1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to mental illness; amending s.
3	394.455, F.S.; defining the term "electronic means";
4	amending s. 394.462, F.S.; requiring a law enforcement
5	agency that transports persons to a receiving facility
6	to have a memorandum of understanding with the
7	facility; requiring that custody of a person who is
8	transported to a receiving or treatment facility be
9	relinquished to a responsible person at the facility;
10	amending ss. 394.4655 and 394.467, F.S.; specifying
11	that a psychiatric examination by certain personnel be
12	conducted face-to-face, in person or by electronic
13	means; providing an effective date.
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15	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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17	Section 1. Subsection (38) is added to section 394.455,
18	Florida Statutes, to read:
19	394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the
20	context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
21	(38) "Electronic means" means a form of telecommunication
22	that requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio
23	communication.
24	Section 2. Present paragraphs (k) and (l) of subsection (1)
25	of section 394.462, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
26	paragraphs (l) and (m), respectively, a new paragraph (k) is
27	added to that subsection, present subsection (3) of that section
28	is renumbered as subsection (4), and a new subsection (3) is
29	added to that section, to read:

Page 1 of 6

30	394.462 Transportation
31	(1) TRANSPORTATION TO A RECEIVING FACILITY
32	(k) Each law enforcement agency shall develop a memorandum
33	of understanding with each receiving facility within the law
34	enforcement agency's jurisdiction which reflects a single set of
35	protocols for the safe and secure transportation of the person
36	and transfer of custody of the person. These protocols must also
37	address crisis-intervention measures.
38	(3) TRANSFER OF CUSTODYCustody of a person who is
39	transported pursuant to this part, along with related
40	documentation, shall be relinquished to a responsible individual
41	at the appropriate receiving or treatment facility.
42	Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of
43	section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
44	394.4655 Involuntary outpatient placement
45	(2) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT PLACEMENT
46	(a)1. A patient who is being recommended for involuntary
47	outpatient placement by may be retained by a receiving facility
48	upon the recommendation of the administrator of <u>the</u> a receiving
49	facility where the patient has been examined may be retained by
50	the facility and after adherence to the notice of hearing
51	procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be
52	supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second
53	opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both
54	of whom have personally examined the patient within the
55	preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient
56	placement are met. However, in a county having a population of
57	fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies that <u>a</u> no
58	psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is <u>not</u> available to

Page 2 of 6

59 provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided 60 by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous 61 62 disorders or by a psychiatric nurse as defined in this chapter. 63 Any second opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be 64 conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by 65 electronic means. Such a recommendation must be entered on an 66 involuntary outpatient placement certificate that authorizes τ which certificate must authorize the receiving facility to 67 retain the patient pending completion of a hearing. The 68 69 certificate shall be made a part of the patient's clinical 70 record.

71 2. If the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets 72 the criteria for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 73 394.463(1), the patient must be released from the receiving 74 facility while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient 75 placement. Before Prior to filing a petition for involuntary 76 outpatient treatment, the administrator of a receiving facility 77 or a designated department representative must shall identify 78 the service provider that will have primary responsibility for 79 service provision under an order for involuntary outpatient 80 placement, unless the person is otherwise participating in 81 outpatient psychiatric treatment and is not in need of public 82 financing for that treatment, in which case the individual, if 83 eligible, may be ordered to involuntary treatment pursuant to the existing psychiatric treatment relationship. 84

3. The service provider shall prepare a written proposed
treatment plan in consultation with the patient or the patient's
guardian advocate, if appointed, for the court's consideration

Page 3 of 6

88 for inclusion in the involuntary outpatient placement order. The 89 service provider shall also provide a copy of the proposed 90 treatment plan to the patient and the administrator of the 91 receiving facility. The treatment plan must specify the nature 92 and extent of the patient's mental illness, . The treatment plan must address the reduction of symptoms that necessitate 93 94 involuntary outpatient placement, and include measurable goals 95 and objectives for the services and treatment that are provided 96 to treat the person's mental illness and to assist the person in 97 living and functioning in the community or to attempt to prevent 98 a relapse or deterioration. Service providers may select and 99 supervise provide supervision to other individuals to implement 100 specific aspects of the treatment plan. The services in the 101 treatment plan must be deemed to be clinically appropriate by a 102 physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, mental 103 health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical 104 social worker, as defined in this chapter, who consults with, or 105 is employed or contracted by, the service provider. The service 106 provider must certify to the court in the proposed treatment 107 plan whether sufficient services for improvement and 108 stabilization are currently available and whether the service 109 provider agrees to provide those services. If the service 110 provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment 111 plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the 112 petition.

(b) If a patient in involuntary inpatient placement meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement, the administrator of the treatment facility may, before the expiration of the period during which the treatment facility is

Page 4 of 6

117 authorized to retain the patient, recommend involuntary 118 outpatient placement. The recommendation must be supported by 119 the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a 120 clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have 121 personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient placement are met. 122 123 However, in a county having a population of fewer than 50,000, 124 if the administrator certifies that a no psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to provide the second 125 opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed 126 127 physician who has postgraduate training and experience in 128 diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or by a 129 psychiatric nurse as defined in s. 394.455(23). Any second 130 opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. 131 132 Such a recommendation must be entered on an involuntary 133 outpatient placement certificate, and the certificate must shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. 134

Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 394.467, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

394.467 Involuntary inpatient placement.-

138 (2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.-A patient may be 139 retained by a receiving facility or involuntarily placed in a 140 treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator 141 of the a receiving facility where the patient has been examined and after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures 142 143 provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by 144 the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have 145

Page 5 of 6

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146 personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, 147 that the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement are met. However, in a county that has a population of fewer counties of 148 149 less than 50,000 population, if the administrator certifies that 150 a no psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to 151 provide the second opinion, the such second opinion may be 152 provided by a licensed physician who has with postgraduate 153 training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and 154 nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse as defined in s. 155 394.455(23). Any second opinion authorized in this subsection 156 may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person 157 or by electronic means. Such recommendation shall be entered on 158 an involuntary inpatient placement certificate that authorizes τ 159 which certificate shall authorize the receiving facility to 160 retain the patient pending transfer to a treatment facility or 161 completion of a hearing.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

Page 6 of 6