LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
04/13/2010		

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Dean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 1481 - 1566

and insert:

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Section 38. Section 921.137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

921.137 Imposition of the death sentence upon <u>an</u> <u>intellectually disabled</u> a defendant with mental retardation prohibited.-

10 (1) As used in this section, the term <u>"intellectually</u> 11 <u>disabled" or "intellectual disability"</u> <u>"mental retardation"</u> 12 means significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning

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13 existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the period from conception to age 18. The term 14 "significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning," for 15 the purpose of this section, means performance that is two or 16 17 more standard deviations from the mean score on a standardized intelligence test specified in the rules of the Agency for 18 19 Persons with Disabilities. The term "adaptive behavior," for the purpose of this definition, means the effectiveness or degree 20 21 with which an individual meets the standards of personal 22 independence and social responsibility expected of his or her 23 age, cultural group, and community. The Agency for Persons with 24 Disabilities shall adopt rules to specify the standardized intelligence tests as provided in this subsection. 25

(2) A sentence of death may not be imposed upon a defendant convicted of a capital felony if it is determined in accordance with this section that the defendant <u>is intellectually disabled</u> has mental retardation.

30 (3) A defendant charged with a capital felony who intends 31 to raise <u>intellectual disability</u> mental retardation as a bar to 32 the death sentence must give notice of such intention in 33 accordance with the rules of court governing notices of intent 34 to offer expert testimony regarding mental health mitigation 35 during the penalty phase of a capital trial.

(4) After a defendant who has given notice of his or her intention to raise <u>intellectual disability</u> mental retardation as a bar to the death sentence is convicted of a capital felony and an advisory jury has returned a recommended sentence of death, the defendant may file a motion to determine whether the defendant <u>is intellectually disabled</u> has mental retardation.

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42 Upon receipt of the motion, the court shall appoint two experts 43 in the field of intellectual disabilities mental retardation who 44 shall evaluate the defendant and report their findings to the court and all interested parties prior to the final sentencing 45 46 hearing. Notwithstanding s. 921.141 or s. 921.142, the final 47 sentencing hearing shall be held without a jury. At the final 48 sentencing hearing, the court shall consider the findings of the 49 court-appointed experts and consider the findings of any other 50 expert which is offered by the state or the defense on the issue 51 of whether the defendant has an intellectual disability mental 52 retardation. If the court finds, by clear and convincing 53 evidence, that the defendant has an intellectual disability 54 mental retardation as defined in subsection (1), the court may 55 not impose a sentence of death and shall enter a written order 56 that sets forth with specificity the findings in support of the 57 determination.

58 (5) If a defendant waives his or her right to a recommended 59 sentence by an advisory jury following a plea of guilt or nolo contendere to a capital felony and adjudication of quilt by the 60 61 court, or following a jury finding of guilt of a capital felony, 62 upon acceptance of the waiver by the court, a defendant who has 63 given notice as required in subsection (3) may file a motion for a determination of intellectual disability mental retardation. 64 65 Upon granting the motion, the court shall proceed as provided in 66 subsection (4).

(6) If, following a recommendation by an advisory jury that
the defendant be sentenced to life imprisonment, the state
intends to request the court to order that the defendant be
sentenced to death, the state must inform the defendant of such

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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71 request if the defendant has notified the court of his or her 72 intent to raise intellectual disability mental retardation as a 73 bar to the death sentence. After receipt of the notice from the 74 state, the defendant may file a motion requesting a determination by the court of whether the defendant is 75 intellectually disabled has mental retardation. Upon granting 76 77 the motion, the court shall proceed as provided in subsection 78 (4). 79 (7) Pursuant to s. 924.07, the state may appeal, pursuant 80 to s. 924.07, a determination of intellectual disability mental 81 retardation made under subsection (4). 82 (8) This section does not apply to a defendant who was sentenced to death before June 12, 2001 prior to the effective 83 84 date of this act. 85 (9) For purposes of the application of the criminal laws and procedural rules of this state to any matters relating to 86 87 the imposition and execution of the death penalty, the terms "intellectual disability" or "intellectually disabled" are 88 89 interchangeable with and have the same meaning as the terms "mental retardation," or "retardation" and "mentally retarded" 90 91 as defined prior to July 1, 2010. 92 93 94 95 And the title is amended as follows: 96 Between lines 33 and 34 97 insert: clarifying in s. 921.137 that the terms "intellectual 98 99 disability" or "intellectually disabled" are interchangeable



100	with and have the same meaning as the terms "mental	
101	retardation," or "retardation" and "mentally retarded"	as
102	defined prior to the effective date of this act;	

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