(2)</u> Nothing in <u>this chapter or chapter 328</u> <del>these sections</del>
391	shall be construed to prevent the adoption of any ordinance or
392	local <u>regulation</u> <del>law</del> relating to operation <del>and equipment</del> of
393	vessels, except that <u>no county or municipality shall enact,</u>
394	continue in effect, or enforce any ordinance or local
395	regulation:
396	(a) Establishing a vessel or associated equipment
397	performance or other safety standard, imposing a requirement for
398	associated equipment, or regulating the carrying or use of
399	marine safety articles;
400	(b) With respect to the design, manufacture, installation,
401	or use of any marine sanitation device on any vessel;
402	(c) Regulating any vessel upon the Florida Intracoastal
403	Waterway;
404	(d) Discriminating against personal watercraft;
405	(e) Discriminating against airboats, for ordinances adopted
406	after July 1, 2006, unless adopted by a two-thirds vote of the
407	governing body enacting such ordinance;
408	(f) Regulating the anchoring of vessels other than live-
409	aboard vessels outside the marked boundaries of mooring fields
410	permitted as provided in s. 327.40;
411	(g) Regulating engine or exhaust noise, except as provided
412	<u>in s. 327.65; or</u>
413	(h) That is in conflict with this chapter or any amendments
414	thereto or rules thereunder. no such ordinance or local law may
415	apply to the Florida Intracoastal Waterway and except that such
416	ordinances or local laws shall be operative only when they are
417	not in conflict with this chapter or any amendments thereto or

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418 regulations thereunder. Any ordinance or local law which has 419 been adopted pursuant to this section or to any other state law 420 may not discriminate against personal watercraft as defined in 421 s. 327.02. Effective July 1, 2006, any ordinance or local law 422 adopted pursuant to this section or any other state law may not discriminate against airboats except by a two-thirds vote of the 423 424 governing body enacting such ordinance.

425 (3) (2) Nothing contained in the provisions of this section 42.6 shall be construed to prohibit local governmental authorities 427 from the enactment or enforcement of regulations which prohibit 428 or restrict the mooring or anchoring of floating structures or 429 live-aboard vessels within their jurisdictions or of any vessels 430 within the marked boundaries of mooring fields permitted as 431 provided in s. 327.40. However, local governmental authorities 432 are prohibited from regulating the anchoring outside of such 433 mooring fields of vessels other than live-aboard vessels as 434 defined in s. 327.02 non-live-aboard vessels in navigation.

435 Section 15. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 436 327.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read

437

327.65 Muffling devices.-

438 (2) (a) Any county wishing to impose additional noise 439 pollution and exhaust regulations on vessels may, pursuant to s. 440 327.60(2)(1), adopt by county ordinance the following 441 regulations:

442 1. No person shall operate or give permission for the 443 operation of any vessel on the waters of any county or on a 444 specified portion of the waters of any county, including the 445 Florida Intracoastal Waterway, which has adopted the provisions of this section in such a manner as to exceed the following 446

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sound levels at a distance of 50 feet from the vessel: for allvessels, a maximum sound level of 90 dB A.

449 2. Any person who refuses to submit to a sound level test 450 when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer is guilty 451 of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in 452 s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(b) The following words and phrases, when used in this
section, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them
in this subsection.

456 1. "dB A" means the composite abbreviation for the A-457 weighted sound level and the unit of sound level, the decibel.

458 2. "Sound level" means the A-weighted sound pressure level 459 measured with fast response using an instrument complying with 460 the specification for sound level meters of the American 461 National Standards Institute, Inc., or its successor bodies, 462 except that only a weighting and fast dynamic response need be 463 provided.

464 Section 16. Section 327.66, Florida Statutes, is created to 465 read:

466	327.66 Carriage of gasoline on vessels.—
467	(1)(a) A person shall not:
468	1. Possess or operate any vessel that has been equipped
469	with tanks, bladders, drums, or other containers designed or
470	intended to hold gasoline, or install or maintain such
471	containers in a vessel, if such containers do not conform to
472	federal regulations or have not been approved by the United
473	States Coast Guard by inspection or special permit.
474	2. Transport any gasoline in an approved portable container
475	when the container is in a compartment that is not ventilated in

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476	strict compliance with United States Coast Guard regulations
477	pertaining to ventilation of compartments containing gasoline
478	tanks.
479	(b) A person who violates paragraph (a) commits a
480	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
481	<u>775.082 or s. 775.083.</u>
482	(2)(a) Gasoline possessed or transported in violation of
483	this section and all containers holding such gasoline are
484	declared to be a public nuisance. A law enforcement agency
485	discovering gasoline possessed or transported in violation of
486	paragraph (1)(a) shall abate the nuisance by removing the
487	gasoline and containers from the vessel and from the waters of
488	this state. A law enforcement agency that removes gasoline or
489	containers pursuant to this subsection may elect to:
490	1. Retain the property for the agency's own use;
491	2. Transfer the property to another unit of state or local
492	government;
493	3. Donate the property to a charitable organization; or
494	4. Sell the property at public sale pursuant to s. 705.103.
495	(b) A law enforcement agency that seizes gasoline or
496	containers pursuant to this subsection shall remove and reclaim,
497	recycle, or otherwise dispose of the gasoline as soon as
498	practicable in a safe and proper manner.
499	(3) All conveyances, vessels, vehicles, and other equipment
500	described in paragraph (1)(a) or used in the commission of a
501	violation of paragraph (1)(a), other than gasoline or containers
502	removed as provided in subsection (2), are declared to be
503	contraband.
504	(a) Upon conviction of a person arrested for a violation of

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505 paragraph (1)(a), the judge shall issue an order adjudging and ordering that all conveyances, vessels, vehicles, and other 506 507 equipment used in the violation shall be forfeited to the 508 arresting agency. The requirement for a conviction before 509 forfeiture of property establishes to the exclusion of any 510 reasonable doubt that the property was used in connection with 511 the violation resulting in the conviction, and the procedures of 512 chapter 932 do not apply to any forfeiture of property under 513 this subsection following a conviction.

514 (b) In the absence of an arrest or conviction, any such conveyance, vessel, vehicle, or other equipment used in 515 516 violation of paragraph (1) (a) shall be subject to seizure and 517 forfeiture as provided by the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act. 518 (c) As used in this subsection, the term "conviction" means 519 a finding of guilt or the acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo 520 contendere, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld or 521 whether imposition of sentence is withheld, deferred, or 522 suspended. 523 (4) All costs incurred by the law enforcement agency in the

523 <u>removal of any gasoline, gasoline container, other equipment, or</u> 524 <u>removal of any gasoline, gasoline container, other equipment, or</u> 525 <u>vessel as provided in this section shall be recoverable against</u> 526 <u>the owner thereof. Any person who neglects or refuses to pay</u> 527 <u>such amount shall not be issued a certificate of registration</u> 528 <u>for such vessel or for any other vessel or motor vehicle until</u> 529 <u>the costs have been paid.</u>

530 (5) Foreign flagged vessels entering United States waters 531 and Florida state waters in compliance with 19 USC 1433 are 532 exempt from this section.

533

Section 17. Effective October 1, 2009, section 327.70,

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534	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
535	327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter $328$
536	(1) This chapter and chapter 328 shall be enforced by the
537	Division of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife
538	Conservation Commission and its officers, the sheriffs of the
539	various counties and their deputies, municipal police officers,
540	and any other <del>authorized</del> law enforcement officer <u>as defined in</u>
541	s. 943.10, all of whom may order the removal of vessels deemed
542	to be an interference or a hazard to public safety, enforce the
543	provisions of this chapter and chapter 328, or cause any
544	inspections to be made of all vessels in accordance with this
545	chapter and chapter 328.
546	(2) (a) Noncriminal violations of the following statutes may
547	be enforced by a uniform boating citation mailed to the
548	registered owner of an unattended vessel anchored, aground, or
549	moored on the waters of this state:
550	1. Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to navigation rules.
551	2. Section 327.44, relating to interference with
552	navigation.
553	3. Section 327.50(2), relating to required lights and
554	shapes.
555	4. Section 327.53, relating to marine sanitation.
556	5. Section 328.48(5), relating to display of decal.
557	6. Section 328.52(2), relating to display of number.
558	(b) Citations issued to livery vessels under this
559	subsection shall be the responsibility of the lessee of the
560	vessel if the livery has included a warning of this
561	responsibility as a part of the rental agreement and has
562	provided to the agency issuing the citation the name, address,

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563 and date of birth of the lessee when requested by that agency. 564 The livery is not responsible for the payment of citations if 565 the livery provides the required warning and lessee information 566 (3) Such officers shall have the power and duty to issue 567 such orders and to make such investigations, reports, and 568 arrests in connection with any violation of the provisions of this chapter and chapter 328 as are necessary to effectuate the 569 570 intent and purpose of this chapter and chapter 328. 571 (4) (4) (3) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or any 572 other law enforcement agency may make any investigation 573 necessary to secure information required to carry out and 574 enforce the provisions of this chapter and chapter 328. 575 Section 18. Effective October 1, 2009, subsection (1) of 576 section 327.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 577 327.73 Noncriminal infractions.-(1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel 578 579 laws of this state are noncriminal infractions: (a) Section 328.46, relating to operation of unregistered 580 581 and unnumbered vessels. 582 (b) Section 328.48(4), relating to display of number and 583 possession of registration certificate. (c) Section 328.48(5), relating to display of decal. 584 585 (d) Section 328.52(2), relating to display of number. (e) Section 328.54, relating to spacing of digits and 586 587 letters of identification number. 588 (f) Section 328.60, relating to military personnel and 589 registration of vessels. 590 (q) Section 328.72(13), relating to operation with an 591 expired registration.

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592	(h) Section 327.33(2), relating to careless operation.
593	(i) Section 327.37, relating to water skiing, aquaplaning,
594	parasailing, and similar activities.
595	(j) Section 327.44, relating to interference with
596	navigation.
597	(k) Violations relating to <u>boating-restricted</u> <del>restricted</del>
598	areas and speed limits:
599	1. Established by the commission or by local governmental
600	authorities pursuant to s. 327.46.
601	2. Established by local governmental authorities pursuant
602	to s. 327.22 or s. 327.60.
603	2.3. Speed limits established pursuant to s. 379.2431(2).
604	(1) Section 327.48, relating to regattas and races.
605	(m) Section $327.50(1)$ and (2), relating to required safety
606	equipment, lights, and shapes.
607	(n) Section 327.65, relating to muffling devices.
608	(o) Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to navigation rules.
609	(p) Section 327.39(1), (2), (3), and (5), relating to
610	personal watercraft.
611	(q) Section 327.53(1), (2), and (3), relating to marine
612	sanitation.
613	(r) Section 327.53(4), (5), and (7), relating to marine
614	sanitation, for which the civil penalty is \$250.
615	(s) Section 327.395, relating to boater safety education.
616	(t) Section 327.52(3), relating to operation of overloaded
617	or overpowered vessels.
618	(u) Section 327.331, relating to divers-down flags, except
619	for violations meeting the requirements of s. 327.33.
620	(v) Section 327.391(1), relating to the requirement for an
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621	adequate muffler on an airboat.
622	(w) Section 327.391(3), relating to the display of a flag
623	on an airboat.
624	(x) Section 253.04(4)(a), relating to carelessly causing
625	seagrass scarring, for which the civil penalty upon conviction
626	is:
627	1. For a first offense, \$50.
628	2. For a second offense occurring within 12 months after a
629	prior conviction, \$250.
630	3. For a third offense occurring within 36 months after a
631	prior conviction, \$500.
632	4. For a fourth or subsequent offense occurring within 72
633	months after a prior conviction, \$1,000.
634	
635	Any person cited for a violation of any such provision
636	shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction,
637	shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to
638	appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such
639	infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section.
640	Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to
641	a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the charge
642	relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be
643	charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation
644	and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second
645	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A
646	written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time
647	such uniform boating citation is issued.
648	Section 19. Effective october 1, 2009, subsection (1) of
649	section 327.731, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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650 327.731 Mandatory education for violators.-

(1) Every person convicted of a criminal violation of this chapter, every person convicted of a noncriminal infraction under this chapter if the infraction resulted in a reportable boating accident, and every person convicted of two noncriminal infractions as defined in s. 327.73(1)(h) - (k), (m), (o), (p), and (s) - (x)(s) - (w), said infractions occurring within a 12-month period, must:

(a) Enroll in, attend, and successfully complete, at his or her own expense, a boating safety course that meets minimum standards established by the commission by rule; however, the commission may provide by rule pursuant to chapter 120 for waivers of the attendance requirement for violators residing in areas where classroom presentation of the course is not available;

665 (b) File with the commission within 90 days proof of 666 successful completion of the course;

667 (c) Refrain from operating a vessel until he or she has
668 filed the proof of successful completion of the course with the
669 commission.

Any person who has successfully completed an approved boating
course shall be exempt from these provisions upon showing proof
to the commission as specified in paragraph (b).

675 Renumber subsequent sections.

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679	And the title is amended as follows:
680	Delete line 54
681	and insert:
682	regulations; amending s. 327.65, F.S.; correcting a cross
683	reference; creating s. 327.66, F.S.; prohibiting