1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to education funding; amending s. 1001.20, 3 F.S.; providing additional responsibilities of the Office 4 of Technology and Information Services in the Office of 5 the Commissioner of Education; creating s. 1001.271, F.S.; 6 requiring the commissioner to purchase a portion of 7 Internet access services for the Florida Information 8 Resource Network; amending s. 1001.28, F.S.; revising the 9 Department of Education's duties concerning distance 10 learning; amending s. 1001.395, F.S.; requiring that the salary of district school board members be the same as the 11 annual calculation or the salary of members of the 12 Legislature, whichever is less, for a specified period; 13 14 amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; providing for the operation of 15 schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an 16 hourly basis; authorizing extension of the school year; clarifying provisions authorizing the payment of earned 17 leave and benefits accrued by a district school board 18 19 employee before his or her employment contract expires; 20 amending s. 1001.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating 21 to the funding of regional consortium service 22 organizations; amending s. 1001.47, F.S.; authorizing 23 elected district school superintendents to reduce their 24 salary rates on a voluntary basis; requiring that each elected superintendent's salary be reduced by 5 percent 25 26 for the 2009-2010 fiscal year; amending s. 1001.50, F.S.; 27 clarifying provisions authorizing payment of earned leave 28 and benefits accrued by a superintendent before his or her

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employment contract terminates; limiting the use of compensation in calculating benefits; encouraging review and reduction of compensation; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; restricting funds for the Florida Virtual School; amending s. 1002.43, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the provision of and access to school district virtual instruction programs and the provider and accountability requirements for such programs; revising marketing provisions; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 1002.71, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the funding of prekindergarten programs; revising requirements for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program attendance policy; amending s. 1003.02, F.S.; providing for the operation of schools for a term of 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis; amending s. 1003.03, F.S.; extending dates relating to the calculation of the number of students for purposes of complying with the class size requirements; amending s. 1004.55, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the location and service area of a regional autism center; amending s. 1006.06, F.S.; revising provisions relating to school breakfast programs to include state allocations; amending s. 1006.28, F.S.; clarifying the definition of the term "adequate instructional materials"; amending s. 1006.40, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the purchase of instructional materials; amending s. 1008.29, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the establishment of fees

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for the College-level communications and mathematics skills examination; amending s. 1008.41, F.S.; authorizing rather than requiring the commissioner to employ the Florida Information Resource Network for workforce education data management; amending s. 1010.11, F.S.; providing for the electronic transfer of funds for certain payments; amending s. 1011.18, F.S.; providing for the transfer of funds from depositories for certain payments; amending s. 1011.60, F.S.; revising the minimum requirements for the Florida Education Finance Program relating to the term of operation; providing for 196 days of service or the equivalent on an hourly basis for certain school district personnel; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; redefining the term "full-time equivalent student"; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; requiring that a student who is enrolled in study hall or participates in on-the-job training may not be included in the calculation of fulltime equivalent student membership for funding purposes; revising provisions relating to the final calculation of taxable value for purposes of required local effort; extending a date relating to categorical funds for instructional materials; revising the calculation for the total allocation of state funds to districts for current operations; repealing s. 1011.69(4)(b), F.S., relating to funds excluded from allocations under the Equity in School-Level Funding Act; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; reducing the authorized millage levy for capital improvement; revising provisions that authorize the

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expenditure of such millage; waiving the limit for payments under certain lease-purchase agreements for a specified period; authorizing waiver of certain equal dollar reductions; authorizing district school boards to levy additional millage for certain purposes for a specified period; providing restrictions and for certain calculation; amending s. 1011.73, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 1012.33, F.S.; extending the period of service for annual contract school personnel under certain circumstances; deleting provisions relating to the acceptance of certain teacher service; amending s. 1012.59, F.S.; revising personnel certification fee provisions; amending s. 1012.71, F.S.; authorizing the department to conduct a pilot program to determine the feasibility of managing the Florida Teachers Lead Program through a centralized electronic system; amending s. 1012.72, F.S.; providing requirements for bonuses under the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program; authorizing rules; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; providing additional uses for charter school capital outlay funds; amending s. 1013.64, F.S.; conforming provisions; requiring certain school districts to contribute specified millage amounts for special facilities construction projects; repealing s. 9 of ch. 2008-142, Laws of Florida; abrogating the expiration of certain amendments relating to categorical funding for the operation of schools; providing for implementation of specified appropriations; providing for the incorporation by reference of certain calculations

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used by the Legislature for the 2009-2010 fiscal year; providing for retroactive operation of specified provisions of the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1001.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 121 1001.20 Department under direction of state board.--
  - (4) The Department of Education shall establish the following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other divisions and offices:
  - (a) Office of Technology and Information

    Services.—Responsible for developing a systemwide technology plan, making budget recommendations to the commissioner, providing data collection and management for the system, assisting school districts in securing Internet access and telecommunications services, including those eligible for funding under the Schools and Libraries Program of the federal Universal Service Fund, and coordinating services with other state, local, and private agencies. The office shall develop a method to address the need for a statewide approach to planning and operations of library and information services to achieve a single K-20 education system library information portal and a unified higher education library management system. The Florida Virtual School shall be administratively housed within the office.

Section 2. Section 1001.271, Florida Statutes, is created

to read:

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1001.271 Florida Information Resource Network.--Upon

requisition by school districts, community colleges,

universities, or other eligible users of the Florida Information

Resource Network, the Commissioner of Education shall purchase

the nondiscounted portion of Internet access services,

including, but not limited to, circuits, encryption, content

filtering, support, and any other services needed for the

effective and efficient operation of the network. Each user

shall identify in its requisition the source of funds from which

the commissioner is to make payments.

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Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 1001.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.28 Distance learning duties.—The duties of the Department of Education concerning distance learning include, but are not limited to, the duty to:

(2) Coordinate the use of existing resources, including, but not limited to, the state's satellite transponders on the education satellites, the SUNCOM Network, the Florida Information Resource Network (FIRN), and the Florida Knowledge Network the Department of Management Services, the Department of Corrections, and the Department of Children and Family Services' satellite communication facilities to support a statewide advanced telecommunications services and distance learning initiatives network.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate, supersede, alter, or amend the powers and duties of any state agency, district school board, community college board of trustees, university board of trustees, the Board of Governors, or the State Board of Education.

Section 4. Subsection (3) is added to section 1001.395, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, to read:

- 1001.395 District school board members; compensation.--
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and s.

  145.19, for the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the salary of each
  district school board member shall be the amount calculated
  pursuant to subsection (1) or the salary of members of the
  Legislature, pursuant to s. 11.13 or any other law, whichever is
  less.
- Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (12) and subsection (25) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:
- 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.--The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:
- (12) FINANCE. -- Take steps to assure students adequate educational facilities through the financial procedure authorized in chapters 1010 and 1011 and as prescribed below:
- (a) Provide for all schools to operate at least 180 days.—Provide for the operation of all public schools, both elementary and secondary, as free schools for a term of at least 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by

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rules of the State Board of Education; determine district school funds necessary in addition to state funds to operate all schools for such minimum term; and arrange for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources. Nothing in this section, s. 1003.02, or s. 1011.60 may preclude a school district from extending the school year beyond 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis.

- A district school board may not enter into an employment contract that is funded from state funds and that requires the district to pay from state funds an employee an amount in excess of 1 year of the employee's annual salary for termination, buyout, or any other type of contract settlement. This subsection does not prohibit the payment of earned leave and benefits in accordance with the district's leave and benefits policies which are accrued by the employee before the contract terminates.
- Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1001.451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1001.451 Regional consortium service organizations.--In order to provide a full range of programs to larger numbers of students, minimize duplication of services, and encourage the development of new programs and services:

(2)

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the appropriation for the 2008-2009 fiscal year may be less than \$50,000 per school district and eligible member. If the amount appropriated is insufficient to provide \$50,000, the funds available must be

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prorated among all eligible districts and members. This
paragraph expires July 1, 2009.

- Section 7. Subsections (6) and (7) are added to section 1001.47, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 1001.47 District school superintendent; salary.--
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and s. 145.19, elected district school superintendents may reduce their salary rates on a voluntary basis.
- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and s. 145.19, for the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the salary of each elected district school superintendent calculated pursuant to this section shall be reduced by 5 percent.
- Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 1001.50, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, is amended, and subsections (5) and (6) are added to that section, to read:
- 1001.50 Superintendents employed under Art. IX of the State Constitution.--
- (2) The district school board of each of such districts shall enter into contracts of employment with the district school superintendent and shall adopt rules relating to his or her appointment; however, on or after February 1, 2009, the district school board may not enter into an employment contract that is funded from state funds and that requires the district to pay from state funds a superintendent an amount in excess of 1 year of the superintendent's annual salary for termination, buy-out, or any other type of contract settlement. This subsection does not prohibit the payment of earned leave and

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benefits in accordance with the district's leave and benefits policies which are accrued by the superintendent before the contract terminates.

- (5) Notwithstanding any other law, resolution, or rule to the contrary, a district school superintendent employed under this section may not receive more than \$225,000 in remuneration annually from state funds. "Remuneration" means salary, bonuses, and cash-equivalent compensation paid to a district school superintendent by his or her employer for work performed, excluding health insurance benefits and retirement benefits.

  Only compensation, as defined in s. 121.021(22), that is provided to a superintendent may be used in calculating benefits under chapter 121.
- (6) District school boards and district school superintendents employed pursuant to this section are encouraged to review the superintendent's annual remuneration for the 2009-2010 fiscal year and mutually agree to a reduction of at least 5 percent.
- Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1002.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1002.43 Private tutoring programs.--
- (1) Regular school attendance as defined in s. 1003.01(13) may be achieved by attendance in a private tutoring program if the person tutoring the student meets the following requirements:
- (c) Requires students to be in actual attendance for the  $\frac{1}{2}$  minimum length of time prescribed by s. 1011.60(2).

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Section 10. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.--

- (3) Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be provided as follows:
- (g) The Florida Virtual School shall receive additional state funds as may be provided in the General Appropriations Act; however, such funds may not be provided for the purpose of fulfilling the class size requirements in ss. 1003.03 and 1011.685.

Section 11. Subsections (1), (2), (7), (8), (10), (11), and (12) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.45 School district virtual instruction programs.--

(1) PROGRAM. --

district may shall provide eligible students within its boundaries the option of participating in a virtual instruction program operated by the school district which is a program separate from the Florida Virtual School under s. 1002.37. The purpose of the program is to make instruction available to students using online and distance learning technology in the nontraditional classroom and to provide an exit option for students authorized to participate under paragraph (7)(c). The program shall be provide virtual instruction to full-time for students enrolled in full-time virtual courses in kindergarten through grade 8 and or in full-time or part-time for students

enrolled virtual courses in grades 9 through 12 as authorized in paragraph (7)(c).

- (b) Each school district's virtual instruction program

  shall use may consist of one or more schools that are operated

  by the district or by contracted providers approved by the

  Department of Education under subsection (2). School districts

  may participate in multidistrict contractual arrangements, which

  may include contracts executed by a regional consortium for its

  member districts, to provide such programs.
- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (7)(c), virtual instruction is instruction in which at least 80 percent of the direct instruction is provided by a Florida-certified teacher using some form of technology when the student and the teacher are separated by time or space, or both.
- (d) If a student was enrolled in a K-8 Virtual School
  Program under s. 1002.415 for the 2008-2009 school year and the
  student resides in a school district that does not offer a
  virtual instruction program, the school district must provide
  the student access to the virtual school program in which the
  student was enrolled during the 2008-2009 school year.
- (c) A charter school may enter into a joint agreement with the school district in which it is located for the charter school's students to participate in an approved district virtual instruction program.
- (2) PROVIDER QUALIFICATIONS.--On or before March 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, The department shall annually provide school districts with a list of no more than two approved providers for the K-8 virtual instruction program and no more

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than two approved providers for the virtual instruction program under paragraph (7)(c) providers approved to offer virtual instruction. To be approved by the department, a contract provider must annually document that it:

- (a) Is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and operations;
- (b) Complies with the antidiscrimination provisions of s. 1000.05;
- (c) Locates an administrative office or offices in this state, requires its administrative staff to be state residents, and requires all instructional staff members to be Floridacertified teachers;
- (d) Possesses prior, successful experience offering online courses to elementary, middle, or high school students;
- (e) Utilizes <u>Florida-certified</u> an instructional model that relies on certified teachers, not parents, to provide at least 85 percent of the instruction to the student;
- (f) Requires all school employees to have background screening as required by s. 1012.32;
- (g) Provides no more than 20 percent of instruction to the student by a parent or an instructional coach;
- (h) (f) Is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School

  Improvement, the North Central Association Commission on Accreditation and School Improvement, the Middle States

  Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Elementary

  Schools and Commission on Secondary Schools, the New England

  Association of Schools and Colleges, the Northwest Association

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of Accredited Schools, or the Western Association of Schools and Colleges the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, or the New England Association of Colleges and Schools; and

(i) (g) Complies with all requirements under this section.

Notwithstanding this subsection, approved providers of virtual instruction shall include the Florida Virtual School established under s. 1002.37 and providers that operate under s. 1002.415.

- (7) FUNDING.--
- (a) For purposes of a district virtual instruction program, "full-time equivalent student" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) or (IV).
- (b) The school district shall report full-time equivalent students for the school district virtual instruction program and for a charter school's students who participate under paragraph (1)(c) to the department only in a manner prescribed by the department, and funding shall be provided through the Florida Education Finance Program.
- (c) Full-time or part-time school district virtual instruction program courses provided under this section for students in grades 9 through 12 are limited to Department of Juvenile Justice programs, dropout prevention programs, and career and vocational programs.
  - (8) ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY. --

(a) With the exception of the programs offered by the Florida Virtual School under s.  $1002.37_r$  Each school district K-8 virtual instruction program must:

- 1. participate in the statewide assessment program under s. 1008.22 and in the state's education performance accountability system under s. 1008.31.
- 2. Receive a school grade as provided in s. 1008.34. A school district virtual instruction program shall be considered a school under s. 1008.34 for purposes of this section, regardless of the number of individual providers participating in the district's program.
- the department shall aggregate by provider the statewide assessment scores of the students in each school district full-time K-8 virtual instruction program at the end of each year and publish a statewide school grade for each provider. The performance of part-time students under paragraph (7) (c) shall not be included for purposes of school grading under subparagraph (a) 2.; however, their performance shall be included for school grading purposes by the nonvirtual school providing the student's primary instruction.
- (c) A <u>provider</u> program that is designated with a grade of "D," making less than satisfactory progress, or "F," failing to make adequate progress, must file a school improvement plan with the department for consultation to determine the causes for low performance and to develop a plan for correction and improvement.
- (d) The school district shall terminate its program with a provider, including all contracts with providers for such

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program, if the provider program receives a grade of "D," making less than satisfactory progress, or "F," failing to make adequate progress, for 2 years during any consecutive 4-year period. If a contract is not renewed or is terminated, the contracted provider is responsible for all debts of the program or school operated by the provider.

- (e) A school district that terminates its <u>contract with a provider program</u> under paragraph (d) <u>may shall</u> contract with <u>another a provider selected and approved by the department for the provision of virtual instruction <del>until the school district receives approval from the department to operate a new school district virtual instruction program.</u></del>
- (10) MARKETING.--Any information provided by a school district to parents and students regarding the school district's virtual education instruction program must include information about opportunities available at, and the parent's and student's right to access courses offered by the school district virtual instruction program and by, the Florida Virtual School under s. 1002.37.
- PROGRAM. --For the 2008-2009 school year, each school district in the state may offer a school district virtual instruction program to provide full-time virtual courses in kindergarten through grade 8 or to provide full-time or part-time virtual courses in grades 9 through 12 as authorized in paragraph (7) (c). Such program may be operated or contracted as provided under paragraph (1) (b) and must comply with all requirements of this section, except that contracts under this subsection may

only be issued for virtual courses in kindergarten through grade 8 to providers operating under s. 1002.415 or for virtual courses in grades 9 through 12 as authorized under paragraph (7)(c) to providers who contracted with a regional consortium in the 2007-2008 school year to provide such services.

(11) (12) RULES.--The State Board of Education shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including rules that prescribe school district and charter school reporting requirements.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 1002.71, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

1002.71 Funding; financial and attendance reporting. --

- (4) Notwithstanding s. 1002.53(3) and subsection (2):
- (a) A child who, for any of the prekindergarten programs listed in s. 1002.53(3), has not completed more than 70 10 percent of the hours authorized to be reported for funding under subsection (2) may withdraw from the program for good cause and, reenroll in one of the programs, and be reported for funding purposes as a full-time equivalent student in the program for which the child is reenrolled. The total funding for a child who reenrolls in one of the programs for good cause shall not exceed one full-time equivalent student. Funding for a child who withdraws and reenrolls in one of the programs for good cause shall be issued in accordance with the uniform attendance policy adopted pursuant to paragraph (6)(d).

A child may reenroll only once in a prekindergarten program under this section. A child who reenrolls in a prekindergarten program under this subsection may not subsequently withdraw from the program and reenroll. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish criteria specifying whether a good cause exists for a child to withdraw from a program under paragraph (a), whether a child has substantially completed a program under paragraph (b), and whether an extreme hardship exists which is beyond the child's or parent's control under paragraph (b).

(6)

- (d) The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt, for funding purposes, a uniform attendance policy for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. The attendance policy must apply statewide and apply equally to all private prekindergarten providers and public schools. The attendance policy must establish a minimum requirement for student attendance and include at least the following provisions:
- 1. Beginning with the 2009-2010 fiscal year for schoolyear programs, a student's attendance may be reported on a pro
  rata basis as a fraction of and the 2009 summer program, a
  student who meets the minimum requirement of 80 percent of the
  total number of hours for the program may be reported as a fulltime equivalent student for funding purposes.
- 2. At a maximum, 20 percent of the total payment for each student made to a private kindergarten provider or public school may be for hours a student is absent. A student who does not meet the minimum requirement may be reported only as a

fractional part of a full-time equivalent student, reduced pro rata based on the student's attendance.

3. A private prekindergarten provider or public school may not receive payment for absences that occur before a student's first day of attendance or after a student's last day of attendance. A student who does not meet the minimum requirement may be reported as a full-time equivalent student if the student is absent for good cause in accordance with exceptions specified in the uniform attendance policy.

The uniform attendance policy shall be used only for funding purposes and does not prohibit a private prekindergarten provider or public school from adopting and enforcing its attendance policy under paragraphs (a) and (c).

Section 13. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 1003.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.02 District school board operation and control of public K-12 education within the school district.—As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K-12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs,

and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

- (1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following fields:
  - (g) School operation. --

- 1. Provide for the operation of all public schools as free schools for a term of at least 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education; determine district school funds necessary in addition to state funds to operate all schools for the minimum term; and arrange for the levying of district school taxes necessary to provide the amount needed from district sources.
- 2. Prepare, adopt, and timely submit to the Department of Education, as required by law and by rules of the State Board of Education, the annual school budget, so as to promote the improvement of the district school system.
- Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1003.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1003.03 Maximum class size.--
  - (2) IMPLEMENTATION. --
- (b) Determination of the number of students per classroom in paragraph (a) shall be calculated as follows:
- 1. For fiscal years 2003-2004 through 2005-2006, the calculation for compliance for each of the 3 grade groupings shall be the average at the district level.

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2. For fiscal years 2006-2007 through  $\underline{2009-2010}$   $\underline{2008-2009}$ , the calculation for compliance for each of the 3 grade groupings shall be the average at the school level.

- 3. For fiscal year  $\underline{2010-2011}$   $\underline{2009-2010}$  and thereafter, the calculation for compliance shall be at the individual classroom level.
- 4. For fiscal years 2006-2007 through 2009-2010 and thereafter, each teacher assigned to any classroom shall be included in the calculation for compliance.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1004.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.55 Regional autism centers.--

(1) Seven regional autism centers are established to provide nonresidential resource and training services for persons of all ages and of all levels of intellectual functioning who have autism, as defined in s. 393.063; who have a pervasive developmental disorder that is not otherwise specified; who have an autistic-like disability; who have a dual sensory impairment; or who have a sensory impairment with other handicapping conditions. Each center shall be operationally and fiscally independent and shall provide services within its geographical region of the state. Service delivery shall be consistent for all centers. Each center shall coordinate services within and between state and local agencies and school districts but may not duplicate services provided by those agencies or school districts. The respective locations and service areas of the centers are:

(a) The <u>College of Medicine</u> <del>Department of Communication</del> <del>Disorders</del> at Florida State University, which serves Bay, Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Leon, Liberty, Madison, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington Counties.

Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 1006.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.06 School food service programs.--

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- (b) Beginning with the 2009-2010 school year, each school district must annually set prices for breakfast meals at rates that, combined with federal reimbursements and state allocations, are sufficient to defray costs of school breakfast programs without requiring allocations from the district's operating funds, except if the district school board approves lower rates.
- Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 1006.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1006.28 Duties of district school board, district school superintendent; and school principal regarding K-12 instructional materials.--
- (1) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD.—The district school board has the duty to provide adequate instructional materials for all students in accordance with the requirements of this part. The term "adequate instructional materials" means a sufficient number of textbooks or sets of materials that are available in bound, unbound, kit, or package form and may consist of hardbacked or softbacked textbooks, consumables, learning

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laboratories, manipulatives, electronic media, and computer courseware or software that serve serving as the basis for instruction for each student in the core courses of mathematics, language arts, social studies, science, reading, and literature, except for instruction for which the school advisory council approves the use of a program that does not include a textbook as a major tool of instruction. The district school board has the following specific duties:

- (a) Courses of study; adoption. -- Adopt courses of study for use in the schools of the district.
- (b) Textbooks.--Provide for proper requisitioning, distribution, accounting, storage, care, and use of all instructional materials furnished by the state and furnish such other instructional materials as may be needed. The district school board shall assure that instructional materials used in the district are consistent with the district goals and objectives and the curriculum frameworks adopted by rule of the State Board of Education, as well as with the state and district performance standards provided for in s. 1001.03(1).
- (c) Other instructional materials.—Provide such other teaching accessories and aids as are needed for the school district's educational program.
- (d) School library media services; establishment and maintenance.—Establish and maintain a program of school library media services for all public schools in the district, including school library media centers, or school library media centers open to the public, and, in addition such traveling or

circulating libraries as may be needed for the proper operation of the district school system.

Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 1006.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1006.40 Use of instructional materials allocation; instructional materials, library books, and reference books; repair of books.--

The funds described in subsection (3) which district school boards may use to purchase materials not on the stateadopted list shall be used for the purchase of instructional materials or other items having intellectual content which assist in the instruction of a subject or course. These items may be available in bound, unbound, kit, or package form and may consist of hardbacked or softbacked textbooks, replacements for items which were part of previously purchased instructional materials, consumables, learning laboratories, manipulatives, electronic media, computer courseware or software, and other commonly accepted instructional tools as prescribed by district school board rule. The funds available to district school boards for the purchase of materials not on the state-adopted list may not be used to purchase electronic or computer hardware unless even if such hardware is bundled with other state-adopted instructional materials such as textbooks, software, or other electronic media, nor may such funds be used to purchase equipment or supplies. However, when authorized to do so in the General Appropriations Act, a school or district school board may use a portion of the funds available to it for the purchase

of materials not on the state-adopted list to purchase science laboratory materials and supplies.

- Section 19. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 1008.29, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1008.29 College-level communication and mathematics skills examination (CLAST).--
- (7) The State Board of Education shall collaborate with the Board of Governors to establish rules instituting uniform fees for all students, including private postsecondary students, who take the CLAST. The fees shall be sufficient to cover the actual cost of developing and administering the examination, by rule, shall establish fees for the administration of the examination to private postsecondary students.
- (8) (a) The State Board of Education, by rule, shall establish fees for the administration of the examination by community colleges at times other than regularly scheduled dates to accommodate examinees who are unable to be tested on those dates. The state board shall establish the conditions under which examinees may be admitted to the special administrations.
- (b) The Board of Governors may establish fees for the administration of the examination by state universities at times other than regularly scheduled dates to accommodate examinees who are unable to be tested on those dates. The Board of Governors may establish the conditions under which examinees may be admitted to the special administrations.
- Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1008.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.41 Workforce education; management information system.--

- (1) The Commissioner of Education shall coordinate uniform program structures, common definitions, and uniform management information systems for workforce education for all divisions within the department. In performing these functions, the commissioner shall designate deadlines after which data elements may not be changed for the coming fiscal or school year. School districts and community colleges shall be notified of data element changes at least 90 days prior to the start of the subsequent fiscal or school year. Such systems must provide for:
- (c) Maximum use of automated technology and records in existing databases and data systems. To the extent feasible, the Florida Information Resource Network  $\underline{\text{may}}$  shall be employed for this purpose.

Section 21. Section 1010.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1010.11 Electronic transfer of funds.—Pursuant to the provisions of s. 215.85, each district school board, community college board of trustees, and university board of trustees shall adopt written policies prescribing the accounting and control procedures under which any funds under their control are allowed to be moved by electronic transaction for any purpose including direct deposit, wire transfer, withdrawal, or payment. Electronic transactions shall comply with the provisions of chapter 668.

Section 22. Subsection (4) of section 1011.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1011.18 School depositories; payments into and withdrawals from depositories.--

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HOW FUNDS DRAWN FROM DEPOSITORIES. -- All money drawn from any district school depository holding same as prescribed herein shall be upon a check or warrant drawn on authority of the district school board as prescribed by law. Each check or warrant shall be signed by the chair or, in his or her absence, the vice chair of the district school board and countersigned by the district school superintendent, with corporate seal of the school board affixed. However, as a matter of convenience, the corporate seal of the district school board may be printed upon the warrant and a proper record of such warrant shall be maintained. The district school board may by resolution, a copy of which must be delivered to the depository, provide for internal funds to be withdrawn from any district depository by a check duly signed by at least two bonded school employees designated by the board to be responsible for administering such funds. However, the district school superintendent or his or her designee, after having been by resolution specifically authorized by the district school board, may transfer funds from one depository to another, within a depository, to another institution, or from another institution to a depository for investment purposes and may transfer funds to pay expenses, expenditures, or other disbursements that must be evidenced by an invoice or other appropriate documentation in a similar manner when the transfer does not represent an expenditure, advance, or reduction of cash assets. Such transfer may be made by electronic, telephonic, or other medium; and each transfer

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shall be confirmed in writing and signed by the district school superintendent or his or her designee.

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Section 23. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (d) and (f) of subsection (3) of section 1011.60, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1011.60 Minimum requirements of the Florida Education Finance Program.—Each district which participates in the state appropriations for the Florida Education Finance Program shall provide evidence of its effort to maintain an adequate school program throughout the district and shall meet at least the following requirements:
- MINIMUM TERM. -- Operate all schools for a term of at least 180 actual teaching days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education each school year. The State Board of Education may prescribe procedures for altering, and, upon written application, may alter, this requirement during a national, state, or local emergency as it may apply to an individual school or schools in any district or districts if, in the opinion of the board, it is not feasible to make up lost days or hours, and the apportionment may, at the discretion of the Commissioner of Education and if the board determines that the reduction of school days or hours is caused by the existence of a bona fide emergency, be reduced for such district or districts in proportion to the decrease in the length of term in any such school or schools. A strike, as defined in s. 447.203(6), by employees of the school district may not be considered an emergency.

(3) EMPLOYMENT POLICIES. -- Adopt rules relating to the appointment, promotion, transfer, suspension, and dismissal of personnel.

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- (d) District school boards may authorize a maximum of six paid legal holidays which shall apply to the 196 days of service or the equivalent on an hourly basis.
- (f) Such rules must require 12 calendar months of service for such principals as prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education and must require 10 months to include not less than 196 days of service or the equivalent on an hourly basis, excluding Sundays and other holidays, for all members of the instructional staff, with any such service on a 12-month basis to include reasonable allowance for vacation or further study as prescribed by the school board in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education.
- Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1011.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1011.61 Definitions.--Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.21, the following terms are defined as follows for the purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program:
  - (1) A "full-time equivalent student" in each program of the district is defined in terms of full-time students and part-time students as follows:
    - (c)1. A "full-time equivalent student" is:
- 798 a. A full-time student in any one of the programs listed 799 in s. 1011.62(1)(c); or
- b. A combination of full-time or part-time students in any one of the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) which is the

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equivalent of one full-time student based on the following calculations:

- (I) A full-time student, except a postsecondary or adult student or a senior high school student enrolled in adult education when such courses are required for high school graduation, in a combination of programs listed in s.

  1011.62(1)(c) shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership in each special program equal to the number of net hours per school year for which he or she is a member, divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. The difference between that fraction or sum of fractions and the maximum value as set forth in subsection (4) for each full-time student is presumed to be the balance of the student's time not spent in such special education programs and shall be recorded as time in the appropriate basic program.
- (II) A prekindergarten handicapped student shall meet the requirements specified for kindergarten students.
- (III) A full-time equivalent student for students in grades K-8 in a school district virtual instruction program as provided in s. 1002.45 shall consist of a student who has successfully completed a basic program listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1.a. or b., and who is promoted to a higher grade level by August 31 of each year. The maximum value for funding a student in a virtual instruction program is subject to subsection (4).
- (IV) A full-time equivalent student for students in grades 9-12 in a school district virtual instruction program as

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provided in s. 1002.45 shall consist of six full credit completions in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and  $\underline{3}$ . 4. Credit completions can be a combination of either full credits or half credits.

- (V) A <u>full-time equivalent student of the Florida Virtual School or of any approved school district franchise of the Florida Virtual School, as provided in s. 1002.37, full-time equivalent student shall consist of six full credit completions in the programs listed in <u>s. 1011.62(1)(c)1.b. for grades 6</u> through 8 and the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1.c. for grades 9 through 12 s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 4. Credit completions can be a combination of either full credits or half credits. <u>A school district franchise full-time equivalent student may be reported for funding up to August 31 of each year.</u></u>
- (VI) Each successfully completed credit earned under the alternative high school course credit requirements authorized in s. 1002.375, which is not reported as a portion of the 900 net hours of instruction pursuant to subparagraph (1)(a)1., shall be calculated as 1/6 FTE.
- 2. A student in membership in a program scheduled for more or less than 180 school days or the equivalent on an hourly basis is a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership equal to the number of instructional hours in membership divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1.; however, for the purposes of this subparagraph, membership in programs scheduled for more than 180 days or the equivalent on an hourly basis is limited to students enrolled in juvenile

justice education programs, and the Florida Virtual School, and a school district virtual instruction program.

The department shall determine and implement an equitable method of equivalent funding for experimental schools and for schools operating under emergency conditions, which schools have been approved by the department to operate for less than the minimum school day.

Section 25. Paragraphs (1) through (t) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (n) through (v), respectively, and new paragraphs (1) and (m) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of that section are amended, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.——If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- (1) Study hall.--A student who is enrolled in study hall may not be included in the calculation of full-time equivalent student membership for funding under this section.

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(m) On-the-job training. -- A student who participates in on-the-job training, excluding classroom instruction, may not be included in the calculation of full-time equivalent student membership for funding under this section.

- (4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.—The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort for all school districts collectively as an item in the General Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows:
  - (b) Final calculation. --

- 1. The taxable value for school purposes certified by the Department of Revenue which is used in the fourth calculation with the annualized full-time student membership from the February student survey shall be the final taxable value used in the final calculation.
- 2. For purposes of this paragraph, the final taxable value for school purposes shall be the taxable value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed and mailed to the taxpayers, adjusted to reflect final administrative actions of value adjustment boards and judicial decisions pursuant to chapter 194. For each county that has not submitted a revised tax roll reflecting final value adjustment board actions and final judicial decisions, the Department of Revenue shall certify the most recent revision of the taxable value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed and mailed to taxpayers, adjusted by the average percentage difference, over

the most recent 3 years for which the information is available, between the taxable value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed and the taxable value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed as adjusted to reflect final administrative actions of value adjustment board and judicial decisions pursuant to chapter 194.

- 3. The value certified under subparagraph 1. shall be the final taxable value for school purposes for that year, and no further adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to paragraph (12)(b).
  - (6) CATEGORICAL FUNDS. --

- (b) If a district school board finds and declares in a resolution adopted at a regular meeting of the school board that the funds received for any of the following categorical appropriations are urgently needed to maintain school board specified academic classroom instruction, the school board may consider and approve an amendment to the school district operating budget transferring the identified amount of the categorical funds to the appropriate account for expenditure:
  - 1. Funds for student transportation.
  - 2. Funds for safe schools.
  - 3. Funds for supplemental academic instruction.
  - 4. Funds for research-based reading instruction.
- 5. Funds for instructional materials if all instructional material purchases have been completed for that fiscal year, but no sooner than March 1, 2010  $\frac{2009}{1000}$ .
- (12) TOTAL ALLOCATION OF STATE FUNDS TO EACH DISTRICT FOR CURRENT OPERATION. -- The total annual state allocation to each

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district for current operation for the FEFP shall be distributed periodically in the manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.

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- The basic amount for current operation for the FEFP as determined in subsection (1), multiplied by the district cost differential factor as determined in subsection (2), plus the amounts provided for categorical components within the FEFP, plus the discretionary millage compression supplement as determined in subsection (5), the amount for the sparsity supplement as determined in subsection (7), the decline in fulltime equivalent students as determined in subsection (8), the research-based reading instruction allocation as determined in subsection (9), the allocation for juvenile justice education programs as determined in subsection (10), the quality assurance guarantee as determined in subsection (11), the allocation for instructional materials as determined in s. 1011.67, the allocation for student transportation as determined in s. 1011.68, and the allocation for the Florida Teachers Lead Program as determined in s. 1012.71, less the required local effort as determined in subsection (4). If the funds appropriated for the purpose of funding the total amount for current operation as provided in this paragraph are not sufficient to pay the state requirement in full, the department shall prorate the available state funds to each district in the following manner:
- 1. Determine the percentage of proration by dividing the sum of the total amount for current operation, as provided in this paragraph for all districts collectively, and the total

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district required local effort into the sum of the state funds available for current operation and the total district required local effort.

- 2. Multiply the percentage so determined by the sum of the total amount for current operation as provided in this paragraph and the required local effort for each individual district.
- 3. From the product of such multiplication, subtract the required local effort of each district; and the remainder shall be the amount of state funds allocated to the district for current operation.
- Section 26. <u>Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section</u> 1011.69, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
- Section 27. Section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

## 1011.71 District school tax.--

(1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(12) shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted current operating discretionary millage. The

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Legislature shall prescribe annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage a district may levy.

- (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 1.75 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for district schools, including charter schools at the discretion of the school board, to fund:
- (a) New construction and remodeling projects, as set forth in s. 1013.64(3)(b) and (6)(b) and included in the district's educational plant survey pursuant to s. 1013.31, without regard to prioritization, sites and site improvement or expansion to new sites, existing sites, auxiliary facilities, athletic facilities, or ancillary facilities.
- (b) Maintenance, renovation, and repair of existing school plants or of leased facilities to correct deficiencies pursuant to  $s.\ 1013.15(2)$ .
- (c) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of school buses.
- (d) Effective July 1, 2008, the purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and replacement equipment, and enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance with definitions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting requirements.
- (e) Payments for educational facilities and sites due under a lease-purchase agreement entered into by a district school board pursuant to s. 1003.02(1)(f) or s. 1013.15(2), not

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exceeding, in the aggregate, an amount equal to three-fourths of the proceeds from the millage levied by a district school board pursuant to this subsection. For the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the three-fourths limit is waived for lease-purchase agreements entered into before June 30, 2009, by a district school board pursuant to this paragraph.

- (f) Payment of loans approved pursuant to ss. 1011.14 and 1011.15.
- (g) Payment of costs directly related to complying with state and federal environmental statutes, rules, and regulations governing school facilities.
- (h) Payment of costs of leasing relocatable educational facilities, of renting or leasing educational facilities and sites pursuant to s. 1013.15(2), or of renting or leasing buildings or space within existing buildings pursuant to s. 1013.15(4).
- (i) Payment of the cost of school buses when a school district contracts with a private entity to provide student transportation services if the district meets the requirements of this paragraph.
- 1. The district's contract must require that the private entity purchase, lease-purchase, or lease, and operate and maintain, one or more school buses of a specific type and size that meet the requirements of s. 1006.25.
- 2. Each such school bus must be used for the daily transportation of public school students in the manner required by the school district.

3. Annual payment for each such school bus may not exceed 10 percent of the purchase price of the state pool bid.

- 4. The proposed expenditure of the funds for this purpose must have been included in the district school board's notice of proposed tax for school capital outlay as provided in s. 200.065(10).
- (j) Payment of the cost of the opening day collection for the library media center of a new school.
- (k) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure school district educational and ancillary plants as required by ss. 1001.42(11)(d) and 1001.51(11)(k).
- (1) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.
- (3) If the revenue from the millage authorized in subsection (2) is insufficient to make payments due under a lease-purchase agreement entered into prior to June 30, 2008, by a district school board pursuant to paragraph (2)(e), an amount up to  $0.5 \ 0.25$  mills of the taxable value for school purposes within the school district shall be legally available for such payments, notwithstanding other restrictions on the use of such revenues imposed by law.
- (4) Effective July 1, 2008, and through June 30, 2010, a school district may expend, subject to the provisions of s. 200.065, up to \$100 per unweighted full-time equivalent student

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from the revenue generated by the millage levy authorized by subsection (2) to fund, in addition to expenditures authorized in paragraphs (2)(a)-(j), expenses for the following:

- (a) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.
- (b) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure school district educational and ancillary plants. Operating revenues that are made available through the payment of property and casualty insurance premiums from revenues generated under this subsection may be expended only for nonrecurring operational expenditures of the school district.
- (4) (5) Violations of the expenditure provisions in subsection (2) or subsection (4) shall result in an equal dollar reduction in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funds for the violating district in the fiscal year following the audit citation. If the Commissioner of Education determines that a school district acted in good faith, he or she may waive the equal dollar reduction for audit findings for the 2006-2007 or 2007-2008 fiscal year that were related to the purchase of software.
- $\underline{(5)}$  (6) These taxes shall be certified, assessed, and collected as prescribed in s. 1011.04 and shall be expended as provided by law.

 $\underline{(6)}$  (7) Nothing in s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. shall in any way be construed to increase the maximum school millage levies as provided for in subsection (1).

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(7) (8) In addition to the maximum millage levied under this section and the General Appropriations Act, a school district may levy, by local referendum or in a general election, additional millage for school operational purposes up to an amount that, when combined with nonvoted millage levied under this section, does not exceed the 10-mill limit established in s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution. Any such levy shall be for a maximum of 4 years and shall be counted as part of the 10-mill limit established in s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution. Millage elections conducted under the authority granted pursuant to this section are subject to s. 1011.73. Funds generated by such additional millage do not become a part of the calculation of the Florida Education Finance Program total potential funds in 2001-2002 or any subsequent year and must not be incorporated in the calculation of any hold-harmless or other component of the Florida Education Finance Program formula in any year. If an increase in required local effort, when added to existing millage levied under the 10-mill limit, would result in a combined millage in excess of the 10-mill limit, any millage levied pursuant to this subsection shall be considered to be required local effort to the extent that the district millage would otherwise exceed the 10-mill limit.

(8) Notwithstanding subsection (2), for the 2009-2010 fiscal year, if the revenue from 1.5 mills is insufficient to meet the payments due under a lease-purchase agreement entered

into before June 30, 2009, by a district school board pursuant to paragraph (2)(e), or to meet other critical district fixed capital outlay needs, the board, in addition to the 1.5 mills, may levy up to 0.25 mills for fixed capital outlay in lieu of levying an equivalent amount of the discretionary mills for operations as provided in the General Appropriations Act for 2009-2010. Millage levied pursuant to this subsection is subject to the provisions of s. 200.065 and, combined with the 1.5 mills authorized in subsection (2), may not exceed 1.75 mills. If the district chooses to use up to 0.25 mills for fixed capital outlay, the discretionary millage compression supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(5) shall be calculated for the standard discretionary millage that is not eligible for transfer to capital outlay.

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 1011.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.73 District millage elections. --

(2) MILLAGE AUTHORIZED NOT TO EXCEED 4 YEARS.--The district school board, pursuant to resolution adopted at a regular meeting, shall direct the county commissioners to call an election at which the electors within the school district may approve an ad valorem tax millage as authorized under s. 1011.71(7)(8). Such election may be held at any time, except that not more than one such election shall be held during any 12-month period. Any millage so authorized shall be levied for a period not in excess of 4 years or until changed by another millage election, whichever is earlier. If any such election is

invalidated by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidated election shall be considered not to have been held.

Section 29. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 1012.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.33 Contracts with instructional staff, supervisors, and school principals.--

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For contracts in the 2009-2010 or 2010-2011 fiscal (g) year, the period of service provided in this section may be extended by 1 year for an annual contract employee in the district who has at least 3 years of service when prescribed by the district school board based upon extraordinary financial circumstances in the district. Beginning July 1, 2001, for each employee who enters into a written contract, pursuant to this section, in a school district in which the employee was not employed as of June 30, 2001, or was employed as of June 30, 2001, but has since broken employment with that district for 1 school year or more, for purposes of pay, a district school board must recognize and accept each year of full-time public school teaching service earned in the State of Florida or outside the state and for which the employee received a satisfactory performance evaluation. Instructional personnel employed pursuant to s. 121.091(9)(b)3. are exempt from the provisions of this paragraph. Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 1012.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1012.59 Certification fees.--

(1) The State Board of Education, by rule, shall establish separate fees for applications, examinations, certification, certification renewal, late renewal, recordmaking, and recordkeeping, and may establish procedures for scheduling and administering an examination upon an applicant's request. Each fee shall be based on department estimates of the revenue required to implement the provisions of law with respect to certification of school personnel. The application fee shall be nonrefundable. Each examination fee shall be sufficient to cover the actual cost of developing and administering the examination, but shall not exceed \$100 for an examination.

Section 31. Subsection (6) is added to section 1012.71, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 1012.71 The Florida Teachers Lead Program.--
- (6) For the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the Department of Education is authorized to conduct a pilot program to determine the feasibility of managing the Florida Teachers Lead Program through a centralized electronic system. The pilot program system must:
- (a) Be established through a competitive procurement process.
- (b) Provide the capability for participating teachers to make purchases from online sources.
- (c) Provide the capability for participating teachers to make purchases from local vendors by means other than online purchasing.
  - (d) Generally comply with the provisions of this section.

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(e) Be subject to annual auditing requirements to ensure accountability for funds received and disbursed.

(f) Provide for the return of funds not used on an annual basis to the state.

- Participation by a school district in this pilot program shall be on a voluntary basis. The department may limit the number of participating districts to the number it deems feasible to adequately measure the viability of the pilot program. The department is not required to implement this pilot program if it determines the number of school districts willing to participate is insufficient to adequately measure the viability of the pilot program.
- Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1012.72, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:
  - 1012.72 Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. --
- (2) The Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program is created to provide categorical funding for bonuses for teaching excellence. The bonuses may be provided for initial certification for up to one 10-year period. The Department of Education shall distribute to each school district an amount as prescribed annually by the Legislature for the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program. For purposes of this section, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind shall be considered a school district. Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, each distribution shall be the sum of the amounts earned for the following:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(a) An annual bonus equal to 10 percent of the prior fiscal year's statewide average salary for classroom teachers to be distributed to the school district to be paid to each individual classroom teacher who holds NBPTS certification and is employed by the district school board or by a public school within the school district. For a classroom teacher who attains NBPTS certification after July 1, 2009, in order to be eligible for a bonus, the individual shall teach in a low-performing school as determined by the State Board of Education. The district school board shall distribute the annual bonus to each individual who meets the requirements of this paragraph and who is certified annually by the district to have demonstrated satisfactory teaching performance pursuant to s. 1012.34. The annual bonus may be paid as a single payment or divided into not more than three payments.

- (4) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to administer the provisions for payment of the bonuses and to establish definitions of low-performing schools and determine the eligibility of teachers.
- Section 33. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to subsection (2) of section 1013.62, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding.--
- (2) A charter school's governing body may use charter school capital outlay funds for the following purposes:
- (f) Effective July 1, 2008, purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and replacement equipment, and enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance with definitions of the Governmental Accounting

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Standards Board, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support schoolwide administration or state-mandated reporting requirements.

- (g) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure the school facilities.
- (h) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.

1282 Conversion charter schools may use capital outlay funds received 1283 through the reduction in the administrative fee provided in s. 1284 1002.33(20) for renovation, repair, and maintenance of school 1285 facilities that are owned by the sponsor.

Section 34. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2009-3, Laws of Florida, is amended, and subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:

1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant needs; construction cost maximums for school district capital projects.—Allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for capital outlay projects shall be determined as follows:

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(b)1. A district school board, including a district school board of an academic performance-based charter school district, must not use funds from the following sources: Public Education

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Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; Classrooms First Program funds provided in s. 1013.68; effort index grant funds provided in s. 1013.73; nonvoted 1.5-mill 1.75-mill levy of ad valorem property taxes provided in s. 1011.71(2); Classrooms for Kids Program funds provided in s. 1013.735; District Effort Recognition Program funds provided in s. 1013.736; or High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance Grant Program funds provided in s. 1013.738 for any new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station, including change orders, that equals more than:

- a. \$17,952 for an elementary school,
- b. \$19,386 for a middle school, or
- c. \$25,181 for a high school,

(January 2006) as adjusted annually to reflect increases or decreases in the Consumer Price Index.

- 2. A district school board must not use funds from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund or the School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund for any new construction of an ancillary plant that exceeds 70 percent of the average cost per square foot of new construction for all schools.
- (7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the district school board of Wakulla County shall contribute 1 mill in the 2009-2010 fiscal year and 0.5 mill in the 2010-2011 fiscal year to the cost of currently funded special facilities construction projects. The district school board of Liberty County shall

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1327 contribute 1 mill for each of the fiscal years from the 2009-1328 2010 fiscal year through the 2011-2012 fiscal year to the cost 1329 of currently funded special facilities construction projects. If 1330 funds are made available in the General Appropriations Act for 1331 the 2009-2010 fiscal year for the district school board of 1332 Calhoun County from the Special Facility Construction Account, 1333 the district school board of Calhoun County shall contribute 1334 1.125 mills for each of the fiscal years from the 2009-2010 1335 fiscal year through the 2012-2013 fiscal year to the cost of 1336 currently funded special facilities construction projects. 1337 Section 35. Section 9 of chapter 2008-142, Laws of 1338 Florida, is repealed. 1339 Section 36. In order to implement Specific Appropriations 1340 6, 7, 76, and 77 of the General Appropriations Act for the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the calculations of the Florida Education 1341 1342 Finance Program for the 2009-2010 fiscal year in the document 1343 entitled "Public School Funding - The Florida Education Finance 1344 Program," dated April X, 2009, and filed with the Clerk of the 1345 House of Representatives, are incorporated by reference for the 1346 purpose of displaying the calculations used by the Legislature, 1347 consistent with requirements of the Florida Statutes, in making 1348 appropriations and reductions in appropriations for the Florida 1349 Education Finance Program. 1350 Section 37. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009; 1351 however, the provisions of s. 1011.71, Florida Statutes, as 1352 amended by this act, shall operate retroactively to July 1, 1353 2008.

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