Florida Senate - 2010 Bill No. CS/SB 1126, 1st Eng.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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Floor: WD/3R	•	
04/29/2010 11:37 AM		

Senator Constantine moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 547 and 548

4 insert:

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Section 6. Section 403.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.44 Florida Climate Protection Act.-

8 (3) A major emitter shall be required to use The Climate
 9 Registry for purposes of emission registration and reporting.
 10 (4) The department shall establish the methodologies,
 11 reporting periods, and reporting systems that shall be used when
 12 major emitters report to The Climate Registry. The department

may require the use of quality-assured data from continuous

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## 14 emissions monitoring systems.

15 (3) (3) (5) The department may adopt rules for a cap-and-trade 16 regulatory program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from major 17 emitters. When developing the rules, the department shall consult with the Florida Energy and Climate Commission and the 18 Florida Public Service Commission and may consult with the 19 20 Governor's Action Team for Energy and Climate Change. The department shall not adopt rules until after January 1, 2010. 21 2.2 The rules shall not become effective until ratified by the 23 Legislature.

24 <u>(4) (6)</u> The rules of the cap-and-trade regulatory program 25 shall include, but are not limited to:

26 (a) A statewide limit or cap on the amount of greenhouse27 gases emitted by major emitters.

(b) Methods, requirements, and conditions for allocatingthe cap among major emitters.

30 (c) Methods, requirements, and conditions for emissions31 allowances and the process for issuing emissions allowances.

32 (d) The relationship between allowances and the specific33 amounts of greenhouse gas emissions they represent.

(e) The length of allowance periods and the time over which
entities must account for emissions and surrender allowances
equal to emissions.

37 (f) The timeline of allowances from the initiation of the38 program through to 2050.

(g) A process for the trade of allowances between major
emitters, including a registry, tracking, or accounting system
for such trades.

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(h) Cost containment mechanisms to reduce price and cost

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43 risks associated with the electric generation market in this 44 state. Cost containment mechanisms to be considered for 45 inclusion in the rules include, but are not limited to:

46 1. Allowing major emitters to borrow allowances from future47 time periods to meet their greenhouse gas emission limits.

48 2. Allowing major emitters to bank greenhouse gas emission
49 reductions in the current year to be used to meet emission
50 limits in future years.

51 3. Allowing major emitters to purchase emissions offsets 52 from other entities that produce verifiable reductions in 53 unregulated greenhouse gas emissions or that produce verifiable 54 reductions in greenhouse gas emissions through voluntary 55 practices that capture and store greenhouse gases that otherwise 56 would be released into the atmosphere. In considering this cost containment mechanism, the department shall identify sectors and 57 58 activities outside of the capped sectors, including other state, 59 federal, or international activities, and the conditions under which reductions there can be credited against emissions of 60 capped entities in place of allowances issued by the department. 61 62 The department shall also consider potential methods and their effectiveness to avoid double-incentivizing such activities. 63

64 4. Providing a safety valve mechanism to ensure that the 65 market prices for allowances or offsets do not surpass a 66 predetermined level compatible with the affordability of 67 electric utility rates and the well-being of the state's 68 economy. In considering this cost containment mechanism, the 69 department shall evaluate different price levels for the safety valve and methods to change the price level over time to reflect 70 71 changing state, federal, and international markets, regulatory

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72 environments, and technological advancements.

In considering cost containment mechanisms for inclusion in the rules, the department shall evaluate the anticipated overall effect of each mechanism on the abatement of greenhouse gas emissions and on electricity ratepayers and the benefits and costs of each to the state's economy, and shall also consider the interrelationships between the mechanisms under consideration.

81 (i) A process to allow the department to exercise its
82 authority to discourage leakage of GHG emissions to neighboring
83 states attributable to the implementation of this program.

84 (j) Provisions for a trial period on the trading of85 allowances before full implementation of a trading system.

86 <u>(5)</u> (7) In recommending and evaluating proposed features of 87 the cap-and-trade system, the following factors shall be 88 considered:

89 (a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the cap-and-trade
90 system in combination with other policies and measures in
91 meeting statewide targets.

92 (b) Minimizing the administrative burden to the state of93 implementing, monitoring, and enforcing the program.

94 (c) Minimizing the administrative burden on entities95 covered under the cap.

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(d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers.

97 (e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early 98 adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the 99 context of federal climate change legislation and the 100 development of new international compacts.

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101 (f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated 102 with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic 103 sectors outside of the emissions cap. 104 (q) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity 105 relocates out of the state. 106 (h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures in 107 meeting identified targets. (i) The implications for near-term periods of long-term 108 109 targets specified in the overall policy. 110 (j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade 111 system to the state economy. 112 (k) How to moderate impacts on low-income consumers that result from energy price increases. 113 114 (1) Consistency of the program with other state and 115 possible federal efforts. (m) The feasibility and cost-effectiveness of extending the 116 program scope as broadly as possible among emitting activities 117 and sinks in Florida. 118 (n) Evaluation of the conditions under which Florida should 119 120 consider linking its trading system to the systems of other 121 states or other countries and how that might be affected by the 122 potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve. 123 (6) (8) Recognizing that the international, national, and 124 neighboring state policies and the science of climate change 125 will evolve, prior to submitting the proposed rules to the 126 Legislature for consideration, the department shall submit the 127 proposed rules to the Florida Energy and Climate Commission, 128 which shall review the proposed rules and submit a report to the 129 Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House

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130 of Representatives, and the department. The report shall 131 address:

(a) The overall cost-effectiveness of the proposed cap-andtrade system in combination with other policies and measures in
meeting statewide targets.

(b) The administrative burden to the state of implementing,monitoring, and enforcing the program.

137 (c) The administrative burden on entities covered under the138 cap.

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(d) The impacts on electricity prices for consumers.

(e) The specific benefits to the state's economy for early
adoption of a cap-and-trade system for greenhouse gases in the
context of federal climate change legislation and the
development of new international compacts.

(f) The specific benefits to the state's economy associated with the creation and sale of emissions offsets from economic sectors outside of the emissions cap.

147 (g) The potential effects on leakage if economic activity148 relocates out of the state.

(h) The effectiveness of the combination of measures inmeeting identified targets.

(i) The economic implications for near-term periods of
short-term and long-term targets specified in the overall
policy.

(j) The overall costs and benefits of a cap-and-trade system to the economy of the state.

(k) The impacts on low-income consumers that result from energy price increases.

(1) The consistency of the program with other state and

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159 possible federal efforts.

(m) The evaluation of the conditions under which the state should consider linking its trading system to the systems of other states or other countries and how that might be affected by the potential inclusion in the rule of a safety valve.

(n) The timing and changes in the external environment,
such as proposals by other states or implementation of a federal
program that would spur reevaluation of the Florida program.

167 (o) The conditions and options for eliminating the Florida168 program if a federal program were to supplant it.

(p) The need for a regular reevaluation of the progress of other emitting regions of the country and of the world, and whether other regions are abating emissions in a commensurate manner.

173 (q) The desirability of and possibilities of broadening the 174 scope of the state's cap-and-trade system at a later date to 175 include more emitting activities as well as sinks in Florida, the conditions that would need to be met to do so, and how the 176 177 program would encourage these conditions to be met, including 178 developing monitoring and measuring techniques for land use 179 emissions and sinks, regulating sources upstream, and other 180 considerations.

181 182 Section 7. 403.7032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 403.7032 Recycling.-

(1) The Legislature finds that the failure or inability to
economically recover material and energy resources from solid
waste results in the unnecessary waste and depletion of our
natural resources. As the state continues to grow, so will the
potential amount of discarded material that must be treated and

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disposed of, necessitating the improvement of solid waste collection and disposal. Therefore, the maximum recycling and reuse of such resources are considered high-priority goals of the state.

192 (2) By the year 2020, the long-term goal for the recycling 193 efforts of state and local governmental entities, private companies and organizations, and the general public is to 194 195 recycle at least 75 percent of the municipal solid waste that 196 would otherwise be reduce the amount of recyclable solid waste 197 disposed of in waste management facilities, landfills, or 198 incineration facilities by a statewide average of at least 75 199 percent. However, any solid waste used for the production of 200 renewable energy shall count toward the long-term recycling goal 201 as set forth in this part section.

202 (3) Each state agency, K-12 public school, public 203 institution of higher learning, community college, and state 204 university, including all buildings that are occupied by municipal, county, or state employees and entities occupying 205 206 buildings managed by the Department of Management Services, 207 must, at a minimum, annually report all recycled materials to 208 the county using the department's designated reporting format. Private businesses, other than certified recovered materials 209 210 dealers, that recycle paper, metals, glass, plastics, textiles, 211 rubber materials, and mulch, are encouraged to report the amount 212 of materials they recycle to the county annually beginning 213 January 1, 2011, using the department's designated reporting 214 format. Using the information provided, the department shall 215 recognize those private businesses that demonstrate outstanding 216 recycling efforts.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of state or county law, private businesses, other than certified recovered materials dealers, shall not be required to report recycling rates. Cities with less than a population of 2,500 and per capita taxable value less than \$4,800 and cities with a per capita taxable value less than \$30,000 are exempt from the reporting requirement specified in this paragraph.

224 (4) (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 225 develop a comprehensive recycling program that is designed to 226 achieve the percentage under subsection (2) and submit the 227 program to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 228 House of Representatives by January 1, 2010. The program may not 229 be implemented until approved by the Legislature. The program 230 must be developed in coordination with input from state and local entities, private businesses, and the public. Under the 231 232 program, recyclable materials shall include, but are not limited 233 to, metals, paper, glass, plastic, textile, rubber materials, 234 and mulch. Components of the program shall include, but are not 235 limited to:

(a) Programs to identify environmentally preferable
purchasing practices to encourage the purchase of recycled,
durable, and less toxic goods. <u>The Department of Management</u>
<u>Services shall modify its procurement system to report on green</u>
and recycled products purchased through the system by September
<u>30, 2011.</u>

(b) Programs to educate students in grades K-12 in thebenefits of, and proper techniques for, recycling.

(c) Programs for statewide recognition of successfulrecycling efforts by schools, businesses, public groups, and

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246 private citizens.

(d) Programs for municipalities and counties to develop and implement efficient recycling efforts to return valuable materials to productive use, conserve energy, and protect natural resources.

(e) Programs by which the department can provide technical assistance to municipalities and counties in support of their recycling efforts.

(f) Programs to educate and train the public in proper recycling efforts.

(g) Evaluation of how financial assistance can best be provided to municipalities and counties in support of their recycling efforts.

(h) Evaluation of why existing waste management andrecycling programs in the state have not been better used.

261 (5) The department shall create the Recycling Business Assistance Center by December 1, 2010. In carrying out its 262 263 duties under this subsection, the department shall consult with 264 state agency personnel appointed to serve as economic 265 development liaisons under s. 288.021 and seek technical 266 assistance from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to ensure the 267 Recycling Business Assistance Center is positioned to succeed. 268 The purpose of the center shall be to serve as the mechanism for 269 coordination among state agencies and the private sector in 270 order to coordinate policy and overall strategic planning for 271 developing new markets and expanding and enhancing existing 272 markets for recyclable materials in this state, other states, 273 and foreign countries. The duties of the center shall include, 274 at a minimum:

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275	(a) Identifying and developing new markets and expanding
276	and enhancing existing markets for recyclable materials;
277	(b) Pursuing expanded end uses for recycled materials;
278	(c) Targeting materials for concentrated market-development
279	efforts;
280	(d) Developing proposals for new incentives for market
281	development, particularly focusing on targeted materials;
282	(e) Providing guidance on issues such as permitting,
283	finance options for recycling market development, site location,
284	research and development, grant program criteria for recycled
285	materials markets, recycling markets education and information,
286	and minimum content;
287	(f) Coordinating the efforts of various governmental
288	entities having market-development responsibilities in order to
289	optimize supply and demand for recyclable materials;
290	(g) Evaluating source-reduced products as they relate to
291	state procurement policy. The evaluation shall include, but is
292	not limited to, the environmental and economic impact of source-
293	reduced product purchases to the state. For the purposes of this
294	paragraph, the term "source-reduced" means any method, process,
295	product, or technology that significantly or substantially
296	reduces the volume or weight of a product while providing, at a
297	minimum, equivalent or generally similar performance and service
298	to and for the users of such materials;
299	(h) Providing evaluation of solid waste management grants,
300	pursuant to s. 403.7095, to reduce the flow of solid waste to
301	disposal facilities and encourage the sustainable recovery of
302	materials from Florida's waste stream;
303	(i) Providing below-market financing for companies that

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304	manufacture products from recycled materials or convert
305	recyclable materials into raw materials for use in
306	manufacturing, pursuant to the Florida Recycling Loan Program as
307	administered by the Florida First Capital Finance Corporation;
308	(j) Maintaining a continuously updated online directory,
309	listing the public and private entities that collect, transport,
310	broker, process, or remanufacture recyclable materials in the
311	state;
312	(k) Providing information on the availability and benefits
313	of using recycled materials to private entities and industries
314	in the state;
315	(1) Distributing any materials prepared in implementing
316	this subsection to the public, private entities, industries,
317	governmental entities, or other organizations upon request; and
318	(m) Coordinating with the Agency for Workforce Innovation
319	and its partners to provide job placement and job training
320	services to job seekers through the state's workforce services
321	programs.
322	Section 8. Subsection (9) is added to section 288.9015,
323	Florida Statutes, to read:
324	288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties
325	(9) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide technical
326	assistance to the Department of Environmental Protection in the
327	creation of the Recycling Business Assistance Center pursuant to
328	s. 403.7032(5). As the state's primary organization devoted to
329	statewide economic development, Enterprise Florida, Inc., is
330	encouraged to cooperate with the Department of Environmental
331	Protection to ensure that the Recycling Business Assistance
332	Center is positioned to succeed in helping to enhance and expand

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333 existing markets for recyclable materials in Florida, other 334 states, and foreign countries. Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 403.7046, Florida 335 336 Statutes, is amended to read: 337 403.7046 Regulation of recovered materials.-338 (1) Any person who handles, purchases, receives, recovers, 339 sells, or is an end user of recovered materials shall annually 340 certify to the department on forms provided by the department. 341 The department may by rule exempt from this requirement 342 generators of recovered materials; persons who handle or sell 343 recovered materials as an activity which is incidental to the 344 normal primary business activities of that person; or persons 345 who handle, purchase, receive, recover, sell, or are end users 346 of recovered materials in small quantities as defined by the department. The department shall adopt rules for the 347 certification of and reporting by such persons and shall 348 establish criteria for revocation of such certification. Prior 349 350 to the adoption of such rules, the department shall appoint a 351 technical advisory committee of no more than nine persons, 352 including, at a minimum, representatives of the Florida 353 Association of Counties, the Florida League of Cities, the 354 Florida Recyclers Association, and the Florida Chapter of the 355 National Solid Waste Management Association, to aid in the 356 development of such rules. Such rules shall be designed to 357 elicit, at a minimum, the amount and types of recovered 358 materials handled by registrants, and the amount and disposal 359 site, or name of person with whom such disposal was arranged, of any solid waste generated by such facility. By February 1 of 360 361 each year, registrants shall report all required information to

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362	the department and to all counties from which it received
363	materials. Such rules may provide for the department to conduct
364	periodic inspections. The department may charge a fee of up to
365	\$50 for each registration, which shall be deposited into the
366	Solid Waste Management Trust Fund for implementation of the
367	program.
368	Section 10. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection
369	(3) of section 403.705, Florida Statutes, are amended and a new
370	subsection (4) is created to read:
371	403.705 State solid waste management program
372	(2) The state solid waste management program shall include,
373	at a minimum:
374	(c) Planning guidelines and technical assistance to
375	counties and municipalities to aid in meeting the municipal
376	solid waste <u>recycling</u> <del>reduction</del> goals established in <u>s.</u>
377	<u>403.706(2)</u> <del>s. 403.706(4)</del> .
378	(3) The department shall periodically seek information from
379	counties to evaluate and report to the Legislature biennially on
380	the state's success in meeting the solid waste recycling
381	reduction goal as described in s. 403.706(2).
382	(4) The department shall adopt rules creating a voluntary
383	certification program for materials recovery facilities. The
384	certification criteria shall be based upon the amount and type
385	of materials recycled and the compliance record of the facility,
386	and may vary depending on the location in the state and the
387	available markets for the materials that are processed. Any
388	materials recovery facility seeking certification shall file an
389	application to modify its permit, or shall include a
390	certification application as part of its original permit

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391	application, which application shall not require an additional
392	fee. The department shall adopt a form for certification
393	applications, and shall require at least annual reports to
394	verify the continued qualification for certification. In order
395	to assist in the development of the certification program the
396	department shall appoint a technical advisory committee.
397	Section 11. Subsections (2), (6), (4), (7), and (21) of
398	section 403.706, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
399	403.706 Local government solid waste responsibilities
400	(2)(a) Each county shall implement a recyclable materials
401	recycling program that shall have a goal of recycling solid
402	waste by 40 percent by December 31, 2012, 50 percent by December
403	31, 2014, 60 percent by December 31, 2016, 70 percent by
404	December 31, 2018, and 75 percent by December 31, 2020. Counties
405	and municipalities are encouraged to form cooperative
406	arrangements for implementing recycling programs.
407	(b) In order to assist in attaining the goals provided in
408	this paragraph (a), the Legislature finds that the recycling of
409	construction and demolition debris fulfills an important state
410	interest. Therefore, each county must implement a program for
411	recycling construction and demolition debris.
412	(c) In accordance with applicable local government
413	ordinances, newly developed property receiving a certificate of
414	occupancy, or its equivalent, on or after July 1, 2012, that is
415	used for multifamily residential or commercial purposes, must
416	provide adequate space and an adequate receptacle for recycling
417	by tenants and owners of the property. This provision is limited
418	to counties and cities that have an established commercial
419	recycling program which provides recycling receptacles to

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420 multifamily residential properties and commercial properties and 421 also provides regular pick-up service for those receptacles. 422 (d) If, by January 1 of 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, or 2021, the county, as determined by the department in accordance with 423 424 applicable rules, has not reached the recycling goals provided 425 in paragraph (a), the department may direct the county to 426 develop a plan to expand recycling programs to existing 427 commercial and multifamily dwellings, including, but not limited 428 to, apartment complexes. 429 (e) If the state's recycling rate for the 2013 calendar 430 year is below 40 percent, or below 50 percent by January 1, 431 2015, or below 60 percent by January 1, 2017, or below 70 432 percent by January 1, 2019, or below 75 percent by January 1, 433 2021, the department shall provide a report to the Legislature. 434 The report shall identify those additional programs or statutory 435 changes needed to achieve the goals provided in this subsection. 436 The report shall be provided no later than 30 days prior to the 437 Regular Session of the Legislature. If the state reaches its 438 recycling goals as described in this paragraph, the department 439 shall not provide a report to the Legislature. 440 (f) (b) Such programs shall be designed to recover a

441 significant portion of at least four of the following materials 442 from the solid waste stream prior to final disposal at a solid 443 waste disposal facility and to offer these materials for 444 recycling: newspaper, aluminum cans, steel cans, glass, plastic 445 bottles, cardboard, office paper, and yard trash. Local 446 governments which operate permitted waste-to-energy facilities 447 may retrieve ferrous and nonferrous metal as a byproduct of 448 combustion.

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449 (g) (c) Local governments are encouraged to separate all 450 plastics, metal, and all grades of paper for recycling prior to 451 final disposal and are further encouraged to recycle yard trash 452 and other mechanically treated solid waste into compost 453 available for agricultural and other acceptable uses.

(h) The department shall adopt rules establishing the
method and criteria to be used by a county in calculating the
recycling rates pursuant to this subsection.

457 (d) By July 1, 2010, each county shall develop and 458 implement a plan to achieve a goal to compost organic materials 459 that would otherwise be disposed of in a landfill. The goal 460 shall provide that up to 10 percent and no less than 5 percent 461 of organic material would be composted within the county and the 462 municipalities within its boundaries. The department may reduce 463 or modify the compost goal if the county demonstrates to the 464 department that achievement of the goal would be impractical 465 given the county's unique demographic, urban density, or 466 inability to separate normally compostable material from the 467 solid waste stream. The composting plan is encouraged to address 468 partnership with the private sector.

469 <u>(i) (e)</u> Each county is encouraged to consider plans for 470 <u>composting or</u> mulching organic materials that would otherwise be 471 disposed of in a landfill. The <u>composting or</u> mulching plans are 472 encouraged to address partnership with the private sector.

(4) (a) A county's solid waste management and recycling programs shall be designed to provide for sufficient reduction of the amount of solid waste generated within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries in order to meet goals for the reduction of municipal solid waste prior to the final

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478 disposal or the incineration of such waste at a solid waste 479 disposal facility. The goals shall provide, at a minimum, that 480 the amount of municipal solid waste that would be disposed of 481 within the county and the municipalities within its boundaries 482 is reduced by at least 30 percent.

483 (a) (b) A county may receive credit for one-half of the 484 recycling goal in subsection (2) for waste reduction from the 485 use of yard trash, or other clean wood waste or paper waste, in 486 innovative programs including, but not limited to, programs that 487 produce alternative clean-burning fuels such as ethanol or that 488 provide for the conversion of yard trash or other clean wood 489 waste or paper waste to clean-burning fuel for the production of 490 energy for use at facilities other than a waste-to-energy 491 facility as defined in s. 403.7061. The provisions of this 492 paragraph apply only if a county can demonstrate that:

493 1. The county has implemented a yard trash mulching or494 composting program, and

495 2. As part of the program, compost and mulch made from yard 496 trash is available to the general public and in use at county-497 owned or maintained and municipally owned or maintained 498 facilities in the county and state agencies operating in the 499 county as required by this section.

500 (b) (c) A county with a population of 100,000 or less may 501 provide its residents with the opportunity to recycle in lieu of 502 achieving the goal set forth in <u>this section</u> <del>paragraph (a)</del>. For 503 the purposes of this <u>section</u> <del>subsection</del>, the "opportunity to 504 recycle" means that the county:

505 1.a. Provides a system for separating and collecting 506 recyclable materials prior to disposal that is located at a

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507 solid waste management facility or solid waste disposal area; or
508 b. Provides a system of places within the county for
509 collection of source-separated recyclable materials.

510 2. Provides a public education and promotion program that 511 is conducted to inform its residents of the opportunity to 512 recycle, encourages source separation of recyclable materials, 513 and promotes the benefits of reducing, reusing, recycling, and 514 composting materials.

(6) The department may reduce or modify the municipal solid waste <u>recycling</u> <del>reduction</del> goal that a county is required to achieve pursuant to subsection <u>(2)</u> <del>(4)</del> if the county demonstrates to the department that:

(a) The achievement of the goal set forth in subsection (2) (4) would have an adverse effect on the financial obligations of a county <u>or a city</u> that are directly related to a waste-toenergy facility owned or operated by or on behalf of the county or the city; and

(b) The county <u>or the city</u> cannot remove normally combustible materials from solid waste that is to be processed at a waste-to-energy facility because of the need to maintain a sufficient amount of solid waste to ensure the financial viability of the facility.

The goal shall not be waived entirely and may only be reduced or modified to the extent necessary to alleviate the adverse effects of achieving the goal on the financial viability of a county's waste-to-energy facility. Nothing in this subsection shall exempt a county from developing and implementing a recycling program pursuant to this act.

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536 (7) In order to assess the progress in meeting the goal 537 established in subsection (2) (4), each county shall, by April 1 538 November each year, provide information to the department 539 regarding its annual solid waste management program and 540 recycling activities. The information by the county must, at a 541 minimum, include: 542 (a) The amount of municipal solid waste disposed of at solid waste disposal facilities, by type of waste such as yard 543 544 trash, white goods, clean debris, tires, and unseparated solid 545 waste; 546 (b) The amount and type of materials from the municipal 547 solid waste stream that were recycled; and 548 (c) The percentage of the population participating in 549 various types of recycling activities instituted. 550 (d) Beginning with the data for the 2012 calendar year, the department shall annually, by July 1, post on its website the 551 552 recycling rates of each county for the prior calendar year. 553 (21) Local governments are authorized to enact ordinances 554 that require and direct all residential properties, multifamily 555 dwellings, and apartment complexes and industrial, commercial, 556 and institutional establishments as defined by the local 557 government to establish programs for the separation of 558 recyclable materials designated by the local government, which 559 recyclable materials are specifically intended for purposes of 560 recycling and for which a market exists, and to provide for 561 their collection. Such ordinances may include, but are not 562 limited to, provisions that prohibit any person from knowingly disposing of recyclable materials designated by the local 563 564 government and that ensure the collection of recovered materials

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as necessary to protect public health and safety. Section 12. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 403.7061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

568 403.7061 Requirements for review of new waste-to-energy 569 facility capacity by the Department of Environmental 570 Protection.-

(3) An applicant must provide reasonable assurance that the construction of a new waste-to-energy facility or the expansion of an existing waste-to-energy facility will comply with the following criteria:

(c) The county in which the facility is located has implemented and maintains a solid waste management and recycling program that is designed to achieve <u>a</u> the waste <u>recycling</u> <del>reduction</del> goal <u>of 30 percent</u> <del>set forth in s. 403.706(4)</del>. For the purposes of this section, the provisions of s. 403.706(4)(c) for counties having populations of 100,000 or fewer <del>do not apply</del>.

581 Section 13. Subsection (9) of section 403.707, Florida 582 Statutes, is amended to read:

403.707 Permits.-

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584 (9) The department shall establish a separate category for 585 solid waste management facilities that accept only construction 586 and demolition debris for disposal or recycling. The department 587 shall establish a reasonable schedule for existing facilities to 588 comply with this section to avoid undue hardship to such 589 facilities. However, a permitted solid waste disposal unit that 590 receives a significant amount of waste prior to the compliance 591 deadline established in this schedule shall not be required to 592 be retrofitted with liners or leachate control systems.

(a) The department shall establish reasonable construction,

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594 operation, monitoring, recordkeeping, financial assurance, and 595 closure requirements for such facilities. The department shall 596 take into account the nature of the waste accepted at various 597 facilities when establishing these requirements, and may impose 598 less stringent requirements, including a system of general 599 permits or registration requirements, for facilities that accept 600 only a segregated waste stream which is expected to pose a 601 minimal risk to the environment and public health, such as clean 602 debris. The Legislature recognizes that incidental amounts of 603 other types of solid waste are commonly generated at 604 construction or demolition projects. In any enforcement action 605 taken pursuant to this section, the department shall consider 606 the difficulty of removing these incidental amounts from the 607 waste stream.

608 (b) The department shall not require liners and leachate 609 collection systems at individual disposal units and lateral 610 expansions of existing disposal units that have not received a department permit authorizing construction or operation prior to 611 612 July 1, 2010, facilities unless the owner or operator it 613 demonstrates, based upon the types of waste received, the 614 methods for controlling types of waste disposed of, the proximity of groundwater and surface water, and the results of 615 616 the hydrogeological and geotechnical investigations, that the 617 facility is not reasonably expected to result in violations of 618 groundwater standards and criteria if built without a liner 619 otherwise.

(c) The owner or operator shall provide financial assurance
for closing of the facility in accordance with the requirements
of s. 403.7125. The financial assurance shall cover the cost of

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623 closing the facility and 5 years of long-term care after 624 closing, unless the department determines, based upon 625 hydrogeologic conditions, the types of wastes received, or the 626 groundwater monitoring results, that a different long-term care 627 period is appropriate. However, unless the owner or operator of the facility is a local government, the escrow account described 628 629 in s. 403.7125(2) may not be used as a financial assurance 630 mechanism.

631 (d) The department shall establish training requirements 632 for operators of facilities, and shall work with the State 633 University System or other providers to assure that adequate 634 training courses are available. The department shall also assist 635 the Florida Home Builders Association in establishing a 636 component of its continuing education program to address proper 637 handling of construction and demolition debris, including best 638 management practices for reducing contamination of the 639 construction and demolition debris waste stream.

(e) The issuance of a permit under this subsection does not
obviate the need to comply with all applicable zoning and land
use regulations.

(f) A permit is not required under this section for the
disposal of construction and demolition debris on the property
where it is generated, but such property must be covered,
graded, and vegetated as necessary when disposal is complete.

(g) <u>By January 1, 2012, the amount of construction and</u>
demolition debris processed and recycled prior to disposal at a
permitted materials recovery facility or at any other permitted
disposal facility shall be reported by the county of origin to
the department and to the county on an annual basis in

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652 accordance with rules adopted by the department. The rules shall establish criteria to ensure accurate and consistent reporting 653 654 for purposes of determining the recycling rate in s. 403.706 and 655 shall also require that, to the extent economically feasible, all construction and demolition debris must be processed prior 656 657 to disposal, either at a permitted materials recovery facility 658 or at a permitted disposal facility. This paragraph does not 659 apply to recovered materials, any materials that have been 660 source separated and offered for recycling, or materials that 661 have been previously processed. It is the policy of the Legislature to encourage facilities to recycle. The department 662 663 shall establish criteria and guidelines that encourage recycling 664 where practical and provide for the use of recycled materials in 665 a manner that protects the public health and the environment. 666 Facilities are authorized to recycle, provided such activities 667 do not conflict with such criteria and quidelines.

(h) The department shall ensure that the requirements of this section are applied and interpreted consistently throughout the state. In accordance with s. 20.255, the Division of Waste Management shall direct the district offices and bureaus on matters relating to the interpretation and applicability of this section.

(i) The department shall provide notice of receipt of a
permit application for the initial construction of a
construction and demolition debris disposal facility to the
local governments having jurisdiction where the facility is to
be located.

(j) The Legislature recognizes that recycling, wastereduction, and resource recovery are important aspects of an

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681 integrated solid waste management program and as such are 682 necessary to protect the public health and the environment. If 683 necessary to promote such an integrated program, the county may 684 determine, after providing notice and an opportunity for a 685 hearing prior to April 30, 2008, that some or all of the 686 material described in s. 403.703(6)(b) shall be excluded from 687 the definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 688 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county 689 may make such a determination only if it finds that, prior to 690 June 1, 2007, the county has established an adequate method for 691 the use or recycling of such wood material at an existing or 692 proposed solid waste management facility that is permitted or authorized by the department on June 1, 2007. The county is not 693 694 required to hold a hearing if the county represents that it 695 previously has held a hearing for such purpose, or if the county 696 represents that it previously has held a public meeting or 697 hearing that authorized such method for the use or recycling of 698 trash or other nonputrescible waste materials and that such 699 materials include those materials described in s. 403.703(6)(b). The county shall provide written notice of its determination to 700 701 the department by no later than April 30, 2008; thereafter, the 702 materials described in s. 403.703(6) shall be excluded from the 703 definition of "construction and demolition debris" in s. 704 403.703(6) within the jurisdiction of such county. The county 705 may withdraw or revoke its determination at any time by 706 providing written notice to the department.

707 (k) Brazilian pepper and other invasive exotic plant
708 species as designated by the department resulting from
709 eradication projects may be processed at permitted construction

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710	and demolition debris recycling facilities or disposed of at
711	permitted construction and demolition debris disposal facilities
712	or Class III facilities. The department may adopt rules to
713	implement this paragraph.
714	Section 14. Section 403.7095, Florida Statutes, is amended
715	to read:
716	403.7095 Solid waste management grant program
717	(1) The department shall develop a competitive and
718	innovative grant program for counties, municipalities, special
719	districts, and nonprofit organizations that have legal
720	responsibility for the provision of solid waste management
721	services. For purposes of this program, "innovative" means that
722	the process, technology, or activity for which funding is sought
723	has not previously been implemented within the jurisdiction of
724	the applicant. The applicant must:
725	(a) Demonstrate technologies or processes that represent a
726	novel application of an existing technology or process to
727	recycle or reduce waste, or that overcome obstacles to recycling
728	or waste reduction in new or innovative ways;
729	(b) Demonstrate innovative processes to collect and recycle
730	or reduce materials targeted by the department and the recycling
731	industry; or
732	(c) Demonstrate effective solutions to solving solid waste
733	problems resulting from waste tires, particularly in the areas
734	of enforcement and abatement of illegal tire dumping and
735	activities to promote market development of waste tire products.
736	
737	Because the Legislature recognizes that input from the
738	recycling industry is essential to the success of this grant
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739 program, the department shall cooperate with private sector
740 entities to develop a process and define specific criteria for
741 allowing their participation with grant recipients.

742 (2) The department shall evaluate and prioritize the annual 743 grant proposals and present the annual prioritized list of 744 projects to be funded to the Governor and the Legislature as 745 part of its annual budget request submitted pursuant to chapter 746 216. Potential grant recipients are encouraged to demonstrate 747 local support for grant proposals by the commitment of cash or 748 in-kind matching funds.

749 <u>(1) (3)</u> The department shall develop a consolidated grant 750 program for small counties having populations fewer than 751 100,000, with grants to be distributed equally among eligible 752 counties. Programs to be supported with the small-county 753 consolidated grants include general solid waste management, 754 litter prevention and control, and recycling and education 755 programs.

756 (2) (4) The department shall develop a waste tire grant 757 program making grants available to all counties. The department 758 shall ensure that at least 25 percent of the funding available 759 for waste tire grants is distributed equally to each county having a population fewer than 100,000. Of the remaining funds 760 761 distributed to counties having a population of 100,000 or 762 greater, the department shall distribute those funds on the 763 basis of population.

764 <u>(3) (5)</u> From the funds made available pursuant to s.
765 403.709(1)(e) for the grant program created by this section, the
766 following distributions shall be made:

767

(a) Up to 15 percent for the program described in

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768 subsection (1);

769 (a) (b) Up to 50 35 percent for the program described in 770 subsection (1) (3); and

771 (b) (c) Up to 50 percent for the program described in 772 subsection (2) (4).

773 <u>(4)(6)</u> The department may adopt rules necessary to 774 administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules 775 governing timeframes for submitting grant applications, criteria 776 for prioritizing, matching criteria, maximum grant amounts, and 777 allocation of appropriated funds based upon project and 778 applicant size.

(7) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, and for the 2009-2010 fiscal year only, the Department of Environmental Protection shall award the sum of \$2,600,000 in grants equally to counties having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste programs. This subsection expires July 1, 2010.

786 (8) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 787 contrary, and for the 2008-2009 fiscal year only, the Department 788 of Environmental Protection shall award:

789 1. The sum of \$9,428,773 in grants equally to counties 790 having populations of fewer than 100,000 for waste tire and 791 litter prevention, recycling education, and general solid waste 792 programs.

793 2. The sum of \$2,000,781 to be used for the Innovative
794 Grant Program.

(b) This subsection expires July 1, 2009.

796 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 403.7145, Florida

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797 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that 798 section, to read:

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403.7145 Recycling.-

800 (1) The Capitol and the House and Senate office buildings 801 constitute the Capitol recycling area. The Florida House of 802 Representatives, the Florida Senate, and the Office of the Governor, the Secretary of State, and each Cabinet officer who 803 804 heads a department that occupies office space in the Capitol, 805 shall institute a recycling program for their respective offices 806 in the House and Senate office buildings and the Capitol. 807 Provisions shall be made to collect and sell wastepaper and 808 empty aluminum beverage containers cans generated by employee 809 activities in these offices. The collection and sale of such 810 materials shall be reported to Leon County using the 811 department's designated reporting format and coordinated with 812 Department of Management Services recycling activities to 813 maximize the efficiency and economy of this program. The 814 Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the 815 President of the Senate, the Secretary of State, and the Cabinet 816 officers may authorize the use of proceeds from recyclable 817 material sales for employee benefits and other purposes, in 818 order to provide incentives to their respective employees for 819 participation in the recycling program. Such proceeds may also 820 be used to offset any costs of the recycling program. As a 821 demonstration of leading by example, the Capitol Building's 822 recycling rates shall be posted on the website of the Department 823 of Management Services and shall include the details of the 824 recycling rates for each Department of Management Services pool 825 facility. The Department of Environmental Protection shall post

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826	recycling rates of each state-owned facility reported to the
827	Department of Management Services.
828	(3) The department shall develop and contract for an
829	innovative recycling pilot project for the Capitol recycling
830	area. The project shall be designed to collect recyclable
831	materials and create a more sustainable recycling system.
832	Components of the project shall be designed to increase
833	convenience, incentivize and measure participation, reduce
834	material volume, and assist in achieving the recycling goals
835	enumerated in s. 403.706.
836	Section 16. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (1) of
837	section 553.77, Florida Statutes, to read:
838	553.77 Specific powers of the commission
839	(1) The commission shall:
840	(m) Develop recommendations that increase residential and
841	commercial recycling and composting, and strongly encourages the
842	use of recyclable materials and the recycling of construction
843	and demolition debris.
844	Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 403.7049, Florida
845	Statutes, is amended to read:
846	403.7049 Determination of full cost for solid waste
847	management; local solid waste management fees
848	(5) In order to assist in achieving the municipal solid
849	waste <u>recycling</u> <del>reductio</del> n goal and the recycling provisions of
850	s. 403.706(2) s. 403.706(4), a county or a municipality which
851	owns or operates a solid waste management facility is hereby
852	authorized to charge solid waste disposal fees which may vary
853	based on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the
854	amount, characteristics, and form of recyclable materials

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855	present in the solid waste that is brought to the county's or
856	the municipality's facility for processing or disposal.
857	Section 18. Section 288.1185, Florida Statutes, is
858	repealed.
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861	And the title is amended as follows:
862	Delete line 47
863	and insert:
864	amending s. 403.44, F.S.; revising the greenhouse gas
865	reporting requirement for major emitters; deleting a requirement
866	for the Department of Environmental Protection to take certain
867	actions related to the reporting requirement; amending s.
868	403.7032, F.S.; requiring all public entities and those entities
869	occupying buildings managed by the Department of Management
870	Services to report recycling data to the county using the format
871	designated by the Department of Environmental Protection;
872	providing an exemption; encouraging certain private entities to
873	report the disposal of recyclable materials; requiring the
874	Department of Management Services to report on green and
875	recycled products purchased through its procurement system;
876	directing the Department of Environmental Protection to create
877	the Recycling Business Assistance Center; providing requirements
878	for the center; amending s. 288.9015, F.S.; requiring Enterprise
879	Florida, Inc., to provide technical assistance to the Department
880	of Environmental Protection in the creation of the Recycling
881	Business Assistance Center; amending s. 403.7046, F.S.; deleting
882	a requirement that the Department of Environmental Protection
883	appoint a technical advisory committee; clarifying reporting

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884 requirements; amending s. 403.705, F.S.; conforming a cross-885 reference; requiring that the department report biennially to 886 the Legislature on the state's success in meeting solid waste 887 reduction goals; providing for the creation of a voluntary 888 recyclers certification program; amending s. 403.706, F.S.; 889 revising requirements for the implementation of recyclable 890 materials recycling programs by counties; providing legislative 891 intent; providing requirements for the provision of recycling 892 services; providing authority for the Department of 893 Environmental Protection to require a plan under certain 894 conditions; requiring a report to the Legislature by the 895 Department of Environmental Protection if recycling benchmarks 896 are not met; requiring the department to adopt rules; 897 eliminating a requirement that counties develop composting 898 goals; encouraging counties to develop composting plans; 899 providing for waivers; providing deadlines for the reporting of 900 recycling data; revising requirements for the enactment of 901 ordinances by local governments relating to programs for the 902 separation of recyclable materials; amending s. 403.7061, F.S.; 903 revising requirements for review of new waste-to-energy facility 904 capacity by the Department of Environmental Protection; 905 clarifying an exemption; amending s. 403.707, F.S.; requiring 906 liners for new construction and demolition debris landfills 907 under certain conditions; providing reporting requirements for 908 certain construction and demolition debris; requiring the 909 department to adopt rules; providing rule requirements; 910 providing an exemption; amending s. 403.7095, F.S.; deleting application requirements for the solid waste management program; 911 912 deleting a requirement for the Department of Environmental

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913 Protection to evaluate and prioritize proposals for inclusion in 914 its annual budget request; amending s. 403.7145, F.S.; revising 915 recycling requirements for state buildings; providing for a pilot project; requiring each public airport in the state to 916 917 collect beverage containers and recyclable plastic and glass 918 from the entities doing business at the airport and to offer 919 such materials for recycling; amending s. 553.77, F.S.; 920 authorizing the Florida Building Commission to develop 921 recommendations for recycling and composting; amending s. 922 403.7049, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; repealing s. 923 288.1185, F.S., relating to the Recycling Markets Advisory 924 Committee; providing an effective date.

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