$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$  the Committee on Regulated Industries; and Senators Jones and King

A bill to be entitled

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2 An act relating to gaming; providing legislative 3 findings and intent; authorizing electronic gaming 4 machines in certain pari-mutuel facilities; defining 5 terms; providing powers and duties of the Division of 6 Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and 7 Professional Regulation and the Department of Law 8 Enforcement; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 9 Wagering to adopt rules regulating electronic gaming 10 activities; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and the Department of Law Enforcement to 11 12 conduct investigations relating to electronic gaming; 13 authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to 14 issue licenses for electronic gaming; specifying 15 qualifications of licensees; requiring licensees to 16 provide advance notice of certain ownership changes to 17 the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering; specifying requirements for a licensee's facilities-based 18 19 computer system; requiring electronic gaming machines 20 to maintain a payout percentage of at least 85 21 percent; requiring licensees to maintain records; 22 requiring licensees to make and file certain reports 23 with the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering; requiring 24 an applicant for an electronic gaming license to have 25 certain agreements for live races or games; providing for arbitration of such agreements; authorizing the 26 27 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to issue temporary 28 occupational licenses; providing for the renewal of 29 electronic gaming machine licenses; specifying a

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30	nonrefundable licensing fee for electronic gaming
31	licenses; specifying the rate of tax on electronic
32	gaming machine revenues; providing for penalties for
33	failure to pay the taxes; requiring electronic gaming
34	machine licensees and certain persons having access to
35	gaming areas to submit fingerprints in connection with
36	certain occupational licenses; specifying grounds for
37	the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to take action
38	against applicants for and licensees having certain
39	occupational licenses; authorizing the Division of
40	Pari-mutuel Wagering to impose fines for violations of
41	laws relating to electronic gaming; prohibiting
42	regulators, certain businesses, licensees, and
43	employees from having certain relationships with each
44	other; subjecting a person who makes certain false
45	statements to fines; subjecting a person to fines for
46	possessing electronic games without a license;
47	imposing criminal penalties for attempting to
48	manipulate electronic gaming machines or theft
49	relating to electronic gaming; authorizing warrantless
50	arrests by law enforcement officers under certain
51	circumstances; providing immunity to law enforcement
52	officers who make such arrests; imposing criminal
53	penalties for resisting arrest or detention;
54	prohibiting electronic gaming machines from entering
55	this state; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel
56	Wagering to exclude certain individuals from the
57	facility of an electronic gaming machine licensee;
58	prohibiting persons who are younger than 18 years of

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 59 age from playing an electronic gaming machine; 60 specifying a limit on the number of electronic gaming machines in a facility; requiring an electronic gaming 61 62 machine licensee to provide office space to the 63 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and to the Department 64 of Law Enforcement free of charge; limiting the hours 65 that an electronic gaming machine facility may operate; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 66 Wagering to revoke or suspend licenses or impose fines 67 68 for willful violations of laws or rules regulating electronic gaming; requiring electronic gaming machine 69 70 licensees to train employees about gambling 71 addictions; imposing a regulatory fee for a gambling 72 addiction program; entitling electronic gaming machine 73 licensees to a caterer's license; restricting the 74 provision of alcoholic beverages, automated teller 75 machines, and check cashing activities in gaming 76 machine areas; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 77 Wagering to adopt rules; preempting to the state the 78 authority to regulate electronic gaming facilities; 79 excepting bingo games operated by charitable or 80 nonprofit organizations from the provisions of the 81 act; amending s. 215.22, F.S.; exempting taxes imposed on electronic gaming and electronic gaming machine 82 83 revenue from specified service charges; authorizing 84 the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to spend certain 85 trust funds; requiring repayment of such funds; 86 amending s. 550.002, F.S.; revising a definitions; 87 amending s. 550.01215, F.S.; deleting an exception

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88	relating to licensing of thoroughbred racing; amending
89	s. 550.0951, F.S.; specifying the tax on historical
90	racing, the take-out of a pari-mutuel pool, an a
91	payment to a purse account; providing for payments to
92	certain horse racing associations; specifying the fee
93	for a permitholder to conduct historical racing;
94	revising the date on which tax payments are due;
95	amending s. 550.09511, F.S.; revising the schedule for
96	the payment of jai alai taxes; amending s. 550.09514,
97	F.S.; revising the schedule for the payment of
98	greyhound dog racing taxes; amending s. 550.105, F.S.;
99	providing for a 3-year occupational license for
100	certain pari-mutuel employees; specifying maximum
101	license fees; providing procedures for criminal
102	history record checks; amending s. 550.135, F.S.;
103	providing for the reservation of electronic gaming
104	machine fees in a trust fund; amending s. 550.2415,
105	F.S.; providing that cruelty to any animal is a
106	violation of ch. 550, F.S.; authorizing the Division
107	of Pari-mutuel Wagering to inspect areas are located;
108	amending s. 550.26165, F.S.; providing legislative
109	intent to attract thoroughbred training and breeding
110	to this state; authorizing the Florida Thoroughbred
111	Breeders' Association to pay certain awards as part of
112	its pay plan; amending s. 550.2625, F.S.; limiting the
113	application of requirements for minimum purses and
114	awards to this state; amending s. 550.334, F.S.;
115	deleting a provision for issuing a permit to conduct
116	quarter horse race meetings; deleting a provision for

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117	issuing a license to conduct quarter horse racing;
118	deleting provisions to revoke such permit or license
119	for certain violations or failure to conduct live
120	racing; removing an exception to specified permit
121	application provisions; amending s. 550.3355, F.S.;
122	revising the time period for a harness track summer
123	season; repealing s. 550.3605, F.S., relating to the
124	use of electronic transmitting equipment on the
125	premises of a horse or dog racetrack or jai alai
126	fronton; amending s. 550.5251, F.S.; deleting
127	provisions relating to racing days and dates for
128	thoroughbred permitholders that conducted races
129	between certain dates; revising provisions relating to
130	thoroughbred racing dates and minimum number of races;
131	creating s. 550.810, F.S.; specifying requirements for
132	historical racing systems; limiting the number of
133	historical terminals in certain pari-mutuel
134	facilities; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel
135	wagering to adopt rules regulating historical racing;
136	providing for the disposition of pari-mutuel tickets
137	that are not redeemed within a certain period of time;
138	amending s. 551.102, F.S.; clarifying the definition
139	of the term "progressive system"; amending s. 551.104,
140	F.S.; providing that the payout percentage of a slot
141	machine facility must be at least 85 percent;
142	specifying the licensing fee for slot machine gaming;
143	specifying the rate of tax on slot machine revenues;
144	revising the due date for slot machine taxes; amending
145	s. 551.113, F.S.; prohibiting a person who is younger

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 146 than 18 years of age from playing a slot machine; 147 amending s. 551.121, F.S.; authorizing a progressive 148 system to be used in conjunction with slot machines 149 between licensed facilities; amending s. 772.102, 150 F.S.; revising the definition of "criminal activity"; 151 conforming cross-references; amending s. 849.161, 152 F.S.; providing that ch. 849, F.S., does not apply to 153 certain mechanical historical racing systems; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; requiring an applicant for a 154 cardroom licensed to have run a full schedule of live 155 156 races; specifying maximum license fees for 157 occupational licenses for cardroom employees and cardroom businesses; limiting the hours of cardroom 158 159 operations; revising the maximum bet and entry fee for 160 tournaments; expanding the authorization for cardroom 161 activities contingent upon a compact with the Seminole 162 Tribe of Florida; amending s. 849.15, F.S.; 163 authorizing the possession of certain gambling devices; amending s. 895.02, F.S.; revising the 164 165 definitions of "racketeering activity" and "unlawful 166 debt"; conforming cross-references; providing an 167 appropriation and the creation of full-time equivalent 168 positions; providing contingent effective dates. 169 170 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 171 172 Section 1. The Legislature finds that the pari-mutuel industry has played an important part in the development of this 173 174 state and that it is a vital part of the state's economy. The

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175	Legislature also recognizes that many individuals and small
176	businesses provide services to the pari-mutuel industry and rely
177	upon the continued vigor of the industry to survive. The pari-
178	mutuel industry and these individuals and small business employ
179	many Floridians, pay a variety of taxes to support state and
180	local governmental activities, and contribute to the economy of
181	this state. Given the important role played by the industry, and
182	the individuals and small businesses associated with it, as well
183	as the current state of the economy in the United States in
184	general and in Florida in particular, the Legislature finds that
185	in order to preserve the industry, to ensure continued
186	employment for many Floridians, and to preserve and improve the
187	state's revenues, measures must be taken to eliminate
188	unnecessary regulations, encourage business and regulatory
189	efficiency, reduce unnecessary tax burdens, and increase
190	revenues to the state.
191	Section 2. Electronic gaming machines authorized.—An
192	electronic gaming machine licensee may possess electronic gaming
193	machines and operate electronic gaming machines at an eligible
194	facility, as defined by section 3. of this act, where the
195	licensee is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering
196	activities under to chapter 550, Florida Statutes.
197	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is not a crime
198	for a person to participate in electronic gaming at a facility
199	licensed to possess electronic gaming machines or to operate
200	electronic gaming machines.
201	Section 3. As used in this act, the term:
202	(1) "Bingo" or "game of bingo" means the game of chance
203	commonly known as "bingo," which may include the use of

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204	electronic, computer, or other technological aids. Such aids may
205	include entertainment displays, including spinning reels, video
206	displays, associated bonus displays, and video poker. The game
207	of bingo requires at least two live players competing for a
208	common prize. The prizes result from a random draw or electronic
209	determination and release or announcement of numbers or other
210	designations necessary to form the predesignated game-winning
211	pattern on an electronic bingo card. A game of bingo ends when a
212	player receives a predesignated game-winning pattern and
213	consolation prizes, if any, are awarded. The game of bingo does
214	not include house-banked games or electronic or
215	electromechanical facsimiles of any other game of chance or slot
216	machine of any kind.
217	(2) "Bonus prize" means a prize awarded in a bingo game in
218	addition to the game-winning prize. The term includes prizes
219	based on predesignated and preannounced patterns that differ
220	from the game-winning pattern, a winning pattern in a specified
221	quantity of numbers or designations drawn or electronically
222	determined and released, or any combination of these patterns.
223	The term includes a prize awarded as an interim prize while
224	players are competing for the game-winning prize or as a
225	consolation prize after a player has won the game-winning prize.
226	(3) "Designated electronic gaming machine area" means any
227	area of a facility of an electronic gaming machine licensee in
228	which electronic gaming may be conducted.
229	(4) "Distributor" means any person who sells, leases,
230	offers, or otherwise provides, distributes, or services any
231	electronic gaming machine or associated equipment, software, or
232	other functions required for use or play of electronic gaming

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233	machines in this state. The term may include a manufacturer.
234	(5) "Division" means the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering
235	of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
236	(6) "Electronic game" means an electronically simulated
237	bingo game that:
238	(a) Is played on an electronic gaming machine that, upon
239	insertion of a ticket, or an electronic or account-based card,
240	is available to play or simulate a game of bingo played on a
241	network of electronic gaming machines;
242	(b) Is not house-banked;
243	(c) May award bonus prizes and progressive prizes; and
244	(d) May make provide payoffs to players in the form of
245	tickets or electronic or account-based credits that may be
246	exchanged for cash, merchandise, or other items of value.
247	(7) "Electronic gaming machine" means a player station,
248	machine, or device, including associated equipment that is
249	required to operate the player station, machine, or device, upon
250	which an electronic game is played or operated. An electronic
251	gaming machine:
252	(a) May include spinning reels, video displays, video
253	poker, or other similar technologies to convey outcomes to a
254	player of simulated bingo as approved by the division.
255	(b) Must display one or more bingo cards used in the game
256	before numbers or other designations for the game are randomly
257	drawn.
258	(c) Must display any card in use by a player during game
259	play.
260	(d) Must be directly linked to a central computer for
261	purposes of security, monitoring, and auditing. The central

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262	computer may not limit a facility's ability to deploy its
263	electronic player tracking or electronic gaming accounting
264	system. However, such systems must use a widely accepted open
265	communications protocol to ensure interoperability among all
266	manufacturers and to provide a player with the ability to
267	seamlessly alternate play between the electronic gaming machines
268	and electronic gaming machines of different licensed
269	manufacturers.
270	(e) Is not a coin-operated amusement machine as defined in
271	s. 212.02, Florida Statutes, or an amusement game or machine as
272	described in s. 849.161, Florida Statutes. Electronic gaming
273	machines are not subject to the tax imposed by s. 212.05(1)(h),
274	Florida Statutes.
275	(8) "Electronic gaming machine facility" means an eligible
276	facility at which electronic gaming machines are lawfully
277	offered for play.
278	(9) "Electronic gaming machine license" means a license
279	issued by the division authorizing a licensee under chapter 550,
280	Florida Statutes, to place and operate electronic gaming
281	machines in an eligible facility.
282	(10) "Electronic gaming machine revenues" means all cash
283	and property, except nonredeemable credits, received by the
284	electronic gaming machine licensee from the operation of
285	electronic gaming machines, less the amount of cash, cash
286	equivalents, credits, and prizes paid to winners of electronic
287	games.
288	(11) "Eligible facility" means a facility at which a
289	<u>licensee under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, has run a full</u>
290	schedule of live racing, as defined in s. 550.002(11), Florida

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291	Statutes, for 3 consecutive fiscal years before the date of
292	application for an electronic gaming license, and which is also
293	a cardroom license holder, but not a slot machine facility
294	licensed under chapter 551, Florida Statutes.
295	(12) "Game-winning pattern" means a predetermined pattern
296	on an electronic bingo card. Each game must have one game-
297	winning pattern or arrangement that must be common to all
298	players and may be won by multiple players simultaneously. A
299	game-winning prize must be awarded in every game. The pattern
300	designated as the game-winning pattern need not pay the highest
301	prize available in the game. Other patterns may be designated
302	for the award of bonus prizes in addition to the prize to
303	awarded based on the game-winning pattern.
304	(13) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures,
305	builds, rebuilds, fabricates, assembles, produces, programs,
306	designs, or modifies any electronic gaming machine or associated
307	equipment for use or play in this state for gaming purposes.
308	(14) "Nonredeemable credits" means electronic gaming
309	machine operating credits that may not be redeemed for cash or
310	any other thing of value by an electronic gaming machine, kiosk,
311	or the electronic gaming machine licensee and that are provided
312	for free to patrons. The credits become nonredeemable credits
313	when they are metered as credit into an electronic gaming
314	machine and recorded in the facility-based monitoring system.
315	(15) "Progressive prize" means an established prize for a
316	bingo game that is:
317	(a) Funded by a percentage of each player's purchase or
318	wager within one or more licensed facilities for a specific
319	progressive bingo game;

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320	(b) Awarded to a player who obtains a specific
321	predesignated and preannounced pattern having a specified
322	quantity of numbers or designations randomly drawn and released
323	or electronically determined or randomly drawn and released or
324	electronically determined in a specified sequence; and
325	(c) Rolled over to each subsequent specific progressive
326	bingo game until it is won.
327	Section 4. Powers and duties of the Division of Pari-Mutuel
328	Wagering and the Department of Law Enforcement
329	(1) The division shall adopt rules necessary to implement,
330	administer, and regulate the operation of electronic gaming
331	machines in this state. The rules shall include:
332	(a) Procedures for applying for and renewing electronic
333	gaming machine licenses.
334	(b) Technical requirements and qualifications to receive an
335	electronic gaming machine license or electronic gaming machine
336	occupational license.
337	(c) Procedures to ensure that an electronic game or
338	electronic gaming machine does not enter the state or is not
339	offered for play until it has been tested and certified by a
340	licensed testing laboratory for play in the state.
341	(d) Procedures to test, certify, control, and approve
342	electronic games and electronic gaming machines. The procedures
343	shall address measures to scientifically test and technically
344	evaluate electronic gaming machines for compliance with the
345	applicable laws and rules. The division may contract with an
346	independent testing laboratory to conduct any necessary testing.
347	The independent testing laboratory must have a national
348	reputation indicating that it is demonstrably competent and

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349	qualified to scientifically test and evaluate electronic games
350	and electronic gaming machines and to perform the functions
351	required by this act. An independent testing laboratory may not
352	be owned or controlled by a licensee. The selection of an
353	independent testing laboratory for any purpose related to the
354	conduct of electronic gaming machines by a licensee shall be
355	made from a list of laboratories approved by the division.
356	(e) Procedures relating to electronic gaming machine
357	revenues, including verifying and accounting for such revenues,
358	auditing, and collecting taxes and fees.
359	(f)1. Procedures to regulate, manage, and audit the
360	operation, financial data, and program information relating to
361	electronic gaming machines which enable the division and the
362	Department of Law Enforcement to audit the operation, financial
363	data, and program information of an electronic gaming machine
364	licensee required by the division or the Department of Law
365	Enforcement.
366	2. Procedures to allow the division and the Department of
367	Law Enforcement to:
368	a. Monitor, at any time on a real-time basis, wagering
369	patterns, payouts, tax collection, and compliance with division
370	<u>rules;</u>
371	b. Suspend play immediately on particular electronic gaming
372	machines if the facilities-based computer system indicates
373	possible tampering with or manipulation of the electronic gaming
374	machines; and
375	c. Immediately suspend play of the entire operation if the
376	facilities-based computer system may have been tampered with or
377	manipulated. The division shall notify the Department of Law

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378	Enforcement or the Department of Law Enforcement shall notify
379	the division, as appropriate, when there is a suspension of play
380	under this subparagraph. The division and the Department of Law
381	Enforcement shall exchange information that is necessary for and
382	cooperate in the investigation of the circumstances resulting in
383	suspension of play.
384	(g) Procedures to require each licensee operating
385	electronic gaming machines, at the licensee's expense, to supply
386	the division with a bond having the penal sum of \$2 million
387	payable to the Chief Financial Officer. Any bond shall be issued
388	by a surety approved by the division and the Chief Financial
389	Officer, conditioned to pay the Chief Financial Officer as
390	treasurer of the division. The licensee must keep its books and
391	records and make reports as provided in this act and conduct
392	electronic gaming machine operations in conformity with this act
393	and other provisions of law. Such bond shall be separate from
394	the bond required in s. 550.125, Florida Statutes.
395	(h) Procedures to require licensees to maintain specified
396	records and submit any data, information, records, or reports,
397	including financial and income records, required by this act or
398	rules of the division.
399	(i) A requirement that the payout percentage of an
400	electronic gaming machine facility be at least 85 percent. The
401	theoretical payout percentage shall be determined using standard
402	methods of probability theory.
403	(j) Minimum standards of security for the facilities,
404	including floor plans, security cameras, and other security
405	equipment.
406	(k) Procedures to require electronic gaming machine

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407	licensees to implement and establish drug-testing programs for
408	all electronic gaming machine occupational licensees.
409	(2) The division shall conduct investigations necessary to
410	fulfill its responsibilities to regulate electronic gaming
411	machine facilities.
412	(3) The Department of Law Enforcement and local law
413	enforcement agencies have concurrent jurisdiction to investigate
414	criminal violations of laws regulating electronic gaming
415	facilities and may investigate any other criminal violation of
416	law occurring at a facility. Such investigations may be
417	conducted in conjunction with the appropriate state attorney.
418	(4)(a) The division, the Department of Law Enforcement, and
419	local law enforcement agencies have unrestricted access to an
420	electronic gaming machine licensee's facility at all times and
421	shall require each electronic gaming machine licensee to
422	strictly comply with the laws of this state relating to the
423	transaction of such business. The division, the Department of
424	Law Enforcement, and local law enforcement agencies may:
425	1. Inspect and examine premises where electronic gaming
426	machines are offered for play.
427	2. Inspect electronic gaming machines and related equipment
428	and supplies.
429	(b) In addition, the division may:
430	1. Collect taxes, assessments, fees, and penalties.
431	2. Deny, revoke, suspend, or place conditions on the
432	license of a person who violates this act or rules adopted
433	pursuant thereto.
434	(5) The division shall revoke or suspend the license of any
435	person who is no longer qualified or who is found to have been

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436	unqualified at the time of application for the license.
437	(6) This section does not:
438	(a) Prohibit the Department of Law Enforcement or any law
439	enforcement authority whose jurisdiction includes a licensed
440	facility from conducting investigations of criminal activities
441	occurring at the facility;
442	(b) Restrict access to an electronic gaming machine
443	licensee's facility by the Department of Law Enforcement or any
444	local law enforcement authority whose jurisdiction includes the
445	electronic gaming machine licensee's facility; or
446	(c) Restrict access by the Department of Law Enforcement or
447	local law enforcement authorities to information and records
448	necessary to the investigation of criminal activity which are
449	contained within the electronic gaming machine licensee's
450	facility.
451	Section 5. License to conduct electronic gaming
452	(1) Upon application and a finding by the division after
453	investigation that the application is complete and the applicant
454	is qualified and payment of the initial license fee, the
455	division may issue a license to conduct electronic gaming in any
456	designated electronic gaming machine area of an eligible
457	facility.
458	(2) An electronic gaming machine license may be issued only
459	to a person or entity licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering
460	under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, and electronic gaming may
461	be operated only at the eligible facility at which the licensee
462	is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities.
463	(3) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued
464	authority to conduct electronic gaming, an electronic gaming

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 465 machine licensee shall: 466 (a) Comply with this act. 467 (b) Comply with chapter 550, Florida Statutes, and maintain 468 the pari-mutuel permit and license in good standing pursuant to chapter 550, Florida Statutes. Notwithstanding any contrary 469 470 provision of law, a pari-mutuel permitholder may, within 60 days 471 after the effective date of this act, amend its pari-mutuel 472 wagering operating license. The division shall issue a new 473 license to the permitholder to effectuate any approved change. 474 (c) Conduct at least a full schedule of live racing or 475 games as defined in s. 550.002(11), Florida Statutes, including 476 races or games under s. 550.475, Florida Statutes, or be authorized to conduct limited intertrack wagering under s. 477 478 550.6308, Florida Statutes, at the eligible facility. A 479 licensee's responsibility to conduct such number of live races 480 or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that 481 could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the 482 483 licensee. 484 (d) Provide appropriate current and accurate documentation, 485 on a timely basis, to the division relating to changes in 486 ownership or interest in an electronic gaming machine license. 487 Changes in ownership or interest in an electronic gaming machine 488 license of 5 percent or more of the stock or other evidence of 489 ownership or equity in the electronic gaming machine license or 490 of any parent corporation or other business entity that owns or 491 controls the electronic gaming machine license must be approved 492 by the division prior to such change, unless the owner is an 493 existing holder of the license who was previously approved by

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494	the division. Any changes in ownership or interest in an
495	electronic gaming machine license of less than 5 percent, unless
496	such change results in a cumulative total of 5 percent or more,
497	shall be reported to the division within 20 days after the
498	change. The division may conduct an investigation to ensure that
499	the license is properly updated to show the change in ownership
500	or interest. Reporting is not required if the person is holding
501	5 percent or less equity or securities of a corporate owner of
502	the electronic gaming machine licensee that has its securities
503	registered pursuant to s. 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of
504	1934, 15 U.S.C. ss. 78a-78kk, and if such corporation or entity
505	files with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission
506	the reports required by s. 13 of that act, or if the securities
507	of the corporation or entity are regularly traded on an
508	established securities market in the United States. A change in
509	ownership or interest of less than 5 percent which results in a
510	cumulative ownership or interest of 5 percent or more must be
511	approved by the division prior to such change unless the owner
512	is an existing holder of the license who was previously approved
513	by the division.
514	(e) Provide the division and the Department of Law
515	Enforcement unrestricted access to inspect the facilities of an
516	electronic gaming machine licensee in which any activity
517	relative to the operation of electronic gaming machines is
518	conducted.
519	(f) Ensure that the facilities-based computer system or
520	operational and accounting functions of the electronic gaming
521	machine facility is specifically structured to facilitate
522	regulatory oversight. The facilities-based computer system shall

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523	give the division and the Department of Law Enforcement the
524	ability to monitor, at any time on a real-time basis, the
525	wagering patterns, payouts, tax collection, and such other
526	operations as are necessary to determine whether the facility is
527	in compliance with statutory provisions and rules adopted by the
528	division for the regulation and control of electronic gaming
529	machines. The division and the Department of Law Enforcement
530	shall have continuous access to this system. The division and
531	the department shall have the ability to suspend play
532	immediately on particular electronic gaming machines if the
533	system indicates possible tampering with or manipulation of
534	those electronic gaming machines or the ability to immediately
535	suspend play of the entire operation if the system indicates
536	that the system has been tampered with or manipulated. The
537	computer system shall be reviewed and approved by the division
538	to ensure necessary access, security, and functionality. The
539	division may adopt rules to provide for the approval process.
540	(g) Ensure that each electronic gaming machine and
541	electronic game is protected from manipulation or tampering
542	affecting the random probabilities of winning plays. The
543	division or the Department of Law Enforcement may suspend play
544	upon reasonable suspicion of any manipulation or tampering. If
545	play has been suspended on any electronic gaming machine, the
546	division or the Department of Law Enforcement may examine the
547	machine to determine whether the machine has been tampered with
548	or manipulated and whether the machine should be returned to
549	operation.
550	(h) Submit a security plan, including the facilities' floor
551	plans, the locations of security cameras, and a listing of all

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552	security equipment that is capable of observing and
553	electronically recording activities being conducted in the
554	facilities of the electronic gaming machine licensee. The
555	security plan must meet the minimum security requirements as
556	determined by the division by rule, and be implemented before
557	operation of electronic gaming machine games. The electronic
558	gaming machine licensee's facilities must adhere to the security
559	plan at all times. Any changes to the security plan must be
560	submitted by the licensee to the division before they are
561	implemented. The division shall furnish copies of the security
562	plan and changes in the plan to the Department of Law
563	Enforcement.
564	(i) Create and file with the division a written policy for:
565	1. Creating opportunities to purchase from vendors in this
566	state, including minority vendors.
567	2. Creating opportunities for employment of residents of
568	this state, including minority residents.
569	3. Ensuring opportunities for construction services from
570	minority contractors.
571	4. Ensuring that opportunities for employment are offered
572	on an equal, nondiscriminatory basis.
573	5. Providing training for employees on responsible gaming
574	and working with a compulsive or addictive gambling prevention
575	program to further its purposes as provided for in this act.
576	6. The implementation of a drug-testing program that
577	includes, but is not limited to, requiring each employee to sign
578	an agreement that he or she understands that the electronic
579	gaming machine facility is a drug-free workplace.
580	

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581	The electronic gaming machine licensee shall use the Internet-
582	based job-listing system of the Agency for Workforce Innovation
583	in advertising employment opportunities. Beginning in June 2010,
584	each electronic gaming machine licensee shall submit an annual
585	report to the division containing information indicating
586	compliance with this paragraph in regard to minority persons.
587	(j) Maintain a payout percentage of at least 85 percent per
588	electronic gaming machine facility. The theoretical payout
589	percentage shall be determined using standard methods of
590	probability theory.
591	(4) An electronic gaming machine license is not
592	transferable.
593	(5) An electronic gaming machine licensee shall keep and
594	maintain daily records of its electronic gaming machine
595	operations and shall maintain such records for at least 5 years.
596	These records must include all financial transactions and
597	contain sufficient detail to determine compliance with laws and
598	rules regulating electronic gaming. All records shall be
599	available for audit and inspection by the division, the
600	Department of Law Enforcement, or other law enforcement agencies
601	during the licensee's regular business hours.
602	(6) An electronic gaming machine licensee shall file with
603	the division a monthly report containing the required records of
604	such electronic gaming machine operations. The required reports
605	shall be submitted on forms prescribed by the division and shall
606	be due at the same time as the monthly pari-mutuel reports are
607	due. Such reports are public records once filed.
608	(7) An electronic gaming machine licensee shall file with
609	the division an audit of the receipt and distribution of all

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610	electronic gaming machine revenues. The audit must be performed
611	by an independent certified public accountant who shall verify
612	whether the licensee has complied with the financial and
613	auditing laws and rules applicable to the licensee. The audit
614	must include verification of compliance with all statutes and
615	rules regarding all required records of electronic gaming
616	machine operations. Such audit shall be filed within 120 days
617	after completion of the permitholder's fiscal year.
618	(8) The division may share any information with the
619	Department of Law Enforcement, any other law enforcement agency
620	having jurisdiction over electronic gaming machines or pari-
621	mutuel activities, or any other state or federal law enforcement
622	agency or division that the Department of Law Enforcement deems
623	appropriate. Any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over
624	electronic gaming machines or pari-mutuel activities may share
625	with the division information obtained or developed by it.
626	(9)(a) An electronic gaming machine license or renewal may
627	not be issued to an applicant licensed under chapter 550,
628	Florida Statutes, to conduct live pari-mutuel wagering races or
629	games unless the applicant has on file with the division the
630	following binding written agreements governing the payment of
631	awards and purses on live races or games conducted at the
632	licensee's pari-mutuel facility:
633	1. For a thoroughbred licensee, an agreement governing the
634	payment of purses between the applicant and the Florida
635	Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., or the
636	association representing a majority of the thoroughbred owners
637	and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility located as
638	described in s. 550.615(9), Florida Statutes, and an agreement

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639	governing the payment of awards between the applicant and the
640	Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association;
641	2. For a harness licensee, an agreement governing the
642	payment of purses and awards between the applicant and the
643	Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association;
644	3. For a greyhound licensee, an agreement governing the
645	payment of purses between the applicant and the Florida
646	Greyhound Association, Inc.;
647	4. For a quarter horse licensee, an agreement governing the
648	payment of purses between the applicant and the Florida Quarter
649	Horse Racing Association and an agreement governing the payment
650	of awards between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse
651	Breeders and Owners Association; or
652	5. For a jai alai licensee, an agreement governing the
653	payment of player awards between the applicant and the
654	International Jai Alai Players Association or a binding written
655	agreement approved by a majority of the jai alai players at the
656	applicant's eligible facility at which the applicant has a
657	permit issued after January 1, 2000, to conduct jai alai.
658	(b) The agreements may direct the payment of purses and
659	awards from revenues generated by any wagering or games that the
660	applicant is authorized to conduct under state law. All purses
661	and awards are subject to the terms of chapter 550, Florida
662	Statutes. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing
663	awards shall be remitted monthly to the respective breeders
664	association for the payment of awards, subject to the
665	administrative fees authorized under chapter 550, Florida
666	Statutes.
667	(c) An electronic gaming machine license or renewal thereof

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668	may not be issued to an applicant licensed to conduct intertrack
669	wagering under s. 550.6308, Florida Statutes, unless the
670	applicant has on file with the division a binding written
671	agreement between the applicant and the Florida Thoroughbred
672	Breeders' Association, Inc., dedicating to the payment of
673	breeders', stallion, and special racing awards on live
674	thoroughbred races conducted in this state at least the same
675	percentage of electronic gaming machine revenues as the highest
676	percentage of electronic gaming machine revenues dedicated to
677	purses and awards in a current agreement under this subsection
678	by an applicant licensed under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, to
679	conduct live thoroughbred races. At least half of such funds
680	must be distributed as special racing awards.
681	(d) The division shall suspend an electronic gaming machine
682	license if any agreement required under paragraph (a) is
683	terminated or otherwise ceases to operate or if the division
684	determines that the licensee is materially failing to comply
685	with the terms of such agreement. Any suspension shall take
686	place in accordance with chapter 120, Florida Statutes.
687	(e)1. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) cannot
688	be reached prior to the initial issuance of the electronic
689	gaming machine license, either party may request arbitration. In
690	the case of a renewal, if an agreement is not in place 120 days
691	before the scheduled expiration date of the electronic gaming
692	machine license, the applicant shall immediately ask the
693	American Arbitration Association to furnish a list of 11
694	arbitrators, each of whom shall have at least 5 years of
695	commercial arbitration experience and no financial interest in
696	or prior relationship with any party or with an affiliated or

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697	related entity or principal. Each required party to the
698	agreement shall select a single arbitrator from the list within
699	10 days after receipt, and the persons selected shall choose one
700	additional arbitrator from the list within 10 days.
701	2. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) is not in
702	place 60 days after the request under subparagraph 1., in the
703	case of an initial electronic gaming machine license or, in the
704	case of a renewal, 60 days prior to the scheduled expiration
705	date of the license, the matter shall be immediately submitted
706	to mandatory binding arbitration. The three arbitrators selected
707	pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall conduct the arbitration
708	pursuant to the American Arbitration Association Commercial
709	Arbitration Rules and chapter 682, Florida Statutes.
710	3. At the conclusion of the proceedings, which may be no
711	later than 90 days after the request under subparagraph 1. in
712	the case of an initial electronic gaming machine license or, in
713	the case of a renewal, 30 days prior to the scheduled expiration
714	date of the electronic gaming machine license, the arbitration
715	panel shall present to the parties a proposed agreement that the
716	majority of the panel believes equitably balances the rights,
717	interests, obligations, and reasonable expectations of the
718	parties. The parties shall immediately enter into such
719	agreement, which shall satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a)
720	and permit issuance of the pending annual electronic gaming
721	machine license or renewal. The agreement shall be effective
722	until the last day of the license or renewal period or until the
723	parties enter into a different agreement. Each party shall pay
724	its respective costs of arbitration and shall pay one-half of
725	the costs of the arbitration panel, unless the parties otherwise

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726	agree. If the agreement remains in place 120 days prior to the
727	scheduled issuance of the next annual license renewal, the
728	arbitration process established in this paragraph shall begin
729	again.
730	4. If neither agreement required under paragraph (a) is in
731	place by the deadlines established in this paragraph,
732	arbitration regarding each agreement shall proceed
733	independently, with separate lists of arbitrators, arbitration
734	panels, arbitration proceedings, and resulting agreements.
735	5. With respect to the agreement required under paragraph
736	(a) governing the payment of purses, the arbitration and
737	resulting agreement is limited to the payment of purses from
738	electronic gaming machine revenues only.
739	(f) If any provision of this subsection or its application
740	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity
741	does not affect other provisions or applications of this
742	subsection or act which can be given effect without the invalid
743	provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this
744	subsection are severable.
745	Section 6. <u>Temporary licenses.</u>
746	(1) Notwithstanding any provision of s. 120.60, Florida
747	Statutes, to the contrary, the division may issue a temporary
748	occupational license upon receipt of a complete application and
749	a determination that the applicant has not been convicted of or
750	had adjudication withheld on any disqualifying criminal offense.
751	The temporary occupational license remains valid until the
752	division grants an occupational license or notifies the
753	applicant of its intended decision to deny the license pursuant
754	to the provisions of s. 120.60, Florida Statutes. The division

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755	shall adopt rules to administer this section. However, not more
756	than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any
757	year.
758	(2) A temporary license issued under this section is not
759	transferable.
760	Section 7. Electronic gaming machine license renewal
761	(1) An electronic gaming machine license is effective for 1
762	year after issuance and may be renewed annually. The application
763	for renewal must contain all revisions to the information
764	submitted in the prior year's application which are necessary to
765	maintain such information as accurate and current.
766	(2) The applicant for renewal must attest that any
767	information changes do not affect such applicant's
768	qualifications for license renewal.
769	(3) Upon determination by the division that the application
770	for renewal is complete and qualifications have been met,
771	including payment of the renewal fee, the license shall be
772	renewed.
773	Section 8. License fee; tax rate; penalties
774	(1) LICENSE FEE.—
775	(a) Upon submission of the initial application for an
776	electronic gaming machine license or upon submission of an
777	application to renew a license, the licensee must pay to the
778	division a nonrefundable license fee of \$1 million for the
779	succeeding 12 months of licensure. The fee shall be deposited
780	into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of
781	Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the division
782	and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations,
783	regulation of electronic gaming, and enforcement of electronic

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784	gaming provisions. These payments shall be accounted for
785	separately from taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of
786	<u>chapter 550 or chapter 551, Florida Statutes.</u>
787	(b) The division shall evaluate the license fee and submit
788	recommendations in its legislative budget request identifying
789	the optimum level of electronic gaming machine license fees
790	required to adequately support the electronic gaming machine
791	regulatory program.
792	(c) Notwithstanding s. 550.135(2), Florida Statutes, all
793	fees and fines collected pursuant to this chapter shall remain
794	in the Pari-Mutuel Wagering Trust Fund for use by the division
795	for regulation of electronic gaming machines and electronic
796	games.
797	(2) TAX ON ELECTRONIC GAMING MACHINE REVENUES
798	(a) The tax rate on electronic gaming machine revenues at
799	each facility shall be 35 percent.
800	(b) The electronic gaming machine revenue tax imposed by
801	this section shall be paid to the division for deposit into the
802	Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund for immediate transfer by the
803	Chief Financial Officer for deposit into the Educational
804	Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education. Any
805	interest earnings on the tax revenues shall also be transferred
806	to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund.
807	(c)1. Funds transferred to the Educational Enhancement
808	Trust Fund shall be used to supplement public education funding
809	statewide.
810	2. If necessary to comply with any covenant established
811	pursuant to s. 1013.68(4), s. 1013.70(1), or s. 1013.737(3),
812	Florida Statutes, funds transferred to the Educational

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813	Enhancement Trust Fund shall first be available to pay debt
814	service on lottery bonds issued to fund school construction in
815	the event lottery revenues are insufficient for such purpose or
816	to satisfy debt service reserve requirements established in
817	connection with lottery bonds. Moneys available pursuant to this
818	subparagraph are subject to annual appropriation by the
819	Legislature.
820	(3) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF TAXESPayment for the tax
821	on electronic gaming machine revenues imposed by this section
822	shall be paid to the division. The division shall deposit such
823	funds with the Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the
824	Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The electronic gaming machine
825	licensee shall remit to the division payment for the tax on
826	electronic gaming machine revenues by 3 p.m. on the 5th calendar
827	day of each month for taxes imposed and collected for the
828	preceding calendar month. The electronic gaming machine licensee
829	shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar
830	month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar
831	month. Such payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath
832	showing all electronic gaming machine activities for the
833	preceding calendar month and such other information as may be
834	prescribed by the division.
835	(4) FAILURE TO PAY TAX; PENALTIES.—An electronic gaming
836	machine licensee who does not make tax payments required under
837	this section is subject to an administrative penalty of up to
838	\$10,000 for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All
839	administrative penalties imposed and collected shall be
840	deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the
841	Department of Business and Professional Regulation. If an

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842	electronic gaming machine licensee does not pay penalties
843	imposed by the division, the division may suspend, revoke, or
844	refuse to renew the license of the electronic gaming machine
845	licensee.
846	(5) SUBMISSION OF FUNDS The division may require
847	electronic gaming machine licensees to remit taxes, fees, fines,
848	and assessments by electronic funds transfer.
849	Section 9. Electronic gaming machine occupational license;
850	findings; application; fee
851	(1) The Legislature finds that licensees and persons
852	associated with licensees require heightened state scrutiny. As
853	such licensees and persons associated with licensees shall
854	submit fingerprints for a criminal history records check.
855	(2)(a) The following electronic gaming machine occupational
856	licenses are required for persons who, by virtue of the
857	positions they hold, potentially may have access to electronic
858	gaming machine areas or to any other person or entity in one of
859	the following categories:
860	1. General occupational licenses for general employees,
861	including food service, maintenance, and other similar service
862	and support employees having access to an electronic gaming
863	machine area.
864	2. Professional occupational licenses for any person,
865	proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other entity that
866	is authorized by an electronic gaming machine licensee to
867	manage, oversee, or otherwise control daily operations as an
868	electronic gaming machine manager, floor supervisor, security
869	personnel, or other similar position of oversight of gaming
870	operations, or any person who is not an employee of the

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871	electronic gaming machine licensee and who provides maintenance,
872	repair, or upgrades or otherwise services an electronic gaming
873	machine or other electronic gaming machine equipment.
874	3. Business occupational licenses for any electronic gaming
875	machine management company or company associated with electronic
876	gaming, any person who manufactures, distributes, or sells
877	electronic gaming machines, electronic gaming machine
878	paraphernalia, or other associated equipment to electronic
879	gaming machine licensees, or any company that sells or provides
880	goods or services associated with electronic gaming to
881	electronic gaming machine licensees.
882	(b) The division may issue one license in order to combine
883	licenses under this section with pari-mutuel occupational
884	licenses and cardroom licenses pursuant to s. 550.105(2)(b),
885	Florida Statutes. The division shall adopt rules pertaining to
886	occupational licenses under this subsection. Such rules may
887	specify requirements and restrictions for licensed occupations
888	and categories, procedures to apply for a license or combination
889	of licenses, disqualifying criminal offenses for a licensed
890	occupation or categories of occupations, and which types of
891	occupational licenses may be combined into a single license. The
892	fingerprinting requirements of subsection (10) apply to any
893	combination license that includes electronic gaming machine
894	license privileges. The division may not adopt a rule allowing
895	the issuance of an occupational license to any person who does
896	not meet the minimum background qualifications of this section.
897	(c) Electronic gaming machine occupational licenses are not
898	transferable.
899	(3) An electronic gaming machine licensee may not employ or

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900	otherwise allow a person to work at a licensed facility unless
901	such person holds the appropriate valid occupational license. An
902	electronic gaming machine licensee may not contract or otherwise
903	conduct business with a business that is required to hold an
904	electronic gaming machine occupational license unless the
905	business holds such a license. An electronic gaming machine
906	licensee may not employ or otherwise allow a person to work in a
907	supervisory or management professional level at a licensed
908	facility unless such person holds a valid electronic gaming
909	machine occupational license. All electronic gaming machine
910	occupational licensees, while present in electronic gaming
911	machine areas, shall display on their persons their occupational
912	license identification cards.
913	(4)(a) A person seeking an electronic gaming machine
914	occupational license or renewal thereof shall apply on forms
915	prescribed by the division and include payment of the
916	appropriate application fee. Initial and renewal applications
917	for electronic gaming machine occupational licenses must contain
918	all information that the division, by rule, requires.
919	(b) An electronic gaming machine license or combination
920	license is valid for the same term as a pari-mutuel occupational
921	license issued pursuant to s. 550.105(1), Florida Statutes.
922	(c) Pursuant to rules adopted by the division, any person
923	may apply for and, if qualified, be issued an electronic gaming
924	machine occupational license. The license shall be valid for a
925	period of 3 years upon payment of the full occupational license
926	fee for each of the 3 years for which the license is issued. The
927	electronic gaming machine occupational license is valid during
928	its specified term at any licensed facility where electronic

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929	gaming machine gaming is authorized.
930	(d) The electronic gaming machine occupational license fee
931	for initial application and annual renewal shall be determined
932	by rule of the division, but may not exceed \$50 for a general or
933	professional occupational license for an employee of the
934	electronic gaming machine licensee or \$1,000 for a business
935	occupational license for nonemployees of the licensee who
936	provide goods or services to the electronic gaming machine
937	licensee. License fees for general occupational licenses shall
938	be paid by the electronic gaming machine licensee. Failure to
939	pay the required fee constitutes grounds for disciplinary action
940	by the division against the electronic gaming machine licensee,
941	but it is not a violation of this act or rules of the division
942	by the general occupational licensee and does not prohibit the
943	initial issuance or the renewal of the general occupational
944	license.
945	(5) The division may:
946	(a) Deny an application for, or revoke, suspend, or place
947	conditions or restrictions on, a license of an applicant or
948	licensee that has been refused a license by another state gaming
949	commission, governmental department, agency, or other authority
950	exercising regulatory jurisdiction over the gaming of another
951	state or jurisdiction; or
952	(b) Deny an application for, or suspend, or place
953	conditions on a license of any applicant or licensee that is
954	under suspension or has unpaid fines in another state or
955	jurisdiction.
956	(6)(a) The division may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to
957	renew any electronic gaming machine occupational license if the

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958 applicant or licensee has violated this act or the rules 959 governing the conduct of persons connected with electron	_
959 governing the conduct of persons connected with electron	nic games
960 or electronic gaming. In addition, the division may deny	<u>/                                     </u>
961 suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any electronic gamin	ng
962 machine occupational license if the applicant or license	ee has
963 been convicted under the laws of this state or of anothe	er state,
964 or under the laws of the United States, of a capital fel	lony, a
965 <u>felony</u> , or an offense in another state which would be a	felony
966 under the laws of this state involving arson; trafficking	ng in,
967 conspiracy to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspira	acy to
968 smuggle or import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of	a
969 controlled substance; racketeering; or a crime showing a	a lack of
970 good moral character, or has had a gaming license revoke	ed by
971 this state or another jurisdiction for any gaming-relate	ed
972 <u>offense.</u>	
973 (b) The division may deny, revoke, or refuse to rem	new any
974 electronic gaming machine occupational license if the ap	oplicant
975 or licensee has been convicted of a felony or misdemeand	or in
976 this state, in another state, or under the laws of the U	Inited
977 States if such felony or misdemeanor is related to gambl	ling or
978 bookmaking as described in s. 849.25, Florida Statutes.	
979 (c) As used in this subsection, the term "convicted	d" means
980 having been found guilty, with or without adjudication c	of guilt,
981 as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry c	of a plea
982 <u>of guilty or nolo contendere.</u>	
983 (7) The division may deny, revoke, or suspend any	
984 occupational license if the applicant or licensee accumu	lates
985 <u>unpaid obligations</u> , defaults in obligations, or issues d	drafts or
986 checks that are dishonored or for which payment is refus	sed

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987	without reasonable cause.
988	(8) The division may fine or suspend, revoke, or place
989	conditions upon the license of any licensee who provides false
990	information under oath regarding an application for a license or
991	an investigation by the division.
992	(9) The division may impose a civil fine of up to \$5,000
993	for each violation of this act or the rules of the division in
994	addition to or in lieu of any other penalty. The division may
995	adopt a penalty schedule for violations for which it would
996	impose a fine in lieu of a suspension and adopt rules allowing
997	for the issuance of citations, including procedures to address
998	such citations, to persons who violate such rules. In addition
999	to any other penalty provided by law, the division may exclude
1000	from all licensed electronic gaming machine facilities in this
1001	state, for a period not to exceed the period of suspension,
1002	revocation, or ineligibility, any person whose occupational
1003	license application has been refused or who has been declared
1004	ineligible to hold an occupational license or whose occupational
1005	license has been suspended or revoked by the division.
1006	(10) Fingerprints for electronic gaming machine
1007	occupational license applications shall be taken in a manner
1008	approved by the division and shall be submitted electronically
1009	to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and to
1010	the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing for
1011	a criminal history record check. All persons as specified in s.
1012	550.1815(1)(a), Florida Statutes, who are employed by or working
1013	within licensed premises shall submit fingerprints for a
1014	criminal history records check and may not have been convicted
1015	of any disqualifying criminal offenses specified in subsection

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1016	(6). Division employees and law enforcement officers assigned to
1017	work within such premises as part of their official duties are
1018	excluded from the criminal history record check requirements. As
1019	used in this subsection, the term "convicted" means having been
1020	found guilty, with or without adjudication of guilt, as a result
1021	of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty
1022	<u>or nolo contendere.</u>
1023	(a) Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the
1024	division upon initial application, or as required thereafter by
1025	rule of the division, and shall be submitted electronically to
1026	the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing. The
1027	Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to
1028	the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing. The
1029	results of the criminal history record check shall be returned
1030	to the division for screening. Licensees shall provide necessary
1031	equipment, approved by the Department of Law Enforcement, to
1032	facilitate such electronic submission. The division requirements
1033	shall be instituted in consultation with the Department of Law
1034	Enforcement.
1035	(b) The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a
1036	criminal history records check for a general occupational
1037	license shall be paid by the electronic gaming machine licensee.
1038	The cost of processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal
1039	history record check for a business or professional occupational
1040	license shall be paid by the person being checked. The
1041	Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the division for the
1042	fingerprints submitted each month.
1043	(c) All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law
1044	Enforcement shall be retained by the Department of Law

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1045	Enforcement and entered into the statewide automated fingerprint
1046	identification system as authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b), Florida
1047	Statutes, and shall be available for all purposes and uses
1048	authorized for arrest fingerprint cards in the statewide
1049	automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s.
1050	943.051, Florida Statutes.
1051	(d) The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all
1052	arrest fingerprints received pursuant to s. 943.051, Florida
1053	Statutes, against the fingerprints retained in the statewide
1054	automated fingerprint identification system. Any arrest record
1055	that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person
1056	subject to the criminal history screening requirements shall be
1057	reported to the division. Each licensed facility shall pay a fee
1058	for the cost of retention of the fingerprints and the ongoing
1059	searches under this paragraph. The division shall forward the
1060	fee to the Department of Law Enforcement. The amount of the fee
1061	to be imposed for such searches and the procedures for the
1062	retention of licensee fingerprints shall be as established by
1063	rule of the Department of Law Enforcement. The division shall
1064	inform the Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the
1065	license status of licensees whose fingerprints are retained.
1066	(e) The division shall request the Department of Law
1067	Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
1068	Investigation for a national criminal history records check
1069	every 3 years following issuance of a license. If the
1070	fingerprints of a person who is licensed have not been retained
1071	by the Department of Law Enforcement, the person must file a
1072	complete set of fingerprints as provided in paragraph (a). The
1073	division shall collect the fees for the cost of the national

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1074criminal history record check and shall forward the payment1075the Department of Law Enforcement. The cost of processing1076fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check1077a general occupational license shall be paid by the electro1078gaming machine licensee. The cost of processing fingerprint1079conducting a criminal history record check for a business o1080professional occupational license shall be paid by the pers1081being checked. The Department of Law Enforcement may invoic1082division for the fingerprints submitted each month. Under1083penalty of perjury, each person who is licensed or fingerpr1084must agree to inform the division within 48 hours if he or1085is convicted of or enters a plea of guilty or nolo contende1086any disgualifying offense, regardless of adjudication.1087(11) All moneys collected pursuant to this section sha1088deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.	to
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1088 deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.	ll be
1089 Section 10. Prohibited relationships	
1090 (1) A person employed by or performing any function on	
1091 behalf of the division may not:	
(a) Be an officer, director, owner, or employee of any	
1093 person or entity licensed by the division.	
(b) Have or hold any interest, direct or indirect, in	or
1095 engage in any commerce or business relationship with any pe	rson
1096 licensed by the division.	
1097 (2) A manufacturer or distributor of electronic gaming	
1098 machines may not enter into any contract with an electronic	
1099 gaming machine licensee which provides for any revenue shar	ing
1100 that is directly or indirectly calculated on the basis of a	
1101 percentage of electronic gaming machine revenues. Any agree	ment
1102 <u>in violation of this subsection is void.</u>	

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1103	(3) A manufacturer or distributor of electronic gaming
1104	machines or equipment necessary for the operation of electronic
1105	gaming machines or an officer, director, or employee of any such
1106	manufacturer or distributor may not have any ownership or
1107	financial interest in an electronic gaming machine license or
1108	any business owned by an electronic gaming machine licensee.
1109	(4) An employee of the division or relative living in the
1110	same household as the employee may not wager on an electronic
1111	gaming machine located at a facility licensed by the division.
1112	(5) An occupational licensee or relative living in the same
1113	household as the licensee may not wager on an electronic gaming
1114	machine located at a facility operated by such licensee.
1115	Section 11. Prohibited acts; penalties
1116	(1) Except as otherwise provided by law and in addition to
1117	any other penalty, a person who knowingly makes or causes to be
1118	made, or aids, assists, or procures another to make, a false
1119	statement in any report, disclosure, application, or other
1120	document required under any law or rule regulating electronic
1121	gaming is subject to an administrative fine or civil penalty of
1122	up to \$10,000.
1123	(2) Except as otherwise provided by law and in addition to
1124	any other penalty, a person who possesses an electronic gaming
1125	machine without a license or who possesses an electronic gaming
1126	machine at a location other than at the electronic gaming
1127	machine licensee's facility is subject to an administrative fine
1128	or civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per machine. This prohibition
1129	does not apply to:
1130	(a) Electronic gaming machine manufacturers or distributors
1131	that are licensed and authorized to maintain an electronic

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1132	gaming machine storage and maintenance facility in this state.
1133	The division may adopt rules regarding security, inspection, and
1134	access to the storage facility.
1135	(b) Certified educational facilities that are authorized by
1136	the division to maintain electronic gaming machines for the sole
1137	purpose of education and licensure of electronic gaming machine
1138	technicians, inspectors, or investigators. The division and the
1139	Department of Law Enforcement may possess electronic gaming
1140	machines for training and testing purposes. The division may
1141	adopt rules regarding the regulation of such electronic gaming
1142	machines used for the sole purpose of education and licensure of
1143	electronic gaming machine technicians, inspectors, or
1144	investigators.
1145	(3) A person who knowingly excludes or attempts to exclude,
1146	anything of value from the deposit, counting, collection, or
1147	computation of revenues from electronic gaming machine activity,
1148	or a person who by trick, sleight-of-hand performance, fraud or
1149	fraudulent scheme, or device wins or attempts to win, for
1150	himself or herself or for another, money or property or a
1151	combination thereof, or reduces or attempts to reduce a losing
1152	wager in connection with electronic gaming commits a felony of
1153	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
1154	775.083, or s. 775.084, Florida Statutes.
1155	(4) Any person who manipulates or attempts to manipulate
1156	the outcome, payoff, or operation of an electronic gaming
1157	machine by physical tampering or the use of an object,
1158	instrument, or device, whether mechanical, electrical, or
1159	magnetic, or by other means, commits a felony of the third
1160	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.

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1161	775.084, Florida Statutes.
1162	(5) Theft of electronic gaming machine proceeds or property
1163	belonging to an electronic gaming machine operator, licensee, or
1164	licensed facility by an employee of the operator or facility or
1165	by an officer, partner, owner, or employee of a person
1166	contracted to provide services to the operator or facility
1167	constitutes a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
1168	<u>in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, Florida Statutes.</u>
1169	(6)(a) A law enforcement officer or electronic gaming
1170	machine operator who has probable cause to believe that a person
1171	has committed a violation of subsection (3), subsection (4), or
1172	subsection (5) and that officer or operator can recover the lost
1173	proceeds from the activity by taking the person into custody
1174	may, for the purpose of attempting to effect the recovery of the
1175	proceeds, take into custody on the premises and detain the
1176	person in a reasonable manner for a reasonable time. If the
1177	operator takes the person into custody, a law enforcement
1178	officer shall be called to the scene immediately. The taking
1179	into custody and detention by a law enforcement officer or
1180	electronic gaming machine operator, if done in compliance with
1181	this subsection, does not render such law enforcement officer,
1182	or the officer's agency, or the electronic gaming machine
1183	operator criminally or civilly liable for false arrest, false
1184	imprisonment, or unlawful detention.
1185	(b) A law enforcement officer may arrest, on or off the
1186	premises and without warrant, any person if the officer has
1187	probable cause to believe that person has violated subsection
1188	(3), subsection (4), or subsection (5).
1189	(c) A person who resists the reasonable effort of a law

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1190	enforcement officer or electronic gaming machine operator to
1191	take into custody a person who is violating subsection (3),
1192	subsection (4), or subsection (5) commits a misdemeanor of the
1193	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1194	775.083, Florida Statutes, unless the person did not know or
1195	have reason to know that the person seeking to take him or her
1196	into custody was a law enforcement officer or electronic gaming
1197	machine operator.
1198	(7) The penalties imposed and collected under this section
1199	must be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of
1200	the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
1201	Section 12. Legal devicesNotwithstanding any provision of
1202	law to the contrary, electronic gaming machines manufactured,
1203	sold, distributed, possessed, or operated pursuant to the laws
1204	and rules regulating electronic gaming are lawful in this state.
1205	An electronic game or electronic gaming machine may not enter
1206	the state until it has been tested and certified by a licensed
1207	testing laboratory, and certified for play in the state. The
1208	division shall adopt rules regarding the testing, certification,
1209	control, and approval of electronic games and electronic gaming
1210	machines entering, departing, or moving within the state.
1211	Section 13. Exclusions of certain personsIn addition to
1212	the power to exclude certain persons, the division may exclude
1213	any person from a facility of an electronic gaming machine
1214	licensee in this state for conduct that would constitute, if the
1215	person were a licensee, a violation of this act or the rules of
1216	the division. The division may exclude a person who has been
1217	ejected from a gaming facility or who has been excluded from a
1218	gaming facility in another state by the governmental authority

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1219	exercising regulatory jurisdiction over the gaming in such other
1220	state. This section does not abrogate the common law right of an
1221	electronic gaming machine licensee to exclude a patron.
1222	Section 14. Persons prohibited from operating electronic
1223	gaming machines.—
1224	(1) A person who has not attained 18 years of age may not
1225	operate or play an electronic gaming machine or have access to
1226	the designated electronic gaming machine area.
1227	(2) An electronic gaming machine licensee or agent or
1228	employee of an electronic gaming machine licensee may not
1229	knowingly allow a person who has not attained 18 years of age
1230	<u>to:</u>
1231	(a) Play or operate an electronic gaming machine.
1232	(b) Be employed in any position allowing or requiring
1233	access to the designated gaming area of a facility of an
1234	electronic gaming machine licensee.
1235	(c) Have access to the designated electronic gaming machine
1236	area of a facility of an electronic gaming machine licensee.
1237	(3) A licensed facility shall post clear and conspicuous
1238	signage within the designated electronic gaming machine areas
1239	which states:
1240	
1241	THE PLAYING OF ELECTRONIC GAMING MACHINES BY PERSONS UNDER THE
1242	AGE OF 18 IS AGAINST FLORIDA LAW (CITE TO FLORIDA STATUTES
1243	SECTION). PROOF OF AGE MAY BE REQUIRED AT ANY TIME.
1244	Section 15. Electronic gaming machine areas.—
1245	(1) An electronic gaming machine licensee may make
1246	available for play up to 1,000 electronic gaming machines within
1247	an eligible facility in a designated electronic gaming machine

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1248	area. No more than 1,000 electronic gaming machines shall be
1249	authorized at a facility regardless of the number of
1250	permitholders conducting operations at that facility.
1251	(2) The electronic gaming machine licensee shall display
1252	pari-mutuel races or games within the designated electronic
1253	gaming machine areas and offer patrons within such areas the
1254	opportunity to wager on live, intertrack, and simulcast races.
1255	(3) The division shall require the posting of signs warning
1256	of the risks and dangers of gambling, showing the odds of
1257	winning, and informing patrons of the toll-free telephone number
1258	available to provide information and referral services regarding
1259	compulsive or problem gambling.
1260	(4) Designated electronic gaming machine areas may be
1261	located within a live gaming facility or an existing building
1262	that is contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility. If
1263	such gaming area is to be located in a building that is not yet
1264	constructed, the new building must be contiguous and connected
1265	to the live gaming facility.
1266	(5) An electronic gaming machine licensee shall provide
1267	adequate office space at no cost to the division and the
1268	Department of Law Enforcement for the oversight of electronic
1269	gaming machine operations. The division shall adopt rules
1270	establishing criteria for adequate space, configuration, and
1271	location and needed electronic and technological requirements.
1272	Section 16. Days and hours of operationElectronic gaming
1273	machine areas may be open daily throughout the year. They may be
1274	open a cumulative total of 18 hours per day on Monday through
1275	Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on
1276	holidays specified in s. 110.117(1), Florida Statutes.

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1277	Section 17. PenaltiesThe division may revoke or suspend
1278	an electronic gaming machine license issued under this act upon
1279	the willful violation by the licensee of any law or rule
1280	regulating electronic gaming. In lieu of suspending or revoking
1281	an electronic gaming machine license, the division may impose a
1282	civil penalty against the licensee for such violation. Except as
1283	otherwise provided in this act, the division may not impose a
1284	penalty that exceeds \$100,000 for each count or separate
1285	offense. All fines collected must be deposited into the Pari-
1286	mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and
1287	Professional Regulation.
1288	Section 18. Compulsive or addictive gambling prevention
1289	program
1290	(1) Each electronic gaming machine licensee shall offer
1291	training to employees on responsible gaming and shall work with
1292	a compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program to
1293	recognize problem gaming situations and implement responsible
1294	gaming programs and practices.
1295	(2) The division shall, subject to competitive bidding,
1296	contract for services related to the prevention of compulsive
1297	and addictive gambling. The contract shall require an
1298	advertising program to encourage responsible gaming practices
1299	and publicize a gambling telephone help line. Such
1300	advertisements must be made both publicly and inside the
1301	designated electronic gaming machine areas of the licensee's
1302	facilities. The terms of any contract for such services shall
1303	include accountability standards for any private provider. The
1304	failure of a private provider to meet any material term of the
1305	contract, including the accountability standards, constitutes a

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1306	breach of contract or grounds for nonrenewal.
1307	(3) The compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program
1308	shall be funded from an annual nonrefundable regulatory fee of
1309	\$250,000 paid by each licensee.
1310	Section 19. Caterer's licenseAn electronic gaming machine
1311	licensee is entitled to a caterer's license pursuant to s.
1312	565.02, Florida Statutes, on days on which the pari-mutuel
1313	facility is open to the public for electronic gaming machine
1314	play.
1315	Section 20. Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions.
1316	(1) Complimentary or reduced-cost alcoholic beverages may
1317	not be served to persons in the designated electronic gaming
1318	machine area. Alcoholic beverages served to persons in the
1319	designated electronic gaming machine area shall cost at least
1320	the same amount as alcoholic beverages served to the general
1321	public at any bar within the facility.
1322	(2) An electronic gaming machine licensee may not make
1323	loans, provide credit, or advance cash to enable a person to
1324	play an electronic gaming machine. This subsection does not
1325	prohibit automated ticket redemption machines that dispense cash
1326	from the redemption of tickets from being located in the
1327	designated electronic gaming machine area.
1328	(3) An automated teller machine or similar device designed
1329	to provide credit or dispense cash may not be located within the
1330	designated electronic gaming machine area.
1331	(4)(a) An electronic gaming machine licensee may not accept
1332	or cash a check from any person within the designated electronic
1333	gaming machine area of a facility.
1334	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) for employees of

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1335	the facility, an electronic gaming machine licensee may not
1336	accept or cash for any person within the facility a government-
1337	issued check, third-party check, or payroll check made payable
1338	to an individual.
1339	(c) Outside the designated electronic gaming machine area,
1340	an electronic gaming machine licensee or operator may accept or
1341	cash a check for an employee of the facility who is prohibited
1342	from wagering on an electronic gaming machine under s.
1343	551.108(5), Florida Statutes, a check made directly payable to a
1344	person licensed by the division, or a check made directly
1345	payable to the licensee or operator from:
1346	1. A pari-mutuel patron; or
1347	2. A pari-mutuel facility in any state.
1348	(d) Unless accepting or cashing a check is prohibited by
1349	this subsection, an electronic gaming machine licensee or
1350	operator may accept and deposit in its accounts checks received
1351	in the normal course of business.
1352	(5) An electronic gaming machine, or the computer operating
1353	system linked to an electronic gaming machine, may be linked to
1354	any other electronic gaming machine or computer operating system
1355	within this state.
1356	(6) An electronic gaming machine located within a licensed
1357	facility may accept tickets or electronic or account-based cards
1358	for wagering. Such machines may return or deliver payouts to the
1359	players in the form of tickets or electronic or account-based
1360	credits that may be exchanged for cash, merchandise, or other
1361	items of value. The use of coins, currency, credit or debit
1362	cards, tokens, or similar objects is prohibited.
1363	Section 21. RulemakingThe division may adopt rules to

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1364	administer this act.
1365	Section 22. PreemptionThe Legislature finds and declares
1366	that it has exclusive authority over the conduct of all wagering
1367	occurring at electronic gaming machine facilities in this state.
1368	Only the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and other authorized
1369	state agencies may administer this act and regulate the
1370	electronic gaming machine industry, including operation of
1371	electronic gaming machine facilities, games, electronic gaming
1372	machines, and facilities-based computer systems authorized in
1373	this act and the rules adopted by the division.
1374	Section 23. Application to bingo games operated by
1375	charitable or nonprofit organizations.—Sections 1 through 22 of
1376	this act do not apply to the use of player-operated bingo aides
1377	used in bingo games conducted by charitable, nonprofit, or
1378	veterans' organizations authorized to conduct bingo under s.
1379	849.0931, Florida Statutes. Sections 1 through 22 of this act do
1380	not apply to game promotions or operators regulated under s.
1381	849.094, Florida Statutes.
1382	Section 24. Paragraph (x) is added to subsection (1) of
1383	section 215.22, Florida Statutes, to read:
1384	215.22 Certain income and certain trust funds exempt
1385	(1) The following income of a revenue nature or the
1386	following trust funds shall be exempt from the appropriation
1387	required by s. 215.20(1):
1388	(x) Taxes imposed on electronic gaming and electronic
1389	gaming machines at eligible pari-mutuel facilities.
1390	Section 25. The Department of Business and Professional
1391	Regulation may expend the unreserved cash balance in the Pari-
1392	mutuel Wagering Trust Fund received from other revenue sources

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1393	to implement electronic gaming regulation and investigations
1394	during the 2009-2010 fiscal year. Before the use of such other
1395	revenues, the department shall submit a repayment plan for
1396	approval by the Executive Office of the Governor in consultation
1397	with the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget
1398	Commission. The department shall repay such funds using
1399	electronic gaming machine license revenue sources by April 1,
1400	2010. The repaid funds are subject to the requirements of s.
1401	550.135(2), Florida Statutes.
1402	Section 26. Present subsections (11), (32), and (38) of
1403	section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are amended, a new subsection
1404	(15) is added to that section, and present subsections (15)
1405	through (39) of that section are renumbered as subsections (16)
1406	through (40), respectively, to read:
1407	550.002 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
1408	(11) "Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a
1409	greyhound or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination
1410	of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the
1411	preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or
1412	filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted
1413	permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live
1414	evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2
1415	preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not
1416	operate slot machines <u>, electronic gaming machines, or historical</u>
1417	racing systems in its pari-mutuel facility, who has conducted at
1418	least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after
1419	December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games
1420	conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4
1421	million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years

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1422	after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40
1423	live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year;
1424	for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines
1425	electronic gaming machines, or historical racing systems in its
1426	pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least
1427	150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness
1428	permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering
1429	performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse
1430	permitholder, at the permitholder's facility in the year 2009,
1431	the conduct of at least 20 live regular wagering performances,
1432	in the years 2010 and 2011, the conduct of at least 30 live
1433	regular wagering performances, and for every year after the year
1434	2011, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering
1435	performances <del>during the preceding year</del> ; for a quarter horse
1436	permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of
1437	160 events at the leased facility; and for a thoroughbred
1438	permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering
1439	performances during the preceding year. For a permitholder which
1440	is restricted by statute to certain operating periods within the
1441	year when other members of its same class of permit are
1442	authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number
1443	of live performances which constitute a full schedule of live
1444	racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with
1445	the relationship between its authorized operating period and the
1446	full calendar year and the resulting specified number of live
1447	performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games
1448	for such permitholder and all other permitholders of the same
1449	class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live
1450	performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1451 conducted live for each of a minimum of three performances each 1452 week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single 1453 admission charge. 1454 (15) "Historical racing system" means a form of pari-mutuel 1455 wagering based on audio or video signals of in-state or out-of-1456 state races which are sent from an in-state server and operated 1457 by a licensed totalisator company and which are displayed at individual wagering terminals at a licensed pari-mutuel 1458 1459 facility. 1460 (33) (32) "Simulcasting" means broadcasting events occurring 1461 live or recorded at an in-state location to an out-of-state 1462 location, or receiving at an in-state location events occurring 1463 live or recorded at an out-of-state location, by the transmittal, retransmittal, reception, and rebroadcast of 1464 1465 television or radio signals by wire, cable, satellite, microwave, or other electrical or electronic means for receiving 1466 1467 or rebroadcasting the events. (39) (38) "Year," for purposes of determining a full 1468 1469 schedule of live racing, means the state fiscal calendar year. 1470 Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 550.01215, Florida 1471 Statutes, is amended to read: 1472 550.01215 License application; periods of operation; bond, 1473 conversion of permit.-(3) Except as provided in s. 550.5251 for thoroughbred 1474 1475 racing, The division shall issue each license no later than 1476 March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at 1477 the date and time specified on its license. The division shall 1478 have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates 1479 after a license has been issued. The division may approve

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1	580-03410A-09 2009836c1
1480	changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when
1481	there is no objection from any operating permitholder located
1482	within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in
1483	operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division
1484	shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based
1485	upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50
1486	miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating
1487	dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the
1488	division shall take into consideration the impact of such
1489	changes on state revenues.
1490	Section 28. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsections
1491	(5) and (6) of section 550.0951, Florida Statutes, are amended
1492	to read:
1493	550.0951 Payment of daily license fee and taxes;
1494	penalties
1495	(1)
1496	(b) Each permitholder that cannot utilize the full amount
1497	of the exemption of \$360,000 or \$500,000 provided in s.
1498	550.09514(1) or the daily license fee credit provided in this
1499	section may, after notifying the division in writing, elect once
1500	per state fiscal year on a form provided by the division to
1501	transfer such exemption or credit or any portion thereof to any
1502	greyhound permitholder which acts as a host track to such
1503	permitholder for the purpose of intertrack wagering. Once an
1504	election to transfer such exemption or credit is filed with the
1505	division, it shall not be rescinded. The division shall
1506	disapprove the transfer when the amount of the exemption or
1507	credit or portion thereof is unavailable to the transferring
1508	permitholder or when the permitholder who is entitled to

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1537

580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1509 transfer the exemption or credit or who is entitled to receive 1510 the exemption or credit owes taxes to the state pursuant to a 1511 deficiency letter or administrative complaint issued by the 1512 division. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, the 1513 transferred tax exemption or credit shall be effective for the 1514 first performance of the next payment biweekly pay period as 1515 specified in subsection (5). The exemption or credit transferred 1516 to such host track may be applied by such host track against any 1517 taxes imposed by this chapter or daily license fees imposed by 1518 this chapter. The greyhound permitholder host track to which 1519 such exemption or credit is transferred shall reimburse such 1520 permitholder the exact monetary value of such transferred 1521 exemption or credit as actually applied against the taxes and 1522 daily license fees of the host track. The division shall ensure 1523 that all transfers of exemption or credit are made in accordance 1524 with this subsection and shall have the authority to adopt rules 1525 to ensure the implementation of this section. 1526 (5) (a) Each permitholder conducting historical racing 1527 pursuant to 550.810 shall pay a tax equal to 4 percent of the 1528 handle from the historical racing system. 1529 (b) The permitholder, upon authorization to conduct 1530 historical racing pursuant to 550.810 and annually thereafter, 1531 on the anniversary date of the authorization, shall pay a fee to 1532 the division of \$1 million. The fee shall be deposited into the 1533 Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business 1534 and Professional Regulation to be used by the division and the 1535 Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, regulation of 1536 historic racing, and enforcement of historic racing provisions.

(6)<del>(5)</del> PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF FEES AND TAXES.-Payments

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1538 Payment for the admission tax, tax on handle, and the breaks tax 1539 imposed by this section shall be paid to the division. The 1540 division shall deposit these sums with the Chief Financial 1541 Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, 1542 hereby established. The permitholder shall remit to the division 1543 payment for the daily license fee, the admission tax, the tax on 1544 handle, and the breaks tax. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each calendar month Wednesday of each 1545 week for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding calendar 1546 1547 month week ending on Sunday. If the 5th day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. 1548 1549 the first Monday following the weekend. Permitholders shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for 1550 1551 all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such 1552 payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing the 1553 total of all admissions, the pari-mutuel wagering activities for 1554 the preceding calendar month, and such other information as may 1555 be prescribed by the division.

(7) (6) PENALTIES.-

1556

1557 (a) The failure of any permitholder to make payments as prescribed in subsection (6) (5) is a violation of this section, 1558 1559 and the permitholder may be subjected by the division to a civil 1560 penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day the tax payment is not 1561 remitted. All penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited 1562 in the General Revenue Fund. If a permitholder fails to pay 1563 penalties imposed by order of the division under this 1564 subsection, the division may suspend or revoke the license of 1565 the permitholder, cancel the permit of the permitholder, or deny 1566 issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1567 (b) In addition to the civil penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), any willful or wanton failure by any permitholder 1568 1569 to make payments of the daily license fee, admission tax, tax on 1570 handle, or breaks tax constitutes sufficient grounds for the 1571 division to suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, 1572 to cancel the permit of the permitholder, or to deny issuance of 1573 any further license or permit to the permitholder. 1574 Section 29. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and paragraph 1575 (b) of subsection (3) of section 550.09511, Florida Statutes, 1576 are amended to read: 1577 550.09511 Jai alai taxes; abandoned interest in a permit 1578 for nonpayment of taxes.-1579 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(b), 1580 wagering on live jai alai performances shall be subject to the 1581 following taxes: 1582 (e) The payment of taxes pursuant to paragraphs (b), (c), 1583 and (d) shall be calculated and commence beginning the day after 1584 the biweekly period in which the permitholder is first entitled 1585 to the reduced rate specified in this section and the report of 1586 taxes required by s. 550.0951(5) is submitted to the division. 1587 (3) 1588 (b) The payment of taxes pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be 1589 calculated and commence beginning the day after the biweekly 1590 period in which the permitholder is first entitled to the 1591 reduced rate specified in this subsection. 1592 Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 550.09514, Florida 1593 Statutes, is amended to read: 1594 550.09514 Greyhound dogracing taxes; purse requirements.-1595 (1) Wagering on greyhound racing is subject to a tax on

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1596	handle for live greyhound racing as specified in s. 550.0951(3).
1597	However, each permitholder shall pay no tax on handle until such
1598	time as this subsection has resulted in a tax savings per state
1599	fiscal year of \$360,000. Thereafter, each permitholder shall pay
1600	the tax as specified in s. 550.0951(3) on all handle for the
1601	remainder of the permitholder's current race meet, and the tax
1602	must be calculated and commence beginning the day after the
1603	biweekly period in which the permitholder reaches the maximum
1604	tax savings per state fiscal year provided in this section. For
1605	the three permitholders that conducted a full schedule of live
1606	racing in 1995, and are closest to another state that authorizes
1607	greyhound pari-mutuel wagering, the maximum tax savings per
1608	state fiscal year shall be \$500,000. The provisions of this
1609	subsection relating to tax exemptions shall not apply to any
1610	charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s.
1611	550.0351.
1612	Section 31. Subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), and (10) of
1613	section 550.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1614	550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; fees;
1615	denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties and
1616	fines
1617	(1) Each person connected with a racetrack or jai alai
1618	fronton, as specified in paragraph (2)(a), shall purchase from
1619	the division an <del>annual</del> occupational license <del>, which license is</del>
1620	valid from May 1 until June 30 of the following year. All moneys
1621	collected pursuant to this section each fiscal year shall be
1622	deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. <del>Any person</del>
1623	may, at her or his option and Pursuant to the rules adopted by
1624	the division, <del>purchase</del> an occupational license <u>may be</u> valid for

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1625 a period of up to 3 years for a fee that does not exceed if the 1626 purchaser of the license pays the full occupational license fee 1627 for each of the years for which the license is purchased at the 1628 time the 3-year license is requested. The occupational license 1629 shall be valid during its specified term at any pari-mutuel 1630 facility. 1631 (2) (a) The following licenses shall be issued to persons or entities with access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai 1632 players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, 1633 1634 the mutuels, or money room, or to persons who, by virtue of the 1635 position they hold, might be granted access to these areas or to 1636 any other person or entity in one of the following categories 1637 and with scheduled annual fees not to exceed the following 1638 amounts as follows: 1639 1. Business licenses: any business such as a vendor, 1640 contractual concessionaire, contract kennel, business owning 1641 racing animals, trust or estate, totalisator company, stable 1642 name, or other fictitious name: \$50.

2. Professional occupational licenses: professional persons 1643 1644 with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters 1645 in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, 1646 nurses, EMT's, jockeys and apprentices, drivers, jai alai 1647 players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or 1648 director or shareholder or any other professional-level person 1649 who might have access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, 1650 the backside, racing animals, kennel compound, or managers or 1651 supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money 1652 room, or totalisator equipment: \$40.

1653

3. General occupational licenses: general employees with

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1682

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1654	access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, racing animals,
1655	the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai,
1656	such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta
1657	makers, or ball boys, or a practitioner of any other occupation
1658	who would have access to the animals, the backside, or the
1659	kennel compound, or who would provide the security or
1660	maintenance of these areas, or mutuel employees, totalisator
1661	employees, money-room employees, or any employee with access to
1662	mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or
1663	who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas:
1664	\$10.
1665	
1666	The individuals and entities that are licensed under this
1667	paragraph require heightened state scrutiny, including the
1668	submission by the individual licensees or persons associated
1669	with the entities described in this chapter of fingerprints for
1670	a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal records check.
1671	(b) The division shall adopt rules pertaining to pari-
1672	mutuel occupational licenses, licensing periods, and renewal
1673	cycles.
1674	(5)(a) The division may:
1675	1. Deny a license to or revoke, suspend, or place
1676	conditions upon or restrictions on a license of any person who
1677	has been refused a license by any other state racing commission
1678	or racing authority;
1679	2. Deny, suspend, or place conditions on a license of any
1680	person who is under suspension or has unpaid fines in another
1681	jurisdiction;

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1683 if the state racing commission or racing authority of such other 1684 state or jurisdiction extends to the division reciprocal 1685 courtesy to maintain the disciplinary control. 1686 (b) The division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare 1687 ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for or 1688 holder thereof has violated the provisions of this chapter or 1689 the rules of the division governing the conduct of persons 1690 connected with racetracks and frontons. In addition, the 1691 division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any 1692 occupational license if the applicant for such license has been 1693 convicted in this state, in any other state, or under the laws 1694 of the United States of a capital felony, a felony, or an 1695 offense in any other state which would be a felony under the 1696 laws of this state involving arson; trafficking in, conspiracy 1697 to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspiracy to smuggle or 1698 import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of a controlled 1699 substance; or a crime involving a lack of good moral character, 1700 or has had a pari-mutuel license revoked by this state or any 1701 other jurisdiction for an offense related to pari-mutuel 1702 wagering. 1703

(c) The division may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke 1704 any occupational license if the applicant for such license has 1705 been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state, in any 1706 other state, or under the laws of the United States, if such 1707 felony or misdemeanor is related to gambling or bookmaking, as 1708 contemplated in s. 849.25, or involves cruelty to animals. If 1709 the applicant establishes that she or he is of good moral 1710 character, that she or he has been rehabilitated, and that the 1711 crime she or he was convicted of is not related to pari-mutuel

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1712 wagering and is not a capital offense, the restrictions 1713 excluding offenders may be waived by the director of the 1714 division. 1715 (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "convicted" 1716 means having been found guilty, with or without adjudication of 1717 guilt, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of 1718 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere. However, the term 1719 "conviction" does not apply to a crime committed prior to the 1720 effective date of this subsection in a manner that would 1721 invalidate any occupational license issued prior to the 1722 effective date of this subsection or subsequent renewal for any 1723 person holding such a license. 1724 (e) (d) If an occupational license will expire by division 1725 rule during the period of a suspension the division intends to 1726 impose, or if a license would have expired but for pending 1727 administrative charges and the occupational licensee is found to 1728 be in violation of any of the charges, the license may be 1729 revoked and a time period of license ineligibility may be 1730 declared. The division may bring administrative charges against 1731 any person not holding a current license for violations of 1732 statutes or rules which occurred while such person held an 1733 occupational license, and the division may declare such person 1734 ineligible to hold a license for a period of time. The division may impose a civil fine of up to \$1,000 for each violation of 1735 1736 the rules of the division in addition to or in lieu of any other 1737 penalty provided for in this section. In addition to any other 1738 penalty provided by law, the division may exclude from all pari-1739 mutuel facilities in this state, for a period not to exceed the 1740 period of suspension, revocation, or ineligibility, any person

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 1741 whose occupational license application has been denied by the 1742 division, who has been declared ineligible to hold an 1743 occupational license, or whose occupational license has been 1744 suspended or revoked by the division.

1745(f) (e)The division may cancel any occupational license1746that has been voluntarily relinquished by the licensee.

(6) In order to promote the orderly presentation of parimutuel meets authorized in this chapter, the division may issue a temporary occupational license. The division shall adopt rules to implement this subsection. However, no temporary occupational license shall be valid for more than 30 days, and no more than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any year.

1753 (10) (a) Upon application for an occupational license, the 1754 division may require the applicant's full legal name; any 1755 nickname, alias, or maiden name for the applicant; name of the 1756 applicant's spouse; the applicant's date of birth, residence 1757 address, mailing address, residence address and business phone 1758 number, and social security number; disclosure of any felony or 1759 any conviction involving bookmaking, illegal gambling, or 1760 cruelty to animals; disclosure of any past or present 1761 enforcement or actions by any racing or gaming agency against 1762 the applicant; and any information the division determines is 1763 necessary to establish the identity of the applicant or to establish that the applicant is of good moral character. 1764 1765 Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the division 1766 and then shall be submitted to the Federal Bureau of 1767 Investigation, or to the association of state officials 1768 regulating pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the Federal Pari-1769 mutuel Licensing Simplification Act of 1988. The cost of

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I	580-03410A-09 2009836c1
1770	processing fingerprints shall be borne by the applicant and paid
1771	to the association of state officials regulating pari-mutuel
1772	wagering from the trust fund to which the processing fees are
1773	deposited. The division shall require each applicant for an
1774	occupational license to have the applicant's signature witnessed
1775	and notarized or signed in the presence of a division official.
1776	The division, by rule, may require additional information from
1777	licensees which is reasonably necessary to regulate the
1778	industry. The division may, by rule, exempt certain occupations
1779	or groups of persons from the fingerprinting requirements.
1780	(b) All fingerprints required by this section which are
1781	submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement shall be retained
1782	by the Department of Law Enforcement and entered into the
1783	statewide automated fingerprint identification system as
1784	authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall be available for all
1785	purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards
1786	entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification
1787	system pursuant to s. 943.051.
1788	(c) The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all
1789	arrest fingerprints received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the
1790	fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint
1791	identification system under paragraph (b). Any arrest record
1792	that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person
1793	subject to the criminal history screening requirements of this
1794	section shall be reported to the division. Each licensee shall
1795	pay a fee to the division for the cost of retention of the
1796	fingerprints and the ongoing searches under this paragraph. The
1797	division shall forward the payment to the Department of Law
1798	Enforcement. The amount of the fee to be imposed for performing

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	580-03410A-09 2009836c1
1799	these searches and the procedures for the retention of licensee
1800	fingerprints shall be as established by rule of the Department
1801	of Law Enforcement. The division shall inform the Department of
1802	Law Enforcement of any change in the license status of licensees
1803	whose fingerprints are retained under paragraph (b).
1804	(d) The division shall request the Department of Law
1805	Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
1806	Investigation for a national criminal history records check at
1807	least once every 5 years following issuance of a license. If the
1808	fingerprints of a person who is licensed have not been retained
1809	by the Department of Law Enforcement, the person must file a
1810	complete set of fingerprints as provided in paragraph (a). The
1811	division shall collect the fees for the cost of the national
1812	criminal history record check under this paragraph and forward
1813	the payment to the Department of Law Enforcement. The cost of
1814	processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record
1815	check under this paragraph for a general occupational license
1816	shall be borne by the applicant. The cost of processing
1817	fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check
1818	under this paragraph for a business or professional occupational
1819	license shall be borne by the person being checked. The
1820	Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the division for the
1821	fingerprints submitted each month. Under penalty of perjury,
1822	each person who is licensed or who is fingerprinted as required
1823	by this section must agree to inform the division within $48$
1824	hours if he or she is convicted of or has entered a plea of
1825	guilty or nolo contendere to any disqualifying offense,
1826	regardless of adjudication.
1827	Section 32. Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, is amended

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to read:

1828

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1829 550.135 Division of moneys derived under this law.—All 1830 moneys that are deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to 1831 the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund shall be 1832 distributed as follows:

1833 (1) The daily license fee revenues collected pursuant to s. 1834 550.0951(1) shall be used to fund the operating cost of the 1835 division and to provide a proportionate share of the operation 1836 of the office of the secretary and the Division of 1837 Administration of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; however, other collections in the Pari-mutuel 1838 1839 Wagering Trust Fund may also be used to fund the operation of 1840 the division in accordance with authorized appropriations.

(2) All unappropriated funds in excess of \$1.5 million in the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, collected pursuant to this chapter, shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

1845 (3) The slot machine license fee, the slot machine occupational license fee, and the compulsive or addictive 1846 1847 gambling prevention program fee collected pursuant to ss. 1848 551.106, 551.107(2)(a)1., and 551.118 shall be used to fund the 1849 direct and indirect operating expenses of the division's slot 1850 machine regulation operations and to provide funding for 1851 relevant enforcement activities in accordance with authorized 1852 appropriations. Funds deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering 1853 Trust Fund pursuant to ss. 551.106, 551.107(2)(a)1., and 551.118 1854 shall be reserved in the trust fund for slot machine regulation 1855 operations. On June 30, any unappropriated funds in excess of 1856 those necessary for incurred obligations and subsequent year

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1857	cash flow for slot machine regulation operations shall be
1858	deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the
1859	General Revenue Fund.
1860	(4) The electronic gaming machine license fee, the
1861	electronic gaming machine occupational license fee, and the
1862	compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program fee
1863	collected pursuant to subsection (1) of section 7 of this act
1864	and subsection (3) of section 17 of this act shall be used to
1865	fund the direct and indirect operating expenses of the
1866	division's electronic gaming machine regulation operations and
1867	to provide funding for relevant enforcement activities in
1868	accordance with authorized appropriations. Funds deposited into
1869	the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to subsection (1)
1870	of section 7 of this act and subsection (3) of section 17 of
1871	this act shall be reserved in the trust fund for electronic
1872	gaming machine regulation and enforcement operations. On June
1873	30, any unappropriated funds in excess of those necessary for
1874	incurred obligations and subsequent year cash flow for
1875	electronic gaming machine regulation and enforcement operations
1876	shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the
1877	credit of the General Revenue Fund.
1878	Section 33. Subsection (6) of section 550.2415, Florida
1879	Statutes, is amended to read:
1880	550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions
1881	prohibited; penalties; exceptions
1882	(6)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that animals
1883	that participate in races in this state on which pari-mutuel
1884	wagering is conducted and animals that are bred and trained in
1885	this state for racing be treated humanely, both on and off

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1000	580-03410A-09 2009836c1
1886	racetracks, throughout the lives of the animals.
1887	(b) The division shall, by rule, establish the procedures
1888	for euthanizing greyhounds. However, a greyhound may not be put
1889	to death by any means other than by lethal injection of the drug
1890	sodium pentobarbital. A greyhound may not be removed from this
1891	state for the purpose of being destroyed.
1892	(c) It is a violation of this chapter for an occupational
1893	licensee to train a greyhound using live or dead animals. A
1894	greyhound may not be taken from this state for the purpose of
1895	being trained through the use of live or dead animals.
1896	(d) Any act committed by any licensee which would
1897	constitute A conviction of cruelty to animals as defined in
1898	<del>pursuant to</del> s. 828.12 involving <u>any</u> <del>a racing</del> animal constitutes
1899	a violation of this chapter. Imposition of any penalty by the
1900	division for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by
1901	the division pursuant to this chapter does not prohibit a
1902	criminal prosecution for cruelty to animals.
1903	(e) The division may inspect any area at a pari-mutuel
1904	facility where racing animals are raced, trained, housed, or
1905	maintained, including any areas where food, medications, or
1906	other supplies are kept, to ensure the humane treatment of
1907	racing animals and compliance with this chapter and the rules of
1908	the division.
1909	Section 34. Subsection (5) is added to section 550.26165,
1910	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1911	550.26165 Breeders' awards
1912	(5)(a) The awards programs in this chapter, which are
1913	intended to encourage thoroughbred breeding and training
1914	operations to locate in this state, must be responsive to

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1915	rapidly changing incentive programs in other states. To attract
1916	such operations, it is appropriate to provide greater
1917	flexibility to thoroughbred industry participants in this state
1918	so that they may design competitive awards programs.
1919	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
1920	contrary, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, as
1921	part of its annual plan, may:
1922	1. Pay breeders' awards on horses finishing in first,
1923	second, or third place in thoroughbred horse races; pay
1924	breeders' awards that are greater than 20 percent and less than
1925	15 percent of the announced gross purse; and vary the rates for
1926	breeders' awards, based upon the place of finish, class of race,
1927	state or country in which the race took place, and the state in
1928	which the stallion siring the horse was standing when the horse
1929	was conceived;
1930	2. Pay stallion awards on horses finishing in first,
1931	second, or third place in thoroughbred horse races; pay stallion
1932	awards that are greater than 20 percent and less than 15 percent
1933	of the announced gross purse; reduce or eliminate stallion
1934	awards to enhance breeders' awards or awards under subparagragh
1935	3.; and vary the rates for stallion awards, based upon the place
1936	of finish, class of race, and state or country in which the race
1937	took place; and
1938	3. Pay awards from the funds dedicated for breeders' awards
1939	and stallion awards to owners of registered Florida-bred horses
1940	finishing in first, second, or third place in thoroughbred horse
1941	races in this state, without regard to any awards paid pursuant
1942	to s. 550.2625(6).
1943	(c) Breeders' awards or stallion awards under this chapter

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1944	may not be paid on thoroughbred horse races taking place in
1945	other states or countries unless agreed to in writing by all
1946	thoroughbred permitholders in this state, the Florida
1947	Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Florida Horsemen's
1948	Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc.
1949	Section 35. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (6) of
1950	section 550.2625, Florida Statutes, to read:
1951	550.2625 Horseracing; minimum purse requirement, Florida
1952	breeders' and owners' awards
1953	(6)
1954	(e) This subsection governs owners' awards paid on
1955	thoroughbred races only in this state, unless a written
1956	agreement is filed with the division establishing the rate,
1957	procedures, and eligibility requirements for owners' awards,
1958	including place of finish, class of race, maximum purse, and
1959	maximum award, and the agreement is entered into by the
1960	permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association,
1961	and the association representing a majority of the racehorse
1962	owners and trainers at the permitholder's location.
1963	Section 36. Section 550.334, Florida Statutes, is amended
1964	to read:
1965	550.334 Quarter horse racing; substitutions
1966	(1) Subject to all the applicable provisions of this
1967	chapter, any person who possesses the qualifications prescribed
1968	in this chapter may apply to the division for a permit to
1969	conduct quarter horse race meetings and racing under this
1970	chapter. The applicant must demonstrate that the location or
1971	locations where the permit will be used are available for such
1972	use and that she or he has the financial ability to satisfy the

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1973	reasonably anticipated operational expenses of the first racing
1974	year following final issuance of the permit. If the racing
1975	facility is already built, the application must contain a
1976	statement, with reasonable supporting evidence, that the permit
1977	will be used for quarter horse racing within 1 year after the
1978	date on which it is granted; if the facility is not already
1979	built, the application must contain a statement, with reasonable
1980	supporting evidence, that substantial construction will be
1981	started within 1 year after the issuance of the permit. After
1982	receipt of an application, the division shall convene to
1983	consider and act upon permits applied for. The division shall
1984	disapprove an application if it fails to meet the requirements
1985	of this chapter. Upon each application filed and approved, a
1986	permit shall be issued setting forth the name of the applicant
1987	and a statement showing qualifications of the applicant to
1988	conduct racing under this chapter. If a favorable referendum on
1989	a pari-mutuel facility has not been held previously within the
1990	county, then, before a quarter horse permit may be issued by the
1991	division, a referendum ratified by a majority of the electors in
1992	the county is required on the question of allowing quarter horse
1993	races within that county.
1994	(2) After a quarter horse racing permit has been granted by
1995	the division, the department shall grant to the lawful holder of
1996	such permit, subject to the conditions of this section, a
1997	license to conduct quarter horse racing under this chapter; and
1998	the division shall fix annually the time when, place where, and
1999	number of days upon which racing may be conducted by such
0000	

2000 quarter horse racing permitholder. After the first license has

2001 been issued to the holder of a permit for quarter horse racing,

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2002 all subsequent annual applications for a license by a 2003 permitholder must be accompanied by proof, in such form as the 2004 division requires, that the permitholder still possesses all the 2005 qualifications prescribed by this chapter. The division may revoke any permit or license issued under this section upon the 2006 2007 willful violation by the licensee of any provision of this 2008 chapter or any rule adopted by the division under this chapter. 2009 The division shall revoke any quarter horse permit under which 2010 no live racing has ever been conducted before July 7, 1990, for 2011 failure to conduct a horse meet pursuant to the license issued 2012 where a full schedule of horseracing has not been conducted for 2013 a period of 18 months commencing on October 1, 1990, unless the 2014 permitholder has commenced construction on a facility at which a full schedule of live racing could be conducted as approved by 2015 2016 the division. "Commenced construction" means initiation of and 2017 continuous activities beyond site preparation associated with 2018 erecting or modifying a horseracing facility, including 2019 procurement of a building permit applying the use of approved 2020 construction documents, proof of an executed owner/contractor 2021 agreement or an irrevocable or binding forced account, and 2022 actual undertaking of foundation forming with steel installation and concrete placing. The 18-month period shall be extended by 2023 2024 the division, to the extent that the applicant demonstrates to 2025 the satisfaction of the division that good faith commencement of 2026 the construction of the facility is being delayed by litigation 2027 or by governmental action or inaction with respect to regulations or permitting precluding commencement of the 2028 2029 construction of the facility. 2030 (1) (1) (3) The operator of any licensed racetrack is authorized

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2031 to lease such track to any quarter horse racing permitholder for 2032 the conduct of quarter horse racing under this chapter. 2033 (4) Section 550.054 is inapplicable to quarter horse racing 2034 as permitted under this section. All other provisions of this 2035 chapter apply to, govern, and control such racing, and the same 2036 must be conducted in compliance therewith. 2037 (2) (2) (5) Quarter horses participating in such races must be 2038 duly registered by the American Quarter Horse Association, and 2039 before each race such horses must be examined and declared in 2040 fit condition by a qualified person designated by the division. (3) (6) Any quarter horse racing days permitted under this 2041 chapter are in addition to any other racing permitted under the 2042 2043 license issued the track where such quarter horse racing is 2044 conducted. 2045 (4) (-7) (a) Any quarter horse racing permitholder operating 2046 under a valid permit issued by the division is authorized to 2047 substitute races of other breeds of horses, except 2048 thoroughbreds, which are, respectively, registered with the 2049 American Paint Horse Association, Appaloosa Horse Club, Arabian 2050 Horse Registry of America, Palomino Horse Breeders of America, 2051 or United States Trotting Association, for no more than 50 2052 percent of the quarter horse races daily, and may substitute 2053 races of thoroughbreds registered with the Jockey Club for no 2054 more than 50 percent of the quarter horse races daily with the 2055 written consent of all greyhound, harness, and thoroughbred 2056 permitholders whose pari-mutuel facilities are located within 50 2057 air miles of such quarter horse racing permitholder's pari-2058 mutuel facility.

2059

(b) Any permittee operating within an area of 50 air miles

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2060 of a licensed thoroughbred track may not substitute thoroughbred 2061 races under this section while a thoroughbred horse race meet is 2062 in progress within that 50 miles. Any permittee operating within 2063 an area of 125 air miles of a licensed thoroughbred track may 2064 not substitute live thoroughbred races under this section while 2065 a thoroughbred permittee who pays taxes under s. 550.09515(2)(a) 2066 is conducting a thoroughbred meet within that 125 miles. These 2067 mileage restrictions do not apply to any permittee that holds a 2068 nonwagering permit issued pursuant to s. 550.505. 2069 (5) (8) A quarter horse permit issued pursuant to this 2070 section is not eligible for transfer or conversion to another 2071 type of pari-mutuel operation. 2072 (6) (9) Any nonprofit corporation, including, but not 2073 limited to, an agricultural cooperative marketing association, 2074 organized and incorporated under the laws of this state may 2075 apply for a quarter horse racing permit and operate racing meets 2076 under such permit, provided all pari-mutuel taxes and fees 2077 applicable to such racing are paid by the corporation. However, 2078 insofar as its pari-mutuel operations are concerned, the 2079 corporation shall be considered to be a corporation for profit 2080 and is subject to taxation on all property used and profits 2081 earned in connection with its pari-mutuel operations.

2082 <u>(7) (10)</u> Intertrack wagering shall not be authorized for any 2083 quarter horse permitholder without the written consent of all 2084 greyhound, harness, and thoroughbred permitholders whose pari-2085 mutuel facilities are located within 50 air miles of such 2086 quarter horse permitholder's pari-mutuel facility.

2087 Section 37. Section 550.3355, Florida Statutes, is amended 2088 to read:

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2089	550.3355 Harness track licenses for summer quarter horse
2090	racing.—Any harness track licensed to operate under the
2091	provisions of s. 550.375 may make application for, and shall be
2092	issued by the division, a license to operate not more than 50
2093	quarter horse racing days during the summer season, which shall
2094	extend from <u>July 1</u> <del>June 1</del> until <u>October 1</u> <del>September 1</del> of each
2095	year. However, this license to operate quarter horse racing for
2096	50 days is in addition to the racing days and dates provided in
2097	s. 550.375 for harness racing during the winter seasons; and, it
2098	does not affect the right of such licensee to operate harness
2099	racing at the track as provided in s. 550.375 during the winter
2100	season. All provisions of this chapter governing quarter horse
2101	racing not in conflict herewith apply to the operation of
2102	quarter horse meetings authorized hereunder, except that all
2103	quarter horse racing permitted hereunder shall be conducted at
2104	night.
2105	Section 38. Section 550.3605, Florida Statutes, is
2106	repealed.
2107	Section 39. Section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended
2108	to read:
2109	550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits;
2110	operating days
2111	(1) Each thoroughbred permitholder under whose permit
2112	thoroughbred racing was conducted in this state at any time
2113	between January 1, 1987, and January 1, 1988, shall annually be
2114	entitled to apply for and annually receive thoroughbred racing
2115	days and dates as set forth in this section. As regards such
2116	permitholders, the annual thoroughbred racing season shall be
2117	from June 1 of any year through May 31 of the following year and

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2118 shall be known as the "Florida Thoroughbred Racing Season." 2119 (1) (2) Each thoroughbred permitholder referred to in subsection (1) shall annually, during the period commencing 2120 2121 December 15 of each year and ending January 4 of the following 2122 year, file in writing with the division its application to 2123 conduct one or more thoroughbred racing meetings during the 2124 thoroughbred racing season commencing on the following July June 2125 1. Each application shall specify the number and dates of all performances that the permitholder intends to conduct during 2126 2127 that thoroughbred racing season. On or before February 15 of 2128 each year, the division shall issue a license authorizing each 2129 permitholder to conduct performances on the dates specified in its application. By February 28 Up to March 31 of each year, 2130 2131 each permitholder may request and shall be granted changes in 2132 its authorized performances; but thereafter, as a condition 2133 precedent to the validity of its license and its right to retain 2134 its permit, each permitholder must operate the full number of 2135 days authorized on each of the dates set forth in its license. 2136 (3) Each thoroughbred permit referred to in subsection (1), 2137 including, but not limited to, any permit originally issued as a 2138 summer thoroughbred horse racing permit, is hereby validated and shall continue in full force and effect. 2139 2140 (2) (4) A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not begin any race later than 7 p.m. Any thoroughbred permitholder in a county 2141 2142 in which the authority for cardrooms has been approved by the 2143 board of county commissioners may operate a cardroom and, when 2144 conducting live races during its current race meet, may receive 2145 and rebroadcast out-of-state races after the hour of 7 p.m. on 2146 any day during which the permitholder conducts live races.

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2147 (3) + (5) (a) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this 2148 state must run an average of one race per racing day in which 2149 horses bred in this state and duly registered with the Florida 2150 Thoroughbred Breeders' Association have preference as entries 2151 over non-Florida-bred horses, unless otherwise agreed to in 2152 writing by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' 2153 Association, and the association representing a majority of the 2154 thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at that location. All 2155 licensed thoroughbred racetracks shall write the conditions for 2156 such races in which Florida-bred horses are preferred so as to 2157 assure that all Florida-bred horses available for racing at such 2158 tracks are given full opportunity to run in the class of races 2159 for which they are qualified. The opportunity of running must be 2160 afforded to each class of horses in the proportion that the 2161 number of horses in this class bears to the total number of 2162 Florida-bred horses available. A track is not required to write conditions for a race to accommodate a class of horses for which 2163 2164 a race would otherwise not be run at the track during its meet 2165 meeting.

2166 (b) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state 2167 may run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively 2168 of Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of 2169 America. Any licensed thoroughbred permitholder that elects to 2170 run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively of 2171 Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of 2172 America is not required to provide stables for the Arabian 2173 horses racing under this paragraph.

2174 (c) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state2175 may run up to three additional races per racing day composed

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2176	exclusively of quarter horses registered with the American
2177	Quarter Horse Association.
2178	(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), a
2179	thoroughbred permitholder who fails to operate all performances
2180	on its 2001-2002 license does not lose its right to retain its
2181	permit. Such thoroughbred permitholder is eligible for issuance
2182	of an annual license pursuant to s. 550.0115 for subsequent
2183	thoroughbred racing seasons. The division shall take no
2184	disciplinary action against such thoroughbred permitholder for
2185	failure to operate all licensed performances for the 2001-2002
2186	license pursuant to this section or s. 550.01215. This section
2187	may not be interpreted to prohibit the division from taking
2188	disciplinary action against a thoroughbred permitholder for
2189	failure to pay taxes on performances operated pursuant to its
2190	2001-2002 license. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.
2191	(7) A thoroughbred permitholder shall file an amendment
2192	with the division no later than July 1, 2002, that indicates
2193	that it will not be able to operate the performances scheduled
2194	on its 2002-2003 license without imposition of any penalty for
2195	failure to operate all licensed performances provided in this
2196	chapter. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.
2197	Section 40. Section 550.810, Florida Statutes, is created
2198	to read:
2199	550.810 Historical racing.—
2200	(1) Subject to the requirements of this section and
2201	compliance with the rules adopted by the division, a licensed
2202	pari-mutuel facility may operate a historical racing system if:
2203	(a) No identifying information about any race or the
2204	competing horses or dogs in that race is revealed to a patron

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2205	until after the patron's wagers is irrevocably placed;
2206	(b) The results of a patron's wager are shown to the patron
2207	using video or mechanical displays, or both, and the patron has
2208	the opportunity to view all or any portion of the race;
2209	(c) The historical racing takes place under a licensed
2210	pari-mutuel permit that has run a full schedules of live racing
2211	3 years prior to the date of application for licensure for
2212	historic racing, and the pari-mutuel permitholder also holds a
2213	cardroom license; and
2214	(d) The licensed pari-mutuel permit holder has paid the fee
2215	in s. 550.0951(5)(d).
2216	(2)(a) Historic racing may not be authorized to a
2217	permitholder licensed under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, to
2218	conduct live pari-mutuel wagering races or games unless the
2219	permitholder has on file with the division the following binding
2220	written agreements governing the payment of awards and purses on
2221	the handle generated from historic racing conducted at the
2222	licensee's pari-mutuel facility:
2223	1. For a thoroughbred permitholder, an agreement governing
2224	the payment of purses between the permitholder and the Florida
2225	Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., or the
2226	association representing a majority of the thoroughbred owners
2227	and trainers at the permitholder's eligible facility located as
2228	described in s. 550.615(9), Florida Statutes, and an agreement
2229	governing the payment of awards between the permitholder and the
2230	Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association;
2231	2. For a harness permitholder, an agreement governing the
2232	payment of purses and awards between the permitholder and the
2233	Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association;

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2234	3. For a greyhound permitholder, an agreement governing the
2235	payment of purses between the permitholder and the Florida
2236	Greyhound Association, Inc.;
2237	4. For a quarter horse permitholder, an agreement governing
2238	the payment of purses between the applicant and the Florida
2239	Quarter Horse Racing Association, and an agreement governing the
2240	payment of awards between the permitholder and the Florida
2241	Quarter Horse Breeders and Owners Association; or
2242	5. For a jai alai permitholder, an agreement governing the
2243	payment of player awards between the permitholder and the
2244	International Jai Alai Players Association or a binding written
2245	agreement approved by a majority of the jai alai players at the
2246	permitholder's eligible facility at which the applicant has a
2247	permit issued after January 1, 2000, to conduct jai alai.
2248	(b) The agreements may direct the payment of purses and
2249	awards from revenues generated by any wagering or games the
2250	applicant is authorized to conduct under state law. All purses
2251	and awards are subject to the terms of chapter 550, Florida
2252	Statutes. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing
2253	awards shall be remitted monthly to the respective breeders
2254	association for the payment of awards, subject to the
2255	administrative fees authorized under chapter 550, Florida
2256	Statutes.
2257	(3) The amount of historical racing wagering terminals may
2258	be:
2259	(a) A licensed greyhound facility may have 500 historical
2260	racing terminals.
2261	(b) A licensed thoroughbred facility may have 500
2262	historical racing terminals.

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2263	(c) A licensed harness track facility may have 500
2264	historical racing terminals.
2265	(d) A licensed quarter horse facility may have 500
2266	historical racing terminals.
2267	(e) A licensed jai alai facility may have 500 historical
2268	racing terminals.
2269	(4) The moneys wagered on races via the historical racing
2270	system shall be separated from the moneys wagered on live races
2271	conducted at, and on other races simulcast to, the licensee's
2272	facility.
2273	(5) The division shall adopt rules necessary to implement,
2274	administer, and regulate the operation of historical racing
2275	systems in this state. The rules must include:
2276	(a) Procedures for regulating, managing, and auditing the
2277	operation, financial data, and program information relating to
2278	historical racing systems that enable the division to audit the
2279	operation, financial data, and program information of pari-
2280	mutuel facility authorized to operate a historical racing
2281	system.
2282	(b) Technical requirements to operate a historical racing
2283	system.
2284	(c) Procedures to require licensees to maintain specified
2285	records and submit any data, information, record, or report,
2286	including financial and income records, required by this act or
2287	rules of the division.
2288	(d) Procedures relating to historical racing system
2289	revenues, including verifying and accounting for such revenues,
2290	auditing, and collecting taxes and fees.
2291	(e) Minimum standards for security of the facilities,

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2292	including floor plans, security cameras, and other security
2293	equipment.
2294	(f) Procedures to ensure that a historical racing machine
2295	does not enter the state and be offered for play until it has
2296	been tested and certified by a licensed testing laboratory for
2297	play in the state. The procedures shall address measures to
2298	scientifically test and technically evaluate electronic gaming
2299	machines for compliance with laws and rules regulating
2300	historical racing machines. The division may contract with an
2301	independent testing laboratory to conduct any necessary testing.
2302	The independent testing laboratory must have a national
2303	reputation indicating that it is demonstrably competent and
2304	qualified to scientifically test and evaluate that the
2305	historical racing systems perform the functions required by laws
2306	and rules regulating historical racing machines. An independent
2307	testing laboratory may not be owned or controlled by a licensee.
2308	The selection of an independent laboratory for any purpose
2309	related to the conduct of historical racing systems by a
2310	licensee shall be made from a list of laboratories approved by
2311	the division. The division shall adopt rules regarding the
2312	testing, certification, control, and approval of historical
2313	racing systems.
2314	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, the
2315	proceeds of pari-mutuel tickets purchased for historical racing
2316	that are not redeemed within 1 year after purchase shall be
2317	divided as follows:
2318	(a) Fifty percent shall be retained by the permitholder;
2319	and
2320	(b) Fifty percent shall be paid into the permitholder's

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2321	purse account.
2322	Section 41. Subsection (7) of section 551.102, Florida
2323	Statutes, is amended to read:
2324	551.102 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, the term:
2325	(7) "Progressive system" means a computerized system
2326	linking slot machines in one or more licensed facilities within
2327	this state or other jurisdictions and offering one or more
2328	common progressive payouts based on the amounts wagered.
2329	Section 42. Paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section
2330	551.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2331	551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming
2332	(4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued
2333	authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot
2334	machine licensee shall:
2335	(j) Ensure that the payout percentage of a slot machine
2336	gaming facility is <u>at least</u> <del>no less than</del> 85 percent.
2337	Section 43. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a)
2338	of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 551.106,
2339	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2340	551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties
2341	(1) LICENSE FEE.—
2342	(a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot
2343	machine license and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date
2344	of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to
2345	the division a nonrefundable license fee of <u>\$2 million</u> <del>\$3</del>
2346	million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. The license
2347	fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund
2348	of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be
2349	used by the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2350 investigations, regulation of slot machine gaming, and 2351 enforcement of slot machine gaming provisions under this 2352 chapter. These payments shall be accounted for separately from 2353 taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550. 2354 (2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES.-2355 (a) The tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility 2356 shall be 35 percent <del>50 percent</del>. 2357 (3) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF TAXES.-Payment for the tax 2358 on slot machine revenues imposed by this section shall be paid 2359 to the division. The division shall deposit these sums with the 2360 Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel 2361 Wagering Trust Fund. The slot machine licensee shall remit to 2362 the division payment for the tax on slot machine revenues. Such 2363 payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each 2364 calendar month Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and 2365 collected for the preceding calendar month week ending on 2366 Sunday. The slot machine licensee shall file a report under oath 2367 by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted 2368 during the preceding calendar month. Such payments shall be 2369 accompanied by a report under oath showing all slot machine 2370 gaming activities for the preceding calendar month and such 2371 other information as may be prescribed by the division. 2372 Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 551.113, Florida 2373 Statutes, is amended to read: 2374 551.113 Persons prohibited from playing slot machines.-

(1) A person who has not attained <u>18</u> <del>21</del> years of age may not play or operate a slot machine or have access to the designated slot machine gaming area of a facility of a slot machine licensee.

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2379	Section 45. Subsection (5) of section 551.121, Florida
2380	Statutes, is amended to read:
2381	551.121 Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions
2382	(5) A slot machine, or the computer operating system
2383	linking the slot machine, may be linked by any means to any
2384	other slot machine or computer operating system within the
2385	facility of a slot machine licensee. A progressive system may
2386	not be used in conjunction with slot machines between licensed
2387	facilities in Florida or in other jurisdictions.
2388	Section 46. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph
2389	(a) of subsection (2) of section 772.102, Florida Statutes, are
2390	amended to read:
2391	772.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
2392	(1) "Criminal activity" means to commit, to attempt to
2393	commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or
2394	intimidate another person to commit:
2395	(a) Any crime that is chargeable by indictment or
2396	information under the following provisions:
2397	1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of
2398	cigarette taxes.
2399	2. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
2400	3. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers'
2401	compensation.
2402	4. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.
2403	5. Chapter 517, relating to securities transactions.
2404	6. Section 550.235 <u>or</u> , s. 550.3551 <del>, or s. 550.3605</del> ,
2405	relating to dogracing and horseracing.
2406	7. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
2407	8. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, distribution,

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2408	and use of explosives.
2409	9. Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement.
2410	10. Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance
2411	without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating
2412	to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare
2413	arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or
2414	aiding an unauthorized insurer.
2415	11. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious
2416	practices.
2417	12. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating to
2418	real estate timeshare plans.
2419	13. Chapter 782, relating to homicide.
2420	14. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery.
2421	15. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping or human
2422	trafficking.
2423	16. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms.
2424	17. Section 796.03, s. 796.04, s. 796.045, s. 796.05, or s.
2425	796.07, relating to prostitution.
2426	18. Chapter 806, relating to arson.
2427	19. Section 810.02(2)(c), relating to specified burglary of
2428	a dwelling or structure.
2429	20. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related
2430	crimes.
2431	21. Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.
2432	22. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices, false
2433	pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.
2434	23. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual
2435	exploitation of children.
2436	24. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and counterfeiting.

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2437 25. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless checks 2438 and drafts. 2439 26. Section 836.05, relating to extortion. 2440 27. Chapter 837, relating to perjury. 28. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public 2441 2442 office. 29. Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice. 2443 2444 30. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06, or s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity. 2445 2446 31. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s. 849.25, relating to gambling. 2447 32. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and 2448 2449 control. 2450 33. Section 914.22 or s. 914.23, relating to witnesses, 2451 victims, or informants. 2452 34. Section 918.12 or s. 918.13, relating to tampering with 2453 jurors and evidence. 2454 (2) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of value constituting principal or interest of a debt that is legally 2455 2456 unenforceable in this state in whole or in part because the debt 2457 was incurred or contracted: 2458 (a) In violation of any one of the following provisions of 2459 law: 1. Section 550.235 or<sub>7</sub> s. 550.3551, or s. 550.3605, 2460 2461 relating to dogracing and horseracing. 2462 2. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons. 2463 3. Section 687.071, relating to criminal usury, loan 2464 sharking, and shylocking. 2465 4. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s.

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2466 849.25, relating to gambling. 2467 Section 47. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5), 2468 subsections (6) and (7), paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection 2469 (8), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (12) of section 2470 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2471 849.086 Cardrooms authorized.-2472 (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.-No person may 2473 operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a 2474 valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section. 2475 (a) Only those persons holding a valid cardroom license 2476 issued by the division may operate a cardroom. A cardroom 2477 license may only be issued to a licensed pari-mutuel 2478 permitholder and an authorized cardroom may only be operated at 2479 the same facility at which the permitholder is authorized under 2480 its valid pari-mutuel wagering permit to conduct pari-mutuel 2481 wagering activities. An initial cardroom license only shall be issued to a pari-mutuel permitholder that has run a full 2482 2483 schedule of live races as defined in s. 550.002(11) for the 2484 previous 2 fiscal years prior to application for a license and 2485 only if the permitholder is licensed to conduct a full schedule 2486 of live races or games during the state fiscal year in which the 2487 initial cardroom license is issued. 2488 (b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the 2489 application for the annual license renewal shall be made in 2490 conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its 2491 pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom 2492 during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a 2493 renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual 2494 application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2495 annual application to include operation of the cardroom. In 2496 order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must 2497 have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license 2498 application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number 2499 of live performances conducted by such permitholder during 2500 either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom 2501 license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior 2502 thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live 2503 races or games in the prior year. If the application is for a 2504 harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested 2505 authorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances 2506 during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more 2507 than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each 2508 permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full 2509 schedule of live racing.

2510 (6) BUSINESS AND EMPLOYEE OCCUPATIONAL LICENSE REQUIRED; 2511 APPLICATION; FEES.-

2512 (a) A person employed or otherwise working in a cardroom as a cardroom manager, floor supervisor, pit boss, dealer, or any 2513 2514 other activity related to cardroom operations while the facility 2515 is conducting card playing or games of dominoes must hold a 2516 valid cardroom employee occupational license issued by the 2517 division. Food service, maintenance, and security employees with 2518 a current pari-mutuel occupational license and a current 2519 background check will not be required to have a cardroom 2520 employee occupational license.

(b) Any cardroom management company or cardroom distributor associated with cardroom operations must hold a valid cardroom business occupational license issued by the division.

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2524
            (c) No licensed cardroom operator may employ or allow to
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2525 work in a cardroom any person unless such person holds a valid 2526 occupational license. No licensed cardroom operator may 2527 contract, or otherwise do business with, a business required to 2528 hold a valid cardroom business occupational license, unless the 2529 business holds such a valid license.

2530 (d) The division shall establish, by rule, a schedule for the annual renewal of cardroom occupational licenses. Cardroom 2531 2532 occupational licenses are not transferable.

2533 (e) Persons seeking cardroom occupational licenses, or 2534 renewal thereof, shall make application on forms prescribed by 2535 the division. Applications for cardroom occupational licenses 2536 shall contain all of the information the division, by rule, may 2537 determine is required to ensure eligibility.

2538 (f) The division shall promulgate rules regarding cardroom 2539 occupational licenses. The provisions specified in s. 2540 550.105(4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (10) relating to licensure 2541 shall be applicable to cardroom occupational licenses.

2542 (q) The division may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke 2543 any cardroom occupational license if the applicant or holder 2544 thereof has been found guilty or had adjudication withheld in 2545 this state or any other state, or under the laws of the United 2546 States of a felony or misdemeanor involving forgery, larceny, 2547 extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or filing false reports to a 2548 government agency, racing or gaming commission or authority.

2549 (h) Fingerprints for all cardroom occupational license 2550 applications shall be taken in a manner approved by the division 2551 and then shall be submitted to the Florida Department of Law 2552 Enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2553 criminal records check upon initial application and every 5 2554 years thereafter. The division may by rule require an annual 2555 record check of all renewal applications for a cardroom 2556 occupational license. The cost of processing fingerprints and 2557 conducting a record check shall be borne by the applicant. 2558 (i) The cardroom employee occupational license fee shall 2559 not exceed be \$50 for any 12-month period. The cardroom business 2560 occupational license fee shall not exceed be \$250 for any 12-2561 month period. 2562 (7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.-2563 (a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location 2564 specified on the cardroom license issued by the division, and 2565 such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel 2566 permitholder is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering 2567 activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel 2568 permit or as otherwise authorized by law. Cardroom operations 2569 may not be allowed beyond the hours provided in paragraph (b) 2570 regardless of the number of cardroom licenses issued for 2571 permitholders operating at the pari-mutuel facility. 2572 (b) Any cardroom operator horserace, greyhound race, or jai 2573 alai permitholder licensed under this section may operate a 2574 cardroom at the pari-mutuel facility daily throughout the year, 2575 on any day for a cumulative amount of 12 hours if the 2576 permitholder meets the requirements under paragraph (5)(b). The 2577 cardroom may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on 2578 Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and 2579 Sunday and on the holidays specified in s. 110.117(1). 2580 (c) A cardroom operator must at all times employ and 2581 provide a nonplaying dealer for each table on which authorized

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2582 card games which traditionally use a dealer are conducted at the 2583 cardroom. Such dealers may not have a participatory interest in 2584 any game other than the dealing of cards and may not have an 2585 interest in the outcome of the game. The providing of such 2586 dealers by a licensee does not constitute the conducting of a 2587 banking game by the cardroom operator. 2588 (d) A cardroom operator may award giveaways, jackpots, and

(d) A cardroom operator may award giveaways, jackpots, and
prizes to a player who holds certain combinations of cards
specified by the cardroom operator.

2591 (e) Each cardroom operator shall conspicuously post upon 2592 the premises of the cardroom a notice which contains a copy of 2593 the cardroom license; a list of authorized games offered by the 2594 cardroom; the wagering limits imposed by the house, if any; any 2595 additional house rules regarding operation of the cardroom or 2596 the playing of any game; and all costs to players to 2597 participate, including any rake by the house. In addition, each 2598 cardroom operator shall post at each table a notice of the 2599 minimum and maximum bets authorized at such table and the fee 2600 for participation in the game conducted.

(f) The cardroom facility is subject to inspection by the division or any law enforcement agency during the licensee's regular business hours. The inspection must specifically include the permitholder internal control procedures approved by the division.

(g) A cardroom operator may refuse entry to or refuse to allow any person who is objectionable, undesirable, or disruptive to play, but such refusal may not be on the basis of race, creed, color, religion, gender, national origin, marital status, physical handicap, or age, except as provided in this

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2611 section.

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(8) METHOD OF WAGERS; LIMITATION.-

2613 (b) The cardroom operator may limit the amount wagered in 2614 any game or series of games, but the maximum bet may not exceed 2615  $\frac{5}{10}$  in value. There may not be more than three raises in any 2616 round of betting. The fee charged by the cardroom for 2617 participation in the game shall not be included in the 2618 calculation of the limitation on the bet amount provided in this 2619 paragraph. However, A cardroom operator may conduct games of 2620 Texas Hold-em without a betting limit if the required player 2621 buy-in is no more than \$100.

2622 (c) A tournament shall consist of a series of games. The 2623 entry fee for a tournament may be set by the cardroom operator $\overline{r}$ 2624 including any re-buys, may not exceed the maximum amount that 2625 could be wagered by a participant in 10 like-kind, nontournament 2626 games under paragraph (b). Tournaments may be played only with 2627 tournament chips that are provided to all participants in 2628 exchange for an entry fee and any subsequent re-buys. All 2629 players must receive an equal number of tournament chips for 2630 their entry fee. Tournament chips have no cash value and 2631 represent tournament points only. There is no limitation on the 2632 number of tournament chips that may be used for a bet except as 2633 otherwise determined by the cardroom operator. Tournament chips 2634 may never be redeemed for cash or for any other thing of value. 2635 The distribution of prizes and cash awards must be determined by 2636 the cardroom operator before entry fees are accepted. For 2637 purposes of tournament play only, the term "gross receipts" 2638 means the total amount received by the cardroom operator for all 2639 entry fees, player re-buys, and fees for participating in the

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2640 tournament less the total amount paid to the winners or others 2641 as prizes. 2642 (12) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.-2643 (a)1. A No person licensed to operate a cardroom may not 2644 conduct any banking game or any game not specifically authorized 2645 by this section except as provided in subparagraph (b)2. 2646 (b) A No person under 18 years of age may not be permitted 2647 to hold a cardroom or employee license, or engage in any game 2648 conducted therein. 2649 2. Cardroom licensees located in Miami-Dade County and 2650 Broward County who are slot machine licensees pursuant to 2651 chapter 551 and have conducted a full schedule of live racing 2652 pursuant to s. 550.002(11) for the prior 2 fiscal years may 2653 conduct the game of blackjack if the Governor and the Seminole 2654 Tribe of Florida enter into a signed compact that permits the 2655 Seminole Tribe of Florida the ability to play roulette or 2656 roulette-style games or craps or craps-style games, and only if 2657 the compact is approved or deemed approved by the Department of 2658 the Interior and properly noticed in the Federal Register. 2659 Section 48. Subsection (2) of section 849.15, Florida 2660 Statutes, is amended to read: 2661 849.15 Manufacture, sale, possession, etc., of coin-2662 operated devices prohibited.-2663 (2) Pursuant to section 2 of that chapter of the Congress 2664 of the United States entitled "An act to prohibit transportation 2665 of gaming devices in interstate and foreign commerce," approved 2666 January 2, 1951, being ch. 1194, 64 Stat. 1134, and also 2667 designated as 15 U.S.C. ss. 1171-1177, the State of Florida, 2668 acting by and through the duly elected and qualified members of

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2669 its Legislature, does hereby in this section, and in accordance 2670 with and in compliance with the provisions of section 2 of such 2671 chapter of Congress, declare and proclaim that any county of the 2672 State of Florida within which slot machine gaming is authorized 2673 pursuant to chapter 551 or electronic gaming or historical 2674 racing is authorized at eligible pari-mutuel facilities is 2675 exempt from the provisions of section 2 of that chapter of the 2676 Congress of the United States entitled "An act to prohibit 2677 transportation of gaming devices in interstate and foreign 2678 commerce," designated as 15 U.S.C. ss. 1171-1177, approved 2679 January 2, 1951. All shipments of gaming devices, including slot 2680 machines, electronic gaming machines, and historical racing 2681 systems, into any county of this state within which slot machine 2682 gaming is authorized pursuant to chapter 551 or electronic 2683 gaming or historical racing is authorized at eligible pari-2684 mutuel facilities and the registering, recording, and labeling 2685 of which have been duly performed by the manufacturer or 2686 distributor thereof in accordance with sections 3 and 4 of that 2687 chapter of the Congress of the United States entitled "An act to 2688 prohibit transportation of gaming devices in interstate and 2689 foreign commerce," approved January 2, 1951, being ch. 1194, 64 2690 Stat. 1134, and also designated as 15 U.S.C. ss. 1171-1177, 2691 shall be deemed legal shipments thereof into this state provided 2692 the destination of such shipments is an eligible facility as 2693 defined in s. 551.102 or the facility of a slot machine 2694 manufacturer or slot machine distributor as provided in s. 2695 551.109(2), a certified educational facility, or the facility of 2696 an electronic gaming machine or hitorical racing system 2697 manufacturer or electronic gaming machine or historical racing

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2698	system distributor authorized to possess electronic gaming
2699	machines as provided in the act authorizing electronic gaming
2700	machines or historical racing systems at eligible pari-mutuel
2701	<u>facilities</u> <del>s. 551.109(2)(a)</del> .
2702	Section 49. Subsection (3) is added to section 849.161,
2703	Florida Statutes, to read:
2704	849.161 Amusement games or machines; when chapter
2705	inapplicable
2706	(3) This chapter does not apply to licensed cardroom
2707	operators having historical racing systems pursuant to chapter
2708	550 which operate by means of the insertion of coin, currency,
2709	or voucher and which by application of an element of skill may
2710	entitle the person playing or operating the game or machine to
2711	receive payouts from one or more pari-mutuel pools.
2712	Section 50. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 895.02,
2713	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2714	895.02 Definitions.—As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the term:
2715	(1) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to
2716	commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or
2717	intimidate another person to commit:
2718	(a) Any crime that is chargeable by petition, indictment,
2719	or information under the following provisions of the Florida
2720	Statutes:
2721	1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of
2722	cigarette taxes.
2723	2. Section 316.1935, relating to fleeing or attempting to
2724	elude a law enforcement officer and aggravated fleeing or
2725	eluding.
2726	3. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental

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2727	control.
2728	4. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to Medicaid
2729	fraud.
2730	5. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
2731	6. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers'
2732	compensation.
2733	7. Section 443.071(4), relating to creation of a fictitious
2734	employer scheme to commit unemployment compensation fraud.
2735	8. Section 465.0161, relating to distribution of medicinal
2736	drugs without a permit as an Internet pharmacy.
2737	9. Section 499.0051, relating to crimes involving
2738	contraband and adulterated drugs.
2739	10. Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.
2740	11. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and
2741	investor protection.
2742	12. Section 550.235 <u>or</u> , s. 550.3551 <del>, or s. 550.3605</del> ,
2743	relating to dogracing and horseracing.
2744	13. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
2745	14. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.
2746	15. Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture, distribution,
2747	and use of explosives.
2748	16. Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if the
2749	violation is punishable as a felony.
2750	17. Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement.
2751	18. Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance
2752	without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating
2753	to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare
2754	arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or
2755	aiding an unauthorized insurer.

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580-03410A-09 2009836c1 2756 19. Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency 2757 transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony. 2758 20. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious 2759 practices. 2760 21. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating to 2761 real estate timeshare plans. 2762 22. Section 775.13(5)(b), relating to registration of 2763 persons found to have committed any offense for the purpose of 2764 benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal 2765 gang. 2766 23. Section 777.03, relating to commission of crimes by 2767 accessories after the fact. 2768 24. Chapter 782, relating to homicide. 2769 25. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery. 2770 26. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping or human 2771 trafficking. 2772 27. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms. 2773 28. Chapter 794, relating to sexual battery, but only if 2774 such crime was committed with the intent to benefit, promote, or 2775 further the interests of a criminal gang, or for the purpose of 2776 increasing a criminal gang member's own standing or position 2777 within a criminal gang. 2778 29. Section 796.03, s. 796.035, s. 796.04, s. 796.045, s. 796.05, or s. 796.07, relating to prostitution and sex 2779 2780 trafficking. 2781 30. Chapter 806, relating to arson and criminal mischief. 2782 31. Chapter 810, relating to burglary and trespass. 2783 32. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and related 2784 crimes.

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2785	33. Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.
2786	34. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices, false
2787	pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.
2788	35. Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or
2789	exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult.
2790	36. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual
2791	exploitation of children.
2792	37. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and counterfeiting.
2793	38. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless checks
2794	and drafts.
2795	39. Section 836.05, relating to extortion.
2796	40. Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
2797	41. Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of public
2798	office.
2799	42. Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice.
2800	43. Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06, or
2801	s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity.
2802	44. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s.
2803	849.25, relating to gambling.
2804	45. Chapter 874, relating to criminal gangs.
2805	46. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and
2806	control.
2807	47. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to financial
2808	transactions.
2809	48. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering with
2810	or harassing a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation
2811	against a witness, victim, or informant.
2812	49. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering with
2813	jurors and evidence.

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2814	50. Provisions of law relating to electronic gaming and
2815	electronic gaming machines or historical racing systems at
2816	eligible pari-mutuel facilities.
2817	(b) Any conduct defined as "racketeering activity" under 18
2818	U.S.C. s. 1961(1).
2819	(2) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of value
2820	constituting principal or interest of a debt that is legally
2821	unenforceable in this state in whole or in part because the debt
2822	was incurred or contracted:
2823	(a) In violation of any one of the following provisions of
2824	law:
2825	1. Section 550.235 <u>or</u> , s. 550.3551 <del>, or s. 550.3605</del> ,
2826	relating to dogracing and horseracing.
2827	2. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
2828	3. Section 551.109, relating to slot machine gaming.
2829	4. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usury.
2830	5. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or s.
2831	849.25, relating to gambling.
2832	6. Provisions of law relating to electronic gaming and
2833	electronic gaming machines or historical racing systems at
2834	eligible pari-mutuel facilities.
2835	(b) In gambling activity in violation of federal law or in
2836	the business of lending money at a rate usurious under state or
2837	federal law.
2838	Section 51. (1)(a) For the 2009-2010 fiscal year, 110 full-
2839	time equivalent positions and 3,551,808 in associated salary
2840	rate are authorized, and the sums of \$9,281,870 in recurring
2841	funds and \$4,514,405 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from
2842	the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of

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2843 <u>Business and Professional Regulation for the purpose of ca</u> 2844 <u>out all regulatory activities provided in this act. The</u> 2845 <u>Executive Office of the Governor shall place these position</u> 2846 <u>associated rate, and funds in reserve until the Executive</u>	ons, Office
2845 <u>Executive Office of the Governor shall place these position</u> 2846 <u>associated rate, and funds in reserve until the Executive</u>	Office
2846 associated rate, and funds in reserve until the Executive	Office
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	dget
2847 of the Governor has approved an expenditure plan and a bud	
2848 amendment submitted by the Department of Business and	
2849 Professional Regulation recommending the transfer of such	funds
2850 to traditional appropriation categories. Any action propos	sed
2851 pursuant to this paragraph is subject to the procedures se	et_
2852 forth in s. 216.177, Florida Statutes.	
(b) For the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the sums of \$4,849	9,500
2854 in recurring funds and \$1,176,308 in nonrecurring funds ar	re
2855 appropriated from the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of t	the
2856 Department of Business and Professional Regulation for tra	ansfer
2857 to the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Law Enfor	rcement
2858 for the purpose of investigations, intelligence gathering,	<u> </u>
2859 background investigations, and any other responsibilities	as
2860 provided in this act.	
2861 (2) For the 2009-2010 fiscal year, 61 full-time equiv	valent
2862 positions and 2,604,216 in associated salary rate are	
2863 <u>authorized</u> , and the sums of \$4,849,500 in recurring funds	and
2864 \$1,176,308 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the	<u>e</u>
2865 Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Law Enforcement	for
2866 the purpose of investigations, intelligence gathering,	
2867 background investigations, and any other responsibilities	as
2868 provided by this act. The Executive Office of the Governor	r shall
2869 place these positions, associated rate, and funds in reser	rve
2870 until the Executive Office of the Governor has approved an	<u>n</u>
2871 <u>expenditure plan and a budget amendment submitted by the</u>	

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