${\bf By}$ the Committee on Finance and Tax

	593-01647A-10 20101378_
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the assessment of lands used for
3	conservation purposes; amending s. 193.501, F.S.;
4	providing for certain lands that are covenanted for
5	use for conservation purposes to be assessed for ad
6	valorem taxation in the same manner as lands used for
7	outdoor recreational or park purposes; redefining the
8	term "covenant"; defining the term "conservation
9	purposes"; specifying the information that must be
10	included in a covenant; requiring covenants to be
11	notarized; requiring the executive director of the
12	Department of Revenue to work with the Board of
13	Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, local
14	governments, and conservation organizations to develop
15	a form for a covenant; providing that the requirements
16	for covenants do not apply to covenants in existence
17	before the effective date of the act; providing for
18	retroactive application; providing an effective date.
19	
20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Section 193.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to
23	read:
24	193.501 Assessment of lands subject to a conservation
25	easement, environmentally endangered lands, or lands used for
26	outdoor recreational, conservation, or park purposes <u>after</u> when
27	land development rights have been conveyed or conservation
28	restrictions have been covenanted
29	(1) The owner or owners in fee of any land subject to a

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593-01647A-10 20101378 30 conservation easement as described in s. 704.06; land qualified 31 as environmentally endangered pursuant to paragraph (6) (i) and 32 so designated by formal resolution of the governing board of the 33 municipality or county within which such land is located; land 34 designated as conservation land in a comprehensive plan adopted 35 by the appropriate municipal or county governing body; or any 36 land that which is used utilized for conservation, outdoor 37 recreational, or park purposes may, by appropriate instrument, 38 for a term of at least not less than 10 years:

(a) Convey the development right of such land to the governing board of any public agency in this state within which the land is located, or to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or to a charitable corporation or trust as described in s. 704.06(3); or

44 (b) Enter into a covenant as provided in subsection (8) 45 Covenant with the governing board of any public agency in this 46 state within which the land is located, or with the Board of 47 Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or with a 48 charitable corporation or trust as described in s. 704.06(3), 49 that such land be subject to one or more of the conservation restrictions provided in s. 704.06(1) or not be used by the 50 51 owner for any purpose other than conservation, outdoor recreational, or park purposes. If land is covenanted and used 52 for an outdoor recreational purpose, the normal use and 53 54 maintenance of the land for that purpose, consistent with the covenant, is shall not be restricted. 55

56 (2) The governing board of any public agency in this state 57 <u>within which the land is located</u>, or the Board of Trustees of 58 the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or a charitable corporation

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593-01647A-10 20101378 59 or trust as described in s. 704.06(3) $\overline{\tau}$ is authorized to and may 60 empowered in its discretion to accept any and all instruments 61 conveying the development right of any such land or enter into a 62 covenant restricting the use of such land as provided under 63 subsection (8). establishing a covenant pursuant to subsection 64 (1), and if accepted by the board or charitable corporation or 65 trust, The covenant or other instrument shall be promptly filed 66 with the appropriate officer for recording in the same manner as any other instrument affecting the title to real property and 67 68 shall be indexed and maintained in such a manner that allows 69 members of the public to locate the covenant or other instrument 70 affecting any particular property assessed pursuant to this 71 section.

72 (3) After When, pursuant to subsections (1) and (2), the 73 development right in real property has been conveyed, pursuant 74 to subsections (1) and (2), to the governing board of any public 75 agency of this state within which the land is located, to the 76 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or to 77 a charitable corporation or trust as described in s. 704.06(2), 78 or a covenant has been executed and accepted by the board or charitable corporation or trust, the lands that which are the 79 subject of such conveyance or covenant shall be thereafter 80 assessed as provided in this section. herein: 81

(a) If the covenant or conveyance extends for a period of
<u>at least</u> not less than 10 years from January 1 in the year such
assessment is made, the property appraiser, in valuing such land
for tax purposes, shall consider no factors other than those
relative to its value for the present use, as restricted by any
conveyance or covenant under this section.

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593-01647A-10 (b) If the covenant or conveyance extends for a period less than 10 years, the land shall be assessed under the provisions

of s. 193.011, recognizing the nature and length thereof of any 90 91 restriction placed on the use of the land under the provisions 92 of subsection (1).

93 (4) After making a conveyance of the development right or 94 executing a covenant pursuant to this section, or conveying a conservation easement pursuant to this section and s. 704.06, 95 96 the owner of the land may shall not use the land in any manner 97 not consistent with the development right voluntarily conveyed, or with the restrictions voluntarily imposed, or with the terms 98 99 of the conservation easement, and may or shall not change the use of the land from conservation, outdoor recreational, or park 100 101 purposes during the term of such conveyance or covenant without 102 first obtaining a written instrument from the board or 103 charitable corporation or trust, which instrument reconveys all 104 or part of the development right to the owner or releases the 105 owner from the terms of the covenant. The and which instrument must be promptly recorded in the same manner as any other 106 107 instrument affecting the title to real property. Upon obtaining 108 approval for reconveyance or release, the reconveyance or 109 release shall be made to the owner upon payment of the deferred 110 tax liability. Any payment of the deferred tax liability shall be payable to the county tax collector within 90 days after of 111 112 the date of approval by the board or charitable corporation or 113 trust of the reconveyance or release. The collector shall 114 distribute the payment to each governmental unit in the 115 proportion that its millage bears to the total millage levied on 116 the parcel for the years in which such conveyance or covenant

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was in effect.

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118 (5) The governing board of any public agency, or the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, or a 119 120 charitable corporation or trust that which holds title to a 121 development right pursuant to this section may not convey that 122 development right to anyone other than the governing board of 123 another public agency or a charitable corporation or trust, as described in s. 704.06(3), or the record owner of the fee 124 125 interest in the land to which the development right attaches. 126 The conveyance from the governing board of a public agency or 127 the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to 128 the owner of the fee shall be made only after a determination by 129 the board that such conveyance will would not adversely affect the interest of the public. Section 125.35 does not apply to 130 131 such sales, but any public agency accepting any instrument 132 conveying a development right pursuant to this section shall 133 immediately forthwith adopt appropriate regulations and 134 procedures governing the disposition of the development rights same. These regulations and procedures must provide in part that 135 136 the board may not convey a development right to the owner of the fee without first holding a public hearing and unless notice of 137 the proposed conveyance and the time and place at which the 138 public hearing is to be held is published once a week for at 139 least 2 weeks in a some newspaper of general circulation in the 140 141 county involved before prior to the hearing.

(6) <u>Unless the context clearly indicates a different</u>
<u>meaning, as used</u> The following terms whenever used as referred
to in this section, the term have the following meanings unless
a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context:

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146	(a) "Board" <u>means</u> is the governing board of any
147	municipality city, county, or other public agency of the state
148	or the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund.
149	(b) "Conservation restriction" means a limitation on a
150	right to the use of land for purposes of conserving or
151	preserving land or water areas predominantly in their natural,
152	scenic, open, agricultural, or wooded condition. The limitation
153	on rights to the use of land may involve or pertain to any of
154	the activities enumerated in s. 704.06(1).
155	(c) "Conservation easement" means that property right
156	described in s. 704.06.
157	(d) "Covenant" means an agreement running with the land
158	which restricts the use of the land exclusively to conservation,
159	outdoor recreational, or park purposes is a covenant running
160	with the land.
161	(e) "Deferred tax liability" means an amount equal to the
162	difference between the total amount of taxes that would have
163	been due in March in each of the previous years in which the
164	conveyance or covenant was in effect if the property had been
165	assessed under the provisions of s. 193.011 and the total amount
166	of taxes actually paid in those years when the property was
167	assessed under the provisions of this section, plus interest on
168	that difference computed as provided in s. 212.12(3).
169	(f) "Development right" means $rac{\mathrm{is}}{\mathrm{s}}$ the right of the owner of
170	the fee interest in the land to change the use of the land.
171	(g) "Outdoor recreational or park purposes" includes, but
172	is not necessarily limited to, boating, golfing, camping,
173	swimming, horseback riding, and archaeological, scenic, or
174	scientific sites and applies only to land which is open to the

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175 general public. 176 (h) "Present use" is the manner in which the land is used 177 utilized on January 1 of the year in which the assessment is 178 made. 179 (i) "Qualified as environmentally endangered" means land that has unique ecological characteristics, rare or limited 180 181 combinations of geological formations, or features of a rare or 182 limited nature constituting habitat suitable for fish, plants, or wildlife, and that which, if subject to a development 183 184 moratorium or one or more conservation easements or development 185 restrictions appropriate to retaining such land or water areas 186 predominantly in their natural state, would be consistent with 187 the conservation, recreation and open space, and, if applicable, 188 coastal protection elements of the comprehensive plan adopted by 189 formal action of the local governing body pursuant to s. 190 163.3161, the Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land 191 Development Regulation Act, + or surface waters and wetlands, as 192 determined by the methodology ratified in s. 373.4211. 193 (j) "Conservation purposes" means the retention of: 194 1. The substantial natural value of land, including 195 woodlands, wetlands, water courses, ponds, streams, and natural 196 open spaces; 197 2. The land as suitable habitat for fish, plants, or 198 wildlife; or 199 3. The natural value of land for water quality enhancement 200 or water recharge. 201 (7) (a) The property appraiser shall report to the 202 department showing the just value and the classified use value 203 of property that is subject to a conservation easement under s.

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204	704.06, property assessed as environmentally endangered land
205	pursuant to this section, and property assessed as outdoor
206	recreational or park land.
207	(b) The tax collector shall annually report to the
208	department the amount of deferred tax liability collected
209	pursuant to this section.
210	(8)(a) A covenant must include:
211	1. Identification of the land to which the covenant
212	applies;
213	2. The land's allowable use or uses;
214	3. The period of time for which the covenant applies;
215	4. The names of all parties to the covenant and the
216	responsibilities of each party in ensuring that the terms of the
217	covenant are enforced;
218	5. Penalties that apply if the covenant is breached;
219	6. A statement that the covenant runs with the land and
220	applies to future landowners; and
221	7. Signatures of all parties to the covenant attesting that
222	all information in the covenant is true, correct, and complete.
223	(b) A covenant must be notarized.
224	(c) The executive director of the Department of Revenue
225	shall work with the Board of Trustees of the Internal
226	Improvement Trust Fund, local governments, and conservation
227	organizations to develop a form for a covenant. However, the use
228	of the form is not mandatory.
229	<u>(9)</u> (8) A person or organization that, on January 1, has the
230	legal title to land that is entitled by law to assessment under
231	this section shall, on or before March 1 of each year, file an
232	application for assessment under this section with the county

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593-01647A-10 20101378 233 property appraiser. The application must identify the property 234 for which assessment under this section is claimed. The initial 235 application for assessment for any property must include a copy 236 of the instrument by which the development right is conveyed or which establishes a covenant that establishes the conservation 237 238 purposes for which the land is used. The Department of Revenue 239 shall prescribe the forms upon which the application is made. 240 The failure to file an application on or before March 1 of any year constitutes a waiver of assessment under this section for 241 2.42 that year. However, an applicant who is qualified to receive an assessment under this section but fails to file an application 243 244 by March 1 may file an application for the assessment and may 245 file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value 246 adjustment board requesting that the assessment be granted. The 247 petition must be filed at any time during the taxable year on or 248 before the 25th day following the mailing of the notice by the 249 property appraiser pursuant to s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 250 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon 251 filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the person 252 is qualified to receive the assessment and demonstrates 253 particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property 254 appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant granting the 255 assessment, the property appraiser or the value adjustment board 256 may grant the assessment. The owner of land that was assessed 257 under this section in the previous year and whose ownership or 258 use has not changed may reapply on a short form as provided by 259 the department. A county may, at the request of the property 260 appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive 261 the requirement that an annual application or statement be made

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593-01647A-10 20101378 262 for assessment of property within the county. Such waiver may be 263 revoked by a majority vote of the governing body of the county. 264 (10) (10) (9) A person or entity that owns land assessed pursuant 265 to this section must notify the property appraiser promptly if 266 the land becomes ineligible for assessment under this section. 267 If any property owner fails to notify the property appraiser and 268 the property appraiser determines that for any year within the 269 preceding 10 years the land was not eligible for assessment 270 under this section, the owner of the land is subject to taxes 271 avoided as a result of such failure plus 15 percent interest per annum and a penalty of 50 percent of the taxes avoided. The 272 property appraiser making such determination shall record in the 273 274 public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any 275 property owned by that person or entity in the county, and such 276 property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. The 277 property is subject to a lien in the amount of the unpaid taxes 278 and penalties. The lien when filed shall attach to any property 279 identified in the notice of tax lien which is owned by the person or entity and which was improperly assessed. If such 280 281 person or entity no longer owns property in that county but owns 282 property in some other county or counties of this state, the 283 property appraiser shall record a notice of tax lien in such other county or counties, identifying the property owned by such 284 285 person or entity. 286 Section 2. The requirements for covenants to convey 287 development rights or impose conservation restrictions in

289 <u>covenants in existence before the effective date of this act.</u>
290 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law,

section 193.501(8), Florida Statutes, do not apply to such

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and applies retroactively to January 1, 2010.