A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to Citizens Property Insurance 3 Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising 4 legislative intent; requiring that the corporation achieve 5 actuarially sound rates on or before a specified date; 6 requiring that the corporation take certain actions to 7 achieve actuarially sound rates; providing requirements 8 for the determination of actuarially sound rates; 9 requiring that the corporation file a plan of withdrawal 10 on or before a specified date if it does not achieve 11 actuarially sound rates by a specified deadline; establishing criteria for actuarially sound rates; 12 prohibiting the Office of Insurance Regulation from having 13 14 authority with respect to the corporation's rates; 15 authorizing a policyholder to challenge his or her premium 16 in accordance with specified provisions of state law; 17 prohibiting a challenge to the rates of the corporation; amending s. 624.430, F.S.; prohibiting the Office of 18 19 Insurance Regulation from denying the corporation's plan of withdrawal; providing an effective date. 20 21 22 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 23 24 Paragraphs (a) and (n) of subsection (6) of Section 1. 25 section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-

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It is the public purpose of this subsection to

CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -

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ensure the existence of an orderly market for property insurance for Floridians and Florida businesses. The Legislature finds that private insurers are unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public interest and a public purpose to assist in assuring that property in the state is insured and that it is insured at affordable rates so as to facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, safety, and welfare, to the economy of the state, and to the revenues of the state and local governments which are needed to provide for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to allow the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to be restored to its prior status as an insurer of last resort and to allow the corporation to develop actuarially sound rates over a period of time so that it can pay claims promptly and fulfill its statutory obligations. To that end, Citizens Property Insurance Corporation shall achieve actuarially sound rates within the time period specified in this subsection or must file a plan to withdraw from the state pursuant to the requirements in s. 624.430 provide affordable property insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this subsection that affordable property insurance be

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provided and that it continue to be provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral part of the state, and that is not a private insurance company. To that end, Citizens Property Insurance Corporation shall strive to increase the availability of affordable property insurance in this state, while achieving efficiencies and economies, and while providing service to policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary market, for the achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is essential for this government entity to have the maximum financial resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that Citizens Property Insurance Corporation be allowed to achieve actuarially sound rates so that it can continue to be an integral part of the state and that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation.

2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association originally created by this statute shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and commercial property, for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services Commission. The plan is subject to continuous

review by the commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if the commission determines that conditions have changed since approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. The corporation shall continue to operate pursuant to the plan of operation approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation until October 1, 2006. For the purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment building, and similar policies.

3. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$2 million or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and content replacement cost of \$2 million or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2008, may continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term. However, such dwellings that are insured by the corporation and become ineligible for coverage due to the provisions of this subparagraph may reapply and obtain coverage if the property owner provides the corporation with a sworn affidavit from one or more insurance agents, on a form provided by the corporation, stating that the agents have made their best efforts to obtain coverage and that the property has been rejected for coverage by

at least one authorized insurer and at least three surplus lines insurers. If such conditions are met, the dwelling may be insured by the corporation for up to 3 years, after which time the dwelling is ineligible for coverage. The office shall approve the method used by the corporation for valuing the dwelling replacement cost for the purposes of this subparagraph. If a policyholder is insured by the corporation prior to being determined to be ineligible pursuant to this subparagraph and such policyholder files a lawsuit challenging the determination, the policyholder may remain insured by the corporation until the conclusion of the litigation.

- 4. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders, applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that generally provided in the voluntary market. It also is intended that the corporation be held to service standards no less than those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy, and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents of the corporation.
- 5. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation unless the structure has opening protections as required under the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential structure in that area. A residential structure shall be deemed to comply

with the requirements of this subparagraph if it has shutters or opening protections on all openings and if such opening protections complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were installed.

- (n)1. As of January 1, 2016, the rates of the corporation shall be actuarially sound as provided in this paragraph. If the corporation does not achieve actuarially sound rates on or before January 1, 2016, it must file a plan of withdrawal pursuant to s. 624.430 by July 1, 2016.
- 2. In order to achieve actuarially sound rates by January 1, 2016, the corporation shall phase in rate changes over a 5-year period beginning January 1, 2011, such that the gap between the then-current rates and the rates required to achieve actuarial soundness decreases by approximately 20 percent each year over the 5-year period. During the 5-year period, rate decreases are permitted to the extent that they are actuarially sound and phased in during that period.
- 3. In determining the actuarial soundness of its rates, the corporation:
- a. May consider the applicable generally accepted and reasonable actuarial techniques as enumerated in s. 627.062(2)(b)1., 2., 4., 5., 7., 9., 10., 11., 12., and 14., (e)1., 3., 4., 5., and 6., (j), and (5).
- b. Shall include in its rates the following factors for the cost of reinsurance to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss:
- (I) The actual cost of reinsurance purchased from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund or in the private reinsurance

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169 market; and

- (II) The presumed cost of reinsurance not purchased which reflects the market value of future corporation assessments against corporation and noncorporation policyholders.
- c. May use one or more models found to be accurate and reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology.
- 4. The office shall have no authority with respect to the rates of the corporation.
- 5. A policyholder may challenge his or her premium as provided in s. 627.371. The rates of the corporation may not be challenged. Rates for coverage provided by the corporation shall be actuarially sound and subject to the requirements of s. 627.062, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. The corporation shall file its recommended rates with the office at least annually. The corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The office shall consider the recommendations of the board and issue a final order establishing the rates for the corporation within 45 days after the recommended rates are filed. The corporation may not pursue an administrative challenge or judicial review of the final order of the office.
- $\underline{6.2.}$ In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation.
- 3. After the public hurricane loss-projection model under s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the

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Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, that model shall serve as the minimum benchmark for determining the windstorm portion of the corporation's rates. This subparagraph does not require or allow the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise required or allowed by this paragraph.

- 4. The rate filings for the corporation which were approved by the office and which took effect January 1, 2007, are rescinded, except for those rates that were lowered. As soon as possible, the corporation shall begin using the lower rates that were in effect on December 31, 2006, and shall provide refunds to policyholders who have paid higher rates as a result of that rate filing. The rates in effect on December 31, 2006, shall remain in effect for the 2007 and 2008 calendar years except for any rate change that results in a lower rate. The next rate change that may increase rates shall take effect pursuant to a new rate filing recommended by the corporation and established by the office, subject to the requirements of this paragraph.
- 5. Beginning on July 15, 2009, and each year thereafter, the corporation must make a recommended actuarially sound rate filing for each personal and commercial line of business it writes, to be effective no earlier than January 1, 2010.
- 6. Beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and notwithstanding the board's recommended rates and the office's final order regarding the corporation's filed rates under subparagraph 1., the corporation shall implement a rate increase each year which does not exceed 10 percent for any single policy

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issued by the corporation, excluding coverage changes and surcharges.

- 7. The corporation may also implement an increase to reflect the effect on the corporation of the cash buildup factor pursuant to s. 215.555(5)(b).
- 8. The corporation's implementation of rates as prescribed in subparagraph 6. shall cease for any line of business written by the corporation upon the corporation's implementation of actuarially sound rates. Thereafter, the corporation shall annually make a recommended actuarially sound rate filing for each commercial and personal line of business the corporation writes.
- Section 2. Present subsection (9) of section 624.430, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (10), and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:
- 624.430 Withdrawal of insurer or discontinuance of writing certain kinds or lines of insurance.—
- (9) The office may not deny Citizens Property Insurance Corporation's plan of withdrawal as described in s. 627.351(6)(n).
- Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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