By the Committees on Health Regulation; and Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Wise

588-05175-09 20092612c2 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to substance abuse and mental health 3 services; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; conforming a 4 cross-reference; amending s. 394.67, F.S.; redefining 5 the term "residential treatment center for children 6 and adolescents"; amending s. 394.674, F.S.; 7 establishing priority populations of persons who are 8 eligible for services funded by the Department of 9 Children and Family Services; amending s. 394.908, F.S.; conforming terminology to changes made by the 10 act; amending s. 394.9085, F.S.; conforming a cross-11 12 reference; amending s. 397.301, F.S.; deleting an 13 obsolete provision; amending s. 397.305, F.S.; 14 revising the legislative intent, purpose, and 15 findings; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; revising 16 definitions; amending s. 397.321, F.S.; revising the 17 duties of the Department of Children and Family 18 Services; deleting a provision that authorizes the 19 department to establish a pilot project to serve certain persons who qualify to receive substance abuse 20 21 or mental health services in a specified district; 22 amending s. 397.331, F.S.; revising the term 23 "substance abuse programs and services" or "drug control"; amending s. 397.401, F.S.; providing that it 24 25 is unlawful for an unlicensed agency to act as a 26 substance abuse service provider; amending s. 397.403, 27 F.S.; revising requirements for a license application; 28 amending s. 397.405, F.S.; providing that physician 29 assistants are exempt from licensing requirements

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 30 under ch. 397, F.S.; providing that a crisis 31 stabilization unit is exempt from licensure; 32 conforming a cross-reference; authorizing the 33 department to adopt certain rules; providing that ch. 34 397, F.S., does not limit the practice of a physician 35 assistant or an advanced registered nurse practitioner 36 who provides substance abuse treatment under certain 37 circumstances; amending s. 397.406, F.S.; providing 38 that substance abuse programs operated directly or 39 under contract by the Department of Juvenile Justice 40 are subject to licensure and regulation; amending s. 41 397.407, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; revising 42 the licensure process; authorizing the Department of 43 Children and Family Services to issue probationary, 44 regular, and interim licenses; providing requirements 45 for probationary, regular, and interim licenses; 46 repealing s. 397.409, F.S., relating to probationary, 47 regular, and interim licenses; amending s. 397.411, 48 F.S.; requiring the department to notify certain 49 applicable agencies of any licensure inspections of 50 service providers; amending s. 397.415, F.S.; 51 requiring that fines collected as administrative 52 penalties be deposited in the Operations and 53 Maintenance Trust Fund of the department rather than 54 the Substance Abuse Impairment Provider Licensing 55 Trust Fund; revising requirements for suspending or 56 revoking a license; amending s. 397.416, F.S.; 57 conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 397.419, 58 F.S.; renaming quality assurance programs to "quality

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59	improvement programs"; conforming provisions to
60	changes made by the act; providing that certain
61	records are not admissible in any civil or
62	administrative action except in disciplinary
63	proceedings by the Department of Health, and not the
64	Department of Business and Professional Regulation;
65	revising minimum guidelines for a service provider's
66	quality improvement program; providing additional
67	requirements for a quality improvement program;
68	deleting a provision that requires a quality assurance
69	program to incorporate a peer review process; amending
70	s. 397.427, F.S.; specifying that medication treatment
71	service providers are providers of medication-assisted
72	treatment services for opiate addiction; conforming
73	provisions to changes made by the act; requiring the
74	department to determine the need for establishing
75	medication-assisted treatment services for other
76	substance-use disorders; requiring service providers
77	that provide medication-assisted treatment for other
78	substance-use disorders to provide counseling
79	services; requiring the department to adopt rules to
80	administer medication-assisted treatment services;
81	authorizing a physician assistant, registered nurse,
82	an advanced registered nurse practitioner, and a
83	licensed practical nurse to deliver medication, other
84	than methadone, for the purpose of medication-assisted
85	treatment for opiate addiction under certain
86	conditions; authorizing a physician assistant to
87	deliver takeout medication for opiate treatment to

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88	certain persons; requiring a licensed service provider
89	that provides medication-assisted treatment to adopt
90	written protocols; providing requirements for the
91	protocols; requiring a licensed service provider that
92	provides medication-assisted treatment to maintain and
93	have ready for inspection medical records and
94	protocols; amending s. 397.431, F.S.; conforming
95	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
96	397.451, F.S.; providing that inmate substance abuse
97	programs are exempt from level 2 background
98	screenings; clarifying that certain personnel employed
99	in an inmate substance abuse program are exempt from
100	fingerprinting and background check requirements;
101	amending ss. 397.471, 397.501, 397.581, 397.601,
102	397.6751, 397.6752, 397.6758, 397.6773, 397.6797,
103	397.6799, 397.6819, 397.6821, 397.6822, 397.697,
104	397.6971, 397.6975, 397.6977, 397.702, 397.706,
105	397.801, 397.821, 397.94, 397.95, 397.97, 397.99,
106	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
107	act; amending s. 440.102, F.S.; conforming a cross-
108	reference; amending s. 766.101, F.S.; redefining the
109	term "medical review committee" to include a committee
110	to review mental health and substance abuse treatment
111	services provided by the department; repealing s.
112	394.9081, F.S., relating to target groups for
113	substance abuse and mental health services; providing
114	an effective date.
115	
116	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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118Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section119212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 121 authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 122 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 123 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 124 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 125 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 126 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 127 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 128 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 129 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 130 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 131 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 132 provided in s. 212.054.

133 (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX. - Any county as defined in 134 s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote 135 136 of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting 137 in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for 138 the purposes of this subsection, "county public general 139 hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 140 141 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county 142 or its agency, authority, or public health trust.

(e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be
chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law.
The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 146 implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. 147 The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the 148 149 county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, 150 or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of 151 the county. No member may be employed by or affiliated with a 152 health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or 153 authority responsible for the county public general hospital. 154 The following community organizations shall each appoint a 155 representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida 156 Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County 157 Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the 158 Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade 159 County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county 160 citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The 161 slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county 162 commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, 163 depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds 164 165 provided for in subparagraph (d)2. shall be placed in a 166 restricted account set aside from other county funds and not 167 disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

168 1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four 169 and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one 170 participant hospital per service area. The county public general 171 hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the 172 service areas. Services shall be provided through participants' 173 primary acute care facilities.

174

2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a

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204 independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such 205 reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also 206 provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a 207 208 condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford 209 public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any 210 meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject 211 of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for 212 213 Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective 214 215 alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery 216 funding.

3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all county residents currently eligible to receive health care services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph (4)(d).

4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.

225 5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, 226 agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the 227 budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of 228 services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's 229 efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant 230 hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of 231 poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or 232 denied, by the county public general hospital.

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233	Section 2. Subsection (21) of section 394.67, Florida
234	Statutes, is amended to read:
235	394.67 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
236	(21) "Residential treatment center for children and
237	adolescents" means a 24-hour residential program, including a
238	therapeutic group home, which provides mental health services to
239	emotionally disturbed children or adolescents as defined in s.
240	394.492(5) or (6) and which is a private for-profit or not-for-
241	profit corporation <u>licensed</u> by the agency under contract with
242	the department which offers a variety of treatment modalities in
243	a more restrictive setting.
244	Section 3. Section 394.674, Florida Statutes, is amended to
245	read:
246	394.674 Clinical Eligibility for publicly funded substance
247	abuse and mental health services; fee collection requirements
248	(1) To be eligible to receive substance abuse and mental
249	health services funded by the department, <u>an individual</u> a person
250	must be a member of <u>at least</u> one of the department's <u>priority</u>
251	populations target groups approved by the Legislature , pursuant
252	to s. 216.0166. The priority populations include:
253	(a) For adult mental health services:
254	1. Adults who have severe and persistent mental illness, as
255	designated by the department using criteria that include
256	severity of diagnosis, duration of the mental illness, ability
257	to independently perform activities of daily living, and receipt
258	of disability income for a psychiatric condition. Included
259	within this group are:
260	a. Older adults in crisis.
261	b. Older adults who are at risk of being placed in a more

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262	restrictive environment because of their mental illness.
263	c. Persons deemed incompetent to proceed or not guilty by
264	reason of insanity under chapter 916.
265	d. Other persons involved in the criminal justice system.
266	e. Persons diagnosed as having co-occurring mental illness
267	and substance abuse disorders.
268	2. Persons who are experiencing an acute mental or
269	emotional crisis as defined in s. 394.67(17).
270	(b) For children's mental health services:
271	1. Children who are at risk of emotional disturbance as
272	defined in s. 394.492(4).
273	2. Children who have an emotional disturbance as defined in
274	<u>s. 394.492(5).</u>
275	3. Children who have a serious emotional disturbance as
276	defined in s. 394.492(6).
277	4. Children diagnosed as having a co-occurring substance
278	abuse and emotional disturbance or serious emotional
279	disturbance.
280	(c) For substance abuse treatment services:
281	1. Adults who have substance abuse disorders and a history
282	of intravenous drug use.
283	2. Persons diagnosed as having co-occurring substance abuse
284	and mental health disorders.
285	3. Parents who put children at risk due to a substance
286	abuse disorder.
287	4. Persons who have a substance abuse disorder and have
288	been ordered by the court to receive treatment.
289	5. Children at risk for initiating drug use.
290	6. Children under state supervision.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 291 7. Children who have a substance abuse disorder but who are 292 not under the supervision of a court or in the custody of a 293 state agency. 294 8. Persons identified as being part of a priority 295 population as a condition for receiving services funded through 296 the Center for Mental Health Services and Substance Abuse 297 Prevention and Treatment Block Grants. (2) Crisis services, as defined in s. 394.67, must, within 298 299 the limitations of available state and local matching resources, 300 be available to each person who is eligible for services under 301 subsection (1), regardless of the person's ability to pay for 302 such services. A person who is experiencing a mental health 303 crisis and who does not meet the criteria for involuntary examination under s. 394.463(1), or a person who is experiencing 304 305 a substance abuse crisis and who does not meet the involuntary 306 admission criteria in s. 397.675, must contribute to the cost of 307 his or her care and treatment pursuant to the sliding fee scale 308 developed under subsection (4), unless charging a fee is 309 contraindicated because of the crisis situation. 310 (3) Mental health services, substance abuse services, and

311 crisis services, as defined in s. 394.67, must, within the 312 limitations of available state and local matching resources, be 313 available to each person who is eligible for services under 314 subsection (1). Such person must contribute to the cost of his 315 or her care and treatment pursuant to the sliding fee scale 316 developed under subsection (4).

317 (4) The department shall adopt rules to implement <u>client</u>
 318 the clinical eligibility, client enrollment, and fee collection
 319 requirements for publicly funded substance abuse and mental

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320 health services.

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321 (a) The rules must require that each provider under 322 contract with the department which enrolls eligible persons into 323 treatment to develop a sliding fee scale for persons who have a 324 net family income at or above 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines, unless otherwise required by state or federal 325 326 law. The sliding fee scale must use the uniform schedule of 327 discounts by which a provider under contract with the department 328 discounts its established client charges for services supported 329 with state, federal, or local funds, using, at a minimum, 330 factors such as family income, financial assets, and family size 331 as declared by the person or the person's guardian. The rules must include uniform criteria to be used by all service 332 333 providers in developing the schedule of discounts for the 334 sliding fee scale.

335 (b) The rules must address the most expensive types of 336 treatment, such as residential and inpatient treatment, in order 337 to make it possible for a client to responsibly contribute to 338 his or her mental health or substance abuse care without 339 jeopardizing the family's financial stability. A person who is not eligible for Medicaid and whose net family income is less 340 341 than 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines must 342 pay a portion of his or her treatment costs which is comparable to the copayment amount required by the Medicaid program for 343 344 Medicaid clients pursuant to s. 409.9081.

345 (c) The rules must require that persons who receive 346 financial assistance from the Federal Government because of a 347 disability and are in long-term residential treatment settings 348 contribute to their board and care costs and treatment costs and

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 349 must be consistent with the provisions in s. 409.212. 350 (5) A person who meets the eligibility criteria in 351 subsection (1) shall be served in accordance with the 352 appropriate district substance abuse and mental health services 353 plan specified in s. 394.75 and within available resources. 354 Section 4. Section 394.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to 355 read: 356 394.908 Substance abuse and mental health funding equity; 357 distribution of appropriations.-In recognition of the historical 358 inequity in the funding of substance abuse and mental health 359 services for the department's districts and regions and to 360 rectify this inequity and provide for equitable funding in the 361 future throughout the state, the following funding process shall 362 be used: 363 (1) Funding thresholds for substance abuse and mental 364 health services in each of the current districts, statewide, 365 shall be established based on the current number of individuals 366 persons in need per district of substance abuse and mental 367 health services, respectively. 368 (2) "Individuals Persons in need" means those persons who 369 fit the profile of the respective priority target populations 370 and require mental health or substance abuse services. 371 (3) 372 (a) Any additional funding beyond the 2005-2006 fiscal year 373 base appropriation for alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health services shall be allocated to districts for substance abuse and 374 375 mental health services based on: 376 1. Epidemiological estimates of disabilities that apply to the respective priority target populations. 377

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378 2. A pro rata share distribution that ensures districts

379 below the statewide average funding level per <u>individual</u> <del>person</del>

380 in each <u>priority</u> target population of <u>individuals</u> <del>persons</del> in

381 need" receive funding necessary to achieve equity.

382 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and for the 2008-2009

383 fiscal year only, funds appropriated for forensic mental health
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384 treatment services shall be allocated to the areas of the state 385 having the greatest demand for services and treatment capacity. 386 This paragraph expires July 1, 2009.

387 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and for the 2008-2009 388 fiscal year only, additional funds appropriated for mental 389 health services from funds available through the Community-Based 390 Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program shall be allocated as 391 provided in the 2008-2009 General Appropriations Act and in 392 proportion to contributed provider earnings. Where these mental 393 health funds are used in lieu of funds from the General Revenue 394 Fund, the allocation of funds shall be unchanged from the 395 allocation for those funds for the 2007-2008 fiscal year. This paragraph expires July 1, 2009. 396

397 (4) Priority Target populations for individuals persons in 398 need shall be displayed for each district and distributed 399 concurrently with the approved operating budget. The display by 400 priority target population shall show: The annual number of 401 individuals persons served based on prior year actual numbers, 402 the annual cost per individual person served, and the estimated 403 number of the total priority target population for individuals 404 persons in need.

405 (5) The annual cost per <u>individual</u> person served shall be
 406 defined as the total actual funding for each priority target

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407	population divided by the number of <u>individuals</u> persons served
408	in the priority target population for that year.
409	Section 5. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida
410	Statutes, is amended to read:
411	394.9085 Behavioral provider liability.—
412	(6) For purposes of this section, the terms "detoxification
413	services program," "addictions receiving facility," and
414	"receiving facility" have the same meanings as those provided in
415	ss. <u>397.311(18)(a)4., 397.311(18)(a)1.,</u> 397.311(18)(b),
416	397.311(18)(a), and 394.455(26), respectively.
417	Section 6. Section 397.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to
418	read:
419	397.301 Short title.—This act may be cited as the "Hal S.
420	Marchman Alcohol and Other Drug Services Act of 1993 ."
421	Section 7. Section 397.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to
422	read:
423	397.305 Legislative findings, intent, and purpose
424	(1) Substance abuse is a major health problem that affects
425	multiple service systems and leads to such profoundly disturbing
426	consequences as serious impairment, chronic addiction, criminal
427	behavior, vehicular casualties, spiraling health care costs,
428	AIDS, and business losses, and <u>significantly</u> profoundly affects
429	the culture, socialization, and learning ability of children
430	within our schools and educational systems. Substance abuse
431	impairment is a disease which affects the whole family and the
432	whole society and requires a system of care that includes
433	specialized prevention, intervention, clinical and treatment,
434	and recovery support services that support and strengthen the
435	family unit. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature to

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436	require the collaboration of state agencies, service systems,
437	and program offices to achieve the goals of this chapter and
438	address the needs of the public; to establish a comprehensive
439	system of care for substance abuse; and to reduce duplicative
440	requirements across state agencies. This chapter is designed to
441	provide for substance abuse services.
442	(2) It is the goal of the Legislature to discourage
443	substance abuse by promoting healthy lifestyles, healthy
444	families, and drug-free schools, workplaces, and communities.
445	(3) (2) It is the purpose of this chapter to provide for a
446	comprehensive continuum of accessible and quality substance
447	abuse prevention, intervention, <u>clinical</u> and treatment, and
448	recovery support services in the least restrictive environment
449	which promotes long-term recovery while protecting and
450	respecting of optimum care that protects and respects the rights
451	of <u>individuals</u> clients, especially for involuntary admissions ,
452	primarily through community-based private not-for-profit
453	providers working with local governmental programs involving a
454	wide range of agencies from both the public and private sectors.
455	(4) (3) It is the intent of the Legislature to ensure within
456	available resources a full <u>system of care for</u> continuum of
457	substance abuse services based on projected identified needs,
458	delivered without discrimination and with adequate provision for
459	specialized needs.
460	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish
461	services for individuals with co-occurring substance abuse and
462	mental disorders.
463	(4) It is the goal of the Legislature to discourage
464	substance abuse by promoting healthy lifestyles and drug-free

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 465 schools, workplaces, and communities. 466 (5) It is the purpose of the Legislature to integrate 467 program evaluation efforts, adequate administrative support 468 services, and quality assurance strategies with direct service 469 provision requirements and to ensure funds for these purposes. (6) It is the intent of the Legislature to require the 470 471 cooperation of departmental programs, services, and program 472 offices in achieving the goals of this chapter and addressing the needs of clients. 473 474 (6) (7) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide, for 475 substance abuse impaired adult and juvenile offenders, an alternative to criminal imprisonment for substance abuse 476 477 impaired adults and juvenile offenders by encouraging the referral of such offenders to service providers not generally 478 479 available within the juvenile justice and correctional systems, 480 system instead of or in addition to criminal penalties. 481 (7) (8) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide, 482 within the limits of appropriations and safe management of the 483 juvenile justice and correctional systems system, substance 484 abuse services to substance abuse impaired offenders who are 485 placed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or who are 486 incarcerated within the Department of Corrections, in order to 487 better enable these offenders or inmates to adjust to the 488 conditions of society presented to them when their terms of 489 placement or incarceration end.

490 <u>(8) (9)</u> It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for 491 assisting substance abuse impaired persons primarily through 492 health and other rehabilitative services in order to relieve the 493 police, courts, correctional institutions, and other criminal

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494	justice agencies of a burden that interferes with their ability
495	to protect people, apprehend offenders, and maintain safe and
496	orderly communities.
497	(10) It is the purpose of the Legislature to establish a
498	clear framework for the comprehensive provision of substance
499	abuse services in the context of a coordinated and orderly
500	system.
501	(9) (11) It is the intent of the Legislature that the
502	freedom of religion of all citizens shall be inviolate. Nothing
503	in this act shall give any governmental entity jurisdiction to
504	regulate religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical services.
505	Section 8. Section 397.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to
506	read:
507	397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part
508	VIII <u>, the term</u> :
509	(1) "Ancillary services" are services that which include,
510	but are not limited to, special diagnostic, prenatal and
511	postnatal, other medical, mental health, legal, economic,
512	vocational, employment, and educational services.
513	(2) "Assessment" means the systematic evaluation of
514	information gathered to determine the nature and severity of the
515	client's substance abuse problem and the client's need and
516	motivation for services. Assessment entails the use of a
517	psychosocial history supplemented, as required by rule, by
518	medical examinations, laboratory testing, and psychometric
519	measures.
520	(2) (3) "Authorized agent of the department" means a person
521	designated by the department to conduct any audit, inspection,
522	monitoring, evaluation, or other duty imposed upon the

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523	department pursuant to this chapter. An authorized agent must be
524	qualified by expertise and experience to perform these
525	functions. identified by the department as:
526	(a) Qualified by the requisite expertise and experience;
527	(b) Having a need to know the applicable information; and
528	(c) Having the assigned responsibility to carry out the
529	applicable duty.
530	(3)(4) "Beyond the safe management capabilities of the
531	service provider" refers to <u>an individual</u> a client who is in
532	need of:
533	(a) Supervision;
534	(b) Medical care; or
535	(c) Services,
536	
537	beyond that which the service provider or service component can
538	deliver.
539	(4) "Clinical assessment" means the collection of detailed
540	information concerning an individual's substance use, emotional
541	and physical health, social roles, and other areas that may
542	reflect the severity of the individual's abuse of alcohol or
543	drugs. The collection of information serves as a basis for
544	identifying an appropriate treatment regimen.
545	(5) "Client" means a recipient of alcohol or other drug
546	services delivered by a service provider but does not include an
547	inmate pursuant to part VIII unless expressly so provided.
548	(6) "Client identifying information" means the name,
549	address, social security number, fingerprints, photograph, and
550	similar information by which the identity of a client can be
551	determined with reasonable accuracy and speed either directly or

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 552 by reference to other publicly available information. 553 (5) (7) "Court" means, with respect to all involuntary 554 proceedings under this chapter, the circuit court of the county 555 in which the judicial proceeding is pending or where the 556 substance abuse impaired person resides or is located, and 557 includes any general or special magistrate that may be appointed 558 by the chief judge to preside over all or part of such proceeding. Otherwise, "court" refers to the court of legal 559 560 jurisdiction in the context in which the term is used in this 561 chapter. 562 (6) (8) "Department" means the Department of Children and 563 Family Services. 564 (7) (9) "Director" means the chief administrative or 565 executive officer of a service provider. 566 (8) (10) "Disclose" or "disclosure" means a communication of 567 client identifying information, the affirmative verification of 568 another person's communication of client identifying 569 information, or the communication of any information regarding

570 <u>an individual</u> of a client who has <u>received services</u> been 571 identified. Any disclosure made pursuant to this chapter must be 572 limited to that information which is necessary to carry out the 573 purpose of the disclosure.

574 <u>(9)(11)</u> "Fee system" means a method of establishing charges 575 for services rendered, in accordance with <u>an individual's</u> a 576 client's ability to pay, used by providers that receive state 577 funds.

578 <u>(10)(12)</u> "For profit" means registered as for profit by the 579 Secretary of State and recognized by the Internal Revenue 580 Service as a for-profit entity.

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581	<u>(11)</u> "Habitual abuser" means a person who is brought to
582	the attention of law enforcement for being substance impaired,
583	who meets the criteria for involuntary admission in s. 397.675,
584	and who has been taken into custody for such impairment three or
585	more times during the preceding 12 months.
586	<u>(12)</u> "Hospital" means a hospital or hospital-based
587	component licensed under chapter 395.
588	(13) "Identifying information" means the name, address,
589	social security number, fingerprints, photograph, and similar
590	information by which the identity of an individual can be
591	determined with reasonable accuracy directly or by reference to
592	other publicly available information.
593	<u>(14)</u> "Impaired" or "substance abuse impaired" means a
594	condition involving the use of alcoholic beverages or any
595	psychoactive or mood-altering substance in such a manner as to
596	induce mental, emotional, or physical problems and cause
597	socially dysfunctional behavior.
598	(15) "Individual" means a person who receives alcohol or
599	other drug abuse treatment services delivered by a service
600	provider. The term does not include an inmate pursuant to part
601	VIII of this chapter unless expressly so provided.
602	(16) "Individualized treatment or service plan" means an
603	immediate and a long-range plan for substance abuse or ancillary
604	services developed on the basis of a client's assessed needs.
605	(16) (17) "Law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement
606	officer as defined in s. 943.10(1).
607	(17) (18) "Licensed service provider" means a public agency

608 under this chapter, a private for-profit or not-for-profit 609 agency under this chapter, a physician or any other private

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610	practitioner licensed under this chapter, or a hospital that
611	offers substance abuse impairment services through one or more
612	<u>licensed</u> of the following licensable service components.
613	(18) Licensed service components include a comprehensive
614	continuum of accessible and quality substance abuse prevention,
615	intervention, and clinical treatment services, including the
616	following services:
617	(a) "Clinical treatment" means a professionally directed,
618	deliberate, and planned regimen of services and interventions
619	that are designed to reduce or eliminate the misuse of drugs and
620	alcohol and promote a healthy, drug-free lifestyle. As defined
621	by rule, "clinical treatment services" include, but are not
622	limited to, the following licensable service components:
623	1. "Addictions receiving facility" is a secure, acute care
624	facility that provides, at a minimum, detoxification and
625	stabilization services; is operated 24 hours per day, 7 days per
626	week; and is designated by the department to serve individuals
627	found to be substance use impaired as described in s. 397.675
628	who meet the placement criteria for this component.
629	2. "Day or night treatment" is a service provided in a
630	nonresidential environment, with a structured schedule of
631	treatment and rehabilitative services.
632	3. "Day or night treatment with community housing" means a
633	program intended for individuals who can benefit from living
634	independently in peer community housing while participating in
635	treatment services for a minimum of 5 hours a day for a minimum
636	of 25 hours per week.
637	4. "Detoxification" is a service involving subacute care
638	that is provided on an inpatient or an outpatient basis to

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639	assist individuals to withdraw from the physiological and
640	psychological effects of substance abuse and who meet the
641	placement criteria for this component.
642	5. "Intensive inpatient treatment" includes a planned
643	regimen of evaluation, observation, medical monitoring, and
644	clinical protocols delivered through an interdisciplinary team
645	approach provided 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, in a highly
646	structured, live-in environment.
647	6. "Intensive outpatient treatment" is a service that
648	provides individual or group counseling in a more structured
649	environment, is of higher intensity and duration than outpatient
650	treatment, and is provided to individuals who meet the placement
651	criteria for this component.
652	7. "Medication-assisted treatment for opiate addiction" is
653	a service that uses methadone or other medication as authorized
654	by state and federal law, in combination with medical,
655	rehabilitative, and counseling services in the treatment of
656	individuals who are dependent on opioid drugs.
657	8. "Outpatient treatment" is a service that provides
658	individual, group, or family counseling by appointment during
659	scheduled operating hours for individuals who meet the placement
660	criteria for this component.
661	9. "Residential treatment" is a service provided in a
662	structured live-in environment within a nonhospital setting on a
663	24-hours-per-day, 7-days-per-week basis, and is intended for
664	individuals who meet the placement criteria for this component.
665	(b) "Intervention" means structured services directed
666	toward individuals or groups at risk of substance abuse and
667	focused on reducing or impeding those factors associated with

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20092612c2 588-05175-09 668 the onset or the early stages of substance abuse and related 669 problems. 670 (c) "Prevention" means a process involving strategies that are aimed at the individual, family, community, or substance and 671 that preclude, forestall, or impede the development of substance 672 673 use problems and promote responsible lifestyles. 674 (a) Addictions receiving facility, which is a community-675 based facility designated by the department to receive, screen, 676 and assess clients found to be substance abuse impaired, in need 677 of emergency treatment for substance abuse impairment, or 678 impaired by substance abuse to such an extent as to meet the 679 criteria for involuntary admission in s. 397.675, and to provide 680 detoxification and stabilization. An addictions receiving facility must be state-owned, state-operated, or state-681 682 contracted, and licensed pursuant to rules adopted by the 683 department's Substance Abuse Program Office which include 684 specific authorization for the provision of levels of care and a 685 requirement of separate accommodations for adults and minors. 686 Addictions receiving facilities are designated as secure 687 facilities to provide an intensive level of care and must have 688 sufficient staff and the authority to provide environmental 689 security to handle aggressive and difficult-to-manage behavior 690 and deter elopement. 691 (b) Detoxification, which uses medical and psychological 692 procedures and a supportive counseling regimen to assist clients 693 in managing toxicity and withdrawing and stabilizing from the 694 physiological and psychological effects of substance abuse 695 impairment. 696 (c) Intensive inpatient treatment, which includes a planned

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697	regimen of professionally directed evaluation, observation,
698	medical monitoring, and clinical protocols provided 24 hours per
699	day, 7 days per week, in a highly structured, live-in
700	environment.
701	(d) Residential treatment, which provides a structured,
702	live-in environment within a nonhospital setting on a 24-hours-
703	a-day, 7-days-a-week basis, and which includes:
704	1. Facilities that provide room and board and treatment and
705	rehabilitation within the primary residential facility; and
706	2. Facilities that are used for room and board only and in
707	which treatment and rehabilitation activities are provided on a
708	mandatory basis at locations other than the primary residential
709	facility. In this case, facilities used for room and board and
710	for treatment and rehabilitation are operated under the auspices
711	of the same provider, and licensing and regulatory requirements
712	would apply to both the residential facility and all other
713	facilities in which treatment and rehabilitation activities
714	occur.
715	(e) Day and night treatment, which provides a
716	nonresidential environment with a structured schedule of
717	treatment and rehabilitation services.
718	(f) Outpatient treatment, which provides individual, group,
719	or family counseling for clients by appointment during scheduled
720	operating hours, with an emphasis on assessment and treatment.
721	(g) Medication and methadone maintenance treatment that
722	uses methadone or other medication as authorized by state and
723	federal law, in conjunction with medical, rehabilitative, and
724	counseling services in the treatment of clients who are
725	dependent upon opioid drugs.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 726 (h) Prevention, which is a process involving strategies 727 aimed at the individual, the environment, or the substance, 728 which strategies preclude, forestall, or impede the development 729 of substance abuse problems and promote responsible personal and social growth of individuals and families toward full human 730 731 potential. 732 (i) Intervention, which consists of structured services 733 targeted toward individuals or groups at risk and focused on 734 reducing those factors associated with the onset or the early 735 stages of substance abuse, and related problems. 736 (19) "Medication-assisted treatment (MAT)" is the use of 737 medications approved by the United States Food and Drug 738 Administration, in combination with counseling and behavioral 739 therapies, to provide a holistic approach to the treatment of 740 substance abuse. 741 (20) (19) "Medical monitoring" means oversight and 742 treatment, 24 hours per day by medical personnel who are 743 licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464, of 744 individuals clients whose subacute biomedical, emotional, 745 psychosocial, behavioral, or cognitive problems are so severe 746 that the individuals clients require intensive inpatient 747 treatment by an interdisciplinary team. 748 (21) (20) "Not for profit" means registered as not for

748 (21) (20) Not for profit means registered as not for 749 profit by the Secretary of State and recognized by the Internal 750 Revenue Service as a not-for-profit entity.

751 (22) (21) "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter 752 458 to practice medicine or licensed under chapter 459 to 753 practice osteopathic medicine, and may include, if the context 754 so indicates, an intern or resident enrolled in an intern or

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 755 resident training program affiliated with an approved medical 756 school, hospital, or other facility through which training 757 programs are normally conducted. 758 (23) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under 759 chapter 458 or chapter 459 to practice medicine under the 760 supervision of a physician or psychiatrist whose specialty 761 includes substance abuse treatment. 762 (22) "Preliminary screening" means the gathering of initial 763 information to be used in determining a person's need for 764 assessment or for referral. 765 (24) (23) "Private practitioner" means a physician or a 766 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, or a clinical social 767 768 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 769 counselor licensed under chapter 491. 770 (25) (24) "Program evaluation" or "evaluation" means a 771 systematic measurement of a service provider's achievement of 772 desired individual client or service outcomes. 773 (26) (25) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a 774 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a 775 professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an 776 advanced registered nurse practitioner having a specialty in 777 psychiatry licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a person who 778 is certified through a department-recognized certification 779 process for substance abuse treatment services and who holds, at 780 a minimum, a bachelor's degree. A person who is certified in 781 substance abuse treatment services by a state-recognized 782 certification process in another state at the time of employment 783 with a licensed substance abuse provider in this state may

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 784 perform the functions of a qualified professional as defined in 785 this chapter but must meet certification requirements contained 786 in this subsection no later than 1 year after his or her date of 787 employment. 788 (27) "Quality improvement" means a systematic and organized 789 approach to monitor and continuously improve the quality of 790 services in order to maintain, restore, or improve outcomes in 791 individuals and populations throughout a system of care. 792 (28) "Recovery" means a process of personal change through which individuals achieve abstinence from alcohol or drug use 793 794 and improve health, wellness, and quality of life. 795 (29) "Recovery support" means services designed to strengthen or assist individuals to regain skills, develop the 796 797 environmental supports necessary to help the individual thrive 798 in the community, and meet life goals that promote recovery from 799 alcohol and drug use. These services include, but are not 800 limited to, economic, vocational, employment, educational, 801 housing, and other ancillary services. 802 (30) "Screening" means the gathering of initial information 803 to be used in determining a person's need for assessment, 804 services, or referral. 805 (26) "Quality assurance" means the objective and internal 806 systematic monitoring of the appropriateness and quality of 807 client care rendered by a service provider.

808 <u>(31)(27)</u> "Secure facility," except where the context 809 indicates a correctional system facility, means a provider that 810 has the authority to deter the premature departure of 811 involuntary <u>individuals</u> clients whose leaving constitutes a 812 violation of a court order or community-based supervision as

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813	provided by law. The term "secure facility" includes addictions
814	receiving facilities and facilities authorized by local
815	ordinance for the treatment of habitual abusers.
816	(32) "Service component" or "component" means a discrete
817	operational entity within a service provider which is subject to
818	licensing as defined by rule. Service components include
819	prevention, intervention, and clinical treatment described in
820	subsection (17).
821	(33) <mark>(28)</mark> "Service provider" or "provider" means a public
822	agency, a private for-profit or not-for-profit agency, a person
823	who is a private practitioner, or a hospital licensed under this
824	chapter or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
825	(34) (29) "Service provider personnel" or "personnel"
826	includes all owners, directors, chief financial officers, staff,
827	and volunteers, including foster parents, of a service provider.
828	(35) (30) "Stabilization" means:
829	(a) Alleviation of a crisis condition; or
830	(b) Prevention of further deterioration,
831	
832	and connotes short-term emergency treatment.
833	(36) "Substance abuse" means the misuse or abuse of, or
834	dependence on alcohol, illicit drugs, or prescription
835	medications. As an individual progresses along this continuum of
836	misuse, abuse, and dependence, there is an increased need for
837	substance abuse intervention and treatment to help abate the
838	problem.
839	(37) "Substate entity" means a departmental office
840	designated to serve a geographical area specified by the
841	department.

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842	(38) "System of care" means a coordinated continuum of
843	community-based services and supports that are organized to meet
844	the challenges and needs of individuals who are at risk of
845	developing substance abuse problems or individuals who have
846	substance abuse problems.
847	(39) "Treatment plan" means an immediate and a long-range
848	plan based upon an individual's assessed needs and used to
849	address and monitor an individual's recovery from substance
850	abuse.
851	Section 9. Subsections (2), (7), (14), (17), (18), (19),
852	and (20) of section 397.321, Florida Statutes, are amended to
853	read:
854	397.321 Duties of the departmentThe department shall:
855	(2) Ensure that a plan for substance abuse services is
856	developed at the <u>local substate entity</u> district level in
857	accordance with the provisions of part IV of chapter 394.
858	(7) Ensure that each licensed service provider develops a
859	system and procedures for:
860	(a) <u>Clinical</u> Client assessment.
861	(b) Individualized Treatment or services planning.
862	(c) Client Referral.
863	(d) Client Progress reviews.
864	(e) Client Followup.
865	(14) In cooperation with service providers, foster and
866	actively seek additional funding to enhance resources for
867	prevention, intervention, <u>clinical</u> and treatment, and recovery
868	support services, including, but not limited to, the development
869	of partnerships with:
870	(a) Private industry.

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871	(b) Intradepartmental and interdepartmental program
872	offices, including, but not limited to, child care services;
873	family safety; delinquency services; health services; economic
874	services; and children's medical services.
875	(c) State agencies, including, but not limited to, the
876	Department Departments of Corrections, the Department of
877	Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of
878	Community Affairs, <u>the Department of</u> Elderly Affairs, <u>the</u>
879	Department of Health, the Department of Financial Services, and
880	the Agency for Health Care Administration Insurance.
881	(17) Develop a certification process by rule for community
882	substance abuse prevention coalitions.
883	(18) (17) Provide sufficient and qualified staff to oversee
884	all contracting, licensing, and planning functions within each
885	of its <u>substate</u> district offices, as permitted by legislative
886	appropriation.
887	(19) (18) Ensure that the department develops and ensures
888	the implementation of procedures between its Substance Abuse
889	Program Office and other departmental programs regarding the
890	referral of substance abuse impaired persons to service
891	providers, information on service providers, information on
892	methods of identifying substance abuse impaired juveniles, and
893	procedures for referring such juveniles to appropriate service
894	providers.

895 <u>(20) (19)</u> Designate addictions receiving facilities for the 896 purpose of ensuring that only qualified service providers render 897 services within the context of a secure facility setting.

898 (20) The department may establish in District 9, in
 899 cooperation with the Palm Beach County Board of County

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900	Commissioners, a pilot project to serve in a managed care
901	arrangement non-Medicaid eligible persons who qualify to receive
902	substance abuse or mental health services from the department.
903	The department may contract with a not-for-profit entity to
904	conduct the pilot project. The results of the pilot project
905	shall be reported to the district administrator, and the
906	secretary 18 months after the initiation. The department shall
907	incur no additional administrative costs for the pilot project.
908	Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
909	397.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
910	397.331 Definitions; legislative intent
911	(1) As used in this act, the term:
912	(b) "Substance abuse programs and services" or "drug
913	control" applies generally to the broad continuum of prevention,
914	intervention, <u>clinical</u> and treatment, recovery support
915	initiatives, and efforts to limit substance abuse, and also
916	includes initiatives and efforts by law enforcement agencies to
917	limit substance abuse.
918	Section 11. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section
919	397.401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
920	397.401 License required; penalty; injunction; rules
921	waivers
922	(1) It is unlawful for any person <u>or agency</u> to act as a
923	substance abuse service provider unless it is licensed or exempt
924	from licensure under this chapter.
925	(3) The department may maintain an action in circuit court
926	to enjoin the unlawful operation of a substance abuse service
927	provider if the department first gives the violator 14 days'
928	notice of its intent to maintain such action and the violator

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 929 fails to apply for licensure within that 14-day period. If the 930 department determines that the health, safety, and welfare of 931 individuals are clients is jeopardized, the department may move 932 to enjoin the operation at any time during the 14-day period. If 933 the service provider has already applied for licensure under 934 this chapter and has been denied licensure, the department may 935 move immediately to obtain an injunction. 936 (4) In accordance with this subsection, the department may 937 waive rules adopted pursuant to this chapter in order to allow 938 service providers to demonstrate and evaluate innovative or 939 cost-effective substance abuse services alternatives. Rules 940 waivers may be granted only in instances where there is 941 reasonable assurance that the health, safety, or welfare of 942 individuals clients will not be endangered. To apply for a rules 943 waiver, the applicant must be a service provider licensed under 944 this chapter and must submit to the department a written 945 description of the concept to be demonstrated, including: 946 (a) Objectives and anticipated benefits.

947 (b) The number and types of <u>individuals</u> clients who will be 948 affected.

949 (c) A description of how the demonstration will be 950 evaluated.

951 952 (d) Any other information requested by the department.

953 A service provider granted a rules waiver under this subsection 954 must submit a detailed report of the results of its findings to 955 the department within 12 months after receiving the rules 956 waiver. Upon receiving and evaluating the detailed report, the 957 department may renew or revoke the rules waiver or seek any

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 958 regulatory or statutory changes necessary to allow other service 959 providers to implement the same alternative service. 960 Section 12. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) and subsection 961 (3) of section 397.403, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 962 397.403 License application.-963 (1) Applicants for a license under this chapter must apply 964 to the department on forms provided by the department and in 965 accordance with rules adopted by the department. Applications must include at a minimum: 966 967 (e) Sufficient information to conduct background screening 968 as provided in s. 397.451. 969 1. If the results of the background screening indicate that 970 any owner, director, or chief financial officer has been found 971 quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of 972 nolo contendere or guilty to any offense prohibited under the 973 screening standard, a license may not be issued to the applicant 974 service provider unless an exemption from disqualification has 975 been granted by the department as set forth in chapter 435. The 976 owner, director, or chief financial officer manager has 90 days 977 within which to obtain the required exemption, during which time 978 the applicant's license remains in effect.

979 2. If any owner, director, or chief financial officer is arrested or found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has 980 981 entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to any offense 982 prohibited under the screening standard while acting in that capacity, the provider shall immediately remove the person from 983 984 that position and shall notify the department within 2 days 985 after such removal, excluding weekends and holidays. Failure to 986 remove the owner, director, or chief financial officer manager

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987	will result in revocation of the provider's license.
988	(3) The department shall accept proof of accreditation by
989	the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities
990	(CARF) CARF the Rehabilitation Accreditation Commission or the
991	Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations
992	(JCAHCO), or through any other nationally recognized
993	certification process that is acceptable to the department and
994	meets the minimum licensure requirements under this chapter, in
995	lieu of requiring the applicant to submit the information
996	required by paragraphs (1)(a)-(c).
997	Section 13. Section 397.405, Florida Statutes, is amended
998	to read:
999	397.405 Exemptions from licensure.—The following are exempt
1000	from the licensing provisions of this chapter:
1001	(1) A hospital or hospital-based component licensed under
1002	chapter 395.
1003	(2) A nursing home facility as defined in s. 400.021.
1004	(3) A substance abuse education program established
1005	pursuant to s. 1003.42.
1006	(4) A facility or institution operated by the Federal
1007	Government.
1008	(5) A physician <u>or physician assistant</u> licensed under
1009	chapter 458 or chapter 459.
1010	(6) A psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
1011	(7) A social worker, marriage and family therapist, or
1012	mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491.
1013	(8) <u>A</u> An established and legally cognizable church or
1014	nonprofit religious organization or denomination providing
1015	substance abuse services, including prevention services, which

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1016 are solely exclusively religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical 1017 in nature. A church or nonprofit religious organization or 1018 denomination providing any of the licensed licensable service components itemized under s. 397.311(18) is not exempt from 1019 1020 substance abuse licensure for purposes of its provision of such 1021 licensable service components but retains its exemption with 1022 respect to all services which are solely exclusively religious, 1023 spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature.

(9) Facilities licensed under chapter 393 which, in addition to providing services to persons with developmental disabilities, also provide services to persons developmentally at risk as a consequence of exposure to alcohol or other legal or illegal drugs while in utero.

(10) DUI education and screening services provided pursuant to ss. 316.192, 316.193, 322.095, 322.271, and 322.291. Persons or entities providing treatment services must be licensed under this chapter unless exempted from licensing as provided in this section.

1034 <u>(11) A facility licensed under s. 394.875 as a crisis</u> 1035 stabilization unit.

1037 The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to 1038 any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or 1039 contract from the state to operate as a service provider as 1040 defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program 1041 regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may 1042 not be construed to limit the practice of a physician or 1043 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a 1044 psychologist licensed under chapter 490, or a psychotherapist

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1045 licensed under chapter 491, or an advanced registered nurse 1046 practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464, who provides 1047 substance abuse treatment, so long as the physician, physician 1048 assistant, psychologist, or psychotherapist, or advanced 1049 registered nurse practitioner does not represent to the public 1050 that he or she is a licensed service provider and does not 1051 provide services to individuals clients pursuant to part V of 1052 this chapter. Failure to comply with any requirement necessary 1053 to maintain an exempt status under this section is a misdemeanor 1054 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1055 775.083.

1056 Section 14. Section 397.406, Florida Statutes, is amended 1057 to read:

1058 397.406 Licensure and regulation of government-operated 1059 substance abuse programs.-Substance abuse programs operated 1060 directly or under contract by the department, the Department of 1061 Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, any other state 1062 agency, or any local correctional agency or authority, which programs constitute any service provider licensable components 1063 1064 as defined in this chapter, are subject to licensure and 1065 regulation in accordance with rules jointly developed by the 1066 department and the state or local agency operating the program. 1067 The department has authority to promulgate rules exempting such 1068 government-operated programs from specific licensure provisions 1069 of this part, including, but not limited to, licensure fees and 1070 personnel background checks, and to enforce the regulatory 1071 requirements governing such programs.

1072 Section 15. Section 397.407, Florida Statutes, is amended 1073 to read:

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1074 397.407 Licensure process; fees.-1075 (1) The department shall establish by rule the licensure 1076 process to include fees and categories of licenses fees by rule. 1077 The rule must prescribe a fee range that is based, at least in 1078 part, on the number and complexity of programs listed in s. 1079 397.311(18) which are operated by a licensee. The fee range must 1080 be implemented over a 5-year period. The fee schedule for 1081 licensure of service components must be increased annually in 1082 substantially equal increments so that, by July 1, 1998, The 1083 fees from the licensure of service components are sufficient to 1084 cover at least 50 percent of the costs of regulating the service 1085 components. The department shall specify by rule a fee range for public and privately funded and phase-in plan for privately 1086 1087 funded licensed service providers and a fee range and phase-in 1088 plan for publicly funded licensed service providers. Fees for 1089 privately funded licensed service providers must exceed the fees 1090 for publicly funded licensed service providers. During adoption 1091 of the rule governing the licensure process and fees, the 1092 department shall carefully consider the potential adverse impact 1093 on small, not-for-profit service providers. The first year 1094 phase-in licensure fees must be at least \$150 per initial 1095 license. The rule must provide for a reduction in licensure fees 1096 for licensed service providers who hold more than one license. 1097 (2) The department shall assess a fee of \$100 per licensed 1098 service component license for the late filing of an application

(3) Licensure and renewal fees must be deposited in the Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund to be used for the actual cost of monitoring, inspecting, and overseeing licensed service

for renewal of a license.

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1103 providers. 1104 (4) Each application for licensure or renewal must be 1105 accompanied by the required fee, except that a service provider 1106 that has an all-volunteer staff is exempt from the licensure and 1107 renewal fees. 1108 (5) The department may issue probationary, regular, and 1109 interim licenses. After adopting the rule governing the licensure process and fees, the department shall issue one 1110 1111 license for each service component that is operated by a service 1112 provider and defined in rule pursuant to s. 397.311(18). The 1113 license is valid only for the specific service components listed 1114 for each specific location identified on the license. The 1115 licensed service provider shall apply for a new license at least 1116 60 days before the addition of any service components or 30 days 1117 before the relocation of any of its service sites. Provision of 1118 service components or delivery of services at a location not 1119 identified on the license may be considered an unlicensed 1120 operation that authorizes the department to seek an injunction 1121 against operation as provided in s. 397.401, in addition to 1122 other sanctions authorized by s. 397.415. Probationary and 1123 regular licenses may be issued only after all required 1124 information has been submitted. A license may not be 1125 transferred. As used in this subsection, the term "transfer" 1126 includes, but is not limited to, the transfer of a majority of 1127 the ownership interest in the licensed entity or transfer of responsibilities under the license to another entity by 1128 1129 contractual arrangement. 1130 (6) A probationary license may be issued to a service

1131 provider applicant in the initial stages of developing services

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1132	that are not yet fully operational upon completion of all
1133	application requirements itemized in s. 397.403(1) and upon
1134	demonstration of the applicant's ability to comply with all
1135	applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. A probationary
1136	license expires 90 days after issuance and may be reissued once
1137	for an additional 90-day period if the applicant has
1138	substantially complied with all requirements for regular
1139	licensure or has initiated action to satisfy all requirements.
1140	During the probationary period the department shall monitor the
1141	delivery of services. Notwithstanding s. 120.60(5), the
1142	department may order a probationary licensee to cease and desist
1143	operations at any time it is found to be substantially out of
1144	compliance with licensure standards. This cease-and-desist order
1145	is exempt from the requirements of s. 120.60(6).
1146	(7) A regular license may be issued to:
1147	(a) A new applicant at the end of the probationary period.
1148	(b) A licensed applicant that holds a regular license and
1149	is seeking renewal.
1150	(c) An applicant for a service component operating under an
1151	interim license upon successful satisfaction of the requirements
1152	for a regular license.
1153	
1154	In order to be issued a regular license, the applicant must be
1155	in compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements.
1156	Standards and timeframes for the issuance of a regular license
1157	must be established by rule. An application for renewal of a
1158	regular license must be submitted to the department at least 60
1159	days before the license expires.
1160	(8) The department may issue an interim license to a

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1161	service provider for a period established by the department
1162	which does not exceed 90 days if the department finds that:
1163	(a) A service component of the provider is in substantial
1164	noncompliance with licensure standards;
1165	(b) The service provider has failed to provide satisfactory
1166	proof of conformance to fire, safety, or health requirements; or
1167	(c) The service provider is involved in license suspension
1168	or revocation proceedings.
1169	
1170	An interim license applies only to the licensable service
1171	component of the provider's services which is in substantial
1172	noncompliance with statutory or regulatory requirements. An
1173	interim license expires 90 days after it is issued; however, it
1174	may be reissued once for an additional 90-day period in a case
1175	of extreme hardship in which the noncompliance is not
1176	attributable to the licensed service provider. If the service
1177	provider is appealing the final disposition of license
1178	suspension or revocation proceedings, the court before which the
1179	appeal is taken may order the extension of the interim license
1180	for a period specified in the order.
1181	(9) A separate license is required for each service
1182	component maintained by the service provider.
1183	(10) The license must be displayed in a conspicuous place
1184	inside the facility providing the licensed service component.
1185	Section 16. Section 397.409, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1186	Section 17. Subsection (3) of section 397.411, Florida
1187	Statutes, is amended, present subsection (5) of that section is
1188	redesignated as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is
1189	added to that section, to read:

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1190 397.411 Inspection; right of entry; records.-1191 (3) Notwithstanding the confidentiality provisions of this 1192 chapter, a designated and authorized agent of the department may 1193 access the records of the individuals served by clients of 1194 licensed service providers, but only for purposes of licensing, 1195 monitoring, and investigation. The department may interview 1196 individuals clients, as specified by rule. 1197 (5) In an effort to coordinate inspections among agencies, 1198 the department shall notify applicable state agencies of any 1199 scheduled licensure inspections of service providers jointly 1200 funded by the agencies. 1201 Section 18. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 1202 397.415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1203 397.415 Denial, suspension, and revocation; other 1204 remedies.-1205 (1) If the department determines that an applicant or 1206 licensed service provider or licensed service component thereof 1207 is not in compliance with all statutory and regulatory 1208 requirements, the department may deny, suspend, revoke, or 1209 impose reasonable restrictions or penalties on the license or 1210 any portion of the license. In such case, the department: 1211 (a) May impose a moratorium on admissions to any service 1212 component of a licensed service provider if the department determines that conditions within such component are a threat to 1213 1214 the public health or safety. 1215 (b) May impose an administrative penalty of up to \$500 per 1216 day against a licensed service provider operating in violation 1217 of any fire-related, safety-related, or health-related statutory 1218 or regulatory requirement. Fines collected under this paragraph

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1219 must be deposited in the Operations and Maintenance Substance 1220 Abuse Impairment Provider Licensing Trust Fund. 1221 (c) May suspend or revoke the license of a service provider 1222 or may suspend or revoke the license as to the operation of any 1223 service component or location identified on the license if, 1224 after notice, the department it determines that a service 1225 provider has failed to correct the substantial or chronic 1226 violation of any statutory or regulatory requirement that such 1227 as impacts the quality of client care. 1228 (2) If a provider's license is revoked of a facility or any 1229 service component of a facility is revoked, the service provider 1230 is barred from submitting any application for licensure of the 1231 affected facility or service component to the department for a 1232 period of 1 year after the revocation. If the provider's license 1233 is revoked as to any service component or location identified on 1234 the license, the provider is barred from applying for licensure 1235 of the affected service component or location for 1 year after 1236 the revocation. 1237 (4) The department may maintain an action in court to

(4) The department may maintain an action in court to enjoin the operation of any licensed or unlicensed <u>provider</u>, service component, or location <u>facility</u> in violation of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter.

1241 Section 19. Section 397.416, Florida Statutes, is amended 1242 to read:

1243 397.416 Substance abuse treatment services; qualified 1244 professional.-Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 1245 person who was certified through a certification process 1246 recognized by the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative 1247 Services before January 1, 1995, may perform the duties of a

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1248	qualified professional with respect to substance abuse treatment
1249	services as defined in this chapter, and need not meet the
1250	certification requirements contained in <u>s. 397.311(26)</u> s.
1251	397.311(25) .
1252	Section 20. Section 397.419, Florida Statutes, is amended
1253	to read:
1254	397.419 Quality <u>improvement</u> assurance programs
1255	(1) Each service provider must maintain <u>a</u> an ongoing
1256	quality <i>improvement</i> assurance program to objectively and
1257	systematically monitor and evaluate the appropriateness and
1258	quality of client care, to ensure that services are rendered
1259	consistent with prevailing professional standards, and to
1260	identify and resolve problems.
1261	(2) For each service provider, a written plan must be
1262	developed with a copy <u>made available upon request</u> submitted to
1263	the department which addresses the minimum guidelines for the
1264	provider's quality <u>improvement</u> assurance program, including, but
1265	not limited to:
1266	(a) <u>Individual</u> Client care and services standards.
1267	(b) <u>Individual</u> Client records maintenance procedures.
1268	(c) Staff development policies and procedures.
1269	(d) <u>Service-environment</u> Facility safety and maintenance
1270	standards.
1271	(e) Peer review and utilization management review
1272	procedures.
1273	(f) Incident reporting policies and procedures that
1274	<u>include, including</u> verification of corrective action, and
1275	provision for reporting to the department within a time period
1276	prescribed by rule, documentation that incident reporting is the

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1277 affirmative duty of all staff, and a provision that specifies 1278 that a person who files an incident report may not be subjected 1279 to any civil action by virtue of that incident report. 1280 (3) The quality improvement assurance program is the 1281 responsibility of the director and is subject to review and 1282 approval by the governing board of the service provider. 1283 (4) Each director shall designate a person who is an 1284 employee of or under contract with the service provider as the 1285 provider's quality improvement assurance manager. 1286 (5) Incident reporting is the affirmative duty of all 1287 staff. 1288 (6) A person who files an incident report may not be 1289 subjected to any civil action by virtue of that incident report. 1290 (5) (7) The department may access all service provider 1291 records necessary to determine compliance with this section. Records relating solely to actions taken in carrying out this 1292 1293 section and records obtained by the department to determine a 1294 provider's compliance with this section are confidential and 1295 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such records are not admissible in 1296 1297 any civil or administrative action except in disciplinary 1298 proceedings by the Department of Health Business and 1299 Professional Regulation or the appropriate regulatory board, and 1300 are not part of the record of investigation and prosecution in 1301 disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the 1302 Department of Health Business and Professional Regulation or the 1303 appropriate regulatory board. Meetings or portions of meetings 1304 of quality improvement assurance program committees that relate 1305 solely to actions taken pursuant to this section are exempt from

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1306	s. 286.011.
1307	(6) (8) The quality improvement assurance program must also
1308	shall be implemented as part of the department's contract
1309	management process. The quality assurance program shall:
1310	(a) Track performance measures and standards established by
1311	the Legislature as part of the performance-based program
1312	budgeting process;
1313	<u>(a)</u> Provide a framework for evaluating outcomes which is
1314	separate from the performance-based program budgeting process,
1315	including:
1316	1. Output measures, such as capacities, technologies, and
1317	infrastructure, that make up the system of care.
1318	2. Process measures, such as administrative and clinical
1319	components of treatment.
1320	3. Outcome measures pertaining to the outcomes of services;
1321	<u>(b)</u> Provide for a system of analyzing those factors
1322	which have an effect on performance at the local level;
1323	<u>(c)</u> Provide for a system of reporting the results of
1324	quality improvement assurance reviews; and
1325	<u>(d)</u> Incorporate best practice models for use in
1326	improving performance in those areas which are deficient.
1327	(9) The quality assurance program shall incorporate a peer
1328	review process into its protocol, to include:
1329	(a) Reviews of providers by departmental district staff and
1330	other providers.
1331	(b) Reviews of individual districts by other districts.
1332	(7) (10) Contingent upon specific appropriation, a quality
1333	<u>improvement</u> assurance coordinator position shall be established
1334	within each <u>substate entity</u> service district to oversee the

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1335 implementation and operation of the quality improvement 1336 assurance program. 1337 Section 21. Section 397.427, Florida Statutes, is amended 1338 to read: 1339 397.427 Medication-assisted Medication treatment service 1340 providers; rehabilitation program; needs assessment and 1341 provision of services; persons authorized to issue takeout 1342 medication methadone; unlawful operation; penalty.-1343 (1) Medication treatment service Providers of medication-1344 assisted treatment services for opiate addiction may not be 1345 licensed unless they provide supportive rehabilitation programs. 1346 Supportive rehabilitation programs include, but are not limited 1347 to, counseling, therapy, and vocational rehabilitation. 1348 (2) The department shall determine the need for 1349 establishing medication treatment service providers of 1350 medication-assisted treatment services for opiate addiction. 1351 (a) Medication treatment service Providers of medication-1352 assisted treatment services for opiate addiction may be 1353 established only in response to the department's determination 1354 and publication of need for additional medication treatment 1355 services. 1356 (b) The department shall prescribe by rule the types of 1357 medication-assisted medication treatment services for opiate 1358 addiction for which it is necessary to conduct annual 1359 assessments of need. If needs assessment is required, the 1360 department shall annually conduct the assessment and publish a 1361 statement of findings which identifies each substate entity's 1362 district's need. (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the license for 1363

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1364 medication-assisted medication treatment programs for opiate 1365 addiction licensed before October 1, 1990, may not be revoked 1366 solely because of the department's determination concerning the 1367 need for medication-assisted medication treatment services for 1368 opiate addiction. 1369 (3) The department shall adopt rules necessary to 1370 administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules 1371 prescribing criteria and procedures for: 1372 (a) Determining the need for additional medication-assisted 1373 medication treatment services for opiate addiction. 1374 (b) Selecting medication treatment service providers for 1375 medication-assisted treatment services for opiate addiction when 1376 the number of responses to a publication of need exceeds the determined need. 1377 1378 (c) Administering any federally required rules, 1379 regulations, or procedures. 1380 (4) A service provider operating in violation of this 1381 section is subject to proceedings in accordance with this chapter to enjoin that unlawful operation. 1382 1383 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 465.019(2), a 1384 physician assistant, a registered nurse, an advanced registered 1385 nurse practitioner, or a licensed practical nurse working for a 1386 licensed service provider may is authorized to deliver takeout 1387 medication for opiate treatment methadone to persons enrolled in 1388 a methadone maintenance treatment program for medication-1389 assisted treatment for opiate addiction if provided that: 1390 (a) The medication-assisted methadone maintenance treatment 1391 program for opiate addiction has an appropriate valid permit issued pursuant to rules adopted promulgated by the Board of 1392

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1393 Pharmacy;

(b) The medication <u>for treatment of opiate addiction</u> has been delivered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the program's physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459;

(c) The medication <u>for treatment of opiate addiction which</u> is ordered appears on a formulary and is prepackaged and prelabeled with dosage instructions and distributed from a source authorized under chapter 499;

1402 (d) Each licensed provider adopts written protocols which provide for supervision of the physician assistant, registered 1403 1404 nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed 1405 practical nurse by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 1406 or chapter 459 and for the procedures by which patients' 1407 medications may be delivered by the physician assistant, 1408 registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or 1409 licensed practical nurse. Such protocols shall be signed by the 1410 supervising physician and either the administering registered 1411 nurse, the advanced registered nurse practitioner, or the 1412 licensed practical nurse.

(e) Each licensed service provider maintains and has available for inspection by representatives of the Board of Pharmacy all medical records and patient care protocols, including records of medications delivered to patients, in accordance with the board.

1418 (6) The department shall also determine the need for 1419 establishing medication-assisted treatment for substance-use 1420 disorders other than opiate dependence. Service providers within 1421 the publicly funded system shall be funded for provision of

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1422	these services based on the availability of funds.
1423	(7) Service providers that provide medication-assisted
1424	treatment for substance abuse other than opiate dependence shall
1425	provide counseling services in conjunction with medication-
1426	assisted treatment.
1427	(8) The department shall adopt rules necessary to
1428	administer medication-assisted treatment services, including,
1429	but not limited to, rules prescribing criteria and procedures
1430	<u>for:</u>
1431	(a) Determining the need for medication-assisted treatment
1432	services within the publicly funded system.
1433	(b) Selecting medication-assisted service providers within
1434	the publicly funded system.
1435	(c) Administering any federally required rules,
1436	regulations, or procedures related to the provision of
1437	medication-assisted treatment.
1438	(9) A physician assistant, registered nurse, an advanced
1439	registered nurse practitioner, or a licensed practical nurse
1440	working for a licensed service provider may deliver medication
1441	as prescribed by rule if:
1442	(a) The service provider is authorized to provide
1443	medication-assisted treatment;
1444	(b) The medication has been administered pursuant to a
1445	valid prescription written by the program's physician who is
1446	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and
1447	(c) The medication ordered appears on a formulary or meets
1448	federal requirements for medication-assisted treatment.
1449	(10) Each licensed service provider that provides
1450	medication-assisted treatment must adopt written protocols as

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1451	specified by the department and in accordance with federally
1452	required rules, regulations, or procedures. The protocol shall
1453	provide for the supervision of the physician assistant,
1454	registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or
1455	licensed practical nurse working under the supervision of a
1456	physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The
1457	protocol must specify how the medication will be used in
1458	conjunction with counseling or psychosocial treatment and that
1459	the services provided will be included on the treatment plan.
1460	The protocol must specify the procedures by which medication-
1461	assisted treatment may be administered by the physician
1462	assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse
1463	practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. These protocols shall
1464	be signed by the supervising physician and the administering
1465	physician assistant, registered nurse, advanced registered nurse
1466	practitioner, or licensed practical nurse.
1467	(11) Each licensed service provider shall maintain and have
1468	available for inspection by representatives of the Board of
1469	Pharmacy all medical records and protocols, including records of
1470	medications delivered to individuals in accordance with rules of
1471	the board.
1472	Section 22. Section 397.431, Florida Statutes, is amended
1473	to read:
1474	397.431 <u>Individual</u> Client responsibility for cost of
1475	substance abuse impairment services
1476	(1) <u>Before</u> Prior to accepting <u>an individual</u> a client for
1477	admission and in accordance with confidentiality guidelines,
1478	both the full charge for services and the fee charged to the
1479	individual client for such services under the provider's fee

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1480 system or payment policy must be disclosed to each individual 1481 client or his or her authorized personal representative, or 1482 parent or legal guardian if the individual client is a minor who 1483 did not seek treatment voluntarily and without parental consent. 1484 (2) An individual A client or his or her authorized 1485 personal representative, or parent or legal guardian if the 1486 individual client is a minor, is required to contribute toward 1487 the cost of substance abuse services in accordance with his or 1488 her ability to pay, unless otherwise provided by law. 1489 (3) The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian of a 1490 minor is not liable for payment for any substance abuse services 1491 provided to the minor without parental consent pursuant to s. 1492 397.601(4), unless the parent, legal guardian, or legal 1493 custodian participates or is ordered to participate in the 1494 services, and only for the substance abuse services rendered. If 1495 the minor is receiving services as a juvenile offender, the 1496 obligation to pay is governed by the law relating to juvenile 1497 offenders.

1498 (4) Service providers that do not contract for state funds 1499 to provide substance abuse services as defined in this chapter 1500 may establish their own admission policies regarding provisions 1501 for payment for services. Such policies must comply with other 1502 statutory and regulatory requirements governing state or federal 1503 reimbursements to a provider for services delivered to 1504 individuals individual clients. As used in this subsection, the 1505 term "contract for state funds" does not include Medicaid funds.

(5) Service providers that contract for state funds to provide substance abuse services as defined in this chapter must establish a fee system based upon <u>an individual's</u> a client's

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1509 ability to pay and, if space and sufficient state resources are 1510 available, may not deny an individual a client access to services solely on the basis of the individual's client's 1511 1512 inability to pay. 1513 Section 23. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (1) of 1514 section 397.451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1515 397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.-(1) PERSONNEL BACKGROUND CHECKS; REQUIREMENTS AND 1516 1517 EXCEPTIONS.-1518 (a) Background checks shall apply as follows: 1519 1. All owners, directors, and chief financial officers of 1520 service providers are subject to level 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. Inmate substance abuse programs 1521 1522 operated directly or under contract with the Department of 1523 Corrections are exempt from this requirement. 1524 2. All service provider personnel who have direct contact 1525 with children receiving services or with adults who are 1526 developmentally disabled receiving services are subject to level 1527 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. 1528 (e) Personnel employed directly or under contract with by 1529 the Department of Corrections in an inmate substance abuse 1530 program a substance abuse service component who have direct 1531 contact with unmarried inmates under the age of 18 or with 1532 inmates who are developmentally disabled are exempt from the 1533 fingerprinting and background check requirements of this 1534 section. 1535 Section 24. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of 1536 section 397.471, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1537 397.471 Service provider facility standards.-

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1538 (1) Each service provider must ensure: 1539 (a) Sufficient numbers and types of qualified personnel on 1540 duty and available to provide necessary and adequate client 1541 safety and care. 1542 (b) Adequate space for each individual served within client 1543 of a residential facility. 1544 Section 25. Section 397.501, Florida Statutes, is amended 1545 to read: 397.501 Rights of individuals clients.-Individuals Clients 1546 1547 receiving substance abuse services from any service provider are 1548 guaranteed protection of the rights specified in this section, 1549 unless otherwise expressly provided, and service providers must 1550 ensure the protection of such rights. 1551 (1) RIGHT TO INDIVIDUAL DIGNITY.-The individual dignity of 1552 the individual served client must be respected at all times and 1553 upon all occasions, including any occasion when the individual 1554 client is admitted, retained, or transported. Individuals served 1555 Substance abuse clients who are not accused of a crime or 1556 delinquent act may not be detained or incarcerated in jails, 1557 detention centers, or training schools of the state, except for 1558 purposes of protective custody in strict accordance with this 1559 chapter. An individual A client may not be deprived of any 1560 constitutional right. 1561 (2) RIGHT TO NONDISCRIMINATORY SERVICES.-1562 (a) Service providers may not deny an individual a client 1563 access to substance abuse services solely on the basis of race, 1564 gender, ethnicity, age, sexual preference, human 1565 immunodeficiency virus status, prior service departures against

1566 medical advice, disability, or number of relapse episodes.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1567 Service providers may not deny an individual a client who takes 1568 medication prescribed by a physician access to substance abuse services solely on that basis. Service providers who receive 1569 1570 state funds to provide substance abuse services may not, if 1571 provided space and sufficient state resources are available, 1572 deny a client access to services based solely on inability to 1573 pay. 1574 (b) Each individual client in treatment must be afforded 1575 the opportunity to participate in the formulation and periodic 1576 review of his or her individualized treatment or service plan to 1577 the extent of his or her ability to so participate. 1578 (c) It is the policy of the state to use the least 1579 restrictive and most appropriate services available, based on 1580 the needs and the best interests of the individual client and 1581 consistent with optimum care of the individual client. 1582 (d) Each individual client must be afforded the opportunity to participate in activities designed to enhance self-image. 1583 1584 (3) RIGHT TO QUALITY SERVICES.-(a) Each individual client must be delivered services 1585 1586 suited to his or her needs, administered skillfully, safely, 1587 humanely, with full respect for his or her dignity and personal 1588 integrity, and in accordance with all statutory and regulatory 1589 requirements. 1590 (b) These services must include the use of methods and 1591 techniques to control aggressive client behavior that poses an 1592 immediate threat to the individual client or to other persons. 1593 Such methods and techniques include the use of restraints, the 1594 use of seclusion, the use of time-out, and other behavior 1595 management techniques. When authorized, these methods and

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1596 techniques may be applied only by persons who are employed by 1597 service providers and trained in the application and use of 1598 these methods and techniques. The department must specify by 1599 rule the methods that may be used and the techniques that may be 1600 applied by service providers to control aggressive client 1601 behavior and must specify by rule the physical facility 1602 requirements for seclusion rooms, including dimensions, safety 1603 features, methods of observation, and contents. 1604 (4) RIGHT TO COMMUNICATION.-1605 (a) Each individual client has the right to communicate 1606 freely and privately with other persons within the limitations 1607 imposed by service provider policy. 1608 (b) Because the delivery of services can only be effective 1609 in a substance abuse free environment, close supervision of each 1610

individual's client's communications and correspondence is 1611 necessary, particularly in the initial stages of treatment, and 1612 the service provider must therefore set reasonable rules for 1613 telephone, mail, and visitation rights, giving primary 1614 consideration to the well-being and safety of individuals 1615 clients, staff, and the community. It is the duty of the service provider to inform the individual client and his or her family 1616 1617 if the family is involved at the time of admission about the 1618 provider's rules relating to communications and correspondence.

(5) RIGHT TO CARE AND CUSTODY OF PERSONAL EFFECTS OF CLIENTS.—An individual A client has the right to possess clothing and other personal effects. The service provider may take temporary custody of the <u>individual's</u> client's personal effects only when required for medical or safety reasons, with the reason for taking custody and a list of the personal effects

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1625 recorded in the individual's client's clinical record. 1626 (6) RIGHT TO EDUCATION OF MINORS.-Each minor client in a 1627 residential service component is guaranteed education and 1628 training appropriate to his or her needs. The service provider 1629 shall coordinate with local education agencies to ensure that 1630 education and training is provided to each minor client in 1631 accordance with other applicable laws and regulations and that 1632 parental responsibilities related to such education and training 1633 are established within the provisions of such applicable laws 1634 and regulations. Nothing in This chapter does not may be 1635 construed to relieve any local education authority of its 1636 obligation under law to provide a free and appropriate education 1637 to every child.

1638

(7) RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY OF INDIVIDUAL CLIENT RECORDS.-

1639 (a) The records of service providers which pertain to the 1640 identity, diagnosis, and prognosis of and service provision to 1641 any individual client are confidential in accordance with this 1642 chapter and with applicable federal confidentiality regulations 1643 and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), 1644 Art. I of the State Constitution. Such records may not be 1645 disclosed without the written consent of the individual client 1646 to whom they pertain except that appropriate disclosure may be 1647 made without such consent:

1648

1. To medical personnel in a medical emergency.

1649 2. To service provider personnel if such personnel need to 1650 know the information in order to carry out duties relating to 1651 the provision of services to <u>an individual</u> a client.

1652 3. To the secretary of the department or the secretary's1653 designee, for purposes of scientific research, in accordance

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1654 with federal confidentiality regulations, but only upon 1655 agreement in writing that the individual's client's name and other identifying information will not be disclosed. 1656 1657 4. In the course of review of service-provider records on 1658 service provider premises by persons who are performing an audit 1659 or evaluation on behalf of any federal, state, or local 1660 government agency, or third-party payor providing financial 1661 assistance or reimbursement to the service provider; however, reports produced as a result of such audit or evaluation may not 1662 1663 disclose client names or other identifying information and must 1664 be in accordance accord with federal confidentiality 1665 regulations. 1666 5. Upon court order based on application showing good cause 1667 for disclosure. In determining whether there is good cause for

disclosure, the court shall examine whether the public interest and the need for disclosure outweigh the potential injury to the <u>individual</u> client, to the service <u>provider and the individual</u> provider-client relationship, and to the service provider itself.

(b) The restrictions on disclosure and use in this section do not apply to communications from provider personnel to law enforcement officers which:

1676 1. Are directly related to <u>an individual's</u> a client's 1677 commission of a crime on the premises of the provider or against 1678 provider personnel or to a threat to commit such a crime; and

1679 2. Are limited to the circumstances of the incident, 1680 including the client status of the individual committing or 1681 threatening to commit the crime, that individual's name and 1682 address, and that individual's last known whereabouts.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1683 (c) The restrictions on disclosure and use in this section 1684 do not apply to the reporting of incidents of suspected child 1685 abuse and neglect to the appropriate state or local authorities 1686 as required by law. However, such restrictions continue to apply 1687 to the original substance abuse client records maintained by the 1688 provider, including their disclosure and use for civil or 1689 criminal proceedings which may arise out of the report of 1690 suspected child abuse and neglect. 1691 (d) Any answer to a request for a disclosure of individual 1692 client records which is not permissible under this section or 1693 under the appropriate federal regulations must be made in a way 1694 that will not affirmatively reveal that an identified individual 1695 has been, or is being diagnosed or treated for substance abuse. 1696 The regulations do not restrict a disclosure that an identified 1697 individual is not and has never received services has been a 1698 client. 1699 (e)1. Since a minor acting alone has the legal capacity to 1700 voluntarily apply for and obtain substance abuse treatment, any

voluntarily apply for and obtain substance abuse treatment, any written consent for disclosure may be given only by the minor client. This restriction includes, but is not limited to, any disclosure of client identifying information to the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a minor client for the purpose of obtaining financial reimbursement.

1706 2. When the consent of a parent, legal guardian, or 1707 custodian is required under this chapter in order for a minor to 1708 obtain substance abuse treatment, any written consent for 1709 disclosure must be given by both the minor and the parent, legal 1710 guardian, or custodian.

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(f) An order of a court of competent jurisdiction

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1712 authorizing disclosure and use of confidential information is a 1713 unique kind of court order. Its only purpose is to authorize a 1714 disclosure or use of client identifying information which would 1715 otherwise be prohibited by this section. Such an order does not 1716 compel disclosure. A subpoena or a similar legal mandate must be 1717 issued in order to compel disclosure. This mandate may be 1718 entered at the same time as, and accompany, an authorizing court 1719 order entered under this section.

1720 (g) An order authorizing the disclosure of an individual's 1721 client records may be applied for by any person having a legally recognized interest in the disclosure which is sought. The 1722 1723 application may be filed separately or as part of a pending 1724 civil action in which it appears that the individual's client 1725 records are needed to provide evidence. An application must use 1726 a fictitious name, such as John Doe or Jane Doe, to refer to any 1727 individual client and may not contain or otherwise disclose any 1728 client identifying information unless the individual client is 1729 the applicant or has given a written consent to disclosure or 1730 the court has ordered the record of the proceeding sealed from 1731 public scrutiny.

(h) The <u>individual</u> client and the person holding the records from whom disclosure is sought must be given adequate notice in a manner which will not disclose client identifying information to other persons, and an opportunity to file a written response to the application, or to appear in person, for the limited purpose of providing evidence on the statutory and regulatory criteria for the issuance of the court order.

(i) Any oral argument, review of evidence, or hearing onthe application must be held in the judge's chambers or in some

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1741 manner which ensures that client identifying information is not 1742 disclosed to anyone other than a party to the proceeding, the 1743 individual client, or the person holding the record, unless the 1744 individual client requests an open hearing. The proceeding may 1745 include an examination by the judge of the client records 1746 referred to in the application. 1747 (j) A court may authorize the disclosure and use of client

1747 records for the purpose of conducting a criminal investigation 1748 or prosecution of <u>an individual</u> a client only if the court finds 1750 that all of the following criteria are met:

1751 1. The crime involved is extremely serious, such as one 1752 which causes or directly threatens loss of life or serious 1753 bodily injury, including but not limited to homicide, sexual 1754 assault, sexual battery, kidnapping, armed robbery, assault with 1755 a deadly weapon, and child abuse and neglect.

1756 2. There is reasonable likelihood that the records will 1757 disclose information of substantial value in the investigation 1758 or prosecution.

1759 3. Other ways of obtaining the information are not1760 available or would not be effective.

4. The potential injury to the <u>individual</u> client, to the physician-individual physician-client relationship and to the ability of the program to provide services to other <u>individuals</u> clients is outweighed by the public interest and the need for the disclosure.

(8) RIGHT TO COUNSEL.—Each <u>individual</u> client must be informed that he or she has the right to be represented by counsel in any involuntary proceeding for assessment, stabilization, or treatment and that he or she, or if the

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1770 individual client is a minor his or her parent, legal guardian, 1771 or legal custodian, may apply immediately to the court to have 1772 an attorney appointed if he or she cannot afford one. 1773 (9) RIGHT TO HABEAS CORPUS.-At any time, and without 1774 notice, an individual a client involuntarily retained by a 1775 provider, or the individual's client's parent, guardian, 1776 custodian, or attorney on behalf of the individual client, may 1777 petition for a writ of habeas corpus to question the cause and 1778 legality of such retention and request that the court issue a 1779 writ for the individual's client's release. 1780 (10) LIABILITY AND IMMUNITY.-1781 (a) Service provider personnel who violate or abuse any 1782 right or privilege of an individual a client under this chapter 1783 are liable for damages as determined by law. 1784 (b) All persons acting in good faith, reasonably, and 1785 without negligence in connection with the preparation or 1786 execution of petitions, applications, certificates, or other 1787 documents or the apprehension, detention, discharge, 1788 examination, transportation, or treatment of a person under the 1789 provisions of this chapter shall be free from all liability, civil or criminal, by reason of such acts. 1790 1791 Section 26. Section 397.581, Florida Statutes, is amended 1792 to read: 1793 397.581 Unlawful activities relating to client assessment 1794 and treatment; penalties.-1795 (1) Knowingly furnishing false information for the purpose 1796 of obtaining emergency or other involuntary admission for any 1797 person is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as

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provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

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1799	(2) Causing or otherwise securing, or conspiring with or
1800	assisting another to cause or secure, without reason for
1801	believing a person to be impaired, any emergency or other
1802	involuntary procedure for the person is a misdemeanor of the
1803	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine
1804	not exceeding \$5,000.
1805	(3) Causing, or conspiring with or assisting another to
1806	cause, the denial to any person of any right accorded pursuant
1807	to this chapter is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
1808	as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.
1809	Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
1810	397.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1811	397.601 Voluntary admissions
1812	(4)(a) The disability of minority for persons under 18
1813	years of age is removed solely for the purpose of obtaining
1814	voluntary substance abuse impairment services from a licensed
1815	service provider, and consent to such services by a minor has
1816	the same force and effect as if executed by <u>an individual</u> a
1817	client who has reached the age of majority. Such consent is not
1818	subject to later disaffirmance based on minority.
1819	Section 28. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.6751,
1820	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1821	397.6751 Service provider responsibilities regarding
1822	involuntary admissions
1823	(1) It is the responsibility of the service provider to:
1824	(a) Ensure that a person who is admitted to a licensed
1825	service component meets the admission criteria specified in s.
1826	397.675;
1827	(b) Ascertain whether the medical and behavioral conditions

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1828 of the person, as presented, are beyond the safe management 1829 capabilities of the service provider; 1830 (c) Provide for the admission of the person to the service 1831 component that represents the least restrictive available 1832 setting that is responsive to the person's treatment needs; 1833 (d) Verify that the admission of the person to the service 1834 component does not result in a census in excess of its licensed 1835 service capacity; 1836 (e) Determine whether the cost of services is within the 1837 financial means of the person or those who are financially 1838 responsible for the person's care; and 1839 (f) Take all necessary measures to ensure that each 1840 individual client in treatment is provided with a safe 1841 environment, and to ensure that each individual client whose 1842 medical condition or behavioral problem becomes such that he or 1843 she cannot be safely managed by the service component is 1844 discharged and referred to a more appropriate setting for care. 1845 (3) When, in the judgment of the service provider, the 1846 medical conditions or behavioral problems of an involuntary 1847 individual client become such that they cannot be safely managed 1848 by the service component, the service provider must discharge 1849 the individual client and attempt to assist him or her in 1850 securing more appropriate services in a setting more responsive 1851 to his or her needs. Upon completing these efforts, the service 1852 provider must, within 72 hours, report in writing to the 1853 referral source, in compliance with federal confidentiality 1854 regulations: 1855

1856

(a) The basis for the <u>individual's</u> client's discharge: $_{\tau}$ and (b) Documentation of the service provider's efforts to

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1857 assist the person in gaining access to appropriate services. 1858 Section 29. Section 397.6752, Florida Statutes, is amended 1859 to read: 1860 397.6752 Referral of involuntarily admitted individual 1861 client for voluntary treatment.-Upon giving his or her written 1862 informed consent, an involuntarily admitted individual client 1863 may be referred to a service provider for voluntary admission 1864 when the service provider determines that the individual client 1865 no longer meets involuntary criteria. 1866 Section 30. Section 397.6758, Florida Statutes, is amended 1867 to read: 1868 397.6758 Release of individual client from protective 1869 custody, emergency admission, involuntary assessment, 1870 involuntary treatment, and alternative involuntary assessment of 1871 a minor.-An individual A-client involuntarily admitted to a 1872 licensed service provider may be released without further order 1873 of the court only by a qualified professional in a hospital, a 1874 detoxification facility, an addictions receiving facility, or 1875 any less restrictive treatment component. Notice of the release 1876 must be provided to the applicant in the case of an emergency 1877 admission or an alternative involuntary assessment for a minor, 1878 or to the petitioner and the court if the involuntary assessment 1879 or treatment was court ordered. In the case of a minor client, 1880 the release must be: 1881 (1) To the individual's client's parent, legal guardian, or 1882 legal custodian or the authorized designee thereof; 1883

1883 (2) To the Department of Children and Family Services1884 pursuant to s. 39.401; or

1885

(3) To the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to s.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1886 984.13. 1887 Section 31. Section 397.6773, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1888 1889 397.6773 Dispositional alternatives after protective 1890 custody.-1891 (1) An individual A client who is in protective custody 1892 must be released by a qualified professional when: 1893 (a) The individual client no longer meets the involuntary admission criteria in s. 397.675(1); 1894 1895 (b) The 72-hour period has elapsed; or 1896 (c) The individual client has consented to remain voluntarily at the licensed service provider. 1897 1898 (2) An individual A client may only be retained in 1899 protective custody beyond the 72-hour period when a petition for 1900 involuntary assessment or treatment has been initiated. The 1901 timely filing of the petition authorizes the service provider to 1902 retain physical custody of the individual client pending further 1903 order of the court. 1904 Section 32. Section 397.6797, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1905 1906 397.6797 Dispositional alternatives after emergency 1907 admission.-Within 72 hours after an emergency admission to a 1908 hospital or a licensed detoxification or addictions receiving 1909 facility, the individual client must be assessed by the 1910 attending physician to determine the need for further services. 1911 Within 5 days after an emergency admission to a nonresidential 1912 component of a licensed service provider, the individual client 1913 must be assessed by a qualified professional to determine the 1914 need for further services. Based upon that assessment, a

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1915 qualified professional of the hospital, detoxification facility, 1916 or addictions receiving facility, or a qualified professional if a less restrictive component was used, must either: 1917 1918 (1) Release the individual client and, where appropriate, 1919 refer the individual client to other needed services; or 1920 (2) Retain the individual client when: 1921 (a) The individual client has consented to remain 1922 voluntarily at the licensed provider; or (b) A petition for involuntary assessment or treatment has 1923 1924 been initiated, the timely filing of which authorizes the service provider to retain physical custody of the individual 1925 1926 client pending further order of the court. 1927 Section 33. Section 397.6799, Florida Statutes, is amended 1928 to read: 1929 397.6799 Disposition of minor client upon completion of 1930 alternative involuntary assessment.-A minor who has been 1931 assessed pursuant to s. 397.6798 must, within the time 1932 specified, be released or referred for further voluntary or 1933 involuntary treatment, whichever is most appropriate to the 1934 needs of the minor. Section 34. Section 397.6819, Florida Statutes, is amended 1935 1936 to read: 1937 397.6819 Involuntary assessment and stabilization; responsibility of licensed service provider.-A licensed service 1938 1939 provider may admit an individual a client for involuntary 1940 assessment and stabilization for a period not to exceed 5 days. 1941 The individual client must be assessed without unnecessary delay 1942 by a qualified professional. If an assessment is performed by a 1943 qualified professional who is not a physician, the assessment

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1944 must be reviewed by a physician <u>before</u> prior to the end of the 1945 assessment period.

1946 Section 35. Section 397.6821, Florida Statutes, is amended 1947 to read:

1948 397.6821 Extension of time for completion of involuntary 1949 assessment and stabilization.-If a licensed service provider is 1950 unable to complete the involuntary assessment and, if necessary, 1951 stabilization of an individual a client within 5 days after the 1952 court's order, it may, within the original time period, file a 1953 written request for an extension of time to complete its 1954 assessment, and shall, in accordance with confidentiality 1955 requirements, furnish a copy to all parties. With or without a 1956 hearing, the court may grant additional time, not to exceed 7 1957 days after the date of the renewal order, for the completion of 1958 the involuntary assessment and stabilization of the individual 1959 client. The original court order authorizing the involuntary assessment and stabilization, or a request for an extension of 1960 1961 time to complete the assessment and stabilization that is timely 1962 filed pursuant to this section, constitutes legal authority to 1963 involuntarily hold the individual client for a period not to 1964 exceed 10 days in the absence of a court order to the contrary.

1965 Section 36. Section 397.6822, Florida Statutes, is amended 1966 to read:

1967 397.6822 Disposition of <u>individual</u> client after involuntary 1968 assessment.—Based upon the involuntary assessment, a qualified 1969 professional of the hospital, detoxification facility, or 1970 addictions receiving facility, or a qualified professional when 1971 a less restrictive component has been used, must:

1972

(1) Release the individual client and, where appropriate,

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 1973 refer the individual client to another treatment facility or 1974 service provider, or to community services; 1975 (2) Allow the individual client, with consent if the client 1976 has consented, to remain voluntarily at the licensed provider; 1977 or 1978 (3) Retain the individual client when a petition for 1979 involuntary treatment has been initiated, the timely filing of 1980 which authorizes the service provider to retain physical custody 1981 of the individual client pending further order of the court. 1982 Adhering to federal confidentiality regulations, notice of 1983 1984 disposition must be provided to the petitioner and to the court. 1985 Section 37. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.697, 1986 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1987 397.697 Court determination; effect of court order for 1988 involuntary substance abuse treatment.-1989 (1) When the court finds that the conditions for 1990 involuntary substance abuse treatment have been proved by clear 1991 and convincing evidence, it may order the respondent to undergo 1992 involuntary treatment by a licensed service provider for a 1993 period not to exceed 60 days. If the court finds it necessary, 1994 it may direct the sheriff to take the respondent into custody 1995 and deliver him or her to the licensed service provider 1996 specified in the court order, or to the nearest appropriate 1997 licensed service provider, for involuntary treatment. When the 1998 conditions justifying involuntary treatment no longer exist, the 1999 individual client must be released as provided in s. 397.6971. 2000 When the conditions justifying involuntary treatment are 2001 expected to exist after 60 days of treatment, a renewal of the

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 2002 involuntary treatment order may be requested pursuant to s. 397.6975 prior to the end of the 60-day period. 2003 2004 (3) An involuntary treatment order authorizes the licensed 2005 service provider to require the individual client to undergo 2006 such treatment as will benefit him or her, including treatment 2007 at any licensable service component of a licensed service 2008 provider. 2009 Section 38. Section 397.6971, Florida Statutes, is amended 2010 to read: 2011 397.6971 Early release from involuntary substance abuse 2012 treatment.-2013 (1) At any time prior to the end of the 60-day involuntary 2014 treatment period, or prior to the end of any extension granted 2015 pursuant to s. 397.6975, an individual a client admitted for 2016 involuntary treatment may be determined eligible for discharge 2017 to the most appropriate referral or disposition for the 2018 individual client when: 2019 (a) The individual client no longer meets the criteria for 2020 involuntary admission and has given his or her informed consent 2021 to be transferred to voluntary treatment status; 2022 (b) If the individual client was admitted on the grounds of 2023 likelihood of infliction of physical harm upon himself or 2024 herself or others, such likelihood no longer exists; or 2025 (c) If the individual client was admitted on the grounds of 2026 need for assessment and stabilization or treatment, accompanied 2027 by inability to make a determination respecting such need, 2028 either: 2029 1. Such inability no longer exists; or 2030 2. It is evident that further treatment will not bring

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2031	about further significant improvements in the <u>individual's</u>
2032	client's condition;
2033	(d) The <u>individual</u> client is no longer in need of services;
2034	or
2035	(e) The director of the service provider determines that
2036	the <u>individual</u> client is beyond the safe management capabilities
2037	of the provider.
2038	(2) Whenever a qualified professional determines that <u>an</u>
2039	<u>individual</u> a client admitted for involuntary treatment is ready
2040	for early release for any of the reasons listed in subsection
2041	(1), the service provider shall immediately discharge the
2042	individual client, and must notify all persons specified by the
2043	court in the original treatment order.
2044	Section 39. Section 397.6975, Florida Statutes, is amended
2045	to read:
2046	397.6975 Extension of involuntary substance abuse treatment
2047	period
2048	(1) Whenever a service provider believes that an individual
2049	a client who is nearing the scheduled date of release from
2050	involuntary treatment continues to meet the criteria for
2051	involuntary treatment in s. 397.693, a petition for renewal of
2052	the involuntary treatment order may be filed with the court at
2053	least 10 days <u>before</u> prior to the expiration of the court-
2054	ordered treatment period. The court shall immediately schedule a
2055	hearing to be held not more than 15 days after filing of the
2056	petition. The court shall provide the copy of the petition for
2057	renewal and the notice of the hearing to all parties to the
2058	proceeding. The hearing is conducted pursuant to s. 397.6957.
2059	(2) If the court finds that the petition for renewal of the

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2060	involuntary treatment order should be granted, it may order the
2061	respondent to undergo involuntary treatment for a period not to
2062	exceed an additional 90 days. When the conditions justifying
2063	involuntary treatment no longer exist, the <u>individual</u> client
2064	must be released as provided in s. 397.6971. When the conditions
2065	justifying involuntary treatment continue to exist after 90 days
2066	of additional treatment, a new petition requesting renewal of
2067	the involuntary treatment order may be filed pursuant to this
2068	section.
2069	Section 40. Section 397.6977, Florida Statutes, is amended
2070	to read:
2071	397.6977 Disposition of <u>individual</u> client upon completion
2072	of involuntary substance abuse treatment.—At the conclusion of
2073	the 60-day period of court-ordered involuntary treatment, the
2074	individual client is automatically discharged unless a motion
2075	for renewal of the involuntary treatment order has been filed
2076	with the court pursuant to s. 397.6975.
2077	Section 41. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
2078	397.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2079	397.702 Authorization of local ordinances for treatment of
2080	habitual abusers in licensed secure facilities
2081	(2) Ordinances for the treatment of habitual abusers must
2082	provide:
2083	(e) That, if the <u>individual</u> client still meets the criteria
2084	for involuntary admission in s. 397.675 at or near the
2085	expiration of the treatment period ordered by the court pursuant
2086	to paragraph (d), the agent of the county or municipality may
2087	file another habitual abuser petition pursuant to paragraph (b)
2088	for a period not exceeding 180 days for each such petition.

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 2089 Section 42. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 397.706, 2090 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2091 397.706 Screening, assessment, and disposition of juvenile offenders.-2092 (2) The juvenile and circuit courts, in conjunction with 2093 2094 department substate entity district administration, shall 2095 establish policies and procedures to ensure that juvenile 2096 offenders are appropriately screened for substance abuse 2097 problems and that diversionary and adjudicatory proceedings 2098 include appropriate conditions and sanctions to address 2099 substance abuse problems. Policies and procedures must address: 2100 (a) The designation of local service providers responsible 2101 for screening and assessment services and dispositional 2102 recommendations to the department and the court. 2103 (b) The means by which juvenile offenders are processed to 2104 ensure participation in screening and assessment services. 2105 (c) The role of the court in securing assessments when 2106 juvenile offenders or their families are noncompliant. 2107 (d) Safequards to ensure that information derived through 2108 screening and assessment is used solely to assist in 2109 dispositional decisions and not for purposes of determining 2110 innocence or guilt. 2111 (3) Because resources available to support screening and assessment services are limited, the judicial circuits and 2112 2113 department substate entity district administration must develop 2114 those capabilities to the extent possible within available 2115 resources according to the following priorities: 2116 (a) Juvenile substance abuse offenders. 2117 (b) Juvenile offenders who are substance abuse impaired at

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2118
      the time of the offense.
2119
            (c) Second or subsequent juvenile offenders.
2120
            (d) Minors taken into custody.
2121
           Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 397.801, Florida
      Statutes, is amended to read:
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2123
           397.801 Substance abuse impairment coordination.-
2124
            (2) The department shall establish, within each of its
2125
      substate entities service districts, the full-time position of
2126
      substance abuse impairment prevention coordinator, to be filled
2127
      by a person with expertise in the area of substance abuse
2128
      impairment. The primary responsibility of this person is to
      develop and implement activities which foster the prevention of
2129
2130
      substance abuse impairment.
2131
           Section 44. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.821,
2132
      Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2133
           397.821 Juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and
2134
      early intervention councils.-
2135
            (1) Each judicial circuit as set forth in s. 26.021 may
2136
      establish a juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and
2137
      early intervention council composed of at least 12 members,
2138
      including representatives from law enforcement, the department,
2139
      school districts, state attorney and public defender offices,
2140
      the circuit court, the religious community, substance abuse
      impairment professionals, child advocates from the community,
2141
2142
      business leaders, parents, and high school students. However,
2143
      those circuits which already have in operation a council of
2144
      similar composition may designate the existing body as the
2145
      juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and early
2146
      intervention council for the purposes of this section. Each
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588-05175-09 20092612c2 2147 council shall establish bylaws providing for the length of term 2148 of its members, but the term may not exceed 4 years. The 2149 substate entity district administrator, as defined in s. 20.19, 2150 and the chief judge of the circuit court shall each appoint six 2151 members of the council. The substate entity district 2152 administrator shall appoint a representative from the 2153 department, a school district representative, a substance abuse 2154 impairment treatment professional, a child advocate, a parent, 2155 and a high school student. The chief judge of the circuit court 2156 shall appoint a business leader and representatives from the 2157 state attorney's office, the public defender's office, the 2158 religious community, the circuit court, and law enforcement 2159 agencies. 2160 (3) The council shall provide recommendations to the 2161 Program Director for Substance Abuse annually for consideration 2162 for inclusion in the substance abuse district alcohol, drug 2163 abuse, and mental health substate entity plans.

2164 Section 45. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection 2165 (2), and subsection (3) of section 397.94, Florida Statutes, are 2166 amended to read:

2167 397.94 Children's substance abuse services; information and 2168 referral network.-

(1) Each <u>substate entity</u> service district of the department shall develop a plan for and implement a districtwide comprehensive children's substance abuse information and referral network to be operational by July 1, 2000.

(2) The <u>substate entity</u> district shall determine the most
cost-effective method for delivering this service and may select
a new provider or utilize an existing provider or providers with

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2176	a record of success in providing information and referral
2177	services.
2178	(c) Develop and implement procedures for documenting
2179	requests for services, including, but not limited to:
2180	1. Number of calls by type of service requested, if any;
2181	2. Ages of children for whom services are requested; and
2182	3. Disposition on all referrals, including location of
2183	resource if referred for face-to-face screening.
2184	(3) In planning the information and referral network, the
2185	substate entity district shall consider the establishment of a
2186	24-hour toll-free telephone number to call for information and a
2187	public service campaign to inform the public about the
2188	information and referral service.
2189	Section 46. Section 397.95, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2190	read:
2191	397.95 Children's substance abuse services; services
2192	provided by licensed providers.—Each <u>substate entity</u> service
2193	district of the department shall ensure that all screening,
2194	intake, assessment, enrollment, service planning, and case
2195	management services provided under this part are provided by
2196	children's substance abuse services providers licensed under
2197	part II of this chapter and in accordance with standards set
2198	forth in department rules.
2199	Section 47. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
2200	397.97, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2201	397.97 Children's substance abuse services; demonstration
2202	models
2203	(3) PURCHASE OF SERVICES; OPERATION CRITERIA

(a) Each demonstration model shall be governed by a

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2205	multiagency consortium of state and county agencies or other
2206	public agencies, or a community-based, not-for-profit substance
2207	abuse or behavioral health network designated by the department,
2208	hereafter referred to as the purchasing agent, which shall
2209	purchase individualized services for children who are at risk of
2210	substance abuse or have a substance abuse problem. Services
2211	shall be based on client need rather than on traditional
2212	services limited to narrowly defined cost centers or
2213	appropriations categories. Approval to operate as a Children's
2214	Network of Care Demonstration Model shall be given by the
2215	secretary of the department and shall be based on criteria
2216	developed by the department.
2217	Section 48. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section
2218	397.99, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2219	397.99 School substance abuse prevention partnership
2220	grants
2221	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES; FUNDING REQUIREMENTS
2222	(g) The department shall consider the following in awarding
2223	such grants:
2224	1. The number of youths that will be targeted.
2225	2. The validity of the program design to achieve project
2226	goals and objectives that are clearly related to performance-
2227	based program budgeting effectiveness measures.
2228	3. The desirability of funding at least one approved
2229	project in each of the department's <u>substate entities</u> service
2230	districts.
2231	Section 49. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1) of
2232	section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2233	440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirementsThe

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588-05175-09 20092612c2 2234 following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program 2235 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 2236 for Health Care Administration: 2237 (1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise 2238 requires, as used in this act: 2239 (d) "Drug rehabilitation program" means a service provider, 2240 established pursuant to s. 397.311(33) s. 397.311(28), that 2241 provides confidential, timely, and expert identification, 2242 assessment, and resolution of employee drug abuse. 2243 (g) "Employee assistance program" means an established 2244 program capable of providing expert assessment of employee 2245 personal concerns; confidential and timely identification 2246 services with regard to employee drug abuse; referrals of employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; 2247 2248 and followup services for employees who participate in the 2249 program or require monitoring after returning to work. If, in 2250 addition to the above activities, an employee assistance program 2251 provides diagnostic and treatment services, these services shall 2252 in all cases be provided by service providers pursuant to s. 2253 397.311(33) s. 397.311(28). 2254 Section 50. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 2255 766.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2256 766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.-2257 (1) As used in this section: 2258 (a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee" 2259 means: 2260 1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical 2261 center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance 2262 organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,

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b. A committee of a physician-hospital organization, a provider-sponsored organization, or an integrated delivery system,

2266 c. A committee of a state or local professional society of 2267 health care providers,

d. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or nursing home, provided the medical staff operates pursuant to written bylaws that have been approved by the governing board of the hospital or nursing home,

e. A committee of the Department of Corrections or the Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or the authority or both,

f. A committee of a professional service corporation formed under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under chapter 607 or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305(3), and which has at least 25 health care providers who routinely provide health care services directly to patients,

2282 <u>g. A committee of the Department of Children and Family</u> 2283 <u>Services which includes employees, agents, or consultants to the</u> 2284 <u>department as deemed necessary to provide peer review,</u> 2285 <u>utilization review, and mortality review of treatment services</u> 2286 provided pursuant to chapters 394, 397, and 916,

2287 <u>h.g.</u> A committee of a mental health treatment facility 2288 licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center 2289 as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance program 2290 operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by 2291 the governing board of the agency,

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2292
           i.h. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and
2293
      education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 provided
2294
      the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the
2295
      guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of
2296
      the agency,
2297
           j.i. A peer review or utilization review committee
2298
      organized under chapter 440,
2299
           k.<del>j.</del> A committee of the Department of Health, a county
2300
      health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural
2301
      health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of
2302
      these entities when reviewing mortality records, or
2303
           1.k. A continuous quality improvement committee of a
2304
      pharmacy licensed pursuant to chapter 465,
2305
2306
      which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of
2307
      health care rendered by providers of health service, or to
2308
      determine that health services rendered were professionally
2309
      indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable
2310
      standard of care, or that the cost of health care rendered was
2311
      considered reasonable by the providers of professional health
2312
      services in the area; or
2313
           2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint
2314
      underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or
2315
      other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.
2316
           Section 51. Section 394.9081, Florida Statutes, is
2317
      repealed.
2318
           Section 52. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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