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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to petroleum contamination site cleanup; 3 amending s. 376.3071, F.S.; revising provisions relating 4 to petroleum contamination site selection and cleanup 5 criteria; deleting obsolete provisions relating to funding 6 for limited interim soil-source removals; requiring the 7 Department of Environmental Protection to utilize natural 8 attenuation monitoring strategies to transition sites into 9 long-term natural attenuation monitoring under specified 10 conditions; providing for natural attenuation and active 11 remediation of sites; requiring the department to evaluate certain costs and strategies; prohibiting local 12 governments from denying development orders and permits on 13 14 the grounds that a property is contaminated; providing an 15 exception; establishing a low-scored site initiative; 16 providing conditions for participation; requiring the department to issue certain determinations and orders; 17 providing that certain sites are eligible for payment of 18 19 preapproved costs; requiring assessment work to be completed within a certain timeframe; providing payment 20 21 and funding limitations; deleting provisions relating to 22 nonreimbursable voluntary cleanup; providing an effective 23 date. 24

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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27 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) and paragraph 28 (b) of subsection (11) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes, 29 are amended to read:

30 376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes; 31 funding.-

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(5) SITE SELECTION AND CLEANUP CRITERIA.-

(c) The department shall require source removal, if
warranted and cost-effective, at each site eligible for
restoration funding from the Inland Protection Trust Fund.

36 Funding for free product recovery may be provided in 1. 37 advance of the order established by the priority ranking system under paragraph (a) for site cleanup activities. However, a 38 separate prioritization for free product recovery shall be 39 40 established consistent with paragraph (a). No more than \$5 million shall be encumbered from the Inland Protection Trust 41 42 Fund in any fiscal year for free product recovery conducted in 43 advance of the priority order under paragraph (a) established for site cleanup activities. 44

45 2. Funding for limited interim soil-source removals for sites that will become inaccessible for future remediation due 46 47 to road infrastructure and right-of-way restrictions resulting 48 from a pending Department of Transportation road construction 49 project or for secondary containment upgrading of underground 50 storage tanks required under chapter 62-761, Florida 51 Administrative Code, may be provided in advance of the order 52 established by the priority ranking system under paragraph (a) 53 for site cleanup activities. The department shall provide 54 written quidance on the limited source removal information and Page 2 of 9

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limited source removal in advance of the priority order pursuant

technical evaluation necessary to justify a request for a

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to paragraph (a) established for site cleanup activities. Prioritization for limited source removal projects associated with a secondary containment upgrade in any fiscal year shall be determined on a first-come, first-served basis according to the approval date issued under s. 376.30711 for the limited source removal. Funding for limited source removals associated with secondary containment upgrades shall be limited to 10 sites in each fiscal year for each facility owner and any related person. The limited source removal for secondary containment upgrades shall be completed no later than 6 months after the department issues its approval of the project, and the approval automatically expires at the end of the 6 months. Funding for Department of Transportation and secondary containment upgrade source removals may not exceed \$50,000 for a single facility unless the department makes a determination that it is costeffective and environmentally beneficial to exceed this amount, but in no event shall the department authorize costs in excess of \$100,000 for a single facility. Department funding for limited interim soil-source removals associated with Department of Transportation projects and secondary containment upgrades shall be limited to supplemental soil assessment, soil screening, soil removal, backfill material, treatment or disposal of the contaminated soil, dewatering related to the contaminated soil removal in an amount of up to 10 percent of

81 the total interim soil-source removal project costs, treatment,

82 and disposal of the contaminated groundwater and preparation of

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83 the source removal report. No other costs associated with the 84 facility upgrade may be paid with department funds. No more than 85 \$1 million for Department of Transportation limited source 86 removal projects and \$10 million for secondary containment 87 upgrade limited source removal projects conducted in advance of 88 the priority order established under paragraph (a) for site 89 cleanup activities shall be encumbered from the Inland 90 Protection Trust Fund in any fiscal year. This subparagraph is 91 repealed effective June 30, 2010.

92 2.3. Once free product removal and other source removal 93 identified in this paragraph are completed at a site, and notwithstanding the order established by the priority ranking 94 95 system under paragraph (a) for site cleanup activities, the 96 department may reevaluate the site to determine the degree of 97 active cleanup needed to continue site rehabilitation. Further, 98 the department shall determine if the reevaluated site qualifies 99 for natural attenuation monitoring, long-term natural 100 attenuation monitoring, or no further action. If additional site 101 rehabilitation is necessary to reach no further action status, 102 the site rehabilitation shall be conducted in the order 103 established by the priority ranking system under paragraph (a). 104 and The department shall is encouraged to utilize natural 105 attenuation and monitoring strategies and, when cost-effective, transition sites eligible for restoration funding assistance to 106 107 long-term natural attenuation monitoring where the plume is 108 shrinking or stable and confined to the source property 109 boundaries and the petroleum products' chemicals of concern meet the natural attenuation default concentrations, as defined by 110

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111	department rule. If the plume migrates beyond the source
112	property boundaries, natural attenuation monitoring may be
113	conducted in accordance with department rule, or if the site no
114	longer qualifies for natural attenuation monitoring, active
115	remediation may be resumed. If the petroleum products' chemicals
116	of concern increase or are not significantly reduced after 42
117	months of monitoring, active remediation shall be resumed as
118	necessary. For sites undergoing active remediation, the
119	department shall evaluate the cost of natural attenuation
120	monitoring pursuant to s. 376.30711 to ensure that site
121	mobilizations are performed in a cost-effective manner. Sites
122	that are not eligible for state restoration funding may
123	transition to long-term natural attenuation monitoring using the
124	criteria in this subparagraph. Nothing in this subparagraph
125	precludes a site from pursuing a "No Further Action" order with
126	conditions where site conditions warrant.
127	3. The department shall evaluate whether higher natural
128	attenuation default concentrations for natural attenuation
129	monitoring or long-term natural attenuation monitoring are cost-
130	effective and would adequately protect public health and the
131	environment. The department shall also evaluate site-specific
132	characteristics that would allow for higher natural attenuation
133	or long-term natural attenuation concentration levels.
134	4. Unless institutional controls have been imposed by the
135	responsible party or property owner to restrict the uses of the
136	site, a local government may not deny a development order or
137	other permit on the grounds that petroleum contamination exists
138	<u>onsite.</u>
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139 (11)140 Low-scored site initiative Nonreimbursable voluntary (b) 141 cleanup.-Notwithstanding s. 376.30711, any site For sites with 142 releases reported prior to January 1, 1995, the department shall 143 issue a determination of "No Further Action" at sites ranked 144 with a total priority ranking score of 10 points or less may 145 voluntarily participate in the low-scored site initiative, 146 whether or not the site is eligible for state restoration 147 funding. 148 1. To participate in the low-scored site initiative, the 149 responsible party or property owner must affirmatively 150 demonstrate that, which meet the following conditions are met: 151 a.1. Upon reassessment pursuant to department rule, the 152 site retains a priority ranking score of 10 points or less No 153 free product exists in wells, boreholes, subsurface utility 154 conduits, or vaults or buildings and no other fire or explosion 155 hazard exists as a result of a release of petroleum products. 156 b.2. No excessively contaminated soil, as defined by 157 department rule, exists onsite as a result of a release of 158 petroleum products. 159 c.3. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring 160 indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable Public supply 161 wells for consumptive use of water expected to be affected by the site shall not be located within a 1/2-mile radius of the 162 163 site; private supply wells for consumptive use of water expected 164 to be affected by the site shall not be located within a 1/4mile radius of the site; and there must be no current or 165 166 projected consumptive use of the water affected by the site for Page 6 of 9

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167 at least the following 3 years. Where appropriate, institutional 168 controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph (5)(b)4. may 169 be required by the department to meet these criteria.

<u>d.4.</u> The release of petroleum products at the site <u>does</u>
shall not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including
their effects on human health and the environment.

<u>e.5.</u> The area of groundwater containing the petroleum
products' chemicals of concern in concentrations greater than
the boundary values defined in subparagraph 7. is less than one quarter acre and is confined to the source property boundaries
of the real property on which the discharge originated.

178 f.6. Soils onsite that are subject to human exposure found 179 between land surface and 2 feet below land surface shall meet 180 the soil cleanup target levels criteria established by 181 department rule or human exposure is limited by pursuant to sub-182 subparagraph (5) (b) 9.a. Where appropriate, institutional or 183 engineering controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph 184 (5) (b) 4. may be required by the department to meet these 185 criteria.

186 2. Upon affirmative demonstration of the conditions under 187 subparagraph 1., the department shall issue a determination of 188 "No Further Action." Such determination acknowledges that 189 minimal contamination exists onsite and that such contamination 190 is not a threat to human health or the environment. If no 191 contamination is detected, the department may issue a site 192 rehabilitation completion order. 193 Sites that are eligible for state restoration funding 3. 194 may receive payment of preapproved costs for the low-scored site

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195 initiative as follows: 196 a. A responsible party or property owner may submit an 197 assessment plan designed to affirmatively demonstrate that the 198 site meets the conditions under subparagraph 1. Notwithstanding 199 the priority ranking score of the site, the department may 200 preapprove the cost of the assessment pursuant to s. 376.30711, 201 including 6 months of groundwater monitoring, not to exceed 202 \$30,000 for each site. The department may not pay the costs 203 associated with the establishment of institutional or 204 engineering controls. 205 b. The assessment work shall be completed no later than 6 206 months after the department issues its approval. 207 c. No more than \$10 million for the low-scored site 208 initiative shall be encumbered from the Inland Protection Trust 209 Fund in any fiscal year. Funds shall be made available on a 210 first-come, first-served basis and shall be limited to 10 sites 211 in each fiscal year for each responsible party or property 212 owner. 213 7. Concentrations of the petroleum products' chemicals of 214 concern in groundwater at the property boundary of the real 215 property on which the petroleum contamination originates shall 216 not exceed the criteria established pursuant to sub-subparagraph 217 (5) (b) 7.a. Where appropriate, institutional or engineering 218 controls meeting the requirements of subparagraph (5) (b) 4. may 219 be required by the department to meet these criteria. 220 8. The department is authorized to establish alternate cleanup target levels for onsite nonboundary wells pursuant to 221 222 the criteria in subparagraph (5) (b) 8. Page 8 of 9

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223 9. A scientific evaluation that demonstrates that the boundary criteria in subparagraph 7. will not be exceeded and a 224 225 1-year site-specific groundwater monitoring plan approved in 226 advance by the department validates the scientific evaluation. 227 If the boundary criteria in subparagraph 7. are exceeded at any 228 time, the department may order an extension of the monitoring 229 period for up to 12 additional months from the time of the 230 excess reading. The department shall determine the adequacy of 231 the groundwater monitoring system at a site. All wells required 232 by the department pursuant to this paragraph shall be installed 233 before the monitoring period begins. 234 10. Costs associated with activities performed pursuant to 235 this paragraph for sites which qualify for a determination of 236 "No Further Action" under this paragraph shall not be

237 reimbursable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

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