

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: WD		
04/07/2010	•	
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The Committee on Commerce (Crist) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 34 and 35

insert:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (19) of section 373.414, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface waters and wetlands.-

9 (19)(a) Financial responsibility for mitigation for 10 wetlands and other surface waters required by a permit issued 11 pursuant to this part for activities associated with the 12 extraction of <u>limestone and</u> phosphate are subject to approval by 13 the department as part of permit application review. Financial



14 responsibility for permitted activities which will occur over a 15 period of 3 years or less of mining operations must be provided 16 to the department prior to the commencement of mining operations 17 and shall be in an amount equal to 110 percent of the estimated mitigation costs for wetlands and other surface waters affected 18 under the permit. For permitted activities which will occur over 19 20 a period of more than 3 years of mining operations, the initial financial responsibility demonstration shall be in an amount 21 22 equal to 110 percent of the estimated mitigation costs for 23 wetlands and other surface waters affected in the first 3 years 24 of operation under the permit; and, for each year thereafter, 25 the financial responsibility demonstration shall be updated, 26 including to provide an amount equal to 110 percent of the 27 estimated mitigation costs for the next year of operations under the permit for which financial responsibility has not already 28 29 been demonstrated and to release portions of the financial 30 responsibility mechanisms in accordance with applicable rules.

31 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 378.901, Florida 32 Statutes, is amended to read:

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378.901 Life-of-the-mine permit.-

34 (2) As an alternative to, and in lieu of, separate 35 applications for permits required by part IV of chapter 373 and part IV of this chapter, any each operator who mines, extracts, 36 37 or proposes to mine or extract heavy minerals, limestone, or 38 fuller's earth clay may apply to the bureau for a life-of-the-39 mine permit. This section does not limit or restrict the 40 authority of a local government to approve, approve with conditions, deny, or impose a permit duration different from the 41 duration of a permit issued pursuant to this section. 42



43 Section 3. Section 403.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to 44 read: 45 403.44 Florida Climate Protection Act.-46 (1) The Legislature finds it is in the best interest of the 47 state to document, to the greatest extent practicable, 48 greenhouse gas emissions and to pursue a market-based emissions 49 abatement program, such as cap and trade, to address greenhouse 50 gas emissions reductions. 51 (2) As used in this section, the term: 52 (a) "Allowance" means a credit issued by the department 53 through allotments or auction which represents an authorization 54 to emit specific amounts of greenhouse gases, as further defined 55 in department rule. 56 (b) "Cap and trade" or "emissions trading" means an administrative approach used to control pollution by providing a 57 limit on total allowable emissions, providing for allowances to 58 59 emit pollutants, and providing for the transfer of the allowances among pollutant sources as a means of compliance with 60 61 emission limits. (c) "Greenhouse gas" or "GHG" means carbon dioxide, 62 63 methane, nitrous oxide, and fluorinated gases such as hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride. 64 65 (d) "Leakage" means the offset of emission abatement that 66 is achieved in one location subject to emission control 67 regulation by increased emissions in unregulated locations. 68 (e) "Major emitter" means an electric utility regulated

69 under this chapter.

70 (3) A major emitter shall be required to use The Climate
 71 Registry for purposes of emission registration and reporting.

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72 (4) The department shall establish the methodologies, 73 reporting periods, and reporting systems that shall be used when major emitters report to The Climate Registry. The department 74 75 may require the use of quality-assured data from continuous 76 emissions monitoring systems. 77 (3) (3) (5) The department may adopt rules for a cap-and-trade 78 regulatory program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from major 79 emitters. When developing the rules, the department shall 80 consult with the Florida Energy and Climate Commission and the 81 Florida Public Service Commission and may consult with the 82 Governor's Action Team for Energy and Climate Change. The 83 department shall not adopt rules until after January 1, 2010. The rules shall not become effective until ratified by the 84 85 Legislature. (4) (6) The rules of the cap-and-trade regulatory program 86 87 shall include, but are not limited to: (a) A statewide limit or cap on the amount of greenhouse 88 89 gases emitted by major emitters. 90 (b) Methods, requirements, and conditions for allocating 91 the cap among major emitters. 92

92 (c) Methods, requirements, and conditions for emissions93 allowances and the process for issuing emissions allowances.

94 (d) The relationship between allowances and the specific95 amounts of greenhouse gas emissions they represent.

96 (e) The length of allowance periods and the time over which
97 entities must account for emissions and surrender allowances
98 equal to emissions.

99 (f) The timeline of allowances from the initiation of the 100 program through to 2050.

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101 (g) A process for the trade of allowances between major 102 emitters, including a registry, tracking, or accounting system 103 for such trades.

(h) Cost containment mechanisms to reduce price and cost risks associated with the electric generation market in this state. Cost containment mechanisms to be considered for inclusion in the rules include, but are not limited to:

Allowing major emitters to borrow allowances from future
 time periods to meet their greenhouse gas emission limits.

110 2. Allowing major emitters to bank greenhouse gas emission 111 reductions in the current year to be used to meet emission 112 limits in future years.

3. Allowing major emitters to purchase emissions offsets 113 114 from other entities that produce verifiable reductions in unregulated greenhouse gas emissions or that produce verifiable 115 116 reductions in greenhouse gas emissions through voluntary 117 practices that capture and store greenhouse gases that otherwise would be released into the atmosphere. In considering this cost 118 119 containment mechanism, the department shall identify sectors and 120 activities outside of the capped sectors, including other state, 121 federal, or international activities, and the conditions under 122 which reductions there can be credited against emissions of 123 capped entities in place of allowances issued by the department. 124 The department shall also consider potential methods and their 125 effectiveness to avoid double-incentivizing such activities.

4. Providing a safety valve mechanism to ensure that the market prices for allowances or offsets do not surpass a predetermined level compatible with the affordability of electric utility rates and the well-being of the state's



economy. In considering this cost containment mechanism, the department shall evaluate different price levels for the safety valve and methods to change the price level over time to reflect changing state, federal, and international markets, regulatory environments, and technological advancements.

In considering cost containment mechanisms for inclusion in the rules, the department shall evaluate the anticipated overall effect of each mechanism on the abatement of greenhouse gas emissions and on electricity ratepayers and the benefits and costs of each to the state's economy, and shall also consider the interrelationships between the mechanisms under consideration.

(i) A process to allow the department to exercise its
authority to discourage leakage of GHG emissions to neighboring
states attributable to the implementation of this program.

(j) Provisions for a trial period on the trading ofallowances before full implementation of a trading system.

148 <u>(5)(7)</u> In recommending and evaluating proposed features of 149 the cap-and-trade system, the following factors shall be 150 considered:

(a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the cap-and-trade
system in combination with other policies and measures in
meeting statewide targets.

(b) Minimizing the administrative burden to the state ofimplementing, monitoring, and enforcing the program.

(c) Minimizing the administrative burden on entitiescovered under the cap.

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(d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers.

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159	(e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early
160	adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the
161	context of federal climate change legislation and the
162	development of new international compacts.
163	(f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated
164	with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic
165	sectors outside of the emissions cap.
166	(g) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity
167	relocates out of the state.
168	(h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures in
169	meeting identified targets.
170	(i) The implications for near-term periods of long-term
171	targets specified in the overall policy.
172	(j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade
173	system to the state economy.
174	(k) How to moderate impacts on low-income consumers that
175	result from energy price increases.
176	(1) Consistency of the program with other state and
177	possible federal efforts.
178	(m) The feasibility and cost-effectiveness of extending the
179	program scope as broadly as possible among emitting activities
180	and sinks in Florida.
181	(n) Evaluation of the conditions under which Florida should
182	consider linking its trading system to the systems of other
183	states or other countries and how that might be affected by the
184	potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve.
185	(6)(8) Recognizing that the international, national, and
186	neighboring state policies and the science of climate change
187	will evolve, prior to submitting the proposed rules to the

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Legislature for consideration, the department shall submit the proposed rules to the Florida Energy and Climate Commission, which shall review the proposed rules and submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the department. The report shall address:

(a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the proposed cap-and trade system in combination with other policies and measures in
 meeting statewide targets.

(b) The administrative burden to the state of implementing,monitoring, and enforcing the program.

(c) The administrative burden on entities covered under the cap.

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(d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers.

(e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the context of federal climate change legislation and the development of new international compacts.

(f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic sectors outside of the emissions cap.

209 (g) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity 210 relocates out of the state.

(h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures inmeeting identified targets.

(i) The economic implications for near-term periods of short-term and long-term targets specified in the overall policy.

(j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade



217 system to the economy of the state.

(k) The impacts on low-income consumers that result from energy price increases.

(1) The consistency of the program with other state andpossible federal efforts.

(m) The evaluation of the conditions under which the state should consider linking its trading system to the systems of other states or other countries and how that might be affected by the potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve.

(n) The timing and changes in the external environment,
such as proposals by other states or implementation of a federal
program that would spur reevaluation of the Florida program.

(o) The conditions and options for eliminating the Floridaprogram if a federal program were to supplant it.

(p) The need for a regular reevaluation of the progress of other emitting regions of the country and of the world, and whether other regions are abating emissions in a commensurate manner.

235 (q) The desirability of and possibilities of broadening the 236 scope of the state's cap-and-trade system at a later date to 237 include more emitting activities as well as sinks in Florida, 238 the conditions that would need to be met to do so, and how the 239 program would encourage these conditions to be met, including developing monitoring and measuring techniques for land use 240 241 emissions and sinks, regulating sources upstream, and other considerations. 242

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246 Delete line 2

247 and insert:

248 An act relating to permitting; amending s. 373.414, 249 F.S.; providing that financial responsibility for 250 mitigation for wetlands and other surface waters 251 required by a permit for activities associated with 252 the extraction of limestone are subject to approval by 253 the Department of Environmental Protection as part of 254 permit application review; amending s. 378.901, F.S.; 255 authorizing mine operators proposing to mine or 256 extract heavy minerals, limestone, or fuller's earth 257 clay to apply for a life-of-the-mine permit; 258 clarifying the authority of local governments to 259 approve, approve with conditions, deny, or impose 260 certain permit durations; amending s. 403.44, F.S.; 261 deleting a provision requiring that a major emitter of 262 greenhouse gas use The Climate Registry for purposes 263 of emission registration and reporting; deleting a 264 requirement that the Department of Environmental Protection take certain actions related to such 265 266 reporting requirement; amending s. 403.973,

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