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A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation; providing legislative findings with respect to the need to preserve investments in transportation infrastructure and reduce congestion; creating the Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission for the purpose of studying the state's transportation needs and developing recommendations; requiring that the commission submit a report to the Legislature by a specified date; establishing powers and duties of the commission; providing for membership and authorizing the reimbursement of members for per diem and travel expenses; providing requirements for meetings of the commission; requiring the Center for Urban Transportation Research at the University of South Florida to provide staff support to the commission; requiring that the Department of Transportation direct a study for certain purposes; requiring that such study include and address certain elements; requiring that recommendations be delivered to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by a specified date; providing funding for the commission through federal funds for metropolitan transportation planning; amending s. 316.535, F.S.; requiring specified scale tolerances to be applied to weight limits for vehicles on highways that are not in the Interstate Highway System; amending s. 334.30, F.S.; authorizing the department

to lease existing toll facilities through public-

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private partnerships, subject to approval by the Legislature; amending s. 339.2818, F.S.; relating to the Small County Outreach Program; revising the purpose of the program to include certain program types; revising eligibility and prioritization criteria; authorizing the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization to conduct a study on advancing funds for certain construction projects; authorizing the Department of Transportation to assist with the study; requiring results of the study to be provided to the Governor, the Legislature, and certain entities; providing principles for the study; providing for content of the study; providing for legislative authorization prior to implementation of the study; amending s. 316.545, F.S.; providing for a reduction in the gross weight of certain vehicles equipped with idle-reduction technologies when calculating a penalty for exceeding maximum weight limits; requiring the operator to provide certification of the weight of the idle-reduction technology and to demonstrate or certify that the idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all times; amending s. 334.044, F.S.; revising the powers and duties of the Department of Transportation; amending s. 339.62, F.S.; providing that certain intermodal logistics centers are components of the Strategic Intermodal System; amending s. 339.63, F.S.; providing that certain intermodal logistics centers are included within the Strategic Intermodal System

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and the Emerging Strategic Intermodal System; directing the Secretary of Transportation to designate certain intermodal logistics centers as part of the Strategic Intermodal System; creating an exemption for certain proposed affordable housing developments from transportation concurrency requirements; amending s. 316.1895, F.S., authorizing alternative installation of "Speeding Fines Doubled" signs in advance of school zones; amending s. 338.01, F.S.; prohibiting new toll facilities from eliminating non-tolled options for travel in the same corridor; creating the Ronshay Dugans Act; designating the first week in September as "Drowsy Driving Prevention Week"; amending s. 337.401, F.S.; providing for the placement of and access to transmission lines that are adjacent to and within the right-of-way of any public road controlled by the Department of Transportation; amending s. 163.3180, F.S.; providing a definition for "backlog"; amending s. 348.0003, F.S.; providing that members of certain authorities are subject to specified financial disclosure requirements; amending s. 348.0004, F.S.; authorizing any expressway authority, transportation authority, bridge authority, or toll authority, subject to the approval of the Legislature, for any existing facility, to receive or solicit proposals and enter into agreements with private entities, or consortia thereof, for the building, operation, ownership, or financing of authority transportation facilities; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission.—
- (1) The Legislature finds and declares that the costs of preserving investments in transportation infrastructure and eliminating or reducing congestion in the movement of people and goods is expected to substantially increase, and those costs will have a commensurate effect on the state's economy, environment, and quality of life.
- (2) The Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission is created for the purpose of studying state, regional, and local transportation needs and developing new and innovative funding options and recommendations that address this state's future transportation needs. The commission shall submit a written report to the Legislature containing its findings and recommendations by January 1, 2011. The report presented by the commission shall, at a minimum, include findings and recommendations regarding:
- (a) The stability of existing transportation revenue sources, taking into account energy-efficient vehicles, emerging technologies, alternative fuels, and other state and federal initiatives.
- (b) The funding needs of state, regional, and local transportation facilities and services and the ability to address those needs.
- (c) New and innovative funding options that can be used by the state, metropolitan planning organizations, local

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governments, and other major transportation providers to fund transportation facilities and services.

- (3) The commission shall consist of 13 members. Three members shall be appointed by the Governor, three members shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, and three members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. One member shall be the Secretary of Transportation, or the secretary's designee, one member shall be appointed by the Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory Council, one member shall be appointed by the Florida Association of Counties, Inc., from among its members, and one member shall be appointed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., from among its members. The membership of the commission must represent transportation organizations, local governments, developers and homebuilders, the business community, the environmental community, transportation labor organizations, and other appropriate stakeholders in the transportation system. One member shall be designated by the Governor as chair of the commission. Members shall be appointed to a term that ends upon adjournment sine die of the 2011 regular legislative session. Any vacancy that occurs on the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061, Florida Statutes, while in performance of their duties.
- (4) The first meeting of the commission shall be held by October 1, 2009, and thereafter the commission shall meet at the call of the chair but not less frequently than three times per

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year. Each member of the commission is entitled to one vote, and actions of the commission are not binding unless taken by a majority vote of the members present. A majority of the membership constitutes a quorum at any meeting of the commission. The commission may adopt its own rules of procedure and has such other powers as are necessary to complete its responsibilities.

(5) The Center for Urban Transportation Research at the University of South Florida shall provide staff and other resources necessary to assist the commission in accomplishing its goals. All agencies under the control of the Governor are directed, and all other federal, state, and local agencies are requested, to render assistance to, and cooperate with, the commission.

Section 2. The Department of Transportation shall direct a study to be conducted and funded by the authority created in chapter 349, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of recommending to the Legislature the framework for a regional transportation authority for the northeast region of Florida, composed of the following counties and each of the municipalities located therein: Baker, Clay, Duval, Flagler, Nassau, Putnam, and St. Johns. The study shall include, at a minimum, the existing powers and duties of the authority, as well as the additional powers and duties necessary for the agency to plan, design, finance, construct, operate, and maintain transportation facilities providing a safe, adequate, and efficient surface transportation network for the region, consistent with the statewide transportation network. In addition, the study shall address agency revenue sources, governance, coordination of work

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plans, and coordination with local comprehensive plans for all transportation facilities of the agency. Recommendations shall be delivered to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than February 1, 2010.

Study Commission.—The sum of \$225,000 in federal metropolitan planning funds is appropriated from the State Transportation

Trust Fund to the Center for Urban Transportation Research at the University of South Florida for each of the 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 fiscal years for the purpose of paying the expenses of staff services and providing other related assistance to the Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission.

Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (12) and paragraph (i) of subsection (16) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, are created to read:

163.3180 Concurrency.-

(12) (a) A development of regional impact may satisfy the transportation concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts, if:

 $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$  The development of regional impact which, based on its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;

 $\frac{2.(b)}{(b)}$  The proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit a regionally significant transportation facility;

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3.(c) The owner and developer of the development of regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionateshare contribution; and

4.(d) If the regionally significant transportation facility to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03(12), other than the local government with jurisdiction over the development of regional impact, the developer is required to enter into a binding and legally enforceable commitment to transfer funds to the governmental entity having maintenance authority or to otherwise assure construction or improvement of the facility.

The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionateshare contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service. For purposes of this subsection, "construction cost" includes all associated costs of the improvement. Proportionate-share mitigation shall be limited to ensure that a development of regional impact meeting the requirements of this subsection mitigates its impact on the

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transportation system but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs. This subsection also applies to Florida Quality Developments pursuant to s. 380.061 and to detailed specific area plans implementing optional sector plans pursuant to s. 163.3245.

- (b) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional projected background trips from any source other than the development project under review that are forecast by established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research medium population projections. Additional projected background trips are to be coincident with the particular stage or phase of development under review.
- (16) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a method by which the impacts of development on transportation facilities can be mitigated by the cooperative efforts of the public and private sectors. The methodology used to calculate proportionate fair-share mitigation under this section shall be as provided for in subsection (12).
- (i) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional projected background trips from any source other than the development project under review that are forecast by established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research medium population projections. Additional

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projected background trips are to be coincident with the particular stage or phase of development under review.

Section 5. (1) The Northwest Florida Regional
Transportation Planning Organization, an interlocal agency under
part I of chapter 163, Florida Statutes, is authorized to study
the feasibility of advance-funding the costs of capacity
projects in its member counties and making recommendations to
the Legislature by February 1, 2010. The Department of
Transportation may assist the organization in conducting the
study.

- (2) Results of any study authorized by this section shall be provided to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the department, any metropolitan planning organization in any county served by the organization, and the counties served by the organization and shall discuss the financial feasibility of advance-funding the costs of capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization's member counties. The study must be based on the following assumptions:
- (a) Any advanced projects must be consistent with the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning
  Organization's 5-year plan and the department's work program.
  - (b) Any bonds shall have a maturity not to exceed 30 years.
- (c) A maximum of 25 percent of the department's capacity funds allocated annually to the counties served by the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization may be used to pay debt service on the bonds.
- (d) Bond proceeds may only be used for the following components of a construction project on a state road: planning,

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engineering, design, right-of-way acquisition, and construction.

- (e) The cost of the projects must be balanced with the proceeds available from the bonds.
- (f) The department shall have final approval of the projects financed through the sale of bonds.
  - (3) The study shall contain:
- (a) An analysis of the financial feasibility of advancing capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization's member counties.
- (b) A long-range, cost-feasible finance plan that identifies the project cost, revenues by source, financing, major assumptions, and a total cash flow analysis beginning with implementation of the project and extending through final completion of the project.
- (c) A tentative list of capacity projects and the priority in which they would be advanced. These projects must be consistent with the criteria in s. 339.135(2)(b), Florida Statutes.
- (d) A 5-year work program of the projects to be advanced.

  This program must be consistent with chapter 339, Florida

  Statutes.
- (e) A report of any statutory changes, including a draft bill, needed to give the Northwest Florida Regional

  Transportation Planning Organization the ability to advance construction projects. The draft bill language shall address, at a minimum:
- 1. Developing a list of road projects to be advanced, consistent with the organization's 5-year plan.
  - 2. Giving the department the authority to review projects

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to determine consistency with its current work program.

- 3. Giving the organization the authority to issue bonds with a maturity of not greater than 30 years.
- 4. Requiring proceeds of the bonds to be delivered to the department to pay the cost of completing the projects.
- 5. Requiring the road projects to be consistent with the organization's 5-year plan.
- 6. Permitting any participating county to elect to undertake responsibility for the payment of a portion of the cost of any project in the county pursuant to an agreement with the organization and the department.
- 7. Providing that, in each year that the bonds are outstanding, no more than 25 percent of the state transportation funds appropriated for capacity projects advanced pursuant to the terms of this section and within the area of operation of the organization shall be paid over to the organization for the purpose of paying debt service on bonds the organization issued for such capacity projects. Such payments shall be made in lieu of programming any new projects in the work program.
- 8. In the event that the capacity funds allocated to the member counties of the organization are less than the amount needed to satisfy the payment requirements under the contract, the department shall defer the funded capacity on any other projects in the member counties of the organization to the extent necessary to make up such deficiency, so as to enable the organization to make the required debt service payments on the bonds or to replenish the reserves established for the bonds which may have been used to make up such deficiency. Under no circumstances shall the department provide any funds for these

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capacity projects in excess of the amount that would be allocated to the member counties pursuant to statutory formula and legislative appropriation.

- 9. Providing that the bonds shall state on their face that they do not constitute a pledge of the full faith or taxing power of the state, and no holder of any bond shall have the right to compel payment of the bonds from any funds of the state, other than amounts required to be paid to the organization under the contract. The bonds shall be limited and special obligations payable solely from the sources described herein.
- 10. Establishing such other terms and provisions as may be deemed reasonable and necessary to enable the organization to market the bonds at the most advantageous rates possible.
- (4) The Legislature may authorize the implementation of the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning

  Organization's study after a satisfactory showing that these prerequisites have been met and that any source of funding for any bonds to be issued has been approved by the Department of Transportation.

Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 316.535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.535 Maximum weights.-

(5) With respect to those highways not in the Interstate Highway System, in all cases in which it exceeds state law in effect on January 4, 1975, the overall gross weight on the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including all enforcement tolerances, shall be as determined by the following formula:

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 $W = 500 ((LN \div (N-1)) + 12N + 36)$ 

where W = overall gross weight of the vehicle to the nearest 500 pounds; L = distance in feet between the extreme of the external axles; and N = number of axles on the vehicle. However, such overall gross weight of any vehicle or combination of vehicles may not exceed 80,000 pounds including all enforcement tolerances. The scale tolerance provided in s. 316.545(2) shall be applicable to all weight limitations of this subsection, except when a vehicle exceeds the posted weight limit on a road or bridge. The scale tolerance provided in s. 316.545(2) shall not apply to cranes. Fines for violations of the total gross weight limitations provided for in this subsection shall be based on the amount by which the actual weight of the vehicle and load exceeds the allowable maximum weight determined under this subsection plus the scale tolerance provided in s. 316.545(2).

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Section 7. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 339.2818, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

339.2818 Small County Outreach Program. -

- (1) There is created within the Department of Transportation the Small County Outreach Program. The purpose of this program is to assist small county governments in <a href="repairing">repairing</a> or rehabilitating county bridges, paving unpaved roads, addressing road-related drainage improvements, resurfacing or reconstructing county roads or in constructing capacity or safety improvements to county roads.
- (4)(a) Small counties shall be eligible to compete for funds that have been designated for the Small County Outreach

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Program for projects on county roads. The department shall fund 75 percent of the cost of projects on county roads funded under the program.

- (b) In determining a county's eligibility for assistance under this program, the department may consider whether the county has attempted to keep county roads in satisfactory condition which may be evidenced through an established pavement management plan.
- (c) The following criteria shall be used to prioritize road projects for funding under the program:
- 1. The primary criterion is the physical condition of the road as measured by the department.
  - 2. As secondary criteria the department may consider:
  - a. Whether a road is used as an evacuation route.
  - b. Whether a road has high levels of agricultural travel.
  - c. Whether a road is considered a major arterial route.
  - d. Whether a road is considered a feeder road.
- <u>e. Information as evidenced to the department through an</u> established pavement management plan.
- $\underline{\text{f.e.}}$  Other criteria related to the impact of a project on the public road system or on the state or local economy as determined by the department.
- Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.545, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review.—
- (2)(a) Whenever an officer, upon weighing a vehicle or combination of vehicles with load, determines that the axle weight or gross weight is unlawful, the officer may require the

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driver to stop the vehicle in a suitable place and remain standing until a determination can be made as to the amount of weight thereon and, if overloaded, the amount of penalty to be assessed as provided herein. However, any gross weight over and beyond 6,000 pounds beyond the maximum herein set shall be unloaded and all material so unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or operator of the vehicle at the risk of such owner or operator. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, to facilitate compliance with and enforcement of the weight limits established in s. 316.535, weight tables published pursuant to s. 316.535(7) shall include a 10-percent scale tolerance and shall thereby reflect the maximum scaled weights allowed any vehicle or combination of vehicles. As used in this section, scale tolerance means the allowable deviation from legal weights established in s. 316.535. Notwithstanding any other provision of the weight law, if a vehicle or combination of vehicles does not exceed the gross, external bridge, or internal bridge weight limits imposed in s. 316.535 and the driver of such vehicle or combination of vehicles can comply with the requirements of this chapter by shifting or equalizing the load on all wheels or axles and does so when requested by the proper authority, the driver shall not be held to be operating in violation of said weight limits. Any vehicle or combination of vehicles which exceed the gross, or external bridge weight limits imposed in ss. 316.535(3), 316.535(4), or 316.535(6) over and beyond 6000 pounds shall be unloaded and all material so unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or operator of the vehicle at the risk of such owner or operator. Any vehicle or combination of vehicles which exceed the gross, or external bridge weight limits imposed

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- in s. 316.535(5) shall be unloaded and all material so unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or operator of the vehicle at risk of such owner or operator.
- (3) Any person who violates the overloading provisions of this chapter shall be conclusively presumed to have damaged the highways of this state by reason of such overloading, which damage is hereby fixed as follows:
- (a) When the excess weight is 200 pounds or less than the maximum herein provided, the penalty shall be \$10;
- (b) Five cents per pound for each pound of weight in excess of the maximum herein provided when the excess weight exceeds 200 pounds. However, whenever the gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles does not exceed the maximum allowable gross weight, the maximum fine for the first 600 pounds of unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;
- (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idlereduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by
  reducing the actual gross vehicle weight or the internal bridge
  weight by the certified weight of the idle-reduction technology
  or by 400 pounds, whichever is less. The vehicle operator must
  present written certification of the weight of the idlereduction technology and must demonstrate or certify that the
  idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all times. This
  calculation is not allowed for vehicles described in s.
  316.535(6);
- (d) (e) An apportioned motor vehicle, as defined in s. 320.01, operating on the highways of this state without being properly licensed and registered shall be subject to the penalties as herein provided; and

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(e) (d) Vehicles operating on the highways of this state from nonmember International Registration Plan jurisdictions which are not in compliance with the provisions of s. 316.605 shall be subject to the penalties as herein provided.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 334.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 334.30 Public-private transportation facilities.—The Legislature finds and declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation facilities for the purpose of traveling within the state, and that it is in the public's interest to provide for the construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
- (2) Agreements entered into pursuant to this section may authorize the private entity to impose tolls or fares for the use of the facility. The following provisions shall apply to such agreements:
- (a) With the exception of the Florida Turnpike System, the department may lease existing toll facilities through public-private partnerships, subject to approval by the Legislature. The public-private partnership agreement must ensure that the transportation facility is properly operated, maintained, and renewed in accordance with department standards.

Section 10. Subsection (26) of section 334.044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 334.044 Department; powers and duties.—The department shall have the following general powers and duties:
- (26) To provide for the <u>enhancement of environmental</u> benefits, including air and water quality, to prevent roadside

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erosion, to conserve the <del>conservation of</del> natural roadside growth and scenery and for the implementation and maintenance of roadside conservation, enhancement, and stabilization beautification programs, and no less than 1.5 percent of the amount contracted for construction projects shall be allocated by the department to beautification programs. Except where prohibited by federal law or federal regulation and to the greatest extent practical, a minimum of 50 percent of these funds shall be used to purchase large plant materials with the remaining funds for other plant materials. All such plant materials shall be purchased from commercial nursery Floridabased nurseryman stock in this state on a uniform competitive bid basis. The department will develop grades and standards for landscaping materials purchased through this process. To accomplish these activities, the department may contract with nonprofit organizations having the primary purpose of developing youth employment opportunities.

Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 339.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 339.62 System components.—The Strategic Intermodal System shall consist of appropriate components of:
- (5) Selected intermodal facilities; passenger and freight terminals; intermodal logistics centers owned, leased, or operated by seaports and appropriate components of the State Highway System, county road system, city street system, inland waterways, and local public transit systems that serve as existing or planned connectors between the components listed in subsections (1)-(4).
  - Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection

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- (4) of section 339.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 339.63 System facilities designated; additions and deletions.—
- (2) The Strategic Intermodal System and the Emerging Strategic Intermodal System include three different types of facilities that each form one component of an interconnected transportation system which types include:
- (a) Existing or planned hubs that are ports and terminals including airports, seaports, spaceports, passenger terminals, and rail terminals, and intermodal logistics centers owned, leased, or operated by a seaport serving to move goods or people between Florida regions or between Florida and other markets in the United States and the rest of the world;
- (4) After the initial designation of the Strategic Intermodal System under subsection (1), the department shall, in coordination with the metropolitan planning organizations, local governments, regional planning councils, transportation providers, and affected public agencies, add facilities to or delete facilities from the Strategic Intermodal System described in paragraph (2)(a) based upon criteria adopted by the department. However, an airport that is designated as a reliever airport to a Strategic Intermodal System airport which has at least 75,000 itinerant operations per year, has a runway length of at least 5,500 linear feet, is capable of handling aircraft weighing at least 60,000 pounds with a dual wheel configuration which is served by at least one precision instrument approach, and serves a cluster of aviation-dependent industries, shall be designated as part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the Secretary of Transportation upon the request of a reliever

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airport meeting this criteria. An intermodal logistics center under s. 339.62(5) that is owned, leased, or operated by an existing designated Strategic Intermodal System facility shall be considered part of that facility and shall be designated as part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the Secretary of Transportation upon the request of the seaport.

Section 13. Affordable housing developments; exemption from concurrency requirements.—Affordable housing developments that are proposed to serve residents who have incomes at or below 60 percent of the median income of the area and that will be located on arterial roadways served by public transit are exempt from transportation concurrency requirements.

Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 316.1895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1895 Establishment of school speed zones, enforcement; designation.—

(6) Permanent signs designating school zones and school zone speed limits shall be uniform in size and color, and shall have the times during which the restrictive speed limit is enforced clearly designated thereon. Flashing beacons activated by a time clock, or other automatic device, or manually activated may be used as an alternative to posting the times during which the restrictive school speed limit is enforced. Beginning July 1, 2008, for any newly established school zone or any school zone in which the signing has been replaced, a sign stating "Speeding Fines Doubled" shall be installed within or in advance of the school zone. The Department of Transportation shall establish adequate standards for the signs and flashing beacons.

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Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 338.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

338.01 Authority to establish and regulate limited access facilities.—

- (1) The transportation and expressway authorities of the state, counties, and municipalities, referred to in this chapter as "authorities," acting alone or in cooperation with each other or with any federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency of any other state that is authorized to construct highways, are authorized to provide limited access facilities for public use. Any of the authorities may construct a limited access highway as a new facility or may designate an existing street or highway as included within a limited access facility. However:
- (a) If the limited access facility is entirely located within an incorporated municipality, such authority is subject to municipal consent; except that such consent is not necessary when such limited access facility is part of the interstate system.
- (b) Neither the construction of a new toll facility nor the imposition of a toll on an existing state highway system facility may eliminate a non-tolled alternative within the corridor serving similar origins and destinations.

Section 16. Ronshay Dugans Act.—The first week of
September is designated as "Drowsy Driving Prevention Week" in
this state. During Drowsy Driving Prevention Week, the
Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the
Department of Transportation are encouraged to educate the law
enforcement community and the public about the relationship

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between fatigue and performance and the research showing fatigue
to be as much of an impairment as alcohol and as dangerous
behind the wheel. This section may be cited as the "Ronshay
Dugans Act."

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 337.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to regulation; permit; fees.—

(1) (a) The department and local governmental entities, referred to in ss. 337.401-337.404 as the "authority," that have jurisdiction and control of public roads or publicly owned rail corridors are authorized to prescribe and enforce reasonable rules or regulations with reference to the placing and maintaining along, across, or on any road or publicly owned rail corridors under their respective jurisdictions any electric transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communications services lines; pole lines; poles; railways; ditches; sewers; water, heat, or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and pumps; or other structures referred to in this section as the "utility." For aerial and underground electric utility transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new base-load generating facilities, where there is no other practicable alternative available for placement of the electric utility transmission lines on the department's rights-of-way, the department's rules shall provide for placement of and access to such transmission lines adjacent to and within the right-ofway of any department-controlled public roads, including

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longitudinally within limited access facilities to the greatest extent allowed by federal law, if compliance with the standards established by such rules is achieved. Such rules may include, but need not be limited to, that the use of the right-of-way is reasonable based upon a consideration of economic and environmental factors, including, without limitation, other practicable alternative alignments, utility corridors and easements, impacts on adjacent property owners, and minimum clear zones and other safety standards, and further provide that placement of the electric utility transmission lines within the department's right-of-way does not interfere with operational requirements of the transportation facility or planned or potential future expansion of such transportation facility. If the department approves longitudinal placement of electric utility transmission lines in limited access facilities, compensation for the use of the right-of-way is required. Such consideration or compensation paid by the electric utility in connection with the department's issuance of a permit does not create any property right in the department's property regardless of the amount of consideration paid or the improvements constructed on the property by the utility. Upon notice by the department that the property is needed for expansion or improvement of the transportation facility, the electric utility transmission line will relocate from the facility at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric utility shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting from the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As

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used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under part II of chapter 403. The department may enter into a permit-delegation agreement with a governmental entity if issuance of a permit is based on requirements that the department finds will ensure the safety and integrity of facilities of the Department of Transportation; however, the permit-delegation agreement does not apply to facilities of electric utilities as defined in s. 366.02(2).

(b) For aerial and underground electric utility transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new base-load generating facilities, the department's rules shall provide for placement of and access to such transmission lines adjacent to and within the right-of-way of any departmentcontrolled public roads, including longitudinally within limited access facilities where there is no other practicable alternative available, to the greatest extent allowed by federal law, if compliance with the standards established by such rules is achieved. Such rules may include, but need not be limited to, that the use of the limited access right-of-way for longitudinal placement of electric utility transmission lines is reasonable based upon a consideration of economic and environmental factors, including, without limitation, other practicable alternative alignments, utility corridors and easements, impacts on adjacent property owners, and minimum clear zones and other safety standards, and further provide that placement of the electric utility transmission lines within the department's

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right-of-way does not interfere with operational requirements of the transportation facility or planned or potential future expansion of such transportation facility. If the department approves longitudinal placement of electric utility transmission lines in limited access facilities, compensation for the use of the right-of-way is required. Such consideration or compensation paid by the electric utility in connection with the department's issuance of a permit does not create any property right in the department's property regardless of the amount of consideration paid or the improvements constructed on the property by the utility. Upon notice by the department that the property is needed for expansion or improvement of the transportation facility, the electric utility transmission line will relocate at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric utility shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting from the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under part II of chapter 403. Section 18. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 348.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 348.0003 Expressway authority; formation; membership. (4)

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(c) Members of each expressway an authority, transportation

authority, bridge authority, or toll authority created pursuant

to this chapter, chapter 343, chapter 349, or any other law

shall be required to comply with the applicable financial

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disclosure requirements of s. 8, Art. II of the State

Constitution. However, members of such authorities, other than expressway authorities, are subject only to the requirements of this paragraph and not to any other provision of this part.

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 348.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

348.0004 Purposes and powers.-

- (9) The Legislature declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation facilities for traveling within the state and that it is in the public's interest to provide for public-private partnership agreements to effectuate the construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Florida Expressway Authority Act, any expressway authority, transportation authority, bridge authority, or toll authority may receive or solicit proposals and enter into agreements with private entities, or consortia thereof, for the building, operation, ownership, or financing of authority transportation facilities, subject to the approval of the Legislature, for any existing facility or new transportation facilities within the jurisdiction of the authority which increase transportation capacity. An authority may not sell or lease any transportation facility owned by the authority, without providing the analysis required in s. 334.30(6)(e)2. to the Legislative Budget Commission created pursuant to s. 11.90 for review and approval prior to awarding a contract on a lease of an existing toll facility. An authority is authorized to adopt rules to implement this subsection and shall, by rule, establish an application fee

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for the submission of unsolicited proposals under this subsection. The fee must be sufficient to pay the costs of evaluating the proposals. An authority may engage private consultants to assist in the evaluation. Before approval, an authority must determine that a proposed project:

- 1. Is in the public's best interest.
- 2. Would not require state funds to be used unless the project is on or provides increased mobility on the State Highway System.
- 3. Would have adequate safeguards to ensure that no additional costs or service disruptions would be realized by the traveling public and residents of the state in the event of default or the cancellation of the agreement by the authority.
- 4. Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that the department, the authority, or the private entity has the opportunity to add capacity to the proposed project and other transportation facilities serving similar origins and destinations.
- 5. Would be owned by the authority upon completion or termination of the agreement.

Section 20. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.