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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Health and Human Services Appropriations

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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to the Medicaid program; amending ss. 3 409.908 and 409.912, F.S.; revising the amount 4 reimbursed to providers and pharmacies for drugs 5 prescribed under the program; creating s. 409.9082, 6 F.S.; providing definitions; requiring the Agency for 7 Health Care Administration to calculate and assess a 8 quality assessment on health care items or services 9 provided by nursing facilities; requiring the agency 10 to seek a waiver of broad-based and uniform provider 11 assessment requirements of federal law; providing for the return of collected assessments under certain 12 13 circumstances; requiring the agency to adopt rules; providing for the use of moneys in the Grants and 14 15 Donations Trust Fund and specifying an order of 16 priority; providing for nullification of the quality assessment under certain circumstances; authorizing 17 18 the agency to impose certain penalties and fines; 19 prohibiting the reversion of moneys in the fund 20 relating to the quality assessment; providing an effective date. 21 22

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
Section 1. Subsection (14) of section 409.908, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.-Subject to

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28 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 29 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according 30 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in 31 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. 32 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 33 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 34 35 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 36 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based 37 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 38 39 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 40 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 41 42 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost 43 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 44 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 45 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 46 47 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 48 49 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 50 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 51 52 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 53 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 54 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed theleast of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual

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57 and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee 58 established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The Medicaid 59 maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost will be based on the 60 lower of: average wholesale price (AWP) minus 18.4 16.4 percent, 61 wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 2.75 4.75 percent, the 62 federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost 63 (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the 64 provider. Medicaid providers are required to dispense generic 65 drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not 66 determined that the branded product is more cost-effective, 67 unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to 68 require the branded product. The agency is directed to implement 69 a variable dispensing fee for payments for prescribed medicines 70 while ensuring continued access for Medicaid recipients. The 71 variable dispensing fee may be based upon, but not limited to, 72 either or both the volume of prescriptions dispensed by a 73 specific pharmacy provider, the volume of prescriptions 74 dispensed to an individual recipient, and dispensing of 75 preferred-drug-list products. The agency may increase the 76 pharmacy dispensing fee authorized by statute and in the annual 77 General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a 78 Medicaid preferred-drug-list product and reduce the pharmacy 79 dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid product 80 that is not included on the preferred drug list. The agency may 81 establish a supplemental pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be 82 paid to providers returning unused unit-dose packaged 83 medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid program for the 84 ingredient cost of those medications if the ingredient costs to 85 be credited exceed the value of the supplemental dispensing fee.

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86 The agency is authorized to limit reimbursement for prescribed 87 medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions 88 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, which may 89 include implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization 90 review program.

91 Section 2. Subsection (39) of section 409.912, Florida 92 Statutes, is amended to read:

93 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.-The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients 94 95 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery 96 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are 97 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a 98 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct 99 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 100 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 101 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 102 103 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 104 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 105 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other 106 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, 107 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed 108 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 109 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 110 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute 111 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 112 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 113 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 114

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115 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 116 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a 117 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 118 119 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 120 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. 121 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy 122 management, or disease management participation for certain 123 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or 124 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible 125 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics 126 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for 127 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform 128 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 129 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is 130 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 131 132 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-133 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 134 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without 135 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based 136 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider 137 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 138 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the 139 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid 140 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 141 142 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 143

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144 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers 145 146 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing 147 148 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and 149 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-150 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish 151 rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in 152 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program 153 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers 154 necessary to administer these policies.

(39) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribeddrug spending-control program that includes the following components:

158 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing 159 of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the 160 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established 161 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each 162 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion 163 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list 164 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The 165 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the 166 preferred drug list on an Internet website without following the 167 rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are 168 excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also 169 limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed 170 171 package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case 172

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173 a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency is 174 authorized to seek any federal waivers necessary to implement 175 these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate 176 177 state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to implement this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to 178 179 provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must 180 establish procedures to ensure that:

a. There is a response to a request for prior consultation
by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours
after receipt of a request for prior consultation; and

b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

187 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed 188 drugs shall be set at the lesser of: the average wholesale price 189 (AWP) minus <u>18.4</u> 16.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost 190 (WAC) plus <u>2.75</u> 4.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the 191 state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary 192 (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

193 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for 194 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 195 196 management process may include, but is not limited to, 197 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 198 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical 199 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and 200 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private organization to provide drug-program-management services. The 201

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202 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include 203 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, 204 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The 205 206 agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit 207 management program if he or she meets the specifications of this 208 provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance 209 organization.

210 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 211 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 212 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give 213 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and 214 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria 215 216 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, 217 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease management services, and other characteristics. The agency may 218 219 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is 220 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-221 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing 222 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy 223 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other 224 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid 225 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing 226 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by 227 the agency.

5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions.

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The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeitproof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or statewide.

6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require 237 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients 238 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average 239 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. 240 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug 241 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs 242 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a 243 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to 244 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

245 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 246 247 of such preferred drug list, it is authorized to negotiate 248 supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to 249 those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no 250 less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as 251 defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless 252 the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 253 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates 254 the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific 255 products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate 256 percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate 257 percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid 258 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a 259 product for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a

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260 pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the 261 preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental 262 rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy 2.63 of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and 264 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing 265 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is 266 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to 267 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes 268 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 269 rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, value-added programs as a 270 substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency 271 is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this 272 initiative.

273 8. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand 274 home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid patients 275 in securing their prescriptions and reduce program costs, the 276 agency shall expand its current mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-277 supply program to include all generic and brand-name drugs used 278 by Medicaid patients with diabetes. Medicaid recipients in the 279 current program may obtain nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary 280 basis. This initiative is limited to the geographic area covered 281 by the current contract. The agency may seek and implement any 282 federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.

2839. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug284 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to implement this program. The agency is authorized to seek

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289 federal waivers to implement this program.

290 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of 291 Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve 292 293 the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices 294 based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to 295 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed 296 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid 297 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following 298 elements:

299 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 300 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as 301 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 302 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate 303 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators 304 305 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations 306 from best practice guidelines.

307 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and 308 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials 309 and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral health drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple sameclass behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential

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318 medication problems.

319 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and320 deviation from best practice guidelines.

321 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 322 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 323 in the use of practice guidelines.

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(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

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(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

(IX) Implement a disease management program with a model quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high users of care.

330 11.a. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription 331 drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor 332 that has experience in operating prescription drug management systems in order to implement this system. Any management system 333 334 that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must 335 rely on cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to 336 determine appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines 337 to improve the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the 338 Medicaid program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this program. 339

b. The drug management system must be designed to improve the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription drugs. The program must:

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(I) Provide for the development and adoption of best

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347 practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the 348 Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines 349 into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them 350 to indicators that are based on national standards and practice 351 patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and 352 nationally; and determine deviations from best practice 353 guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of prescription drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other potential medication problems.

366 (V) Track spending trends for prescription drugs and367 deviation from best practice guidelines.

368 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 369 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 370 in the use of practice guidelines.

371

(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

372

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

(IX) Implement disease management programs in cooperation
with physicians and pharmacists, along with a model qualitybased medication component for individuals having chronic

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376 medical conditions.

377 12. The agency is authorized to contract for drug rebate 378 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating 379 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes 380 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate 381 collections.

382 13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form 383 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with 384 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the 385 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective 386 prescribing practices.

387 14. The agency may require prior authorization for 388 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may, but is not 389 required to, prior-authorize the use of a product:

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a. For an indication not approved in labeling;

b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or

392 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or393 abuse.

395 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide 396 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence 397 for the use of a drug. The agency may post prior authorization 398 criteria and protocol and updates to the list of drugs that are 399 subject to prior authorization on an Internet website without 400 amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.

401 15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and 402 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior 403 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 404 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet

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405 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use 406 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved 407 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may 408 require the prescribing professional to provide information 409 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use 410 of a drug.

411 16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior 412 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the 413 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug 414 list must be used within the previous 12 months prior to the 415 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy 416 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the 417 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical 418 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug 419 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified 420 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-421 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with 422 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug 423 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior 424 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the 425 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation 426 that the product is medically necessary because:

427 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
428 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
429 alternative;

b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatmentof the beneficiary's disease; or

432 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of433 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,

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434 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

436 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving 437 438 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific 439 drugs in limited clinical situations.

440 17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program 441 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, 442 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the 443 implementation and operation of the program. The return and 444 reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a 445 manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a 446 pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must 447 448 provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency 449 450 shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of 451 Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual 452 basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more 453 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be 454 reused. The agency's conclusion and recommendations shall be 455 reported to the Legislature by December 1, 2005.

456 (b) The agency shall implement this subsection to the 457 extent that funds are appropriated to administer the Medicaid 458 prescribed-drug spending-control program. The agency may 459 contract all or any part of this program to private 460 organizations.

461 (c) The agency shall submit guarterly reports to the 462 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the

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463	House of Representatives which must include, but need not be
464	limited to, the progress made in implementing this subsection
465	and its effect on Medicaid prescribed-drug expenditures.
466	Section 3. Section 409.9082, Florida Statutes, is created
467	to read:
468	409.9082 Nursing facility quality assessment; uses of
469	revenues and matching federal funds
470	(1) As used in this section, the term:
471	(a) "Certain high-volume Medicaid nursing facilities" means
472	the fewest number of facilities necessary and having the highest
473	number of Medicaid days or total patient days annually to meet
474	the statistical redistribution test under 42 C.F.R. s.
475	433.68(e)(2).
476	(b) "Medicare Part A resident days" means those patient
477	days funded by the Medicare program or by a Medicare Advantage
478	or special needs plan.
479	(c) "Net patient service revenue" means gross revenues from
480	services to nursing facility patients, less deductions from
481	revenue.
482	(d) "Deductions from revenue" means reductions from gross
483	revenue resulting from an inability to collect payment of
484	charges. Such reductions include bad debts; contractual
485	adjustments; uncompensated care; administrative, courtesy, and
486	policy discounts and adjustments; and other such revenue
487	deductions.
488	(e) "Nursing facility" or "nursing home" has the same
489	meaning as the term "nursing home facility" in s. 400.021.
490	(f) "Resident day" means a calendar day of care provided to
491	a nursing facility resident and includes the day of admission

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492 and excludes the day of discharge, except that, when admission 493 and discharge occur on the same day, one day of care is deemed 494 <u>to exist.</u>

495 (g) "Skilled nursing facility units of acute care 496 hospitals" means the Medicare or Medicare-certified skilled 497 nursing beds located in hospitals licensed by the agency under 498 chapter 395 and defined as such by s. 395.002(10) and (12).

499 (h) "Fund" means the Grants and Donations Trust Fund of the 500 Agency for Health Care Administration.

501 (2) Effective May 1, 2009, the agency shall calculate 502 annually the quality assessment rates that nonexempt providers 503 will report and pay on a monthly basis for each non-Medicare 504 patient day. The quality assessment may not exceed 5 percent of 505 the total aggregate net patient service revenue of assessed 506 facilities. The agency shall notify providers of the quality 507 assessment and provide a standardized form to complete and submit with payments. The agency shall collect the quality 508 509 assessment on health care items or services provided by nursing 510 facilities for the purpose of obtaining federal financial 511 participation under the state's Medicaid program, and shall use 512 these funds to provide reimbursement up to the Medicaid rates of 513 nursing facilities as they existed in accordance with the 514 approved state Medicaid plan in effect on December 31, 2007, so 515 as to ensure continued quality of care in those facilities. The 516 quality assessment and federal matching funds shall be used 517 exclusively for the purposes described in subsection (9). 518 (3) The quality assessment shall be calculated and paid on the basis of a per-resident day, exclusive of Medicare Part A 519 520 resident days. The per-resident-day assessment rate shall be the

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521	same amount for each affected facility except as prescribed in
522	subsection (4).
523	(4) In accordance with the redistribution method set forth
524	in 42 C.F.R. s. 433.68(e)(1) and (2), the agency shall seek a
525	waiver of the broad-based and uniform provider assessment
526	requirements of federal law to exclude certain nursing
527	facilities from the quality assessment and to permit certain
528	high-volume Medicaid nursing facilities or nursing facilities
529	that have a high number of total annual patient days to pay the
530	quality assessment at a lesser amount per non-Medicare resident
531	day.
532	(a) The agency shall exempt the following nursing facility
533	providers from the quality assessment subject to federal
534	approval under 42 C.F.R. s. 433.68(e)(2):
535	1. Nursing facilities on the campus of continuing care
536	retirement communities licensed by the agency under chapter 651;
537	2. Nursing facilities that have 45 or fewer beds; and
538	3. The skilled nursing facility units of acute care
539	hospitals licensed by the agency under chapter 395.
540	(b) The agency shall lower the quality assessment for
541	certain high-volume Medicaid nursing facilities or certain
542	facilities that have high patient volumes to meet the
543	redistributive tests of 42 C.F.R. s. 433.68(e)(2).
544	(5) The collection of the nursing facility quality
545	assessment shall commence no sooner than 10 days after the
546	agency's initial payment of the Medicaid rates containing the
547	elements prescribed in subsection (9).
548	(6) If the nursing facility quality assessment and the
549	broad-based and uniformity waiver are not approved by the

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550	Federal Government, notwithstanding any other provision of this
551	section, the agency shall return all collected assessment
552	amounts to the nursing facilities that paid them, less any
553	amounts expended by the agency as authorized in the General
554	Appropriations Act for purposes of implementing the assessment,
555	and shall discontinue the imposition, assessment, and collection
556	of the nursing facility quality assessment.
557	(7) The agency shall collect the nursing facility quality
558	assessment each month and shall collect the assessment from
559	nursing facility providers by no later than the 15th of the next
560	succeeding calendar month. The agency shall require nursing
561	facility providers to report monthly their total number of days
562	of care provided to non-Medicare Part A residents.
563	(8) The agency shall adopt any rules necessary for the
564	administration and implementation of this section.
565	(9) The fund and all matching federal funds received for
566	expenditures of the nursing facility quality assessment shall be
567	used only for the following purposes and in the following order
568	of priority:
569	(a) A pass through to reimburse the Medicaid share of the
570	quality assessment as a Medicaid-allowable cost;
571	(b) Such increase to each nursing facility's Medicaid rate
572	as needed to bring that rate to the same amount or level as the
573	Medicaid rate for that nursing facility would have been on
574	January 1, 2008, if the approved Medicaid state plan in effect
575	on December 31, 2007, had remained in effect;
576	(c) Such increase to each nursing facility's Medicaid rates
577	needed to increase rates for the 2008-2009 fiscal year in
578	accordance with the approved state plan in effect on December
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579 31, 2007; and (d) Such increase to each nursing facility's Medicaid rate 580 581 accounting for the portion of the total assessment not included 582 in paragraphs (a)-(c) which begins a phase-in to a pricing model 583 for the operating cost component. 584 (10) The provisions of this section shall become null and 585 void, having no force and effect, if any of the following occur: 586 (a) The nursing facility quality assessment and the broad-587 based and uniformity waiver are not approved by the Federal 588 Government; 589 (b) The Medicaid plan amendment reflecting the payment rates in subsection (9) is not approved by the Federal 590 591 Government; or 592 (c) The weighted average Medicaid rate paid to nursing 593 facilities is reduced below the weighted average Medicaid rate 594 to nursing facilities in effect on June 30, 2008, plus any 595 future annual amount of the quality assessment and the

596 applicable matching federal funds.

597 (11) If this section does not become operative or becomes 598 null and void, all moneys in the fund relating to the assessment 599 shall be returned on a pro rata basis to the nursing facilities 600 that paid the quality assessment.

601 (12) If the nursing facility fails to make its payments 602 timely, the agency may seek any remedy provided by law, 603 including, but not limited to:

604 (a) Withholding any medical assistance reimbursement 605 payments until such time as the assessment amount is recovered; 606 (b) Suspension or revocation of the nursing facility

607 license; or

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608	(c) Imposition of a fine of up to \$1,000 per day for each
609	delinquent payment, not to exceed the amount of the assessment.
610	(13) Nursing facilities may not create a separate line-item
611	charge for the purpose of passing through the assessment to
612	residents.
613	(14) Moneys in the fund relating to this assessment will
614	not revert to the General Revenue Fund or to any other state
615	fund at any time.
616	Section 4. This act shall take effect March 1, 2009.